### **CMP MINING INC.**

CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
THREE MONTHS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2023 and 2022

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the condensed interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the condensed interim financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim financial statements of CMP Mining Inc. (the "Company") have been prepared by and are the responsibility of management. These condensed interim financial statements as at August 31, 2023 and for the three months then ended have not been reviewed or audited by the Company's independent auditors.

# CMP Mining Inc. Condensed Interim Statements of Financial Position (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
As at	Note	August 31, 2023	May 31, 2023
		\$	\$
ASSETS			
CURRENT			
Cash		153,622	167,575
Prepaid expenses and deposits		8,804	9,696
GST receivable		559	20,709
		162,985	197,980
Exploration and evaluation asset	4	27,700	27,700
TOTAL ASSETS		190,685	225,680
LIADULTICS			
LIABILITIES CURRENT			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	8	78,368	101,372
Loan payable	5	40,000	40,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES		118,368	141,372
		,	,
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Common shares	6	658,258	658,258
Deficit		(585,941)	(573,950)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		72,317	84,308
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUIT	-γ	190,685	225,680

NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN (Note 1)

Approved and authorized for issue on behalf of the Board on October 10, 2023:

"Rick Trotman"	Director	
"Terri Anne Welyki"	Director	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

## Condensed Interim Statements of Comprehensive Loss (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Note	Three months ended August 31, 2023	Three months ended August 31, 2022
EXPENSES		\$	\$
Audit fees and tax compliance		5,000	5,000
Exploration and evaluation	4	850	14,367
Legal fees		-	20,315
Office and general administrative expense	8	3,607	904
Regulatory and transfer agent		2,534	
NET LOSS BEFORE OTHER ITEMS		(11,991)	(40,586)
OTHER ITEMS			
Recovery of flow through premium	4	-	5,565
Interest income		<u>-</u>	1,144
TOTAL OTHER ITEMS		-	6,709
LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD		(11,991)	(33,877)
Loss per share, basic and diluted			
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding – basic and diluted		14,788,000	14,788,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

### Condensed Interim Statements of Changes in Equity (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Common Si	Common Shares		
	Number of Shares	Amount	Deficit	Total
		\$	\$	\$
Balance, May 31, 2022	14,788,000	658,258	(264,482)	393,776
Net loss for the year	-	-	(33,877)	(33,877)
Balance, August 31, 2022	14,788,000	658,258	(298,359)	359,899
Net loss for the year	-	-	(275,591)	(275,591)
Balance, May 31, 2023	14,788,000	658,258	(573,950)	84,308
Net loss for the year	-	-	(11,991)	(11,991)
Balance, August 31, 2023	14,788,000	658,258	(585,941)	72,317

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

### Condensed Interim Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	August 31, 2023	August 31, 2022
Cash provided by (used in):	\$	\$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net loss for the year	(11,991)	(33,877)
Items not affecting cash		
Interest accrued on loan receivable	-	-
Recovery of flow through premium	-	(5,565)
Net changes in non-cash working capital items:		
GST receivable	20,150	(747)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(23,004)	(27,191)
Prepaid expenses and deposits	892	-
Net cash used in operating activities	(13,953)	(67,380)
Change in cash	(13,953)	(67,380)
Cash, beginning of year	167,575	580,525
Cash, end of period	153,622	513,145
Cash paid on interest Cash paid on taxes Cash received from interest	\$ - \$ - \$ -	\$ - \$ - \$ 1,144

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

-6-

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the three months ended August 31, 2023 and 2022 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

CMP Mining Inc., formerly known as Vanadium 23 Capital Corporation (the "Company"), was incorporated on January 30, 2018 as 1151139 BC Ltd. pursuant to the *Business Corporations Act* of British Columbia. The Company's principal business activities include the acquisition and exploration of mineral property assets. The Company's common shares are listed for trading on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE") under the symbol "CMP".

The head office and principal address of the Company is located at Suite 2820, 200 Granville Street. Vancouver, BC, V6C 1S4. The registered and records office of the Company is located at Suite 1604 – 1166 Alberni Street, Vancouver, BC, V6E 3Z3.

The Company's condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business rather than through a process of forced liquidation. Management recognizes that the Company will need to obtain additional financial resources in order to meet its planned business objectives. There are no assurances that the Company will be able to obtain additional financial resources and/or achieve positive cash flows or profitability. These factors indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern and to realize the carrying value of its assets and discharge its liabilities when due is dependent upon obtaining additional financing and generating revenues sufficient to cover its operating costs.

These condensed interim financial statements do not give effect to any adjustments which would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern and therefore be required to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in other than the normal course of business and at amounts different from those reflected in these condensed interim financial statements. Such adjustments could be material.

The Company's business may be affected by changes in political and market conditions, such as interest rates, availability of credit, inflation rates, changes in laws, and national and international circumstances. Recent geopolitical events, including, relations between NATO and Russian Federation regarding the situation in Ukraine, and potential economic global challenges such as the risk of the higher inflation and energy crises, may create further uncertainty and risk with respect to the prospects of the Company's business.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the three months ended August 31, 2023 and 2022 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### a) Statement of compliance

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34 Interim Financial Reporting. They do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements as at May 31, 2023 and for the year then ended, which have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

These condensed interim financial statements were authorized for issue in accordance with a resolution from the Board of Directors on October 10.2023.

#### b) Basis of presentation

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, with the exception of financial instruments which are measured at fair value, as explained in the accounting policies set out below. In addition, these financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information. The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all years presented in these condensed interim financial statements.

#### c) Accounting policies

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies and methods of computation consistent with those applied in the Company's audited financial statements as at May 31, 2023 and for the year then ended.

#### d) Accounting standard issued but not yet effective

International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 1 Presentation of Financial Statements

IAS 1 has been amended to clarify the classification of liabilities as current or non-current. The amendments are effective for the years beginning on or after January 1, 2023. The Company is still in the process of assessing the impact of these amendments.

Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2 – Disclosure of Accounting Policies

These amendments continue the IASB's clarifications on applying the concept of materiality. These amendments help companies provide useful accounting policy disclosures, and they include: requiring companies to disclose their material accounting policies instead of their significant accounting policies; clarifying that accounting policies related to immaterial transactions, other events or conditions are themselves immaterial and do not need to be disclosed; and clarifying that not all accounting policies that relate to material transactions, other events or conditions are themselves material. The IASB also amended IFRS Practice Statement 2 to include guidance and examples on applying materiality to accounting policy disclosures. The amendments are effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. The Company is still in the process of assessing the impact of these amendments.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the three months ended August 31, 2023 and 2022 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The preparation of the condensed interim financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may vary from these estimates. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the actual results. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future years affected.

#### Critical accounting estimates

Significant accounting judgments that management has made in the process of applying accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements include, but are not limited to, the following:

#### Impairment of investment

The Company evaluated its investment at each reporting date to determine whether there are any indications of impairment. The Company considers both internal and external sources of information when making the assessment of whether there are indications of impairment for the Company's investment. The assessment of impairment is dependent upon estimates of recoverable amounts that take into account various factors.

#### Critical judgments in applying accounting policies

Critical accounting judgments are accounting policies that have been identified as being complex or involving subjective judgments or assessments. Critical accounting judgments include, but are not limited to, the following:

#### Going concern

The assessment of whether the going concern assumption is appropriate requires management to take into account all available information about the future, which is at least, but not limited to, twelve months from the end of the reporting period. The Company is aware that material uncertainties exist related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

#### Recoverability of the carrying value of the Company's exploration and evaluation asset

Evaluating for recoverability during the exploration and evaluation phase requires judgment in determining whether future economic benefits from future exploitation, sale or otherwise are likely. Evaluations may be more complex where activities have not reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence of reserves or resources. Management must make certain estimates and assumptions about future events or circumstances including, but not limited to, the interpretation of geological, geophysical and seismic data, the Company's financial ability to continue exploration and evaluation activities, contractual issues with joint venture partners, the impact of government legislation and political stability in the region, and the impact of current and expected future metal prices on potential reserves.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the three months ended August 31, 2023 and 2022 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 4. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSET AND EXPENSE

On December 22, 2021, the Company entered into an option agreement (the "Agreement") with Cariboo Rose Resources Ltd. ("Cariboo") whereby the Company will (a) make option payments to Cariboo totaling (i) \$250,000 cash; (ii) 200,000 common shares of CMP ("CMP Shares"); and (iii) an additional \$250,000 in cash or, at the election of CMP, CMP Shares; and (b) incurring \$2,000,000 in exploration expenditures on the 70% interest in a property located in Merritt, BC, all over a period of four years.

During the three months ended August 31, 2023, and year ended May 31,2023, the Company did not incur any acquisition cost.

During the year ended May 31, 2022, the Company made a \$20,000 cash payment and issued 100,000 shares at \$0.05 per share for a value of \$5,000 to Cariboo according to the Agreement. In addition, it incurred \$2,700 for staking claims for the year ended May 31, 2022.

As at August 31, 2023, the Company has exploration and evaluation asset of \$27,700 (May 31, 2023 - \$27,700).

On October 17, 2022, the Agreement was amended to delay the payment schedule by one year and to increase the size of the property. On December 19, 2022, the Agreement was amended to change the \$30,000 payment due December 22, 2023 from a cash payment to a payment of cash or common shares at the election of the Company.

On December 19, 2022, the Agreement was amended to the following schedule:

			Cash or Common	Exploration
Due Date	Cash	Common Shares	Shares (3)	Expenditures
	\$	#	\$	\$
December 24, 2021	20,000 (1)	100,000 (2)	-	-
December 22, 2023	-	100,000	30,000 (3)	300,000
December 22, 2024	40,000	-	30,000 (3)	500,000
December 22, 2025	50,000	-	70,000 (3)	500,000
December 22, 2026	110,000	-	150,000 <sup>(3)</sup>	700,000
Total	220,000	200,000	280,000 (3)	2,000,000

<sup>(1)</sup> The Company has made the payment

(2) The Company has issued the common shares

The following table summarizes the exploration and evaluation expenses incurred at the property:

For the years ended	August 31, 2023	August 31, 2022	
Analytical & sample related	\$ -	\$	(412)
Equipment and warehouse rental	-		9,194
Exploration travel and related	-		135
Geological and geoscience	850		5,450
Total	\$ 850	\$	14,367

During the three months ended August 31, 2023, the Company incurred \$ nil (August 31, 2022 \$5,565) on settlement of flow-through share premium liability pursuant to qualifying expenditures.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(3)</sup> Payable in cash or equivalent market value of common shares, at the election of the Company

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the three months ended August 31, 2023 and 2022 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 5. LOAN PAYABLE

On January 9, 2023, the Company entered into unsecured demand loan agreements with three shareholders for total proceeds of \$40,000. The demand loans bear interest at an annual rate of 5%, to be calculated and accrued monthly. The loans and their accrued interest have a maturity date that is the earlier of (i) one year from the date of listing of the Company's shares on the CSE, which is January 26, 2023; and (ii) January 31, 2024. For the three months ended August 31, 2023, the Company has accrued interest of \$517 (August 31,2022 - \$nil).

#### 6. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorized:

The Company's authorized capital consists of an unlimited number of common shares without par value.

Issued and Outstanding:

On December 22, 2021, the Company issued 100,000 common shares regarding the Agreement with Cariboo (Note 4) at a price of \$0.05 per share.

On December 23, 2021, the Company closed its private placement and raised gross proceeds of \$305,100 through the sale of 4,068,000 flow-through shares at a price of \$0.075 per share. The Company recorded a flow-through share liability of \$101,700 for the difference between the fair value of its common shares and the issuance price of its flow-through common shares. On the same day, the Company also raised gross proceeds of \$284,500 through the sale of 5,690,000 common shares at \$0.05 per share.

As at August 31, 2023 there were 2,170,312 common shares held in escrow (May 31, 2023–2,604.375). These shares are to be released from escrow in six equal tranches commencing on July 26, 2023, and continuing every six months thereafter.

#### 7. CAPITAL DISCLOSURE

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to pursue the sourcing and exploration of resource properties. The Company does not have any externally imposed capital requirements to which it is subject.

The Company considers the aggregate of its share capital, contributed surplus and deficit as capital. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new shares or dispose of assets or adjust the amount of cash. There has been no change as of August 31, 2023.

#### 8. RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Related parties may be individuals or corporate entities. A transaction is considered to be a related party transaction when there is a transfer of resources or obligations between related parties.

Key management personnel include those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company as a whole. The Company has determined that key management personnel consist of executive and non-executive members of the Company's Board of Directors and corporate officers.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the three months ended August 31, 2023 and 2022 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### 8. RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS (continued)

During the three months ended August 31, 2023, the Company incurred accounting and tax fees of \$3,000 (August 31, 2022 - \$nil) recorded in office and general administrative expenses accrued to Fehr & Associates, a corporation that employs the chief financial officer for accounting and tax services.

As at August 31, 2023, the Company has included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$7,840 (May 31, 2023 - \$35,000) owing to Fehr & Associates. This amount is unsecured, non-interest-bearing and due on demand.

#### 9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK

Fair value

The carrying values of cash, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and loan payable approximate their fair values due to the short-term nature of these instruments or market rates of interest.

Credit risk

The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash. The Company has no significant concentration of credit risk arising from operations. The Company limits its exposure to credit risk for cash by placing it with high quality financial institutions.

Liquidity risk

The Company manages liquidity risk through the management of its capital structure, as outlined in Note 7. The Company monitors its ability to meet its short-term exploration and administrative expenditure requirements by raising additional funds through share issuances when required. As of August 31, 2023, the Company had working capital surplus of \$44,617 (May 31, 2023 - working capital surplus of \$56,608).

Price Risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity prices. The Company's future mining operations will be significantly affected by changes in the market price for precious metal. Precious metal prices fluctuate daily and are affected by numerous factors beyond the Company's control. The supply and demand for commodities, level of interest rates, rate of inflation, investment decisions by large holders of commodities and stability of exchange rates can all cause significant fluctuations in commodity prices.

Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company is not exposed to significant foreign exchange risk.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Company is not exposed to significant cash flow fluctuations due to interest rate changes on its loan payable, as it bears interest at fixed rate of 5%.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the three months ended August 31, 2023 and 2022 (Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### **10. SEGMENTED INFORMATION**

The Company's reportable operating segments, which are components of the Company's business where separate financial information is available and which are evaluated on a regular basis by the Company's Chief Executive Officer, who is the Company's chief operating decision maker, for the purpose of assessing performance. The Company's operating segments are its exploration and evaluation assets and expenditures which are incurred in Canada.