

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)



Crowe MacKay LLP

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of Heritage Mining Ltd

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Heritage Mining Ltd (the "Company"), which comprise the statements of financial position as at December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 and the statements of comprehensive loss, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 1 to the financial statements which describes the material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. Other than the matter described in the Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern section, we have determined there are no key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises:

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information

identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained the other information prior to the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion,
 forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Diana Huang.

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Chartered Professional Accountants Vancouver, Canada April 26. 2024

Statements of Financial Position As at December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	2023	}	2022
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash	\$ 172,213	\$	808,833
Goods and services tax receivable	221,395		227,790
Prepaids	60,452		609,374
	454,060		1,645,997
ROU assets (Note 7)	81,581		-
Total assets	\$ 535,641	\$	1,645,997
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Notes 5 and 12)	\$ 268,642	\$	187,110
Flow-through premium (Note 6)	-		10,902
Lease liabilities (Note 7)	71,902		-
	340,544		198,012
Lease liabilities (Note 7)	13,818		-
Total liabilities	354,362		198,012
EQUITY			
Share capital (Note 8)	6,114,428		4,902,098
Reserves (Notes 8 and 9)	306,092		177,414
Share subscription advances	87,000		-
Deficit	(6,326,241)		(3,631,527)
Total equity	181,279		1,447,985
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 535,641	\$	1,645,997

Nature of operations and going concern (Note 1)

Subsequent events (Note 15)

App	roved	and	authorized	tor	1ssue	by '	the	Board	of .	Direct	tors	on .	Aprıl	26,	202	24	ŀ:
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"Peter Schloo"	"Patrick Mohan"
Peter Schloo, Director	Patrick Mohan, Director

Accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

Statements of Comprehensive Loss For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Year ended December 31,			ecember 31,
		2023		2022
Expenses				
Advertising, promotion, and investor relations	\$	448,939	\$	582,973
Capital market advisory		275,000		91,760
Consulting		117,620		-
Depreciation (Note 7)		57,112		-
Exploration expenditures (Note 4)		1,149,851		1,863,029
General and administrative (Note 12)		192,682		57,339
Management fees (Note 12)		299,125		126,000
Professional fees (Note 12)		136,032		216,119
Regulatory, filing and transfer agent fees		32,777		26,587
Share-based payments (Notes 8 and 12)		66,078		6,649
Expenses before other item		(2,775,216)		(2,970,456)
Flow-through premium recovery (Note 6)		80,502		89,424
Net and comprehensive loss	\$	(2,694,714)	\$	(2,881,032)
Loss per share - basic and diluted	\$	(0.07)	\$	(0.13)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding – basic and diluted		40,667,822		23,003,809

Accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Heritage Mining Ltd.
Statements of Changes in Equity
For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

					Sı	Share obscription				
	Number of Shares	S	hare Capital	Reserves		Advances	_	Deficit	1	Total Equity
Balance, December 31, 2021	16,688,229	\$	1,666,188	\$ 64,310	\$	22,500	\$	(750,495)	\$	1,002,503
Private placement	11,807,790		3,009,953	· -		(22,500)		-		2,987,453
Shares issued for properties	4,332,000		702,500	-		-		-		702,500
Shares issued for services	40,000		7,000	-		-		-		7,000
Exercise of options	25,000		3,260	(1,385)		-		-		1,875
Exercise of broker warrants	105,600		12,802	(4,882)		-		-		7,920
Share issue costs	-		(441,600)	112,722		-		-		(328,878)
Flow-through premium	-		(58,005)	-		-		-		(58,005)
Share-based payments	-		-	6,649		-		-		6,649
Net loss for the year	-		-	-		-		(2,881,032)		(2,881,032)
Balance, December 31, 2022	32,998,619		4,902,098	177,414		_		(3,631,527)		1,447,985
Private placement	13,685,551		1,301,300	· -		-				1,301,300
Shares issued for properties	1,783,333		99,000	-		-		-		99,000
Share issue costs - cash	-		(55,770)	-		-		-		(55,770)
Share issue costs - warrants	-		(62,600)	62,600		-		-		· -
Share subscription advances	-			-		87,000		-		87,000
Flow-through premium	-		(69,600)	-		-		-		(69,600)
Share-based payments	-		-	66,078		-		-		66,078
Net loss for the year	-		-	-		-		(2,694,714)		(2,694,714)
Balance, December 31, 2023	48,467,503	\$	6,114,428	\$ 306,092	\$	87,000	\$	(6,326,241)	\$	181,279

Accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Statements of Cash Flows

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

For the years ended		2023		2022
Operating Activities				
Net loss for the year	\$	(2,694,714)	\$	(2,881,032)
Items not affecting cash:		(, , , ,		, , , ,
Depreciation		57,112		_
Interest expense		12,190		_
Share-based payments		66,078		6,649
Shares issued for properties		99,000		702,500
Shares issued for services		-		7,000
Flow through premium recovery		(80,502)		(89,424)
Changes in non-cash working capital items related to operations:		, ,		
Goods and services tax receivable		6,395		(156,930)
Prepaids		548,922		(597,235)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		81,532		140,780
Cash used in operating activities		(1,903,987)		(2,867,692)
		(1,903,987)		(2,807,092)
Investing Activities Reclamation bond		_		1,500
Cash provided by investing activities		-		1,500
Financing Activities				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Shares issued for cash		1,301,300		2,987,453
Exercise of options		-		1,875
Exercise of warrants		-		7,920
Share issuance costs		(55,770)		(328,878)
Share subscription advances		87,000		-
Lease payments		(65,163)		-
Cash provided by financing activities		1,267,367		2,668,370
Change in cash during the year		(636,620)		(197,822)
Cash, beginning of year		808,833		1,006,655
Cash, beginning of year		000,033		1,000,033
Cash, end of the year	\$	172,213	\$	808,833
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:				
Cash paid during the year:				
Interest	\$	_	\$	_
Income taxes	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>
Non-cash financing activities	Ψ		Ψ	
ROU assets	\$	138,693	\$	_
Fair value of broker's warrants	\$	150,075	\$	112,722
Fair value of stock options exercised	\$	-	\$	1,385
Fair value of finder's warrants	\$	62,600	\$	4,882
Accompanying notes are an integral part of the fin			Ψ	7,00∠

Accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

Heritage Mining Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated on October 18, 2019, under the Business Corporations Act (British Columbia). The Company is engaged in the business of exploration for gold and other metals across Canada. The Company's principal objectives are to explore and develop the Drayton - Black Lake Property and to identify other properties worthy of investment and exploration.

The Company's registered and head office is located at Suite 3000-1055 Dunsmuir Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6E 2E9.

These financial statements have been prepared on the assumption that the Company will continue as a going concern, meaning it will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize assets and discharge liabilities in the ordinary course of operations. The Company has no source of revenue and incurred losses since its inception and had an accumulated deficit of \$6,326,241 at December 31, 2023 (2022 - \$3,631,527). This indicates the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. These financial statements have been prepared with the assumption that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business rather than through a process of forced liquidation.

The continuing operations of the Company are dependent upon obtaining necessary financing to meet the Company's commitments as they come due and to finance future exploration and development of potential business acquisitions, economically recoverable reserves, securing and maintaining title and beneficial interest in the properties and upon future profitable production. Failure to continue as a going concern would require that assets and liabilities be recorded at their liquidation values, which might differ significantly from their carrying values.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Statement of compliance

These financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared in accordance with the IFRS Accounting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared on an accrual basis and are based on historical costs except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair value.

Significant accounting estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Company's financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes can differ from these estimates.

Management made estimates that affect the value of the lease liabilities and the valuation of right-of-use assets, which include the determination of contracts in the scope of IFRS 16, the lease term and the incremental borrowing rate used for discounting future cash flows.

Notes to the financial statements For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (continued)

Significant accounting judgments

Information about critical judgments, apart from those involving estimates, in applying accounting policies that have the most significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities recognized in the financial statement are discussed below:

Going Concern

The assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern involves judgment regarding future funding availability for its exploration projects and working capital requirements.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Exploration and evaluation expenditures

Exploration and evaluation expenditures, including acquisition costs, are expensed in the year in which they are incurred. Mining exploration tax credits are accrued and recorded against exploration and evaluation expenditures when the related expenditures are incurred, unless collectability cannot be reasonably assured.

When shares are issued as part of mineral property acquisition costs, they are valued at the closing share price on the date of issuance when the fair value of the costs cannot be determined.

Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting the mineral resources has been determined, the property is considered to be a mine under development and development costs are capitalized to "mines under construction" on the statement of financial position.

Restoration and environmental obligations

An obligation to incur decommissioning and site rehabilitation costs occurs when environmental disturbance is caused by exploration, evaluation, development or ongoing production.

Restoration and environmental obligations are recorded as liabilities when those obligations are incurred and are measured at the present value, if a reasonable estimate of the expected costs to settle the liability can be determined, discounted at a current pre-tax rate specific to the liability. In subsequent years, the liability is adjusted for changes resulting from the passage of time and revisions to either the timing or the amount of the original estimate of the undiscounted cash flows. The accretion of the liability to its fair value as a result of the passage of time is charged to earnings while changes resulting from the revisions to either the timing or the amount of the original estimate of the undiscounted cash flows are accounted for as part of the carrying amount of the related long-lived asset. The carrying amount of the restoration and environmental obligations is reviewed to reflect current estimates and changes in the discount rate.

Lease

The right-of-use assets ("ROU") is initially measured based on the initial amount of the lease liability plus any initial direct costs incurred less any lease incentives received. The ROU asset is depreciated to the end-of-the-useful-life or the lease term, whichever comes earlier, using the straight-line method.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. The lease liability is measured at the amortized cost using the effective interest method and remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments.

Notes to the financial statements For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Lease (continued)

The lease liability is subsequently increased by the interest cost on the lease liability and decreased by lease payments made.

Capital stock

Equity instruments are contracts that give a residual interest in the net assets of the Company. Financial instruments issued by the Company are classified as equity only to the extent that they do not meet the definition of a financial liability or financial asset. The Company's common shares, stock options, share purchase warrants and flow-through shares are classified as equity instruments.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Proceeds from the exercise of stock options and warrants are recorded as capital stock in the amount for which the option or warrant enabled the holder to purchase a share in the Company. Capital stock issued for non-monetary consideration is valued at the closing market price at the date of issuance when the fair value of the non-monetary assets cannot be reasonably estimated.

The proceeds from the issuance of units are allocated between common shares and warrants based on the residual value method. Under this method, the proceeds are allocated first to capital stock based on the fair value of the common shares at the time the units are priced and any residual value is allocated to the warrants reserve within share-based payments reserve. Consideration received for the exercise of warrants is recorded in capital stock and the related residual value in warrants reserve is transferred to capital stock. For those warrants that expire the recorded value is transferred to deficit.

Flow-through shares

The Company has from time to time, issued flow-through common shares and units to finance its exploration program. Pursuant to the terms of the flow-through agreements, these shares and units transfer the tax deductibility of qualifying resource expenditures to investors. At the time of closing a financing involving flow-through units consisting of common shares and warrants, the Company allocates proceeds received as follows: i) share capital – the market trading price of the common shares, ii) flow-through share premium – equal to the estimated premium, if any, investors pay for the flow-through feature, which is recognized as a liability, and iii) warrant reserve – any excess.

Income (loss) per share

Basic income (loss) per share is calculated by dividing the income (loss) attributable to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding in the period. For all periods presented, the income (loss) attributable to common shareholders equals the reported income (loss) attributable to owners of the Company. Diluted income (loss) per share is calculated by the treasury stock method. Under the treasury stock method, the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the calculation of diluted income (loss) per share assumes that the proceeds to be received on the exercise of dilutive share options and warrants are used to repurchase common shares at the average market price during the period. As the Company has reported losses for the periods presented, the effect of stock options and warrants is anti-dilutive; therefore, basic loss per share equals diluted loss per share.

Notes to the financial statements For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Share-based payments

Share-based payments to employees are measured at the fair value of the instruments issued and amortized over the vesting periods. Share-based payments to non-employees are measured at the fair value of goods or services received or the fair value of the equity instruments issued, if it is determined the fair value of the goods or services cannot be reliably measured and are recorded at the date the goods or services are received. The corresponding amount is recorded to the option reserve. The fair value of options is determined using a Black–Scholes Pricing Model. The number of shares and options expected to vest is reviewed and adjusted at the end of each reporting period such that the amount recognized for services received as consideration for the equity instruments granted shall be based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

<u>Income taxes</u>

Current income tax:

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current period are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date, in the countries where the Company operates and generates taxable income.

Current income tax relating to items recognized directly in other comprehensive loss or equity is recognized in other comprehensive loss or equity and not in profit or loss. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred income tax:

Deferred income tax is provided using the asset and liability method on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized only to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized, or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Notes to the financial statements For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments

i) Classification

The Company classifies its financial instruments in the following categories: at fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL"), at fair value through other comprehensive income (loss) ("FVTOCI") or at amortized cost. The Company determines the classification of financial assets at initial recognition. The classification of debt instruments is driven by the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and their contractual cash flow characteristics.

Cash, lease liabilities and accounts payable and accrued liabilities are classified as amortized cost.

ii) Measurement

Financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost

Financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost are initially recognized at fair value plus or minus transaction costs, respectively, and subsequently carried at amortized cost less any impairment.

Foreign currency translation

The functional currency of the Company is Canadian Dollar, which is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at rates in effect at the time of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities are translated at period end rates. Gains and losses are included in profit and loss.

Accounting standards issued but not yet effective

Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (Amendments to IAS 1) – The amendments to IAS1 provide a more general approach to the classification of liabilities based on the contractual arrangements in place at the reporting date. These amendments are effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024. The Company does not expect the adoption of the amendments to have a material impact on the financial statements.

Adoption of new accounting standards

Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2 – Disclosure of Accounting Policies – These amendments help companies provide useful accounting policy disclosures. The IASB also amended IFRS Practice Statement 2 to include guidance and examples on applying materiality to accounting policy disclosures. These amendments are effective for reporting period beginning on or after January 1, 2023. The adoption of the amendments reduced the disclosure of its accounting policies.

Notes to the financial statements For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

4. EXPLORATION EXPENDITURES

The exploration and evaluation expenses for the Company for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 are summarized as follows:

Year ended	Drayton –				
December 31, 2023	Black Lake	Contact Bay	Zarn Lake	•	Total
Acquisition cost	\$ 71,250	\$ 6,500	35,000	\$	112,750
Assay	158,306	-	2,755		161,061
Field work and supplies	235,699	25,233	34,068		295,000
Geological and geophysical	132,138	49,857	31,089		213,084
Drilling	283,845	-	344,111		627,956
Cost recoveries	(260,000)	-	-		(260,000)
Exploration expenditures	\$ 621,238	\$ 81,590	447,023	\$	1,149,851

Year ended	Drayton –	-	-		Other	
December 31, 2022	Black Lake	;	Contact Bay	Zarn Lake	Properties	Total
Acquisition cost	\$ 800,500	\$	43,000	\$ 70,000	\$ _	\$ 913,500
Assay	33,123		=	13,979	993	48,095
Field work and supplies	247,182		-	36,969	-	284,151
Geological and geophysical	435,165		9,000	42,924	17,000	504,089
Report	93,034		8,481	11,679	_	113,194
						_
Exploration expenditures	\$ 1,609,004	\$	60,481	\$ 175,551	\$ 17,993	\$ 1,863,029

Drayton - Black Lake Project

On November 25, 2021, the Company entered into an option agreement, amended on November 21, 2023 and December 29, 2023, to acquire a 90% interest in the Drayton - Black Lake Property. The Company paid \$20,000 upon signing the letter of intent and is required to make staged option payments, common share issuances and minimum spend requirements over a four year period. To earn a 51% interest in the property, the Company must:

- Issue 2,800,000 shares within 10 business days upon a go public transaction (issued);
- Pay \$150,000 cash (paid), issue 1,100,000 common shares (issued) and incur \$500,000 in project expenditures on or before November 25, 2022 (incurred);
- Issue 1,350,000 common shares (issued) and incur \$1,000,000 in project expenditures on or before November 25, 2023 (incurred);
- Issue 6,000,000 units on or before January 12, 2024, with each unit consisting of one common share and one warrant to purchase a common share in the capital of the Company at a price of \$0.075 for a period of 24 months from the date of issue (issued subsequently); and
- Issue 1,100,000 common shares and incur \$1,000,000 in project expenditures on or before November 25, 2024 to earn 51% interest in the property.

To earn an additional 39% interest (for an aggregate 90% interest in the Property), the Company must:

• Issue 1,100,000 common shares and incur \$2,500,000 in project expenditures on or before November 25, 2025 to earn 90% interest in the property;

Notes to the financial statements For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

4. EXPLORATION EXPENDITURES (continued)

Drayton - Black Lake Project (continued)

The optionor is also entitled to a cash payment upon the establishment of any mineral resources in the Drayton - Black Lake Project equal to \$1.00 per ounce of gold equivalent capped at \$10M.

The option or has the option to maintain a 10% interest in the project through a joint venture agreement or take back a royalty described below upon the presentation of a feasibility study:

- 2% NSR on unincumbered land Buyback 1% for \$2M
- 1% NSR on Drayton Black Lake Claims Buyback 0.5% for \$1M

The Company must spend a minimum of \$500,000 per year through to the presentation of a feasibility study.

Split Lake Property

The Company entered into a definitive asset purchase agreement with Bounty Gold Corp. ("Bounty") dated August 25, 2022 (the "Agreement") whereby it will acquire fifty (50) mining claims in the Split Lake zone (the "Split Lake Property") adjacent to Heritage's flagship Drayton-Black Lake Project. Pursuant to the terms of the Agreement, Heritage will acquire a 100% interest in the Split Lake Property in exchange for issuing Bounty 100,000 Common Shares (issued September 1, 2022), paying Bounty \$5,000 in cash (paid) and granting Bounty a 1% net smelter return royalty (the "NSR") on the Split Lake Property at closing, one-half (0.5%) of such NSR may be purchased for \$500,000 by Heritage.

Contact Bay Project

On October 15, 2021, the Company entered into an asset purchase agreement to acquire a 100% interest in the Contact Bay claims from Bounty Gold Corp. To earn its 100% interest in the property, the Company paid \$2,000 upon signing the purchase agreement and is required to issue \$8,000 worth of common shares upon the go public transaction (32,000 shares issued).

On October 22, 2021, the Company entered into an asset purchase agreement to acquire a 100% interest in the Contact Bay claims from Scott Woolhead. To earn a 100% interest in the property, the Company paid \$2,500 upon signing the purchase agreement.

On December 6, 2021, the Company entered into an asset purchase agreement (the "EMX Agreement") to acquire a 100% interest in the Contact Bay claims from EMX Royalties. To earn a 100% interest in the property, the Company paid \$15,000 upon signing the asset purchase agreement. EMX Royalties retains a 3% NSR with a 1% buyback provision for \$1,500,000. Annual advance royalties are due to EMX Royalties beginning on the third anniversary of the EMX Agreement in the amount of \$10,000 per year (common shares of the Company or cash at the Company's discretion) until a maiden resource is issued, after that time an annual advance royalty of \$25,000 (common shares of the Company or cash at the Company's discretion) is payable by the Company until production occurs. EMX Royalties is entitled to milestone bonus payments in cash or shares at the Company's discretion following the announcements listed below:

- \$100,000 on announcement of maiden resource
- \$250,000 on announcement of preliminary economic assessment
- \$350,000 on announcement pre-feasibility study
- \$500,000 announcement on feasibility study

Notes to the financial statements For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

4. EXPLORATION EXPENDITURES (continued)

Zarn Lake Property

On January 6, 2022, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire a 100% interest in the Zarn Lake property contiguous with the Drayton - Black Lake Project. To earn its 100% interest in the property, the Company paid \$20,000 upon signing the option agreement and is required to make staged option payments, common share issuances and minimum spend requirements over a three year period as follows:

- Issue \$50,000 worth of common shares upon completion of a go public transaction (200,000 shares issued);
- Pay \$10,000 cash (paid), issue \$25,000 worth of common shares (333,333 shares issued) and incur \$50,000 in project expenditures on or before January 6, 2023 (incurred);
- Pay \$20,000 cash (paid subsequently), issue \$25,000 worth of common shares (500,000 shares issued subsequently) and incur \$100,000 in project expenditures on or before January 6, 2024 (incurred); and
- Pay \$70,000 cash, issue \$50,000 worth of common shares and incur \$250,000 in project expenditures on or before January 6, 2025 (incurred).

The optionor retains a 2% NSR on the property with a buy back of 1% for \$1,000,000 and an advance royalty payment of \$1,000 per year for each year following the commencement of commercial production after the Company earns 100% of the option agreement.

5. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

	D	ecember 31,	Dec	cember 31,
		2023		2022
Accounts payable	\$	248,642	\$	167,110
Accrued liabilities		20,000		20,000
	\$	268,642	\$	187,110

6. FLOW THROUGH PREMIUM

The following is a continuity schedule of the flow through premium:

	De	cember 31,	De	ecember 31,
		2023		2022
Balance, beginning of year	\$	10,902	\$	42,321
Incurred on flow-through shares issued during the year		69,600		58,005
Settlement of flow-through premium by incurring expenditures		(80,502)		(89,424)
	\$	-	\$	10,902

Year ended December 31, 2023:

In April 2023, the Company issued 2,510,000 flow-through units at a price of \$0.10 per unit. The premium paid by investors was calculated as \$0.01 per share. Accordingly, \$25,100 was recorded as flow through premium.

In June 2023, the Company issued 4,050,000 flow-through units at a price of \$0.10 per unit. The premium paid by investors was calculated as \$0.01 per share. Accordingly, \$40,500 was recorded as flow through premium.

In August 2023, the Company issued 400,000 flow-through units at a price of \$0.10 per unit. The premium paid by investors was calculated as \$0.01 per share. Accordingly, \$4,000 was recorded as flow through premium.

Notes to the financial statements For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

6. FLOW THROUGH PREMIUM (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2022:

In August 2022, the Company issued 2,320,210 flow-through units at a price of \$0.275 per unit. The premium paid by investors was calculated as \$0.025 per share. Accordingly, \$58,005 was recorded as a flow through premium.

Expenditure Commitments:

As at December 31, 2023, the Company had no remaining commitment (2022 – approximately \$120,000) to incur exploration expenditures in relation to its flow-through financing.

7. LEASE

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company entered into three agreements that were leases as defined under IFRS 16. In analyzing the identified agreement, the Company applied the lessee accounting model pursuant to IFRS 16 and considered all of the facts and circumstances surrounding the inception of the contract. Lease liabilities for the Sioux Lookout office and CanAm Outlander Max & Trailer were calculated with a discount rate of 20%. Lease liabilities for the vehicle is calculated with a discount rate of 8.90%.

Lease Type	Date of Maturity
Sioux Lookout office	July 31, 2024
CanAm Outlander Max & Trailer	May 31, 2025
Vehicle	May 9, 2025

The right of use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Right of use asset, December 31, 2022 and 2021	\$ -
ROU addition	138,693
Depreciation of right of use asset	(57,112)
Right of use asset, December 31, 2023	\$ 81,581

Lease liabilities, December 31, 2022 and 2021	\$ -
Addition	138,693
Accretion of interest	12,190
Payment of lease liabilities	(65,163)
Lease liabilities, December 31, 2023	85,720
Lease liabilities – current	 (71,902)
Lease liabilities – long term	\$ 13,818

Future minimum annual lease payments for the next two years are as follows:

2024	\$	79,520
2025		14,357
	\$	93,877

Notes to the financial statements For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

8. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorized:

The authorized share capital of the Company consists of unlimited common shares without par value.

Issued:

During the year ended December 31, 2023:

On January 6, 2023, the Company issued 333,333 common shares at a value of \$25,000 as part of the acquisition payments for the Zarn Lake Property Agreement (Note 4).

On April 12, 2023, the Company completed the first tranche of a non-brokered private placement by issuing 1,418,333 units at a price of \$0.09 per unit for gross proceeds of \$127,650. Each unit consists of one common share and one warrant entitling the holder to purchase an additional common share at an exercise price of \$0.15 until April 12, 2026.

The Company also issued 2,510,000 flow-through units at a price at a price of \$0.10 per flow-through unit for gross proceeds of \$251,000. Each flow-through unit consists of one flow-through common share and one warrant entitling the holder to purchase an additional common share at an exercise price of \$0.15 until April 12, 2026.

The Company paid \$17,020 in finders' fees and issued 258,177 agent options entitling the holder to purchase one additional unit at an exercise price of \$0.09 until April 12, 2026. The compensation options have an estimated fair value of \$27,200, which was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: expected life 3 years, volatility 100%, risk-free rate 3.75%, dividend yield 0%.

On June 19, 2023, the Company completed the second tranche of a non-brokered private placement by issuing 502,777 units at a price of \$0.09 per unit for gross proceeds of \$45,250. Each unit consists of one common share and one warrant entitling the holder to purchase an additional common share at an exercise price of \$0.15 until June 19, 2026.

The Company also issued 4,050,000 flow-through units at a price at a price of \$0.10 per flow-through unit for gross proceeds of \$405,000. Each flow-through unit consists of one flow-through common share and one warrant entitling the holder to purchase an additional common share at an exercise price of \$0.15 until June 19, 2026.

The Company paid \$17,620 in finders' fees and issued 258,000 agent options entitling the holder to purchase one additional unit at an exercise price of \$0.09 until June 19, 2026. The compensation options have an estimated fair value of \$27,300, which was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: expected life 3 years, volatility 100%, risk-free rate 4.57%, dividend yield 0%.

On August 18, 2023, the Company completed the third and final tranche of a non-brokered private placement by issuing 4,804,441 units at a price of \$0.09 per unit for gross proceeds of \$432,400. Each unit consists of one common share and one warrant entitling the holder to purchase an additional common share at an exercise price of \$0.15 until August 18, 2026.

The Company paid \$6,940 in finders' fees and issued 76,000 agent options entitling the holder to purchase one additional unit at an exercise price of \$0.09 until August 18, 2026. The compensation options have an estimated fair value of \$8,100, which was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: expected life 3 years, volatility 100%, risk-free rate 4.78%, dividend yield 0%.

The Company also issued 400,000 flow-through units at a price of \$0.10 per flow-through unit for gross proceeds of \$40,000. Each flow-through unit consists of one flow-through common share and one warrant entitling the holder to purchase an additional common share at an exercise price of \$0.15 until August 18, 2026.

On October 31, 2023, the Company issued 100,000 common shares at a value of \$6,500 as part of the acquisition payments for the Contact Bay Project Agreement (Note 4).

Notes to the financial statements For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

8. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

During the year ended December 31, 2023 (continued)

On November 24, 2023, the Company issued 1,350,000 common shares at a value of \$67,500 as part of the acquisition payments for the Drayton - Black Lake Project Agreement (Note 4).

During the year ended December 31, 2022:

On January 26, 2022, the Company closed an equity financing involving the issuance of 1,514,000 units in the capital of the Company at a price of \$0.25 per unit for aggregate proceeds of \$378,500 (the "January 2022 Financing"). Each unit consists of one common share and one common share purchase warrant.

Each warrant is exercisable at \$0.40 for a period of 36 months from the date of issuance. In connection with the financing, the Company paid a finder's fee through the issuance of 42,000 broker warrants entitling the holder to purchase one additional common share at an exercise price of \$0.40 for a period of 3 years from the date of issuance and aggregate cash payments of \$10,500. The broker warrants have an estimated fair value of \$5,547, which was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: expected life 3 years, volatility 100%, risk-free rate 1.42%, dividend yield 0%. In the event that the common shares of the Company are not listed by June 30, 2022 (the "Listing Deadline"), each subscriber in the January 2022 Financing shall be entitled to receive, for no additional consideration, a Penalty Warrant (a "Penalty Warrant") for each unit subscribed for on the same terms. Any Penalty Warrants shall be issued by the Company within 10 business days of the Listing Deadline.

An aggregate 2,561,003 Penalty Warrants were issued by the Company pursuant to the December 2021, FT Financing and the January 2022 Financing if the common shares of the Company were not listed by the Listing Deadline.

The Company paid \$11,379 cash for share issue costs.

On August 25, 2022, the Company completed an initial public offering ("IPO") of Units ("Units") and Flow-Through Units ("FT Units") of the Company at a price of \$0.25 per Unit and \$0.275 per FT Unit. Pursuant to the IPO, a total of 7,973,580 Units and 2,320,210 FT Units were issued for gross proceeds of \$2,631,453. Each Unit consists of one common share and one common share purchase warrant (each a "Warrant"). Each FT Unit consists of one "flow-through share" and one Warrant.

Each Warrant is exercisable at \$0.40 for a period of 36 months from the date of issuance. The Company granted the agent warrants to acquire an aggregate of 677,136 common shares at an exercise price of \$0.25 for a period of 24 months following the completion of the offering. The agent warrants have an estimated fair value of \$107,175, which was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: expected life 3 years, volatility 100%, risk-free rate 3.44%, dividend yield 0%.

The Company paid \$306,999 cash for share issue costs.

During the year ended December 31, 2022, 105,600 broker warrants were exercised for proceeds of \$7,920, resulting in a reallocation of share-based reserves of \$4,882 to share capital.

During the year ended December 31, 2022, 25,000 stock options were exercised for proceeds of \$1,875, resulting in a reallocation of share-based reserves of \$1,385 to share capital.

On September 1, 2022, the Company issued 100,000 common shares at a value of \$25,000 as part of the acquisition payments for the Split Lake Property Agreement (Note 4).

On September 1, 2022, the Company issued 100,000 common shares at a value of \$25,000 as part of the acquisition payments for the Contact Bay Project Agreement (Note 4).

Notes to the financial statements For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

8. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

During the year ended December 31, 2022 (continued)

On September 1, 2022, the Company issued 200,000 common shares at a value of \$50,000 as part of the acquisition payments for the Zarn Lake Property Agreement (Note 4).

On September 1, 2022, the Company issued 2,800,000 common shares at a value of \$490,000 as part of the acquisition payments for the Drayton - Black Lake Property Agreement (Note 4).

On September 1, 2022, the Company issued 32,000 common shares at a value of \$8,000 as part of the acquisition payments for the Contact Bay Project Agreement (Note 4).

On September 1, 2022, the Company issued 40,000 common shares valued \$7,000 to settle \$7,000 of services with a non-related party.

On November 25, 2022, the Company issued 1,100,000 common shares at a value of \$104,500 as part of the acquisition payments for the Drayton - Black Lake Property Agreement (Note 4).

Stock options

The Company adopted a share option plan (the "Share Option Plan") under which it may grant options to employees, officers, directors, or consultants for up to 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares. In connection with the foregoing, the number of common shares reserved for issuance to any one optionee in a twelve-month period is limited to 5% of the issued shares of the Company.

Under the plan, the exercise price of an option may not be less than the discounted market price. The options can be granted for a maximum term of 5 years and vest at the discretion of the board of directors. For share options granted to employees, directors, and consultants, the Company recognizes as an expense, the estimated fair value of the share options granted. The fair value of each share option granted was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model.

During the year ended December 31, 2023:

On September 1, 2023, the Company granted 2,490,000 stock options to directors, management and consultants at an exercise price of \$0.09 per option for a period of 3 years from the date of issuance. The options have an estimated fair value of \$112,900, which was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: expected life 3 years, volatility 100% based on comparable peer companies' share price volatilities, risk-free rate 4.59%, dividend yield 0%.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company recognized share-based payments expense of \$27,775 related to vesting of 2,490,000 options issued.

The options shall vest in equal increments over the next two years as follows:

Vesting Date	Options Vested
September 1, 2024	1,245,000
September 1, 2025	1,245,000
	2,490,000

Notes to the financial statements For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

8. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Stock options (continued)

During the year ended December 31, 2022:

On December 23, 2022, the Company granted 1,390,000 stock options to directors, management and consultants at an exercise price of \$0.15 per option for a period of 3 years from the date of issuance, of which 695,000 stock options shall vest on each of December 23, 2023 and December 23, 2024. The options have an estimated fair value of \$51,900, which was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: expected life 3 years, volatility 100% based on comparable peer companies' share price volatilities, risk-free rate 3.95%, dividend yield 0%.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company recognized share-based payments expense of \$38,303 (December 31, 2022 - \$853) related to vesting of 1,290,000 options issued.

A summary of changes of stock options during the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	Options Outstanding	Weighted Average Exercise Price		Weighted Average Years to Expiry
Balance, December 31, 2021	946,666	\$	0.075	3.66
Issued	1,390,000		0.150	-
Exercised	(25,000)		0.075	-
Balance, December 31, 2022	2,311,666		0.120	2.85
Issued	2,490,000		0.090	-
Forfeited	(100,000)		0.150	
Balance, December 31, 2023	4,701,666	\$	0.104	2.28

The average share price on the date of options exercised during 2022 was \$0.175.

Details of stock options outstanding as at December 31, 2023, are as follows:

Outstanding	Exercisable	Ex	ercise Price	Expiry Date	Remaining Contractual Life
					(in years)
921,666*	921,666	\$	0.075	August 29, 2025	1.66
1,290,000**	645,000	\$	0.15	December 23, 2025	1.98
2,490,000***	-	\$	0.09	September 1, 2026	2.67
4,701,666	1,566,666				

^{*100,000} options cancelled subsequently

^{**50,000} options cancelled subsequently

^{*** 425,000} options cancelled subsequently

Notes to the financial statements For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

8. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Warrants

A summary of changes of warrants during the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	Unit Warrants			Agent Options/Warrants		
	Outstanding	7	Weighted	Outstanding	V	Weighted
			Average			Average
		Exer	cise Price		Exerc	cise Price
Balance, December 31, 2021	8,555,187	\$	0.19	226,584	\$	0.15
Issued	14,368,793		0.40	719,136		0.26
Exercised	=		-	(105,600)		0.08
Expired	-		-	(4,000)		0.08
Balance, December 31, 2022	22,923,980		0.32	836,120		0.25
Issued	13,685,551		0.15	592,177		0.09
Expired	(1,284,949)		0.20			-
Balance, December 31, 2023	35,324,582	\$	0.26	1,428,297	\$	0.19

On April 12, 2023, the Company issued 258,177 compensation options entitling the holder to purchase one additional unit at an exercise price of \$0.09 until April 12, 2026.

On June 19, 2023, the Company issued 258,000 compensation options entitling the holder to purchase one additional unit at an exercise price of \$0.09 until June 19, 2026.

On August 18, 2023, the Company issued 76,000 compensation options entitling the holder to purchase one additional unit at an exercise price of \$0.09 until August 18, 2026.

Penalty warrants issued:

During the year ended December 31, 2022, pursuant to the terms of the December 2021 FT Financing and the January 2022 Financing, as the common shares of the Company were not listed on a designated exchange by June 30, 2022, subscribers in the December 2021 FT Financing and January 2022 Financing were issued, for no additional consideration, an aggregate 2,561,003 Penalty Warrants, on the same terms.

Details of Unit Warrants outstanding as at December 31, 2023, are as follows:

Outstanding and Exercisable	Exercise Price	Expiry Date	Remaining contractual life
	(\$)		(in years)
3,823,242*	0.20	February 19, 2024	0.14
2,094,006	0.40	December 31, 2024	1.00
3,028,000	0.40	January 26, 2025	1.07
2,399,993	0.075	May 22, 2025	1.39
10,293,790	0.40	August 25, 2025	1.65
3,928,333	0.15	April 12, 2026	2.28
4,552,777	0.15	June 19, 2026	2.47
5,204,441	0.15	August 18, 2026	2.63
35,324,582			

^{*}expired subsequently

Notes to the financial statements For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

8. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Warrants (continued)

Details of Agents Options/Warrants outstanding as at December 31, 2023 are as follows:

			8	
Outstandir	g Exercisable	ing Exercisable Exercise Pric	Expiry Date	Remaining contractual life
		(\$)	(in years)
105,084	* 105,084	34* 105,084 0.2	February 19, 2024	0.14
11,90	0 11,900	000 11,900 0.4	December 31, 2024	1.00
42,00	00 42,000	000 42,000 0.4	January 26, 2025	1.07
677,13	6 677,136	36 677,136 0.2	5 August 25, 2025	1.65
258,17	7 258,177	77 258,177 0.0	April 12, 2026	2.28
258,00	0 258,000	258,000 0.0	June 19, 2026	2.47
76,00	76,000	76,000 0.0	August 18, 2026	2.63
1,428,29	7 1,428,297	297 1,428,297		

^{*}expired subsequently

9. RESERVES

Share-based payment reserve

The share-based payment reserve records items recognized as share-based payments expense until such time that the share options are exercised, at which time the corresponding amount will be transferred to share capital. If the options expire or are forfeited, the corresponding amount previously recorded is transferred from share-based payments reserve to deficit.

Warrant reserve

The warrant reserve records items recognized as warrants until such time that the warrants are exercised, at which time the corresponding amount will be transferred to share capital. If the warrants expire unexercised, the amount previously recorded is transferred from warrant reserve to deficit.

10. CAPITAL DISCLOSURE

The Company considers its capital structure to include cash and shareholders' equity. The Company's objectives when managing capital are to (i) maintain financial flexibility in order to preserve its ability to meet financial obligations and continue as a going concern; (ii) maintain a capital structure that allows the Company to finance its operations; and (iii) optimize the use of its capital to provide an appropriate investment return to its shareholders commensurate with risk.

The Company's financial strategy is formulated and adapted according to market conditions in order to maintain a flexible capital structure that is consistent with its objectives and the risk characteristics of its underlying assets. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of its underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new shares, acquire or dispose of assets, or adjust the amount of cash and receivables.

The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements. There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year.

Notes to the financial statements For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISKS

Fair Values

The fair value of the Company's financial assets and liabilities approximates the carrying amount.

The Company's financial instruments are exposed to certain financial risks, including credit risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk and price risk.

a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk by holding cash. This risk is minimized by holding cash in large Canadian financial institutions. This risk is assessed as low.

b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is not exposed to any interest rate risk.

c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company is unable to meet its financial obligations as they come due. The Company manages this risk by management of its working capital to ensure its expenditures will not exceed available resources. At December 31, 2023, the Company had cash of \$172,213 to settle accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$268,642 and lease payment within 12 months of \$79,520. The Company intends to raise money through equity financing to meet its financial obligations.

d) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the risk of a decline in the value of the Company's financial instruments. Although price risk can be mitigated by hedging, the Company currently doesn't apply any hedging techniques as the Company doesn't have securities that are subject to price fluctuation.

12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related party balances

As at December 31, 2023, there were amounts owing to a company controlled by Peter Schloo, the CEO of the Company, in the amount of \$29,508 (2022 – \$3,310). The amount due to related parties are unsecured, non-interest bearing and due on demand.

Related party transactions and key management compensation

During the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company incurred the following amounts through transactions with the directors and officers of the Company:

For the year ended	Decem	ber 31, 2023	December 31, 202	
Management fees, professional fees, and general and administrative	\$	\$ 379,559		159,250
Share-based payments		46,224		3,582
	\$	425,783	\$	162,832

Notes to the financial statements For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company paid \$172,559 (2022 – \$146,250) to a company controlled by the CEO for executive and administrative services and rent. The Company entered into a service agreement with the CEO for an annual compensation of \$126,000 effective February 1, 2021; effective August 1, 2023, the annual compensation was amended to \$157,500. During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company paid the CEO a bonus of \$135,000 (2022 - \$Nil). The CEO participated in the Company's private placement during 2023, subscribed for 1,500,000 units at \$0.09 per unit for \$135,000.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company paid \$60,000 (2022 – \$Nil) to directors of the Company.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company paid \$Nil (2022 – \$12,000) to James Fairbairn, former CFO and Director, for professional services rendered.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company paid \$12,000 (2022 – \$1,000) to Rachel Chae, CFO, for professional services rendered.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, related parties participated in private placements acquiring 2,277,776 common shares in exchange for \$205,000.

13. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company currently operates in a single reportable operating segment, the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties. All of the Company's assets and expenditures are located in Canada.

14. INCOME TAXES

A reconciliation of the expected income tax recovery to the actual income tax recovery is as follows:

	Year Ended December 31, 2023			Year Ended December 31, 2022		
Net loss before tax	\$	(2,694,714)	\$	(2,881,032)		
Statutory tax rate		27%		27%		
Expected income tax recovery		(728,000)		(778,000)		
Permanent differences		(2,000)		(22,000)		
True up		12,000		(11,000)		
Change in unrecognized tax benefits		718,000		811,000		
Income tax recovery	\$	-	\$	-		

The Company recognized deferred tax assets on losses or other deductible amounts where it is probable that sufficient future taxable profits will be available to realize such assets. The Company's unrecognized deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses for which no deferred tax asset is recognized consist of the following amounts:

	December 31,		December 31,	
	2023	Expiry	2022	Expiry
Non-capital loss carry-forwards	\$ 3,221,000	2039-2043	\$ 1,673,000	2039-2042
Undeducted resource pool	1,543,000	None	953,000	None
Share issuance costs	252,000	2024-2027	369,000	2023-2026
Unrecognized deductible temporary				_
differences and tax losses	\$ 5,016,000		\$ 2,995,000	

Notes to the financial statements For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to the year ended December 31, 2023:

On January 12, 2024, the Company issued 500,000 common shares at a value of \$25,000 as part of the option payments for the Zarn Lake Property Agreement and 6,000,000 units at a value of \$300,000 as part of the option payment for the Drayton – Black Lake Project. Each unit consists of one common share and one warrant entitling the holder to purchase an additional common share at an exercise price of \$0.075 until January 12, 2026. (Note 4)

On January 12, 2024, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement by issuing 2,780,000 units at a price of \$0.05 per unit for gross proceeds of \$139,000, of which \$87,000 was received during the year ended December 31, 2023. Each unit consists of one common share and one warrant entitling the holder to purchase an additional common share at an exercise price of \$0.075 until January 12, 2026.

The Company paid \$1,600 in finders' fees and issued 32,000 agent options entitling the holder to purchase one additional unit at an exercise price of \$0.05 until January 12, 2026.

On April 12, 2024, the Company granted 1,385,000 stock options to certain directors, officers and consultants at an exercise price of \$0.05 per option for a period of 3 years from the date of issuance.