

# **Targa Exploration Corp.**

## **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

**For the years ended March 31, 2024 and 2023**

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

## **MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of the financial position and results of Targa Exploration Corp. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes thereto as at and for the years ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 (the "Financial Statements").

The Financial Statements have been prepared by management in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS Accounting Standards") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee. All amounts are expressed in Canadian dollars, the presentation and functional currencies of the Company and its subsidiaries, unless otherwise stated. Other information contained in this document has been prepared by management and is consistent with the data contained in the Financial Statements.

In this MD&A, the "Company", or the words "we", "us", or "our", collectively refer to Targa Exploration Corp. The first, second, third and fourth quarters of the Company's fiscal years are referred to as "Q1", "Q2", "Q3" and "Q4", respectively. The years ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 are referred to as "Fiscal 2024" and "Fiscal 2023", respectively.

This MD&A provides management's comments on the Company's operations for the years ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, and the Company's financial condition as at March 31, 2024, as compared with the prior fiscal year-end.

The Company's Audit Committee and the Board of Directors provide an oversight role with respect to all public financial disclosures by the Company. The Board of Directors approve the Financial Statements and MD&A after the completion of its review and recommendation for approval by the Audit Committee, which meets periodically to review all financial reports, prior to filing.

All technical disclosure covering the Company's mineral properties was prepared under the supervision of Lorne Warmer, P. Geo. for the Company and a "Qualified Person" within the meaning of National Instrument 43-101 *Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects*.

The effective date of this MD&A is July 26, 2024 (the "MD&A Date").

## **FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

Certain statements contained in this document constitute "forward-looking statements". All statements other than statements of historical fact contained in this MD&A, including, without limitation, those regarding the Company's future financial position and results of operations, strategy, proposed acquisitions, plans, objectives, goals and targets, and any statements preceded by, followed by or that include the words "believe", "expect", "aim", "intend", "plan", "continue", "will", "may", "would", "anticipate", "estimate", "forecast", "predict", "project", "seek", "should" or similar expressions or the negative thereof, are forward-looking statements. These statements are not historical facts but instead represent only the Company's expectations, estimates and projections regarding future events. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve assumptions, risks and uncertainties that are difficult to predict. Therefore, actual results may differ materially from what is expressed, implied or forecasted in such forward-looking statements.

Additional factors that could cause actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially include, but are not limited to risks associated with: geological risks; limited operating history; inability to generate earnings or pay dividends for the foreseeable future; no current assets other than cash, goods and services tax recoverable, and prepaid expenses; uncertain ability to raise additional funds when required; reliance on a small number of key managers lacking backup; potential conflicts of interest among directors and officers of the Company; lack of liquidity for shareholders of the Company; ability to secure needed permits, ability to physically access and work the Company's property assets due to poor weather, a potential lack of key contract personnel and services providers needed to execute elements of the Company's exploration plans, and market risk consisting of fluctuations in the Company's share price, metal prices, credit market conditions and investor appetite for early stage exploration companies. See "Risks and Uncertainties" section.

Management provides forward-looking statements because they believe such statements deliver useful guidance and information to readers when considering their investment objectives. Though management believes such statements to be as accurate as possible in the context of the information available to management at the time in which they are made, management cautions readers that the guidance and information contained in such statements may rapidly be superseded by subsequent events. Consequently, all the forward-looking statements made in this MD&A are qualified by these cautionary statements and other cautionary statements or factors contained herein, and there can be no assurance that the actual results or developments suggested by such forward-looking statement will be realized or, even if substantially realized, that they will have the expected results, or effects upon, the Company. These forward-looking statements are made as of the date of this MD&A and the Company assumes no obligation to update or revise them to reflect subsequent information, events or circumstances or otherwise, except as required by securities law.

The forward-looking statements in this MD&A are based on numerous assumptions regarding the Company's present and future business strategies and the environment in which the Company will operate in the future, including assumptions regarding business and operating strategies.

## **DESCRIPTION OF THE BUSINESS**

The Company was incorporated under the *Business Corporations Act* of British Columbia on September 26, 2017, and changed its name from RCM Minerals Ltd. to Targa Exploration Corp. on July 20, 2021. The Company's registered office located at #1723-595 Burrard Street, Vancouver, BC, V7X 1J1.

On September 27, 2022, the Company's common shares commenced trading on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE") under the ticker symbol "TEX". On October 7, 2022, the Company's common shares commenced trading on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange under the ticker symbol "V6Y". On May 17, 2023, the Company's common shares commenced trading on the OTCQB Venture Market under the ticker symbol "TRGEF".

The Company is in the business of acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties.

The business of exploration involves a high degree of risk and there can be no assurance that current exploration programs will result in profitable mining operations. The recoverability of exploration and evaluation expenditures is dependent upon several factors. These include the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain the necessary financing to complete the development of these properties, and future profitable production or proceeds from disposition of mineral properties.

The Company's mineral property interests are comprised of mineral properties owned by the Company and rights to ownership of mineral properties, which the Company can earn through cash or share payments, incurring exploration expenditures or combinations thereof. The Company accounts for its mineral property interests by charging all acquisition and exploration costs to profit or loss as incurred and crediting all property sales and option proceeds to profit or loss. When the existence of a mineral reserve on a property has been established, future acquisition, exploration and development costs will be capitalized for that property, then amortized using the unit-of-production method following commencement of production.

The Company has not yet generated any revenue and operating cash flows. The ability of the Company to fulfil its obligations and pay for the ongoing operating as well as mineral properties expenditures depends on its success in raising external funds from debt and equity. Therefore, it is difficult to identify any meaningful trends or develop an analysis of cash flows.

## **ACQUISITION**

On May 11, 2023, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire 100% of the issued and outstanding common shares of Pan Canadian Lithium Corp. (the "Pan Canadian Lithium Agreement").

On the closing date of the Pan Canadian Lithium Agreement (May 19, 2023), the Company issued 5,766,666 common shares to the former shareholders of Pan Canadian Lithium Corp. ("Pan Canadian Lithium") at a fair value of \$0.325 per share for a total fair value of \$1,874,166. The acquisition resulted in the Company acquiring 100% interest in certain mining claims in four lithium exploration projects (Slim Jim and Sky Lake, White Metal Lithium and Prince Albert Lake Lithium) located in the provinces of Saskatchewan and Ontario, Canada. In addition, the Company acquired Pan Canadian Lithium's positive cash position of \$234,403.

Following the closing of the acquisition, Cameron Tymstra, former Chief Executive Officer of Pan Canadian Lithium, has been appointed as the Company's new Chief Executive Officer and President. The Company's former CEO, Jon Ward, became the Vice President of Corporate Development.

## PROJECTS

A summary of the Company's exploration and evaluation expenses for the year ended March 31, 2024, is as follows:

|                                    | Acquisition<br>cost | Analysis      | Claim Fees     | Field Work    | Geological<br>consulting | Total            |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|--------------------------|------------------|
|                                    | \$                  | \$            | \$             | \$            | \$                       | \$               |
| Administrative                     | -                   | -             | -              | 259           | 77,614                   | 77,873           |
| Opinaca Lithium Projects           | 237,227             | 55,119        | 141,419        | 51,437        | 303,823                  | 789,025          |
| Superior Lithium Project           | -                   | 560           | 3,087          | 3,198         | 117,392                  | 124,237          |
| Sky - Jim Lithium Projects         | 420,527             | 14,420        | 16,300         | 16,070        | 28,362                   | 495,679          |
| MUL Projects                       | 3,030,000           | -             | 12,023         | 12,311        | 677,089                  | 3,731,423        |
| Shanghai Property                  | 8,081               | -             | -              | -             | -                        | 8,081            |
| Prince Albert Lake Lithium Project | 87,172              | -             | -              | -             | 1,962                    | 89,134           |
| White Metal Lithium Project        | 1,132,065           | -             | -              | -             | 2,545                    | 1,134,610        |
| North Lithium - Pegmatite Project  | 1,152,409           | -             | 1,779          | -             | -                        | 1,154,188        |
| Harricana Lithium Project          | 311,089             | -             | -              | -             | 9,887                    | 320,976          |
| Other Ontario Lithium Projects     | 154,724             | -             | -              | -             | 5,088                    | 159,812          |
|                                    | <b>6,533,294</b>    | <b>70,099</b> | <b>174,608</b> | <b>83,275</b> | <b>1,223,762</b>         | <b>8,085,038</b> |

A summary of the Company's exploration and evaluation expenses for the year ended March 31, 2023, is as follows:

|                          | Acquisition<br>cost | Geological<br>consulting | Total            |
|--------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
|                          | \$                  | \$                       | \$               |
| Opinaca Lithium Projects | 2,026,045           | -                        | 2,026,045        |
| Shanghai Property        | 350,000             | 171,058                  | 521,058          |
|                          | <b>2,376,045</b>    | <b>171,058</b>           | <b>2,547,103</b> |

### Opinaca and Superior Lithium Projects

On January 25, 2023, the Company acquired a 100% undivided interest in two lithium exploration projects from Kenorland Minerals North America Ltd. ("Kenorland"), in exchange for 4,377,375 common shares of the Company with a fair value of \$1,926,045 (Note 8(b)), a cash payment of \$100,000, and a 3% Net Smelter Returns royalty ("NSR"). The project located in the James Bay region of northern Quebec is generally known and described as the "Opinaca Project", and the project located in eastern Manitoba is generally known and described as the "Superior Project."

The Superior Project includes two mineral exploration licenses totalling 19,029 hectares, located in eastern Manitoba, which cover the Red Sucker Lake and Red Cross Lake lithium-bearing pegmatite occurrences.

As additional consideration, the Company is required to issue 9.9% of any future common share issuances subsequent to January 25, 2023, to Kenorland up to a number of common shares with an aggregate fair value \$5,000,000. On October 18, 2023, the Company partially fulfilled its obligation to issue 9.9% of its common shares associated with future financings to Kenorland through issuing 301,463 common shares with a fair value of \$69,336. The shares represent 9.9% of the common shares issued in the private placement which closed on August 15, 2023.

On January 10, 2024, the Company partially fulfilled its obligation and issued 1,459,918 common shares with a fair value of \$167,891. The shares represent 9.9% of the common shares issued in the private placement which closed on December 22, 2023.

On February 26, 2023, the Company entered into an operator services agreement with Kenorland, pursuant to which Kenorland has agreed to provide technical advice and perform certain operations with respect to the Opinaca Lithium Projects. In accordance with the agreement, Kenorland will conduct all operations and incur all exploration expenses which will be funded by the Company. Exploration expenses will incur based on a work program and a budget prepared by Kenorland and approved by a technical committee. The technical committee will consist of two members appointed by Kenorland and two members appointed by the Company.

The Opinaca Project covers 43,596 hectares and 40 kilometers of strike length within the Opinaca sub-province in the James Bay region of northern Quebec. The project covers a discrete cluster of highly anomalous and coincident regional lithium and cesium lake sediment geochemical anomalies which potentially suggest the presence of Li-Cs-Ta pegmatite mineralisation.

On October 18, 2023, the Company announced the completion of the limited field work on the Opinaca Project. The 2023 till sampling program at Opinaca was organized, supervised, and executed by Kenorland with the help of a field team from GroundTruth Exploration ("GroundTruth"). A temporary camp was set up alongside the Trans-Taiga road, 45 kilometers north of the Opinaca Project. The helicopter-supported till sampling program consisted of sample lines spaced 1 km apart with samples taken every 150m down the lines. A total of 994 till samples were taken over the course of the program covering an area of approximately 35 km in length by 6 km in width. The till and rock samples collected in the field recently arrived at the Bureau Veritas lab in Timmins, Ontario to undergo multi-element analysis, with results expected in November. Results of the till sampling program will be used to identify areas on the 43,596 ha property that are most prospective for lithium-cesium-tantalum rich pegmatites to assist in planning for the 2024 field season.

### **Shanghai Property**

On October 6, 2021, the Company entered into an option agreement (the "Agreement") with Shawn Ryan and Wildwood Exploration Inc. ("Wildwood"), the owners (70% and 30%, respectively), of the mineral claims situated in the Mayo Mining District, Yukon Territory, which are generally known and described as the Shanghai Property (the "Shanghai Property"). The 2,640-hectare project is located along the Robert Service Thrust fault in the western part of the prolific Selwyn basin. Pursuant to the agreement, the Company granted an option to acquire 100% right, title and interest in those mineral claims.

In accordance with the Agreement, the Company had the option to acquire a 100% undivided interest in the Shanghai Property in exchange for i) paying Wildwood an aggregate of \$750,000; ii) issuing an aggregate of 4,000,000 common shares to Shawn Ryan; and iii) incurring expenditures of \$2,850,000, over agreed installments and dates.

Under the Agreement, the Company was required to pay Shawn Ryan and Wildwood in accordance with their respective interests, a Net Smelter Returns royalty ("NSR") of 2.5%. The Company may reduce the NSR by 1.0% for a payment of \$2,000,000.

To date, the Company has paid \$150,000 to Wildwood, issued 1,000,000 common shares to Shawn Ryan and incurred \$552,582 of expenditures meeting its required installments. As of the date of this MD&A, the Company had not issued the consideration due on or before October 6, 2023. On February 2, 2024, Shawn Ryan issued a default notice to the Company and on March 2, 2024, the Agreement was terminated. No further obligations are due in connection with the Shanghai Property.

As reported on November 8, 2022, fieldwork related to the phase 1 program at Targa Exploration Corp.'s Shanghai project located in the western part of the Selwyn basin in Yukon has been completed.

The phase 1 program followed on from soil sampling programs (2004 to 2021) that indicated anomalous silver, lead and zinc in soils over areas of known polymetallic silver-lead-zinc veins and the indication of anomalous gold in soil values associated with Tombstone suite intrusions along the trace of the Robert Service thrust fault.

The fieldwork completed by the Company at the Shanghai project included:

- Collection of 1,297 soil samples; and
- Completion of 19-line-kilometer magnetometer and very-low-frequency electromagnetic (VLF) geophysical survey along 28 survey lines tracking 1,978 readings at 10-meter station spacing.

On April 26, 2023, the Company announced the results of the phase 1 soil sampling and ground VLF survey at its Shanghai Property. The results of the phase 1 program include:

- The discovery of a new, extremely high tenor gold ("Au") in soil anomaly over 700m in length at the center of the 27.48km<sup>2</sup> property.
- Gold in soil values grading up to 6.1 grams per tonne ("g/t") and 2.0 g/t Au from this newly discovered zone, representing the highest-grade gold in soil sampled collected on the Shanghai Project to date.
- Of the 1297 samples collected in 2022, 388 samples returned values over 10ppb Au, 14 samples returned values greater than 0.1 g/t Au, and 2 samples greater than 1g/t Au.

The field work completed has provided valuable insights into the area and will allow the Company to focus their efforts on further defining these anomalies. The gold in soil anomaly is thought to coincide with second order mineralized fluid pathways between the Robert Service Thrust and Tombstone Thrust, two major structural features of the region. Next steps will include detailed infill soil sampling and high-resolution geophysics focused on the newly discovered gold in soil anomaly.

## **MUL Projects**

On May 11, 2023, the Company acquired a 100% interest in the Leaf River lithium project (the "Leaf River Project"), the Raglan South lithium project (the "Ungava Project"), and the Musquaro Lake lithium project (the "Musquaro Lake Project" and, collectively with the Leaf River Project and the Ungava Project, the "MUL Projects") from a syndicate of sellers consisting of Shawn Ryan, Wildwood, Isaac Fage, Callum Ryan, Simon Cash and Adam Fage (collectively, the "Sellers").

In accordance with the agreement, the Company acquired a 100% interest in the MUL Projects, in exchange for 7,500,000 common shares of the Company ("Consideration Shares") with a fair value of \$2,400,000, a payment of \$315,000 in cash to Wildwood (paid) and a 1% NSR granted to Shawn Ryan. In addition, the Sellers have agreed to a voluntary escrow arrangement whereby one-third of the Consideration Shares will be released from escrow every four months after May 1, 2023, with the first such release date on September 1, 2023.

The MUL Projects are located in northern and eastern regions of Quebec and comprise of 3,488 active claims, covering an area of approximately 165,916 hectares. The Company believes that the Pegmatite Lithium Projects hold potential for spodumene-bearing lithium pegmatites.

### *Leaf River Project*

The Leaf River Project consists of two individual claim blocks that include 564 active claims totaling 25,636 hectares within the Nunavik region of northern Quebec and 140 km from the community of Tasiujaq located on the western side of the Ungava Bay.

The claim blocks were staked to cover highly anomalous lake sediment geochemistry in lithium, caesium, and rubidium. Both claim blocks hold many samples that are over the 99th percentile for all three elements in the Quebec wide lake sediment dataset.

### *Ungava Project*

The Ungava Project in the Raglan South District consists of 1,529 active claims totaling 63,865 hectares and is located within the Nunavik region of northern Quebec in the Ungava peninsula with the closest town of Salluit located 120 km northwest of the project and the Raglan Nickel Mine 75 km northeast of the claim block. The claim block was staked to cover a cluster of anomalous LCT lake sediment anomalies, exhibiting significant enrichment in lithium, caesium, and rubidium, with numerous samples displaying values well above the 99th percentile for all elements in the Quebec government data base.

### *Musquaro Lake Project*

The Musquaro Lake Project consists of three individual claims blocks with 1,395 active claims totaling 76,415 hectares located within the Côte-Nord region of eastern Quebec. The Musquaro Project is situated 60 km northeast of the Natashquan community.

The project area is characterized by the presence of over 96 mapped individual pegmatites and were staked to cover a highly anomalous population of lake sediment geochemistry anomalies in lithium, caesium, and rubidium.

On June 13, 2023, the Company announced the commencement of its exploration program with a field crew mobilized at the Musquaro Lake Project to conduct a phase one mapping, sampling and traversing across the project. To help plan and execute the phase on exploration, the Company contracted GroundTruth. GroundTruth has provided a team of 15 geologists and prospectors, equipped with the latest in field exploration equipment, to conduct the phase one work and will access Musquaro Lake Project via helicopter. Crews are conducting traverses across the three claim blocks that make up the Musquaro Lake Project to provide a more detailed geological map of the area and potentially identify new pegmatite occurrences. Geology teams will be investigating the 96 known pegmatite occurrences at Musquaro Lake Project, of which none have been previously sampled for their Lithium-Cesium-Tantalum potential.

### **Sky-Jim, Prince Albert Lake and White Metal Lithium Projects**

On May 19, 2023, the Company completed the acquisition of a 100% of the issued and outstanding shares of Pan Canadian Lithium pursuant to the Pan Canadian Lithium Agreement where the Company issued 5,766,666 common shares to the shareholders of Pan Canadian Lithium at a fair value of \$0.325 per share for a total fair value of \$1,874,166. The acquisition resulted in the Company acquiring 100% interest in certain mining claims in four lithium exploration projects located in the provinces of Saskatchewan and Ontario, Canada. In addition, the Company acquired Pan Canadian Lithium's positive cash position of \$234,403.

Pan Canadian Lithium, now a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, holds the mining claims to highly prospective lithium projects located in Saskatchewan and Ontario, Canada. The claims cover a total of 49,248 hectares and were identified using regional lake sediment samples obtained from provincial geochemical data that were highly anomalous with lithium pathfinder elements. The Company believes that the projects display significant potential for lithium bearing pegmatites.

Pan Canadian Lithium owns a 100% interest in four exploration projects with two located in each of the provinces of Saskatchewan and Ontario.

#### *White Metal Lithium Project*

The White Metal Project, located 40 km north of Stony Rapids in northern Saskatchewan, consists of eight contiguous mineral concessions totalling 38,765 hectares. The claims cover the highest concentration in Saskatchewan of regional lake sediment samples from the Geological Survey of Canada dataset that are anomalous for cesium, rubidium, and tantalum, elements considered pathfinders for lithium mineralization. With historical exploration activities in the region primarily focused on uranium, the White Metal Project represents a district-scale opportunity to explore for lithium mineralization in a mining-friendly jurisdiction.

#### *Prince Albert Lake Lithium Project*

The Prince Albert Project, located in northeast Saskatchewan, covers 2,895 hectares of prospective geology including a band of metasediments and metavolcanic rocks in close proximity to a granite intrusion. Boulders with lithium contents over 3,400ppm have been found several kilometers to the southwest by other explorers, potentially in the down-ice glacial direction from Prince Albert. The Prince Albert Project is adjacent to other active lithium exploration projects held by ACME Lithium and ALX Resources.

#### *Slim Jim and Sky Lake Projects*

The Slim Jim and Sky Lake Projects (collectively the "Sky-Jim Lithium Projects") are located in the Quetico Subprovince in northwestern Ontario. The Quetico Subprovince is host to several known lithium pegmatite deposits and occurrences, most notably the Georgia Lake and Jackpot deposits and the Wisa Lake and Hearst/Lowther occurrences. The Sky-Jim Lithium Projects have good local infrastructure with year-round road access from the nearby provincial highway and are near a rail line.

The Slim Jim Project covers 4,746 hectares of mostly metasediments along the boundary of a muscovite-bearing granite intrusive with noted pegmatite. Local lake sediment samples across the Slim Jim Project have elevated values of lithium, cesium, rubidium, and tantalum. Several faults run through the Slim Jim Project and could present favorable pathways for pegmatite intrusion.

The Sky Lake Project is located about 16 kilometers east of Slim Jim and is 2,842 hectares in size. The Sky Lake Project is centered on a cluster of lake sediment samples with anomalous lithium, cesium, rubidium, and tantalum and has a fault structure running north-south through the project. Sky Lake is covered with a network of logging roads, making for easy access and low-cost future exploration work.

## **North Lithium - Pegmatite, Harricana and Other Ontario Lithium Projects**

On October 3, 2023, the Company entered into a binding letter agreement with 1384025 B.C. Ltd. and a party of vendors to acquire 100% interest in five lithium projects, with two located in province of Quebec and three located in province of Ontario in exchange for 7,500,001 common shares of the Company at a price of \$0.115 per share for a total fair value of \$862,500, a 1.0% NSR granted to 1384025 B.C. LTD., a cash payment of \$100,000 (paid), \$277,861 (paid), and \$377,861.

### *Pegmatite Beach ("North Lithium - Pegmatite Project")*

Pegmatite Beach located in the James Bay region of Quebec consists of 97,571 hectares of prospective, pegmatite-bearing geology and covers a 60-kilometer trend of lake sediment lithium anomalies with many historically noted pegmatites that have not been assessed for lithium potential.

### *Harricana*

Harricana is located in the Northern Abitibi region of Western Quebec. The project is made up of four claim blocks totalling 26,339 hectares and covers a historic beryl-bearing pegmatite dyke with other berylliferous pegmatites historically noted nearby.

### *Other Ontario Projects*

#### Case Lake

Case Lake is made up of 185 claim cells totalling approximately 3,800 hectares in size and sits on the edge of the Case Lake Batholith, which is a major igneous body that correlates to known lithium occurrences. Three historic drill holes on the project have intercepted pegmatites. The project is road accessible.

#### Detour West

Detour West consists of two blocks of mineral claims totalling 255 claim cells in northeastern Ontario covering 5,300 hectares. Six historic drill holes on the project have intercepted pegmatites. The project is road accessible.

#### Lakeshore

Lakeshore is road accessible in northeastern Ontario and consists of 191 claim cells covering approximately 4,000 hectares. Anomalous beryllium and cesium were noted during historic gold exploration work. A 12.2-meter intercept of pegmatite was previously encountered and not analyzed for lithium.

## **FINANCIAL CONDITION**

As at March 31, 2024, the Company had total assets of \$2,421,704 (March 31, 2023 - \$653,155), which is comprised of cash, goods and services tax recoverable and prepaid expenses, which are expected to be received within the next twelve months.

As at March 31, 2024, the Company had total liabilities of \$1,379,986 (March 31, 2023 - \$38,878) comprising of accounts payable and accrued liabilities and a flow-through premium liability, which resulted from flow-through share financings during the current period.

As at March 31, 2024, the Company had working capital of \$1,041,718 (March 31, 2023 - \$614,277). The increase in working capital is mainly the result of an increase in cash raised from private placements and partially offset by the amortization of flow-through premium liability due to the issuance of flow-through units during the current period.

As at March 31, 2024, shareholders' equity comprised share capital of \$12,443,799 (March 31, 2023 - \$3,656,958), reserves of \$1,562,146 (March 31, 2023 - \$46,800), and a deficit of \$12,964,227 (March 31, 2023 - \$3,089,481) for a total shareholders' equity of \$1,041,718 (March 31, 2023 - \$614,277). The increase in share capital is primarily the result of several unit financings and issuance of shares related to the acquisition of mineral properties during the current period. The increase in deficit is primarily the result of mineral property acquisition costs recorded as exploration and evaluation expenditures.

As a result of the financing during the current period, the number of common shares outstanding as at March 31, 2024 was 91,670,404 (March 31, 2023 - 44,780,625).



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The total number of securities held in escrow as at March 31, 2024 was 2,726,125 common shares and 225,000 warrants (March 31, 2023 - 376,875 common shares and 375,000 warrants).

## **LIQUIDITY, CAPITAL RESOURCES AND GOING CONCERN**

The Company has not yet generated any revenue and thus cash flow from operations. Its only source of funds since incorporation has been from the issuance of common shares and units.

As at March 31, 2024, the Company had cash of \$2,220,981 (March 31, 2023 - \$604,316) and a net working capital of \$1,421,718 (March 31, 2023 - \$614,277).

The Company's cash flows from operations are negative as it is an exploration stage company. During the year ended March 31, 2024, the Company used cash of \$3,083,064 in operating activities (2023 - \$652,680) attributed to the operating expenses for the period, in particular cash acquisition payments of \$2,400,000 included in exploration and evaluation expenditures associated with the MUL Projects.

During the year ended March 31, 2024, cash provided by investing activities of \$234,403 (2023 - \$nil) related to the Company acquiring Pan Canadian Lithium's positive cash balance.

During the year ended March 31, 2024, cash provided by financing activities of \$4,465,326 was attributable to \$2,000 received from exercise of warrants and \$4,696,490 received from private placements, which was partially offset by unit issuance cost of \$233,164. Cash provided by financing activities in the comparable period of \$16,500 related to the collection of subscription receivable outstanding as at March 31, 2023 and proceeds of warrant exercises.

While the information in the Financial Statements has been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards on a going concern basis, which presumes the realization of assets and discharge of liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future, there are conditions and events that cast significant doubt on the validity of this presumption. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on the Company's ability to obtain additional debt or equity financing to successfully advance the exploration and development of mineral property interests in its exploration portfolio and to be able to derive material proceeds from the sale or divestiture of those properties and/or other assets. While the Company is making its best efforts in this regard, the outcome of these matters cannot be predicted at this time.

## **USE OF PROCEEDS AND MILESTONES**

On August 15, 2023, the Company closed a private placement for aggregate gross proceeds of \$1,330,300 by issuing 1,641,750 units (the "Units") at a price of \$0.40 per unit for gross proceeds of \$656,700 and 1,403,333 super flow-through units (the "SuperFT Units") at a price of \$0.48 per unit for gross proceeds of \$673,600. The net proceeds of the private placement will be used for exploration of the Company's lithium projects and for working capital purposes.

On December 22, 2023, the Company closed a private placement for aggregate gross proceeds of \$2,448,690 by issuing 5,445,334 units (the "Units") at a price of \$0.15 per unit for gross proceeds of \$816,800, 4,234,647 FT Units at a price of \$0.17 per unit for gross proceeds of \$719,890; and 5,066,667 Super FT Unit at a price of \$0.18 per unit for gross proceeds of \$912,000. The net proceeds of the private placement will be used for exploration of the Company's lithium projects and for working capital purposes.

On March 28, 2024, the Company closed a private placement for aggregate gross proceeds of \$917,500 by issuing 3,050,000 units (the "Units") at a price of \$0.10 per unit for gross proceeds of \$305,000, 3,500,000 charity flow-through units at a price of \$0.175 per unit for gross proceeds of \$612,500. The net proceeds of the private placement will be used for exploration of the Company's lithium projects and for working capital purposes.

The Company achieves its business objectives and milestones through the use of proceeds raised from the private placements to perform due diligence testing on potential mineral exploration properties. In addition, the Company was able to maintain liquidity while meeting operating expenditure obligations and adequate levels of funding to continue as a going concern and support its exploration of mineral claims.

Considering the current uncertainty as to the general market and competitive conditions, the Company continues to maintain its fiscally responsible approach to its mineral exploration activities. In particular, the Company continues to evaluate market conditions on an ongoing basis, with the goal of, among other things: (i) identifying the appropriate time to initiate certain business objectives, and (ii) exploring potential alternatives, viable opportunities to further develop and expand the Company's business.

As such, the Company notes that there may be circumstances where, for sound business reasons, the Company may be required to reallocate funds, including due to demands for shifting focus or investment in mining exploration and/or development activities, requirements for accelerating, increasing, reducing, or eliminating initiatives in response to changes in market, regulations and/or developments in the mining sector generally and in the price of copper, unexpected setbacks, and strategic opportunities, such as partnerships, strategic partners, joint ventures, mergers, acquisitions, and other opportunities.

## **SHARE CAPITAL HIGHLIGHTS**

During the year ended March 31, 2024, the Company had the following share capital transactions:

- On May 11, 2023, the Company issued 7,500,000 common shares at a share price of \$0.320 per share for total fair value of \$2,400,000 as payment to acquire the MUL Projects.
- On May 19, 2023, pursuant to the closing of the Pan Canadian Lithium Agreement, the Company issued 5,766,666 common shares to the former Pan Canadian Lithium shareholders at a share price of \$0.325 per share for total fair value of \$1,874,166 as payment to acquire Pan Canadian Lithium.
- On June 23, 2023, the Company issued 20,000 common shares at a share price of \$0.10 per share from the exercise of warrants for gross proceeds of \$2,000.
- On August 15, 2023, the Company closed a private placement for aggregate gross proceeds of \$1,330,300 by issuing 1,641,750 units (the "Units") at a price of \$0.40 per unit for gross proceeds of \$656,700; and 1,403,333 super flow-through units ("Super FT Units") at a price of \$0.48 per unit for gross proceeds of \$673,600. Each Unit and FT Unit consists of one common share and one-half of one common share purchase warrant (each whole warrant a "Warrant"). Each Warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.70 per share for a period of two years until August 15, 2025. The gross proceeds from the Units were allocated using the residual value method, whereby the proceeds were allocated to the common shares based on the market value at the date of issuance and the remaining proceeds were allocated to the warrants and recognized in reserves. As the fair value of the common shares issued exceeded the remaining proceeds, there was no proceeds allocated to the warrants. The gross proceeds from the FT Units were first allocated to the flow-through premium, calculated as the difference between the price of a flow-through unit and the price of a unit at that date. As a result, \$112,267 was allocated to the flow-through premium. The remaining proceeds of \$561,333 were allocated using the residual value method. As the fair value of the common shares issued exceeded the remaining proceeds, there was no proceeds allocated to the warrants. Total share issuance costs were \$53,472 in connection with this private placement, which include \$40,370 of cash share issuance costs and \$13,102 related to 63,375 warrants issued to finders, which were valued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model and recognized in reserves. Each finders' warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share at an exercise price of \$0.70 per share until August 15, 2025.
- On October 18, 2023, the Company issued 301,463 common shares at a price of \$0.23 per share for total fair value of \$69,336 to satisfy the requirement as per the purchase and sale agreement on January 25, 2023 which requires the Company to issue shares from future private placements with fair value up to 9.9% of \$5,000,000.
- On December 22, 2023, the Company closed a private placement for aggregate gross proceeds of \$2,448,690 by issuing 5,445,334 units (the "Units") at a price of \$0.15 per unit for gross proceeds of \$816,800, 4,234,647 FT Units at a price of \$0.17 per unit for gross proceeds of \$719,890; and 5,066,667 Super FT Unit at a price of \$0.18 per unit for gross proceeds of \$912,000. Each Unit, FT Unit and Super FT Unit consists of one common share and one-half of one common share purchase warrant (each whole warrant a "Warrant"). Each Warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.30 per share for a period of two years until December 22, 2025. The gross proceeds from the Units were allocated using the residual value method, whereby the proceeds were allocated to the common shares based on the market value at the date of issuance and the remaining proceeds were allocated to the warrants and recognized in reserves. As the fair value of the common shares issued exceeded the remaining proceeds, there was no proceeds allocated to the warrants. The gross proceeds from the FT Units and Super FT Units were first allocated to the flow-through premium, calculated as the difference between the price of a flow-through unit and the price of a unit at that date. As a result, \$236,693 was allocated to the flow-through premium. The remaining proceeds of \$2,211,997 were allocated using the residual value method. As a result, \$1,843,331 was allocated to share capital and \$368,666 was allocated to warrants reserve. Total share issuance costs were \$142,043 in connection with this private placement, which include \$115,642 of cash share issuance costs and \$26,401 related to 638,020 warrants issued to finders, which were valued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model and recognized in reserves. Each finders' warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share at an exercise price of \$0.30 per share until December 22, 2025.

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- On January 10, 2024, the Company issued 7,500,001 common shares at \$0.12 per share for the total fair value of \$862,500 as payment to acquire the North Lithium - Pegmatite, Harricana and Other Ontario Lithium Projects.
- On January 10, 2024, the Company issued an additional 1,459,918 common shares, representing 9.9% of the shares issued in the recently closed financing on December 22, 2023, to Kenorland Minerals pursuant to the original purchase agreement for the Opinaca and Superior projects at \$0.12 per share for the total fair value of \$167,891.
- On March 28, 2024, the Company closed a private placement for aggregate gross proceeds of \$917,500 by issuing 3,050,000 units (the "Units") at a price of \$0.10 per unit for gross proceeds of \$305,000 and 3,500,000 charity flow-through units ("CFT Units") at a price of \$0.175 per unit for gross proceeds of \$612,500. Each Unit and CFT Unit consists of one common share and one-half of one common share purchase warrant (each whole warrant a "Warrant"). Each Warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.25 per share for a period of two years until March 28, 2026. The gross proceeds from the Units were allocated using the residual value method, whereby the proceeds were allocated to the common shares based on the market value at the date of issuance and the remaining proceeds were allocated to the warrants and recognized in reserves. As the fair value of the common shares issued exceeded the remaining proceeds, there was no proceeds allocated to the warrants. The gross proceeds from the CFT Units were first allocated to the flow-through premium, calculated as the difference between the price of a flow-through unit and the price of a unit at that date. As a result, \$262,500 was allocated to the flow-through premium. The remaining proceeds of \$655,000 were allocated using the residual value method. As a result, \$622,250 was allocated to share capital and \$32,750 was allocated to warrants reserve. Total share issuance costs were \$40,000 in connection with this private placement.

During the year ended March 31, 2023, the Company had the following share capital transactions:

- On September 22, 2022, the previously issued 6,650,000 special warrants were automatically converted into 6,650,000 units for no additional consideration. Each unit consists of one common share of the Company and one warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.20 per share for a period of five years until September 22, 2027. The total fair value of the common shares is \$665,000. The warrants were accounted for using the residual value method. As the fair value of the common shares issued exceeded the cash proceeds, there was \$nil residual value allocated to the warrants.
- On October 7, 2022, the Company issued 500,000 common shares at \$0.50 per share for the total fair value of \$250,000 to Shawn Ryan in connection with the Shanghai Property agreement.
- On December 21, 2022, the Company issued 50,000 common shares from the exercise of warrants for proceeds of \$10,000.
- On January 25, 2023, the Company issued 4,377,375 common shares at \$0.44 per share for the total fair value of \$1,926,045 as a payment to acquire the Opinaca Lithium Project.
- On February 21, 2023, the Company issued 15,000 common shares from the exercise of warrants for gross proceeds of \$1,500.

## SELECTED ANNUAL INFORMATION

The following table summarizes selected financial data derived from the audited financial statements for the years ended March 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:

|                                  | 2024       | 2023      | 2022      |
|----------------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|
|                                  | \$         | \$        | \$        |
| Total operating expenses         | 10,029,148 | 2,852,907 | 177,041   |
| Net loss and comprehensive loss  | 9,874,746  | 2,852,907 | 236,454   |
| Basic and diluted loss per share | 0.15       | 0.08      | 0.01      |
| Cash                             | 2,220,981  | 604,316   | 1,240,496 |
| Total assets                     | 2,421,704  | 653,155   | 1,240,496 |
| Total liabilities                | 1,379,986  | 38,878    | 12,657    |
| Share capital                    | 12,443,799 | 3,656,958 | 804,413   |
| Shareholders' equity             | 1,041,718  | 614,277   | 1,227,839 |

The increase in operating expenses in the current year compared to the prior years is primarily driven by the increase in exploration and evaluation expense as a result of the acquisition of the North Lithium - Pegmatite, Harricana, Other Ontario Lithium Projects, Opinaca Lithium Projects, Sky-Jim, Prince Albert Lake, White Metal Lithium Projects and MUL Projects in the current year. The increase in total assets is mainly due to an increase in cash raised from private placements during the current year. The increase in share capital in the current year compared to the prior years is mainly due to the unit financing and issuance of shares related to the acquisition of mineral properties during the current year.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### Q4 2024 compared to Q4 2023

A summary of the Company's results of operations is as follows:

|  | Q4 2024            | Q4 2023            | Change           |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|
|  | \$                 | \$                 | \$               |
| <b>Operating expenses</b>                      |                    |                    |                  |
| Exploration and evaluation expenditures        | 2,539,115          | 2,040,826          | 118,289          |
| Filing and transfer agent fees                 | 11,733             | 10,903             | 830              |
| General and administrative                     | 61,575             | 14,158             | 47,417           |
| Marketing and investor relations               | 104,999            | 10,189             | 94,810           |
| Legal and professional fees                    | 49,723             | 49,464             | 259              |
| Management and consulting fees                 | 81,240             | 15,000             | 66,240           |
| Share-based compensation                       | 375,782            | -                  | 375,782          |
|  | 3,224,167          | 2,140,540          | 703,627          |
| <b>Other income</b>                            |                    |                    |                  |
| Amortization of flow-through premium liability | 70,359             | -                  | 70,359           |
| <b>Net loss and comprehensive loss</b>         | <b>(3,153,808)</b> | <b>(2,140,540)</b> | <b>(633,268)</b> |

Net loss increased to \$2,773,808 compared to \$2,140,540 in the prior year comparable period. The primary drivers of this increase in net loss were as follows:

- Exploration and evaluation expenditures increased to \$2,539,115 compared to \$2,040,826 in the prior year comparable period. The current period expenditures are primarily a result of the field work exploration in relation to the Opinaca Lithium Project, the MUL Projects and the Sky-Jim, Prince Albert Lake and White Metal Lithium Projects, while in comparison the expenditures in the prior year comparable period were due to the field work conducted for the Shanghai Property.
- General and administrative expenses increased to \$61,575 compared to \$14,158 in the prior year comparable period as a result of additional expenses for office rent, office services and insurance in the current period while the prior year comparable period expenses related solely to rent and office services.
- Marketing and investor relations expense increased to \$104,999 compared to \$10,189 in the prior year comparable period as a result of the Company being listed on multiple stock exchanges and active trade conference attendance, which has resulted in the Company incurring additional costs in connection with raising market awareness and additional shareholder communications.

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- Management and consulting fees increased to \$81,240 compared to \$15,000 in the prior year comparable period due to management fees paid to both the new Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and former CEO during the transition in the current period.
- Share-based compensation increased to \$375,782 compared to \$nil in the prior year comparable period due to the vesting of stock options granted on October 18, 2023 and March 14, 2024.

Partially offsetting the increase in net loss is an increase in income from the amortization of the flow-through premium liability of \$70,359 compared to \$nil in the prior year comparable period due to the issuance of flow-through units during the current period and incurring eligible expenditures on the Company's projects.

**Fiscal 2024 compared to Fiscal 2023**

A summary of the Company's results of operations is as follows:

|  | Fiscal 2024        | Fiscal 2023 | Change      |
|--|--------------------|-------------|-------------|
|  | \$                 | \$          | \$          |
| <b>Operating expenses</b>                      |                    |             |             |
| Exploration and evaluation expenditures        | 8,085,038          | 2,547,103   | 5,157,935   |
| Filing and transfer agent fees                 | 52,997             | 34,218      | 18,779      |
| General and administrative                     | 124,598            | 38,799      | 85,799      |
| Marketing and investor relations               | 271,687            | 12,779      | 258,908     |
| Legal and professional fees                    | 143,182            | 127,208     | 15,974      |
| Management and consulting fees                 | 277,218            | 46,000      | 231,218     |
| Share-based compensation                       | 1,074,428          | 46,800      | 1,027,628   |
|  | <b>10,029,148</b>  | 2,852,907   | 6,796,241   |
| <b>Other income</b>                            |                    |             |             |
| Amortization of flow-through premium liability | 154,402            | -           | 154,402     |
| <b>Net loss and comprehensive loss</b>         | <b>(9,874,746)</b> | (2,852,907) | (6,641,839) |

Net loss increased to \$9,874,746 compared to \$2,852,907 in the prior year comparable period. The primary drivers of this increase in net loss were as follows:

- Exploration and evaluation expenditures increased to \$8,085,038 compared to \$2,547,103 in the prior year. The current year expenditures are primarily a result of the issuance of 7,500,001 shares at a fair value of \$862,500 for the acquisition of North Lithium - Pegmatite, Harricana and Other Ontario Lithium Projects, issuance of 5,766,666 common shares at a fair value of \$1,874,166 for the acquisition of the Sky-Jim, Prince Albert Lake and White Metal Lithium Projects, as part of the Pan Canadian Lithium Corp. acquisition, and the issuance of 7,500,000 common shares at a fair value of \$2,400,000 for the MUL Projects, while in comparison the expenditures in the prior year were due to the field work conducted for the Shanghai Property and the issuance of 4,377,375 shares at a fair value of \$1,926,045 for the acquisition of Opinaca Lithium Project.
- General and administrative expenses increased to \$124,598 compared to \$38,799 in the prior year as a result of additional expenses for office rent, office services and insurance in the current year while the prior year expenses related solely to office rent and office services.
- Marketing and investor relations expense increased to \$271,687 compared to \$12,779 in the prior year as a result of the Company being listed on multiple stock exchanges and active trade conference attendance, which has resulted in the Company incurring additional costs in connection with raising market awareness and additional shareholder communications.
- Legal and professional fees increased to \$143,182 compared to \$127,208 in the prior year resulting from increased legal fees related to the Company's public listings and accounting advisory services in the current year.
- Management and consulting fees increased to \$277,218 compared to \$46,000 in the prior year due to management fees paid to both the new CEO and former CEO during the transition period and the addition of an executive director in the current year.
- Share-based compensation increased to \$1,074,428 compared to \$46,800 in the prior year as a result of the issuance and immediate vesting of 6,141,000 stock options to key management personnel as well as employees and contractors in the current year compared to the issuance and immediate vesting of 1,425,000 stock options in the prior year.

Partially offsetting the increase in net loss is an increase in income from the amortization of the flow-through premium liability of \$154,402 compared to \$nil in the prior year due to the issuance of flow-through units during the current year and incurring eligible expenditures on the Company's projects.

## QUARTERLY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following summarizes quarterly financial results of the Company for the last eight most recently completed quarters:

|                                  | Q4 2024   | Q3 2024 | Q2 2024 | Q1 2024   |
|----------------------------------|-----------|---------|---------|-----------|
|                                  | \$        | \$      | \$      | \$        |
| Net loss and comprehensive loss  | 3,153,808 | 803,089 | 517,703 | 5,400,146 |
| Basic and diluted loss per share | 0.04      | 0.01    | 0.01    | 0.10      |

  

|                                  | Q4 2023   | Q3 2023 | Q2 2023 | Q1 2023 |
|----------------------------------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|
|                                  | \$        | \$      | \$      | \$      |
| Net loss and comprehensive loss  | 2,140,540 | 451,460 | 193,009 | 67,898  |
| Basic and diluted loss per share | 0.05      | 0.01    | 0.00    | 0.00    |

The quarterly trend in loss for the period and loss per share is primarily driven by the Company's exploration expenses. During Q4 2024, net loss and comprehensive loss increased from prior quarters due to an increase in exploration and evaluation expenditures as the Company issued common shares and made cash payments in accordance with the North Lithium - Pegmatite, Harricana and Other Ontario Lithium Projects acquisition agreement. During Q1 2024, net loss and comprehensive loss increased significantly from the prior quarters due to an increase in exploration and evaluation expenditures related to the acquisition of the Sky-Jim, Prince Albert Lake, White Metal Lithium Projects and the MUL Projects, as well as share-based compensation due to the immediate vesting of stock options granted to key management personnel during the period. During Q4 2023, net loss and comprehensive loss increased from prior quarters due to an increase in exploration and evaluation expenditures as the Company issued common shares and made a cash payment in accordance with the Opinaca Lithium Project acquisition agreement.

## RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key management personnel include those persons having the authority and responsibility of planning, directing and executing the activities of the Company. The Company has determined that its key management personnel consist of executive and non-executive members of the Company's Board of Directors and corporate officers.

A summary of the Company's related party transactions is as follows:

|  | 2024      | 2023   |
|--|-----------|--------|
|  | \$        | \$     |
| Management and consulting fees - executive director              | 99,750    | -      |
| Management and consulting fees - CEO                             | 112,500   | -      |
| Management and consulting fees - former CEO                      | 44,000    | 35,000 |
| Management and consulting fees - Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") | 12,000    | 11,000 |
| Share-based compensation   | 751,635   | 36,126 |
|  | 1,019,885 | 82,126 |

As at March 31, 2024, \$nil and \$nil accounts payable and accrued liabilities were owed to the CEO and CFO, respectively (March 31, 2023 - \$4,000 and \$1,050, respectively).

## FOURTH QUARTER

The Company continued its exploration projects during the fourth quarter of 2024.

The Company completed the acquisition of North Lithium - Pegmatite, Harricana and Other Ontario Lithium Projects through the issuance of 7,500,001 common shares for the total fair value of \$862,500.

The Company issued 1,459,918 common shares, representing 9.9% of the shares issued in the recently closed financing on December 22, 2023, to Kenorland Minerals pursuant to the original purchase agreement for the Opinaca and Superior projects at \$0.12 per share for the total fair value of \$167,891.

The Company closed a private placement for aggregate gross proceeds of \$917,500 by issuing 3,050,000 units (the "Units") at a price of \$0.10 per unit for gross proceeds of \$305,000 and 3,500,000 charity flow-through units ("CFT Units") at a price of \$0.175 per unit for gross proceeds of \$612,500.

On March 14, 2024, the Company granted 3,991,000 to directors, officers, and employees. The options vested immediately resulting in shared-based compensation during the quarter of \$365,491.

#### **USE OF ESTIMATES AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Preparing financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported results. The estimates are based on historical experience and other assumptions believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Critical accounting policies are disclosed in the Annual Financial Statements.

#### **OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS**

The Company has no off-balance sheet arrangements as at March 31, 2024, or at the MD&A Date.

#### **PROPOSED TRANSACTIONS**

The Company has no undisclosed transactions as at March 31, 2024, or at the date of this MD&A.

#### **SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

On May 1, 2024, the Company closed the final tranche of its previously announced non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$670,000 by issuing 6,700,000 Units at a price of \$0.10 per Unit, with each Unit consisting of one common share and one-half common share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.25 per share for a period of two years from the Offering closing date. On initial recognition, proceeds were allocated using the residual value method and, as a result, \$569,500 was allocated to share capital and \$100,500 was allocated to the warrants. In connection with the private placement, the Company paid a cash finders' fee of \$2,400 and issued 24,000 finder's warrants with an aggregate fair value of \$587.

On May 1, 2024, the remaining balance of 2,500,000 MUL Consideration Shares were released from escrow.

On July 16, 2024, the Company issued 4,099,999 common shares for total fair value of \$377,861 to settle the final cash payment that was due in connection with the North Lithium - Pegmatite acquisition.

On July 22, 2024, the Company issued 948,925 common shares for total fair value of \$90,148 to satisfy the requirement as per the purchase and sale agreement of Kenorland entered into on January 25, 2023 which requires the Company to issue shares from future private placements with fair value up to 9.9% of \$5,000,000.

#### **OUTSTANDING SECURITY DATA**

A summary of the number of the Company's issued and outstanding securities is as follows:

|                              | March 31,<br>2024 | MD&A<br>Date |
|------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|
|                              | #                 | #            |
| Common shares <sup>(1)</sup> | 91,670,404        | 103,419,328  |
| Warrants <sup>(2)</sup>      | 41,937,261        | 45,287,261   |
| Stock options                | 7,966,000         | 7,966,000    |

(1) Common shares include 2,726,125 common shares held in escrow.

(2) Warrants include 225,000 warrants held in escrow.

#### **FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT**

As at March 31, 2024, financial instruments comprising cash, deposits, accounts payable and accrued liabilities are classified and measured at amortized cost. The carrying value of cash, deposits, accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate the fair value due to the relatively short-term maturity of these instruments.

The Company is exposed in varying degrees to a variety of financial instrument related risks. The type of risk exposure and the way in which such exposure is managed is provided as follows:

#### **Credit risk**

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to fulfill its contractual obligations. The Company's credit risk relates primarily to cash and deposits. The Company minimizes its credit risk related to cash by placing cash with major financial institutions and deposits with recognized creditworthy third parties and regularly reviews the recoverability of them.

#### **Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they come due. The Company is exposed to liquidity risk through accounts payable and accrued liabilities but controls liquidity risk by ensuring that it has sufficient cash resources to pay for its financial obligations.

As at March 31, 2024, the Company had sufficient cash on hand to discharge its accounts payable and accrued liabilities as they become due. As the Company's operations do not generate cash, financial liabilities are discharged using funding through the issuance of common stock or debt as required, the Company may need to seek a combination of debt and equity to meet the spending requirements to continue its operations.

#### **Market risk**

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates and foreign exchange rates. The Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk on the basis that its financial liabilities bear no interest or interest at fixed rates. The Company does not carry financial assets or liabilities that are denominated in a foreign currency and is therefore not exposed to significant foreign exchange rate risk.

### **RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES**

The operations of the Company are subject to significant uncertainty due to the high-risk nature of its business, which is the acquisition, exploration, discovery, development and production of gold and lithium from a portfolio of exploration and development stage assets. The following risk factors could materially affect the Company's financial condition and/or future operating results and could cause actual events to differ materially from those described in forward-looking statements relating to the Company. Additional risks and uncertainties, including those that the Company does not know about now or that it currently deems immaterial, may adversely affect the Company's business.

#### **Resource exploration and development is a speculative business**

Resource exploration and development is a speculative business and involves a high degree of risk, including, among other things, unprofitable efforts resulting not only from the failure to discover mineral deposits but from finding mineral deposits which, though present, are insufficient in size to return a profit from production. The marketability of natural resources that may be acquired or discovered by the Company will be affected by numerous factors beyond the control of the Company. These factors include market fluctuations, the proximity and capacity of natural resource markets, government regulations, including regulations relating to prices, taxes, royalties, land use, importing and exporting of minerals and environmental protection. The exact effect of these factors cannot be accurately predicted, but the combination of these factors may result in the Company not receiving an adequate return on invested capital.

Substantial expenditures are required to establish ore reserves through drilling and metallurgical and other testing techniques, determine metal content and metallurgical recovery processes to extract metal from the ore, and construct, renovate or expand mining and processing facilities. No assurance can be given that any level of recovery of ore reserves will be realized or that any identified mineral deposit, even if it is established to contain an estimated resource, will ever qualify as a commercial mineable ore body which can be legally and economically exploited. The great majority of exploration projects do not result in the discovery of commercially mineable deposits of ore.



### **The Company is an early stage company**

The Company has only recently commenced operations and has no operating earnings. The likelihood of success of the Company must be considered in light of the problems, expenses and difficulties, complications and delays frequently encountered in connection with the establishment of any business. The Company has limited financial resources and there is no assurance that additional funding will be available to it for further exploration and development of its projects or to fulfil its obligations under applicable agreement. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain adequate financing in the future or that the terms of such financing will be favourable. Failure to obtain such additional financing could result in delay or indefinite postponement of further exploration and development of the property interest of the Company with the possible dilution or loss of such interest. Further, revenues, financings and profits, if any, will depend upon various factors, including the success, if any, of exploration programs and general market conditions for natural resources. There is no assurance that the Company can operated profitably or that it will successfully implement its plans.

### **Mining industry is intensely competitive**

The Company's business of the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties is intensely competitive. Increased competition could adversely affect the Company's ability to attract necessary capital funding or acquire suitable producing properties or prospects for mineral exploration in the future.

### **Fluctuation of metal prices**

The mining industry is intensely competitive and there is no assurance that, even if commercial quantities of a mineral resource are discovered, a profitable market will exist for the sale of the same. There can be no assurance that metal prices will be such that the Company's properties can be mined at a profit. Factors beyond the control of the Company may affect the marketability of any minerals discovered. Metal prices are subject to volatile price changes from a variety of factors including international economic and political trends, expectations of inflation, global and regional demand, currency exchange fluctuations, interest rates and global or regional consumption patterns, speculative activities and increased production due to improved mining and production methods. There can be no assurance that the price of any commodities will be such that any of the properties in which the Company has, or has the right to acquire, an interest may be mined at a profit.

### **Significant resources are required to conduct mining exploration activities**

Mining exploration requires ready access to mining equipment such as drills, and crews to operate that equipment. There can be no assurance that such resources will be available to the Company on a timely basis or at a reasonable cost. Failure to obtain these resources when needed may result in delays in the Company's exploration programs.

### **No assurance of profitability**

The Company operates at a loss and there is no assurance that the Company will ever be profitable. The Company had a negative operating cash flow since its founding and will continue to for the foreseeable future. The Company cannot predict when it will reach positive operating cash flow.

### **Uninsured or uninsurable risks**

Exploration, development and mining operations involve various hazards, including environmental hazards, industrial accidents, metallurgical and other processing problems, unusual or unexpected rock formations, structural cave-ins or slides, flooding, fires, metal losses and periodic interruptions due to inclement or hazardous weather conditions. These risks could result in damage to or destruction of mineral properties, facilities or other property, personal injury, environmental damage, delays in operations, increased cost of operations, monetary losses and possible legal liability. The Company may not be able to obtain insurance to cover these risks at economically feasible premiums or at all. The Company may elect not to insure where premium costs are disproportionate to the Company's perception of the relevant risks. The payment of such insurance premiums and of such liabilities would reduce the funds available for exploration and production activities.

### **Financing risks**

Although the Company has been successful in the past in obtaining financing through the sale of equity securities, there can be no assurance that it will be able to obtain adequate financing in the future or that the terms of such financing will be favorable. Failure to obtain such additional financing could result in delay or indefinite postponement of further exploration and development of its projects with the possible loss of such properties.

### **Increased costs**

Management anticipates that costs at the Company's projects will frequently be subject to variation from one year to the next due to a number of factors, such as the results of ongoing exploration activities (positive or negative), changes in the nature of mineralization encountered, and revisions to exploration programs, if any, in response to the foregoing. Increases in the prices of such commodities or a scarcity of consultants or drilling contractors could render the costs of exploration programs to increase significantly over those budgeted. A material increase in costs for any significant exploration programs could have a significant effect on the Company's operating funds and ability to continue its planned exploration programs.

### **Permits and licenses**

The operations of the Company will require licenses and permits from various governmental authorities. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain all necessary licenses and permits that may be required to carry out exploration, development and mining operations at its projects, on reasonable terms or at all. Delays or a failure to obtain such licenses and permits or a failure to comply with the terms of any such licenses and permits that the Company does obtain, could have a material adverse effect on the Company.

### **Title matters**

Although the Company has taken steps to verify the title to the mineral properties in which it has or has a right to acquire an interest in accordance with industry standards for the current stage of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee title (whether of the Company or of any underlying vendor(s) from whom the Company may be acquiring its interest). Title to mineral properties may be subject to unregistered prior agreements or transfers and may be affected by undetected defects or the rights of indigenous peoples. The Company has investigated title to all of its mineral properties and, to the best of its knowledge, title to all of its properties for which titles have been issued are in good standing.

### **Regulatory requirements**

The activities of the Company are subject to extensive regulations governing various matters, including environmental protection, management and use of toxic substances and explosives, management of natural resources, exploration, development of mines, production and post-closure reclamation, exports, price controls, taxation, regulations concerning business dealings with indigenous peoples, labour standards on occupational health and safety, including mine safety, and historic and cultural preservation. Failure to comply with applicable laws and regulations may result in civil or criminal fines or penalties, enforcement actions thereunder, including orders issued by regulatory or judicial authorities causing operations to cease or be curtailed, and may include corrective measures requiring capital expenditures, installation of additional equipment, or remedial actions, any of which could result in the Company incurring significant expenditures. The Company may be required to compensate those suffering loss or damage by reason of a breach of such laws, regulations or permitting requirements. It is possible that future laws and regulations, or more stringent enforcement of current laws and regulations by governmental authorities, could cause additional expense, capital expenditures, restrictions on or suspension of the Company's operations and delays in the exploration and development of the Company's properties.

### **Exploration and mining risks**

Fires, power outages, labour disruptions, flooding, explosions, cave-ins, landslides and the inability to obtain suitable or adequate machinery, equipment or labour are other risks involved in the operation of mines and the conduct of exploration programs. Substantial expenditures are required to establish reserves through drilling, to develop metallurgical processes, to develop the mining and processing facilities and infrastructure at any site chosen for mining. Although substantial benefits may be derived from the discovery of a major mineralized deposit, no assurance can be given that minerals will be discovered in sufficient quantities to justify commercial operations or that funds required for development can be obtained on a timely basis. The economics of developing mineral properties is affected by many factors including the cost of operations, variations of the grade of ore mined, fluctuations in the price of nickel or other minerals produced, costs of processing equipment and such other factors as government regulations, including regulations relating to royalties, allowable production, importing and exporting of minerals and environmental protection. In addition, the grade of mineralization ultimately mined may differ from that indicated by drilling results and such differences could be material. Short term factors, such as the need for orderly development of ore bodies or the processing of new or different grades, may have an adverse effect on mining operations and on the results of operations. There can be no assurance that minerals recovered in small scale laboratory tests will be duplicated in large scale tests under on-site conditions or in production scale operations. Material changes in geological resources, grades, stripping ratios or recovery rates may affect the economic viability of projects.

### **Environmental restrictions**

The activities of the Company are subject to environmental regulations promulgated by government agencies in different countries from time to time. Environmental legislation generally provides for restrictions and prohibitions on spills, releases or emissions into the air, discharges into water, management of waste, management of hazardous substances, protection of natural resources, antiquities and endangered/threatened species (such as the Mexican Spotted Owl) and reclamation of lands disturbed by mining operations. Certain types of operations require the submission and approval of environmental impact assessments. In addition, such laws and regulations can constrain or prohibit the exploration and development of new projects or the development or expansion of existing projects. Environmental legislation is evolving in a manner which means stricter standards, and enforcement, fines and penalties for non-compliance are more stringent. Environmental assessments of proposed projects carry a heightened degree of responsibility for companies and directors, officers and employees. The cost of compliance with changes in governmental regulations has a potential to reduce the profitability of operations.

### **Foreign countries and political risk**

Any changes in regulations or shifts in political conditions are beyond the control of the Company and may adversely affect its business, or if significant enough, may make it impossible to continue to operate in the country. Operations may be affected in varying degrees by government regulations with respect to restrictions on production, price controls, foreign exchange restrictions, export controls, income taxes, expropriation of property, environmental legislation and mine safety.

### **Climatic change**

The Company's operations in the future may be energy intensive. While the Company will review numerous processes to reduce its overall carbon footprint in future economic studies, such as the use of electric battery powered mining equipment, the Company acknowledges climate change as an international and community concern. Legislation and regulations relating to emission levels and energy efficiency are becoming more rigorous and may result in increased costs at its future operations. While the Company has taken measures to manage the use of energy, such regulatory requirements may have an adverse impact on the Company.

### **Potential conflicts of interest**

The directors and officers of the Company may serve as directors and/or officers for other public and private companies, including companies in which the Company has invested in, and may devote a portion of their time to manage other business interests. This may result in certain conflicts of interest. To the extent that such other companies may participate in ventures in which the Company is participating, and to the extent that such companies may receive funds from the Company, such directors and officers of the Company may have a conflict of interest in negotiating and reaching an agreement with respect to the extent of each company's participation. The Business Corporations Act (British Columbia), which governs the Company, requires the directors and officers to act honestly, in good faith, and in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders. However, in conflict of interest situations, directors and officers of the Company may owe the same duty to another company and will need to balance the competing obligations and liabilities of their actions. There is no assurance that the needs of the Company will receive priority in all cases. From time to time, several companies may participate together in the acquisition, exploration and development of natural resource properties, thereby allowing these companies to: (i) participate in larger programs; (ii) acquire an interest in a greater number of programs; and (iii) reduce their financial exposure to any one program. A particular company may assign, at its cost, all or a portion of its interests in a particular program to another affiliated company due to the financial position of the Company making the assignment. In determining whether or not the Company will participate in a particular program and the interest therein to be acquired by it, it is expected that the directors and officers of the Company will primarily consider the degree of risk to which the Company may be exposed and its financial position at that time.

### **Litigation**

Defense and settlement costs of legal claims can be substantial, even with respect to claims that have no merit. Like most companies, the Company is subject to the threat of litigation and may be involved in disputes with other parties in the future which may result in litigation or other proceedings. The results of litigation or any other proceedings cannot be predicted with certainty. If the Company is unable to resolve these disputes favourably, it could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

### **Key executives and outside consultants**

The Company is dependent upon the services of key executives, including the directors of the Company, and will be dependent on a small number of highly skilled and experienced executives and personnel if development plans progress. Due to the relatively small size of the Company, the loss of these persons or the inability of the Company to attract and retain additional highly-skilled employees may adversely affect its business and future operations.

The Company has relied upon outside consultants, geologists, engineers and others and intends to rely on these parties for their exploration and development expertise. Substantial expenditures are required to construct mines, to establish mineral resources and reserves estimates through drilling, to carry out environmental and social impact assessments, to develop metallurgical processes and to develop the development, exploration and plant infrastructure at any particular site. If such parties' work is deficient or negligent or is not completed in a timely manner, it could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

#### **Dividend policy**

The Company has not paid any dividends since incorporation and does not anticipate declaring any dividends on the Common Shares in the foreseeable future. The directors of the Company will determine if and when dividends should be declared and paid in the future based on the Company's financial position at the relevant time.

#### **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

Additional information relating to the Company is available at [www.SEDARPLUS.ca](http://www.SEDARPLUS.ca).