ROCK EDGE RESOURCES LTD. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED APRIL 30, 2023 AND 2022 (EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)



#### Baker Tilly WM LLP

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Shareholders of Rock Edge Resources Ltd.:

#### Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Rock Edge Resources Ltd. and its subsidiary (together the "Company"), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at April 30, 2023 and 2022, and the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss, consolidated statements of changes in shareholders' equity and consolidated statements of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company as at April 30, 2023 and 2022, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audits of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audits is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 1 in the consolidated financial statements, which describes the conditions indicating that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended April 30, 2023. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matter described in the *Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern* section of our auditor's report, we have determined the matter described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

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#### Now, for tomorrow



Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Key audit matter         Assessment of impairment indicators for exploration and evaluation assets         Refer to note 5         As at April 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the Company's exploration and evaluation assets was \$493,813.         At each reporting period, management assesses exploration and evaluation assets to determine whether there are any indicators of impairment. If any such indicators exist, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated recoverable amount.         Management assesses exploration and evaluation assets for impairment based on, at minimum, the presence of any of the following indicators: <ul> <li>(i) the period for which the Company has the right to explore in the specific area has expired during the year or will exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area is neither budgeted nor planned;</li> <li>(ii) the Company has decided to discontinue exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area as pecific area; and/or,</li> <li>(iv) for areas of likely development, available data indicates that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>How our audit addressed the key audit matter</li> <li>Our approach to addressing the matter involved the following procedures, among others:</li> <li>Evaluating the judgments made by management in determining the impairment indicators, which included the following: <ul> <li>Obtained evidence to support (i) the right to explore the area and (ii) claim expiration dates.</li> <li>Read the board of directors' minutes and resolutions, and observed evidence supporting the continued and planned exploration expenditures,</li> <li>Assessed whether available data indicates the potential for commercially viable mineral resources.</li> <li>Based on evidence obtained in other areas of the audit, considered whether other facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount may exceed the recoverable amount.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ul> <li>mineral resources in the specific area is neither budgeted nor planned;</li> <li>(iii) the Company has decided to discontinue exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area; and/or,</li> <li>(iv) for areas of likely development, available data indicates that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount.</li> <li>An impairment indicator was identified for the Mt. Milligan property. The carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount of the asset and for the</li> </ul>	
year ended April 30, 2023, an impairment of \$34,500 was recognized. We considered this a key audit matter due to the significance of the exploration and evaluation assets and the judgments made by management in their assessment of impairment indicators related to exploration and evaluation assets. These factors have resulted in a high degree of subjectivity in performing audit procedures, related to the judgment applied by management.	



#### **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management's Discussion and Analysis filed with the relevant Canadian securities commissions.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit and remain alert for indications that the other information appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.



- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting
  and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events
  or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going
  concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our
  auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such
  disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence
  obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the
  Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Louise Lee.

Baker Tilly WM LLP

CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

Vancouver, B.C. August 28, 2023

#### ROCK EDGE RESOURCES LTD. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT, (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	April 30, 2023	April 30, 2022
ASSETS		
CURRENT		
Cash	\$ 169,293	\$ 211,920
Amounts receivable	13,710	11,199
Prepaid	71,733	-
EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (Note 5)	254,736 493,813	223,119 157,913
	\$ 748,549	\$ 381,032
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities ( <i>Note 7</i> )	\$ 103,309	\$ 100,340
Flow-though premium liability ( <i>Note 8</i> )	65,350	-
	168,659	100,340
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
SHARE CAPITAL ( <i>Note 6</i> )	1,273,502	465,464
SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS RESERVE (Note 6)	244,201	65,501
DEFICIT	(937,813)	(250,273)
	579,890	280,692
	\$ 748,549	\$ 381,032

NATURE OF BUSINESS AND CONTINUING OPERATIONS (*Note 1*) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (*Note 12*)

Approved on behalf of the Board:

<u>"James H. Place"</u> Director <u>"Charles Desjardins"</u> Director

## ROCK EDGE RESOURCES LTD. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE YEARS ENDED APRIL 30,

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	2023	2022
EXPENSES		
Consulting fees ( <i>Note 7</i> )	\$ 239,175	\$ 2,500
Filing and transfer agent fees	20,762	26,024
Management fees (Note 7)	32,500	27,500
Office and miscellaneous	65,514	4,931
Professional fees (Note 7)	101,088	81,688
Property investigations	6,160	-
Share-based payments ( <i>Note 7</i> )	135,800	-
Travel	52,041	-
Write-off of exploration and evaluation assets (Note 5)	34,500	-
NET LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	\$ (687,540)	\$ (142,643
LOSS PER SHARE – BASIC AND DILUTED	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.01
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING – BASIC AND DILUTED	16,909,293	9,960,275

### ROCK EDGE RESOURCES LTD. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED APRIL 30,

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

		2023		2022
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net loss for the year	\$	(687,540)	\$	(142,643)
Items not affecting cash:				
Share-based payments		135,800		-
Write-off of exploration and evaluation assets		34,500		-
Changes in non-cash working capital balances:				
Amounts receivable		(2,511)		(3,196)
Prepaid expenses		(71,733)		-
Deferred financing costs		-		10,000
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		2,969		69,271
Cash used in operating activities		(588,515)		(66,568)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				(40.000)
Exploration and evaluation asset		(125,500)		(10,360)
Cash used in investing activities		(125,500)		(10,360)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Shares issued for cash		709,100		370,000
Share issuance costs		(37,712)		(170,417)
Exercise of options		-		20,000
Cash provided by financing activities		671,388		219,583
CHANGE IN CASH		(42,627)		142,655
CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR		211,920		69,265
CASH, END OF YEAR	\$	169,293	\$	211,920
	Ψ	100,200	Ψ	211,020
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURES				
Interest paid	\$	-	\$	-
Income taxes paid	\$	-	\$	-
Shares issued for exploration and evaluation asset	\$	202,000	\$	10,000
Fair value of warrants issued for exploration and evaluation asset	\$	42,900	\$	-
Flow-through share premium liability	э \$	42,900 65,350	э \$	-
Fair value of compensation warrants	φ \$	-	φ \$	26,800
Fair value of options exercised	Ψ \$	-	\$	15,480
	Ψ		Ψ	10,400

# ROCK EDGE RESOURCES LTD. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED APRIL 30, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Common shares						
	Number of			_	Share-based		
	shares		Amount		payments reserve	Deficit	Total equity
As at April 30, 2021	9,700,001	\$	247,201	\$	24,181	\$ (77,630)	\$ 193,752
Initial public offering	3,700,000		370,000		-	-	370,000
Share issuance costs	-	(	(197,217)		26,800	-	(170,417)
Exercise of options	200,000		35,480		(15,480)	-	20,000
Shares issued for exploration and			-		( · · )		
evaluation asset	100,000		10,000		-	-	10,000
Share based compensation	-		-		30,000	-	30,000
Net loss and comprehensive loss	-				-	(172,643)	(172,643)
As at April 30, 2022	13,700,001		465,464		65,501	(250,273)	280,692
Private placements	10,729,166		709,100		-	-	709,100
Share issuance costs	-		(37,712)		-	-	(37,712)
Flow-though premium liability	-		(65,350)		-	-	(65,350)
Shares issued for exploration and							
evaluation asset	1,650,000		142,000		-	-	142,000
Acquisition of 1403437 B.C. Ltd.	750,000		60,000		42,900	-	102,900
Share-based payments	-		-		135,800	-	135,800
Net loss and comprehensive loss	-		-		-	(687,540)	(687,540)
As at April 30, 2023	26,829,167	<b>\$</b> 1,	,273,502	\$	244,201	\$ (937,813)	\$ 579,890

#### 1. NATURE OF BUSINESS AND CONTINUING OPERATIONS

Rock Edge Resources Ltd. was incorporated on January 10, 2020 under the laws of the province of British Columbia. The address of the Company's corporate office and principal place of business is Suite 1240 -789 West Pender Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada.

The Company's principal business activities include the acquisition and exploration of mineral property assets. As at April 30, 2023, the Company has not yet determined whether the Company's mineral property asset contains ore reserves that are economically recoverable. The recoverability of the amount shown for exploration and evaluation asset is dependent upon the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, confirmation of the Company's interest in the underlying mineral claims, the ability of the Company to obtain the necessary financing to complete the development of and the future profitable production from the property or realizing proceeds from its disposition.

The Company had a deficit of \$937,813 as at April 30, 2023 (2022 - \$250,273), which has been funded by the issuance of equity. The Company's ability to continue its operations and to realize its assets at their carrying value is dependent upon obtaining additional financing and generating revenues sufficient to cover its operating costs. The outcome of these matters cannot be predicted at this time and there is a material uncertainty related to these conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

These consolidated financial statements do not give effect to any adjustments which would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern and therefore be required to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in other than the normal course of business and at amounts different from those reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### Statement of Compliance

The consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC").

#### Approval of the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Consolidated Financial Statements were reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved and authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on August 28, 2023.

#### Basis of Measurement

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair value as explained in the accounting policies set out in Note 3.

The functional and presentation currency of the Company is the Canadian dollar.

#### Basis of Consolidation

These consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and the entities controlled by the Company. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

Control is defined as the exposure, or rights, to variable returns from involvement with an investee and the ability to affect those returns through power over the investee. Power over an investee exists when an investor has existing rights that give it the ability to direct the activities that significantly affect the investee's returns. This control is generally evidenced through owning more than 50% of the voting rights or currently exercisable potential voting rights of a Company's capital stock. All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

The controlled subsidiaries are listed in the following table:

Name of subsidiary	Country of incorporation	Ownership interest at April 30, 2023	Ownership interest at April 30, 2022	Principal Activity
1403437 BC Ltd.	Canada	100%	-	Holding company

#### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents include short term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are readily convertible into a known amount of cash. As of April 30, 2023 and 2022, the Company held no cash equivalents.

b) Significant Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the Consolidated Financial Statements and reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Actual outcomes could differ from these estimates. These consolidated financial statements include estimates which, by their nature, are uncertain. The impacts of such estimates are pervasive throughout the consolidated financial statements and may require accounting adjustments based on future occurrences. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. These estimates are based on historical experience, current and future economic conditions and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Significant assumptions about the future and other sources of estimation uncertainty that management has made at the consolidated financial position reporting date, that could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities, in the event that actual results differ from assumptions made, relate to, but are not limited to, the following:

Significant accounting estimates

i. the inputs used in accounting for share-based payments (Note 6).

#### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Significant accounting judgments

- i. in assessing the probability of realizing potential income tax assets, management makes judgments related to expectations of future taxable income, applicable tax planning opportunities, expected timing of reversals of existing temporary differences and the likelihood that tax positions taken will be sustained upon examination by applicable tax authorities; and
- ii. the assessment of the potential impairment of the carrying value and recoverability of the exploration and evaluation asset included in the consolidated statements of financial position is based on management's best judgment of the prospect.
- iii. Management has assessed the acquisition of 1403437 BC Ltd. during the year and have concluded that in their view the transactions are asset acquisitions as the acquired entity did not have any processes capable of generating outputs and therefore did not constitute a business as defined in terms of IFRS 3 Business Combinations.
- c) Income Taxes

Current income tax is the expected income tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the consolidated financial statements date, and includes any adjustments to tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years.

Deferred taxes are recorded using the liability method whereby deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the consolidated statement of financial position date. Deferred tax is not recognized for temporary differences which arise on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting, nor taxable profit or loss.

A deferred tax asset is recognized for unused tax losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

d) Loss Per Share

The Company presents basic and diluted loss per share data for its common shares, calculated by dividing the loss attributable to common shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted loss per share does not adjust the loss attributable to common shareholders or the weighted average number of common shares outstanding as the effect is anti-dilutive. Basic and diluted loss per share excludes all of the Company's common shares from the weighted average shares calculation that are contingently returnable.

#### e) Share Issuance Costs

Professional, consulting, regulatory and other costs directly attributable to financing transactions are recorded as deferred financing costs until the financing transactions are completed, if the completion of the transaction is considered likely; otherwise, they are expensed as incurred. Share issue costs are charged to share capital when the related shares are issued. Deferred financing costs related to financing transactions that are not completed are charged to operations.

#### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

f) Valuation of equity units issued in private placements

The Company records proceeds from issuances of equity net of issue costs and any related tax effects. The Company has adopted the residual value method with respect to the measurement of shares and warrants issued as private placement units. The residual value method first attributes value to the shares based on their quoted trading price at issuance, and the residual amount, if any, is attributed to the value of the warrants. Any fair value attributed to the warrants is recorded within the reserve.

g) Share-based payments

The fair value of equity settled stock options awarded to employees defined under IFRS 2 Sharebased payment (i.e. employees for legal and tax purpose, directors and certain consultants), determined as of the date of grant, and warrants issued to non-employees defined under IFRS 2, are recognized as share-based payments in profit or loss or as share issuance costs, respectively, over the vesting period of the instrument based on the estimated number of instruments expected to vest, with a corresponding increase to equity.

h) Financial Instruments

On initial recognition financial assets are classified as measured at:

- i. Amortized cost;
- ii. Fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"); and
- iii. Fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL").

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVTPL are expensed in profit or loss. Financial assets are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

Subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification:

i. Amortized cost

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortized cost is recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included as finance income using the effective interest method. The 'effective interest rate' is the rate that amortizes the future cash flows of a financial instrument over the life of the instrument or a shorter period, if deemed appropriate.

The Company does not have any assets classified at amortized cost.

#### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

h) Financial Instruments (continued)

ii. FVOCI

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains and losses, interest revenue, and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognized in profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognized in other gains (losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included as finance income using the effective interest method.

The Company does not have any assets classified at FVOCI.

iii. FVTPL

Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or FVOCI are measured at FVTPL. A gain or loss on an investment that is subsequently measured at FVTPL is recognized in profit or loss and presented net as revenue in the statement of loss and comprehensive loss in the period in which it arises.

The Company's cash is classified at FVTPL.

Financial Liabilities and Equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the group entities are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at (i) FVTPL; (ii) FVOCI; or (iii) amortized cost.

A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading or is designated as such on initial recognition. Directly attributable transaction costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred. The amount of change in the fair value that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of the liability is presented in OCI and the remaining amount of the change in the fair value is presented in profit or loss.

The Company does not classify any financial liabilities at FVTPL or FVOCI.

Other non-derivative financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

The Company classifies its accounts payable and accrued liabilities at amortized cost.

A financial liability is derecognized when the contractual obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires or its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value.

#### ROCK EDGE RESOURCES LTD. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED APRIL 30, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

i) Exploration and evaluation assets

Once the Company obtains legal title or right to a mineral property, all costs related to the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties are capitalized. Upon commencement of commercial production, the related accumulated costs are amortized using the units-of-production method over estimated recoverable reserves.

Management annually assesses carrying values of exploration and evaluation assets for which events and circumstances may indicate possible impairment. The recoverability of the carrying amounts of E&E Assets is dependent on maintaining the rights and title to E&E Assets, continued plans to explore the property in question, identifying the existence of economically recoverable ore reserves and the ability to obtain the necessary financing to complete the exploration for and development of such ore reserves. The Company has not yet determined whether any of its E&E Assets contains economically recoverable reserves.. Where indicators of impairment are identified for exploration and evaluation assets, the Company must determine the recoverable amount of the property in question. In the event that recoverable amount expected from the property's use or eventual disposition is determined by management to be insufficient to recover the carrying value of the property, the carrying value is written down to the estimated recoverable amount.

The recoverability of mineral properties and exploration and development costs is dependent on the existence of economically recoverable reserves, the ability to obtain the necessary financing to complete the development of the reserves, and the profitability of future operations. The Company has not yet determined whether or not any of its future mineral properties contain economically recoverable reserves. Amounts capitalized to mineral properties as exploration and development costs do not necessarily reflect present or future values.

The Company classifies its exploration and evaluation assets as intangible assets.

j) Decommissioning, restoration and similar liabilities

An obligation to incur restoration, rehabilitation and environmental costs arises when environmental disturbance is caused by the exploration or development of a mineral property interest. Such costs arising from the decommissioning of plant and other site preparation work, discounted to their net present value, are provided for and capitalized at the start of each project to the carrying amount of the asset, along with a corresponding liability as soon as the obligation to incur such costs arises. The timing of the actual rehabilitation expenditure is dependent on a number of factors such as the life and nature of the asset, the operating license conditions and, when applicable, the environment in which the mine operates.

Discount rates using a pre-tax rate that reflects the time value of money are used to calculate the net present value. These costs are charged against profit or loss over the economic life of the related asset, through amortization using either the units-of-production or the straight-line method. The corresponding liability is progressively increased as the effect of discounting unwinds creating an expense recognized in profit or loss.

Decommissioning costs are also adjusted for changes in estimates. Those adjustments are accounted for as a change in the corresponding capitalized cost, except where a reduction in costs is greater than the unamortized capitalized cost of the related assets, in which case the capitalized cost is reduced to nil and the remaining adjustment is recognized in profit or loss.

The operations of the Company have been, and may in the future be, affected from time to time in varying degree by changes in environmental regulations, including those for site restoration costs. Both the likelihood of new regulations and their overall effect upon the Company are not predictable. The Company has no material restoration, rehabilitation and environmental obligations as the disturbance to date is immaterial.

#### ROCK EDGE RESOURCES LTD. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED APRIL 30, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### k) Flow-through shares

The resource expenditure deductions for income tax purposes related to exploration and development activities funded by flow-through share arrangements are renounced to investors in accordance with Canadian tax legislation. The proceeds received on issuance of the flow-through share or unit are allocated as follows: i) to the fair value of the common share based on the market price of the Company's shares; ii) to attached warrants (if any); and iii) to the flow-through premium. The allocation to the attached warrants and flow-through premium are done using the residual value method. The premium recorded on the flow-through share, being the difference in price over a common share with no tax attributes, is recognized as a liability. As expenditures are incurred, the liability associated with the renounced tax deductions is recognized through profit and loss with a pro-rata portion of the deferred premium.

To the extent that the Company has deferred tax assets in the form of tax loss carry-forwards and other unused tax credits as at the reporting date, the Company may use them to reduce its deferred tax liability relating to tax benefits transferred through flow-through shares.

I) Adoption of new accounting standards, interpretations and amendments

The Company has performed an assessment of new standards issued by the IASB that are not yet effective. The Company has assessed that the impact of adopting these accounting standards on its consolidated financial statements would not be significant.

#### 4. ACQUISTION OF 1403437 B.C. LTD.

On April 12, 2023, the Company completed the acquisition of 1403437 B.C. Ltd. by paying a total of \$60,000 in cash (paid \$30,000), issuing 750,000 common shares (issued and fair valued at \$60,000) and issuing 750,000 share purchase warrants (issued and fair valued at \$42,900) over a one-year period.

The transaction does not constitute a business combination, as 1403437 B.C. Ltd. does not meet the definition of a business under IFRS 3 – Business Combinations. As a result, the acquisition of 1403437 B.C. Ltd. has been accounted for as an asset acquisition, whereby all of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed are recorded at fair value. Upon closing of the transaction, 1403437 B.C. Ltd became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. The net assets acquired pursuant to the acquisition are as follows:

Net assets acquired	
Exploration and evaluation assets	\$ 162,900
Total purchase price	
Cash	\$ 60,000
Issuance of 750,000 common shares	60,000
Issuance of 750,000 share purchase warrants	 42,900
	\$ 162,900

#### 5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSET

#### Stockwork Property

On September 23, 2020, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire a 100% undivided interest subject to the net smelter returns ("NSR") of 3% in the Stockwork Project near Vernon, British Columbia in the Vernon Mining Division.

The Company is required to issue a total of 600,000 common shares, make cash payments totaling \$160,000, and incur an aggregate of \$500,000 in exploration expenditures on the property as follows:

#### Cash payments

- \$5,000 upon signing the option agreement (paid);
- \$5,000 upon listing of the Company's common shares on a Canadian Stock Exchange (the "Listing") (paid);
- \$20,000 on or before April 6, 2023 (subsequently paid \$10,000, remaining \$10,000 deferred until November 16, 2023);
- \$30,000 on or before April 6, 2024; and
- \$100,000 on or before April 6, 2025.

#### Share issuances

- 100,000 common shares upon Listing (issued at a fair value of \$10,000);
- 100,000 common shares on or before April 6, 2023 (subsequently issued);
- 100,000 common shares on or before April 6, 2024; and
- 300,000 common shares on or before April 6, 2025.

#### Exploration expenditures

- Incur exploration expenditures of \$100,000 on or before April 6, 2023 (incurred);
- Incur exploration expenditures of \$100,000 on or before April 6, 2024; and
- Incur exploration expenditures of \$300,000 on or before April 6, 2025.

The Company has the right to purchase 1% of the NSR for \$750,000 and the remaining 2% for \$1,000,000.

#### Superb Property

On November 24, 2022, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire a 70% interest in the Superb Lake lithium project located in the Thunder Bay Mining District of Northwestern Ontario, Canada.

The Company is required to issue a total of 2,200,000 common shares, make cash payments totaling \$200,000, and incur an aggregate of \$700,000 in exploration expenditures on the property over a twoyear period as follows:

#### Cash payments

- \$10,000 upon execution of the option agreement (deferred);
- \$30,000 on or before December 29, 2022 (deferred);
- \$50,000 on or before November 24, 2023;
- \$110,000 on or before November 24, 2024.

# ROCK EDGE RESOURCES LTD. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED APRIL 30, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSET (continued)

#### Superb Property (continued)

#### Share issuances

- 500,000 common shares upon Listing (issued at a fair value of \$40,000); •
- 700,000 common shares on or before November 24, 2023; and
- 1,000,000 common shares on or before November 24, 2024.

#### Exploration expenditures

- Incur exploration expenditures of \$300,000 on or before November 24, 2023; and
- Incur exploration expenditures of \$400,000 on or before November 24, 2024.

An underlying NSR of 3% to the vendor, of which 1% can be purchased back for \$1,000,000. Once the Company has acquired its 70% interest, it has the option to participate for its proportional share of the 1% buy back.

The Company issued 50,000 common shares (issued at a value of \$4,000) as finder's fees.

The vendor agreed to defer the outstanding cash payments totalling \$40,000 indefinitely, which remain unpaid as at April 30, 2023.

#### Mt. Milligan Property

On August 5, 2022, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire 100% interest in the Mt. Milligan project located in Mount Milligan, British Columbia, Canada, with cash payment of \$34,500 (paid).

The Company is also required to make royalty payments of 2.5% of the gross revenue to the vendor.

During the year ended April 30, 2023, the Company decided not to proceed further with the Mt. Milligan Property and wrote off exploration and evaluation assets of \$34,500.

#### Maun Lithium Property

On December 30, 2022, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire 100% interest in the Maun Lithium property located in the Thunder Bay Mining District of Northwestern Ontario, Canada.

The Company is required to issue a total of 400,000 common shares and make cash payments totaling \$75,000 over a three-year period as follows:

#### Cash payments

- \$12,000 upon approval of exchange (paid); •
- \$15,000 on or before December 30, 2023;
- \$21,000 on or before December 30, 2024; and
- \$27,000 on or before December 30, 2025. •

#### Share issuances

- 200,000 common shares upon approval of exchange (issued at a fair value of \$20,000); and
- 200,000 common shares on or before December 30, 2023.

An underlying NSR of 1.5% to the vendor, of which 0.5% can be purchased back by the Company for \$500,000.

#### ROCK EDGE RESOURCES LTD. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED APRIL 30, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSET (continued)

#### **Terrier Lithium Property**

On December 30, 2022, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire 100% interest in the Terrier Lithium property located in the Thunder Bay Mining District of Northwestern Ontario, Canada.

The Company is required to issue a total of 400,000 common shares and make cash payments totaling \$81,000 over a three-year period as follows:

#### Cash payments

- \$12,000 upon approval of exchange (paid); •
- \$18,000 on or before December 30, 2023; •
- \$21,000 on or before December 30, 2024; and •
- \$30,000 on or before December 30, 2025. •

#### Share issuances

- 200,000 common shares upon approval of exchange (issued at a fair value of \$20,000); and
- 200,000 common shares on or before December 30, 2023. •

An underlying NSR of 1.5% to the vendor, of which 0.5% can be purchased back by the Company for \$500,000.

#### Pag North Lithium Property

On February 6, 2023, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire a 100% interest in the Pag North Lithium Property, located east of LongLac, northwestern Ontario.

The Company is required to issue a total of 300,000 common shares, make cash payments totaling \$94,000 over a three-year period, as follows:

#### Cash payments

- \$22,000 upon execution of the option agreement (paid);
- \$18,000 on or before February 8, 2024: •
- \$24,000 on or before February 8, 2025; and
- \$30,000 on or before February 8, 2026.

#### Share issuances

300,000 common shares upon approval of exchange (issued at a fair value of \$30,000).

The vendors will retain a 1.5% net smelter royalty on the property, of which the Company can purchase 0.5% of the NSR for \$600,000.

On April 4, 2023, the Company entered into a second option agreement to acquire a 100% interest in additional claims in the Pag North Lithium Property by making cash payment of \$10,000 (paid) and issuing an additional 400,000 common shares (issued at a fair value of \$28,000).

The vendors will retain a 1.5% NSR on the property, of which the Company can purchase 0.5% of the NSR for \$600,000.

#### 5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSET (continued)

#### Val-d'Or East Lithium Property

On April 12, 2023, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire a 100% interest in Val-d'Or East Lithium Property through the acquisition of 100% of the common shares of a privately held company that owns the property (Note 4).

The Company is required to make the following payments:

#### Cash payments

- \$30,000 upon execution of the option agreement (paid); and
- \$30,000 on or before April 12, 2024.

#### Share issuances

• 750,000 common shares upon approval of exchange (issued at a fair value of \$60,000).

#### Share purchase warrant issuances

• 750,000 share purchase warrants upon approval of exchange (issued at a fair value of \$42,900).

#### ROCK EDGE RESOURCES LTD. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED APRIL 30, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

# 5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSET (continued)

	 Stockwork Property	Superb Property	Mt. Milligan Property	М	aun Lithium Property	Te	errier Lithium Property	Pag North Property	V	/al-d'Or East Lithium Property	Total
Balance at April 30, 2021 Acquisition Costs:	\$ 137,553	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 137,553
Issuance of shares	10,000	-	-		-		-	-		-	10,000
Recovery	 (1,500)	-	-		-		-	-		-	(1,500)
	8,500	-	-		-		-	-		-	8,500
Exploration Costs: Geological consulting	 11,860	-	-		-		-	_		-	11,860
Balance at April 30, 2022 Acquisition Costs:	157,913	-	-		-		-	-		-	157,913
Cash payment	5,000	-	34,500		12,000		12,000	32,000		30,000	125,500
Issuance of shares	-	44,000	-		20,000		20,000	58,000		60,000	202,000
Issuance of warrants	-	-	-		-		-	-		42,900	42,900
Write-off	-	-	(34,500)		-		-	-		-	(34,500)
	 5,000	44,000	-		32,000		32,000	90,000		132,900	335,900
Balance at April 30, 2023	\$ 162,913	\$ 44,000	\$ -	\$	32,000	\$	32,000	\$ 90,000	\$	132,900	\$ 493,813

#### 6. SHARE CAPITAL

- a) Authorized: Unlimited number of common shares without par value.
- b) Issued and outstanding as at April 30, 2023: 26,829,167 common shares

During the year ended April 30, 2023, the Company:

- issued 500,000 common shares with a fair value of \$40,000 pursuant to the acquisition for the Superb property. The Company also issued 50,000 common shares with a fair value of \$4,000 as finder's fees (Note 5).
- ii) completed a non flow-through private placement and issued 7,461,666 units at a price of \$0.06 per share for gross proceeds of \$447,700 and paid share issuance costs of \$37,712. The unit included one common share and one warrant valued at \$Nil which entitle the holder thereof to purchase one share at a price of \$0.10 per share, exercisable on or before January 26, 2025.
- iii) completed a flow-through private placement and issued 3,267,500 units at a price of \$0.08 per share for gross proceeds of \$261,400 and allocated \$65,350 to flow-through premium liability. The unit included one common share and one warrant valued at \$Nil which entitle the holder thereof to purchase one share at a price of \$0.12 per share, exercisable on or before January 26, 2025.
- iv) issued 200,000 common shares with a fair value of \$20,000 pursuant to the acquisition for the Maun Lithium property (Note 5).
- v) issued 200,000 common shares with a fair value of \$20,000 pursuant to the acquisition for the Terrier Lithium property (Note 5).
- vi) issued 300,000 common shares with a fair value of \$30,000 pursuant to the acquisition for the Pag North property (Note 5).
- vii) issued 750,000 common shares with a fair value of \$60,000 pursuant to the acquisition of 1403437 B.C. Ltd (Note 4).
- viii) issued 400,000 common shares with a fair value of \$28,000 pursuant to the acquisition for the Pag North property extension (Note 5).

During the year ended April 30, 2022, the Company:

- i) completed its initial public offering ("IPO") and issued 3,700,000 common shares at a price of \$0.10 per share for gross proceeds of \$370,000 and paid share issuance costs of \$170,417. The Company also issued Research Capital Corporation, who acted as an agent for the IPO, an aggregate of 370,000 compensation warrants valued at \$26,800 which entitle the holder thereof to purchase one share at a price of \$0.10 per share, exercisable on or before April 6, 2024.
- ii) issued 200,000 common shares pursuant to the exercise of options at \$0.10 per option for gross proceeds of \$20,000. Accordingly, the Company reallocated \$15,480 of share-based payments reserve to share capital.
- iii) issued 100,000 common shares with a fair value of \$10,000 pursuant to the acquisition for the Stockwork property (Note 5).

#### 6. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

c) Stock Options

The Company has an incentive stock option plan (the "Plan") pursuant to which the Board may, from time to time, grant options to directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company. The number of common shares granted under each option and the vesting terms thereof are at the discretion of the Board after discussion with management. Options granted under the Plan must have a term of no more than ten years from the date of grant. The exercise price of each option granted under the Plan is at the discretion of the Board, provided that the exercise price cannot be below the closing price of the common shares on the last trading day before the date of grant. The number of common shares that may be optioned under the Plan is limited to 10% of the outstanding common shares from time to time; provided, that any one participant under the Plan shall not be entitled to receive options to acquire an aggregate of greater than 5% (2% in the case of consultants and 1% in the case of those providing investor relations services) of the outstanding common shares in any 12-month period.

On November 30, 2022, the Company granted 625,000 stock options to directors and officers of the Company. The stock options vested on the grant date and are exercisable at \$0.08 per share until November 30, 2024. The fair value of the options was \$36,100.

On December 6, 2022, the Company granted 30,000 stock options to a consultant of the Company. The stock options vested on the grant date and are exercisable at \$0.08 per share until December 6, 2024. The fair value of the options was \$1,700.

On January 10, 2023, the Company granted 200,000 stock options to a director of the Company. The stock options vested on the grant date and are exercisable at \$0.08 per share until January 10, 2025. The fair value of the options was \$11,800.

On January 27, 2023, the Company granted 1,000,000 stock options to directors, officers, and consultants of the Company. The stock options vested on the grant date and are exercisable at \$0.11 per share until January 27, 2026. The fair value of the options was \$82,700.

On March 17, 2023, the Company granted 50,000 stock options to a consultant of the Company. The stock options vested on the grant date and are exercisable at \$0.10 per share until March 17, 2025. The fair value of the options was \$3,500.

	Number of Stock Options	Weighted average exercise price
Outstanding, April 30, 2021	700,000	\$ 0.10
Exercised	(200,000)	0.10
Outstanding, April 30, 2022 Granted	500,000 1,905,000	0.10 0.10
Outstanding, April 30, 2023	2,405,000	\$ 0.10

A continuity of the stock options is as follows:

#### 6. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

#### c) Stock Options (continued)

Details of options outstanding as at April 30, 2023 are as follows:

Number of		Exercise		Contractual
Options	Exercisable	Price	Expiry Date	Life
500,000	500,000	\$0.10	March 30, 2024	0.92 years
625,000	625,000	\$0.08	November 30, 2024	1.59 years
30,000	30,000	\$0.08	December 6, 2024	1.61 years
200,000	200,000	\$0.08	January 10, 2025	1.70 years
50,000	50,000	\$0.10	March 17, 2025	1.88 years
1,000,000	1,000,000	\$0.11	January 27, 2026	2.75 years
2,405,000	2,405,000			

The weighted average trading price of options exercised during the year was \$Nil (2022 - \$0.125).

The weighted average fair value of each stock option granted during the year was \$0.10 (2022 - \$Nil), calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model on the grant date using the following weighted average assumptions:

	April 3	30, 2023	April 30, 2	022
Share price	\$	0.10	\$	-
Risk-free interest rate		3.85%		-
Expected life	:	2.53 years		-
Dividend Rate		0.00%		-
Annualized volatility		154.12%		-

#### 8) Warrants

On April 6, 2022, the Company issued 370,000 warrants to Research Capital Corporation who acted as an agent for the Company in completion of its initial public offering. The warrants vested on the grant date and are exercisable at \$0.10 per share until April 6, 2024.

A continuity of the warrants is as follows:

	Number of Warrants	а	leighted iverage rcise price
Outstanding, April 30, 2021	-	\$	-
Issued	370,000		0.10
Outstanding, April 30, 2022	370,000		0.10
Issued	11,479,166		0.11
Outstanding, April 30, 2023	11,849,166	\$	0.11

#### 6. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

8) Warrants (continued)

Details of warrants outstanding as at April 30, 2023 are as follows:

Number of Warrants	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
370,000	\$0.10	April 6, 2024
7,461,666	\$0.10	January 26, 2025
3,267,500	\$0.12	January 26, 2025
750,000	\$0.20	April 12, 2026
11,849,166		

The weighted average fair value of warrants granted during the year was \$42,900 (2022 - \$26,800), calculated using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model on the grant date using the following weighted average assumptions:

	April 30, 20	)23 A	pril 30, 2022
Share price	\$	0.20	\$ 0.10
Risk-free interest rate	3	.78%	2.28%
Expected life	3	/ears	2 years
Dividend Rate	0	.00%	0.00%
Annualized volatility	162	.86%	152.00%

#### 8) Shares held in escrow

2,000,001 common shares issued on September 22, 2020 are subject to escrow provisions. As at April 30, 2023, 1,260,000 common shares (2022 – 1,890,000) remain in escrow. The remaining shares held in escrow will be released over a period of 24 months.

#### 7. RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND KEY MANAGEMENT TRANSACTIONS

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Related parties may be individuals or corporate entities. A transaction is considered to be a related party transaction when there is a transfer of resources or obligations between related parties. Key management includes directors and key officers of the Company, including the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO").

The Company incurred the following key management personnel costs during the years ended April 30, 2023 and 2022:

		2023		2022
Management fees (Company controlled by former CEO)	\$	12,500	\$	27,500
Management fees (CEO)	·	20,000	T	-
Professional fees (Company controlled by former CFO)		-		26,677
Consulting fees (CFO)		11,000		-
Consulting fees (Directors)		71,675		-
Share based compensation		38,197		-
Total	\$	153,372	\$	54,177

#### 7. RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND KEY MANAGEMENT TRANSACTIONS (continued)

As at April 30, 2023, included in the accounts payable and accrued liabilities balance is a total of \$1,050 (2022 - \$43,275) owed to the CFO of the Company.

#### 8. FLOW-THROUGH PREMIUM LIABILITY

Flow-through shares are issued at a premium, calculated as the difference between the price of a flowthrough share and the price of a share at issuance date, as tax deductions generated by the eligible expenditures are passed through to the shareholders of the flow-through shares once the eligible expenditures are incurred and renounced.

Funds raised through the issuance of flow-through shares are required to be expended on qualifying Canadian mineral exploration expenditures, as defined pursuant to Canadian income tax legislation. The flow-through gross proceeds less the qualified expenditures made to date represent the funds received from flow-through share issuances that have not been spent and are held by the Company for such expenditures.

On January 26, 2023, the Company issued 3,267,500 flow-through shares at a purchase price of \$0.08 per flow-through share for gross proceeds of \$261,400. The flow-through shares were issued at a premium of \$0.02 per share. As a result, a flow-through premium liability of \$65,350 was recorded.

The following table is a continuity of the flow-through share funding and expenditures along with the corresponding impact on the flow-through share premium liability:

	f	ow-through unding and expenditure quirements	ow-through um liability
Balance, April 30, 2021 and April 30, 2022	\$	-	\$ -
Flow-through funds raised and premium recorded as liability		196.050	65,350
Balance, April 30, 2023	\$	196,050	\$ 65,350

#### 9. MANAGEMENT OF CAPITAL

The Company's capital structure consists of the components of shareholders' equity. As at April 30, 2023, the Company's shareholders' equity totaled \$579,890. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue common shares or dispose of assets or adjust the amount of cash.

The Company's strategy for managing capital did not change during the year ended April 30, 2023.

#### ROCK EDGE RESOURCES LTD. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED APRIL 30, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK

#### Fair value of financial instruments

IFRS 13, Fair value measurement, establishes a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the fair value measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

Level 1 - quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 - inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and

Level 3 - inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The Company's financial instruments include cash and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The carrying value of accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximates its fair value due to the relatively short period of maturity of the instrument.

Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis presented on the Company's consolidated statements of financial position as at April 30, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

			Fair valu	e measi	urement u	sing	
	Carr	ying amount	Level 1	Le	evel 2	Lev	el 3
Cash	\$	169,293	\$ 169,293	\$	-	\$	-
			Fair valu	e measi	urement u	sing	
	Carr	ying amount	Level 1	Le	evel 2	Lev	el 3
	\$	211,920	\$ 911,920	\$		\$	

#### Financial risk management objectives and policies

The risks associated with the Company's financial instruments and the policies on how these risks are mitigated are set out below. Management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss associated with the counterparty's inability to fulfill its payment obligations. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risks consist principally of cash. To minimize the credit risk the Company places these instruments with a high quality financial institution. The Company's exposure to and approach to the management of credit risk has not changed from that of the prior year.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. In the management of liquidity risk of the Company, the Company maintains a balance between continuity of funding and the flexibility through the use of borrowings. Management closely monitors the liquidity position and expects to have adequate sources of funding to finance the Company's projects and operations. The Company's exposure to and approach to the management of liquidity risk has not changed from that of the prior year. As at April 30, 0223, the Company had a cash balance of \$169,293 (2020 – \$211,920) to settle current liabilities of \$103,309 (2020 - \$100,340).

#### 10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK (continued)

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk on the variable rate of interest earned on bank deposits. The fair value interest rate risk on bank deposits is not considered to be material as the deposits are short term.

The Company has not entered into any derivative instruments to manage interest rate fluctuations. The Company's exposure to and approach to the management of interest rate risk has not changed from that of the prior year.

#### Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's expenses are denominated in Canadian dollars. The Company's corporate office is based in Canada and current exposure to exchange rate fluctuations is minimal. The Company's exposure to and approach to the management of currency risk has not changed from that of the prior year.

#### Price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other that interest and currency rates), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer or by factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Company is not exposed to material price risk at April 30, 2023. The Company's exposure to and approach to the management of price risk has not changed from that of the prior year.

#### **11. INCOME TAXES**

The following table reconciles the amount of income tax recoverable on application of the combined statutory Canadian federal and provincial income tax rates:

	 2023	2022
Income tax recovery at statutory rate	\$ (687,540)	\$ (142,643)
Canadian statutory income tax rate	27%	27%
Income tax recovery at statutory rate	(186,000)	(39,000)
Share issuance costs	(10,000)	(53,000)
Other	39,000	(1,000)
Change in estimate	-	(1,000)
Change in deferred tax assets not recognized	157,000	94,000
Income tax recovery	\$ - 9	\$-

#### 11. INCOME TAXES (continued)

The components of deferred tax assets and liabilities of the Company are as follows:

		2023	2022
Non-capital loss carry forwards	\$	213,000 \$	64,000
Share issuance costs	·	41,000	44,000
Resource pools		(13,000)	(24,000)
· · ·		241,000	84,000
Unrecognized deferred tax assets and other differences		(241,000)	(84,000)
<b>_</b>	\$	- \$	-

As at April 30, 2023, the Company had approximately \$790,000 in non-capital loss carry forwards available to reduce taxable income for future years. The non-capital losses expire as follows:

2041	55,000
2042	183,500
2043	551,500
	790,000

#### **12. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Subsequent to April 30, 2023, the Company:

- i) granted 200,000 stock options to directors, officers, and consultants of the Company. The stock options vested on the grant date and are exercisable at \$0.06 per share until June 7, 2025.
- entered into an option agreement to acquire a 100% interest in additional claims in the Pag North Lithium Property by making cash payment of \$12,200. An underlying NSR of 1.5% to the vendor, of which 0.5% can be purchased back by the Company for USD \$600,000.
- iii) completed a critical minerals flow-through private placement and issued 2,100,000 flow-through units at a price of \$0.05 per share for gross proceeds of \$105,000. Each unit included one flow-through common share and one-half warrant, of which one whole warrant entitles the holder thereof to purchase one additional share at a price of \$0.10 per share, exercisable on or before August 8, 2025. In connection to the critical minerals flow-through private placement, the Company paid \$6,400 in cash and 128,000 broker's warrants as share issuance costs. Each broker's warrants entitle the holder thereof to purchase one additional share at a price of \$0.10 per share, exercisable on or before August 8, 2025.
- iv) completed a private placement and issued 2,200,000 units at a price of \$0.05 per share for gross proceeds of \$110,000. Each unit included one common share and one warrant, which entitle the holder thereof to purchase one additional share at a price of \$0.075 per share, exercisable on or before August 16, 2025. In connection to the private placement, the Company paid \$8,800 in cash and 176,000 broker's warrants as share issuance costs. Each broker's warrants entitle the holder thereof to purchase one additional share at a price of \$0.075 per share, exercisable on or before August 16, 2025.