# **GOLDEN SHIELD RESOURCES INC.**

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the three months ended October 31, 2024 and 2023

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of Golden Shield Resources Inc. (the "Company") supplements but does not form part of the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto for the three months ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 (collectively referred to hereafter as the "Financial Statements"). The MD&A should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements for the years ended July 31, 2024 and 2023 (the "Annual Financial Statements"), as some disclosures from the Annual Financial Statements have been condensed or omitted.

The Financial Statements have been prepared by management in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS Accounting Standards"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements and which the Canadian Accounting Standards Board has approved for incorporation into Part 1 of the CPA Canada Handbook - Accounting including International Accounting Standard 34 Interim Financial Reporting. Other information contained in this document has been prepared by management and is consistent with the information contained in the Financial Statements.

The Company's certifying officers are responsible for ensuring that the Financial Statements and MD&A do not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated, or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it was made. The Company's certifying officers certify that the Financial Statements together with the other financial information included in the filings fairly present, in all material respects, the financial condition, financial performance and cash flows of the Company as of the date of, and for the periods presented in the filings.

In this MD&A, the words "we", "us", or "our", collectively refer to Golden Shield Resources Inc. The first, second, third and fourth quarters of the Company's fiscal years are referred to as "Q1", "Q2", "Q3" and "Q4", respectively. The year-to-date periods ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 are referred to as "YTD 2024" and "YTD 2023", respectively. All amounts are presented in Canadian dollars, the Company's functional and presentation currency, unless otherwise stated. The functional currency of the Company's subsidiaries is disclosed in the notes to the Financial Statements. References to "\$" are to Canadian dollars and references to "US\$" are to United States dollars.

The Company's Audit Committee and the Board of Directors provide an oversight role with respect to all public financial disclosures by the Company. The Board of Directors approves the Financial Statements and MD&A after the completion of its review and recommendation for approval by the Audit Committee, which meets periodically to review all financial reports, prior to filing.

The following MD&A has been prepared by management, in accordance with the requirements of National Instrument ("NI") 51-102 Continuous Disclosure Obligations as of December 20, 2024 (the "MD&A Date").

#### **TECHNICAL DISCLOSURES**

All scientific and technical information in this MD&A has been reviewed and approved by Mr. Leo Hathaway, P Geo., Executive Chair of the Company. Mr. Hathaway is a qualified person for the purposes of NI 43-101 *Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects* ("NI 43-101"). Mr. Hathaway has verified the sampling, analytical, including its quality assurance and quality control procedures, and analytical results underlying the information or opinions contained herein by reviewing original data certificates or reviewing the data collection protocols. For additional information regarding the Company's Marudi Gold Project, please see the technical reports entitled "Independent Technical Report for the Marudi Gold Project, Rupununi Mining District, Guyana" dated effective March 31, 2021 and revised on November 10, 2021 on the Company's profile at www.sedarplus.ca.

The Historical Resource Estimate at the Gold Project referred to below, was reported by G. Mosher, P. Geo., 2018. "Marudi Property Mazoa Hill Mineral Resource Estimate", NI 43-101 technical report prepared for Guyana Goldstrike Inc.

The Historical Resource Estimate was based on the following assumptions: (a) open pit resources were stated as contained within a conceptual open pit above a 0.50 g/t Au cut-off; (b) pit constraints were based on an assumed gold price of US\$1,500/oz., mining cost of US\$2.30/t and processing cost of US\$16.80/t; (c) assay grades were capped at 30 g/t Au; (d) mineral resource tonnage and contained metal were rounded to reflect the accuracy of the estimate, and numbers may not add due to rounding; (e) mineral resource tonnage and grades were reported as undiluted; and (f) contained Au ounces are in-situ and did not include recovery losses.

(Expressed in Canadian dollars, except where noted)

Readers are cautioned that the Historical Resource Estimate is considered historical in nature and as such is based on prior data and reports prepared by a previous property owner. A qualified person has not done sufficient work to classify the Historical Resource Estimate as a current resource and the Company is not treating the Historical Resource Estimate as a current resource. Significant data compilation, re-drilling, re-sampling and data verification may be required by a qualified person before the Historical Resource Estimate can be classified as a current resource. There can be no assurance that the historical mineral resource, in-whole or in part, will ever become economically viable. In addition, mineral resources are not mineral reserves and do not have demonstrated economic viability. Even if classified as a current resource, there is no certainty as to whether further exploration will result in any inferred mineral resources being upgraded to an indicated or measured mineral resource category.

#### CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

Certain statements in this document constitute forward-looking information under applicable securities legislation. Forward-looking information typically contains statements with words such as "anticipate", "believe", "estimate", "will", "expect", "plan", "intend", or similar words suggesting future outcomes or an outlook. Forward-looking information in this document includes, but is not limited to:

- our business plan and investment strategy; and
- · general business strategies and objectives.

Such forward-looking information is based on a number of assumptions which may prove to be incorrect. Assumptions have been made with respect to the following matters, in addition to any other assumptions identified in this document which includes, but is not limited to:

- taxes and capital, operating, general & administrative and other costs;
- general business, economic and market conditions;
- the ability of the Company to obtain the required capital to finance its investment strategy and meet its commitments and financial obligations;
- the ability of the Company to obtain services and personnel in a timely manner and at an acceptable cost to carry out activities; and
- the timely receipt of required regulatory approvals.

Although the Company believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking information are reasonable, undue reliance should not be placed on them as there can be no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct. Forward-looking information is based on expectations, estimates and projections that involve a number of risks and uncertainties which could cause actual results to differ materially than anticipated and described in the forward-looking information.

The material risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to:

- meeting current and future commitments and obligations;
- general business, economic and market conditions;
- the uncertainty of estimates and projections relating to future costs and expenses;
- changes in, or in the interpretation of, laws, regulations or policies;
- the ability to obtain required regulatory approvals in a timely manner;
- the outcome of existing and potential lawsuits, regulatory actions, audits, and assessments; and
- other risks and uncertainties described elsewhere in this document.

The foregoing list of risks is not exhaustive. For more information relating to risks, see the section titled "Risks and Uncertainties" herein. The forward-looking information contained in this document is made as of the date hereof and, except as required by applicable securities law, the Company undertakes no obligation to update publicly or revise any forward-looking statements or information, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

# (Expressed in Canadian dollars, except where noted)

#### **BUSINESS OVERVIEW**

The Company was incorporated pursuant to the provisions of the *Business Corporations Act* (British Columbia) on January 29, 2018. The Company is in the business of acquiring, exploring, and developing mineral properties, primarily those containing gold and associated base and precious metals. The Company is listed on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE") under the stock symbol "GSRI", on the OTCQB Venture Market under stock symbol "GSRFF", on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange under stock symbol "4LEO".

#### **SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS**

A summary of the Company's quarterly results is as follows:

	04 2025	04.0004	02.2024	00.0004
	Q1 2025	Q4 2024	Q3 2024	Q2 2024
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net loss and comprehensive loss	(265,000)	(541,753)	(1,023,315)	(1,755,177)
Basic and diluted loss per common share	(0.00)	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.03)
	Q1 2024	Q4 2023	Q3 2023	Q2 2023
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net loss and comprehensive loss	(1,173,691)	(2,785,793)	(1,352,664)	(1,267,168)
Basic and diluted loss per common share	(0.02)	(0.04)	(0.03)	(0.03)

All the Company's exploration and evaluation assets are in the exploration stage. The Company's operating results are not seasonal in nature and have been mainly due to the amount of exploration and evaluation activities in each quarter. The Company incurred impairment of exploration and evaluation assets in Q4 2023 of \$1,208,769. The decrease in net loss of \$481,562 in Q4 2024 compared to Q3 2024 was mainly due to a decrease in exploration and evaluation expenses of \$580,786. Net loss decreased from \$541,753 in Q4 2024 to \$265,000 in Q1 2025, primarily driven by a \$300,000 recovery of drilling expenses resulting from the sale of drilling equipment in Guyana. The Company has earned no revenue, made no distributions or cash dividends to date, and does not expect to have revenue in the near future.

#### **OVERALL PERFORMANCE AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

A summary of the Company's results of operations is as follows:

	Q1 2025	Q1 2024
	\$	\$
Operating expenses		
Bank fees	986	1,432
Consulting fees	9,000	46,500
Director and management fees	15,000	22,894
Exploration and evaluation	79,546	883,830
Filing fees	7,821	6,364
General and administrative	24,773	58,533
Insurance	18,620	22,930
Marketing	4,064	3,340
Professional fees	72,836	58,029
Share-based compensation	30,083	155,033
	(262,729)	(1,258,885)
Other income (expenses)		
Change in fair value of securities held for trading	833	15,000
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	(9,835)	70,194
Other income	6,731	<u>-</u>
Net loss and comprehensive loss	(265,000)	(1,173,691)

#### Q1 2025 compared to Q1 2024

Net loss decreased to \$265,000 compared to \$1,173,691 in the prior year comparable period. The primary drivers of this decrease in net loss were as follows:

- Consulting fees decreased to \$9,000 compared to \$46,500 in the prior year comparable period due to the termination of
  executive consulting services to conserve cash for other activities.
- Director and management fees decreased to \$15,000 compared to \$22,894 in the prior year comparable period due to termination of one director in Q3 2024.
- Exploration and evaluation expenditures decreased to \$79,546 compared to \$883,830 in the prior year comparable period
  due to a decrease in drilling activities conducted only on the Marudi Project in current period, whereas expenses incurred
  in both Arakaka and Marudi in the prior year comparable period.
- General and administrative fees decreased to \$24,773 compared to \$58,533 in the prior year comparable period due to
  cost cutting in office services and rent expenses by management in the current period.
- Share-based compensation decreased to \$30,083 compared to \$155,033 in the prior year comparable period primarily due to fewer vesting options in the current period.

Partially offsetting the decrease in net loss were increases to expenses as follows:

- Professional fees increased to \$72,836 compared to \$58,029 in the prior year comparable period primarily due to the engagement of additional consulting services assisting with the strategy of the Company in the current period.
- Foreign exchange loss decreased to a loss of \$9,835 compared to a gain of \$70,194 in the prior year comparable period
  primarily due to market exchange rate fluctuations and a reduction in the Company's foreign currency transactions in the
  current period.

#### **EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION**

As at October 31, 2024, July 31, 2024, and July 31, 2023, the carrying value of the Company's exploration and evaluation assets was \$1,538,739 representing cash of \$516,374, land option deposit of \$154,520, and 1,212,074 common shares at fair value of \$867,845 (\$0.716 per share), paid to the prior shareholders of Romanex to acquire 100% interest in the Marudi Project.

A summary of the Company's exploration and evaluation expenses for the three months ended October 31, 2024 is as follows:

	Marudi Project	Arakaka Project	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Camp costs	38,966	-	38,966
Drilling (1)	(166,174)	-	(166,174)
General and administrative	106,063	-	106,063
Geological consulting	100,692	-	100,692
	79,546	-	79,546

<sup>(1)</sup> During the three months ended October 31, 2024, the Company sold a drill that was previously recorded as exploration and evaluation expenses during the year ended July 31, 2024 for \$300,000.

A summary of the Company's exploration and evaluation expenses for the three months ended October 31, 2023 is as follows:

	Marudi	Arakaka	
	Project	Project	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Assaying	24,265	-	24,265
Camp costs	210,854	11,897	222,751
Drilling	252,836	-	252,836
General and administrative	165,224	12,049	177,273
Geological consulting	205,116	1,589	206,705
	858,295	25,535	883,830

(Expressed in Canadian dollars, except where noted)

# Marudi Project

The Marudi Project, located in the Rupununi District of southwestern Guyana, currently covers an area of 5,336 hectares. The "historical" Marudi Project was a Mining License, ML1/2009, covering an area of 5,464 hectares, held by Romanex Guyana Exploration Limited ("Romanex").

A historical mineral resource estimate of mineralization at the Mazoa Hill prospect spoke to an indicated resources of 259,100 ounces of gold and inferred resources of 86,200 ounces of gold.

On March 10, 2021, the Company signed an option agreement with the shareholders of Romanex to acquire 100% of the right, title, and interest in Romanex (the "Romanex Option Agreement"). Romanex owns 100% of the Marudi Project. During the period from November 27, 2020 (incorporation) to July 31, 2021, the Company paid a non-refundable exclusivity payment to Romanex of \$154,520 (US\$120,000) in consideration for a twelve-month due diligence period and capitalized it as part of the acquisition costs.

Upon satisfactory completion of the due diligence process, the Company elected to satisfy the option agreement for 100% of right, title, and interest in Romanex through the option payment of US\$800,000 in a combination of cash and shares as follows:

- \$516,374 (US\$400,000) in cash (paid on December 23, 2021),
- US\$400,000 as consideration shares of the resulting issuer following an initial public offering or a reverse takeover transaction, with the number of consideration shares issued to be calculated based on the pricing terms of the resulting issuer's shares on the date of the final payment. An additional US\$400,000 consideration shares of the resulting issuer were issued (issued 1,212,074 common shares at a price of \$0.72 per common share with the fair value of \$867,845 on March 22, 2022).

#### Geological exploration

Highlights of major exploration and evaluation projects are as follows:

#### The Reverse Circulation Drilling Campaign

A total of 101 reverse circulation ("RC") drillholes, totaling 5,588 metres have been completed at Marudi. The drillholes have an average depth of 51 metres. Willow RC drilling is a cost-effective way of targeting the high-grade gold showings hosted in the gold-bearing Ferruginous Quartzite ("FQ"). The RC drilling program is designed to delineate the extent of the mineralized FQ unit under saprolite cover at Marudi. RC drilling eliminates the need to conduct blind drilling and provides a preliminary understanding of mineralization potential exploration targets. The RC drilling campaign has been critical in de-risking exploration targets across the property, in preparation for possible diamond drilling.

The RC drilling campaign has focused on three main exploration targets: Marudi North, IP-6 and Pancake Creek. The Company has received all results from the RC drilling campaign and will use these to inform targeting in the ongoing diamond drilling program. 1.45 g/t Au over 20 metres at Pancake Creek is the best intersection drilled by Golden Shield's RC drilling campaign to date.

#### The Diamond Drilling Program

In January 2024, the Company commenced a fully funded diamond drill program at the Marudi Project. This diamond drill program will focus on testing the depth of high-grade gold mineralization at Mazoa Hill to guide resource estimation and testing new high-potential exploration drill targets. The Company has drilled 1336m in 6 drillholes at the Marudi Project in 2024.

The diamond drilling program will build on significant intercepts from previous drilling activities at Mazoa Hill, including 50m grading 9.10 g/t Au and 9.75m grading 11.9 g/t Au.

The first hole of this diamond drill program focused on testing the depth of high-grade gold mineralization at Mazoa Hill to guide resource estimation and testing new high-potential exploration drill targets. Unfortunately, the initial hole deviated laterally to the east well beyond the planed limits and passed through the FQ contact into volcanic wallrock at 367 metres and was terminated at 417 metres. Despite not achieving its target, this hole passed through areas of sparse drilling in the upper part of the Mazoa Hill deposit and will provide useful geological information on structure and mineralisation controls. A new hole is being planned that incorporates a larger degree of planned deviation and this will be drilled following completion of the Pancake Creek program.

(Expressed in Canadian dollars, except where noted)

Following this, the drill moved to Pancake and Locust Creek where a total of 5 drillholes were completed (PAN-24-41, PAN-24-42, PAN-24-43, LOC-24-44, and PAN-24-45). The drilling at Pancake Creek intersected a large shear zone, with a chlorite-pyritepyrrhotite assemblage that is seen to host gold in the FQ unit.

Surface sampling and RC drilling identified a significant anomalous zone at Pancake Creek which Golden Shield drill tested with five diamond drill holes totaling 715m. All holes, except PAN25-45, contained numerous mineralized intercepts.

The Company intersects 90-metre shear zone in the second of three diamond drillholes at Pancake Creek. Assays from the hole are currently in process.

#### **Arakaka Project**

On May 26, 2021, the Company signed an agreement to acquire StrataGold Guyana Inc. and Manticore Resources Inc., which are 100% owned entities of Alicanto Minerals Limited ("Alicanto"). These two entities make up the Arakaka Gold Project in Guyana ("Arakaka Project"). The Arakaka Project is situated in the Barama-Waimi District of Northwestern Guyana. The project comprises 118 tenements.

During the year ended July 31, 2023, the Arakaka Project was fully impaired due to management focusing on Marudi Project and further exploration and evaluation expenditures for the Arakaka Project are neither budgeted nor planned.

#### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

As at October 31, 2024, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$378,421 (July 31, 2024 - \$175,894) and a working capital deficiency of \$249,040 (July 31, 2024 - \$14,123).

During the three months ended October 31, 2024, the Company's cash generated from operating activities was \$202,527 (2023 - cash used in operating activities of \$1,054,910) primarily due to proceeds of \$300,000 from the sale of equipment in Guyana. Partially offsetting the positive cashflow from operating activities is the payments for exploration and evaluation expenses in connection with the Marudi project as well as payments for general Company overhead expenses.

Except for the proceeds from the equipment sale, the Company did not generate cash flows from operations as it is an exploration stage company with no revenue. The Company has not determined whether it will be successful in its endeavors and does not generate cash flows from operations.

The Company's primary source of funds comes from the issuance of equity. The Company does not use other sources of financing that require fixed payments of interest and principal due to lack of cash flow from current operations and is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company defines its capital as shareholders' equity. Capital requirements are driven by the Company's general operations. To effectively manage the Company's capital requirements, the Company monitors expenses and overhead to ensure costs and commitments are being paid.

This outlook is based on the Company's current financial position and is subject to change if opportunities become available based on exploration program results and/or external opportunities. At present, the Company's operations do not generate cash inflows and its financial success is dependent on management's ability to discover economically viable mineral deposits. The mineral exploration process can take many years and is subject to factors that are beyond the Company's control.

In order to finance the Company's future exploration programs and to cover administrative and overhead expenses, the Company will need to raise funds through equity sales, from the exercise of convertible securities, debt, deferral of payments to related parties, or other forms of raising capital. Many factors influence the Company's ability to raise funds, including the health of the resource market, the climate for mineral exploration investment, the Company's track record, and the experience of its management. Actual funding requirements may vary from those planned due to a number of factors, including the progress of exploration activities. Management believes it will be able to raise equity capital as required in the short and long term; however, recognizes that there will be risks involved which may be beyond its control.

accounting principles applicable to a going concern is in significant doubt.

#### **GOING CONCERN**

The financial statements have been prepared based on accounting principles applicable to a going concern, which assumes that the Company will be able to continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. The Company is a resource exploration stage company, which does not generate any revenue and has been relying on equity-based financing to fund its operations. The Company has recurring losses since inception and had an accumulated deficit of \$20,522,607 as at October 31, 2024 (July 31, 2024 - \$20,257,607). The Company may require additional financing, either through equity or debt financing, sale of assets, joint venture arrangements, or a combination thereof to meet its administrative costs and to continue to explore and develop its exploration and evaluation assets. There is no assurance that sufficient future funding will be available on a timely basis or on terms acceptable to the Company. These conditions indicate the existence of material uncertainties that may cast significant

Should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern, asset and liability realization values may be substantially different from their carrying values. These financial statements do not give effect to adjustments that would be necessary to the carrying values and classification of assets and liabilities should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. Such adjustments could be material.

doubt on the Company's ability to meet its obligations as they come due, and accordingly, the appropriateness of the use of

#### **CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS**

The Company has certain remaining contractual obligations with respect to the Romanex Option Agreement. For more information relating to contractual obligations, see the section titled "Exploration and Evaluation".

A summary of the Company's contractual undiscounted cash flow requirements as at October 31, 2024 is as follows:

	< 1	1 - 3	
	year	years	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	684,424	-	684,424

#### **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing, and controlling the activities of the Company as a whole. The Company has determined that key management personnel consist of executive and non-executive members of the Company's Board of Directors and Corporate Officers.

As at October 31, 2024, there was \$197,718 (July 31, 2024 - \$136,048) due to related parties and was included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The amounts due are unsecured, due on demand and are non-interest bearing.

A summary of the Company's related party transactions is as follows:

	Q1 2025	Q1 2024
	\$	\$
Director and management fees	15,000	22,894
Exploration and evaluation	54,990	136,533
Professional fees	30,000	27,500
Share-based compensation	20,005	93,305
	119,995	280,232

### **OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS**

As at October 31, 2024 and the MD&A Date, the Company had no off-balance sheet arrangements and does not contemplate having them in the foreseeable future.

#### PROPOSED TRANSACTIONS

As at October 31, 2024 and the MD&A Date, the Company has no proposed transactions.

#### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS

The preparation of financial statements under IFRS Accounting Standards requires management to make judgments, estimates, and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The Company's management reviews these estimates and underlying assumptions on an ongoing basis, based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to estimates are adjusted for prospectively in the period in which the estimates are revised.

The accounting estimates, judgements and assumptions used in the preparation of the Financial Statements are consistent with those applied and disclosed in the Annual Financial Statements.

#### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, securities held for trading, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement establishes a fair value hierarchy for financial instruments measured at fair value that reflects the significance of inputs used in making fair value measurements as follows:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities are measured at amortized cost and the fair value of these financial instruments approximates their carrying values due to the short-term nature of these instruments.

As at October 31, 2024 and July 31, 2024, securities held for trading were measured at fair value using level 1 inputs. The fair value of securities held for trading was measured based on the quoted market price of the related common shares at each reporting date, and changes in fair value are recognized in profit or loss.

During the three months ended October 31, 2024 and 2023, there were no transfers between categories in the fair value hierarchy.

The Company's financial instruments are exposed to certain financial risks. The risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the Company to incur a financial loss. The Company's primary exposure to credit risk is on its cash and cash equivalents. Cash equivalents include guaranteed investment certificates. The Company manages its credit risk relating to cash and cash equivalents through the use of a major financial institution which has a high credit quality as determined by rating agencies. As at October 31, 2024, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$378,421 (July 31, 2024 - \$175,894) held with large established banks in Canada and Guyana. The Company assesses its credit risk as low.

(Expressed in Canadian dollars, except where noted)

### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet its obligations under financial instruments. The Company is exposed to liquidity risk through its accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The Company's liquidity and operating results may be adversely affected if its access to the capital market is hindered. The Company has no sources of revenue and has obligations to settle its accounts payable and accrued liabilities over the next 12 months. As at October 31, 2024, the Company had a working capital deficiency of \$249,040 (July 31, 2024 - \$14,123) and has assessed liquidity risk as high.

#### Market risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of the changes in the foreign exchange rates. The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk, as certain monetary financial instruments are denominated in US dollar and Guyanese dollar. A summary of the Company's financial assets and liabilities that are denominated in US dollar and Guyanese dollar is as follows:

	October 31,	July 31,
	2024	2024
	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalent	7,851	49,684
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(437,792)	(248,079)
	(429,941)	(198,395)

The Company has not entered any foreign currency contracts to mitigate this risk. Assuming all other variables remain constant, an increase or a decrease of 10% of the US dollar and Guyanese dollar against the Canadian dollar, would result in approximately \$42,994 (July 31, 2024 - \$19,839) impact to the Company.

Price risk is the risk of the Company realizing a loss as a result of a decline in value with respect to its equity investments. The Company is exposed to price risk through its securities held for trading.

### **OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA**

A summary of the Company's issued and outstanding securities is as follows:

	October 31	MD&A
	2024	Date
	#	#
Common shares	66,028,720	66,028,720
Warrants	11,500,000	11,500,000
Broker warrants	1,043,863	1,043,863
Stock options	5,209,000	5,209,000

# **CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accounting policies applied in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those applied and disclosed in the notes to the Annual Financial Statements.

Additionally, the Company assessed the impacts of the amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements, becoming effective after January 31, 2024, which clarifies that the classification of liabilities as current or non-current depends on the rights existing at the end of the reporting period as opposed to the expectations of exercising the right for settlement of the liability. The amendments had no impact on the Company's financial statements.

On April 9, 2024, the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") issued IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements. IFRS 18 will apply for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027 and also applies to comparative information. IFRS 18 will replace IAS 1; many of the other existing principles in IAS 1 are retained, with limited changes. IFRS 18 will not impact the recognition or measurement of items in the financial statements, but it may change what an entity reports as its 'operating profit or loss'. Key new concepts introduced in IFRS 18 relate to: (i) the structure of the statement of profit or loss; (ii) required disclosures in the financial statements for certain profit or loss performance measures that are reported outside an entity's financial statements (that is, management-defined performance measures); and (iii) enhanced principles on aggregation and disaggregation which apply to the primary financial statements and notes in general.

#### **RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES**

An investment in the Company should be considered highly speculative due to the nature of the Company's business and operations. For a detailed listing of the risks and uncertainties faced by the Company, refer to the Company's MD&A for the years ended July 31, 2024 and 2023.

#### **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

Additional information relating to the Company is available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca.