SQID Technologies Limited

ABN 44 121 655 472

Condensed Interim Financial Report (Unaudited) for the three month period ended - 31 March 2023

SQID Technologies Limited Corporate directory 31 March 2023

Directors Athan Lekkas

Michael Clarke Andrew Sterling

Company secretary Mark Pryn

Registered office Level 14

440 Collins Street Melbourne VIC 3000

Principal place of business Level 14

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Auditor Pitcher Partners

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Website sqidtechnologies.com

Stock exchange listing: Canadian Securities Exchange (CSE:SQID)

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General information

The consolidated financial statements cover SQID Technologies Limited as a Group consisting of SQID Technologies Limited and the entities it controlled at the end of, or during, the reporting period. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is SQID Technologies Limited's functional and presentation currency.

SQID Technologies Limited is a public company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business is:

Level 14 440 Collins Street Melbourne VIC 3000

The financial statements were authorised for issue, in accordance with a resolution of Directors. The Directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

		lidated	
	Note	31 Mar 2023 \$	31 Dec 2022 \$
		•	•
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		85,343	356,113
Receivables	6	238,470	230,699
Other current assets		16,507	20,758
Total current assets		340,320	607,570
Non-current assets			
Other financial assets		200,220	200,220
Total non-current assets		200,220	200,220
Total assets		540,540	807,790
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables		328,103	346,395
Borrowings		7,854	13,411
Employee provisions		89,265	89,265
Merchant liabilities		18,374	18,374
Contract liabilities		- 440.500	9,507
Total current liabilities		443,596	476,952
Non-current liabilities			
Employee provisions	7	17,709	17,709
Total non-current liabilities		17,709	17,709
Total liabilities		461,305	494,661
Net assets		79,235	313,129
Equity		0.001.00=	
Issued capital		8,824,267	8,824,267
Reserves Accumulated losses		(532,105) (8,212,927)	(532,105) (7,979,033)
Accultulated 1055E5		(0,212,921)	(1,818,033)
Total equity		79,235	313,129

Approved by:

"Athan Lekkas"

Director

Date: 30 May 2023

SQID Technologies Limited Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income For the period ended 31 March 2023

	Note	Consol 31 Dec 2023 \$	
Revenue Revenue from contracts with customers Direct costs	4 5	137,197 (67,606)	264,802 (209,020)
Gross profit		69,591	55,782
Interest income		1	4
Expenses Consultancy fees		(127,500)	(124,793)
Employee benefits expense IT and hosting costs Listing and registry expenses	5	(118,971) (4,623) (7,206)	(119,075) (5,454) (7,471)
Marketing Non-executive director fees Professional fees - other		(4,171) (10,000) (20,864)	(20,318) (20,000) (39,950)
Other expenses Depreciation and amortisation Finance costs		(9,670) - (481)	(37,872) (60,000)
Total expenses		(303,486)	(434,933)
Loss before income tax expense		(233,894)	(379,147)
Income tax expense			<u>-</u>
Loss after income tax expense for the period attributable to the owners of SQID Technologies Limited		(233,894)	(379,147)
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax			
Total comprehensive income for the period attributable to the owners of SQID Technologies Limited		(233,894)	(379,147)
		Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	14 14	(1.62) (1.62)	(2.63) (2.63)

SQID Technologies Limited Consolidated statement of changes in equity For the period ended 31 March 2023

Consolidated	Issued capital \$	Share-based payments reserve	Common control reserve \$	Accumulated losses	Non- controlling interest \$	Total equity
Balance at 1 January 2022	8,824,267	-	(532,105)	(6,766,389)	-	1,525,773
Loss after income tax expense for the period Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax	-	<u> </u>	-	(379,147)	-	(379,147)
Total comprehensive income for the period	-			(379,147)		(379,147)
Balance at 30 March 2022	8,824,267		(532,105)	(7,145,536)	_	1,146,626
Consolidated	Issued capital \$	Share-based payments reserve	Common control reserve \$	Accumulated losses	Non- controlling interest \$	Total equity
Consolidated Balance at 1 January 2023		payments reserve	control reserve	losses \$	controlling interest	Total equity \$ 313,129
	capital \$	payments reserve	control reserve \$	losses \$	controlling interest	\$
Balance at 1 January 2023 Loss after income tax expense for the period Other comprehensive income	capital \$	payments reserve	control reserve \$	losses \$ (7,979,033)	controlling interest	\$ 313,129

SQID Technologies Limited Consolidated statement of cash flows For the period ended 31 March 2023

	Consolidated Note 31 Dec 2023 31 Mai		lidated 31 Mar 2022
		\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers and employees		119,919 (384,652)	188,608 (610,168)
Interest received Interest and other finance costs paid		(264,733) 1 (481)	(421,560) 4
Net cash used in operating activities		(265,213)	(421,556)
Cash flows from investing activities Payments for investments Payments for intangibles Net cash used in investing activities			(200,220) (100,000) (300,220)
Cash flows from financing activities Repayment of borrowings		(5,557)	
Net cash used in financing activities		(5,557)	<u> </u>
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial period		(270,770) 356,113	(721,776) 1,806,019
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial period		85,343	1,084,243

Note 1. Nature and continuance of operations

The Parent Entity, SQID Technologies Limited is incorporated under the Laws of Australia, specifically the Corporations Act 2001. The registered office and principal place of business of SQID Technologies Limited is located at Level 14 440 Collins St Melbourne, Victoria, 3000, Australia. The Parent Entity's shares are listed on the Canadian Securities Exchange (CSE:SQID).

The Consolidated Entity comprises SQID Technologies Limited as the parent and controlled entities. Refer to note 13 'Interests in subsidiaries'.

The Consolidated Entity may also be referred to as the "Group" and the Parent Entity may also be referred to as the "Company".

During the financial period the principal continuing activities of the Group include:

- to provide merchant services and transaction processing to business merchants and ecommerce customers across both Business to Business (B2B) and Business to Consumer (B2C) segments through its leading partner platform; and
- investing and growing esports gaming interests via the wholly owned subsidiary ICON Esports Pty Ltd (ICON).

Note 2. Material accounting policy information

These general purpose financial statements for the interim half-year reporting period ended 31 March 2023 have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 134 'Interim Financial Reporting' and the *Corporations Act 2001*, as appropriate for for-profit oriented entities. Compliance with AASB 134 ensures compliance with International Financial Reporting Standard IAS 34 'Interim Financial Reporting'.

These general purpose financial statements do not include all the notes of the type normally included in annual financial statements. Accordingly, these financial statements are to be read in conjunction with the annual report for the year ended 31 December 2022.

The principal accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year and corresponding interim reporting period, unless otherwise stated.

New or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted

The Group has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period. There were no new mandatory Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted during the reporting period that had a material impact.

There are a number of new accounting standards, interpretations and amendments that have been issued but are not yet effective. None of these new accounting standards, interpretations and amendments are expected to have a material impact on the financial statements of the group in the period of initial application.

The Group has not early adopted any standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

For the period ended 31 March 2023, the Group recorded revenue from contracts with customers of \$137,197 (2022: \$264,802) incurred a net loss of \$233,894 (2022: \$379,147) and had operating cash outflows of \$264,733 (2022: \$421,560 inflows). As at 31 March 2023 the Group had a net working capital deficiency of \$103,276 (2022:\$130,618 surplus) and net tangible assets of \$79,235 (31 December 2022: \$313,129).

Based on current operating cash flow projections, the Directors anticipate the need to raise further capital, or realise assets, within the coming 12 month period in order to continue to meet its ongoing commitments as and when they fall due. These factors combined constitute a material uncertainty which may cast doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. The Directors have concluded that the going concern basis of accounting remains appropriate, noting the following:

- as a listed entity, the Company has access to capital market funding options,
- the Company has engaged Shape Capital Pty Ltd to raise up to \$1.5m working capital funding, and
- the Company continues to assess asset realisation options.

Note 2. Material accounting policy information (continued)

Should the group be unable to continue as a going concern, it may be required to realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities other than in the normal course of business and at amounts different to those stated in the financial statements. No adjustments have been made to the financial report relating to the recoverability and classification of the carrying amounts of assets or the amount and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Group be unable to continue as a going concern.

Note 3. Operating segments

The Group comprises three operating segments within the geographical area of Australia: payment solutions, esports and gaming and corporate asset management. The Group segments operate independently, and discrete segmented financial information is reported to the Board. All significant operating decisions are based upon segmented analysis of the Group.

The financial results from these segments are equivalent to the financial statements of the group as a whole.

The accounting policies applied for internal reporting purposes are consistent with those applied in the preparation of these general purpose financial statements.

Operating segment information

Consolidated - 31 Mar 2023	Payment Solutions \$	Esports and Gaming \$	Corporate asset management \$	Total \$
Revenue *				
Revenue from contracts with customers	51,520	85,677	-	137,197
	51,520	85,677	-	137,197
Interest revenue	-		1	1
Total revenue	51,520	85,677	1	137,198
EBITDA ** Finance costs	36,810	(137,833) (481)	(132,390)	(233,413) (481)
Profit/(loss) before income tax expense	36,810	(138,314)	(132,390)	(233,894)
Income tax expense			_	_
Loss after income tax expense			_	(233,894)
Assets	0.005	000 400	004.747	540.540
Segment assets	2,295	303,498	234,747	540,540
Total assets			_	540,540
Liabilities				
Segment liabilities	18,374	353,783	89,148	461,305
Total liabilities	•	,	·	461,305
			_	<u> </u>

Note 3. Operating segments (continued)

Consolidated - 31 Mar 2022	Payment Solutions \$	Esports and Gaming \$	Corporate asset management \$	Total \$
Revenue * Revenue from contracts with customers Total sales revenue	31,627 31,627	233,175 233,175	<u>-</u>	264,802 264,802
Interest revenue Total revenue	31,627	233,175	4	264,806
EBITDA ** Depreciation and amortisation	13,801	(172,510) (60,000)	(160,438)	(319,147) (60,000)
Profit/(loss) before income tax expense Income tax expense Loss after income tax expense	13,801	(232,510)	(160,438)	$\frac{(379,147)}{(379,147)}$
Consolidated - 31 Dec 2022				
Assets Segment assets Total assets	2,325	557,647	247,818	807,790 807,790
Liabilities Segment liabilities Total liabilities	18,374	396,436	79,851	494,661 494,661
Note 4. Revenue from contracts with customers				
			Conso 31 Dec 2023 \$	lidated 31 Mar 2022 \$
Commission (recognised at a point in time)			51,520	31,627
Sponsorship and partnerships (transferred over time) Merchandise and IP branding (recognised at a point in time) Prize money and other competition earnings (recognised at a p Other (recognised at a point in time)	oint in time)		85,615 62 -	206,028 (222) 15,400 11,969
Total esports and gaming revenue			85,677	233,175
Note 5. Expenses			137,197	264,802
			Conso 31 Dec 2023 \$	lidated 31 Mar 2022 \$
Loss before income tax includes the following specific expense	s:			
Direct costs against contracts with customers comprise: Purchases and other direct costs			67,606	209,020

Note 6. Receivables

	Conso	Consolidated		
	31 Mar 2023 \$	31 Dec 2022 \$		
Current assets Receivables from contracts with customers Other receivables	184,257 54,213	58,118 172,581		
	238,470	230,699		

Receivables from contracts with customers represent the Group's unconditional right to consideration arising from the transfer of goods or services to the customer. In the vast majority of instances, transactions fees are paid for during the process of settling funds to merchants.

Allowance for expected credit losses

During the year the amounts written off were:

- * contracts receivable from customers \$nil. (31 December 2021: \$nil).
- * other receivables \$nil (31 December 2021: \$nil).

The ageing of the receivables and allowance for expected credit losses provided for above are as follows:

	Expected ci	edit loss rate	Carrying	g amount		or expected losses
Consolidated	31 Mar 2023 %	31 Dec 2022 %	31 Mar 2023 \$	31 Dec 2022 \$	31 Mar 2023 \$	31 Dec 2022 \$
Not overdue	-	-	235,912	228,141	-	-
3 to 6 months overdue	-	-	-	2,200	-	-
Over 6 months overdue	-	-	2,558	358		
			238,470	230,699		

Note 7. Employee provisions

	Conso 31 Mar 2023 \$	lidated 31 Dec 2022 \$
Current liabilities Annual leave	89,265	89,265
Non-current liabilities Long service leave	17,709	17,709
	106,974	106,974
Note 8. Merchant liabilities		

Note 8. Merchant liabilities		
	Consol	lidated
	31 Mar 2023 \$	31 Dec 2022 \$
Current liabilities Merchant bonds	18,374	18,374

Merchant bonds are held as security against possible chargebacks against merchant payments processed.

Note 9. Contract liabilities

Consolidated 31 Mar 2023 31 Dec 2022 \$ \$

Current liabilities

Esports and gaming revenue received in advance - 9,507

Note 10. Issued capital

Consolidated					
31 Mar 2023 Shares	31 Dec 2022 Shares	31 Mar 2023 \$	31 Dec 2022 \$		
14,416,827	14,416,827	8,824,267	8,824,267		

Ordinary share rights

Ordinary shares - fully paid

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on the winding up of the Company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held. The fully paid ordinary shares have no par value and the Company does not have a limited amount of authorised capital.

Generally, every member present at a meeting in person or by proxy shall have one vote for each share held.

Capital management

Management controls the capital of the Group in order to ensure that the Group can fund its operations and continue as a going concern. There are no externally imposed capital requirements. Management effectively manages the Group's capital by assessing the Group's financial risks and adjusting its capital structure in response to changes in these risks and in the market.

Note 11. Financial instruments

Financial risk management objectives

The Group's operations are exposed the following financial risks:

- Interest rate risk,
- Credit risk,
- Liquidity risk,
- Price risk, and
- Foreign currency risk.

The board of directors has overall responsibility for identifying and managing operational and financial risks.

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments would fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group is not exposed to any significant foreign currency risk.

Price risk

The Group's exposure to equity securities price relates to investments held and classified in the statement of financial position as listed and unlisted equities at fair value through profit or loss. The impact of 10% increase or decrease in security prices on the Group's loss before tax and net assets is set out below.

	Ave	rage price incre	ease	Average price decrease Effect on		
Consolidated - 31 Mar 2023	% change	profit before tax	Effect on equity	% change	profit before tax	Effect on equity
Unlisted securities	10%	20,022	20,022	10%	(20,022)	(20,022)

Note 11. Financial instruments (continued)

	Ave	rage price incre	J .			ease
Consolidated - 31 Dec 2022	% change	profit before tax	Effect on equity	% change	profit before tax	Effect on equity
Unlisted securities	10%	20,022	20,022	10%	(20,022)	(20,022)

Interest rate risk

The Group does not have a significant exposure to interest rate risk. The exposure includes cash and cash equivalent balances and incidental fixed interest rate borrowings.

Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents held with banks and financial institutions, as well as customer contract credit exposures to customers.

(i) Risk management

Credit risk is managed through the maintenance of procedures ensuring to the extent possible that customers and counterparties to transactions are of sound credit worthiness. Such monitoring is used in assessing receivables for impairment.

The Group's customer base includes of public sectors, listed companies and large and reputable private entities. Management maintains a close relationship with their customers to ensure that contract deliverables are met in a timely manner.

Risk is also minimised through holding cash and cash equivalent balances with financial institutions that maintain a high credit rating.

(iii) Trade receivables and contract assets

Aged receivable balances are closely monitored by management to ensure customers adhere to payment terms.

Generally, trade receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators of this include the failure of a debtor to engage in a repayment plan, no active enforcement activity and a failure to make contractual payments for a period greater than 1 year.

Impairment losses on trade receivables are presented as net impairment losses within operating profit. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the same line item.

Allowance for expected credit losses

The Group has recognised a loss of \$nil (30 March 2022: \$nil) in profit or loss in respect of the expected credit losses from receivables from contracts with customers.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk management requires the Group to maintain sufficient liquid assets (mainly cash and cash equivalents) to be able to pay debts as and when they become due and payable.

The Group manages liquidity risk by endeavouring to maintaining adequate cash reserves through continuously monitoring actual and forecast cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

Note 11. Financial instruments (continued)

Financing arrangements

As at 31 March 2023 there were no unused borrowing facilities available.

Remaining contractual maturities

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its financial instrument liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the financial liabilities are required to be paid. The remaining contractual liabilities shown in the tables below match the respective carrying amount in the statement of financial position.

Consolidated - 31 Mar 2023	Weighted average interest rate %	1 year or less \$	Between 1 and 2 years \$	Between 2 and 5 years \$	Over 5 years	Remaining contractual maturities \$
Non-derivatives Non-interest bearing Trade and other payables Merchant liabilities	- -	328,103 18,374	- -	- -	- -	328,103 18,374
Interest-bearing - variable Borrowings Total non-derivatives	9.00%	7,854 354,331	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	7,854 354,331
Consolidated - 31 Dec 2022	Weighted average interest rate %	1 year or less \$	Between 1 and 2 years \$	Between 2 and 5 years \$	Over 5 years	Remaining contractual maturities \$
Consolidated - 31 Dec 2022 Non-derivatives Non-interest bearing Trade and other payables Merchant liabilities	average interest rate		and 2 years	and 5 years	_	contractual maturities

The cash flows in the maturity analysis above are not expected to occur significantly earlier than contractually disclosed above.

Fair value of financial instruments

Unless otherwise stated, the carrying amounts of financial instruments reflect their fair value.

Note 12. Fair value measurement

Fair value hierarchy

The following tables detail the Group's assets and liabilities, measured or disclosed at fair value, using a three level hierarchy, based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the entire fair value measurement, being:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability

Consolidated - 31 Mar 2023	Level 1 \$	Level 2 \$	Level 3 \$	Total \$
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Unlisted securities *	-	200,220	-	200,220
Total assets		200,220		200,220

There were no transfers between levels during the financial period.

The carrying amounts of trade and other receivables and trade and other payables are assumed to approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature.

Valuation techniques for fair value measurements categorised within level 2 and level 3 Unquoted investments fair value is based on recent capital raisings by the investee company.

Accounting policy for fair value measurement

When an asset or liability, financial or non-financial, is measured at fair value for recognition or disclosure purposes, the fair value is based on the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date; and assumes that the transaction will take place either: in the principal market; or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market.

Fair value is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming they act in their economic best interests. For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement is based on its highest and best use. Valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, are used, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value are classified into three levels, using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. Classifications are reviewed at each reporting date and transfers between levels are determined based on a reassessment of the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

For recurring and non-recurring fair value measurements, external valuers may be used when internal expertise is either not available or when the valuation is deemed to be significant. External valuers will be selected based on market knowledge and reputation. Where there is a significant change in fair value of an asset or liability from one period to another, an analysis is undertaken, which includes a verification of the major inputs applied in the latest valuation and a comparison, where applicable, with external sources of data.

The Group policy is to reassess the fair value hierarchy level for each investment at the end of each reporting period. Where applicable investments will be transferred between fair value hierarchy levels at the most recent fair value determination prior to the transfer. There were no transfers between fair value hierarchy levels during the reporting period.

Note 13. Interests in subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of the following subsidiaries in accordance with the accounting policy described in note 2:

Name	Principal place of business / Country of incorporation	Ownershi 31 Mar 2023 %	
SQID Payments Pty Ltd	Australia	-	100%
EFT Managed Services Pty Ltd (deregistered 30 January 2022)	Australia	-	-
ICON Esports Pty Ltd (and wholly owned subsidiaries **)	Australia	-	100%
**Tainted Minds E-Sports Pty Ltd	Australia		
**The Chiefs Esports Pty Ltd ** Team Icon Pty Ltd	Australia Australia		
Note 14. Earnings per share			
		Conso 31 Dec 2023 \$	
Earnings per share for loss from continuing operations Loss after income tax attributable to the owners of SQI	D Technologies Limited	(233,894)	(379,147)
		Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share		(1.62) (1.62)	(2.63) (2.63)
		Conso 31 Dec 2023 \$	
Loss after income tax attributable to the owners of SQI	D Technologies Limited	(233,894)	(379,147)
		Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share		(1.62) (1.62)	(2.63) (2.63)
Z		Number	Number
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in o	calculating basic earnings per share	14,416,827	14,416,827
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in o	calculating diluted earnings per share	14,416,827	14,416,827

Note 15. Events after the reporting period

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 31 March 2023 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the Group's operations, the results of those operations, or the Group's state of affairs in future financial years.