## The effective date of this report is October 25, 2023

#### **Management Discussion & Analysis:**

Management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") provides a detailed analysis of the results and financial condition of Formation Metals Inc. (the "Company" or "Formation") for the six months ended September 30, 2023. The following management discussion and analysis, prepared as of October 25, 2023, should be read together with the unaudited interim financial statements for the six months ended September 30, 2023, with the related notes attached thereto and the audited financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023, with the related notes attached thereto, prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). The MD&A supplements but do not form part of the financial statements. Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and the MD&A for the six months ended September 30, 2023. News releases and previous filings may be found on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca.

### **Description of Business:**

The Company was incorporated on March 1, 2022, under the laws of British Columbia. The Company's head office address is 1575 Kamloops Street, Vancouver BC, V5K 3W1, Canada. The registered and records office address is 400 – 1681 Chestnut Street, Vancouver BC, V7Y 1G5, Canada.

The Company's principal business activities include the acquisition and exploration of mineral property assets.

The Company's sole asset is the Nicobat Nickel-Copper-Cobalt Project ("Nicobat" or the "Property") and was acquired through an Arrangement Agreement (the "Arrangement") between Usha Resources Ltd. (USHA) and Formation whereby USHA shareholders were to be issued one (1) share of the Company with respect to every five (5) shares of USHA owned on the share distribution record date, which was subsequently determined to be April 12, 2023, in exchange for the Property.

Pursuant to the arrangement agreement and on the payable date of April 20, 2023, USHA completed the transfer of the Property and distributed 9,480,474 common shares of the Company to the USHA shareholders on a pro rata basis.

# **Forward Looking Statements:**

This Management Discussion and Analysis contains certain forward-looking statements and information relating to Formation that is based on the beliefs of the Company, or management, as well as assumptions made by and information currently available to the Company or management. When used in this document, the words "anticipate", "believe", "estimate", "expect", 'implied", "intend" and similar expressions, as they relate to the Company or its

management, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Such statements reflect the current view of the Company regarding future events and are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including the risks and uncertainties noted and the recent outbreak of an epidemic or a pandemic, e.g., the novel coronavirus (COVID-19). Should one or more of these risks materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those described herein as anticipated, believed, estimated, implied, expected or intended. In each instance, forward-looking information should be considered in the light of the accompanying meaningful cautionary statements herein. Formation cautions that forward-looking statements involve risk and uncertainty.

#### **Overall Performance**

The Company does not generate revenues from operations. The Company's loss for the six months ended September 30, 2023, was \$90,095 (September 30, 2022: \$nil).

Working capital deficiency as at September 30, 2023, was \$209,380 (September 30, 2022: \$nil), and comprised cash of \$2,005 (September 30, 2022: \$2,005), receivables of \$1,910 (September 30, 2022: \$nil), and accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$213,295 (September 30, 2022: \$2,004).

#### **Summary of Exploration and Corporate Activities**

As at September 30, 2023, the Company's portfolio comprised of Nicobat, a nickel-copper-cobalt project in Ontario.

During the six months ended September 30, 2023, the Company completed a plan of arrangement with USHA whereby the Company issued 9,480,474 common shares as consideration in connection with the spin-off of USHA's Nicobat Nickel-Copper-Cobalt property valued at \$528,471.

As at September 30, 2023, the issued share capital was comprised of 9,480,474 common shares.

As at September 30, 2022, the issued share capital was comprised of nil common share.

#### **Critical accounting policies and estimates**

The preparation of the interim financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from these estimates. A detailed description of these matters, as well as the significant accounting policies adopted by the Company are disclosed in the notes to the interim financial statements for the three months ended September 30, 2023.

#### **Financial Instruments**

IFRS 9 establishes three primary measurement categories for financial assets: fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL"), fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") and amortized cost. The basis for classification depends on the entity's business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the instrument.

The Company determines the classification of its financial instruments at initial recognition. Upon initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortized cost, fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL"), or fair value through other comprehensive income (loss) ("FVOCI"). The classification of financial assets is generally based on the business model in which a financial asset is managed and its contractual cash flow characteristics. A financial liability is classified and measured at amortized cost or FVTPL.

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A debt investment is measured at FVOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

An equity investment that is held for trading is measured at FVTPL. For other equity investments that are not held for trading, the Company may irrevocably elect to designate them as FVOCI. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis.

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortized cost or FVOCI as described above are measured at FVTPL. This includes all derivative financial assets. On initial recognition, the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

Financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost, unless they are required to be measured at FVTPL (such as instruments held for trading or derivatives) or the Company has elected to measure them at FVTPL.

The Company classifies its financial instruments as follows:

|                                          | IFRS 9         |
|------------------------------------------|----------------|
| Asset or Liability                       | Classification |
| Cash                                     | Amortized cost |
| Receivables                              | Amortized cost |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | Amortized cost |

A fuller description of financial instruments is provided in Note 4 to the interim financial statements for the six months ended September 30, 2023.

#### RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Certain new standards, interpretations, amendments, and improvements to existing standards were issued by the IASB or International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee.

During the six months ended September 30, 2023, the Company was not required to, and has not adopted any new standards, interpretations, amendments, and improvements to existing standards which had a material impact on the Company's interim financial statements. The Company also does not expect the adoption of any currently announced new standards, interpretations, amendments, and improvements to existing standards to have a material impact on the Company's interim financial statements.

#### **Summary of Quarterly Results & Results of Operations**

The table below provides, for each of the last eight quarterly periods, a summary of corporate losses and is derived from unaudited quarterly financial statements prepared by management. The Company's condensed interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with IFRS applicable to interim financial statements and are expressed in Canadian dollars.

|                                        | Loss | er quarter | Loss | per share | Prope | erty costs |
|----------------------------------------|------|------------|------|-----------|-------|------------|
| Date of Incorporation – March 31, 2022 | \$   | -          | \$   | -         | \$    | -          |
| April 1, 2022 – June 30, 2022          |      | 13         |      | 13        |       | -          |
| July 1, 2022 – September 30, 2022      |      | (13)       |      | (13)      |       | -          |
| October 1, 2022 – December 31, 2022    |      | -          |      | -         |       | -          |
| January 1, 2023 - March 31, 2023       |      | 119,095    |      | 119,095   |       | -          |
| April 1, 2023 – June 30, 2023          |      | 22,422     |      | 0         |       | -          |
| July 1, 2023 – September 30, 2023      |      | 67,673     |      | 0         |       | 177        |

## Discussion of Operations for the six months ended September 30, 2023

Loss and comprehensive loss for the six-month period ended September 30, 2023, was \$90,095 (2022: \$nil) of which \$33,252 (2022: \$nil) was spent on audit, accounting, and legal fees. Regulatory and filing fees of \$2,284 (2022: \$nil) were incurred for the six months ended September 30, 2023.

### Discussion of Operations for the three months ended September 30, 2023

Loss and comprehensive loss for the three months ended September 30, 2023, was \$67,673 (2022: (\$13)) of which \$13,207 (2022: \$nil) was spent on audit, accounting, and legal fees. Regulatory and filing fees of \$1,765 (2022: \$nil) were incurred for the three months ended September 30, 2023.

#### **Liquidity, Capital Resources and Capital Expenditures**

At September 30, 2023, the Company's working capital, defined as current assets less current liabilities, was (\$209,380) (March 31, 2023: (\$119,107)). The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to raise additional capital. The factors considered by management are disclosed in Note 1 of the financial statements. The successful completion of such financing is not guaranteed, and depends on a number of factors, including the general sentiment in the capital markets, the strength of commodities prices and the strength of the local and global economies.

#### **Off-balance sheet arrangements**

The Company has no off-balance sheet arrangements.

#### **Financial risk factors**

The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial statements are summarized below.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of an unexpected loss if a customer or third party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its liquid financial assets including cash. The Company limits the exposure to credit risk by only investing its cash with high-credit quality financial institutions. Management believes that the credit risk related to its cash is negligible.

## Liquidity risk

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. As at September 30, 2023, the Company's cash and receivables exceeded its current liabilities. In order to meet future obligations as they become due, the Company may need to access funding from the issuance of equity securities, the exercise of stock options or through other sources. The Company's access to financing is uncertain and there is no assurance of continued access to equity funding.

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows from a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices or prevailing conditions. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and other price risk and are disclosed as follows:

#### a) Interest rate risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk to the extent that the cash maintained at the financial institutions is subject to a floating rate of interest. The interest rate risks on cash and on the Company's obligations are not considered significant.

### b) Foreign currency risk

The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk on fluctuations related to cash, receivables and accounts payable and accrued liabilities that are denominated in a foreign currency. As at September 30, 2023, the Company did not have any accounts in foreign currencies and considers foreign currency risk insignificant.

### c) Price risk

The Company has no exposure to price risk with respect to equity prices as the Company is not listed. Equity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on the Company's earnings due to movements in individual equity prices or general movements in the level of the stock market.

The Company's business and operations could be adversely affected by the outbreak of an epidemic or a pandemic or other health crises, e.g., COVID-19. Global government actions, along with market uncertainty could cause an economic slowdown resulting in a decrease in the demand for metals and have a negative impact on metal prices, as well as possible disruptions to global supply chains. While these effects are expected to be temporary, the duration of the business disruptions internationally and related financial impact cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

## **Related Party Transactions**

The aggregate amount of expenditures payable to key management personnel consisting of directors, former directors or companies with common directors was as follows:

| Name of the<br>Key management<br>personnel | Company's Name          | Nature of<br>Transaction | ee months<br>ended<br>ember 30,<br>2023 | Three months<br>ended<br>September 30,<br>2022 |
|--------------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| Khalid Naeem, CFO                          | Aterna Advisors<br>Inc. | Accounting fees          | \$<br>3,000                             | -                                              |

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is \$193,342 owing to a company with common officers and director, a director and officers of the Company.

### **Outstanding Share Data**

#### **Authorized Capital**

Unlimited common shares with no par value and unlimited preferred shares with no par value.

### **Issued and Outstanding Capital**

9,480,474 common shares were issued and outstanding at September 30, 2023, and 1 as at September 30, 2022.

## **Subsequent Events**

There are no subsequent events.