CAPROCK

MINING CORP.

UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED NOVEMBER 30, 2022 AND 2021

(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

Notice to Reader

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the condensed interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that an auditor has not reviewed the condensed interim financial statements.

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the management of Caprock Mining Corp.

The Company's independent auditor has not reviewed these unaudited condensed interim financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

Caprock Mining Corp.

Unaudited Condensed Interim Statements of Financial Position
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	As at November 30, 2022	As at August 31, 2022
	$	$
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash	**566,916**	689,889
Receivables (Note 4)	**24,573**	19,092
Prepaid expenses (Note 5)	**26,906**	37,215
Total Current Assets	**618,395**	746,196
Exploration and evaluation assets (Note 6)	**2,000,000**	2,000,000
Total Assets	**2,618,395**	2,746,196
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 7)	**133,468**	124,900
Total Liabilities	**133,468**	124,900
Shareholders' Equity		
Share capital (Note 8)	**3,553,824**	3,553,824
Reserve for restricted share units (Note 9)	**86,417**	74,722
Reserve for share-based payments (Note 10)	**153,214**	131,118
Reserve for warrants reserve (Note 11)	**408,500**	408,500
Accumulated deficit	**(1,717,028)**	(1,546,868)
Total Shareholders' Equity	**2,484,927**	2,621,296
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	**2,618,395**	2,746,196

Nature of operations and going concern (Note 1)
Contingencies (Note 16)

Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors:

"Vishal Gupta"
Vishal Gupta, Director

"Andres Tinajero"
Andres Tinajero, Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed interim financial statements

Caprock Mining Corp.

Unaudited Condensed Interim Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss
For the Three Months ended November 30, 2022 and 2021
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	2022	2021
	$	$
Expenses		
Professional fees (Note 13)	**92,285**	126,666
Share-based compensation (Notes 9 and 10)	**33,791**	-
Exploration and evaluation expenditures (Note 6)	**19,952**	47,436
Office and general	**13,192**	8,644
Travel and entertainment	**4,496**	2,925
Shareholder costs	**3,447**	18,556
Advertising and promotion	**2,997**	3,183
Non-recoverable input tax credits	**-**	24,439
Net Loss and Comprehensive Loss	**(170,160)**	(231,849)
Weighted Average Number of Outstanding Shares		
– Basic and diluted	**40,372,500**	30,372,500
Net Loss per Share – Basic and diluted (Note 12)	**(0.004)**	(0.008)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed interim financial statements

Caprock Mining Corp.

Unaudited Condensed Interim Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity
For the Three Months ended November 30, 2022 and 2021
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

		Share Capital		Reserves				
	Notes	Number of Shares	Amount	Reserve for Restricted Share Units	Reserve for Share-Based Payments	Reserve for Warrants	Accumulated Deficit	Total
		#	$	$	$	$	$	$
Balance, August 31, 2021		**30,372,500**	**1,553,824**	-	-	408,500	(555,006)	**1,407,318**
Net loss for the period		-	-	-	-	-	(231,849)	(231,849)
Balance, November 30, 2021		**30,372,500**	**1,553,824**	-	-	**408,500**	**(786,855)**	**1,175,469**
Balance, August 31, 2022		**40,372,500**	**3,553,824**	**74,722**	**131,118**	**408,500**	**(1,546,868)**	**2,621,296**
Share-based compensation	9, 10	-	-	11,695	22,096	-	-	33,791
Net loss for the period		-	-	-	-	-	(170,160)	(170,160)
Balance, November 30, 2022		**40,372,500**	**3,553,824**	**86,417**	**153,214**	**408,500**	**(1,717,028)**	**2,484,927**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed interim financial statements

Caprock Mining Corp.

Unaudited Condensed Interim Statements of Cash Flows
For the Three Months ended November 30, 2022 and 2021
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	2022	2021
	$	$
Operating Activities		
Net loss for the period	**(170,160)**	(231,849)
Adjustments for non-cash items:		
Share-based compensation (Notes 9 and 10)	**33,791**	-
	(136,369)	(231,849)
Net change in non-cash working capital items:		
Receivables (Note 4)	**(5,481)**	19,685
Prepaid expenses (Note 5)	**10,309**	7,155
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 7)	**8,568**	57,282
Cash Flows used in Operating Activities	**(122,973)**	(147,727)
Decrease in cash	**(122,973)**	(147,727)
Cash, beginning of period	**689,889**	1,389,659
Cash, end of period	**566,916**	1,241,932

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed interim financial statements

1. Nature of Operations and Going Concern

Caprock Mining Corp. ("Caprock" or the "Company") was incorporated under the provisions of the Business Corporations Act (Ontario) on September 14, 2020. On July 12, 2021, the Company filed Articles of Amendment to change the name from Blingold Corp. to Caprock Mining Corp. The Company is a Canadian gold exploration company focused on opportunities in the historical Beardmore-Geraldton Gold Belt in Ontario, Canada. The registered address of the Company is 77 King Street West, Suite 2905, Toronto, Ontario, M5K 1H1, Canada. On January 26, 2022, the Company's common shares commenced trading on the Canadian Securities Exchange (the "CSE") under the ticker "CAPR".

The Company is in the exploration stage and has yet to determine whether its mineral properties contain economically recoverable reserves. The continued operations of the Company and the recoverability of amounts shown or expended for exploration and evaluation ("E&E") assets is dependent upon the ability of the Company to obtain financing to complete the exploration and development of its mineral properties, and if they are proven successful, the existence of economically recoverable reserves and future profitable production, or upon the Company's ability to dispose of its interest on an advantageous basis, all of which are uncertain.

The Company's future viability depends upon acquiring and financing mineral exploration or other projects. If the mineral projects are to be successful, additional funds will be required for development and, if warranted, to place them into commercial production. The expected primary source of future funds presently available to the Company is through the issuance of common shares, or sale of an interest in any of its properties or assets in whole or in part. The ability of the Company to arrange such financing will depend, in part, on prevailing market conditions and the business performance of the Company. These events and conditions indicate the existence of material uncertainties that cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. There can be no assurance that the Company will be successful in its efforts to arrange the necessary financing, if needed, on terms satisfactory to the Company.

For the three months ended November 30, 2022, the Company incurred a net loss of $170,160 (2021 - $231,849) and negative cash flow from operations of $122,973 (2021 - $147,727), and as at November 30, 2022, the Company had an accumulated deficit of $1,717,028 (August 31, 2022 – deficit of $1,546,868). The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon the Company achieving profitable operations to generate sufficient cash flows to fund continuing operations or, in the absence of adequate cash flows from operations, obtaining additional financing to support operations for the foreseeable future. It is not possible to predict whether financing efforts will be successful or if the Company will attain profitability levels of operations.

These unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the Company will continue as a going concern and do not reflect the adjustments to the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the reported revenues and expenses, and classifications of statements of financial position that would be necessary if the Company were unable to realize its assets and settle its liabilities as a going concern in the normal course of operations. Such adjustments could be material.

2. Basis of Presentation

(a) Statement of Compliance

These unaudited condensed interim financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). These unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34 – Interim Financial Reporting. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and disclosures required by IFRS for annual financial statements.

These unaudited condensed interim financial statements were reviewed, approved, and authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors (the "Board") of the Company on January 24, 2023.

2. Basis of Presentation (continued)

(b) Basis of Measurement

These unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS, on the historical cost basis with the exception of financial instruments classified as at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), which are measured at fair value. In addition, these financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information.

(c) Functional Currency

These unaudited condensed interim financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars ("$" or "CAD"), which is the functional currency of the Company, unless otherwise noted. The functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

(d) Significant Accounting Judgments and Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, and expenses. On an ongoing basis, management evaluates its judgments and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, revenue, and expenses. Management uses historical experience and various other factors it believes to be reasonable under the given circumstances as the basis for its judgments and estimates. Actual outcomes may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions. These estimates are reviewed periodically, and adjustments are made as appropriate in the period they become known. Items for which actual results may differ materially from these estimates are described as follows:

Going concern

At each reporting period, management exercises judgment in assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern by reviewing the Company's performance, resources and future obligations. The conclusion that the Company will be able to continue is subject to critical judgments of management with respect to assumptions surrounding the short and long-term operating budgets, expected profitability, investment and financing activities and management's strategic planning.

Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities

Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities on the statements of financial position that cannot be derived from active markets, are determined using a variety of techniques including the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are derived from observable market data where possible, but where observable market data are not available, judgment is required to establish fair values. Judgments include, but are not limited to, consideration of model inputs such as volatility, estimated life and discount rates.

Warrants and options

Warrants and options are initially recognized at fair value, based on the application of the Black-Scholes valuation model ("Black-Scholes"). This pricing model requires management to make various assumptions and estimates which are susceptible to uncertainty, including the expected volatility of the share price, expected forfeitures, expected dividend yield, expected term of the warrants or options, and expected risk-free interest rate.

Restricted Share Units

Restricted share units ("RSUs") are initially measured and recognized at fair value, based on the market price from active market if available, and based on management using various estimation techniques and valuation models if information from active market is not available. Judgment, which is required to establish fair value includes consideration of various model inputs such as volatility, estimated life and discount rates.

2. Basis of Presentation (continued)

(d) Significant Accounting Judgments and Estimates (continued)

Impairment

Long-lived assets, including E&E assets, are reviewed for indicators of impairment at each reporting period or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is defined as the higher of: (i) value-in-use; or (ii) fair value less cost to sell. If the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment charge is recognized immediately in profit or loss by the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the recoverable amount.

These are determined through the exercise of judgments and are dependent upon estimates that take into account factors such as economic and market conditions, frequency of use, anticipated changes in laws, and technological improvements.

Restoration, rehabilitation and environmental obligations

The Company's mining and exploration activities are subject to various laws and regulations governing the protection of the environment. The Company recognises management's best estimate for asset retirement obligations in the period in which they are incurred. Actual costs incurred in future periods can differ materially from the estimates.

Income taxes

Income taxes and tax exposures recognized in the financial statements reflect management's best estimate of the outcome based on facts known at the reporting date. When the Company anticipates a future income tax payment based on its estimates, it recognizes a liability. The difference between the expected amount and the final tax outcome has an impact on current and deferred taxes when the Company becomes aware of this difference.

In addition, when the Company incurs losses that cannot be associated with current or past profits, it assesses the probability of taxable profits being available in the future based on its budgeted forecasts. These forecasts are adjusted to take account of certain non-taxable income and expenses and specific rules on the use of unused credits and tax losses. When the forecasts indicate the sufficient future taxable income will be available to deduct the temporary differences, a deferred tax asset is recognized for all deductible temporary differences.

In addition, future changes in tax laws could limit the ability of the Company to obtain tax deductions in future periods. To the extent that future cash flows and taxable income differ significantly from estimates, the ability of the Company to realize the net deferred tax assets recorded at the reporting date could be impacted.

Expected credit losses on financial assets

Determining an allowance for expected credit losses for amounts receivable and all debt financial assets not held at FVTPL requires management to make assumptions about the historical patterns for the probability of default, the timing of collection and the amount of incurred credit losses, which are adjusted based on management's judgment about whether economic conditions and credit terms are such that actual losses may be higher or lower than what the historical patterns suggest.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies applied by the Company in these unaudited condensed interim financial statements are the same as those noted in the Company's audited financial statements for the year ended August 31, 2022.

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

4. Receivables

	As at November 30, 2022	As at August 31, 2022
	$	$
Sales tax receivable	**17,122**	19,092
Other receivables	**7,451**	-
	24,573	19,092

5. Prepaid expenses

	As at November 30, 2022	As at August 31, 2022
	$	$
Prepaid insurance	**19,614**	27,215
Other advances	**7,292**	10,000
	26,906	37,215

6. Exploration and Evaluation Assets

On March 11, 2021, the Company entered into an agreement with Big Ridge Gold Corp. ("Big Ridge") (the "Big Ridge Agreement"), to acquire an aggregate of 523 mining claims and 15 leases located in the Province of Ontario known as the Mud Lake, Golden Heart, Brookbank East, three Towers, Miner Lake and Green Oaks properties, subject to royalties (collectively the "Big Ridge Property") for the purchase price of 10,000,000 common shares at a deemed price of $0.10 per common share. As a condition of closing, the Company must have all necessary approvals to complete a going public transaction, which occurred on January 26, 2022, when the Company's common shares were listed for trading on the CSE. The Big Ridge Property acquisition closed on February 28, 2022, and 10,000,000 common shares were issued at the price of $0.20 per share, being the closing price of the common shares on that date.

The Company's carrying value of its E&E assets are as follows:

	As at November 30, 2022	As at August 31, 2022
	$	$
Acquisition	**2,000,000**	2,000,000
	2,000,000	2,000,000

During the three months ended November 30, 2022 and 2021, the Company's E&E expenditures on its properties are comprised of the following:

	2022	2021
	$	$
Geological expenses	**19,952**	47,436
	19,952	47,436

Included in the geological expenses is the fee paid for technical exploration and related management services.

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

7. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities of the Company are principally comprised of amounts outstanding for trade purchases incurred in the normal course of business.

	As at November 30, 2022	As at August 31, 2022
	$	$
Accounts payable	**3,818**	2,266
Accrued liabilities	**129,650**	122,634
	133,468	124,900

8. Share Capital

Authorized share capital

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares without par value. All common shares are ranked equally with regards to the Company's residual assets.

Common shares issued and outstanding as at November 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

Issuance Date	**Number of shares**	**Amount**
	#	**$**
Balance, August 31, 2021	30,372,500	1,553,824
Balance, November 30, 2021	**30,372,500**	**1,553,824**
Balance, August 31, 2022	40,372,500	3,553,824
Balance, November 30, 2022	**40,372,500**	**3,553,824**

On February 28, 2022, the Company issued 10,000,000 common shares at $0,20 per share to acquire the Big Ridge Property (Note 6). There were no share capital transactions during the three months ended November 30, 2022 and 2021.

9. Reserve for Restricted Share Units

On March 10, 2022, the Company implemented a restricted share units plan (the "RSU Plan"). Under the RSU Plan, Eligible Persons (as such term is defined in the RSU Plan) may, at the discretion of the Compensation Committee of the Board, be allocated a number of RSUs, which are subject to a maximum vesting term of one year from the calendar year in which the RSUs were granted.

On March 10, 2022, the Company granted 1,012,000 RSUs to certain officers. Half of the RSUs vested immediately, while the other half vests 12 months after the date of grant. During the three months ended November 30, 2022, share-based compensation of $11,695 was recorded in connection with the vesting of these RSUs.

10. Reserve for Share-Based Payments

The Company maintains a stock option plan (the "Option Plan") whereby certain key officers, directors and consultants may be granted stock options for common shares of the Company. The maximum number of common shares that are issuable under the Option Plan is limited to 10% of the number of issued and outstanding common shares. Under the Option Plan, the exercise price of each option may not be less than the closing price of the Company's common shares on the trading day prior to the grant date or the grant date itself, whichever is higher. Vesting of options is determined at the discretion of the Board.

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

10. Reserve for Share-Based Payments (continued)

As at November 30, 2022, the Company had 2,049,250 common shares available for issuance under the Option Plan.

The following summarizes the stock option activity for the three months ended November 30, 2022 and 2021:

	November 30, 2022		November 30, 2021	
	Number of options	**Weighted average exercise price**	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price
	#	**$**	#	$
Outstanding, beginning of period	**1,988,000**	**0.12**	-	-
Outstanding, end of period	**1,988,000**	**0.12**	-	-
Exercisable, end of period	**994,000**	**0.12**	-	-

On March 9, 2022, the Company granted 1,988,000 options to various officers and directors at an exercise price of $0.12, expiring on March 9, 2027. 50% of the options vested immediately on grant and the remaining 50% vest on March 9, 2023. The options were valued using Block-Scholes with the following assumptions: expected volatility of 146% based on comparable companies, expected dividend yield of 0%, risk-free interest rate of 1.65%, and an expected life of five years. The grant date fair value attributable to these options was $177,252, of which $22,096 was recorded as share-based compensation in connection with the vesting of these options during the three months ended November 30, 2022.

The following table summarizes information of stock options outstanding and exercisable as at November 30, 2022:

Date of expiry	**Number of options outstanding**	**Number of options exercisable**	**Exercise price**	**Weighted average remaining life**
	#	**#**	**$**	**Years**
March 9, 2027	1,988,000	994,000	0.12	4.27
	1,988,000	**994,000**	**0.12**	**4.27**

11. Reserve for Warrants

The following summarizes the warrant activity for the three months ended November 30, 2022 and 2021:

	November 30, 2022		November 30, 2021	
	Number of warrants	**Weighted average exercise price**	Number of warrants	Weighted Average exercise price
	#	**$**	#	$
Outstanding, beginning of period	**10,400,510**	**0.15**	10,400,510	0.15
Outstanding, end of period	**10,400,510**	**0.15**	10,400,510	0.15

Each warrant is exercisable for one common share until the date that is the earlier of (i) 24 months following the completion of a Liquidity Event or (ii) 60 months following the date of issuance. The Liquidity Event means the completion by the Company of: (i) a distribution to the public of common shares in Canada or the United States pursuant to a prospectus or registration statement, as applicable, and the concurrent listing of such Common Shares for trading on a recognized exchange in Canada or the United States (the "U.S."); or (ii) another transaction as a result of which all outstanding common shares, or the securities of another issuer issued in exchange for all such outstanding common shares of the Company, are traded on a recognized exchange in Canada or the U.S. and are freely tradable (subject to resale restrictions on any concurrent financing and control block restrictions), including by way of a reverse takeover transaction.

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

11. Reserve for Warrants (continued)

On January 26, 2022, the Company's common shares were listed for trading on the CSE, therefore, triggering the Liquidity Event to set the expiry date of the warrants to January 26, 2024.

There were no warrant issuances during the three months ended November 30, 2022.

The following table summarizes information of warrants outstanding as at November 30, 2022:

Date of expiry	Number of warrants outstanding	Exercise price	Weighted average remaining contractual life
	#	$	Years
January 26, 2024	9,436,250	0.15	1.16
January 26, 2024	964,260	0.10	1.16
	10,400,510	**0.15**	**1.16**

12. Basic and Diluted Loss per Share

The calculations of basic and diluted loss per share for the three months ended November 30, 2022 were based on the net loss of $170,160 (2021 – $231,849) and the weighted average number of basic and diluted common shares outstanding of 40,372,500 (2021 – 30,372,500).

The details of the computation of basic and diluted loss per share are as follows:

	2022	2021
	$	$
Net Loss	**(170,160)**	(231,849)
	#	#
Basic weighted-average number of shares outstanding	**40,372,500**	30,372,500
Assumed conversion of dilutive stock options and warrants	**-**	-
Diluted weighted-average number of shares outstanding	**40,372,500**	30,372,500
	$	$
Basic and diluted loss per share	**(0.004)**	(0.008)

13. Related Party Transactions

In accordance with IAS 24 – Related Party Disclosures, key management personnel, including companies controlled by them, are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company directly or indirectly, including any directors (executive and non-executive) of the Company. The remuneration of directors and key executives is determined by the compensation committee of the Board.

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management personnel during the three months ended November 30, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

	2022	2021
	$	$
Management salaries and consulting fees	**62,500**	59,250
Professional fees	**25,000**	19,000
Share-based compensation	**33,791**	-
	121,291	78,250

13. Related Party Transactions (continued)

Effective June 7, 2021, the Company entered into an executive management agreement with Windmark Financial Limited ("Windmark"), a company controlled by the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") to pay the CEO $175,000 per year, paid in $14,583 monthly installments as follows:

(i) $7,292 per month, with the balance accruing; and shall increase to
(ii) $10,000 per month, with the balance accruing, upon the occurrence of a Liquidity Event; and shall increase to
(iii) $14,583 per month upon the earlier of (a) a Financing, or (b) Asset Acquisition.

During the three months ended November 30, 2022, the Company recorded consulting fees of $43,750 (2021 – $43,750) in relation to the CEO's consulting compensation. As at November 30, 2022, $108,125 (August 31, 2022 – $88,958) was owed to the CEO and included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities. As at November 30, 2022, included in prepaid expenses is an amount of $7,292, which was paid to Windmark in advance for the December 2022 consulting fees.

During the three months ended November 30, 2022, Nebu Consulting, LLC ("Nebu"), where the Company's Vice President Exploration is employed, charged fees of $18,750 (2021 – $15,500), for consulting services provided to the Company. As at November 30, 2022, no balance was owed to Nebu (August 31, 2022 – $nil).

During the three months ended November 30, 2022, Branson Corporate Services Ltd. ("Branson"), where the Company's Chief Financial Officers ("CFO") is employed, charged fees of $25,000 (2021 – $19,000), for CFO services provided to the Company, as well as other accounting and administrative services, which are included in professional fees. As at November 30, 2022, no balance was owed to Branson (August 31, 2022 – $nil).

Share-based compensation

On March 9, 2022, the Company granted 1,988,000 options to various officers and directors at an exercise price of $0.12, expiring on March 9, 2027. 50% of the options vested immediately on grant and the remaining 50% vest on March 9, 2023. The grant date fair value attributable to these options was $177,252, of which $22,096 was recorded as share-based compensation in connection with the vesting of these options during the three months ended November 30, 2022.

On March 10, 2022, the Company granted 1,012,000 RSUs to certain officers. Half of the RSUs vested immediately, while the other half vests 12 months after the date of grant. During the three months ended November 30, 2022, share-based compensation of $11,695 was recorded in connection with the vesting of these RSUs.

Other related party transactions

On February 28, 2022, the Company issued 10,000,000 common shares to Big Ridge upon the completion of the acquisition of its mining properties, as disclosed in Note 6. A director of the Company is also the President and a director of Big Ridge.

14. Capital Management

The Company's capital under management includes equity of $2,484,927 at November 30, 2022 (August 31, 2022 – $2,621,296). The Company's objectives when managing capital are to: (i) safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, (ii) provide an adequate return to shareholders, and (iii) provide sufficient funding to support on-going exploration and capital development plans.

While the Company does not yet have any revenues, management monitors its capital structure and makes adjustments according to market conditions to meet its objectives given the current outlook of the business and industry in general. The Board of the Company does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the management team to sustain the future development of the business.

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

14. Capital Management (continued)

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable. The Company manages capital through its financial and operational forecasting processes. The Company reviews its working capital and forecasts its future cash flows based on operating expenditures, and other investing and financing activities. The forecast is updated based on activities related to its business activities.

The Company's capital management objectives, policies and processes have remained unchanged since the Company's most recent financial reporting period.

The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

15. Financial risks

The Company is exposed to various risks as it relates to financial instruments. Management, in conjunction with the Board, mitigates these risks by assessing, monitoring and approving the Company's risk management process. There have not been any changes in the nature of these risks or the process of managing these risks from the previous reporting periods.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss associated with a counterparty's inability to fulfill its payment obligations. Cash is held with reputable Canadian chartered banks, which is closely monitored by management. Management believes that the credit risk concentration with respect to financial instruments is minimal. The maximum exposure to credit risk at period-end is limited to the receivable balance.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not have sufficient cash resources to meet its financial obligations as they come due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by reviewing its capital requirements on an ongoing basis. The Company's liquidity and operating results may be adversely affected if the Company's access to the capital market is hindered, whether as a result of a downturn in stock market conditions generally or related to matters specific to the Company. The Company generates cash flow primarily from its financing activities.

As at November 30, 2022, the Company had a cash balance of $566,916 (August 31, 2022 – $689,889) to settle current liabilities of $133,468 (August 31, 2022 – $124,900).

The following table summarizes the carrying amount and the contractual maturities of both the interest and principal portion of significant financial liabilities as at November 30, 2022:

	Carrying amount	**Year 1**	**Year 2 to 3**	**Year 4 to 5**
	$	**$**	**$**	**$**
Accounts payable and accrued	133,468	133,468	-	-

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash reserves and by continuously monitoring anticipated cash flows to identify financial requirements. Where insufficient liquidity may exist, the Company may pursue various debt and equity instruments for short or long-term financing of its operations.

Management believes there will be sufficient capital to meet short-term business obligations, after taking into account cash flow requirements from operations, the Company's cash position as at period end, and its strategic financing plan over the next 12 months.

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

15. Financial risks (continued)

Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the Company will be subject to foreign currency fluctuations in satisfying obligations related to its foreign activities. While the Company's operations are based in Canada, it may have, from time to time, transactions denominated in foreign currencies. The Company's primary exposure to foreign exchange risk is that transactions denominated in foreign currency may expose the Company to the risk of exchange rate fluctuations. Based on its current operations, management believes that the foreign exchange risk is minimal.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company does not hold any instruments subject to interest rate risk as at November 30, 2022.

Fair value

Fair value estimates of financial instruments are made at a specific point in time based on relevant information about financial markets and specific financial instruments. As these estimates are subjective in nature, involving uncertainties and matters of significant judgment, they cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions can significantly affect estimated fair values. The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, and accounts payables.

As at November 30, 2022, the Company's financial instruments consist of cash, and accounts payable. The fair value of cash, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities are approximately equal to their carrying value due to their short-term nature.

The Company classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements.

The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1 – Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and
- Level 3 – Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

	Level 1	**Level 2**	**Level 3**	**Total**
	$	**$**	**$**	**$**
Cash	566,916	-	-	**566,916**

As at November 30, 2022, the Company's financial instruments carried at fair value consisted of its cash, which is classified as Level 1. There were no transfers between Levels 2 and 3 for recurring fair value measurements during the period ended November 30, 2022, and the year ended August 31, 2022.

16. Contingencies

The Company's E&E activities are subject to various laws and regulations governing the protection of the environment. These laws and regulations are continually changing and generally becoming more restrictive. As at the date hereof, the Company believes its operations are materially in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations. The Company expects to make future expenditures to comply with such laws and regulations.

The Company also believes that there are no environmental-related liabilities that will have a material adverse effect on the financial position or operating results of the Company.