



**Mary Agrotechnologies Inc.**

**Consolidated Financial Statements**

**For the Years Ended September 30, 2021 and 2020**

**Mary Agrotechnologies Inc.**

Years Ended September 30, 2021 and 2020

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# Mao & Ying LLP

CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the shareholders of **Mary Agrotechnologies Inc.**

### Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of **Mary Agrotechnologies Inc.** (the "Company"), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at September 30, 2021 and 2020, and the statements of loss and comprehensive loss, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at September 30, 2021 and 2020 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs).

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Other information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Management's Discussion and Analysis. Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an

audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Linda Zhu.

Vancouver, Canada,  
January 21, 2022

*Mao & Ying LLP*  
Chartered Professional Accountants

**Mary Agrotechnologies Inc.**  
**Consolidated Statements of Financial Position**  
**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

	September 30, 2021	September 30, 2020
	\$	\$
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>Current Assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalent	1,744,103	144,731
Prepaid expenses and deposits	105,356	6,390
Inventory (note 5)	269,768	71,336
Accounts receivable	56,985	34,034
	2,176,212	256,491
<b>Non-current Assets</b>		
Property and equipment (note 6)	253,721	299,482
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	2,429,933	555,973
<b>LIABILITIES</b>		
<b>Current Liabilities</b>		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	217,624	86,428
Customer advances	37,813	63,660
Due to a related party (note 7)	-	68,897
Current portion of lease obligations (note 8)	58,338	52,061
	313,775	271,046
<b>Non-Current Liabilities</b>		
Non-current portion of lease obligations (note 8)	48,035	106,373
Bank loans (note 9)	60,000	40,000
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	421,810	417,419
<b>SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Share capital (note 10)	5,345,412	2,328,694
Contributed surplus	551,353	149,003
Deficit	(3,888,641)	(2,339,143)
<b>TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>	2,008,124	138,554
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>	2,429,933	555,973

Nature of operations (note 1)  
Subsequent events (note 19)

**Approved on behalf of the Board:**

"Chuhan Qin"  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Chuhan Qin, Director

"Ying Xu"  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Ying Xu, Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**Mary Agrotechnologies Inc.**  
**Consolidated Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss**  
**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

	<b>For the years ended September 30,</b>	
	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	\$	\$
Revenue	77,235	85,211
Cost of revenue	(148,379)	(84,308)
Gross (loss) profit	(71,144)	903
Professional fees	102,811	246,619
Amortization (note 6)	74,879	39,364
Accretion (note 8)	10,807	6,862
Marketing and business development	145,276	36,968
Office and administrative	189,459	70,128
Research and development (note 11)	115,721	624,783
Share-based compensation (note 7, 10)	402,350	125,356
Travel and entertainment	30,026	44,137
Wages and salaries (note 7)	663,069	425,629
	<u>1,734,398</u>	<u>1,619,846</u>
<b>LOSS BEFORE OTHER ITEMS</b>	<b>(1,805,542)</b>	<b>(1,618,943)</b>
OTHER ITEMS		
Foreign exchange (loss) gain	(13,263)	37,249
Interest income	845	1,258
Other income (note 12)	268,462	164,395
	<u>268,462</u>	<u>164,395</u>
<b>NET LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE YEAR</b>	<b>(1,549,498)</b>	<b>(1,416,041)</b>
<b>Basic and Diluted Loss per Common Share</b>	<b>(0.04)</b>	<b>(0.05)</b>
<b>Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding</b>	<b>40,747,405</b>	<b>30,310,047</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**Mary Agrotechnologies Inc.**  
**Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity**  
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	<b>Number of common shares</b>	<b>Number of shares to be issued</b>	<b>Share capital</b>	<b>Contributed surplus</b>	<b>Deficit</b>	<b>Total shareholders' equity</b>
			\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>Balance, September 30, 2019</b>	<b>22,500,000</b>	<b>699,180</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>73,620</b>	<b>(923,102)</b>	<b>(849,474)</b>
Seed shares subscribed at nominal amount	669,180	(669,180)	-	-	-	-
Share issued for KISS note conversion	7,882,531	-	1,035,000	-	-	1,035,000
Share issued from private placement	3,800,900	-	950,225	-	-	950,225
Share-based compensation	-	-	-	125,356	-	125,356
Earned out shares issued	480,000	-	120,000	(49,973)	-	70,027
Share issued for professional services	893,846	-	223,461	-	-	223,461
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(1,416,041)	(1,416,041)
<b>Balance, as at September 30, 2020</b>	<b>36,256,457</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2,328,694</b>	<b>149,003</b>	<b>(2,339,143)</b>	<b>138,554</b>
Share issued from private placement	6,871,467	-	3,099,408	-	-	3,099,408
Share issuance costs	-	-	(82,690)	-	-	(82,690)
Share-based compensation	-	-	-	402,350	-	402,350
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(1,549,498)	(1,549,498)
<b>Balance, as at September 30, 2021</b>	<b>43,127,924</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>5,345,412</b>	<b>551,353</b>	<b>(3,888,641)</b>	<b>2,008,124</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**Mary Agrotechnologies Inc.**  
**Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**  
**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

	<b>For the years ended September 30,</b>	
	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
	\$	\$
<b>Cash provided by (used in) operating activities:</b>		
Net loss for the period	(1,549,498)	(1,416,041)
Items not involving cash:		
Accretion	10,807	6,862
Share-based compensation	402,350	125,356
Earned out shares	-	70,027
Share issued for professional services	-	223,461
Amortization	74,879	39,364
Inventory write-down	31,134	-
Changes in non-cash working capital:		
Inventory	(229,566)	(71,336)
Accounts receivable	(22,952)	(21,337)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	131,196	16,326
Customer advances	(25,848)	(60,998)
Prepaid expenses	(98,965)	(4,190)
Amount (due to) from a related party	(68,897)	69,317
<b>Net cash used in operating activities</b>	<b>(1,345,360)</b>	<b>(1,023,189)</b>
<b>Cash provided by (used in) investing activities</b>		
Purchase of property and equipment	(29,118)	(47,954)
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>	<b>(29,118)</b>	<b>(47,954)</b>
<b>Cash provided by (used in) financing activities</b>		
Lease payments	(62,868)	(35,400)
Proceeds from private placements	3,099,408	950,225
Share Issuance costs	(82,690)	-
Proceeds from bank loan	20,000	40,000
<b>Net cash provided by financing activities</b>	<b>2,973,850</b>	<b>954,825</b>
<b>Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>1,599,372</b>	<b>(116,318)</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalent, beginning of year</b>	<b>144,731</b>	<b>261,049</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalent, end of year</b>	<b>1,744,103</b>	<b>144,731</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



**Mary Agrotechnologies Inc.**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**  
**For the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020**  
**(In Canadian Dollars, unless otherwise stated)**

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## **1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS**

Mary Agrotechnologies Inc. ("Mary AG" or "the Company") was incorporated under the laws of the Province of Ontario by articles of incorporation on October 12, 2017. The primary business activity of the Company is to produce the fully automated plant growing device managed and controlled by an artificial intelligent algorithm, allowing consumers to grow their own herbs and vegetables effortlessly from seed to plant, while providing optimal conditions to assure premium quality produce year-round. The Company's head office is located at 115 Apple Creek Boulevard, Unit 3&4, Markham, Ontario, L3R 6C9.

The Company operates mainly in the fields of development and distribution of home growing automated machines and commercial containers for variety of herbs and vegetables worldwide. The Company also plans, establishes and will operate container farms.

On May 20, 2021, the Company's common shares commenced trading on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE") under the ticker symbol "MARY". On September 17, 2021, the Company's common shares commenced trading on the OTCQB market under the ticker symbol "MRRYF".

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") with the assumption that the Company will be able to realize its assets and satisfy its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future.

## **2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared using accounting policies consistent with IFRS. These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial instruments classified as financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, which are stated at their fair value. In addition, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

These consolidated financial statements are authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on January 21, 2022.

### **Novel Coronavirus (COVID-19)**

Since March 2020, the outbreak of the novel strain of coronavirus, specifically identified as "COVID-19", has resulted in governments worldwide enacting emergency measures to combat the spread of the virus. These measures, which include the implementation of travel bans, self-imposed quarantine periods and physical distancing, have caused material disruption to business globally resulting in an economic slowdown. Global equity markets have experienced significant volatility and weakness. The duration and impact of the COVID-19 outbreak is unknown at this time, as is the efficacy of the government and central bank interventions. It is not possible to reliably estimate the length and severity of these developments and the impact on the financial results and condition of the Company in future periods.

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The extent to which the Company’s operating and financial results are affected by COVID-19 will depend on various factors and consequences beyond its control such as the duration and scope of the pandemic; additional actions taken by business and government in response to the pandemic and the speed and effectiveness of response to combat the virus.

**3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**a) Basis of consolidation**

These consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and the entities controlled by the Company (its “subsidiaries”). The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. All intercompany balances and transactions are eliminated on consolidation. Control is based on whether an investor has power over the investee, exposure or rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of return.

As of September 30, 2021, the following entities are controlled by the Company. These entities have no material transactions for the period from the inception of their incorporation to September 30, 2021.

Entity	Location	Ownership	Basis of accounting
Mary Agrotechnologies Hong Kong Limited (“Mary HK”) <sup>(1)</sup>	China	100%	Consolidated
Yunnan Moquan Agrotechnologies Limited (“Yunnan Moquan”) <sup>(2)</sup>	China	75%	Consolidated

(1) The Company is in the process of dissolving Mary HK and expects Mary HK will be fully dissolved in early 2022.

(2) Owned through Mary HK until August 6, 2021. Currently, Yunnan Moquan is directly owned by the Company.

**b) Functional currency**

The financial statements of each entity in the group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the “functional currency”). The Company’s consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is also the Company’s functional currency.

The functional currency of the Company’s Hong Kong subsidiary is the Hong Kong dollar (“HKD”).

The functional currency of Yunnan Moquan is Chinese Renminbi (“RMB”).

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**c) Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash equivalents consist of cash balances with deposits in banks highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less. As at September 30, 2021 and 2020, the Company does not have cash equivalents.

**d) Inventories, net**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. The cost of inventories comprises costs of purchase and costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and estimated selling costs. The cost of inventory is determined on a weighted average basis.

**e) Property and equipment**

Property and equipment are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, at the following annual rates:

	%
Computers, software and peripheral equipment	33%
Mold & production equipment	10%
Office furniture and equipment	10%
Right-of-use asset	lease term

The Company estimates the useful lives of property and equipment based on the period for which the assets are expected to be in use. The estimation of the useful lives and the residual value of property and equipment are based on internal technical evaluation and experience with similar assets. Estimates for depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting year-end and adjusted, if appropriate.

**f) Impairment of long-lived assets**

The Company's long-lived assets are reviewed for impairment at each statement of financial position date or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the cash-generating unit, or "CGU"). The recoverable amount of an asset or a CGU is the higher of its fair value, less costs to sell, and its value in use. If the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment charge is recognized immediately in profit or loss by the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the recoverable amount. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the lesser of the revised estimate of recoverable amount, and the carrying amount that would have been recorded had no impairment loss been recognized previously. During the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, no impairment losses have been recorded.

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**g) Customer Advances**

Advances from customers include primarily unearned amounts received in respect of sale and service contracts, but not yet recognized as revenues and therefore are classified as a liability.

**h) Financial instruments**

The Company follows IFRS 9 – Financial Instrument (“IFRS 9”) to account its financial instruments. IFRS 9 uses a single approach to determine whether a financial asset is classified and measured at amortized cost or fair value. The classification and measurement of financial assets is based on the Company’s business models for managing its financial assets and whether the contractual cash flows represent solely payments for principal and interest.

Under IFRS 9, financial assets are classified into one of three categories below:

- amortized cost;
- fair value changes through other comprehensive income (“FVTOCI”); and
- fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”)

Under IFRS 9, financial liabilities are classified into one of two categories below:

- amortized cost; and
- FVTPL

The following table summarizes the classification of the Company’s financial instruments under IFRS 9:

Financial instruments	IFRS 9 Classification
Cash and cash equivalents	Amortized cost
Accounts receivable (exclude taxes receivable)	Amortized cost
Accounts payable and accrual liabilities (exclude taxes payable)	Amortized cost
Bank loans	Amortized cost
Lease obligations	Amortized cost
Due to a related party	Amortized cost

Financial assets

(i) Recognition of financial assets

The classification is determined at initial recognition and depends on the nature and purpose of the financial asset. On initial recognition, all financial assets and financial liabilities are recorded at fair value adjusted for directly attributable transaction costs except for financial assets and liabilities classified as FVTPL, in which case transaction costs are expensed as incurred.

(ii) Subsequent measurement of financial assets

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Financial assets classified as amortized cost are measured using the effective interest method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premiums on acquisition and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest method. Amortization from the effective interest method is included in finance income. Financial assets classified as FVTPL are measured at fair value with changes in fair values recognized in profit or loss. Equity investments designated as FVTOCI are measured at fair value with changes in fair values recognized in other comprehensive income ("OCI"). Dividends from that investment are recorded in profit or loss when the Company's right to receive payment of the dividend is established unless they represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment.

(iii) Impairment of financial assets carried at amortized cost

The Company assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that financial assets or group of financial assets measured at amortized cost are impaired. Impairment losses and reversal of impairment losses, if any, are recognized in profit or loss in the period they are incurred.

(iv) Subsequent measure of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities classified as amortized cost are measured using the effective interest method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premiums on acquisition and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest method. Amortization using the effective interest method is included in finance costs.

Financial liabilities classified as FVTPL are measured at fair value with gains and losses recognized in profit or loss.

(v) Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset is derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

The assets and settle liabilities simultaneously gains and losses on derecognition of financial assets and liabilities classified as amortized cost are recognized in profit or loss when the instrument is derecognized or impaired, as well as through the amortization process. Gains and losses on derecognition of equity investments designated as FVTOCI (including any related foreign exchange component) are recognized in OCI. Amounts presented in OCI are not subsequently transferred to profit or loss, although the cumulative gain or loss may be transferred within equity.

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially

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modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability. In this case, a new liability is recognized, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of income.

(vi) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position if and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize.

(vii) Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments that are traded in active markets at each reporting date is determined by reference to quoted market prices, without deduction for transaction costs. For financial instruments that are not traded in active markets, the fair value is determined using appropriate valuation techniques, such as using a recent arm's length market transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties, discounted cash flow analysis, reference to the current fair value of another instrument that is substantially the same, or other valuation models.

**i) Leases**

The Company adopted IFRS 16 – Leases (“IFRS 16”) which requires leases to be reported on the statement of financial position unless certain requirements for exclusion are met.

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset over a period of time in exchange for consideration. The Company assesses whether the contract involves the use of an identified asset, whether the Company has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from the use of the asset during the term of the contract and if the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

As a lessee, the Company recognizes a right-of-use asset, which is included in property, plant and equipment, and a lease liability at the commencement date of the lease. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which is comprised of the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any decommissioning and restoration costs, less any lease incentives received and initial direct costs. The right-of-use asset is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the unavoidable lease payments and discounted using the Company's incremental borrowing rate when an implicit rate in the lease is not readily available. Interest expense is recognized on the lease liabilities using the effective interest rate method.

The Company makes judgments and assumptions on incremental borrowing rates and the lease term by evaluating the probability of exercising its option to extend or renew its lease contracts. The carrying balance of the right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, and related

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interest and depreciation expense, may differ due to changes in market conditions and expected lease terms.

**j) Provisions**

A provision is recorded when it is both probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. With respect to legal matters, provisions are reviewed and adjusted to reflect the impact of negotiations, estimated settlements, legal rulings, advice of legal counsel and other information and events pertaining to a particular matter. As at September 30, 2021, the Company is not a party to any litigation that could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

**k) Income tax**

Income tax on the profit or loss for the periods presented comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in equity.

Current tax expense is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the period, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at period end, adjusted for amendments to tax payable with regards to previous periods.

Deferred tax is estimated using the liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The Company does not provide for temporary differences relating to differences relating to investments in subsidiaries, associates, and joint ventures to the extent that they will probably not reverse in the foreseeable future. The amount of deferred tax estimated is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position reporting date applicable to the period of expected realization or settlement.

A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the asset can be utilized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

**l) Basic and diluted net loss per shares**

Basic loss per common share is computed by dividing their respective net loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. The computation of diluted loss per share assumes the conversion, exercise or contingent issuance of securities only when such conversion, exercise or issuance would have a dilutive effect on the income per share. The dilutive effect of convertible securities is reflected in the diluted loss per share by application of the "if converted" method. The dilutive effect of outstanding incentive stock options and their equivalents is reflected in the diluted loss per share by application of the treasury stock method.

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**m) Revenue recognition**

Revenue is recorded net of estimated provisions for returns, rebates and sales allowances from the sale of products. Revenues are recognized when it transfers control of the product or service to a customer, which is usually when the goods are delivered to locations designated by the customers. Amounts billed to customers for shipping are included in revenue and shipping costs are charged to cost of revenue.

**n) Research and development expenses**

Research and development costs are charged to the consolidated statement of operations as incurred.

Based on the Company's product development process, technological feasibility is established upon the completion of a working model. The Company does not incur significant costs between the completion of a working model and the point at which the products are ready for general release. Therefore, research and development costs are charged to the consolidated statement of operations as incurred. The Company did not capitalized expenses during the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020.

**o) Government grants**

Government grants consist of grants received under the refundable scientific research and experimental development tax credits ("SR&ED") and Industrial Research Assistance Program ("IRAP"). Government grants are recorded as other income on the statement of loss and comprehensive loss upon cash receipt.

**p) Share-based compensation**

The fair value of equity settled stock options awarded to employees defined under IFRS 2 Share-based payments (i.e. employees for legal and tax purpose, directors and certain consultants), determined as of the date of grant, and awarded to non-employees defined under IFRS 2, as of the date of delivery of service, is recognized as share-based payments expense, included in general and administrative expenses in the statement of comprehensive loss, over the vesting period of the stock options based on the estimated number of options expected to vest, with a corresponding increase in equity.

**q) New standards adopted in the reporting period**

No new and revised accounting standard was adopted by the Company for annual period beginning on October 1, 2020.

**r) Accounting standards issued but not yet effective**

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are not yet effective for the year ended September 30, 2021 and have not been applied in preparing these consolidated financial statements. None of these pronouncements are expected to have material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.



#### **4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS**

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of expenses during the reporting year. Actual outcomes could differ from these estimates. These consolidated financial statements include estimates which, by their nature, are uncertain. The impacts of such estimates are pervasive throughout the consolidated financial statements and may require accounting adjustments based on future occurrences. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the year in which the estimate is revised and future years if the revision affects both current and future years. These estimates are based on historical experience, current and future economic conditions and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the COVID-19 had an impact on the global economy. The Company has taken into account of the impacts of COVID-19 and the unique circumstances it has created in making estimates, assumptions and judgements in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements. Actual results may differ from estimated amounts, and those differences may be material.

Significant assumptions about the future and other sources of estimation uncertainty that management has made at the financial position reporting date, that could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities, in the event that actual results differ from assumptions made, relate to, but are not limited to, the following:

##### Significant accounting estimates

- Estimated useful life of property and equipment – Depreciation of property and equipment is dependent upon estimates of useful lives, which are determined through the exercise of judgment. The assessment of any impairment of these assets is dependent upon estimates of recoverable amounts that take into account factors such as economic and market conditions and the useful lives of assets.
- Share based compensation - In estimating fair value of options using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, management is required to make certain assumptions such as the expected life of options, volatility of the Company's future share price, risk free rate, future dividend yields and estimated forfeitures at the initial grant date. Changes in assumptions used to estimate fair value could result in materially different results. In order to estimate volatility, the Company uses companies with similar characteristics that have prices quoted on an active exchange.

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Significant accounting judgments

- The Company has projected 2022 cash flows that are sufficient to cover its ongoing operating expenditures, meet its liabilities for the ensuing year. The future cash flows projection involves significant judgment based on historical experience and other factors, including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. In addition, the Company's business could be significantly adversely affected by the effects of the recent outbreak of COVID-19.
- The determination of deferred income tax assets or liabilities requires subjective assumptions regarding future income tax rates and the likelihood of utilizing tax carry-forwards. Changes in these assumptions could materially affect the recorded amounts and therefore do not necessarily provide certainty as to their recorded values.
- Research and development expenditures. - The application of the Company's accounting policy for research and development expenditures requires judgment in determining whether it is likely that the future economic benefits will flow to the Company, which may be based on assumptions about future events or circumstances. Estimates and assumptions may change if new information becomes available.

**5. INVENTORY**

As at September 30, 2021, the Company has inventories valued at \$269,768 (September 30, 2020 - \$71,336). For the year ended September 30, 2021, inventories in the amount of \$nil (2020 - \$92,691) was recognized as research and development expense. There was a \$31,134 write-down of inventories recognized in the cost of revenue for the year ended September 30, 2021 (2020 - \$nil). There was no reversal of write-down of inventories for the year ended September 30, 2021 (2020 - \$nil).

	September 30, 2021	September 30, 2020
	\$	\$
Raw materials and work-in-progress	45,940	-
Finished products in transit	143,490	-
Finished products	80,338	71,336
	<u>269,768</u>	<u>71,336</u>

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**6. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT**

	Computer and peripheral equipment	Office furniture and equipment	Production equipment	Right-of-use assets	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>COST</b>					
Balance, September 30, 2019	5,020	2,287	44,193	72,900	124,400
Additions	2,988	-	103,462	170,701	277,151
Disposals	-	-	-	(72,900)	(72,900)
Balance, September 30, 2020	8,008	2,287	147,655	170,701	328,651
Additions	6,219	-	22,899	-	29,118
Balance, September 30, 2021	14,227	2,287	170,554	170,701	357,769
<b>ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION</b>					
Balance, September 30, 2019	3,313	299	4,420	8,099	16,131
Additions	1,656	229	5,029	32,450	39,364
Disposals	-	-	-	(26,326)	(26,326)
Balance, September 30, 2020	4,969	528	9,449	14,223	29,169
Additions	1,955	229	15,793	56,902	74,879
Balance, September 30, 2021	6,924	757	25,242	71,125	104,048
<b>CARRYING VALUE</b>					
<b>Balance, September 30, 2020</b>	<b>3,039</b>	<b>1,759</b>	<b>138,206</b>	<b>156,478</b>	<b>299,482</b>
<b>Balance, September 30, 2021</b>	<b>7,303</b>	<b>1,530</b>	<b>145,312</b>	<b>99,576</b>	<b>253,721</b>

**7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

Related party transactions are in the normal course of business and have been valued at the exchange amount of the services performed or consideration paid. Related party transactions not presented elsewhere are presented below.

- a) As at September 30, 2021, due to a related party was \$nil (September 30, 2020 - \$68,897 due to the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") of the Company for the reimbursement expenses incurred on behalf of the Company.)
- b) During the year ended September 30, 2021, the Company incurred consulting fees of \$60,000 (2020 - \$nil) to a corporation controlled by the chief financial officer ("CFO").

Transactions with key management personnel:

Key management personnel include those persons having the authority and responsibility of planning, directing, and executing the activities of the Company. The Company has determined that its key management personnel consist of all executive officers (including CEO, CFO and chief operating officer) and directors of the Company.

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The compensation paid or payable to key management personnel during the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

	For the year ended September 30, 2021	For the year ended September 30, 2020
	\$	\$
Salaries, consulting fees and short-term employee benefits	250,200	143,867
Share-based compensation	147,019	34,399

Key management personnel were not paid post-employment benefit, termination fees or other long-term benefits for the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020.

## 8. LEASES OBLIGATIONS

A summary of the lease obligations is listed below.

	September 30, 2021	September 30, 2020
	\$	\$
Balance, beginning of the year	158,434	65,975
Derecognized liabilities	-	(49,704)
Additional liabilities	-	170,701
Accretion	10,807	6,862
Lease payments	(62,868)	(35,400)
Balance, end of the year	106,373	158,434
Current portion of lease obligations	58,338	52,061
Non-current portion of lease obligations	48,035	106,373

The following table presents a reconciliation of the Company's undiscounted cash flows to the present value for its lease payable as at September 30, 2021 and 2020.

	September 30, 2021	September 30, 2020
	\$	\$
Within 1 year	64,754	62,868
Between 1 - 2 years	49,650	114,404
Total undiscounted amount	114,404	177,272
Less: accretion	(8,031)	(18,838)
Total discounted amount	106,373	158,434

During the year ended September 30, 2019, the Company entered into a lease agreement for office and warehouse space ("Old Lease") for a term of three years commencing June 1, 2019 with an option to renew for another three years. Accordingly, the related right-of-use asset of

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\$72,900 was recorded in property and equipment based on an estimated incremental borrowing rate of 8% for three years non-cancellable lease term.

In June 2020, in order to lease additional warehouse space, the Company terminated the Old Lease and entered into a new lease agreement (“New Lease”) with the same landlord for a term of three years commencing July 1, 2020 with an option to renew for another three years. Therefore, the Company derecognized the net book value of the right-of-use asset and lease obligation under the Old Lease and resulting a gain of \$3,129 recognized in the profit and loss. The Company recognized the right-of-use asset of \$170,701 under the New Lease based on estimated incremental borrowing rate of 8% for three years non-cancellable lease term on July 1, 2020.

## **9. BANK LOANS**

On April 9, 2020, the Government of Canada launched Canada Emergency Business Account (“CEBA”) program as one of the COVID 19 relief measures. The program provides interest-free loans of up to \$40,000 to support small businesses and non-for-profits across Canada. On December 4, 2020, the CEBA was expanded for additional \$20,000. The Company borrowed \$40,000 on April 17, 2020 and \$20,000 on December 15, 2020, in a total of \$60,000 loan from Bank of Montreal. The loan bears zero interest prior to December 31, 2022. \$20,000 of the loan will be forgiven if \$40,000 is repaid in full on or before December 31, 2022. After December 31, 2022, any remaining balance will be converted to a 3-year term loan at 5% fixed interest rate per annum with monthly interest-only payments. The outstanding balance must be repaid in full by December 31, 2025.

## **10. SHARE CAPITAL**

### **a) Authorized Share Capital**

The authorized share capital of the Company consists of an unlimited number of common shares without par value.

### **b) Issued Share Capital**

During the year ended September 30, 2021, the Company had the following capital transactions:

- In November 2020, the Company completed an equity financing by issuing 1,666,667 common shares at a price of \$0.36 per share for total gross proceeds of \$600,000.
- In November 2020, the Company completed an equity financing by issuing 2,574,800 common shares at a price of \$0.46 per share for total gross proceeds of \$1,184,408.
- In May 2021, the Company completed a private placement of 2,630,000 common shares at \$0.50 per share for aggregate gross proceeds of \$1,315,000. A finders’ fee of 8% in the amount of \$72,000 was paid by the Company in conjunction with the completion of the private placement.

During the year ended September 30, 2020, the Company had the following capital transactions:

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- In February 2020, the Company completed a private placement by issuing 3,800,900 common shares at a price of \$0.25 per share for total proceeds of \$950,225. Upon the completion of the equity financing, all convertible notes issued in prior years were converted to 7,882,531 common shares of the Company.
- On February 20, 2020, 893,846 common shares were issued for professional services received. These shares were valued at a price of \$0.25 per share based on the per share price of the recently completed private placements.
- On February 29, 2020, 699,180 common shares were issued for seed shares subscribed on June 10, 2019 and September 29, 2018 for nominal value.
- On May 1, 2020, 480,000 common shares were issued pursuant to the Common Share Earned-out Agreement entered with an employee on May 1, 2019. These shares were valued at \$0.25 per share based on the per share price issued for private placements. Of which \$70,027 was included in the research and development expenses for the year ended September 30, 2020.

**c) Stock Options**

Pursuant to the Company's stock option plan, the aggregate number of common shares that may be reserved for issuance pursuant to options shall not exceed 10% of the outstanding common shares at the time of the granting of an option, less the aggregate number of common shares then reserved for issuance pursuant to any other share compensation arrangement. The exercise price per common share for an option granted shall not be less than the market price. Every option shall have a term not exceeding and shall expire no later than 10 years after the date of grant. The terms of the granted stock options as well as the vesting conditions are at the sole discretion of the directors.

The following table summarizes the continuity of the Company's stock options:

	Number of shares	Weighted average exercise price \$	Weighted average remaining contractual life (years)
Outstanding, September 30, 2019	330,000	0.01	4.47
Granted	1,720,000	0.25	9.82
Granted	70,000	0.46	9.82
Outstanding, September 30, 2020	2,120,000	0.22	8.83
Granted	1,050,000	0.415	9.82
Outstanding, September 30, 2021	3,170,000	0.28	8.49
Exercisable, September 30, 2021	1,115,000	0.21	7.56

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The following table summarizes the information of outstanding and exercisable share options as of September 30, 2021.

Grant Date	Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Number of Options	Exercisable
March 20, 2019	March 20, 2024	\$ 0.01	330,000	220,000
July 24, 2020	July 23, 2030	\$0.25	1,720,000	860,000
July 24, 2020	July 23, 2030	\$0.46	70,000	35,000
July 25, 2021	July 24, 2031	\$0.415	1,050,000	-

During the year ended September 30, 2021, 1,050,000 options were granted to directors with an exercise price of \$0.415 per share. These options vest one year after the grant date with an expiration date on July 24, 2031.

During the year ended September 30, 2020, 1,720,000 options and 70,000 options were granted to officers, employees and consultants with exercise prices of \$0.25 and \$0.46 per share, respectively. These options vest over 24 months on a 6-month base in 4 equal tranches with an expiration date on July 23, 2030.

The fair values of the options granted in 2021 and 2020 were \$0.38 and \$0.25 per share calculated using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions:

	2021	2020
Stock Price	\$0.415	\$0.25
Risk-free interest rate	1.21%	0.55%
Expected volatility	156%	236%
Expected life (in years)	5	5
Expected dividend yield	0%	0%

The expected life in years represents the period of time that option granted are expected to be outstanding. The risk-free rate was based on Canada government bonds with a remaining term equal to the expected life of the options.

On May 20, 2021, the Company's common shares commenced trading on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE") under the ticker symbol "MARY". For the year ended September 30, 2020, volatility was estimated by using the historical volatility of other companies in the same industry during the similar period. The per share price at the grant date for the year ended September 30, 2020 was estimated to be \$0.25 based on the per share price of the then completed private placements.

**d) Earned-out shares**

On November 28, 2019, the Company entered into a Common Share Earned-out Agreement (the "Earned-out Agreement") with an employee. Based on the terms of the Earned-out Agreement, the employee will receive 250,500 common shares at a nominal value after four

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years of services. These shares were valued at \$0.25 per shares based on the per share price of the Company then completed private placements. The value of shares is amortized over the period of four years. During the year ended September 30, 2021, \$15,655 (2020 - \$13,168) were recognized as share-based compensation.

**e) Share-based compensation**

During the years ended September 30, 2021, the Company recognized share-based compensation for stock options and earned-out shares of \$386,695 (2020 - \$112,187).

**11. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES**

The Company incurs costs related to its research and development activities. To date, all of the costs relating to the Company's projects under development have been expensed as incurred.

During the year ended September 30, 2020, the Company fulfilled certain testing orders and collected the payments of \$73,028 from users. The amount was recorded as a recovery of research and development expenses. During the year ended September 30, 2020, the Company received assistance from government sources net of related costs in the amount of \$164,395, which was recorded as a reduction of research and development expenses.

During the year ended September 30, 2021, assistance from government sources net of related costs in the amount of \$268,459 is recorded as other income on the statement of comprehensive loss upon cash receipt. The \$164,395 government assistance received during the year ended September 30, 2020 have been reclassified other income to conform to the current period presentation. These reclassifications have not had an impact on results of operations for the period.

**12. OTHER INCOME**

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Government grants	268,459	164,395
Others	3	-
	268,462	164,395

Government grants mainly consist of grants received under the refundable scientific research and experimental development tax credits ("SR&ED") and Industrial Research Assistance Program ("IRAP").



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**13. INCOME TAXES**

A reconciliation of income taxes at statutory rates with reported taxes is as follows:

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Canadian statutory tax rate	26.5%	26.5%
Loss before income taxes	(1,549,498)	(1,416,041)
Income tax expense computed at Canadian statutory rates	(410,617)	(375,251)
Permanent items	107,721	34,868
Change in unrecognized deferred tax assets	302,896	340,383
Income tax expense	-	-

Deferred taxes reflect the tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their corresponding values for tax purposes. As of September 30, 2021 and 2020, deferred tax benefits of the deductible temporary differences have not been recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position because the probable criteria for the recognition has not been met.

As at September 30, 2021, the Company has non-capital losses of approximately \$2.6 million available that may be carried forward and applied against future income for Canadian income tax purpose. The non-capital losses expire as follows:

	Total
	\$
2039	25,804
2040	1,492,645
2041	1,120,188
	2,638,637

The deferred tax assets have not been recognized because it is not determinable that future taxable profit will be available against which the Company can utilize such deferred income tax assets.

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**14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities which approximate fair value are shown in the statement of financial position, are as follows:

	September 30, 2021 Carrying Amount	September 30, 2020 Carrying Amount
	\$	\$
<b>Assets carried at amortized cost</b>		
Cash and cash equivalent	1,744,103	144,731
	<u>1,744,103</u>	<u>144,731</u>
<b>Liabilities carried at amortized cost</b>		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	217,624	86,428
Lease obligations	106,373	158,434
Bank loans	60,000	40,000
Due to a related party	-	68,897
	<u>383,997</u>	<u>353,759</u>

The fair values of cash and cash equivalent, accounts payable and accrued liabilities (excluding taxes payable), due to a related party approximated carrying values as at the reporting date due to the short-term maturities of these instruments. For lease obligations, fair value approximates their carrying value at the reporting date as the interest rates used to discount the host contracts approximate market rates.

**15. RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Company manages risk through establishing policies that provide management oversight related to the risks of operations, including ensuring that risks are identified and assessed, and that appropriate and effective policies are in place. Market risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. For purposes of this disclosure, market risk is segregated into three categories: other market risk, interest rate risk and currency risk. Other risks associated with financial instruments include credit risk and liquidity risk.

**Credit risk**

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss to the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. Credit risk arises from cash held with banks and financial institutions. The maximum exposure to credit risk is equal to the carrying value of these financial instruments.

The Company minimized credit risk associated with its cash balance substantially by dealing with a major financial institution that has been accorded a strong investment grade rating by a primary rating agency.

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Other than cash, there are no other significant concentrations of credit risk within the Company.

**Interest rate risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that fair value of the Company's interest-bearing investments will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

As at September 30, 2021 and 2020, the Company did not have a significant exposure to interest rate risk, given that the Company's financial instruments are non-interest bearing.

**Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not have sufficient liquid assets to meet its commitments associated with these liabilities. The Company retains sufficient cash to maintain liquidity.

**Currency risk**

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial assets denominated in currencies, other than the functional currency of the Company, will fluctuate due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

The Company has purchase contracts denominated in US dollars. The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risks between the US dollars and Canadian dollars in its accounts payable derived from execution of such purchase contracts. As of September 30, 2021, the Company has accounts payable of \$33,282 that are denominated in US dollars (September 30, 2020 - nil).

**16. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT**

The Company requires capital to fund existing and future operations and to meet regulatory capital requirements. The Company's policy is to maintain sufficient and appropriate levels of capital.

The Company's source of capital is mainly from equity financing. The Company does not presently utilize any quantitative measures to monitor its capital. The Company currently is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements. The capital management framework followed by the Company is designed to maintain the level of capital that will:

- (a) Meet the Company's regulatory requirements;
- (b) Fund current and future operations;
- (c) Ensure that the Company is able to meet its financial obligations as they come due.

As at September 30, 2021, the Company had a working capital of \$1,862,438, non-current portion of lease obligation of \$48,035 and loans payable of \$60,000.

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**17. OPERATING SEGMENT**

Operating segments are defined as components of an enterprise that is a profit center, for which separate financial information is available and which are evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance.

For the years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020, the Company only has one operating segment in accordance with IFRS 8 Operating Segments.

**18. COMPARATIVE FIGURES**

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. These reclassifications have not had an impact on results of operations for the period.

**19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

In October 2021, the Company entered a strategic partnership with Changzhi Yufeng Agricultural Technology Development Co. Ltd. (“Yufeng”), one of the largest vertical farms in China to collaborate on a pilot project of 700 square meters (approx. 7,535 sq. ft.) with the Company’s proprietary automation technology, including its proprietary vertical farming hardware and AI-driven automation software.