

79 RESOURCES LTD.
Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
For the nine months ended September 30, 2023
Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars

NOTICE TO READER

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the consolidated financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the management.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada for a review of condensed interim consolidated financial statements by an entity's auditor.

79 RESOURCES LTD.Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash	\$ 46,971	\$ 71,214
GST receivable	940	4,824
	<u>47,911</u>	<u>76,038</u>
Non-current assets		
Exploration and evaluation assets (Note 3)	541,646	592,885
	<u>\$ 589,557</u>	<u>\$ 668,923</u>
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,788	\$ 13,945
	<u>1,788</u>	<u>13,945</u>
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital (Note 4)	2,900,529	2,900,529
Reserves (Note 4)	578,328	518,079
Deficit	(2,891,088)	(2,763,630)
	<u>587,769</u>	<u>654,978</u>
	<u>\$ 589,557</u>	<u>\$ 668,923</u>

Nature of Operations and Going Concern (Note 1)

Approved on Behalf of the Board of Directors:

"Ryan Kalt"

Director

"Brian Hearst"

Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements

79 RESOURCES LTD.Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Three months ended September 30, 2023	Three months ended September 30, 2022	Nine months ended September 30, 2023	Nine months ended September 30, 2022
Expenses				
Consulting fees (Note 5)	\$ 8,625	\$ 8,625	\$ 25,875	\$ 24,000
Management fees (Note 5)	-	-	-	6,000
Marketing and promotion	-	-	2,250	3,257
Office and miscellaneous	35	33	140	616
Professional fees (Note 5)	7,500	7,500	28,406	26,200
Regulatory and filing fees	2,696	4,741	10,899	12,394
Share-based payments	-	-	60,249	103,054
Loss before other income	(18,856)	(20,899)	(127,819)	(175,521)
Other income	-	-	361	-
Loss for the period	<u>\$ (18,856)</u>	<u>\$ (20,899)</u>	<u>\$ (127,458)</u>	<u>\$ (175,521)</u>
Loss Per Share, Basic and Diluted	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)
Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding (basic and diluted)	102,182,001	102,182,001	102,182,001	102,182,001

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Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Share Capital		Share-Based Payment Reserve	Deficit	Shareholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount			
Balance at December 31, 2021	102,182,001	\$ 2,900,529	\$ 415,025	\$ (2,555,667)	\$ 759,887
Share-based payments	-	-	103,054	-	103,054
Loss for the period	-	-	-	(175,521)	(175,521)
Balance at September 30, 2022	102,182,001	\$ 2,900,529	\$ 518,079	\$ (2,731,188)	\$ 687,420
Loss for the period	-	-	-	(32,442)	(32,442)
Balance at December 31, 2022	102,182,001	\$ 2,900,529	\$ 518,079	\$ (2,763,630)	\$ 654,978
Share-based payments	-	-	60,249	-	60,249
Loss for the period	-	-	-	(127,458)	(127,458)
Balance at September 30, 2023	102,182,001	\$ 2,900,529	\$ 578,328	\$ (2,891,088)	\$ 587,769

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements

79 RESOURCES LTD.Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Nine months ended September 30, 2023	Nine months ended September 30, 2022
CASH FLOWS USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Loss for the period	\$ (127,458)	\$ (175,521)
Items not involving cash:		
Share-based payments	60,249	103,054
Net change in non-cash working capital items:		
GST recoverable	3,884	28,763
Prepaid expenses	-	5,000
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(12,157)	(16,850)
Due to related parties	-	(1,050)
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(75,482)</u>	<u>(56,604)</u>
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Exploration and evaluation expenditures	<u>51,239</u>	<u>(62,427)</u>
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	<u>51,239</u>	<u>(62,427)</u>
Change in cash during the period	(24,243)	(119,031)
Cash, beginning of period	<u>71,214</u>	<u>228,585</u>
Cash, end of period	<u>\$ 46,971</u>	<u>\$ 109,554</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements

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Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

For the nine months ended September 30, 2023

1. Nature and continuance of operations

79 Resources Ltd. (the “**Company**” or “**79 Resources**”) was incorporated on April 17, 2019 under the laws of the Province of British Columbia, Canada. On October 20, 2021, the Company completed a transaction with Buck Gold Inc. (“**Buck Gold**”). Upon closing of the transaction, the shareholder of Buck Gold had control of the combined entity, and as a result, the transaction was considered a reverse acquisition of 79 Resources by Buck Gold. For accounting purposes, Buck Gold was considered the acquirer and 79 Resources the acquiree. Accordingly, these consolidated financial statements, which are presented on a consolidated basis, are a continuation of the financial statements of Buck Gold starting from Buck Gold’s date of incorporation on February 18, 2021 (See Note 8) pursuant to the laws of the Province of British Columbia.

The Company’s registered office is Suite 1890 - 1075 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6E 3C9.

On August 28, 2020, the Company completed its initial public offering (“**IPO**”) and became publicly listed on the Canadian Securities Exchange (“**CSE**”). The Company trades under the symbol “**SNR**”.

The Company is in the business of exploring its mineral exploration assets and has not yet determined whether these properties contain ore reserves that are economically recoverable. As at September 30, 2023, the Company was in the exploration stage and holds mining project interests in Canada.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which presumes the realization of assets and discharge of liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern and the recoverability of the amounts shown for exploration and evaluation assets are dependent upon the existence of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete the development, and upon future profitable production or proceeds from the disposition thereof. The Company has sustained losses from operations and has an ongoing requirement for capital investment to explore its exploration and evaluation assets. As at September 30, 2023, the Company had a positive working capital balance of \$46,123 (December 31, 2022 - \$62,093).

Based on cash requirements of present corporate strategies and their budgeted operating and capital expenditures levels, the Company does not have sufficient cash to finance its current plans and will require additional funding moving forward. These material uncertainties may cast substantial doubt about the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern. The Company estimates that it will need to raise substantial additional capital to accomplish its business plan and meet its financial obligations, including on a near-term basis and if successful therewith then longer-term. The Company expects to seek additional funding, including potential financing through equity and/or debt financing and/or project disposition strategies, including by way of possible changes to its capital structure. There can be no assurance as to the availability or terms upon which any funding might be available to the Company so that it can meet its ongoing operating and capital needs (among other obligations).

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments to the amounts and classification of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue in business.

2. Significant accounting policies and basis of preparation

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue on November 27, 2023 by the Company through its board of directors.

Statement of compliance

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“**IFRS**”) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“**IASB**”) and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (“**IFRIC**”). Therefore, these condensed interim consolidated financial statements comply with International Accounting Standards (“**IAS**”) 34 “**Interim Financial Reporting**”.

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Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

For the nine months ended September 30, 2023

2. Significant accounting policies and basis of preparation (cont'd)

Basis of preparation

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared on an accrual basis and are based on historical costs, except for financial instruments classified as fair value through profit or loss, which are stated at their fair value. The condensed interim consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Company's functional currency, unless otherwise noted.

Basis of consolidation

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiary, Buck Gold Inc., effective on October 20, 2021. Inter-company balances and transactions are eliminated on consolidation.

Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Company's condensed interim consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes can differ from these estimates.

The following areas required a significant degree of estimation:

a) Recoverability of exploration and evaluation assets

Management has determined that exploration, evaluation and related costs incurred which were capitalized may have future economic benefits and may be economically recoverable. Management uses several criteria in its assessments of economic recoverability and probability of future economic benefits including geologic and other technical information, history of conversion of mineral deposits with similar characteristics to its own properties to proven and probable mineral reserves, scoping and feasibility studies, accessible facilities and existing permits.

b) Share-based compensation

The fair value of stock options issued are subject to the limitation of the Black-Scholes option pricing model, which incorporates market data and involves uncertainty in estimates used by management in the assumptions. The Black-Scholes option pricing model requires the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the volatility of share prices, and, as a result, changes in subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate.

c) Income taxes

The calculation of income taxes requires judgment in applying tax laws and regulations, estimating the timing of the reversals of temporary differences, and estimating the reliability of deferred tax assets. These estimates impact current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities, and current and deferred income tax expense (recovery).

The following areas required a significant degree of judgment:

a) Going concern

The assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and whether there are events or conditions that may give rise to significant uncertainty.

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Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

For the nine months ended September 30, 2023

2. Significant accounting policies and basis of preparation (cont'd)

Foreign currency translation

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

Transactions and balances:

Foreign currency transactions are translated into functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are translated at the period-end exchange rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost continue to be carried at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value are reported at the exchange rate at the date when fair values were determined.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of monetary items or on settlement of monetary items are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise, except where deferred in equity as a qualifying cash flow or net investment hedge.

Financial instruments

Financial assets are classified and measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") or fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"). The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial instruments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial instruments at initial recognition. All financial assets not classified at amortized cost or FVOCI are measured at FVTPL.

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated at FVTPL:

- It is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the financial asset to collect the contractual cash flows associated with the financial asset instead of selling the financial asset for a profit or loss; and
- Its contractual terms give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest.

All financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the consolidated statements of financial position. Subsequent measurement of financial instruments is based on their classification. Financial assets and liabilities classified at FVTPL are measured at fair value with changes in those fair values recognized in profit or loss. Financial assets and financial liabilities classified at amortized cost are using the effective interest method.

Impairment of assets

The carrying amount of the Company's assets which include exploration and evaluation assets, is reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of an asset or its cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss.

The recoverable amount of assets is the greater of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is only reversed if there is an indication that the impairment loss may no longer exist and there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount, however, not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized in previous periods.

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2. Significant accounting policies and basis of preparation (cont'd)

Income taxes

Deferred income tax:

Deferred income tax is provided based on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized only to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Exploration and evaluation assets

The Company is in the exploration stage in respect to its exploration and evaluation assets.

Pre-exploration costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Once the legal right to explore a property has been acquired, costs directly related to exploration and evaluation expenditures are recognized and capitalized, in addition to the acquisition costs. These direct expenditures include such costs as materials used, geological and geophysical evaluation, surveying costs, drilling costs, payments made to contractors and depreciation on property and equipment during the exploration phase. Costs not directly attributable to exploration and evaluation activities, including general administrative overhead costs, are expensed in the period in which they occur.

Where the Company has entered into option agreements for the acquisition of an interest in exploration and evaluation assets which provided for periodic payments, such amounts unpaid are not recorded as a liability when they are payable entirely at the Company's discretion. Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to the exploration and evaluation assets in which it has an interest, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. The exploration and evaluation assets may be subject to prior undetected agreements or transfers and title may be affected by such defects.

When a project is deemed to no longer have commercially viable prospects to the Company, exploration and evaluation expenditures in respect of that project are deemed to be impaired. As a result, those exploration and evaluation expenditure costs, in excess of estimated recoveries, are written-off to profit or loss.

The Company assesses exploration and evaluation assets for indications of impairment at each reporting date.

Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting the mineral resource has been determined, the property is considered to be a mine under development and is classified as "mine development cost". Exploration and evaluation assets are tested for impairment before the assets are transferred to development properties.

Any incidental revenue earned in connection with exploration activities is applied as a reduction to capitalized exploration costs. Any operational income earned in connection with exploration activities is recognized in profit or loss.

Mineral exploration and evaluation expenditures are classified as intangible assets.

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For the nine months ended September 30, 2023

2. Significant accounting policies and basis of preparation (cont'd)

Provision for environmental rehabilitation

The Company recognizes liabilities for legal or constructive obligations associated with the retirement of mineral properties and equipment. The net present value of future rehabilitation costs is capitalized to the related asset along with a corresponding increase in the rehabilitation provision in the period incurred. Discount rates using a pre-tax rate that reflect the time value of money are used to calculate the net present value.

The Company's estimates of reclamation costs could change as a result of changes in regulatory requirements, discount rates and assumptions regarding the amount and timing of the future expenditures. These changes are recorded directly to the related assets with a corresponding entry to the rehabilitation provision.

The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as interest expense. The Company does not have any provisions for rehabilitation obligations.

Flow-through shares

The Company may from time to time, issue flow-through common shares to finance its exploration program. Pursuant to the terms of the flow-through share agreements, these shares transfer the tax deductibility of qualifying resource expenditures to investors. On issuance, the Company bifurcates the flow-through share into i) a flow-through share premium, equal to the estimated premium, if any, investors pay for the flow-through feature, which is recognized as a liability, and ii) share capital. Upon expenditures being incurred, the Company derecognizes the liability on a pro-rata basis to the expenditures incurred. The reduction of the flow-through share premium previously recorded is recognized as other income.

Proceeds received from the issuance of flow-through shares are restricted to be used only for Canadian exploration expenses (as defined in the Tax Act).

The Company may also be subject to a Part XII.6 tax on flow-through proceeds renounced under the Lookback Rule, in accordance with the Tax Act. When applicable, this tax is accrued as a financial expense until paid.

Share capital

The proceeds from the exercise of stock options, warrants and escrow shares are recorded as share capital in the amount for which the option, warrant or escrow share enabled the holder to purchase a share in the Company. The Company's common shares, share warrants and flow-through shares are classified as equity instruments. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Loss per share

Basic loss per share is calculated based on the weighted average aggregate number of common shares outstanding during each period. Diluted loss per share is computed similarly to basic loss per share except that the weighted average shares outstanding are increased to include additional shares for the assumed exercise of stock options and warrants, if dilutive. The number of additional shares is calculated by assuming that outstanding stock options and warrants were exercised and that the proceeds from such exercises were used to acquire common stock at the average market price during the reporting periods. For the periods presented, this calculation proved to be anti-dilutive.

Leases

IFRS 16 Leases - Specifies how to recognize, measure, present and disclose leases. The standard provides a single lessee accounting model, requiring lessees to recognize assets and liabilities for all leases unless the lease term is 12 months or less or the underlying asset has a low value. The Company had no leases in effect during the financial period presented.

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Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

For the nine months ended September 30, 2023

3. Exploration and evaluation assets

	Five Point Copper- Gold Project, British Columbia	North Preston Uranium Project, Saskatchewan	Total
Acquisition Costs:			
Balance, December 31, 2021	\$ 209,975	\$ 1,200	\$ 211,175
Cash	49,992	1,023	51,015
Balance, December 31, 2022	\$ 259,967	\$ 2,223	\$ 262,190
Cash	1,951	-	1,951
Balance, September 30, 2023	\$ 261,918	\$ 2,223	\$ 264,141
Exploration Costs:			
Balance, December 31, 2021	\$ 302,230	\$ -	\$ 302,230
Geological and consulting	8,465	-	8,465
Geophysical	20,000	-	20,000
Balance, December 31, 2022	\$ 330,695	\$ -	\$ 330,695
Cost recovery	(53,190)	-	(53,190)
Balance, September 30, 2023	\$ 277,505	\$ -	\$ 277,505
Total	\$ 539,423	\$ 2,223	\$ 541,646

Five Point Copper & Gold Project (“Five Point”)*Project Background*

The Five Point Copper-Gold Project is contiguous to the Buck Project being advanced by Sun Summit Minerals Corp. (“Sun Summit”), who has discovered gold and copper mineralization at its project.

On October 20, 2021, the Company acquired the Five Point Copper-Gold Project pursuant to the share purchase agreement with Buck Gold (Note 8).

On February 19, 2021, the Company entered into a purchase and sale agreement to acquire a 100% interest, subject to a 2% gross royalty reserved for a related party, in fifty-eight licenses located in British Columbia from a company beneficially owned by the director for consideration of \$153,774, the sum of which reflected fees paid to the Government of British Columbia.

On February 20, 2021, the Company entered into a purchase and sale agreement to acquire a 100% interest, subject to a 2% gross royalty reserved for a related party, in five licenses located in British Columbia from a company beneficially owned by the director for consideration of \$12,690, the sum of which reflected fees paid to the Government of British Columbia.

On March 23, 2021, the Company entered into a purchase and sale agreement to acquire a 100% interest, subject to a 2% gross royalty reserved for a related party, in fifteen licenses located in British Columbia from a company beneficially owned by the director for consideration of \$43,511, the sum of which reflected fees paid to the Government of British Columbia.

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Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

For the nine months ended September 30, 2023

3. Exploration and evaluation assets (cont'd)

Recent Exploration Developments

In May 2021, the Company completed certain exploration work at Five Point by way of a helicopter-borne magnetic survey covering 14,790 hectares utilizing 805 line-kilometres flown, as well as 3-D inversion modelling of a portion of that geophysical airborne survey.

In December 2021, the Company commenced and completed a phase II helicopter-borne magnetic survey at the Five Point project that significantly expanded upon the geophysical work done by the Company earlier in the year (see Company news release dated December 14, 2021).

During 2022, the Company completed a further phase III helicopter-borne magnetic survey at the Five Point project (see also the Company's news release dated February 16, 2022). In addition, the Company actively managed its tenure position with a view to prioritizing overall project footprint to better align with functional areas for target follow-up as well as to better manage and reduce the related government-prescribed assessment obligations which aligns to focusing on project licenses deemed by the Company to be of priority.

During the summer of 2023, the area of British Columbia where the Five Point Copper-Gold Project is situated (being in particular, south of Houston, BC), was impacted by wildfire activity and fire risk that led to area restrictions as well precautionary reductions in the region's mineral exploration activity levels due to fire risk.

Subsequent to the interim period ending September 30, 2023, the Company successfully executed a re-staking strategy involving certain maturing mining claims associated with its Five Point Copper-Gold Project, whereby it re-acquired a number of mining claims (post Crown re-opening) through re-staking efforts (which benefited the Company from both cost and tenure duration standpoints). The royalty originally assumed by the Company in relation to the covered area is applicable to re-staked mining claims.

North Preston Uranium Project (Saskatchewan)

Project Background

On November 8, 2021, the Company entered into a purchase agreement with a company controlled by a related party of the Company to acquire a 100% interest in the North Preston Uranium Project located in the southwest region of Saskatchewan's Athabasca Basin. As consideration, the Company paid \$1,200 for the license fees paid to Government of Saskatchewan and certain non-material expenses affiliated with the license acquisition process. A pre-existing 2% gross royalty on the claim was assumed by the Company.

Recent Developments

During 2022, the tenure comprising the North Preston Uranium Project matured with Crown reversion (due to an absence of filed assessment work) but was successfully re-staked by Company through two licenses, having substantially identical coverage, during a Crown re-opening in August 2022 with applicable government-prescribed license fees paid to the Government of Saskatchewan. The pre-existing 2% gross royalty applies to the re-staked license area.

As a result of the above-described corporate activity performed in 2022 by the Company, the North Preston Uranium Project is now in good-standing to 2024.

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4. Share capital

Authorized share capital

The Company is authorized for an unlimited number of common shares without par value.

Escrow shares

As at September 30, 2023, the Company had 36,430,500 common shares subject to escrow arrangements as either a direct or indirect result of the acquisition of Buck Gold Inc. Under the aforementioned escrow arrangements, 10% of the escrowed common shares, warrants and options were released from escrow upon the date that the shares commenced trading on the CSE on a post-transaction basis, to be followed by six (6) subsequent escrow releases of 15% every six (6) months thereafter.

Stock options

The Company adopted a stock option plan to grant options to individuals exercisable up to 10 years from the date of grant to purchase shares at the market price, less applicable discount, if any. Such grants are not to exceed an aggregate of 10% of the issued and outstanding shares and vesting periods will be determined by the Board of Directors.

On June 27, 2023, the Company granted incentive stock options to purchase 3,000,000 common shares at an exercise price of \$0.05 per share for a period of five years. Accordingly, the Company recorded the estimated grant date fair value of \$60,249 in connection to these options.

The grant date fair value of the options granted above was based on the following assumptions: share price at grant date of \$0.025; exercise price of \$0.05; expected life of 5 years; expected volatility of 128%; risk free interest rate of 3.52%; expected dividend yield of 0%; and forfeiture rate of 0%.

On March 15, 2022, the Company granted incentive stock options to purchase 2,395,000 common shares at an exercise price of \$0.10 per share for a period of five years. Accordingly, the Company recorded the estimated grant date fair value of \$103,054 in connection to these options.

The grant date fair value of the options granted above was based on the following assumptions: share price at grant date of \$0.055; exercise price of \$0.10; expected life of 5 years; expected volatility of 123%; risk free interest rate of 1.96%; expected dividend yield of 0%; and forfeiture rate of 0%.

Stock option transactions are summarized as follows:

	Number of Stock Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance at December 31, 2021	1,280,000	0.14
Granted	2,395,000	0.10
Expired/cancelled	(430,000)	0.13
Balance at December 31, 2022	3,245,000	0.11
Granted	3,000,000	0.05
Expired/cancelled	(1,250,000)	0.13
Balance at September 30, 2023	4,995,000	\$ 0.07

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4. Share capital (cont'd)

Details of options outstanding as at September 30, 2023 are as follows:

Number of Options	Exercise Price	Expiry date	Exercisable
1,995,000	\$0.10	March 15, 2027	1,995,000
3,000,000	\$0.05	June 27, 2028	3,000,000

As at September 30, 2023 the options outstanding had a weighted average exercise price of \$0.07 and a weighted average life of 4.23 years.

Warrants

Warrants transactions are summarized as follows:

	Number of Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance at December 31, 2021	11,792,060	0.18
Expired	(5,060,000)	0.15
Balance at December 31, 2022	6,732,060	0.20
Expired	(4,440,000)	0.20
Balance at September 30, 2023	2,292,060	\$0.20

Details of warrants outstanding as at September 30, 2023 are as follows:

Number of Warrants	Exercise Price	Expiry date
2,292,060	\$0.20	November 30, 2023

As at September 30, 2023 the warrants outstanding had a weighted average exercise price of \$0.20 and a weighted average life of 0.17 years.

5. Related party transactions

Key management compensation

Key management personnel include those having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company as a whole. The Company has determined that key management consists of members of the Company's Board of Directors and corporate officers.

Current Management

During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company did not pay or accrue any compensation to the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the Company (2022 - \$Nil).

During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company has paid or accrued \$27,000 (2022 - \$20,000) to an accounting firm in which the Chief Financial Officer (CFO) of the Company is a partner of the firm for professional services.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company granted stock options to management and directors with a fair value of \$52,216 (2022 - \$70,997).

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5. Related party transactions (cont'd)

Former Management

During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company has paid or accrued \$Nil (2022 - \$6,000) to a company controlled by a former Director of the Company for management services.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company has paid or accrued \$Nil (2022 - \$1,000) to the former CFO for accounting services included in consulting fees.

During the period from the date of incorporation on February 18, 2021 to December 31, 2021, the Company entered into purchase and sale agreements to acquire a 100% interest in certain licenses related to the Five Point Copper-Gold Project (see Note 3). As consideration, the Company paid a total of \$209,975, the sum of which reflected fees paid to the Government of British Columbia.

On November 8, 2021, the Company entered into a purchase agreement with a company controlled by a related party of the Company to acquire a 100% interest in the North Preston Uranium Project located in the southwest region of Saskatchewan's Athabasca Basin (see Note 3). As consideration, the Company paid \$1,200 for the license fees paid to Government of Saskatchewan and certain non-material expenses affiliated with the license acquisition process.

6. Financial risk management

The Company is exposed in varying degrees to a variety of financial instrument related risks.

a) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company's primary exposure to credit risk is on its cash held in bank accounts. The Company has deposited the cash with a high credit quality financial institution as determined by rating agencies. The risk of loss is low.

b) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk, from time to time, on its cash balances. Surplus cash, if any, is placed on call with financial institutions and management actively negotiates favorable market related interest rates.

c) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return. The Company is not exposed to market risk.

d) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. Accrued liabilities are due within the current operating period. The Company has a sufficient cash balance to settle current liabilities.

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Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

For the nine months ended September 30, 2023

6. Financial risk management (cont'd)

e) Capital Management

The Company is engaged in the mineral exploration field and manages related industry risk issues directly. The Company is potentially at risk for environmental issues and fluctuations in commodity-based market prices associated with resource property interests. Management is of the opinion that the Company addresses environmental risk and compliance in accordance with industry standards and specific project environmental requirements.

The Company includes the components of equity in the definition of capital.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust its capital structure, the Company may issue new shares, purchase shares for cancellation or make special distributions to shareholders. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements and does not presently utilize any quantitative measures to monitor its capital.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the period.

f) Fair value

The fair value of the Company's financial assets and liabilities approximates the carrying amount. Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

- Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

Management estimates that the recorded values of all cash, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, all of which are classified as amortized cost, approximate their current fair values because of their nature and anticipated settlement dates.

7. Segmented information

The Company presently operates in one industry segment being the acquisition and exploration of mineral projects in one geographical jurisdiction (Canada), as disclosed in Note 3.

8. Share Acquisition of Buck Gold Inc. ("Buck Gold")

On June 15, 2021, the Company entered into a definitive share purchase agreement with an arm's-length party to acquire all of the issued and outstanding common shares of Buck Gold. Buck Gold holds certain mineral claims in British Columbia (subject a 2% royalty).

To acquire a 100% interest in the securities of Buck Gold, the Company issued 80,000,000 common shares (the "SNR Shares") as consideration for all the issued and outstanding common shares of Buck Gold. The former shareholder of Buck Gold owned greater than 50% of the resulting combined entity and accordingly controlled the combined entity thus resulting in a reverse takeover transaction as defined by IFRS. The SNR Shares have customary escrow provisions as effectuated by the CSE.

The transaction constituted a fundamental change of the Company in accordance with the policies of the CSE, the equity exchange on which the Company is listed, and as such, was subject to certain CSE filings, shareholder approval, CSE approval and other customary regulatory approvals (all conditions of which were met at closing). In addition, the Company paid a finder's fee of 2,000,000 common shares in connection with the transaction to an arm's-length party.

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Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

For the nine months ended September 30, 2023

8. Share Acquisition of Buck Gold Inc. (“Buck Gold”) (cont’d)

The Company closed the acquisition of Buck Gold on October 20, 2021.

The substance of the transaction was a reverse takeover of the non-operating company, and the transaction does not constitute a business combination as 79 Resources does not meet the definition of a business under IFRS 3. As a result, the transaction was recorded by the Company as a reverse takeover that was not a business combination with a recognition of a listing expense which represented the difference between the fair value of consideration Buck Gold paid and the fair value of 79 Resources’ net assets.

Buck Gold, the legal subsidiary, has been identified as the accounting acquirer and 79 Resources, the legal parent, has been identified as the accounting acquiree. As Buck Gold was deemed to be the acquirer for accounting purposes, its assets, liabilities, and operations since incorporation are included in these consolidated financial statements at their historical carrying value. 79 Resources’ results of operations have been included from October 20, 2021, the date of the completion of the transaction.

The fair value of the consideration was calculated as follows:

- The fair value of 17,530,001 common shares was determined to be \$2,103,600 based on the fair value of 79 Resources’ shares on the closing date.
- The fair value of 2,000,000 common shares paid for finder’s fees was determined to be \$240,000 based on the fair value of 79 Resources’ shares on the closing date.
- The fair value of 1,280,000 stock options were valued at \$58,746 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model using the following weighted average assumptions: an annualized volatility of 96%; an expected life of 1.35 years; a dividend yield of 0%; and risk-free rate of 0.57%.
- The fair value of 9,500,000 warrants were valued at \$342,551 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model using the following weighted average assumptions: an annualized volatility of 99%; an expected life of 1.11 years; a dividend yield of 0%; and risk-free rate of 0.48%.

	Amount
	\$
Consideration (Non-Cash)	
Common shares	2,103,600
Stock options	58,746
Warrants	342,551
Common shares for finder’s fee	<u>240,000</u>
Total consideration	<u>2,744,897</u>
Identifiable net assets acquired	
Cash	251,988
GST receivable	19,552
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	<u>(40,804)</u>
Total identifiable net assets acquired	<u>230,736</u>
Allocated to listing expense	<u>2,514,161</u>

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Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian dollars)

For the nine months ended September 30, 2023

9. Capital disclosures

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to pursue the development and expansion of its business and to maintain a flexible capital structure which optimizes the costs of capital at an acceptable risk level.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust its capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new shares or debt, dispose of assets, or adjust the amount of cash and cash equivalents. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain debt or equity capital in the case of operating cash deficits.

The Company does not pay out dividends, has not paid or declared any dividends since the date of incorporation, nor are any dividends contemplated in the foreseeable future.

The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements as at September 30, 2023 except when the Company issues flow-through shares for which the amount is required to be used for exploration work. On November 30, 2021, the Company completed a flow-through private placement totaling \$134,625.

As at September 30, 2023, the Company had no flow-through obligations outstanding, having already fully incurred eligible exploration and evaluation expenditures related to the flow-through obligations under the November 30, 2021 flow-through financing.