Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Investors should read the following discussion in conjunction with the unaudited financial statements and notes thereto included under Part 1, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. In addition, investors should refer to our audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto and related Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations appearing in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023.

Disclosure Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking information about the Company that is intended to be covered by the safe harbor for "forward-looking statements" provided by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1955. Forward-looking statements are statements that are not historical facts. Words such as "guidance," "expect," "will," "may," "should," "expects," "plans," "anticipates," "could," "intends," "target," "projects," "contemplates," "believes," "estimates," "predicts," "suggests," "potential" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. The statements include information regarding our plans, strategies, and expectations of future financial performance and prospects. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of performance. These statements are based upon the current beliefs and expectations of our management and are subject to significant risk and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materiality from those expressed in, or implied or projected by, the forward-looking information and statements. Although we believe the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot assure investors that the expectations will prove to be correct. Among the factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the expectations are acts of war or terrorism and the impact on the social and economic conditions in the United States, and changes in the legalization of marijuana across the United States. More information on factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated is included from time to time in our reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commissions, including our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023. New risk factors emerge over time and it is not possible to predict all such risk factors, or to assess the impact such risk factors have on the business. We undertake no obligation to update publicly any forwardlooking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

Overview

4Front Ventures Corp. ("4Front", the "Company", "we" or "our") has two primary operating segments: THC Cannabis and CBD Wellness. With regard to its THC Cannabis segment, subsidiaries of the Company operate six dispensaries and four production and cultivation facilities in Massachusetts and Illinois as of June 30, 2024. The Company's six "MISSION" branded dispensaries are located in: Brookline, MA; Georgetown, MA; Worcester, MA; South Shore (Chicago), IL; Calumet City, IL; and Norridge, IL. The Company's four cultivation and production assets are detailed in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023.

4Front's operations are strategically situated in key geographic locations across its major markets to allow the Company to efficiently scale its operations, and competitively position it to take advantage of future growth opportunities as cannabis legalization efforts continue across the U.S. Management intends to continue scaling its operations in Illinois and Massachusetts to further increase its market share. The Company has made significant investments in manufacturing and production facilities in each of these markets. The Company remains focused on scaling and driving operational effectiveness throughout its portfolio, in addition to developing trusted brands and products to continue to grow revenue, build customer loyalty, and increase market share.

As part of its THC Cannabis segment, subsidiaries of the Company also lease real estate and sells equipment and supplies to cannabis producers in the state of Washington.

The Company's CBD Wellness segment is focused upon its ownership and operation of its wholly owned subsidiary, Pure Ratios Holdings, Inc. ("Pure Ratios"), a CBD-focused wellness company that sells non-THC products throughout the United States.

While marijuana is legal under the laws of several U.S. states (with varying restrictions), the United States Federal Controlled Substances Act classifies all "marijuana" as a Schedule I drug, whether for medical or recreational use. Under U.S. federal law, a Schedule I drug or substance has a high potential for abuse, no accepted medical use in the United States, and a lack of safety for the use of the drug under medical supervision.

Recent Developments

Opening of New Mission Dispensary in Norridge, Illinois

On May 25, 2024, the Company opened its sixth retail location, Mission Dispensary located in Norridge, Illinois.

Management Changes

Effective July 5, 2024, Robert Hunt resigned as Chair of the Board and Kristopher Krane was announced as the Chair of the Board. Mr. Krane has served as a member of the board of directors since March 2023.

Critical Accounting Policies and use of Estimates

Our management's discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is based on our financial statements, which we have prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP"). Critical accounting policies and estimates are identified and discussed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, as filed with the SEC on April 15, 2024. Although we believe our estimates and judgments are reasonable, they are based upon information available at the time the judgment or estimate is made. Actual results may differ significantly from estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Results of Operations

Three Months Ended June 30, 2024 Compared With Three Months Ended June 30, 2023

The following table sets forth our results of operations for the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Change			
	2024		2023			\$	%		
Revenue from Sale of Goods	\$	16,780	\$	24,260	\$	(7,480)	31 %		
Real Estate Income		1,876		2,915		(1,039)	36 %		
Total Revenues		18,656		27,175		(8,519)	31 %		
Cost of Goods Sold		(11,317)		(12,449)		1,132	9 %		
Gross Profit		7,339		14,726		(7,387)	50 %		
Total Operating Expense		11,729		13,615		(1,886)	(14)%		
Income (Loss) from Continuing									
Operations		(4,390)		1,111		(5,501)	495 %		
Total Other Expense, net		(852)		(4,485)		3,633	(81)%		
Net Loss from Continuing Operations									
Before Income Taxes		(5,242)		(3,374)		(1,868)	55 %		
Income Tax Benefit (Expense)				(1,951)		1,951	100 %		
Net Loss from Continuing Operations	\$	(5,242)	\$	(5,325)	\$	83	2 %		
Net Income (Loss) from Discontinued									
Operations, Net of Taxes		375		(6,139)		6,514	106 %		
Net Loss	\$	(4,867)	\$	(11,464)	\$	6,597	58 %		

Revenue from Sale of Goods

Revenue from sale of goods related to continuing operations for the three months ended June 30, 2024 was \$16.8 million, representing a decrease of \$7.5 million or 31% when compared to the three months ended June 30, 2023. Refer to the segment discussion below for specific revenue drivers.

Real Estate Income

Real estate income from leasing cannabis production facilities for the three months ended June 30, 2024 was \$1.9 million, versus \$2.9 million recognized for the three months ended June 30, 2023. This decrease of \$1.0 million was largely attributable to lower rent billings in accordance with the lease agreements amended in fiscal year 2023.

Total revenue from continuing operations in the reportable segments from which we operate were as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Change				
	2024			2023		\$	%			
THC Cannabis	\$	18,532	\$	26,912	\$	(8,380)	31%			
CBD Wellness		124		263		(139)	53%			
Total Net Revenues	\$	18,656	\$	27,175	\$	(8,519)	31%			

Net revenues for the THC cannabis segment were \$18.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024, representing a decrease of \$8.4 million or 31% when compared to the three months ended June 30, 2023. Net revenues decreased in Illinois by 21% which was primarily attributed to increased competition and price compression as the cannabis market matures in Illinois. Similarly, net revenues decreased in Massachusetts by 31% due to increased competition and continued price compression. Net revenues for the CBD wellness segment for the three months ended June 30, 2024 were relatively consistent with the prior year.

Cost of Goods Sold

Cost of goods sold for the three months ended June 30, 2024 was \$11.3 million, resulting in a decrease of \$1.1 million or 9% when compared to \$12.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023. Cost of goods sold in Illinois decreased by 40% which was primarily attributed to a corresponding decrease in revenue, coupled with the sale of bulk biomass at its cultivation facilities. Conversely, cost of goods sold in Massachusetts increased by 41% which was not commensurate with the decrease in revenue. This was primarily due to increased cost absorption as a result one-time reorganization costs related to the cultivation facility in Worchester.

Gross Profit

Gross profit for the three months ended June 30, 2024, was \$7.3 million or 39% of revenue, compared to \$14.7 million or 54% of revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2023. The decrease in gross profit was primarily due to the decrease in revenue outpacing the decrease in cost of goods sold as described above.

Total Operating Expenses

Operating expenses consist of selling, general and administrative expenses and depreciation and amortization. Total operating expense for the three months ended June 30, 2024 was \$11.7 million, representing a decrease of \$1.9 million or 14%, as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2023. This decrease was primarily attributable to a \$1.7 million decrease in selling, general and administrative expenses. Specifically, the Company saw a decrease in rent and lease related expenses of \$1.0 million and a decrease in bad debt expense of \$0.4 million. Refer to Note 19 of the Consolidated Financial Statements includes further detail on selling, general and administrative expenses.

Total Other Expense, net

Other expense consists primarily of interest expense, change in fair value of derivative liability, and other expenses. Total other expense for the three months ended June 30, 2024 was \$0.9 million, compared to \$4.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023. The decrease of \$3.6 million was primarily due a decrease in interest expense of \$1.4 million from prior year as a result of the debt amendments during the two prior fiscal quarters and a decrease in other expense of \$1.4 million primarily due to an accrual for cultivation taxes in the state of Illinois recognized in the fiscal second quarter of 2023. In addition, the Company recognized a gain of \$0.9 million in changes in fair value of derivative liability for the three months ended June 30, 2024, versus no such transactions in the prior year.

Net Loss

Net loss from continuing operations for the three months ended June 30, 2024 was \$5.2 million, compared to \$5.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023. The decrease in net loss from continuing operations of \$0.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024 was primarily attributable to the decrease in gross profit offset by the decreases in operating expense and other expense as described above, in addition to a decrease in income tax expense of \$2.0 million.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2024 Compared With Six Months Ended June 30, 2023

The following table sets forth our results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	Six Months Ended June 30,					Cha	nge	
	2024		2023			\$	%	
Revenue from Sale of Goods	\$	33,713	\$	47,599	\$	(13,886)	29 %	
Real Estate Income		3,785		5,855		(2,070)	35 %	
Total Revenues		37,498		53,454		(15,956)	30 %	
Cost of Goods Sold		(22,585)		(25,162)		2,577	10 %	
Gross Profit		14,913		28,292		(13,379)	47 %	
Total Operating Expense		24,074		28,622		(4,548)	16 %	
Loss from Continuing Operations		(9,161)		(330)		(8,831)	2676 %	
Total Other Expense, net		(14,429)		(7,788)		(6,641)	85 %	
Net Loss from Continuing Operations								
Before Income Taxes		(23,590)		(8,118)		(15,472)	191 %	
Income Tax Benefit (Expense)				(5,017)		5,017	100 %	
Net Loss from Continuing Operations	\$	(23,590)	\$	(13,135)	\$	(10,455)	80 %	
Net Income (Loss) from Discontinued								
Operations, Net of Taxes		270		(9,721)		9,991	103 %	
Net Loss	\$	(23,320)	\$	(22,856)	\$	(464)	2 %	

Revenue from Sale of Goods

Revenue from sale of goods related to continuing operations for the six months ended June 30, 2024 was \$33.7 million, representing a decrease of \$13.9 million or 29% when compared to the six months ended June 30, 2023. Refer to the segment discussion below for specific revenue drivers.

Real Estate Income

Real estate income from leasing cannabis production facilities for the six months ended June 30, 2024 was \$3.8 million, versus \$5.9 million recognized for the six months ended June 30, 2023. This decrease of \$2.1 million was largely attributable to lower rent billings in accordance with the lease agreements amended in fiscal year 2023.

Total revenue from continuing operations in the reportable segments from which we operate were as follows:

	S	ix Months E	nded	June 30,	Change				
	2024			2023		\$	%		
THC Cannabis	\$	37,189	\$	52,975	\$	(15,786)	30%		
CBD Wellness		309		479		(170)	35%		
Total Net Revenues	\$	37,498	\$	53,454	\$	(15,956)	30%		

Net revenues for the THC cannabis segment were \$37.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024, representing a decrease of \$15.8 million or 30% when compared to the six months ended June 30, 2023. Net revenues decreased in Illinois by 17% and Massachusetts by 33%. The decrease was primarily attributed to increased competition and price compression. Net revenues for the CBD wellness segment for the six months ended June 30, 2024 were relatively consistent with the prior year.

Cost of Goods Sold

Cost of goods sold for the six months ended June 30, 2024 was \$22.6 million, resulting in a decrease of \$2.6 million or 10% when compared to \$25.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023. Cost of goods sold in Illinois was \$8.4 million as compared to \$11.5 million in the prior year for the same period as a result of the lower sales and lower pricing. Cost of goods sold in Massachusetts was \$13.9 million versus the prior year of \$11.6 million, noting the increase was primarily due to lower yields and subsequent reorganization at the Worchester cultivation facility.

Gross Profit

Gross profit for the six months ended June 30, 2024, was \$14.9 million or 40% of revenue, compared to \$28.3 million or 53% of revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2023. The decrease in gross profit was primarily due to the decrease in revenue outpacing the decrease in cost of goods sold as described above.

Total Operating Expenses

Operating expenses consist of selling, general and administrative expenses and depreciation and amortization. Total operating expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2024 was \$24.1 million, representing a decrease of \$4.5 million or 16%, as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2023. This decrease was primarily attributable to a \$4.2 million decrease in selling, general and administrative expenses. Specifically, the Company saw a decrease in rent and lease related expenses of \$2.1 million, advertising and promotions of \$0.4 million, and bad debt expense of \$0.5 million. Refer to Note 19 of the Consolidated Financial Statements includes further detail on selling, general and administrative expenses.

Total Other Expense, net

Other expense consists primarily of interest expense, change in fair value of derivative liability, loss on extinguishment of debt, and other expenses. Total other expense for the six months ended June 30, 2024 was \$14.4 million, compared to \$7.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023. The increase of \$6.6 million was primarily due to a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$11.8 million from the conversion of \$23.0 million of the senior secured debt into 244,680,852 SVS during the fiscal first quarter of 2024. This was offset by a decrease in interest expense of \$2.0 million from prior year as a result of the debt amendments during the two prior fiscal quarters and a decrease in other expense of \$1.4 million primarily due to an accrual for cultivation taxes in the state of Illinois recognized in the fiscal second quarter of 2023. In addition, the Company recognized a gain of \$1.6 million in changes in fair value of derivative liability for the six months ended June 30, 2024, versus no such transactions in the prior year.

Net Loss

Net loss from continuing operations for the six months ended June 30, 2024 was \$23.6 million, compared to \$13.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023. The increase in net loss from continuing operations of \$10.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 was primarily attributable to the loss on extinguishment of debt resulting from the January 2024 amendment and conversion of the senior secured debt with LI Lending, LLC.

Non-GAAP Financial and Performance Measures

In addition to providing financial measurements based on GAAP, we provide additional financial metrics that are not prepared in accordance with GAAP. Management uses non-GAAP financial measures, in addition to GAAP financial measures, to understand and compare operating results across accounting periods, for financial and operational decision making, for planning and forecasting purposes and to evaluate the Company's financial performance. Management uses the non-GAAP measurement of adjusted EBITDA, which we believe reflects our ongoing business in a manner that allows for meaningful comparisons and analysis of trends in the business, as it facilitates comparing financial results across accounting periods. We also believe this non-GAAP financial measure enables investors to evaluate the Company's operating results and future prospects in the same manner as management. This non-GAAP financial measures may also exclude expenses and gains that may be unusual in nature, infrequent or not reflective of the Company's ongoing operating results. As there are no standardized methods of calculating non-GAAP measures, our methods may differ from those used by others, and accordingly, the use of these measures may not be directly comparable to similarly titled measures used by others. Accordingly, non-GAAP measures are intended to provide additional information and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with GAAP.

Adjusted EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA is a financial measure that is not calculated in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Adjusted EBITDA is defined by the Company as detailed below. This measure provides investors with additional information to measure the Company's financial performance, particularly with respect to changes in performance from period to period. The Company's management uses Adjusted EBITDA (a) as a measure of operating performance, (b) for planning and forecasting in future periods, and (c) in communications with the Company's board of directors concerning the Company's financial performance.

The Company's presentation of Adjusted EBITDA is not necessarily comparable to other similarly titled captions of other companies due to different methods of calculation and should not be used by investors as a substitute or alternative to net income or any measure of financial performance calculated and presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Instead, management believes Adjusted EBITDA should be used to supplement the Company's financial measures derived in accordance with U.S. GAAP to understand the trends affecting the business.

Although Adjusted EBITDA is frequently used by investors and securities analysts in their evaluations of companies, Adjusted EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool, and investors should not consider it in isolation or as a substitute for, or more meaningful than, amounts determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Some of the limitations to using non-GAAP measures as an analytical tool are (a) they do not reflect the Company's interest income and expense, or the requirements necessary to service interest or principal payments on the Company's debt, (b) they do not reflect future requirements for capital expenditures or contractual commitments, and (c) although depreciation and amortization charges are non-cash charges, the assets being depreciated and amortized will often have to be replaced in the future, and non-GAAP measures do not reflect any cash requirements for such replacements.

The prior year reconciliation of Net Loss to Adjusted EBITDA has been adjusted for consistency with current year presentation. These adjustments did not affect net loss, revenues and stockholders' equity.

The following table reconciles Net Loss to Adjusted EBITDA for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	Th	ree Month	s E	nded June					
		30	0,		Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2024		2023		2024		2023		
Net loss (GAAP)	\$	(4,867)	\$	(11,464)	\$	(23,320)	\$	(22,856)	
Less: Net (income) loss from discontinued									
operations, net of taxes		(375)		6,139		(270)		9,721	
Net loss from continuing operations		(5,242)		(5,325)		(23,590)		(13,135)	
Adjusted for:									
Interest income		(5)		(7)		(10)		(21)	
Interest expense (1)		5,579		7,365		12,324		14,726	
Income tax expense		_		1,951		_		5,017	
Depreciation and amortization (2)		2,255		2,470		4,337		4,746	
EBITDA Income (Loss) from Continuing									
Operations (Non-GAAP)	\$	2,587	\$	6,454	\$	(6,939)	\$	11,333	
Share-based compensation (3)		898		214		1,906		1,234	
Change in fair value of derivative liability		(867)		_		(1,630)		_	
Loss on extinguishment of debt		_		_		11,752		_	
Loss on disposal		_				5			
Adjusted EBITDA Income from Continuing	\$	2,618	\$	6,668	\$	5,094	\$	12,567	

- (1) For the current period, interest expense includes interest related to leases of \$3.9 million and \$8.1 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively. Prior year amounts of \$4.3 million and \$8.5 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, respectively, have been reclassified for consistency with the current year presentation. Non-cash interest expense related to leases was previously presented as a reconciling item from EBITDA from Continuing Operations (Non-GAAP) to Adjusted EBITDA from Continuing Operations (Non-GAAP).
- (2) For the current period, depreciation and amortization expense includes amortization related to leases of \$0.8 million and \$1.7 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024. Prior year amounts of \$1.0 million and \$1.9 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, respectively, have been reclassified for consistency with the current year presentation. Non-cash amortization expense related to leases was previously presented as a reconciling item from EBITDA from Continuing Operations (Non-GAAP) to Adjusted EBITDA from Continuing Operations (Non-GAAP).
- (3) Although share-based compensation is an important component of employee and executive compensation, determining the fair value of share-based compensation involves a high degree of judgment and as a result the Company excludes share-based compensation from Adjusted EBITDA because its believes that the expense recorded may bear little resemblance to the actual value realized upon future exercise or termination of any related share-based compensation award.

Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered in isolation from, or as a substitute for, Net Loss. There are a number of limitations related to the use of Adjusted EBITDA as compared to Net Loss, the closest comparable GAAP measure. Adjusted EBITDA, as defined by the Company, excludes from Net Loss:

- Interest income and expense, including interest expense related to leases;
- Current income tax expense;
- Non-cash depreciation and amortization expense, including amortization of leases;

- Non-cash share-based compensation expense;
- Non-cash changes in fair value of derivative liability;
- · Loss on extinguishment of debt; and
- Loss on disposal of assets.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company had total current liabilities of \$113.5 million and \$104.0 million, respectively, and current assets of \$36.1 million and \$33.9 million, respectively, to meet current obligations. As of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company had a working capital deficit of \$77.4 million compared to \$70.1 million. The decline in working capital of \$7.3 million was primarily driven by an increase in accounts payable of \$1.8 million, an increase in taxes payable of \$2.5 million, and an increase in current lease liability of \$1.9 million as a result of the Company's retail expansion strategy and the completion of a cultivation and production facility in Matteson, Illinois. In addition, during the six months ended June 30, 2024, convertible notes in the amount of \$1.0 million became due within one year from the reporting date.

The Company is an emerging growth company. It is generating cash from sales and is deploying its capital reserves to acquire and develop assets capable of producing additional revenues and earnings over both the immediate and near term. Capital reserves are being utilized for capital expenditures and improvements in existing facilities, product development and marketing, as well as customer, supplier and investor and industry relations. Historically, the Company has raised capital as needed however there is no guarantee the Company will be able to continue to raise funds in the same manner it has historically.

Cash Flows

Cash Flows from discontinued operations are separately presented on the statement of cash flow for each operating, investing, and financing section of the statement. For liquidity purposes, the focus of this section is on the cash flow from continuing operations which is expected to affect future liquidity and capital resources.

Net Cash Provided by Continuing Operating Activities

Net cash provided by continuing operating activities was \$3.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024, an increase of \$2.7 million as compared to \$1.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023. The increase was primarily attributable to the increase in accounts payable, coupled with the decrease in selling, general and administrative expenses and interest expense. These positive changes were the result of management's decisive action to reduce its cash burn.

Net Cash Used in Continuing Investing Activities

Net cash used in continuing investing activities was \$2.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024, an increase of \$2.1 million as compared to \$0.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023. The increase was primarily attributable to an increase in purchases of property and equipment related to the completion of the Matteson facility in February 2024 and the construction of the Norridge dispensary, which opened in May 2024.

Net Cash Used in Continuing Financing Activities

Net cash used in continuing financing activities was \$1.9 million for six months ended June 30, 2024, a decrease of \$3.0 million as compared to \$4.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023. The decrease was due to a decrease in repayments of notes payable resulting from amendments to its debt agreements during the fiscal fourth quarter of 2023 and the fiscal first quarter of 2024.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

Critical Accounting Policies

We review new accounting standards as issued. Although some of these accounting standards issued or effective after the end of our previous fiscal year may be applicable to the Company, we have not identified any standards that we believe merit further discussion. We do not expect the adoption of any recently issued accounting pronouncements to have a significant impact on our financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.