Management Discussion and Analysis
For the twelve months ended 31 December 2021

DISCLAIMER FOR FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

Certain statements in this Management Discussion and Analysis are forward-looking statements or information (collectively "forward-looking statements"). The Company is providing cautionary statements identifying important factors that could cause the Company's actual results to differ materially from those projected in these forward-looking statements. Any statements that express, or involve discussions as to, expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, assumptions or future events or performance (often, but not always, through the use of words or phrases such as "may", "anticipates", "is expected to", "estimates", "intends", "plans", "projection", "could", "vision", "objective", "goals" and "outlook") are not historical facts and may be forward-looking and may involve estimates, assumptions and uncertainties which could cause actual results or outcomes to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements. In making these forwardlooking statements, the Company has assumed that the current market will continue and grow and that the risks listed below will not adversely impact the Company. These forward-looking statements include, among other things, statements relating to the ability of the Company to generate revenue; use of funds; intentions to further develop, market and promote its operations by expansion of its merchant base and industries served in Australia; strategy for customer retention, growth, service development, market position and financial results; the success of marketing and sales efforts of the Company; the Company's efforts to continuously update its software to meet business requirements; future sales plans and strategies; the economy and other future conditions; the timeline to further develop and market future enhancements; unanticipated cash needs and the possible need for additional financing and the adoption of governance policies, committees and practices.

By their nature, forward-looking statements involve numerous assumptions, inherent risks and uncertainties, both general and specific, which contribute to the possibility that the predicted outcomes may not occur or may be delayed. The risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which are beyond our control, that could influence actual results include, but are not limited to: a downturn in general economic conditions; the ability of the Company to continue to generate revenue adequate to fund its business plans and operations; the ability of the Company to expand its operations in Australia; competitive conditions in the industry which could prevent the Company from continuing to be profitable; competition from other payment process providers who are well established with the financial capacity to overwhelm the ability of the Company to operate in Australia, security risks; increasing costs of being a publicly traded company, the possibility that our services may become further regulated; the effectiveness and efficiency of advertising and promotional expenditures to generate market interest in the Company's products and services; the inability to list on a public market; volatility of the Company's share price following listing; liquidity and the inability to secure additional financing; the Company's intention not to pay dividends in the near future; claims, lawsuits and other legal proceedings and challenges; conflict of interest with directors and management and other factors beyond the Company's control.

These forward-looking statements reflect management's current views and are based on certain assumptions and speak only as of the date of this report, and, except as required by applicable law, the Company undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which such statement is made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. New factors emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for management to predict all such factors and to assess in advance the impact of each such factor on the Company's business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement. See "Risk Factors and Uncertainties".

Management Discussion and Analysis
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1.1 - Date and Basis of Discussion & Analysis

This management discussion and analysis ("MD&A") is dated 04 April 2022 and should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements of SQID Technologies Limited for the fiscal twelve months ended 31 December 2021 ("the Financial Statements"). The Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). Unless expressly stated otherwise, all financial information is presented in Australian dollars.

1.2 - Overall Performance

Nature of Business

The continuing activities of the Group include:

- payment processing and investing and growing esports gaming. It continues to provide merchant services and transaction processing to business merchants and ecommerce customers across both Business to Business (B2B) and Business to Consumer (B2C) segments through its leading partner platform; and
- since 1 February 2021 upon gaining a controlling interest in ICON Esports Pty Ltd (ICON), investing and growing
 esports gaming interests.

Significant changes during the reporting period:

On 1 February 2021 the Group subscribed to 2,150,000 new shares issued by ICON Esports Pty Ltd (ICON) The Group has a controlling interest in ICON as it has 50% of the voting rights and the ICON board comprises a majority of parent entity directors. ICON is a leading Australia & New Zealand esports and gaming organisation, focussed on the commercial landscape of the Oceanic market through brand driven marketing campaigns and partnerships, nutrition supplements and merchandise to their esports and gaming audience. The Group paid ICON a cash consideration of \$2,150,000.

On 16 April 2021, the Group signed a new agreement with Merchant Warrior to provide a range of new payment solutions to its customers including the ability to offer ApplePay, GooglePay, BPAY and Electronic Funds Transfer. The Merchant Warrior agreement allows the Group the opportunity to build upon their payment solution offering whilst removing the need to maintain and develop its existing platform and legacy systems. Under the agreement the Group receives commission revenue based on payments processed on behalf of SQID clients.

On 25 October 2021, the Group entered into a share purchase agreement with the ICON to acquire 2,150,000 ICON ordinary shares and as a result ICON became a wholly owned subsidiary. As consideration the Parent Entity issued 3,333,333 ordinary shares at a fair value of CAD\$0.30 (A\$0.32) each and the total fair value was CAD\$999,999 (A\$1,081,549).

On 19 November 2021, the Group completed a non-brokered private placement offering of 3,110,038 units of SQID ("Units") at a price of CAD\$0.30 (A\$0.32) per Unit for gross proceeds of \$A995,212. Each Unit comprised one ordinary share and one share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to acquire one ordinary share up to the expiry date of 18 November 2024 at an exercise price of CAD\$0.45.

The Private Placement proceeds were allocated to general working capital, business development actives and corporate purposes.

Management Discussion and Analysis

For the twelve months ended 31 December 2021

1.3 – Selected Annual Information

	As at	December 31 2021	December 31 2020	December 31 2019
Current Assets		2,089,029	3,876,825	3,796,100
Non-Current Assets		60,000	725,373	997,116
Total Assets	-	2,149,029	4,602,198	4,793,216
	•	, ,	, ,	, ,
Current Liabilities		605,174	1,376,292	1,733,619
Non-Current Liabilities		18,082	15,413	-
Shareholders' Equity		8,292,162	6,900,659	6,822,170
Retained Earnings / (Deficit)	_	(6,766,389)	(3,690,166)	(3,762,573)
Total Liabilities & Shareholders' Equity	_	2,149,029	4,602,198	4,793,216
	Years	December 31	December 31	December 31
	ended	2021	2020	2019
Revenue		1,015,469	7,198,680	6,470,407
Cost of Sales	-	(842,392)	(4,319,119)	(3,836,494)
Gross Profit		173,077	2,879,561	2,633,913
Other gains / (losses)		(957,028)	275,578	76,966
Operating Expenses		(2,515,721)	(2,620,349)	(1,881,074)
Income Tax (Expense)		(121,442)	(462,383)	(172,259)
Profit / (loss) for Period		(3,421,114)	72,407	657,546
Non controlling interests	<u>-</u>	299,252		
Profit / (loss) attributable to SQID shareholders		(3,121,862)	72,407	657,546
Basic Earnings per Share		(0.35)	0.01	0.08
Diluted Earnings per Share		(0.35)	0.01	0.08
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding		8,960,849	7,920,355	8,237,676

Management Discussion and Analysis
For the twelve months ended 31 December 2021

1.4 – Results of Operations

The net loss for the year was \$3,421,114 (31 December 2020: \$72,407 profit) and was attributable to non-controlling interests of \$299,252 (31 December 2020: \$nil) and SQID Technology Limited shareholders \$3,121,862 (31 December 2020: \$72,407 gain).

The net loss comprises:

- ICON (esports & gaming) loss before depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA) \$685,610 (31 December 2020: Nil),
- SQID (payments solutions) EBITDA loss \$610,054 (31 December 2020: \$1,369,825 profit),
- Corporate asset management EBITDA loss \$704,966 (31 December 2020: \$652,612). This includes investment fair value losses of \$171,800 (31 December 2020: \$265,072 gain.)
- Depreciation and amortisation charges of \$501,730 (31 December 2020: \$58,268). Depreciation and amortisation
 for the current period relates to the amortisation of intangibles identified upon the acquisition of the ICON esports
 and gaming operations, and
- Impairment of intangibles \$739,574 (31 December 2020: \$124,036) included under the heading of "Other gains / (losses"). A performance assessment of the esports and gaming business at the end of the current reporting period resulted in the full impairment of goodwill recognised on acquisition. Prior period impairment related to patents and software within the payment solutions business.

Net cash outflows from operating activities were \$2,583,415 (31 December 2020: \$43,614 inflows) and include repayments of merchant liabilities (security bonds) totalling \$1,074,708. In the previous reporting period net security bond receipts were \$456,331.

Group customer revenue for the reporting period was \$1,015,469 (2020: \$7,198,680). Esports and gaming revenue was \$743,315 (2020: Nil). Payment solutions revenue was down 96.2% at 272,154 (2020: \$7,198,680). The decrease in revenue is attributable to the cessation of services to a large customer group unable to meet the Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard ("PCI") compliance levels from 23 November 2020 onwards.

In April 2021, the group migrated its payments business to an external platform provided by Merchant Warrior which has reduced payment related overheads and operating costs.

Gross profit for the reporting period was \$173,077 (2020: \$2,879,561).

During the reporting period the Group received COVID-19 related payments from the Federal Government totalling \$12,000 (2020: \$100,000)

During the reporting period the Group recorded net fair value losses on other financial assets (investments) totalling \$171,800 (2020: \$265,072 gain) comprising realised gains on ASX listed securities acquired during the previous reporting period totalling \$336,893 and unrealised losses of \$508,693 booked against the Group's interest in the Canadian based Vello Technologies Inc. following its unsuccessful application to list on the Canadian Securities Exchange (CSE).

Total operating expenses at \$2,515,721 (31 December 2020: \$,620,349) include depreciation and amortisation charges \$501,730 (31 December 2020: \$58,268). The higher amortisation charge relates to intangibles associated with the ICON acquisition. Total expenses are expected to be significantly lower in future periods as a result of non-recurring items including amortisation impairment losses and run-off costs incurred whilst the payments solution business migrated to the Merchant Warrior platform.

Management Discussion and Analysis

For the twelve months ended 31 December 2021

1.5 – Summary of Quarterly Results

Consolidated Balance Sheet as at	31 Dec 21	30 Sep 21	30 Jun 21	31 Mar 21	31 Dec 20	30 Sep 20	30 Jun 20	31 Mar 20
Assets								
Current Assets	4 000 040	0.047.540	0.474.000	1 001 111	0.000.100	1 000 100	4 075 700	4 507 445
Bank	1,806,019	2,017,549	2,171,363	1,091,144	2,998,162	4,620,126	4,075,760	1,597,145
Accounts Receivable	149,760	346,064	538,825	205,145	285,483	236,005	12,386	20,535
Other Current Assets	133,250	239,445	239,441	218,393	593,180	24,589	42,360	2,485,410
Total Current Assets	2,089,029	2,603,058	2,949,629	1,514,682	3,876,825	4,880,720	4,130,506	4,103,090
Non-Current Assets								
Fixed Assets	-	-	-	-	-	266	544	821
Intangible Assets	60,000	966,291	1,076,903	-	-	136,856	149,676	162,498
Security Bonds	-	-	-	50,000	50,000	236,963	236,940	236,917
Other Financial Assets	-	45,238	45,238	2,552,859	553,931	-	-	-
Deferred Tax Asset	-	-	-	121,442	121,442	446,485	504,625	499,751
Total Non-Current Assets	60,000	1,011,529	1,122,141	2,724,301	725,373	820,570	891,785	899,987
Total Assets	2,149,029	3,614,587	4,071,770	4,238,983	4,602,198	5,701,290	5,022,291	5,003,077
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	400,135	357,936	363,391	153,157	213,525	1,433,455	975,251	1,019,106
Contract liabilities	117,500	202,500	235,000					
Merchant liabilities	18,374	1,089,061	1,094,061	1,104,414	1,093,082	665,226	643,173	637,094
Employee provisions	69,165	51,658	51,658	70,782	69,685	72,592	74,037	55,901
Total Current Liabilities	605,174	1,701,155	1,744,110	1,328,353	1,376,292	2,171,273	1,692,461	1,712,101
Non-Current Liabilities								
Employee provisions	18,082	14,061	14,061	15,868	15,413	14,112	_	_
Total Non-Current Liabilities	18,082	14,061	14,061	15,868	15,413	14,112	_	-
	.0,002	,	,	10,000	10,110	,		
Total Liabilities	623,256	1,715,216	1,758,171	1,344,221	1,391,705	2,185,385	1,692,461	1,712,101
	·		•	·			•	
Net Assets	1,525,773	1,899,371	2,313,599	2,894,762	3,210,493	3,515,905	3,329,830	3,290,976
Parada.								
Equity	0.004.007	0.055.000	0.055.000	0.055.000	0.055.000	0.055.000	0.055.000	0.000.505
Share Capital	8,824,267	6,855,020	6,855,020	6,855,020	6,855,020	6,855,020	6,855,020	6,838,595
Reserves	(532,105)	- (5.540.053)	45,639	45,639	45,639	- (0.000.44=)	- (0.505.405)	- (0.547.046)
Retained Earnings	(6,766,389)	(5,516,373)	(5,212,556)	(4,005,897)	(3,690,166)	(3,339,115)	(3,525,190)	(3,547,619)
Non controlling interests	-	560,724	625,496	0.001.00	2 2 4 2 4 2 2	0 = 1 = 00 =		2 222 275
Total Equity	1,525,773	1,899,371	2,313,599	2,894,762	3,210,493	3,515,905	3,329,830	3,290,976

Management Discussion and Analysis

For the twelve months ended 31 December 2021

1.5 – Summary of Quarterly Results (continued)

Profit & Loss Quarters ended	31 Dec 21	30 Sep 21	30 Jun 21	31 Mar 21	31 Dec 20	30 Sep 20	30 Jun 20	31 Mar 20
Revenue								
Revenue from contracts with customers	285,988	289,035	281,449	158,997	1,213,568	2,047,333	1,868,600	2,069,179
	285,988	289,035	281,449	158,997	1,213,568	2,047,333	1,868,600	2,069,179
Direct Costs	136,877	175 100	461,824	68,269	700,285	1 212 005	1 151 070	1 254 666
Gross Profit	149,111	175,422 113,613	(180,375)	90,728	513,283	1,212,895 834,438	1,151,273 717,327	1,254,666 814,513
Gross Front	52.1%	39.3%	-64.1%	57.1%	42.3%	40.8%	38.4%	39.4%
	02.170	30.070	5 -11.170	011170	-12.070	40.070	00.470	30.470
Interest Income	25	45	5	9	24	24	11,160	11,160
Government assistance_COVID-19	-	-	4,000	8,000	38,618	32,793	28,589	-
Other income	-	-	-	-	12,294	-	-	-
Fair value gains /losses	(45,238)	-	(237,625)	65,825	265,072	-	-	-
Impairment losses	(752,074)	-	-		(124,156)			
Expenses								
Employee Benefits	142,264	124,827	155,523	57,912	135,162	121,190	159,957	120,898
Depreciation & Amortisation	166,717	110,612	224,401	-	12,966	13,098	13,100	19,062
Consultancy Fees	-	40,000	254,870	137,799	134,296	136,237	136,441	150,240
Director Fees	20,000	20,000	16,667	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	33,333
Professional Fees	231,471	158,393	146,148	94,624	248,820	268,436	268,868	145,552
Listing Expenses	5,677	(321)	36,495	-	-	-	-	11,765
IT & Hosting Costs	8,890	37,878	89,084	71,051	43,072	20,008	32,556	19,621
Other Expenses	38,101	36,497	(28,766)	88,907	126,828	34,071	86,241	38,531
Total Expenses	613,120	527,886	894,422	480,293	731,144	623,040	727,163	539,002
Description of the Toronto	(4.004.000)	(444.000)	(4.000.447)	(045 704)	(00.000)	044.045	00.040	000 074
Profit / (loss) before Tax	(1,261,296)	(414,228)	(1,308,417)	(315,731)	(26,009)	244,215	29,913	286,671
Income Tax	(4.004.000)	(414,228)	121,442	(245 724)	325,042	58,141	7,483	71,717
Profit / (loss) after Tax	(1,261,296)	. , ,	(1,429,859)	(315,731)	(351,051)	186,074	22,430	214,954
Non-controlling interests	11,280	64,772	223,200	(245 724)	(245 724)	(254.054)	400.074	22,420
Loss for SQID owners	(1,250,016)	(349,456)	(1,206,659)	(315,731)	(315,731)	(351,051)	186,074	22,430
Basic & Diluted Earnings per Share	(0.11)	(0.04)	(0.15)	(0.040)	(0.04)	(0.04)	0.02	0.00
Weighted Average Ordinary Shares	11,820,792	7,973,456	7,947,876	7,973,456	7,928,934	7,892,835	8,211,272	8,237,676

1.6 - Liquidity and Capital Resources

The statement of financial position shows total equity of \$1,525,773 (31 December 2020: \$3,210,493). XXXXX SOCE

Current assets at \$2,089,029 (31 December 2020: \$3,876,825) include cash balances \$1,806,019 (31 December 2020: \$2,998,162). Non-current assets at \$60,000 (31 December 2020: \$725,373) include intangibles relating to the ICON acquisition totalling \$60,000 (31 December 2020: Nil).

Current liabilities at \$605,174 (31 December 2020: \$1,376,292) include merchant liabilities \$18,374 (31 December 2020: \$1,093,082) and contract liabilities \$117,500 (31 December 2020: nil). Non-current liabilities at \$18,082 (31 December 2020: \$15,413) relate to employee provisions.

1.7 - Capital Resources - N/A

1.8 – Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

As at 31 December 2021, there were no off-balance sheet arrangements to which the Company was committed.

Management Discussion and Analysis

For the twelve months ended 31 December 2021

1.9 - Transactions with Related Parties

The Company had the following balances and transactions with key management personnel (directors and executive officers), or companies controlled by these persons and other related parties for the year months ended 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020 and outstanding payables as at 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020:

Transactions	31 Dec 2021	31 Dec 2020
Executive remuneration		
Nick Bobir – CEO- Icon Esports Pty Ltd		
- (short term, post-employment and long term employee benefits)	108,788	-
Sqid Technologies Limited - non-executive director fees (1)	40.000	40.000
Andrew Sterling	40,000	40,000
Michael Clarke	40,000	40,000
John O'Connor	6,666	40,000
Other key management personnel short term benefits (1)		
Athan Lekkas – CEO & Chair	240,000	181,724
Mark Pryn (Baudin Consulting Pty Ltd) – CFO (5)	42,951	
Ben Dixon ⁽⁶⁾	30,000	-
Michael Clarke (7)	66,000	-
Peter Hall – former – CEO & Chair	-	33,333
Lee Horobin – former CFO	47,531	154,324
Robyn Gunnis – former COO	96,138	190,000
Other related party transactions		
Shape Capital Pty Ltd		
- Consultancy ⁽⁴⁾	120,000	90,000
- Success fee relating to the initial Icon Esports Pty Ltd investment	129,000	
- Share placement (investor) finders' fee	80,000	
Dixon Family Trust		
- Consultancy ⁽⁶⁾	33,333	
John O'Connor – (former Director) (3)	10,000	107,500
Sigrist Design Pty Ltd		
(office rent paid to a related entity of former director Peter Hall)	-	7,500
Delayer Accessor Describe	31 Dec 2021	21 D 2020
Balances – Accounts Payable		31 Dec 2020
Athan Lekkas	22,000	22,000
Andrew Sterling	3,333	3,333
Michael Clarke	27,666	3,666
Mark Pryn (Baudin Consulting Pty Ltd)	13,391	10 510
Lee Horobin	-	10,718
Robyn Gunnis	-	16,500
John O'Connor	-	3,666
Shape Capital Pty Ltd	11,000	11,000
Ben Dixon	3,000	

⁽¹⁾ All non-employee key management personnel (executives and directors) invoice for their services monthly in arrears. The invoices are paid in full in the following month.

⁽²⁾ Former director Peter Hall had a beneficial interest in Sigrist Design Pty Ltd which rented out office space as well as being the registered office for the Group. This arrangement commenced January 2019 and ceased March 2020.

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For the twelve months ended 31 December 2021

- (3) Former director John O'Connor had a consulting contract to the board spanning February 2020 February 2021 to provide advisory services around KPIs, revenue targets, financial analysis, technology and staffing.
- (4) Shape Capital Pty Ltd ("Shape") is a related entity of Anoosh Manzoori, who is also CEO / Chair of SQID's largest shareholder, First Growth Funds Limited. Shape is contracted to provide professional and advisory services to the parent entity board for a fee of \$10,000 per month on a month by month basis. During the year Shape also received other fees in relation to the initial investment in Icon Esports Pty Ltd in February 2021 and the share placement completed in November 2021.
- (5) Mark Pryn was appointed CFO and Company Secretary in July 2021, following the resignation of Lee Horobin at the same time.
- (6) Ben Dixon is a director of Icon Esports Pty Ltd and received consulting fees via The Trustee for the Dixon Family Trust.
- (7) Michael Clark is a director Sqid Technologies Ltd and Icon Esports Pty Ltd and received consulting fees via Malvern Corporation Pty Ltd and Sparke Enterprises Pty Ltd.

1.10 Subsequent Events

- 1. On 30 January 2022, the wholly owned and non-operating subsidiary, EFT Managed Services Pty Limited was deregistered under section 601AA(4) of the Corporations Act 2001.
- 2. On 2 February 2022, MSM Corporation International Limited (MSM) issued the Group 4,260,000 fully paid ordinary shares and 1,065,000 options expiring on 31 December 2024 with an exercise price of \$0.0470 under a share placement with a total investment of \$200,220.
- 3. On March 24 2022, the Group announced that it had signed a collaboration agreement with tagSpace Pty Ltd (tagSpace). As part of this agreement both SQID and tagSpace will collectively look at opportunities to expand and capitalise on opportunities in "E-sports" market segments. As part of signing this agreement SQID invested A\$100,000 in a cryptocurrency ITO undertaken by tagSpace.

No other matter or circumstance has arisen since 31 December 2021 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the Group's operations, the results of those operations, or the Group's state of affairs in future financial years.

1.11- Fourth Quarter (Q4)

The net loss for Q4 was \$ 1,261,296 (31 December 2020: \$351,051) and was attributable to non-controlling interests of \$11,280 (31 December 2020: \$nil) and SQID Technology Limited shareholders \$1,250,016 (31 December 2020: \$351,051).

The net loss for Q4 comprises:

- ICON (esports & gaming) loss before depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA) \$109,565 (31 December 2020: Nil),
- SQID (payments solutions) EBITDA loss \$12,502 (31 December 2020: \$83,963),
- Corporate asset management EBITDA loss \$175,200 (31 December 2020: \$199,644),
- Depreciation and amortisation charges of \$166,717 (31 December 2020: \$12,966). Depreciation and amortisation
 for the current period relates to the amortisation of intangibles identified upon the acquisition of the ICON esports
 and gaming operations, and
- Impairment losses \$739,574 (31 December 2020: \$124,036). A performance assessment of the esports and gaming business at the end of the current reporting period resulted in the full impairment of goodwill recognised on acquisition. Prior period impairment related to patents and software within the payment solutions business.

Group customer revenue for Q4 was \$285,988 (2020: \$1,213,568). Esports and gaming revenue was \$251,807 (2020: Nil). Payment solutions revenue was down 97% at 34,181 (2020: \$1,213,568). The decrease in revenue is attributable to the cessation of services to a large customer group unable to meet the Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard ("PCI") compliance levels from 23 November 2020 onwards and in April 2021, the group migrated its payments business to an external platform provided by Merchant Warrior.

Gross profit for the reporting period was \$149,111 (2020: \$513,283).

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During Q4 the Group received COVID-19 related payments from the Federal Government of \$nil (2020: \$36,818)

During Q4 the Group recorded net fair value losses on other financial assets (investments) of \$nil (2020: \$265,072 gain).

Total expenses at \$613,120 (31 December 2020: \$731,144) include depreciation and amortisation charges \$166,717 (31 December 2020: \$12,966). Total expenses are expected to be lower in future periods as a result of non-recurring including amortisation charges.

1.12 - Proposed Transactions

The Company has no proposed transactions as at the date of this document.

1.13(a) – Critical Accounting Estimates

Refer to Note 2 to the Annual Financial Report.

1.13(b) Changes in Accounting Policies – International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS")

Nil. Refer to Note 1 to the Annual Financial Report.

1.14 (a) Fair value measurement

Refer to Note 20 to the Annual Financial Report.

1.14 (b) - Financial Instruments and Other Instruments

Refer to Note 20 to the Annual Financial Report.

1.15 - Other MD&A Requirements

Share Capital

Refer to Note 17 to the Annual Financial Report.

RISK FACTORS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Company is in the business of electronic payment processing under contract. Due to the nature of the Company's business and the present stage of its activities, many risk factors will apply. The risks described below are not the only ones facing the Company. Additional risks not presently known to the Company may also impair the business operations.

Risk of No Return on Investment

There is no assurance that the business of the Issuer will continue to be operated successfully, or that the business will continue to generate sufficient or any income to meet its obligations. There is no assurance that an investment in the Ordinary Shares will earn a specified rate of return or any return over the life of the Issuer.

Dilution to the Company's Existing Shareholders

The Company may require additional equity financing to be raised in the future. The Company may issue securities at less than favorable terms to raise sufficient capital to fund its business plan. Any transaction involving the issuance of equity securities or securities convertible into Ordinary Shares would result in dilution, possibly substantial, to present and prospective holders of Ordinary Shares.

Uncertainty of Additional Financing

There are no assurances that the Issuer's future working capital will be adequate to execute its business plan or objectives as contemplated herein. The Issuer does not have any commitments to obtain additional financing and if required in future,

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there is no assurance that the Issuer will be able to arrange for such financing, or that such financing will be available on commercially reasonable terms. The failure to obtain such financing on a timely basis could have a material adverse effect on the Issuer. Equity financing and the additional issuance of equity securities will result in the substantial dilution to the Issuer's shareholders.

General Economic Conditions

The recent events in global financial markets have had a profound impact on the global economy. A continued or worsened slowdown in the financial markets or other economic conditions, including but not limited to, consumer spending, employment rates, business conditions, inflation, fuel and energy costs, consumer debt levels, lack of available credit, the state of the financial markets, interest rates, and tax rates may adversely affect the Company's growth and profitability. These factors could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition and results of operations.

Share Price Volatility

There can be no assurance that an active trading market in our securities will be established and sustained. The market price for our securities could be subject to wide fluctuations. Factors such as commodity prices, government regulation, interest rates, share price movements of our peer companies and competitors, as well as overall market movements, may have a

RISK FACTORS AND UNCERTAINTIES (continued)

significant impact on the market price of the securities of our Company. The stock market has from time to time experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations, which have often been unrelated to the operating performance of particular companies.

Reliance on the Directors and Officers and Other Key Personnel

The Issuer has a small management team and the unexpected loss of any of these individuals would have a serious impact on the business. Specifically, the Issuer is dependent upon the skills of the management team listed in items "Directors and Executive Officers" for the successful operation of its business. At present, there is no key-man insurance in place for any members of the management team. The loss of services of any of these personnel to develop the business and make

appropriate decisions in respect of the management thereof could have a material adverse effect on the business of the Issuer. The Issuer also relies on consultants to carry out its business objectives and the unexpected loss of any of these consultants could have a serious impact on the business.

Conflicts of Interest

The directors and officers of the Issuer are not in any way limited or affected in their ability to carry on other transactions or business ventures for their own account or for the account of others, and may be engaged in the ownership, acquisition and operation of businesses, which compete with the Issuer. Investment in the Issuer will not carry with it the right for either the Issuer or any subscriber to invest in any other property or venture of the directors and officers of the Issuer, or to any profit therefrom or to any interest therein. The directors and officers have a responsibility to identify and acquire suitable acquisition targets on behalf of the Issuer. To the extent that an opportunity arises to enter into such an agreement, the directors of the Issuer have the discretion to determine whether the Issuer will avail itself of the investment opportunity and, if it does not, any of the directors and officers of the Issuer shall be able to decide amongst themselves whether to pursue the opportunity for their respective accounts. If the investment opportunity did not arise solely from their activities on behalf of the Issuer, the directors and officers of the Issuer have no obligation to offer an investment opportunity to the Issuer. Future conflicts of interest will be dealt with in accordance with applicable laws, statutes and regulations.

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Employee Recruitment Risk

The successful operation of SQID's Payment Solutions and Esport and Gaming segments relies on SQID's ability to attract and retain a small team of experienced employees with specialist skills, including relationship managers, sales staff, operational staff and the management team.

If the business expands and grows, failure to appropriately recruit and retain employees may adversely affect SQID's ability to develop and implement its business strategies.

Relationship with Merchant Warrior

The agreements with Merchant Warrior are essential to the Company's Payment Solution operations. MW provides an outsourced payments processing platform for SQID customers.

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RISK FACTORS AND UNCERTAINTIES (continued)

Relationships with Key Third Party Suppliers and Service Providers

SQID's Payment Solution and Esport and Gaming business segments are dependent upon maintaining successful relationships with a limited number of key third-party suppliers and service providers, who provide a number of services that are key to SQID's service offerings.

Any loss of a key third-party supplier or service provider, a material limitation of the services provided, a deterioration in the level of service provided, or a material alteration of the terms on which they are provided, could result in a disruption to its business and may negatively impact SQID's ability to win and retain contracts, each of which could materially adversely affect SQID's business, operating and financial performance.

Loss of Customer Contracts

The Company's contracts, including with key customers, may generally be terminated without cause by a customer, in some cases on short notice. SQID could lose key customers or material contracts, due to a range of events including, because of failure to renew a contract, a loss of a tender, a deterioration in customer service levels or relationships, or disputes with customers. Any of these factors could materially adversely affect SQID's business, operating and financial performance.

Profit Margins

Margins vary considerably across the range of products and services that SQID provides and a change in the mix of products and services that SQID sells to its customers could have a material adverse impact on SQID's financial performance.

Operational Risks

The Company will be affected by several operational risks against which it may not be adequately insured or for which insurance is not available, including catastrophic accidents; fires; changes in the regulatory environment; impact of non-compliance with laws and regulations; labour disputes; natural phenomena such as inclement weather conditions, floods, earthquakes and ground movements. There is no assurance that the foregoing risks and hazards will not result in damage to, or destruction of, the Company's premises, personal injury or death, environmental damage, resulting in adverse impacts on the Company's operations, costs, monetary losses, potential legal liability and future cash flows, earnings and financial condition. The Company may also be subject to or affected by liability or sustain loss risks and hazards against which it cannot insure or which it may elect not to insure because of the cost. This lack of insurance coverage could have an adverse impact on the Company's future cash flows, earnings, results of operations and financial condition.

Technology Risk

The Company's products and services are dependent upon advanced technologies, which are susceptible to rapid technological change. There can be no assurance that the Company's products and services will not be seriously affected by, or become obsolete because of, such technological changes. There can be no assurance that the Company can respond in a timely manner so that its response will be adequate to successfully overcome the technological change.

Unforeseen Competition

There can be no assurance that significant competition will not enter the market and offer any number of similar services to those provided by the Company. Such competition could have a significant adverse effect on the growth potential of the Company's business by effectively dividing the existing market for such products and services.

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RISK FACTORS AND UNCERTAINTIES (continued)

Disruption of Technology Platforms

SQID's ability to provide reliable services, effective payment and transaction processing and accurate and timely reporting for its customers is a key aspect of its business. This depends on the efficient and uninterrupted operation of its now external payments processing platform provided by Merchant Warrior.

Merchant Warrior's (MW) core technologies and other systems could be exposed to damage or interruption from systems failures, computer viruses, cyber-attacks or other events. Any systemic failure or sustained disruption to the effective operation of MW's technology platform could severely damage SQID's reputation and its ability to generate new business or retain existing business, directly impair SQID's operations and customer service levels or necessitate increased

expenditure on technology or generally across the business. Any of these outcomes could materially adversely affect SQID's business, operating and financial performance.

Data Security Risks

The Company will utilize servers with significant amounts of data stored in via third party companies being AWS. Should the Company be responsible for the loss of any or all the data stored by it, the liability could materially undermine the financial stability of the Company. Also, much of the data stored will be confidential. The company does not store full card data. If the company's data is ever compromised, then customer card data will not be accessible to those in possession of the data. Anyone who can circumvent the Company's security measures could misappropriate proprietary information or cause interruptions in its operations.

Cybersecurity. SQID is subject to Australian Privacy legislation which includes the requirement to advise an entity if their identity has been compromised.

Internet Fraud. MW has detailed merchant vetting / KYC procedures used to detect or mitigate fraud. Merchant accounts all have transaction limits, in line with the industry they are in, and all transactions are monitored and assigned a risk score. MW also has transaction monitoring including the flagging of chargeback activity; SQID has the ability to withhold settlements pending an investigation into transactions. MW also takes bonds from merchants as security in case the need to recover chargebacks arises. Bonds also act as a deterrent to fraudsters from even commencing the merchant onboarding process.

Money Laundering. This is a significant risk for all businesses. MW is governed by the Australian Anti-Money Laundering legislation and is required to operate in a PCI (Payment Card Industry) compliant manner when dealing with credit card information and payments.

Management of Growth

The Company may experience a period of significant growth that will place a strain upon its management systems and resources. Its future will depend in part on the ability of its officers and other key employees to implement and improve financial and management controls, reporting systems and procedures on a timely basis and to expand, train motivate and manage the workforce. The Company's current and planned personnel, systems, procedures and controls may be inadequate to support its future operations.

Management Discussion and Analysis
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RISK FACTORS AND UNCERTAINTIES (continued)

Increases in Competition

The payment processing industry is highly competitive and SQID may face increased competition from actions by existing competitors, the entry of new competitors, consolidation between existing competitors or from major customers bypassing payment processing and transactions switching companies and transacting directly with end customers.

SQID's competitive position may deteriorate because of these factors, or a failure by SQID to continue to position itself successfully to meet changing market conditions, customer demands and technology. Any material deterioration in SQID's competitive position could materially adversely affect SQID's business, operating and financial performance.

Damage to Reputation or Brand

SQID's reputation and brand is important in winning and retaining contracts, maintaining its relationship with third-party suppliers and service providers and attracting employees. Reputational damage could arise due to a number of circumstances, including inadequate or deteriorating service levels, improper conduct, adverse media coverage or

underperformance of customer-facing third-party suppliers and service providers. Reputational damage may potentially result in a failure to win new contracts and impinge on SQID's ability to maintain relationships with existing customers, suppliers and service providers and impede its ability to compete successfully in the payment transactions industry and to attract key employees. If any of these occur, this could materially adversely affect SQID's business, operating and financial performance.

The Company is proactive in dealing with these risks by regular reporting to customers about service levels, which allows the Company's representatives to be proactive in identifying and mitigating any service level deterioration. Regular systems maintenance is also important to ensure optimum services levels and minimum disruption to customers. There is no assurance that the Company's efforts to mitigate these risks will always be successful.

Exposure to Adverse Macroeconomic Conditions

SQID is exposed to changes in general economic conditions in Australia and internationally and is affected by macroeconomic conditions such as tariffs and other trade barriers, economic recessions, downturns or extended periods of uncertainty or volatility, which may influence customer decisions in relation to whether to enter into transaction processing arrangements. These macroeconomic conditions may materially adversely affect SQID's business, operating and financial performance. Payment transactions are the core of most commercial activity. Unless there is a catastrophic event, payment processing will occur.

Acquisition Risk and Associated Risk of Dilution

SQID's possible expansion strategy includes pursuing acquisitions. The successful implementation of acquisitions will depend on a range of factors including acquisition costs, funding arrangements, business cultural compatibility and operational integration. To the extent acquisitions are not successfully integrated with SQID's existing business, the financial performance of SQID could be materially adversely affected. Future acquisitions may involve the issue of Ordinary Shares for consideration. In this event, Shareholders' interests will be diluted. Ordinary Shares may also be issued for other purposes such as debt reduction. Effective due diligence by the Company is ongoing to minimize the risk in integrating acquisition targets although this cannot be guaranteed.

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RISK FACTORS AND UNCERTAINTIES (continued)

Insurance Risk

SQID's only insurance is mandatory worker's compensation insurance. SQID does not currently hold insurances against the identified risks of its operations. The occurrence of an event that is not covered or fully covered by insurance could have a material adverse effect on the business, financial condition, and results of SQID. There are uninsurable risks such as cardholder fraud, merchant business failure and adverse regulatory changes.

Exchange Rate Risk

SQID currently operates in Australia. The Company is not exposed to significant currency risk on fluctuations considering that its assets and liabilities are stated in Australian dollar.

Unforeseen Expenses

All expenses that SQID is aware of are taken into account. There is a risk that unforeseen expenses may develop which could materially negatively affect the business operations.

Permits and Government Regulations

There are no permits or government regulations in Australia that affect the Company's operations beyond business license requirement and employment standards.

Environmental and Safety Regulations and Risks, Climate Change

There are currently no environmental laws and regulations affect the operations of the Company. None are anticipated as the Company's does not have physical operations other than business offices. SQID, like all other businesses and persons in the world is exposed to the effects of climate change. The direct effects on SQID's business's are not foreseeable at this time.

APPROVAL

The Board of Directors of the Company approved the disclosure contained in this MD&A on 04 April 2022.