

GOLDHAVEN RESOURCES CORP.
(An Exploration Stage Company)

Consolidated Financial Statements

July 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

Corporate Head Office
2710 – 200 Granville Street
Vancouver, BC
V6C 1S4

GOLDHAVEN RESOURCES CORP.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Consolidated Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

July 31, 2023 and 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF GOLDHAVEN RESOURCE CORP.

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Goldhaven Resources Corp. and its subsidiaries (the "Company"), which comprise:

- ♦ the consolidated statements of financial position as at July 31, 2023 and July 31, 2022
- ♦ the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss for the years then ended;
- ♦ the consolidated statements of changes in shareholders' equity for the years then ended; and
- ♦ the consolidated statements of cash flows for the years then ended;
- ♦ the notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company as at July 31, 2023 and 2022, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audits of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audits is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 1 in the consolidated financial statements, which indicates that the Company incurred a net loss of \$9,485,590 during the year ended July 31, 2023 and, as of that date, had an accumulated deficit of \$17,670,847. As stated in Note 1, these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 1, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended July 31, 2023. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Except for the matter described in the *Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern* section, we have determined that there are no other key audit matters to communicate in our auditors' report.

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Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises of Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audits of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audits, and remain alert for indications that the other information appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained Management's Discussion and Analysis prior to the date of this auditors' report. If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in this auditors' report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ♦ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

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- ◆ Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- ◆ Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- ◆ Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- ◆ Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- ◆ Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audits.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Kevin Yokichi Nishi.

Smythe LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants

Vancouver, British Columbia
November 27, 2023

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GOLDHAVEN RESOURCES CORP.

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

As at July 31, 2023 and July 31, 2022

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	July 31, 2023	July 31, 2022
ASSETS		
Current		
Cash	\$ 8,255	\$ 1,517,761
Receivables (Note 5)	15,609	108,771
Prepaid expenses (Note 4)	39,861	34,614
	63,725	1,661,146
Exploration and evaluation assets (Note 6)	1,667,404	8,639,653
Right-of-use asset (Note 7)	-	64,031
Total Assets	\$ 1,731,129	\$ 10,364,830
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 243,484	\$ 184,907
Due to related parties (Note 8)	67,262	3,675
Lease liability – current portion (Note 7)	-	30,736
	310,746	219,318
Lease liability (Note 7)	-	40,950
	310,746	260,268
Shareholders' Equity		
Common shares (Note 9)	18,179,851	17,639,067
Warrant reserves (Note 9)	555,437	541,020
Share-based payment reserves (Note 10)	355,942	828,488
Deficit	(17,670,847)	(8,904,013)
	1,420,383	10,104,562
Total Liabilities and Shareholder's Equity	\$ 1,731,129	\$ 10,364,830

On behalf of the Board:

(Signed) "David C. Smith"

David C. Smith, Director

(Signed) "Gordon L. Ellis"

Gordon L. Ellis, Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

GOLDHAVEN RESOURCES CORP.

Consolidated Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss

For the years ended July 31, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	July 31, 2023	July 31, 2022
Operating expenses		
Amortization (Note 7)	\$ 7,684	\$ 30,735
Consulting fees (Note 8)	181,487	768,069
Investor relations	206,091	705,291
Office and administration (Note 7 & 8)	110,315	81,387
Professional fees (Note 8)	262,811	125,806
Regulatory fees	41,792	40,925
Rent (Note 8)	15,468	33,517
Share-based payments (Note 10)	246,210	775,646
Travel	13,927	31,124
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Loss for the period	(1,085,785)	(2,592,500)
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	11,112	(35,321)
Gain on lease termination (Note 7)	8,217	
Write-down of Value Added Tax (Note 5)	-	(217,396)
Loss on debt settlement (Note 9)	(8,496)	-
Write-off of exploration and evaluation assets (Note 6)	(8,410,638)	(1,506,297)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Loss and comprehensive loss for the year	\$ (9,485,590)	\$ (4,351,514)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Basic and diluted loss per common share	\$ (0.77)	\$ (0.39)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	12,309,920	11,186,882
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

GOLDHAVEN RESOURCES CORP.

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Number of Shares	Capital Stock	Obligation to issue shares	Warrant Reserves	Share-based Payment Reserves	Deficit	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance, July 31, 2021	9,123,933	11,861,075	3,107,283	263,182	584,572	(5,088,592)	10,727,520
Shares issued – Pat's Pond/O'Neill option	1,183,334	2,982,000	(2,982,000)	-	-	-	-
Shares issued – Smoke Mountain option	42,613	125,283	(125,283)	-	-	-	-
Shares issued – private placement	608,703	1,523,786	-	239,017	-	-	1,762,803
Shares issue costs	-	(171,198)	-	43,933	-	-	(127,265)
Warrants exercised	654,939	1,318,121	-	(749)	-	-	1,317,372
Warrants expired	-	-	-	(4,363)	-	4,363	-
Options expired	-	-	-	-	(84,000)	84,000	-
Options cancelled	-	-	-	-	(447,730)	447,730	-
Share-based compensation – RSU's	-	-	-	-	461,128	-	461,128
Share-based compensation – Options	-	-	-	-	314,518	-	314,518
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(4,351,514)	(4,351,514)
Balance, July 31, 2022	11,613,522	\$ 17,639,067	\$ -	\$ 541,020	\$ 828,488	\$ (8,904,013)	\$ 10,104,562
Shares issued – Smoke Mountain options 1-4	85,228	71,592	-	-	-	-	71,592
Shares issued – Smoke Mountain options 5-7	149,146	98,163	-	-	-	-	98,163
Shares issued – Pat's Pond/O'Neill option	333,333	111,333	-	-	-	-	111,333
Shares issued – Coya 6 acquisition	166,667	80,000	-	-	-	-	80,000
Shares issued – private placement	222,917	93,625	-	13,375	-	-	107,000
Shares issued – for debt	270,767	89,353	-	-	-	-	89,353
Shares issue costs – cash	-	(2,240)	-	-	-	-	(2,240)
Shares issue costs – non-cash	-	(1,042)	-	1,042	-	-	-
Share-based compensation – Options	-	-	-	-	246,210	-	246,210
Options expired/forfeited	-	-	-	-	(253,765)	253,765	-
Options cancelled	-	-	-	-	(464,991)	464,991	-
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(9,485,590)	(9,485,590)
Balance, July 31, 2023	12,841,580	\$ 18,179,851	\$ -	\$ 555,437	\$ 355,942	\$ (17,670,847)	\$ 1,420,383

On June 28, 2023, the Company's common shares were consolidated on a basis of one post-consolidated common shares for every six pre-consolidated common shares. The number of the shares, options, warrants and per share amounts presented have been retrospectively adjusted to reflect the impact of the share consolidation.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

GOLDHAVEN RESOURCES CORP.
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
For the years ended July 31, 2023 and 2022
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	July 31, 2022	July 31, 2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Loss for the year	\$ (9,485,590)	\$ (4,351,514)
Item not affecting cash:		
Amortization	7,684	30,735
Interest accretion on lease payments	3,467	17,151
Gain on lease termination	(8,217)	-
Share-based payments	246,210	775,646
Loss on settlement of debt	8,496	-
Write-down of Value Added Tax	-	217,396
Write-off of exploration and evaluation assets	8,410,638	1,506,297
	(817,312)	(1,804,289)
Changes in non-cash working capital items:		
Receivables	93,162	(94,853)
Prepays	(5,247)	291,931
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	251,994	(139,493)
Due to related parties	63,587	3,675
Net cash used in operating activities	(413,816)	(1,743,029)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITY		
Exploration and evaluation assets	(1,189,861)	(927,455)
Lease payments	(10,589)	(42,357)
Net cash used in investing activity	(1,200,450)	(969,812)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from issuance of shares	107,000	1,762,803
Share issue costs	(2,240)	(127,265)
Warrant exercises	-	1,317,372
Net cash provided by financing activities	104,760	2,952,910
Change in cash for the year	(1,509,506)	240,069
Cash, beginning of year	1,517,761	1,277,692
Cash, end of year	\$ 8,255	\$ 1,517,761
Cash paid for interest	\$ -	\$ -
Cash paid for tax	\$ -	\$ -

Significant non-cash financing and investing transactions during the year ended July 31, 2023, included:

- Issued 333,333 common shares with a fair value of \$111,333 for the acquisition of the Pat's Pond Project (Notes 6 and 9).
- Issued 234,374 common shares with a fair value of \$169,755 for the acquisition of the Smoke Mountain Project (Notes 6 and 9).
- Issued 166,667 common shares with a fair value of \$80,000 for the acquisition of Coya 6 Project (Notes 6 and 9).
- Issued 270,767 common shares with a fair value of \$89,353 to settle \$80,857 in accounts payable, recording a loss of \$8,496 on settlement.
- Exploration and evaluation asset additions within accounts payable of \$46,515.

Significant non-cash financing and investing transactions during the year ended July 31, 2022, included:

- Issued 7,100,000 common shares with a fair value of \$2,982,000 for the acquisition of the Pat's Pond/O'Neil Projects (Notes 6 and 9).
- Issued 255,680 common shares with a fair value of \$125,283 for the acquisition of the Smoke Mountain Project (Notes 6 and 9).
- Issued finder's warrants with a fair value of \$43,933 (Note 9).
- Exploration and evaluation asset additions within accounts payable of \$159,075.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

GOLDHAVEN RESOURCES CORP.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ended July 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

GoldHaven Resources Corp. (“GoldHaven” or the “Company”) was incorporated on February 20, 2019 under the laws of British Columbia. The Company’s head office and records office are located at #2710 - 200 Granville Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6C 1S4, Canada.

The Company’s common shares trade on the Canada Securities Exchange (“CSE”) under the trading symbol GOH and on the OTCQB under the symbol GHVNF.

The Company is an exploration stage junior mining company currently engaged in the identification, acquisition, and exploration of mineral resources in Canada and Chile.

On June 28, 2023, the Company’s common shares were consolidated on a basis of one post-consolidated common shares for every six pre-consolidated common shares. The number of the shares, options, warrants and per share amounts presented have been retrospectively adjusted to reflect the impact of the share consolidation.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a going concern. Several adverse conditions may cast significant doubt on the validity of this assumption. The Company incurred a loss of \$9,485,590 during the year ended July 31, 2023 (2022 - \$4,351,514) and, as of that date, had an accumulated deficit of \$17,670,847 (2022 - \$8,904,013). The Company is currently unable to self-finance operations, has limited resources, has no source of operating cash flow, and has no assurances that sufficient funding will be available to conduct further exploration and development of its exploration and evaluation assets and to maintain operations.

The Company has relied principally upon the issuance of securities for financing. Future capital requirements will depend on many factors, including the Company's ability to execute its business plan. The Company intends to continue relying upon the issuance of securities to finance its future activities, but there can be no assurance that such financing will be available on a timely basis under terms acceptable to the Company.

These consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments to the carrying amounts and classification of assets and liabilities that may result from the inability to secure future financing, and therefore be unable to continue as a going concern. Such a situation would have a material adverse effect on the Company’s business, financial performance, and financial condition. Such adjustments could be material.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

a) Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”).

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of IFRS standards that are effective as of July 31, 2023. These consolidated financial statements were approved for issuance by the Company’s Board of Directors on November 27, 2023.

b) Basis of presentation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments that have been measured at fair value. These consolidated financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information. These consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries.

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all years presented in these financial statements.

GOLDHAVEN RESOURCES CORP.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ended July 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

c) Principles of consolidation

These consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and the entities controlled by the Company. Control exists when the Company has the power, directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries listed in the following table:

	Country of Incorporation	Principal Activity	Effective interest at July 31, 2023
1243461 B.C. Ltd. ("3461")	Canada	Mineral exploration	100%
GoldHaven Resources Chile S.p.A	Chile	Mineral exploration	100%

d) Critical estimates, judgments and assumptions

The preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting year. Estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

The areas which require management to make significant judgments, estimates and assumptions in determining carrying values include, but are not limited to:

Critical accounting estimates

Critical accounting estimates are estimates made by management that may result in a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year and include, but are not limited to, the following:

Share based compensation

Share based compensation is valued using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model as appropriate, at the date of grant and expensed in profit or loss over vesting period of each award. The Black Scholes Option Pricing Model utilizes subjective assumptions such as expected price volatility and expected life of the option. Share based compensation expense also utilizes subjective assumption on forfeiture rate. Changes in these input assumptions can significantly affect the fair value estimate.

Leases - Estimating the incremental borrowing rate

The Company cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in leases where it is the lessee. As such, it uses its Incremental Borrowing Rate ("IBR") to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Company would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of comparable value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment. IBR therefore reflects what the Company "would have to pay", which requires estimation when no observable rates are available or where the applicable rates need to be adjusted to reflect the terms and conditions of the lease. The Company estimates the IBR using observable inputs (such as market interest rates) when available and is required to make certain entity-specific estimates.

GOLDHAVEN RESOURCES CORP.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ended July 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

d) Critical estimates, judgments and assumptions (Continued)

Critical accounting estimates (Continued)

Value Added Tax

Management's assumptions regarding the recoverability of Value Added Tax ("VAT") receivable at the end of each reporting period is made using all relevant facts available, the development of VAT policies, and the general economic environment of the country to determine if a write-down of the VAT is required. Collection of the amount receivable depends on processing and payment of the claims by the local government.

While the Company is still pursuing collection, with the delay in processing and collection, management determined for the year ended July 31, 2023 that it was appropriate to write-down the VAT receivable by \$Nil (2022 - \$217,396). The timing and amount of the VAT ultimately collectable could be materially different from the amount recorded in the consolidated financial statements. Any future recovery of the VAT receivable will be recorded in profit or loss as a recovery.

Significant Judgments

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to use judgment in applying its accounting policies and estimates and assumptions about the future. The following discusses the most significant accounting judgments the Company has made in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

Going concern

The assumption that the Company will be able to continue as a going concern is subject to critical judgments of management with respect to assumptions surrounding the short and long-term operating budget, expected profitability, investing and financing activities, and management's strategic planning. Should those judgments prove to be inaccurate, management's continued use of the going concern assumption could be inappropriate.

Exploration and evaluation assets impairment

At the end of each reporting period, the Company assesses each of its exploration and evaluation assets or cash-generating units ("CGUs") to determine whether any indication of impairment exists. The Company has used geographical proximity, geological similarities, analysis of shared infrastructure, commodity type, assessment of exposure to market risks, and materiality to define its CGUs.

Judgment is required in determining whether indicators of impairment exist, including factors such as: the period for which the Company has the right to explore, expected renewals of exploration rights, whether substantive expenditures on further exploration and evaluation of resource properties are budgeted or planned, and results of exploration and evaluation activities on the exploration and evaluation assets. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment, if any. During the year ended July 31, 2022, the Company determined indicators of impairment existed with respect to its Rio Loa property and recognized an impairment loss (Note 6). During the year ended July 31, 2023, the Company determined indicators of impairment existed with respect to its Apolo, Coya and Pats Pond/O'Neill properties and recognized an impairment loss (Note 6).

GOLDHAVEN RESOURCES CORP.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ended July 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

d) Critical estimates, judgments and assumptions (Continued)

Significant Judgments (Continued)

Flow-through expenditures

The Company is required to spend proceeds received from the issuance of flow-through shares on qualifying resources expenditures. Differences in judgment between management and regulatory authorities with respect to qualified expenditures may result in disallowed expenditures by the tax authorities. Any amount disallowed may result in the Company's required expenditures not being fulfilled.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Exploration and evaluation assets

All of the Company's projects are currently in the exploration and evaluation phase. Pre-exploration costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Exploration and evaluation expenditures, once the legal right to explore a property has been acquired, are capitalized in addition to the acquisition costs. These direct expenditures include such costs as materials used, geological and geophysical evaluation, surveying costs, drilling costs, payments made to contractors, and depreciation on plant and equipment during the exploration phase. Costs not directly attributable to exploration and evaluation activities, including general administrative overhead costs, are expensed in the period in which they occur.

From time to time the Company may acquire or dispose of a mineral property pursuant to the terms of an option agreement. As the options are exercisable entirely at the discretion of the optionee, the amounts payable or receivable are not recorded. Option payments are recorded as property costs or recoveries when the payments are made or received.

When a project is deemed to no longer have commercially viable prospects for the Company, exploration and evaluation assets in respect of that project are deemed to be impaired. As a result, those exploration and evaluation asset costs, in excess of estimated recoveries, are written off to profit or loss.

The Company assesses exploration and evaluation assets for indicators of impairment in accordance with IFRS 6 *Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources*. If indicators of impairment are identified, the Company assesses whether the exploration and evaluation assets are impaired in accordance with the criteria set out in IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets* to determine whether the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting the mineral resource has been determined, the property or CGU is tested for impairment, and then is considered to be a mine under development and the capitalized costs associated with that mine are reclassified from exploration and evaluation assets to property, plant and equipment as mines under construction.

As the Company currently has no operational income, any incidental revenues earned in connection with exploration activities are applied as a reduction to capitalized exploration costs.

b) Leases

Leases are recognized as a lease liability and a corresponding right-of-use ("ROU") asset at the date on which the leased asset is available for use by the Company. Liabilities and assets arising from a lease are initially measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the Company's estimated incremental borrowing rate when the rate implicit in the lease is not readily available. The incremental borrowing rate reflects the rate of interest that the lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value in a similar economic environment with similar terms and conditions.

GOLDHAVEN RESOURCES CORP.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ended July 31, 2023 and 2022

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

b) Leases (Continued)

The lease liability is subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in the future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee or if there is a change in the assessment of whether the Company will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option that is within the control of the Company.

Lease payments are allocated between the lease liability and finance costs. Cash outflows for repayment of the principal portion of the lease liability is classified as cash flows used for investing activities.

The ROU asset is initially measured at an amount equal to the corresponding lease liability and is subsequently depreciated on a straight-line basis, over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset or the lease term. The ROU asset may be adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability and impairment losses.

Leases that have terms of less than twelve months or leases on which the underlying asset is of low value are recognized as an expense in the consolidated statement of loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

c) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Where appropriate, the future cash flow estimates are adjusted to reflect risks specific to the liability.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized within financing costs.

Contingent liabilities are possible obligations whose existence will only be confirmed by future events not wholly within the control of the Company. Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the financial statements but are disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of economic resources is considered remote.

d) Impairment of non-current assets

Non-current assets are evaluated at each reporting date by management for indicators that carrying value is impaired and may not be recoverable. When indicators of impairment are present, the recoverable amount of an asset is evaluated at the level of a cash-generating unit ("CGU"), the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets, where the recoverable amount of a CGU is the greater of the CGU's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. An impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss to the extent the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount.

In calculating recoverable amount, if applicable, the Company uses discounted cash flow techniques to determine fair value when it is not possible to determine fair value either by quotes from an active market or a binding sales agreement.

Discounted cash flow techniques often require management to make estimates and assumptions, which if incorrect, could result in a material difference in the consolidated financial statements.

An impairment loss is reversed if there is an indication that there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment had been recognized.

GOLDHAVEN RESOURCES CORP.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

e) Foreign currency translation

The functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries is measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which that entity operates.

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are translated at the year-end exchange rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost continue to be carried at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences arising on the translation of monetary items or on settlement of monetary items are recognized in profit or loss.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items are recognized in other comprehensive income (loss) to the extent that gains and losses arising on those non-monetary items are also recognized in other comprehensive income (loss).

f) Earnings or loss per share

Basic earnings or loss per share is calculated on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the reporting period. Diluted earnings per share is computed similar to basic earnings per share, except that the weighted average number of shares outstanding is increased to include additional shares from the assumed exercise of stock options and warrants, if dilutive. The number of additional shares is calculated by assuming that outstanding stock options and warrants were exercised and the proceeds from such exercises were used to acquire shares of common stock at the average market price during the reporting period. In the Company's case when it incurs a net loss for the period, diluted loss per share presented is the same as basic loss per share, as the effect of outstanding options and warrants in the diluted loss per common share calculation would be anti-dilutive.

g) Share capital

Common shares are classified as equity. The proceeds from the exercise of share options or warrants together with amounts previously recorded on grant date or issue date are recorded as common shares. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

h) Valuation of equity units in private placements

The Company has adopted the residual value method with respect to the measurement of shares and warrants issued as part of units. The residual value method first allocates value to common shares issued in the private placements at their fair value, as determined by the last trading price on the closing date. The balance, if any, is allocated to the warrants. Any fair value attributed to the warrants is recorded in shareholders' equity.

i) Flow-through shares and units

The resource expenditure deductions for income tax purposes related to exploration and development activities funded by flow-through share arrangements are renounced to investors in accordance with Canadian tax legislation. On issuance, the premium recorded on the flow-through share, being the difference in price over a common share with no tax attributes, is recognized as a liability. As expenditures are incurred, the liability associated with the renounced tax deductions is recognized through profit and loss with a pro-rata portion of the deferred premium.

At the time of closing a financing involving flow-through units consisting of common shares and warrants, the Company allocates proceeds received as follows: (i) share capital – the market trading price of the common share; (ii) warrants reserves – based on the valuation derived using the Black-Scholes option pricing model or value attributed to warrants issued in non-flow-through unit offering on the same date with similar terms; and (iii) flow-through premium – any excess, recorded as a liability.

GOLDHAVEN RESOURCES CORP.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

i) Flow-through shares and units (Continued)

To the extent that the Company has deferred tax assets in the form of tax loss carry-forwards and other unused tax credits as at the reporting date, the Company may use them to reduce its deferred tax liability relating to tax benefits transferred through flow-through shares or units.

j) Share-based compensation

The Company grants stock options to acquire common shares of the Company to directors, officers, employees, and consultants. An individual is classified as an employee when the individual is an employee for legal or tax purposes, or provides services similar to those performed by an employee.

The fair value of stock options granted to employees is measured on the date of grant, using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, and is recognized over the vesting period for valuation of equity-based awards. These models require the input of subjective assumptions including expected price volatility, interest rate, and forfeiture rate. Changes in the input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate and the Company's earnings and equity reserves. Consideration paid for the shares on the exercise of stock options is credited to capital stock.

In situations where equity instruments are issued to non-employees and some or all of the goods or services received by the entity as consideration cannot be specifically identified, they are measured at fair value of the equity instruments issued. Otherwise, share-based payments are measured at the fair value of goods or services received.

The fair value of equity settled RSUs and DSUs granted is measured at the closing trading price of the Company's common shares on the date of grant, unless vesting is based on market conditions. Costs are recognized as an expense over the vesting term with a corresponding increase in reserves.

The fair value of equity settled RSUs and DSUs which vest based on market conditions is determined using a Monte Carlo Simulation model.

The grant date fair value is recognized as an expense over the requisite service period irrespective of whether the market conditions have been achieved.

When RSUs and DSUs are settled in shares, recorded fair value is transferred from reserves to share capital.

k) Income taxes

Income tax expense is comprised of current and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax are recognized in income (loss), except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income (loss). Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized where the carrying amount of an asset or liability differs from its tax base, except for taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill and temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss.

Recognition of deferred tax assets for unused tax losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences is restricted to those instances where it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deferred tax asset can be utilized. At the end of each reporting period the Company reassesses unrecognized deferred tax assets. The Company recognizes a previously unrecognized deferred tax asset to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

GOLDHAVEN RESOURCES CORP.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1) Financial instruments

Financial Assets

The Company recognizes a financial asset when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The Company classifies financial assets at initial recognition as financial assets: measured at amortized cost, measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, or measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The Company's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Assessment and decision on the business model approach used is an accounting judgment.

Financial assets measured at amortized costs

A financial asset that meets both of the following conditions is classified as a financial asset measured at amortized cost:

- The Company's business model for such financial assets is to hold the assets in order to collect contractual cash flows.
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the amount outstanding.

A financial asset measured at amortized cost is initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs directly attributable to the asset. After initial recognition, the carrying amount of the financial asset measured at amortized cost is determined using the effective interest method, net of impairment loss, if necessary.

Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI")

A financial asset measured at FVTOCI is recognized initially at fair value plus transaction costs. For financial assets that are not held for trading, the Company can make an irrevocable election at initial recognition to classify the instruments at FVTOCI, with all subsequent changes in fair value being recognized in other comprehensive income. This election is available for each separate investment. Fair value changes are recognized in OCI while dividends are recognized in profit or loss. The Company does not have any financial assets designated as FVTOCI.

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")

A financial asset measured at FVTPL is recognized initially at fair value with any associated transaction costs being recognized in profit or loss when incurred. Subsequently, the financial asset is re-measured at fair value, and a gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss in the reporting period in which it arises. Cash is classified as FVTPL.

Impairment

In relation to the impairment of financial assets, IFRS 9 requires an expected credit loss model. The expected credit loss model requires the Company to account for expected credit losses ("ECL") and changes in those ECL at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the financial assets.

Derecognition

The Company derecognizes financial assets only when the contractual rights to cash flows from the financial assets expire, or when it transfers the financial assets and substantially all of the associated risks and rewards of ownership to another entity. Gains and losses on derecognition are generally recognized in the statements of loss and comprehensive loss.

GOLDHAVEN RESOURCES CORP.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the years ended July 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1) Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. A financial liability is derecognized when it is extinguished, discharged, cancelled, or when it expires. Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortized cost. All interest-related charges are reported in profit or loss within interest expense, if applicable. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities and due to related parties are classified as FVTPL.

The Company derecognizes financial liabilities when the financial liability is discharged, cancelled, or expired. Generally, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss.

Compound financial instruments

Where an instrument contains both a liability and equity component, these components are recognized separately based on the substance of the instrument, with the liability component measured initially at fair value and equity component assigned the residual amount.

4. PREPAID EXPENSES

Prepaid expenses primarily consist of advances made for contracted consulting, investor relations, and insurance services, the delivery of which extend beyond July 31, 2023.

5. RECEIVABLES

Receivables consist of goods and services taxes ("GST") due from the Government of Canada. The Company anticipates full recovery of its current receivables within one period. A summary of the Company's receivables is as follows:

	July 31, 2023	July 31, 2022
GST receivable	\$ 15,609	\$ 108,771

During the year ended July 31, 2022, the Company determined that due to delays and uncertainty in processing and collection VAT receivable was impaired. Consequently, the Company recorded a write-off of all VAT receivable which resulted in recognizing an impairment loss of \$217,396, determined in accordance with Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

GOLDHAVEN RESOURCES CORP.

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6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

Title to exploration and evaluation assets involves certain inherent risks due to the difficulties of determining the validity of certain claims as well as the potential for problems arising from the frequently ambiguous conveyancing history characteristic of many exploration and evaluation assets. The Company has investigated title to all its exploration and evaluation assets and, to the best of its knowledge, title to all its properties are in good standing on the Company's current properties retained.

	CANADA			CHILE			Total
	Smoke Mountain BC	Pat's Pond & O'Neill Nfld	Coya	Coya 6 Maricunga Gold Belt	Rio Loa	Apolo	
Balance July 31, 2021	150,283	2,982,000	511,400	-	1,472,770	3,942,967	9,059,420
Acquisition costs:							
Cash	-	-	38,140	-	-	95,455	133,595
Shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Acquisition costs for the year	-	-	38,140	-	-	95,455	133,595
Deferred exploration costs:							
Consulting	2,738	40,546	-	-	3,125	30,000	76,409
Field exploration	475,631	80,813	1,871	-	30,403	287,808	876,526
Exploration costs for the year	478,369	121,359	1,871	-	33,528	317,808	952,935
Total for the year	478,369	121,359	40,011	-	33,528	413,263	1,086,530
Write-off of exploration costs	-	-	-	-	(1,506,297)	-	(1,506,297)
Balance July 31, 2022	628,652	3,103,359	551,411	-	1	4,356,230	8,639,653
Acquisition costs:							
Cash	68,750	-	40,893	-	82,361	67,500	259,504
Shares	169,755	111,333	-	80,000	-	-	361,088
Acquisition costs for the year	238,505	111,333	40,893	80,000	82,361	67,500	620,592
Deferred exploration costs:							
Consulting	-	-	31,605	-	-	-	31,605
Field exploration	800,246	41,214	1,820	-	-	15,814	859,094
Field exploration (recoveries)	-	(72,902)	-	-	-	-	(72,902)
Exploration costs for the year	800,246	(31,688)	33,425	-	-	15,814	817,797
Total for the year	1,038,751	79,645	74,318	80,000	82,361	83,314	1,438,389
Write-off of exploration costs	-	(3,183,003)	(625,729)	(80,000)	(82,362)	(4,439,544)	(8,410,638)
Balance July 31, 2023	1,667,403	1	-	-	-	-	1,667,404

GOLDHAVEN RESOURCES CORP.

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6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (Continued)**Smoke Mountain Project – B.C., Canada**

On May 15, 2021, the Company entered into an earn-in agreement expiring May 15, 2024, under which the Company may earn a 100% interest in the 4 claims comprising the Smoke Mountain copper-gold property located in central British Columbia.

In consideration of the granting of the Option and to maintain the Option, the Company is required to make cash payments to the optionors in the amount of \$375,000 and issue to the optionors an aggregate of \$450,000 of equivalent GoldHaven Shares during the Option Period, as follows:

Payment Period	Consideration in Cash	Cash	Consideration value in Shares	Number of Shares issued
On May 15, 2021	\$ 25,000	Paid	\$ 112,500	42,614 shares issued (Note 9) ⁽²⁾
On or before July 15, 2022	50,000	Paid	112,500	42,614 shares issued (Note 9) ⁽²⁾
On or before July 15, 2023	100,000	⁽¹⁾	112,500	42,614 shares issued (Note 9) ⁽²⁾
On or before July 15, 2024	200,000	-	112,500	-
Totals	\$ 375,000		\$ 450,000	

Footnotes:

⁽¹⁾ The optionors have agreed to postpone the Cash payment of \$100,000 (Amended Agreement) until January 15, 2024. The Company is to issue 214,286 shares at a deemed price of \$0.07 per share (valued at \$15,000) for the extension amendment (see Note 15).

⁽²⁾ Number of shares to be issued is determined as the consideration value divided by the 30-day average trading price of the Company's common shares subject to a minimum of \$2.64 per common share.

On September 8, 2022, the Company entered into an additional option agreement and extended its Smoke Mountain land position from 4,190 hectares to 8,645 hectares (3 additional claims). The consideration payable for granting the Option and to maintain the Option, GoldHaven shall during the Option Period issue to the Optionors an aggregate of \$337,500 in GoldHaven Shares and make cash payments to the Optionors in the amount of \$281,250 over the next 3 years as follows:

Payment Period	Consideration in Cash	Cash	Consideration value in Shares	Number of Shares issued
On September 8, 2022	\$ 18,750	Paid	\$ 84,375	100,446 shares issued (Note 9) ⁽²⁾
On September 8, 2023	37,500	-	84,375	48,700 shares issued (Note 9), 51,746 (Note 15) ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
On September 8, 2024	75,000	-	84,375	-
On September 8, 2025	150,000	-	84,375	-
Totals	\$ 281,250		\$ 337,500	

Footnotes:

⁽¹⁾ The optionors have agreed to postpone the Cash payment of \$37,500 (Amended Agreement) until March 8, 2024. The Company is to issue 80,537 shares at a deemed price of \$0.07 per share (valued at \$5,625) for the extension amendment (see Note 15).

⁽²⁾ Number of shares to be issued is determined as the consideration value divided by the 30-day average trading price of the Company's common shares subject to a minimum of \$0.84 per common share.

The Optionors retain a 2.5% NSR royalty (buyable down to 2% at the option of the Company) and there are no work commitments applicable to this Option.

During the Option Period, the Company is required to maintain the claims in good standing, pay all taxes and assessments and not permit any liens for unpaid work to be attached to the claims. If the Company satisfies the consideration payable to the Optionors during the Option Period, the Company may give notice of the exercise of the Option and shall be deemed to have earned all legal title and interest in the claims, subject to the Company's obligations associated with the NSR royalty.

GOLDHAVEN RESOURCES CORP.

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6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (Continued)**Pat's Pond and O'Neill Projects – Newfoundland, Canada**

On July 15, 2021, the Company entered into the following series of agreements:

- a) The Pat's Pond Property Assignment and Assumption Agreement between 1299886 B.C. Ltd. (the "Assignor"), the Company and Shane Stares (the "Optionor") pursuant to which the Assignor assigned all of its rights to the Pat's Pond Claims as well as an obligation to pay a 2% Net Smelter Return Royalty (the "Pat's Pond NSR"; one-half of which can be purchased from the owners for \$1 million), which it obtained pursuant to a June 10, 2021 option agreement (the "PP Agreement") with the Optionor, to the Company. The Pat's Pond claim package consists of 327 claims (the "Pat's Pond Claims"), which are located in the southern portion of the west side of Newfoundland.
- b) The O'Neill Property Assignment and Assumption Agreement between 1299886 B.C. Ltd. (the "Assignor"), the Company and Shane Stares (the "Optionor") pursuant to which the Assignor assigned all of its rights to the O'Neill Claims as well as an obligation to pay a 2% Net Smelter Return Royalty (the "O'Neill NSR"; one-half of which can be purchased from the owners for \$1 million), which it obtained pursuant to a April 28, 2021 option agreement (the "ON Agreement") with the Optionor, to the Company. The O'Neill claim package consists of 525 claims covering (the "O'Neill Claims") and is located in the northern portion of central Newfoundland.
- c) A Letter Agreement between the Assignor and the Company pursuant to which the Assignor assigned all of its interests in the Pat's Pond and O'Neill Project claims, the PP Agreement and the ON Agreement.

As consideration for the Company obtaining the above-noted agreements, the Company agreed to issue the following shares (the "Payment Shares") to the Assignor and Optionor:

Payment Period	Recipient	Consideration in Shares ⁽¹⁾	Shares issued
On or before July 20, 2021	Assignor	750,000	August 31, 2021 (Note 9)
	Optionor	433,333	August 31, 2021 (Note 9)
On or before July 15, 2022	Optionor	200,000	September 21, 2022
On or before July 15, 2023	Optionor	133,333	July 17, 2023
Total		1,516,666	

Foot notes:

⁽¹⁾ All share issuances are subject to the approval of the CSE.

During the year ended July 31, 2023, the Company decided not to continue further exploration on the Pat's Pond and O'Neill Project claims, an indicator of impairment, leading to a test of the claims' recoverable amount. A value in use calculation is not applicable as the Company does not have any expected cash flows from using the claims at this stage of operations. In estimating the fair value less costs of disposal, management did not have observable or unobservable inputs to estimate the recoverable amount greater than \$1 while the claims are in good standing and therefore recorded an impairment provision of \$3,183,003 in accordance with level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Rio Loa and Coya Projects – Chile

On April 8, 2020, the Company entered into an assignment and assumption agreement, whereby the assignor assigned to the Company all of its rights under two letters of intent with third party vendors. Pursuant to the letters of intent, the Company was expected to enter into definitive agreements with the third-party vendors whereby it will be assigned or granted an option to acquire a 100% interest in and to:

GOLDHAVEN RESOURCES CORP.

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6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (Continued)**Rio Loa and Coya Projects – Chile (Continued)**

- a) Certain mining concessions located in the Diego de Almagro province of the Atacama region, Chile (the "Rio Loa Project"); and
- b) Certain mining concessions located in the Diego de Almagro and Copiapo provinces of the Atacama region, Chile (the "Coya Project").

In consideration for the assignment and at the closing of the assignment, the Company issued an aggregate of 666,667 common shares with a fair value of \$400,000 on June 1, 2020.

Rio Loa Project – Chile

On February 26, 2021, the Company initially entered into a formal assignment of a unilateral option agreement to acquire a 100% interest in the Rio Loa Project, subject to a 2% net smelter returns royalty, of which the Company can purchase 1% by paying USD \$3,000,000. On May 27, 2021 and July 7, 2022, the Company and the parties revised their earlier agreements.

Rio Loa, the most northern project, is comprised of 4 concessions referenced as Rio Loa 1, Rio Loa 2, Rio Loa 3, and Rio Loa 4.

As consideration for the assignment of the option agreement and to exercise the option (the "**Rio Loa Option**") for the Rio Loa Project in full, the Company must complete the following:

- (a) Make aggregate payments of USD \$1,255,000 and complete an expenditure program as follows:

Date	Option Consideration in Cash (USD)	Assignment Consideration in Cash (USD)	Paid	Expenditure Commitments	Completion
Upon execution of the Letter of intent	\$ 65,000	\$ -	Paid	-	-
On or before April 12, 2020	130,000	20,000	Paid	-	-
On or before November 30, 2020	-	30,000	Paid	-	-
On or before April 12, 2021	30,000	-	Paid	-	-
On or before April 16, 2021	50,000	-	Paid	-	-
On or before January 21, 2022	-	40,000	-	-	-
On or before April 12, 2022	-	50,000	-	-	-
On or before July 12, 2022	40,000	-	Paid	-	-
On or before April 12, 2023	-	60,000	-	-	-
On or before July 12, 2023	740,000	-	-	-	-
Totals	\$ 1,055,000	\$ 200,000		1,500-meter drill program	Completed

- (b) Pay a royalty of 2% of the net smelter return proceeds that the Company receives from the sale of mineralized rock from Rio Loa. At the Company's option, one-half the 2% royalty for USD \$3 million;
- (c) Pay a discovery bonus (up to a maximum of USD \$5 million) to the vendors in amounts ranging from USD \$2/oz to USD \$5/oz on NI 43-101 compliant measured and indicated gold mineral resources discovered on the Rio Loa Project;

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(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (Continued)**Rio Loa Project – Chile (Continued)**

- (d) Make cash payments in the aggregate amount of USD \$10,000 per annum on April 12th of each year until the first payment is made in respect of the Additional Discovery Bonus; and
- (e) During the term of the Rio Loa Option, the Company will be responsible for maintaining the concessions in good standing and paying all fees and assessments in connection with the Project.

As at July 31, 2022 and to date, the Company has not made the required payments, an indicator of impairment. Accordingly, during the year ended July 31, 2022, the Company recognized an impairment provision of \$1,506,297 in accordance with level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The Company planned to renegotiate certain of the option terms.

During the year ended July 31, 2023, the Company, the Optionors and the Assignors could not agree in their renegotiations, and the Company has not made the required payments and accordingly terminated the agreement.

Coya Project – Chile

On February 26, 2021, the Company entered into assignment and assumption agreements, whereby the Company was assigned all of the vendors' rights, title, benefit and interest under two option agreements to acquire a 100% interest in the Coya Project (the "Coya Option Agreement"); subject to a 2% net smelter returns royalty on production, of which the Company can purchase 1% by paying USD \$6,000,000. On May 27, 2021 and July 12, 2022, the Company and the parties revised their earlier agreements.

In consideration for the Option Price and the assignment of the Coya Option Agreements, the Company must complete the following:

- (a) Make aggregate payments of \$4,534,000 for the Option and for the Assignment of the Option, and to issue 166,667 shares of the Company for a Mining Concessions Purchase agreement with a third party vendor to acquire the Coya 6 concessions of which shares would be available for sale, as follows:

Date	Option Price in Cash (USD)	Assignment of Options in Cash (USD)	Coya 6 Consideration Paid in shares	Paid/Issued
Prior to July 31, 2020	\$ 60,000	\$ 94,000	-	Paid
On or before March 11, 2021	-	60,000	-	Paid
On or before April 3, 2021	20,000	-	-	Paid
On or before March 3, 2022	10,000	-	-	Paid
On or before March 17, 2022	20,000	-	-	Paid
On or before July 11, 2022	-	30,000	-	Paid
On or before January 3, 2023	190,000	-	-	-
On or before April 3, 2023	150,000	-	-	-
On or before July 11, 2023	-	300,000	-	-
On or before July 11, 2024	-	300,000	-	-
On or before July 11, 2025	-	3,300,000	-	-
Available for sale on closing	-	-	33,333	Issued
Available for sale 3 months from closing	-	-	33,333	Issued
Available for sale 6 months from closing	-	-	33,334	Issued
Available for sale 9 months from closing	-	-	33,333	Issued
Available for sale 12 months from closing	-	-	33,334	Issued
Totals	\$ 450,000	\$ 4,084,000	166,667	

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6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (Continued)**Coya Project – Chile (Continued)**

- (b) During the term of the option for the Coya Project, the Company was responsible for maintaining the concessions in good standing and paying all fees and assessments in connection with the Project.

As at July 31, 2023 and to date, the Company has not made the required payments and communicated with the Optionors that it would not be continuing with the Option Agreement, an indicator of impairment. The Company accordingly recognized an impairment provision of \$625,729 in accordance with level 3 of the fair value hierarchy on the Coya Property during the year ended July 31, 2023.

The Company retained Coya 6; however, it does not intend to continue with a foreseeable exploration program and will allow the concession to laps, an indicator of impairment. The Company accordingly recognized an impairment provision of \$80,000 in accordance with level 3 of the fair value hierarchy during the year ended July 31, 2023.

Apolo Project – Chile

On September 15, 2020, the Company issued 1,166,667 common shares with a fair value of \$3,115,000 for the acquisition of 3461, a private, B.C. incorporated company which sole asset is a unilateral option to purchase certain mining concessions in Chile (the “Apolo Project”). For accounting purposes, the acquisition has been recorded as an asset acquisition as 3461 did not meet the definition of a business, as defined in IFRS 3.

On October 28, 2020, the Company then executed an option agreement (the “Apolo Option”) with Apolo Exploraciones SpA and IMT Exploraciones SpA, the owners of the Apolo Project mining concessions (known as Alicia, Roma, Condor, Jacqueline, and Valle). The five Apolo Project areas are located in the northern portion of the Maricunga.

Pursuant to the Apolo Option, the Company must complete the following:

- (a) Make fixed payments of USD \$8,510,000 and meet certain minimum drilling commitments, as follows:

Date	Consideration in Cash (USD)	Paid	Expenditure Commitments	Completion
Prior to signing of the Apolo Option	\$ 25,000	Paid	-	-
On or before December 24, 2020	20,000	Paid	-	-
4 monthly instalments of \$10,000 beginning on or before December 28, 2020	40,000	Paid	-	-
On or before October 28, 2021	75,000	Paid	3,000-meter drill program	(1)
On or before October 28, 2022	10,000	Paid	Additional 5,000 meters	(1)
On or before December 31, 2022	10,000	Paid		
On or before October 28, 2023	330,000		Additional 5,000 meters	(1)
On or before October 28, 2024	2,000,000		-	-
On or before October 28, 2025	6,000,000		Additional 4 th drill program or complete a PEA, either having a minimum cost of \$1,300,000 at the Company’s Option	(1)
Totals	\$ 8,510,000		13,000-meter drill program	

Foot notes:

- (1) The timing of the drilling commitments had been renegotiated.

- (b) Pay a royalty of 2% of the net smelter return (“NSR”) that the Company receives for the sale or disposal of the minerals extracted exclusively from the Apolo Project properties, though GOH Chile is entitled to repurchase from the NSR holder one-half (50%) of the NSR for the amount of USD \$5,000,000. Once this right is exercised and payment made therefore, the NSR shall be reduced to 1% NSR; and

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6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (Continued)**Apolo Project – Chile (Continued)**

- (c) During the term of the Apolo option, the Company was responsible for maintaining the concessions in good standing and paying all fees and assessments in connection with the Project.

During the year ended July 31, 2023, the Company and the Optionors could not agree in their renegotiations and gave notice to the Optionor terminating the Option Agreement, an indicator of impairment. Accordingly, the Company accrued an additional USD \$50,000 in maintenance costs it was responsible for up to the date of the termination notice and recognized an impairment provision of \$4,439,544 on the Apolo Property during the year ended July 31, 2023.

7. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSET AND LEASE LIABILITY

The Company had a lease agreement for office space in Vancouver, British Columbia. On May 1, 2021, upon entering the lease, the Company recognized \$102,450 for a right-of-use (“ROU”) asset and \$102,450 for a lease liability. This lease liability was measured using an incremental borrowing rate of 20%. During the year ended July 31, 2023 the lease was terminated, as a result the Company recognized a gain on termination of \$8,217 (2022 - \$Nil).

Right-of-use assets

The continuity of the ROU asset and lease liability for the years ended July 31, 2023, and July 31, 2022 is as follows:

	July 31, 2023	July 31, 2022
Cost		
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 102,450	\$ 102,450
Termination of lease	(102,450)	-
Balance at end of period	\$ -	\$ 102,450
Accumulated amortization		
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 38,419	\$ 7,684
Amortization	7,684	30,735
Termination of lease	(46,103)	
Balance at end of period	\$ -	\$ 38,419
Net book value	\$ -	\$ 64,031

Lease liabilities

The following is the continuity of lease liabilities as at July 31, 2023 and July 31, 2022:

	July 31, 2023	July 31, 2022
Lease liability		
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 71,686	\$ 96,892
Termination of lease	(64,564)	-
Lease payments	(10,589)	(42,357)
Interest accretion on lease liability	3,467	17,151
Balance at end of period	-	71,686
Current portion	-	(30,736)
Non-current portion	\$ -	\$ 40,950

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7. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSET AND LEASE LIABILITY (Continued)**Lease liabilities (Continued)**

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under lease commitments as at July 31, 2023 and July 31, 2022:

	July 31, 2023	July 31, 2022
Total remaining payments		
Fiscal year end July 31, 2023	\$ -	\$ 42,356
Fiscal year end July 31, 2024	-	42,356
Fiscal year end July 31, 2025	-	7,059
Total	\$ -	\$ 91,771

Payments recognized in the consolidated financial statements relating to short-term leases and low-value assets for the years ended July 31, 2023 were \$Nil (July 31, 2022 - \$Nil).

8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND KEY MANAGEMENT COMPENSATION

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing, and controlling the activities of the Company, directly or indirectly. Key management personnel include the Company's executive officers and directors. The transactions with related parties were in the normal course of operations and were measured at the fair value.

Key management personnel compensation during the years ended July 31, 2023, and 2022 was as follows:

	July 31, 2023	July 31, 2022
Consulting fees	\$ 148,500	\$ 158,500
Consulting fees, capitalized	31,604	30,000
Professional fees	73,187	44,442
Office and administration	36,000	32,500
Share-based compensation – Options granted	245,915	103,546
Share-based compensation – RSU's	-	481,905
Rent	26,058	75,874
	\$ 561,264	\$ 926,767

The amounts due to the related parties are as follows:

	July 31, 2023	July 31, 2022
Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities:		
Due to former Director	\$ 13,441	\$ -
Due to the CEO	25,146	-
Due to the CFO	28,675	3,675
	\$ 67,262	\$ 3,675

The amounts owing above are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed term for repayment.

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8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND KEY MANAGEMENT COMPENSATION (Continued)

On May 26, 2023, the Company closed on an offering of unsecured convertible debentures and 166,668 detachable share purchase warrants (valued at \$14,048) with Directors and Officers raising \$60,000. The debentures matured on the date that is the earlier of (i) receipt of a GST refund of not less than \$60,000, or (ii) the first anniversary of the date of issuance of the debentures. The debentures were convertible at the conversion rate of \$0.36 per common share until the maturity date. The debentures bear an interest rate of 10% per annum, calculated annually and not in advance. Interest shall be due and payable on the earlier of the maturity date or the date that the company may at its discretion redeem the debentures. The detachable share purchase warrants shall be exercisable at the price of \$0.54 per share during a term of one year. The debentures were repaid in full on July 20, 2023.

The debentures were determined to be a compound financial instrument comprising an equity classified conversion feature and equity classified warrants with a host debt component. However, given the short-term nature of the debentures there was no bifurcation of the equity components as the amounts allocated under the residual value method would be minimal. Thus, no value has been assigned to the equity components.

9. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorized share capital

Unlimited number of common shares without par value.

Issued share capital

During the year ended July 31, 2023, the Company had the following share capital transactions:

- i) On August 23, 2022, issued 85,228 shares with a fair value of \$112,500 in consideration of the Smoke Mountain payment requirements in shares that were due on July 15, 2022 and July 15, 2023 (Note 6) and issued 48,700 shares with a fair value of \$40,908 in advanced consideration of Smoke Mountain payment requirement in shares on additional properties acquired under option (Note 6).
- ii) On September 21, 2022, issued 200,000 shares with a fair value of \$102,000 in consideration of the Pats Pond issuance requirement that was due on July 15, 2022 (Note 6).
- iii) On November 16, 2022, issued 166,667 shares in consideration of the Coya 6 issuance payment requirement in shares on acquisition (Note 6).
- iv) On December 22, 2022, closed a non-brokered private placement for 222,917 units at a price of \$0.48 per share for gross proceeds of \$107,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one common share purchase warrant with each full warrant entitling the holder to purchase one additional common share for a period of two years at a price of \$0.72 per share. The Company paid \$1,960 and issued 4,084 broker warrants (valued at \$1,042) as finders' fees. Each broker warrant is exercisable for one additional common share for a period of two years at a price of \$0.72 per share. As a result of applying the residual value method, the proceeds from the private placement allocated \$93,625 to common shares and \$13,375 to warrants.
- v) On January 25, 2023, issued 100,446 shares with a fair value of \$57,255 in consideration of Smoke Mountain payment requirement in shares on additional properties acquired under option (Note 6).
- vi) On March 31, 2023, settled USD \$60,000 in debts by issuing 270,767 common shares valued at \$89,353 (\$0.355 per share) on the date of issuance (deemed price on the date of the agreement \$0.30 per share) resulting in a loss of \$8,496 on settlement. All securities issued will have a hold period of four months plus one day.
- vii) On July 17, 2023, issued 133,333 shares with a fair value of \$9,333 in consideration of the Pats Pond issuance requirement that was due on July 15, 2023 (Note 6).

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9. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)**Issued share capital (Continued)**

During the year ended July 31, 2022, the Company had the following share capital transactions:

- i) On August 4, 2021, the Company issued 42,613 common shares with a fair value of \$125,283 for the acquisition of the Smoke Mountain Project.
- ii) On August 31, 2021, the Company issued 1,183,334 common shares with a fair value of \$2,982,000 for the acquisition of the Pat's Pond/O'Neil Projects.
- iii) On November 22, 2021, the Company issued 419,328 Flow-Through Units at a price of \$3.12 per Unit for aggregate gross proceeds of \$1,308,303 and 106,042 non-flow-through units at a price of \$2.40/unit for gross proceeds of \$254,500. On November 26, 2021, the Company issued an additional 83,333 non-flow-through units at a price of \$2.40/unit for gross proceeds of \$200,000. Each unit consists of one common share of the Company and one-half of one common share purchase warrant, each whole warrant entitles the holder to purchase an additional common share of the Company at a price of \$3.90 per share (the "Warrants") for a period of 24 months from the closing of the Offering. The expiry of the Warrants may be accelerated if the closing price of the Corporation's common shares on the Canadian Securities Exchange is equal to or greater than \$5.40 for a minimum of ten consecutive trading days and a notice of acceleration is provided in accordance with the terms of the Warrants. The common shares forming part of the National FT Units and BC FT Units, will be issued as "flow-through shares". Finder's fees were paid to Glores Securities Inc. (\$90,999 and 29,166 warrants) pursuant to the flow-through financing and, to Stephen Avenue Securities (\$1,330 cash), MMP Munich Mining Partners GmbH (\$12,425 cash and 5,731 warrants), and Haywood Securities Inc. (\$14,000 cash and 5,833 warrants) pursuant to the non-flow through financing. The Company incurred additional issuance share issuance costs of \$8,511 in connection with the financing. As a result of applying the residual value method, the proceeds from these private placements were allocated \$1,523,786 to common shares and \$239,017 to warrants. The Company is committed to spending \$1,308,303 in Qualifying Canadian Exploration Expenditures ("CEE"). As at July 31, 2022, the Company has incurred \$530,630 in CEE. As of December 31, 2022, the Company incurred the required \$1,308,303 in CEE.
- iv) The Company issued 654,939 common shares for gross proceeds of \$1,317,372 related to the exercise of share purchase warrants. As a result of the exercises, \$749 was reclassified from warrants reserves to share capital.

Warrants

Warrant transactions are summarized as follows:

	Number of Warrants	Weighted average exercise price
Outstanding, July 31, 2021	3,130,898	\$ 2.34
Issued	345,083	3.90
Exercised	(654,939)	2.04
Expired	(416,007)	2.82
Outstanding, July 31, 2022	2,405,035	\$ 2.52
Issued	393,669	0.64
Outstanding, July 31, 2023	2,798,704	\$ 1.39

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9. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)**Warrants (Continued)**

The following warrants were outstanding at July 31, 2023 and July 31, 2022:

Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Number of Warrants	
		July 31, 2023	July 31, 2022
October 29, 2023 ⁽⁴⁾	\$1.80	1,317,082	1,317,082
October 29, 2023 ⁽¹⁾⁽⁴⁾	\$1.80	78,546	78,546
November 4, 2023 ⁽⁴⁾	\$1.80	150,000	150,000
November 4, 2023 ⁽¹⁾⁽⁴⁾	\$1.80	10,734	10,734
November 22, 2023 ⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾	\$0.72	262,684	262,684
November 22, 2023 ⁽¹⁾⁽⁴⁾	\$3.90	34,897	34,897
November 26, 2023 ⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾	\$0.72	41,667	41,667
November 26, 2023 ⁽¹⁾⁽⁴⁾	\$3.90	5,833	5,833
March 5, 2024 ⁽²⁾	\$0.72	389,818	389,818
March 19, 2024 ⁽²⁾	\$0.72	82,524	82,524
March 19, 2024 ⁽¹⁾	\$3.90	31,250	31,250
May 26, 2024 ⁽³⁾	\$0.54	166,668	-
December 22, 2024	\$0.72	222,917	-
December 22, 2024 ⁽¹⁾	\$0.72	4,084	-
		2,798,704	2,405,035

⁽¹⁾ Broker Warrants⁽²⁾ During the period ended April 30, 2023, the Warrants have been repriced to \$0.72⁽³⁾ Debenture Warrants⁽⁴⁾ Expired unexercised subsequent to year end

Finder's warrants issued year the period ended July 31, 2023, \$1,042 (July 31, 2022 - \$43,933) were fair valued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions:

	Period ended July 31, 2023	Year ended July 31, 2022
Risk-free interest rate average	3.82%	1.04%
Expected life	2 years	2 years
Expected annualized volatility	129.53%	100.00%
Expected dividend rate	0.00%	0.00%

Debenture warrants issued year the period ended July 31, 2023, \$14,048 (July 31, 2022 - \$Nil) were fair valued using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions:

	Period ended July 31, 2023
Risk-free interest rate average	4.31%
Expected life	1 years
Expected annualized volatility	147.37%
Expected dividend rate	0.00%

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10. STOCK OPTION PLAN AND SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

Stock Options

The Company adopted its current stock option plan on November 16, 2019 (the “Option Plan”). The terms of the stock option plan provide that the number of Company Shares which may be reserved for issuance under the stock option plan (together with all other share compensation arrangements of the Company) shall not exceed 10% of the number of Company Shares outstanding. Subject to the termination provisions, the term of options awarded under the stock option plan is fixed by the Board at the time the option is awarded and, so long as the Company is a Tier 2 issuer, may not exceed a period of five years. The exercise price for stock options issued pursuant to the stock option plan may be determined by the Board in its sole discretion at the time the stock options are awarded; provided that such exercise price shall not be less than the closing price of the Company Shares traded through the facilities of the Exchange (or, if the Company Shares are no longer listed for trading on the Exchange, then such other exchange or quotation system on which the Company Shares are listed or quoted for trading) on the day preceding the award date, less any discount permitted by the Exchange, or such other price as may be required or permitted by the Exchange. All options granted pursuant to the stock option plan will be subject to such vesting requirements as may be prescribed by the Exchange, if applicable, and unless a vesting schedule is imposed by the Board as a condition of the award on the award date will be granted as fully vested. Notwithstanding the foregoing, options issued to consultants performing Investor Relations

Activities (as that term is defined in the stock option plan) must vest in stages over at least twelve months with not more than one-quarter of the options vesting in any three (3) month period.

During the period ended April 30, 2023, the Company had the following transactions:

- i) On October 26, 2022, granted 575,000 incentive stock options to directors, officers, and advisors of the Company. These stock options vested immediately and are exercisable to purchase one common share in the capital of the Company on or before October 26, 2027, at a price of \$0.48 per share.
- ii) On June 30, 2023, pursuant to the Company’s Stock Option Plan, the board of directors and senior management have mutually agreed to cancel all of their current, post-consolidation, stock options which include an aggregate 116,667 options granted on November 2, 2020, an aggregate 125,000 options granted on April 1, 2022, and an aggregate 233,333 options granted on October 26, 2022.
- iii) On July 14, 2023, granted 733,000 incentive stock options to directors, officers, and advisors of the Company. These stock options vested immediately and are exercisable to purchase one common share in the capital of the Company on or before July 14, 2028, at a price of \$0.08 per share.

During the year ended July 31, 2022, the Company had the following transactions:

- iv) On August 30, 2021, the Company granted incentive stock options to directors, officers, employees, and consultants of the Company to purchase up to 41,667 common shares in the capital stock of the Company. The options are exercisable on or before August 30, 2022, at a price of \$2.70 per share.
- v) On September 22, 2021, the Company granted incentive stock options to a consultant of the Company to purchase up to 41,667 common shares in the capital stock of the Company. The options are exercisable on or before September 22, 2026, at a price of \$2.70 per share.
- vi) On April 1, 2022, the Company granted incentive stock options to directors, officers, employees, and consultants of the Company to purchase up to 208,333 common shares in the capital stock of the Company. The options are exercisable on or before April 1, 2027, at a price of \$0.96 per share.

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10. STOCK OPTION PLAN AND SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)**Stock Options (Continued)**

The fair value of options granted was estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model based on the following weighted average assumptions:

	Period ended July 31, 2023	Year ended July 31, 2022
Risk-free interest rate average	3.61%	1.88%
Expected life	5 years	4.57 years
Expected annualized volatility	125.00%	100.00%
Expected dividend rate	0.00%	0.00%

Expected stock price volatility was derived from an average volatility based on historical movements in the closing prices of the Company's stock for a length of time equal to the expected life of the options.

Stock option transactions are summarized as follows:

	Number of Options	Weighted average exercise price
Outstanding, July 31, 2021	614,167	\$ 2.46
Granted	291,667	1.44
Cancelled	(83,333)	3.06
Expired/Forfeited	(243,333)	2.22
Outstanding, July 31, 2022	579,168	\$ 1.92
Granted	1,308,000	0.26
Cancelled	(475,000)	1.11
Expired/Forfeited	(204,168)	2.39
Outstanding, July 31, 2023	1,208,000	\$ 0.35

The following incentive stock options were outstanding and exercisable at July 31, 2023 and July 31, 2022:

Expiry Date	Exercise Price	July 31, 2023	July 31, 2022
June 8, 2023	\$1.20	-	83,333
July 7, 2023	\$2.82	-	16,667
August 30, 2023	\$2.70	-	41,668
November 2, 2025	\$2.52	50,000	166,667
January 6, 2026	\$3.66	-	62,500
April 21, 2027	\$0.96	83,333	208,333
October 26, 2027	\$0.48	341,667	-
July 14, 2028	\$0.08	733,000	-
		1,208,000	579,168

The resulting share-based compensation expense for the period ended July 31, 2023, totaled \$246,210 (July 31, 2022 - \$314,518).

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10. STOCK OPTION PLAN AND SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)

Restricted Share Units

On January 20, 2021, the Company implemented an Equity Incentive Plan (the “Plan”) pursuant to which the Company may grant restricted share units (“RSUs”) and deferred share units (“DSUs”) to directors, officers, employees, and specified consultants for services. The Plan provides that the directors of the Company may grant RSUs and DSUs on terms that the directors may determine, within the same limitations of the Company’s Option Plan, including: the maximum number of common shares issuable pursuant to stock options, RSUs and DSUs granted shall not exceed 10% of the outstanding common shares issued at the date of grant; and the terms and vesting provisions are determined for each grant by the Company’s Board of Directors.

During the period ended July 31, 2023, the Company had the following transactions:

i) No transactions.

During the year ended July 31, 2022, the Company had the following transactions:

ii) No transactions.

Following is a continuity schedule for the Company’s RSUs, for the years ended July 31, 2023, and July 31, 2022:

	Number of RSU’s
Outstanding, July 31, 2021	83,333
Forfeited	(83,333)
Outstanding, July 31, 2023 and 2022	-

During the year ended July 31, 2023, the Company recorded share-based compensation expense of \$Nil (2022 - \$461,128) in relation to vesting RSUs granted during 2021.

11. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company defines capital that it manages as the aggregate of share capital, reserves, and deficit.

The Company manages its capital structure and adjusts it, based on the funds available to the Company, in order to support the acquisition and exploration of exploration and evaluation assets. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company’s management to sustain future development of the business.

The Company relies on the equity markets to fund its activities. The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if it feels there is enough economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so. Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital restrictions. There have been no changes to the Company’s capital management approach during the year ended July 31, 2023.

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12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, which include credit, liquidity, market, foreign exchange, interest rate, and commodity price risks.

Financial risk management is carried out by the Company's management team with oversight from the Company's Board of Directors. The Board of Directors also provides regular guidance for overall risk management.

The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss associated with counterparty's inability to fulfil its payment obligations. The Company's management believes it has no significant credit risk.

The financial instrument that potentially subjects the Company to a significant concentration of credit risk is cash. The Company mitigates its exposure to credit loss associated with cash by placing its cash in major financial institutions. At July 31, 2023, the Company had cash of \$8,255 (July 31, 2022 - \$1,517,761).

Liquidity risk

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. At July 31, 2023, the Company had a cash balance of \$8,255 (July 31, 2022 - \$1,517,761) to settle current liabilities of \$310,746 (July 31, 2022 - \$219,318). All of the Company's accounts payable and accrued liabilities have contractual maturities of 30 days or due on demand and are subject to normal trade terms. The Company expects to fund these liabilities through the use of existing cash resources or additional equity financing.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, and equity prices. The Company is not exposed to significant interest rate or equity price risks at July 31, 2023.

Foreign currency risk

The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk as certain monetary financial instruments are denominated in Chilean and United States currencies. Canadian dollar denominated balances generated foreign exchange gains and losses that are reported on the consolidated statement of loss and comprehensive loss. A strengthening of 10% in the Chilean and US dollars against the Canadian dollar would have decreased the Company's net loss and comprehensive loss by \$10,500 (July 31, 2022 - \$27,000) due to the impact of the exchange rate fluctuation on Canadian dollar denominated financial instruments.

At July 31, 2023, the Company had the following financial instruments denominated in foreign currencies:

	Chilean Pesos	United States Dollars	Total
Cash	\$ 535	\$ 339	\$ 874
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(45,713)	(80,929)	(126,642)
Net	\$ (45,178)	\$ (80,590)	\$ (125,768)

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12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)*Fair value*

The fair value of the Company's financial assets and liabilities approximates the carrying amount due to the short-term maturity of the instruments.

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

- Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

13. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company has two reportable geographical segments. Canada is the Company's principal operating business and includes its Smoke Mountain Project, Pat's Pond and O'Neill Projects, the Canadian corporate office, and the Company's management while Chile includes the Rio Loa, Coya and Apolo Projects.

The Company's reportable segments are based on management's property investments and strategic plans for the foreseeable future.

Loss for the periods and total assets by segments are as follows:

	Year ended July 31, 2023	Year ended July 31, 2022
Net loss		
Canada	\$ 4,193,016	\$ 2,507,843
Chile	5,292,574	1,843,671
	\$ 9,485,590	\$ 4,351,514
Total long-term assets		
Canada	\$ 1,667,404	\$ 3,796,042
Chile	-	4,907,642
	\$ 1,667,404	\$ 8,703,684

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14. INCOME TAXES

A reconciliation of income taxes by applying the Canadian statutory income tax rate of 27% to the consolidated loss is as follows:

	Year ended July 31, 2023	Year ended July 31, 2022
Loss for the year	\$ (9,485,590)	\$ (4,351,514)
Expected income tax (recovery)	(2,561,000)	(1,175,000)
Non-deductible permanent differences	66,000	210,000
Under provided in prior years	27,000	
Origin and reversal of temporary differences	11,000	332,000
Change in tax assets not recognized	2,458,000	632,000
Total income tax recovery	\$ -	\$ -

The significant components of the Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities that have not been included on the consolidated statement of financial position as follows:

	July 31, 2023	July 31, 2022
Non-capital losses	\$ 1,720,000	\$ 1,496,000
Share issue costs	21,000	55,000
Lease liability	-	19,000
Exploration and evaluation assets	2,125,000	(146,000)
Right-of-use asset	-	(17,000)
	\$ 3,866,000	\$ 1,407,000

The Company has available for deduction against future taxable income non-capital losses carried forward of approximately \$6,369,000. The non-capital losses, if not utilized, will start to expire between 2039 and 2043. Future tax benefits which may arise as a result of these non-capital losses have not been recognized in these consolidated financial statements and have been offset by a valuation allowance due to the uncertainty of their realization.

Tax attributes are subject to review, and potential adjustment, by tax authorities.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On November 21, 2023, issued 51,746 shares in consideration of the Smoke Mountain payment requirement in shares that was due on September 8, 2023 (Note 6).

On November 21, 2023, issued 214,286 shares in consideration of the Smoke Mountain extension amendment of the May 15, 2021 Agreement (Note 6).

On November 21, 2023, issued 80,357 shares in consideration of the Smoke Mountain extension amendment of the September 8, 2022 Agreement (Note 6).