

High Point Exploration Inc.
CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)
For the Six Months Ended October 31, 2020 and 2019
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

These unaudited condensed interim financial statements of High Point Exploration Inc. for the six months ended October 31, 2020, have been prepared by management and approved by the Board of Directors. These unaudited condensed interim financial statements have not been reviewed by the Company's external auditors.

High Point Exploration Inc.Condensed Interim Statements of Financial Position
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Notes	October 31, 2020	April 30, 2020
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash		\$ 480,307	\$ 195,484
GST receivable		8,777	881
		489,084	196,365
Exploration and evaluation assets	4	228,050	93,395
TOTAL ASSETS		\$ 717,134	\$ 289,760
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		19,571	\$ 35,045
Due to related party	6	11,576	21,745
TOTAL LIABILITIES		\$ 31,147	\$ 56,790
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Share capital	5	795,696	301,467
Deficit		(109,709)	(68,497)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		685,987	232,970
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		\$ 717,134	\$ 289,760

Nature and continuance of operations (Note 1)

Approved by the Board of Directors and authorized for issue on December 30, 2020:

"Jeremy Ross"

Jeremy Ross, Director

"Andrew Bowering"

Andrew Bowering, Director

See accompanying notes to the condensed interim financial statements.

High Point Exploration Inc.

Condensed Interim Statement of Statement of Loss and Comprehensive Loss

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Three months ended October		Six months ended October 31,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Expenses				
Management fees	\$ 14,000	\$ -	\$ 21,500	\$ -
Office and general	39	-	76	-
Professional fees	5,504	5,000	11,297	7,550
Regulatory fees	1,411	6,626	8,339	6,626
	\$ (20,954)	\$ (11,626)	\$ (41,212)	\$ (14,176)
Loss and comprehensive loss for the period	\$ (20,954)	\$ (11,626)	\$ (41,212)	\$ (14,176)
Loss per share – basic and diluted	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.01)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	16,457,594	2,626,238	16,593,463	1,314,619

See accompanying notes to the condensed interim financial statements.

High Point Exploration Inc.Condensed Interim Statement of Shareholder's Equity
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

		Share capital			
	Notes	Number of shares	Amount	Deficit	Total
Balance at May 1, 2019		1	\$ 1	- \$	1
Cancellation of common shares		(1)	(1)	-	(1)
Issuance of common shares for property		5,759,282	92,063	-	92,063
Loss for the period		-	-	(14,176)	14,176
Balance at October 31, 2019		5,759,282	\$ 92,063	(14,176) \$	77,887
Balance at May 1, 2020		7,959,282	\$ 301,467	(68,497) \$	232,970
Issuance of common shares for cash	5	25,000,000	500,000	-	500,000
Share issue costs	5	-	(5,771)	-	(5,771)
Loss for the period		-	-	(41,212)	(41,212)
Balance at October 31, 2020		32,959,282	\$ 795,696	(109,709) \$	685,987

See accompanying notes to the condensed interim financial statements.

High Point Exploration Inc.

Condensed Interim Statements of Cash Flows

(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Six months ended October 31,	
	2020	2019
Operating activities		
Loss for the period	\$ (41,212)	\$ (14,176)
Changes in non-cash working capital items:		
GST receivable	(7,896)	(348)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(15,474)	7,000
Net cash flows used in operating activities	(64,582)	(7,524)
Investing activities		
Exploration and evaluation assets	(134,655)	-
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(134,655)	-
Financing activities		
Proceeds from issuance of shares	500,000	-
Share issue costs	(5,771)	-
Loan from related party	(10,169)	7,524
Net cash flows from financing activities	484,060	7,524
Change in cash	284,823	-
Cash, beginning	195,484	-
Cash, ending	\$ 480,307	\$ -

See accompanying notes to the condensed interim financial statements.

High Point Exploration Inc.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements
For the Six Months Ended October 31, 2020 and 2019
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

1. Nature of operations and going concern

High Point Exploration Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated on September 27, 2018, under the laws of the Province of British Columbia, Canada. On September 20, 2019, the Company completed a plan of arrangement (the "Arrangement") with its former parent, Zenith Exploration Inc. ("Zenith"), whereby the Mantle property was transferred to the Company, Zenith's one common share in the Company was cancelled and 5,759,282 common shares were issued to the shareholders of Zenith.

The Company is a resource exploration company that is acquiring and exploring mineral properties. The head office, principal address, records office and registered address of the Company are located at 1080 - 789 West Pender Street, Vancouver BC.

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on the assumption that the Company will continue as a going concern, meaning it will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize assets and discharge liabilities in the ordinary course of operations. At October 31, 2020, the Company had not yet achieved profitable operations, had accumulated losses of \$109,709 (April 30, 2020 - \$68,497) since its inception and expects to incur further losses in the development of its property, all of which casts significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Different bases of measurement may be appropriate if the Company is not expected to continue operations for the foreseeable future. The Company's continuation as a going concern is dependent upon the successful results from its business activities and its ability to attain profitable operations and generate funds therefrom and/or raise equity capital or borrowings sufficient to meet current and future obligations. Management intends to finance operating costs over the next twelve months with loans from directors and companies controlled by directors.

2. Basis of preparation

These condensed interim financial statements were approved and authorized for issue on December 30, 2020 by the directors of the Company.

Statement of compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting.

Basis of measurement

These condensed interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments classified as fair value through profit and loss, which are stated at their fair values. In addition, these financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and are presented in Canadian dollars unless otherwise specified.

Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of the Company's condensed interim financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions concerning the future. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes can differ from these estimates.

High Point Exploration Inc.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements
For the Six Months Ended October 31, 2020 and 2019
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

2. Basis of preparation (cont'd)

Use of estimates and judgements (cont'd)

Critical judgments exercised in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements are as follows:

- i) **Going concern**
Management has determined that the Company will be able to continue as a going concern for the next year.
- ii) **Economic recoverability and probability of future benefits of exploration and evaluation costs**
Management has determined that exploration, evaluation and related costs incurred which were capitalized may have future economic benefits and may be economically recoverable. Management uses several criteria in its assessments of economic recoverability and probability of future economic benefits including geologic and other technical information, history of conversion of mineral deposits with similar characteristics to its own properties to proven and probable mineral reserves, the quality and capacity of existing infrastructure facilities, evaluation of permitting and environmental issues and local support for the project.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies followed by the Company are set out in Note 3 to the audited financial statements for the year ended April 30, 2020 and have been consistently followed in the preparation of these condensed interim financial statements.

Other accounting pronouncements with future effective dates are either not applicable or are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

4. Exploration and evaluation assets

Mantle Property

On September 20, 2019, the Company received a 100% interest in the mineral property Mantle, located in British Columbia, from its former parent, Zenith. The property is subject to a 1% net smelter return royalty.

At October 31, 2020, the total value of the Mantle Property was \$228,050.

Property acquisition costs	
Balance, beginning	\$ 92,063
Balance, ending	92,063
Exploration and evaluation costs	
Balance, beginning	1,332
Costs incurred during the period	134,655
Balance, ending	135,987
Total	\$ 228,050

High Point Exploration Inc.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements
For the Six Months Ended October 31, 2020 and 2019
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

5. Share capital

Authorized share capital

Unlimited number of common shares without par value.

Issued share capital

At October 31, 2020, the Company has 32,959,282 (April 30, 2020 – 7,959,282) common shares issued and outstanding.

On July 31, 2020, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement of 25,000,000 units at a price of \$0.02 per common shares for gross proceeds of \$500,000. Each unit is comprised of one common share of the Company and one transferable common share purchase warrant, whereby each warrant entitles the holder thereof to acquire one additional common share of the Company for a total period of five years from the date of issuance at a price of \$0.05 per warrant share. In connection with the closure of the non-brokered private placement, the Company incurred \$5,771 in share issuance costs. The Company received the proceeds on August 5, 2020.

There were no outstanding stock options as of October 31, 2020 and April 30, 2020.

Warrants

In connection with the July 31, 2020 private placement, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement and granted 25,000,000 purchase warrants. Each fully vested and exercisable into a one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.05 for five years from the date of the grant.

Purchase warrants exercisable at October 31, 2020, are as follows:

Number of Warrants	Exercise Price	Expiry date	Warrants exercisable
25,000,000	\$ 0.05	July 31, 2025	25,000,000

The weighted average remaining contractual life of outstanding purchase warrants is 4.75 years. The weighted average of the purchase warrants is \$0.05.

6. Due to related party

During the period ended October 31, 2020, remuneration of the Company's key management (former directors), consisted of management fees in the amount of \$15,000 (2019 - \$Nil).

As at October 31, 2020, \$11,576 (2019 - \$Nil) was due to the former directors of the Company. The amounts are non-interest bearing, unsecured and due on demand.

7. Financial risk and capital management

The Company is exposed in varying degrees to a variety of financial instrument related risks. The Board of Directors approves and monitors the risk management processes, inclusive of documented investment policies, counterparty limits, and controlling and reporting structures. The type of risk exposure and the way in which such exposure is managed is provided as follows:

High Point Exploration Inc.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements
For the Six Months Ended October 31, 2020 and 2019
(Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

7. Financial risk and capital management (cont'd)

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company is not exposed to credit risk.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company ensures that there are sufficient funds to meet its short-term business requirements, taking into account its anticipated cash flows from operations and its holdings of cash.

Historically, the Company's sole source of funding has been advances from a related party that generates such funds through private placements. The Company's access to financing is always uncertain. There can be no assurance of continued access to significant equity funding.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is not exposed to interest rate risk.

Capital Management

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor and creditor confidence and to sustain future development of the business. There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the period. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

Fair value

The Company's financial instruments consist of amounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and due to related party. The fair value of these financial instruments approximates their carrying values due to the short-term nature of these investments.

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

- Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.