CLARITY GOLD CORP. (formerly 1222991 B.C. Ltd.)

CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(UNAUDITED)

NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the condensed interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the condensed interim financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim financial statements of Clarity Gold Corp. (the "Company") have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada for a review of condensed interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

CLARITY GOLD CORP. (formerly 1222991 B.C. Ltd.) CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (UNAUDITED - EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

	Note		June 30, 2020	<u> </u>	December 31, 2019
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash		\$	1,033,796	\$	145,451
GST receivable			11,097		4,022
Prepaid expenses			26,671		-
			1,071,564		149,473
Deferred financing costs	8		-		-
Exploration and evaluation asset	3,10		140,949		90,449
TOTAL ASSETS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	1,212,513	\$	239,922
LIABILITIES					
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	4,7	\$	237,870	\$	125,726
	,	<u> </u>	237,870		125,726
TOTAL LIABILITIES	.		237,870		125,726
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	_		4 400 4=4		4-4-4-
Share capital	5		1,168,471		154,245
Reserves	5		56,721		- (40.040)
Accumulated deficit			(250,549)		(40,049)
			974,643		114,196
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		\$	1,212,513	\$	239,922

Note 10 – Subsequent events

Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors on August 31, 2020 :

"Andrew Male"	Director	"Theo van der Linde"	Director
	_		_

CLARITY GOLD CORP. (formerly 1222991 B.C. Ltd.) CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS (UNAUDITED - EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

	For the three month period ended June 30, 2020		For the six month period ended June 30, 2020	
Expenses				
Bank services fees	\$ 23	\$	236	
Consulting fees	55,000		55,000	
Office and administration	11,503		11,503	
Professional fees	104,580		104,693	
Registration and filing fees	16,517	16,517		
Shareholder communications	7,951		7,951	
Transfer agent	2,060		2,060	
Total expenses	\$ (197,634)	\$	(210,500)	
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period	\$ (197,634)	\$	(210,500)	
<u> </u>	,		•	
Basic and diluted loss per share				
for the period	(0.02)		(0.02)	
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	10,429,121		10,142,857	

The Company was incorporated on September 11, 2019, and has a September 30 fiscal year end, therefore there are no comparative period numbers prior to this reporting date.

CLARITY GOLD CORP. (formerly 1222991 B.C. Ltd.) CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED - EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

	Share C	Capita	al					
	Number of shares		Amount	Reserves		Deficit		Total
Balance at September 11, 2019 (inception)	500,000	\$	2,500	\$ -	\$	-	\$	2,500
Shares issued for cash	7,150,000		143,000	-		-		143,000
Share issue costs	-		(1,255)	-		-		(1,255)
Shares issued for exploration and evaluation asset	2,000,000		10,000	-		-		10,000
Net loss for the period	-		-	-		(40,049)		(40,049)
Balance at December 31, 2019	9,650,000		154,245	-		(40,049)		114,196
Share issued for cash	7,300,000		1,247,500	-		_		1,247,500
Share issue costs	-		(176,553)	-		-		(176,553)
Fair market value of agent options granted for IPO	-		(56,721)	56,721		-		· -
Net loss for the period	-					(210,500)		(210,500)
Balance at June 30, 2020	16,950,000		1,168,471	56,721		(250,549)		974,643

CLARITY GOLD CORP. (formerly 1222991 B.C. Ltd.)
CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2020
(UNAUDITED - EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

	Six month period ended June 30, 2020
CARLLEL OWE FROM ORFRATING ACTIVITIES	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (210.500)
Net loss for the period	\$ (210,500)
Net changes in non-cash working capital accounts	
Increase in GST receivable	(7,075)
Increase in prepaid expenses	(26,671)
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	112,144
Net cash used in operating activities	(132,102)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Shares issued for cash	1,247,500
Share issue costs	(176,553)
Net cash provided by financing activities	1,070,947
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Exploration and evaluation costs	(50,500)
Net cash used in investment activities	(50,500)
Increase in cash during the period	888,345
Cash, beginning of the period	145,451
Cash, end of the period	\$ 1,033,796

The Company was incorporated on September 11, 2019, and has a September 30 fiscal year end, therefore there are no comparative period numbers prior to this reporting date.

Note 8 – Supplemental disclosures with respect to cash flows.

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Clarity Gold Corp. (the "Company") was incorporated under the *Business Corporations Act* (British Columbia) on September 11, 2019. On November 1, 2019 the Company changed its name from 1222991 B.C. Ltd. to Clarity Gold Corp. The Company's head office and registered office are located at 915 – 1055 West Hastings Street, Vancouver, BC, V6E 2E9.

On June 25, 2020, the Company completed its initial public offering ("IPO") by issuing 6,900,000 common shares at \$0.175 per share for gross proceeds of \$1,207,500. On June 29, 2020, the Company's common shares commenced trading on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE") under the trading symbol "CLAR". Proceeds from the IPO will be used to fund exploration activities on exploration and evaluation assets and for general working capital purposes.

The Company is currently evaluating its exploration and evaluation assets and has not determined whether its projects contain reserves that are economically recoverable. The recoverability of amounts recorded for the exploration and evaluation assets are dependent upon the discovery of economically recoverable reserves. The Company's future capital requirements depend on many factors, including costs of exploration and development of the exploration and evaluation assets, cash flow from operations, costs to complete additional exploration, competition and global market conditions. See Note 10.

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared coronavirus COVID-19 a global pandemic. This contagious disease outbreak, which has continued to spread, and any related adverse public health developments, has adversely affected workforces, economies, and financial markets globally, potentially leading to an economic downturn. The impact on the Company is not currently determinable but management continues to monitor the situation.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND BASIS OF PREPARATION

Statement of compliance to International Financial Reporting Standards

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34 – Interim Financial Reporting. These condensed interim financial statements do not include all of the information required for annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements for the period from inception on September 11, 2019 to December 31, 2019 which were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared following the same accounting policies applied to the Company's audited financial statements.

Basis of measurement

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting except for cash flow information. In addition, these condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on the historical-cost basis, except for certain financial assets and financial liabilities.

Foreign currency translation

The Company's reporting and functional currency of all its operations is the Canadian Dollar as this is the principal currency of the economic environment in which the Company operates. The functional currency determination was conducted through an analysis of consideration factors identified in IAS 21, The Effect of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

Going concern assumption

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared by management on a going concern basis which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future.

The Company is in the process of exploring the Empirical Project and it has not yet determined whether the property contains reserves that are economically recoverable. As at June 30, 2020 the Company had not advanced any property to commercial production and is now able to finance day to day activities through operations as a result of completing its recent IPO. During the six months period ended June 30, 2020, the Company incurred a net loss and comprehensive loss of \$210,500 (From Inception, September 11, 2019 to December 31, 2019 - \$40,049) and, as of that date, had an accumulated deficit of \$250,549 (December 31, 2019 - \$40,049) and working capital of \$833,694 (December 31, 2019 - \$23,747). The Company's ability to continue its operations and to realize its assets at their carrying values is dependent upon obtaining additional financing and generating revenues sufficient to cover its operating costs. These factors form a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company has been successful in the past in raising funds for exploration, but there is no assurance that it will be able to continue to do so.

These condensed interim financial statements do not give effect to the adjustments that would be necessary to the carrying values and classification of assets and liabilities should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. Such adjustments could be material.

Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Company's condensed interim financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at the date of the condensed interim financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances; however, actual outcomes can differ from these estimates.

Information about critical judgments and estimates in applying accounting policies that have the most significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities included in the preparation of these financial statements are discussed below:

Impairment of Exploration and Evaluation assets - Assets or cash-generating units ("CGUs") are evaluated at each reporting date to determine whether there are any indications of impairment. The Company considers both internal and external sources of information when making the assessment of whether there are indications of impairment for the Company's mineral properties.

In respect of costs incurred for its exploration and evaluation assets, management has determined that the evaluation, development and related costs incurred, which have been capitalized, continue to be appropriately recorded on the statements of financial position at its carrying value as management has determined there are no indicators of impairment for its exploration and evaluation assets as at June 30, 2020.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions (continued)

Usage of the going concern assumption - The assessment of whether the going concern assumption is appropriate requires management to take into account all available information about the future, which is at least, but not limited to, twelve months from the end of the reporting period. The Company is aware that material uncertainties related to events or conditions may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Treatment of deferred financing costs

Professional, consulting, regulatory and other costs directly attributable to financing transactions are recorded as deferred financing costs until the financing transactions are completed, if the completion of the transaction is considered likely; otherwise they are expensed as incurred. Management applies significant judgment to determine whether the completion of the transaction is considered likely.

3. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

Empirical Project

The Empirical Project ("Empirical") consists of 3 unpatented mineral claims totaling 5,401.36 hectares which are located in the Lillooet Mining Division of British Columbia, Canada. The Empirical claims were initially recorded with British Columbia's Mineral Titles Online as being owned by James Rogers, the Company's Director and CEO as bare trustee in favour of the Optionor but have since been transferred to the Company.

Pursuant to the terms of the Option Agreement (the "Agreement"), the Company can earn a 100% interest in the initial 3 unpatented Empirical claims by making the following payments to the Optionor:

Terms and Due Dates

Issue 2,000,000 common shares by October 22, 2019 (issued at a value of \$10,000)

Pay \$50,000 within 5 days of the common shares being approved for listing on a stock exchange (paid on June 29, 2019)

Incur a minimum of \$80,000 in exploration costs on Empirical by October 1, 2020 (incurred)

Incur a minimum of \$200,000 in exploration costs on Empirical by October 1, 2021

Grant a 2% net smelter royalty ("NSR") to the Option or upon exercise of the Agreement

The NSR is payable following commencement of commercial production. The Company has the right to reduce the NSR from 2% to 1% at any time prior to commencement of commercial production by paying \$1,500,000 to the Optionor.

In addition to the terms outlined above, the Agreement contains a 5 km area of influence provision pursuant to which any claims staked by the Company within 5 km of the Empirical property boundary will automatically be included as part of the Agreement and subject to the 2% NSR.

3. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSET (continued)

Empirical Project (continued)

During the period from inception on September 11, 2019 to December 31, 2019, the Company issued 2,000,000 common shares valued at \$10,000 as acquisition costs and incurred \$80,449 for exploration and evaluation costs as described below. Additional costs of \$50,500 were incurred during the six months period ended June 30, 2020.

		June 30, 2020	Dece	ember 31, 2019
Empirical Project				
Acquisition costs, opening balance	\$	10,000	\$	-
Additions		50,000		10,000
Acquisition costs, ending balance		60,000		10,000
Exploration and evaluation costs, opening balance	\$	80,449	\$	-
Additions:				
Administration		500		10,493
Equipment rentals		-		2,320
Field expenditures		-		795
Geological		-		21,900
Mapping		-		12,000
Meals and lodging		-		5,288
Sampling		-		6,077
Transportation		-		21,576
Total exploration and evaluation costs additions		500		80,449
Total exploration and evaluation costs, ending balance		80,949		80,449
Total acquisition and exploration and evaluation costs	\$	140,949	\$	90,449

See Note 10.

4. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

	June 30,	December 31,		
	2020	2019		
Accounts payable	\$ 224,615	\$ 85,726		
Accrued liabilities	13,255	40,000		
	\$ 237,870	\$ 125,726		

5. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorized

The authorized share capital consists of an unlimited number of common and preferred shares without par value.

As at June 30, 2020, the total common shares outstanding are 16,950,000 (December 31, 2019 - 9,650,000).

The following is a reconciliation of common shares held in escrow:

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Shares held in escrow, opening balance	-	-
Shares placed into escrow upon completion of IPO	5,950,000	
10% of shares released from escrow upon commencement		
of trading on the CSE	(275,000)	-
Shares held in escrow, ending balance	5,675,000	-

The escrow agreements provide that 10% of the 2,750,000 common shares held in escrow were to be released on commencement of trading on the CSE. An additional 15% of the number of securities originally held thereunder shall be released on each of the 6 month, 12 months, 18 months, 24 months, 30 months and 36 months thereafter.

A second escrow agreement provides that 3,200,000 common shares are held in escrow and 25% will be released on October 29, 2020, February 28, 2021, June 29, 2021, October 29, 2021.

These escrow shares may not be transferred, assigned or otherwise dealt without the consent of regulatory authorities.

Share issuances

Six month period ended June 30, 2020:

On February 13, 2020, the Company completed a private placement of 400,000 common shares at \$0.10 per share for gross proceeds of \$40,000.

On June 25, 2020, the Company completed its Initial Public Offering ("IPO") of 6,900,000 common shares at \$0.175 per share for gross proceeds of \$1,207,500. Pursuant to an agency agreement, the Company paid a total of \$176,553 in share issue costs for the IPO. The share issue costs were comprised of a 9% agent's commission totalling \$108,675, corporate finance fees of \$50,000, and \$17,878 for due diligence expenses. The Company also issued 621,000 non-transferable agent options with a fair value of \$56,721 which are exercisable at \$0.175 per share until June 25, 2022. The fair value of the agent options was determined using Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model with the following inputs: volatility 100%, expected life of 2 years, and a risk-free rate of 0.30%.

5. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Share issuances (continued)

Inception on September 11, 2019 to December 31, 2019:

On September 11, 2019, the Company issued 500,000 common shares at \$0.005 per share for gross proceeds of \$2,500.

On October 1, 2019, the Company issued 2,000,000 common shares valued at \$10,000 pursuant to the Empirical Project Option Agreement.

On December 31, 2019, the Company completed a private placement of 7,150,000 common shares at \$0.02 per share for gross proceeds of \$143,000. The Company paid \$1,255 for finder's fees in connection with this private placement and included the fee in share issue costs.

Agent options

The following is a summary of the Company's agent options activity:

	Number of agent options #	Weighted average exercise price \$
Balance, December 31, 2019	-	-
Issued	621,000	0.175
Balance, June 30, 2020	621,000	0.175

As at June 30, 2020, the Company had 621,000 agent options outstanding and exercisable to acquire common shares with an exercise price of \$0.175 and expires on June 25, 2022.

See Note 10.

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company is exposed to minimal financial instrument related risks. The Board of Directors approves and monitors the risk management processes, inclusive of documented investment policies, counterparty limits, and controlling and reporting structures. The type of risk exposure and the way in which such exposure is managed is provided as follows:

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company's primary exposure to credit risk is on its cash held in bank accounts. The Company's cash is deposited in bank accounts held with major banks in Canada. As most of the Company's cash is held by the banks there is a concentration of credit risk. This risk is managed by using major banks that are high quality financial institutions as determined by rating agencies.

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its obligations as they become due. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on management's ability to raise required funding through future equity issuances. The Company manages its liquidity risk by forecasting cash flows from operations and anticipating any investing and financing activities. Management and the Board of Directors are actively involved in the review, planning and approval of significant expenditures and commitments.

As at June 30, 2020, the Company has \$237,870 (December 31, 2019 -\$125,726) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities that are due within 90 days of period-end.

Currency risk

The Company currently has no foreign exchange risk as it conducts all of its business within Canada and in Canadian Dollars.

Interest rate risk

The Company is not currently exposed to significant interest rate risk.

Capital management

The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern such that it can provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. The Company considers the items included in shareholders' equity as capital. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust its capital structure, the Company may issue new shares, sell assets to settle liabilities or return capital to its shareholders. The Company is not exposed to externally imposed capital requirements and there were no changes in the Company's capital management during the period.

Fair Value Hierarchy

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 –Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The fair value of the Company's financial instruments which includes cash, accounts payable, and accrued liabilities, approximates their carrying amount due to the short-term nature of these financial instruments.

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operation decisions. Related parties may be individuals or corporate entities. A transaction is considered to be a related party transaction when there is a transfer of resource or obligations between related parties.

Amounts due to related parties consist of charges accrued for accounting fees, consulting fees, corporate advisory fees, geological and exploration fees. These amounts are due to companies controlled by a director and officers. These amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment.

The following amounts due to related parties are included in account payables and accrued liabilities:

	June 30,	Decei	mber 31,
	2020		2019
A company controlled by a Director and CEO of the Company	\$ 41,500	\$	90,449
A company controlled by a Director	42,000		-
A company controlled by the CFO of the Company	10,400		2,000
	\$ 93,900	\$	92,449

The Company has identified all directors/officers as its key management personnel. The following are the transactions with related parties during the period ended June 30, 2020:

	Six month period ended June 30, 2019		period ended June 30,		period ended June 30,		Sep	ception on tember 11, 2019 to cember 31, 2019
Consulting fees to a company controlled by a Director								
and CEO of the Company	\$	30,000	\$	10,000				
Consulting fees to a company controlled by a Director of the Company		12,500		-				
Professional fees to a company controlled by a Director of the Company		12,500		-				
Consulting fees to a company controlled by the CFO of the Company		6,000		2,000				
Capitalized acquisition costs for the Empirical property to a company controlled by a Director and CEO of the Company Capitalized exploration and evaluation fees charged by a		50,000		10,000				
company controlled by a Director and CEO of the Company		-		80,449				
	\$	111,000	\$	102,449				

8. SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES WITH RESPECT TO CASH FLOWS

The Company's significant non-cash transactions during the periods ended June 30, 2020, and December 31, 2019 were as follows:

On June 25, 2020, the Company transferred \$25,000 from deferred financing costs to corporate finance fees for the IPO, which is included in share issue costs.

On June 25, 2020, the Company issued 621,000 non-transferrable agent options with a fair value of \$56,721 as part of share issue costs for the completed IPO.

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NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SIX MONTHS PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2020
(UNAUDITED - EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

8. SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES WITH RESPECT TO CASH FLOWS (continued)

On October 1, 2019, the Company issued 2,000,000 common shares valued at \$10,000 pursuant to the Empirical Project Option Agreement.

At December 31, 2019, exploration and evaluation costs included \$80,449 in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

9. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company conducts its business as a single operating segment, being the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties. As at June 30, 2020, all the Company's assets were located in Canada.

10. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Property acquisitions

On July 2, 2020, the Company paid \$7,013 to stake two mineral claims (4,007.50 hectares) adjacent and contiguous to the west and south of the Empirical Project.

On July 6, 2020, the Company acquired the Tyber (928.70 hectares), and Gretna Green (1,331.13 hectares) Projects on Vancouver Island, British Columbia, Canada. The Company also acquired additional mineral claims (1,109.70 hectares) adjacent and contiguous to the east of the Empirical Project. The Company paid \$10,000 and issued 1,250,000 common shares to acquire all three of these mineral properties.

Private placement

On July 31, 2020, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement consisting of 2,158,000 Units at a price of \$0.30 per Unit for gross proceeds of \$647,400. Each Unit is comprised of one common share in the capital of the Company and one half of one share purchase warrant. One full share purchase warrant will be exercisable into one common share at a price of \$0.35 per share until July 31, 2022.

Proceeds from the private placement are expected to be used for general working capital purposes.

The Company paid a \$10,000 finder's fee and issued 79,310 agent options to Leede Jones Gable Inc. Each agent option is exercisable into one common share at a price of \$0.30 per share until July 31, 2022.

Granted share options

On July 31, 2020, the Company granted 100,000 share options to certain consultants under its share option plan. Each option is exercisable at \$1.00 per share until July 31, 2023. The options are subject to vesting provisions, with one-third vesting on the grant date, one-third on the first anniversary of the date of grant, and one-third on the second anniversary thereof.

On August 21, 2020, the Company granted an additional 100,000 share options to a new member of the Company's Advisory Board. Each option is exercisable at \$1.06 per share until August 21, 2023. All of the options vest upon date of grant.