CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED APRIL 30, 2024 AND 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)



Baker Tilly WM LLP

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of EMP Metals Corp.:

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of EMP Metals Corp. and its subsidiaries (together the "Company"), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at April 30, 2024 and 2023, and the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss, consolidated statements of changes in equity and consolidated statements of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company as at April 30, 2024 and 2023, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 1 in the consolidated financial statements, which describes conditions indicating that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended April 30, 2024. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

In addition to the matter described in the *Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern* section of our auditor's report, we have determined the matter described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

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Key audit	t matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
•	ent of the existence of impairment indicate	
Refer to n		Our approach to addressing the matter involved the following procedures, among others:
Company \$25,057,9		Evaluating the judgments made by management in determining the impairment indicators, which included the following:
exploration whether the such amount is recognized exceeds it management assets for	reporting period, management assesses in and evaluation assets to determine there are any indicators of impairment. If indicators exist, the asset's recoverable is estimated. An impairment loss is indicators exist, the asset's recoverable is estimated. An impairment loss is indicators amount of an asset its estimated recoverable amount. The entropy assesses exploration and evaluation of any one of the following indicators: the period for which the Company has the right to explore in the specific area has expired during the year or will expire in the near future, and is not expected to be renewed; substantive expenditure on further exploration for, and evaluation of, mineral resources in the specific area is neither budgeted nor planned; the Company has decided to discontinue exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in the specific area; and/or for areas of likely development,	 Obtained evidence to support the right to explore the properties under the permits held by the Company. Read the board of directors' minutes and resolutions, and obtained evidence supporting the continued and planned exploration expenditures. Assessed whether available data indicates the potential for commercially viable mineral resources. Based on evidence obtained in other areas of the audit, considered whether other facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount may exceed the recoverable amount.
	available data indicates that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount.	
	nent as at April 30, 2024.	
significand assets and their asse to the exp factors h subjectivit	dered this a key audit matter due to the ce of the exploration and evaluation d the judgments made by management in essment of impairment indicators related ploration and evaluation assets. These have resulted in a high degree of the ty in performing audit procedures, related gment applied by management.	



Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management's Discussion and Analysis filed with the relevant Canadian securities commissions.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit and remain alert for indications that the other information appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Graeme L. Cocke.

CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

Baker Tilly WM LLP

Vancouver, B.C. August 28, 2024

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

		April 30,	April 30,
		2024	2023
	Note	\$	\$
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		7,755,590	3,914,460
Receivables		395,521	256,701
Marketable securities	6	31,182	233,867
Prepaid expenses		215,069	270,778
		8,397,362	4,675,806
Exploration and evaluation assets	7	25,057,934	20,651,460
		22 422 225	25 227 266
Total assets		33,455,296	25,327,266
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	12	290,913	1,139,573
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Share capital	9	33,149,330	24,854,693
Reserves	9	5,368,427	3,550,292
Accumulated other comprehensive income	3	5,523	5,523
Deficit Deficit		(7,861,368)	(5,127,577)
Total equity attributable to shareholders of the Company		30,661,912	23,282,931
Attributable to non-controlling interest		2,502,471	904,762
		33,164,383	24,187,693
			• •
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		33,455,296	25,327,266

Nature of operations (Note 1) Commitments (Note 14) Subsequent events (Note 15)

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"Robin Gamley"	Director	"Greg Bronson"	Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

For the years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

Sepanse Sepa			2024	2023
Consulting fees		Notes	\$	\$
Filing fees	Expenses			
Interest, financing fees and bank charges	Consulting fees	12	629,575	575,177
Investor relations	Filing fees		48,809	39,523
Office 206,556 87,796 Professional fees 12 235,357 178,273 Salaries and benefits 108,613 108,613 Share-based compensation 9,12 844,204 210,673 Loss before other items (2,873,255) (1,928,479 Other items Interest income 251,070 6,158 Unrealized loss on marketable securities 6 (202,685) (46,773 Gain on sale of assets 7 - 420,641 Foreign exchange loss (606) (6,340 Net loss for the year (2,825,476) (1,554,787 Items that may be reclassified subsequently to loss Exchange difference on translating foreign operations - 1,194 Comprehensive loss for the year (2,825,476) (1,553,593 Net loss attributable to: Shareholders of the Company (2,733,791) (1,646,015 Non-controlling interest (91,685) 91,224 Comprehensive loss attributable to: (2,825,476) (1,554,787 Comprehensive loss attributable to: <td>Interest, financing fees and bank charges</td> <td>8</td> <td>-</td> <td>20,019</td>	Interest, financing fees and bank charges	8	-	20,019
Professional fees	Investor relations		800,141	817,018
Salaries and benefits 108,613 210,673 Loss before other items (2,873,255) (1,928,479 Other items (2,873,255) (1,928,479 Other items Interest income 251,070 6,154 Unrealized loss on marketable securities 6 (202,685) (46,773 Gain on sale of assets 7 - 420,643 Foreign exchange loss (606) (6,340 Net loss for the year (2,825,476) (1,554,787 Items that may be reclassified subsequently to loss Exchange difference on translating foreign operations - 1,19 Comprehensive loss for the year (2,825,476) (1,553,593 Net loss attributable to: Shareholders of the Company (2,733,791) (1,646,015 Non-controlling interest (91,685) 91,224 Comprehensive loss attributable to: Shareholders of the Company (2,733,791) (1,644,821 Non-controlling interest (91,685) 91,224 Comprehensive loss attributable to: (2,733,791) (1,544,821 Shareholders of the Company (2,733,791) <td>Office</td> <td></td> <td>206,556</td> <td>87,798</td>	Office		206,556	87,798
Share-based compensation 9, 12 844,204 210,673 Loss before other items (2,873,255) (1,928,479 Other items Interest income 251,070 6,153 Unrealized loss on marketable securities 6 (202,685) (46,773 Gain on sale of assets 7 - 420,64 Foreign exchange loss (606) (6,340 Net loss for the year (2,825,476) (1,554,787 Items that may be reclassified subsequently to loss Exchange difference on translating foreign operations - 1,19 Comprehensive loss for the year (2,825,476) (1,553,593 Net loss attributable to: Shareholders of the Company (2,733,791) (1,646,015 Non-controlling interest (91,685) 91,224 Comprehensive loss attributable to: Shareholders of the Company (2,733,791) (1,644,821 Non-controlling interest (91,685) 91,224 Comprehensive loss attributable to: (2,825,476) (1,553,593 Basic and diluted loss per share (0.03) (0.02)	Professional fees	12	235,357	178,273
Loss before other items (2,873,255) (1,928,479) Other items Interest income 251,070 6,158 Unrealized loss on marketable securities 6 (202,685) (46,773 Gain on sale of assets 7 - 420,64* Foreign exchange loss (606) (6,340 Net loss for the year (2,825,476) (1,554,787 Items that may be reclassified subsequently to loss Exchange difference on translating foreign operations - 1,194 Comprehensive loss for the year (2,825,476) (1,553,593) Net loss attributable to: Shareholders of the Company (2,733,791) (1,646,015) Non-controlling interest (91,685) 91,226 Comprehensive loss attributable to: Shareholders of the Company (2,733,791) (1,644,821) Non-controlling interest (91,685) 91,226 Comprehensive loss attributable to: (2,825,476) (1,553,593) Basic and diluted loss per share (0.03) (0.02)	Salaries and benefits		108,613	-
Other items Interest income 251,070 6,158 Unrealized loss on marketable securities 6 (202,685) (46,773 Gain on sale of assets 7 - 420,64* Foreign exchange loss (606) (6,340 Wet loss for the year (2,825,476) (1,554,787 Items that may be reclassified subsequently to loss Exchange difference on translating foreign operations - 1,194 Comprehensive loss for the year (2,825,476) (1,553,593 Net loss attributable to: Shareholders of the Company (2,733,791) (1,646,015 Non-controlling interest (91,685) 91,224 Comprehensive loss attributable to: Shareholders of the Company (2,733,791) (1,644,821 Non-controlling interest (91,685) 91,224 Non-controlling interest (91,685) 91,224 (2,825,476) (1,553,593) Basic and diluted loss per share (0.03) (0.02)	Share-based compensation	9, 12	844,204	210,671
Interest income	Loss before other items		(2,873,255)	(1,928,479)
Interest income	Other items			
Unrealized loss on marketable securities Gain on sale of assets Foreign exchange loss (606) Foreign exchange loss (7,7379) Foreign exchange loss (7,73791) Foreign exchange loss (7,7379) Foreign exchange loss			251.070	6,158
Gain on sale of assets 7 - 420,64°. Foreign exchange loss (606) (6,340) 47,779 373,69°. Net loss for the year (2,825,476) (1,554,787) Items that may be reclassified subsequently to loss Exchange difference on translating foreign operations - 1,19°. Comprehensive loss for the year (2,825,476) (1,553,593) Net loss attributable to: Shareholders of the Company (2,733,791) (1,646,015) Non-controlling interest (91,685) 91,226 Comprehensive loss attributable to: Shareholders of the Company (2,733,791) (1,644,821) Non-controlling interest (91,685) 91,226 Non-controlling interest (91,685) 91,226 (2,825,476) (1,553,593) Basic and diluted loss per share (0.03) (0.02)		6	•	(46,773)
Net loss for the year (2,825,476) (1,554,787	Gain on sale of assets	7	-	420,647
Net loss for the year (2,825,476) (1,554,787) Items that may be reclassified subsequently to loss Exchange difference on translating foreign operations - 1,194 Comprehensive loss for the year (2,825,476) (1,553,593) Net loss attributable to: Shareholders of the Company (2,733,791) (1,646,015) Non-controlling interest (91,685) 91,226 Comprehensive loss attributable to: (2,733,791) (1,644,821) Shareholders of the Company (2,733,791) (1,644,821) Non-controlling interest (91,685) 91,226 (2,825,476) (1,553,593) Basic and diluted loss per share (0.03) (0.02)	Foreign exchange loss		(606)	(6,340)
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to loss Exchange difference on translating foreign operations - 1,194 Comprehensive loss for the year (2,825,476) (1,553,593 Net loss attributable to: Shareholders of the Company (2,733,791) (1,646,015 Non-controlling interest (91,685) 91,226 (2,825,476) (1,554,787) Comprehensive loss attributable to: Shareholders of the Company (2,733,791) (1,644,821 Non-controlling interest (91,685) 91,226 (2,825,476) (1,553,593) Basic and diluted loss per share (0.03) (0.02)			47,779	373,692
Exchange difference on translating foreign operations	Net loss for the year		(2,825,476)	(1,554,787)
Comprehensive loss for the year (2,825,476) (1,553,593) Net loss attributable to: (2,733,791) (1,646,015) Shareholders of the Company (91,685) 91,228 Non-controlling interest (2,825,476) (1,554,787) Comprehensive loss attributable to: (2,733,791) (1,644,821) Shareholders of the Company (2,733,791) (1,644,821) Non-controlling interest (91,685) 91,228 (2,825,476) (1,553,593) Basic and diluted loss per share (0.03) (0.02)	Items that may be reclassified subsequently to loss			
Net loss attributable to: Shareholders of the Company (2,733,791) (1,646,015) Non-controlling interest (91,685) 91,228 Comprehensive loss attributable to: (2,825,476) (1,554,787) Shareholders of the Company (2,733,791) (1,644,821) Non-controlling interest (91,685) 91,228 (2,825,476) (1,553,593) Basic and diluted loss per share (0.03) (0.02)	Exchange difference on translating foreign operation:	S	-	1,194
Shareholders of the Company (2,733,791) (1,646,015 Non-controlling interest (91,685) 91,228 (2,825,476) (1,554,787) Comprehensive loss attributable to: Shareholders of the Company (2,733,791) (1,644,821) Non-controlling interest (91,685) 91,228 (2,825,476) (1,553,593) Basic and diluted loss per share (0.03) (0.02)	Comprehensive loss for the year		(2,825,476)	(1,553,593)
Shareholders of the Company (2,733,791) (1,646,015 Non-controlling interest (91,685) 91,228 (2,825,476) (1,554,787) Comprehensive loss attributable to: Shareholders of the Company (2,733,791) (1,644,821) Non-controlling interest (91,685) 91,228 (2,825,476) (1,553,593) Basic and diluted loss per share (0.03) (0.02)	Net loss attributable to:			
Non-controlling interest (91,685) 91,228 (2,825,476) (1,554,787) Comprehensive loss attributable to: Shareholders of the Company (2,733,791) (1,644,821) Non-controlling interest (91,685) 91,228 (2,825,476) (1,553,593) Basic and diluted loss per share (0.03) (0.02)			(2.733.791)	(1.646.015)
Comprehensive loss attributable to: Shareholders of the Company (2,733,791) (1,644,821 Non-controlling interest (91,685) 91,228 (2,825,476) (1,553,593 Basic and diluted loss per share (0.03) (0.02)	·			
Shareholders of the Company (2,733,791) (1,644,821 Non-controlling interest (91,685) 91,228 (2,825,476) (1,553,593 Basic and diluted loss per share (0.03) (0.02	Tron controlling interest			(1,554,787)
Shareholders of the Company (2,733,791) (1,644,821 Non-controlling interest (91,685) 91,228 (2,825,476) (1,553,593 Basic and diluted loss per share (0.03) (0.02				
Non-controlling interest (91,685) 91,228 (2,825,476) (1,553,593) Basic and diluted loss per share (0.03) (0.02)	•		10 -0	,, <u>-</u>
(2,825,476) (1,553,593 Basic and diluted loss per share (0.03) (0.02	• •			
Basic and diluted loss per share (0.03) (0.02)	Non-controlling interest			91,228
			(2,825,476)	(1,553,593)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding 81,192,864 62,920,063	Basic and diluted loss per share		(0.03)	(0.02)
	Weighted average number of shares outstanding		81,192,864	62,920,067

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(Expressed in Canadian dollars, except for share figures)

		Number of Shares	Share	Reserves	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Deficit	Non- controlling Interest	Total
	Note	311a1e3 #	Capital ¢	Keserves	\$	belicit \$	\$	\$
Balance, April 30, 2022	Note	48,972,473	16,743,652	1,956,361	4,329	(6,193,073)	5,060,608	ب 17,571,877
Shares issued pursuant to private		40,572,473	10,743,032	1,550,501	7,323	(0,133,073)	3,000,000	17,371,077
placement	9	8,333,333	4,916,667	_	-	_	_	4,916,667
Share issue costs		-	(398,475)	199,791	-	_	_	(198,684)
Agent's option exercise	9	388,041	165,614	(76,365)	-	_	_	89,249
Warrant exercise	9	12,960,724	3,427,235	(866,519)	-	_	_	2,560,716
Royalty Corp. asset acquisition	5	-	-	2,126,353	-	2,711,511	(4,837,864)	-
Non-controlling interest contributions	7	-	_	-	-	-	590,790	590,790
Share-based compensation	9	-	_	210,671	-	_	, -	210,671
Net and comprehensive loss for the year		-	-	-	1,194	(1,646,015)	91,228	(1,553,593)
Balance, April 30, 2023		70,654,571	24,854,693	3,550,292	5,523	(5,127,577)	904,762	24,187,693
Shares issued pursuant to private								
placement	9	13,519,000	5,407,600	-	-	-	-	5,407,600
Share issue costs		-	(675,463)	186,431	-	-	-	(489,032)
Flow-through shares issued pursuant to								
private placement	9	7,500,000	3,562,500	787,500	-	-	-	4,350,000
Non-controlling interest contributions	7	-	-	-	-	-	1,689,394	1,689,394
Share-based compensation	9	-	-	844,204	-	-	-	844,204
Net and comprehensive loss for the year		-	-	-	-	(2,733,791)	(91,685)	(2,825,476)
Balance, April 30, 2024		91,673,571	33,149,330	5,368,427	5,523	(7,861,368)	2,502,471	33,164,383

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Operating activities:	·	•
Net loss for the year	(2,825,476)	(1,554,787)
Items not involving cash:		
Unrealized loss on marketable securities	202,685	46,773
Gain on sale of assets (Note 7)	-	(420,647)
Share-based compensation (Note 9)	844,204	210,671
Changes in non-cash working capital related to operations:		
Receivables	(138,820)	(202,311)
Prepaid expenses	55,709	(235,028)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(1,253,474)	(257,366)
Net cash used in operating activities	(3,115,172)	(2,412,695)
Investing activities:		
Acquisition and exploration costs on exploration and evaluation assets (Note 7)	(2,312,266)	(2,777,569)
Cash received from sale of assets (Note 7)	(2,312,200)	195,326
Performance bonds	_	72,712
Net cash used in investing activities	(2,312,266)	(2,509,531)
	(_,,,	(=,===,===)
Financing activities:		
Issuance of common shares	9,268,568	7,367,948
Proceeds from loans payable	-	200,000
Repayment of loans payable	-	(200,000)
Net cash provided by financing activities	9,268,568	7,367,948
Increase in cash and cash equivalents during the year	3,841,130	2,445,722
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	-	1,194
Cash and cash equivalents – beginning of the year	3,914,460	1,467,544
Cash and cash equivalents – end of the year	7,755,590	3,914,460
Cash	724,020	909,615
Cash equivalents	7,031,570	3,004,845
Total cash and cash equivalents	7,755,590	3,914,460
·	1,133,330	3,317,700
Supplemental cash flow information:		
Income taxes paid	-	-
Interest paid	404.844	- 1 145 505
Accounts payable included in exploration and evaluation assets	404,814	1,145,585

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

EMP Metals Corp. ("the Company" or "EMP") was incorporated under the Business Corporations Act of British Columbia on August 3, 2018. The Company is engaged in the exploration and evaluation of mineral properties. The Company's head office is located at 208A - 980 West 1st Street, North Vancouver, BC V7P 3N4. The Company's common shares are listed for trading on the Canadian Securities Exchange (the "Exchange") under the trading symbol "EMPS" and on the OTCQB under the symbol "EMPPF".

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. At April 30, 2024, the Company had accumulated losses of \$7,861,368 since its inception and expects to incur further losses in the development of its business. The continuation of the Company is dependent upon obtaining necessary financing to meet its ongoing operational levels of exploration and corporate overhead. There is a material uncertainty related to these conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Additional funds will be required to enable the Company to continue its operations and there can be no assurance that financing will be available on terms which are acceptable to the Company. These consolidated financial statements do not give effect to any adjustments to the amounts and classifications of assets and liabilities which might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue its operations as a going concern.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

a) Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

b) Basis of presentation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair value. In addition, these consolidated financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, aside from cash flow information.

c) Consolidation

These consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its wholly-owned and controlled subsidiary, Hub City Minerals Corp. ("HCM"), incorporated in British Columbia on April 19, 2021. HCM owns 75% of the outstanding common shares of Hub City Lithium Corp. ("HCL"), incorporated in British Columbia on April 19, 2021.

Consolidation of an investee begins when the Company obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Company loses control of the subsidiary. Control is achieved when the Company is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Intercompany balances, transactions and unrealized intercompany gains and losses are eliminated upon consolidation.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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The Company's formerly wholly-owned and controlled subsidiary, Sentinel Resources (Australia) Pty Ltd., was dissolved on October 30, 2022. The Company's other formerly wholly-owned and controlled subsidiary, Hub City Royalty Corp. ("Royalty Corp."), was dissolved on August 21, 2023.

d) Foreign currencies

The functional currency of a company is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates. The presentation currency for a company is the currency in which the company chooses to present its financial statements.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars. The functional currency of EMP Metals Corp., HCM, HCL and Royalty Corp. is the Canadian dollar. Subsidiaries whose functional currencies differ from that of the parent company ("foreign operations") are translated into Canadian dollars as follows: assets and liabilities — at the closing rate as at the reporting date, and income and expenses — at the average rate of the period. All resulting changes are recognized in other comprehensive income as exchange difference on translating foreign operations.

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated using the historical rate on the date of the transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are stated at fair value are translated using the historical rate on the date that the fair value was determined. All gains and losses on translation of these foreign currency transactions are charged to profit or loss.

When the Company disposes of its entire interest in a foreign operation, or loses control, joint control, or significant influence over a foreign operation, the foreign currency gains or losses accumulated in other comprehensive income (loss) related to the foreign operation are reclassified to profit or loss. If an entity disposes of part of an interest in a foreign operation which remains a subsidiary, a proportionate amount of foreign currency gains or losses accumulated in other comprehensive income (loss) related to the subsidiary are reallocated between controlling and non-controlling interests.

e) Financial instruments

Recognition and classification

The Company recognizes a financial asset or financial liability on the consolidated statement of financial position when it becomes party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

The Company classifies its financial instruments in the following categories: at fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL"), at fair value through other comprehensive income (loss) ("FVTOCI") or at amortized cost. The Company determines the classification of financial instruments at initial recognition. The classification of financial asset debt instruments is driven by the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and their contractual cash flow characteristics.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Equity instruments that are held for trading are classified as FVTPL. For other equity instruments, on the day of acquisition the Company can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate them as at FVTOCI. Financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost, unless they are required to be measured at FVTPL (such as instruments held for trading or derivatives) or if the Company has opted to measure them at FVTPL.

Measurement

Financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL

Financial assets and liabilities carried at FVTPL are initially recorded at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in profit or loss. Realized and unrealized gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets and liabilities held at FVTPL are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Where management has opted to recognize a financial liability at FVTPL, any changes associated with the Company's own credit risk will be recognized in other comprehensive income (loss).

Financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost

Financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost are initially recognized at fair value plus or minus transaction costs, respectively, and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment. The effective interest rate is the rate that discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

Impairment of financial assets at amortized cost

The Company recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets that are measured at amortized cost. At each reporting date, the Company measures the loss allowance for the financial asset at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition. If at the reporting date, the credit risk on the financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance for the financial asset at an amount equal to the twelve month expected credit losses. The Company recognizes in profit or loss, as an impairment gain or loss, the amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognized.

Derecognition

Financial assets

The Company derecognizes financial assets only when the contractual rights to cash flows from the financial assets expire, or when it transfers the financial assets and substantially all of the associated risks and rewards of ownership to another entity. Gains and losses on derecognition are generally recognized in profit or loss. However, gains and losses on derecognition of financial assets classified as FVTOCI remain within accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).

Financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes financial liabilities only when its obligations under the financial liabilities are discharged, cancelled or expired. Generally, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets, is recognized in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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f) Exploration and evaluation assets

Once the legal right to explore a property has been acquired, all costs related to the acquisition, exploration and evaluation of exploration and evaluation assets are capitalized by property. These direct expenditures include such costs as materials used, surveying, drilling, and payments made to contractors during the exploration phase. Costs not directly attributed to exploration and evaluation activities, including general administrative overhead costs, are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they occur.

Exploration and evaluation assets are classified as intangible assets and are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any, until such time as the properties are technically feasible or put into production, sold, determined to no longer have commercially viable prospects to the Company or are abandoned. Exploration and evaluation expenditures in respect of properties are deemed to be impaired if the property has an indicator of impairment, and the Company determines the recoverable amount of the asset to be less than its carrying amount.

Mineral properties are assessed annually for indicators of impairment. A property is deemed to have an indicator of impairment if the period for which the Company has the right to explore the property has expired or is not expected to be renewed, substantive expenditure on further exploration and evaluation of mineral resources is neither budgeted nor planned, exploration and evaluation activities have not led to the discovery of commercially viable quantities of mineral resources and the Company has decided to discontinue such activities for the specific property, or if sufficient data exists to indicate that development of a specific property would be unlikely to recover the carrying amount of the associated capitalized exploration and evaluation expenditures.

If there is an indication of impairment, the Company determines the recoverable amount of the specific property as the greater of the asset's value in use or fair value less costs of disposal, and comparing this to the carrying amount as at the reporting date. If the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount, those exploration and evaluation expenditure costs, in excess of estimated recoveries, are written off to profit or loss as an impairment loss.

Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting the mineral resource has been determined, the property is considered to be a mine under development and is classified as "mine under construction", within property, plant and equipment. Exploration and evaluation assets are tested for impairment before the assets are transferred to mine under construction.

g) Provision for decommissioning and restoration

The Company recognizes provisions for statutory, contractual, constructive or legal obligations associated with the reclamation of mineral properties in the year in which it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and when a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Initially, a provision for decommissioning and restoration is recognized based on expected cash flows required to settle the obligation and discounted at a pre-tax rate specific to the liability. The capitalized amount is depreciated on the same basis as the related asset. Following the initial recognition, the carrying amount of the provision is increased for the passage of time and adjusted for

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

changes to the current market-based discount rate and the amount or timing of the underlying cash flows needed to settle the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognized as interest expense. Significant judgments and estimates are involved in forming expectations of the amounts and timing of future closure and reclamation cash flows. As at April 30, 2024 and 2023, the Company had no known material restoration, rehabilitation or environmental liabilities related to its exploration and evaluation assets.

h) Share capital

Equity instruments are contracts that give a residual interest in the net assets of the Company. The Company's common shares, options and warrants are classified as equity instruments.

Costs directly identifiable with the raising of share capital are charged against share capital. Share issuance costs incurred in advance of share subscriptions are recorded as deferred assets. Share issuance costs related to uncompleted share subscriptions are recognized in profit or loss.

Equity financing transactions may involve the issuance of units. Units comprise common shares and share purchase warrants. The Company accounts for unit offering proceeds between common shares and share purchase warrants using the residual value method, wherein the fair value of the common shares is based on the quoted market price and the balance, if any, is allocated to the attached warrants.

i) Flow-through shares

Resource expenditure deductions for income tax purposes related to exploratory activities funded by flow-through share arrangements are renounced to investors in accordance with income tax legislation. Pursuant to the terms of the flow-through share agreements, these shares transfer the tax deductibility of qualifying resource expenditures to investors. On issuance, the Company allocates the flow-through share proceeds into i) share capital, ii) warrants, and iii) a flow-through share premium, if any, using the residual value method.

The residual value method for flow-through units allocates the proceeds first to the component which is most reliably fair valued, which the Company has determined are the Company's shares issued as determined by the quoted market price on the issuance date. The residual value is allocated between warrants and flow-through share premium by calculating the value of the warrants using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, with any remaining value being attributed to the flow-through share premium.

If investors pay a premium for the flow-through feature, it is recognized as a liability. Upon incurring qualifying expenditures, the Company reduces the liability and recognizes a deferred tax recovery in income for the amount of tax reduction renounced to the shareholders. The premium is recognized as other income and the related deferred tax is recognized as a tax provision. At the end of a period, the flow-through share premium liability corresponds to the portion of qualifying exploration expenditures that have not yet been incurred.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Proceeds received from the issuance of flow-through shares are restricted to be used only for Canadian resource property exploration expenditures within a prescribed period. The Company may also be subject to a Part XII.6 tax on flow-through proceeds renounced under the Look-back rule, in accordance with Government of Canada flow-through regulations. When applicable, this tax is accrued as a financial expense until qualifying expenditures are incurred.

j) Income (loss) per share

Basic income (loss) per share represents the income (loss) for the period, divided by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted income per share represents the income for the period, divided by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period plus the weighted average number of dilutive shares resulting from the presumed exercise of stock options, warrants and other similar instruments where the inclusion of these would not be anti-dilutive. Diluted loss per share is equivalent to basic loss per share, as the dilutive impact of shares from the presumed exercise of stock options, warrants and other similar instruments, would be anti-dilutive.

k) Share-based payments

Where equity-settled share options are awarded to employees, the fair value of the options at the date of grant is charged to profit or loss over the vesting period. Performance vesting conditions are taken into account by adjusting the number of equity instruments expected to vest at each reporting date so that, ultimately, the cumulative amount recognized over the vesting period is based on the number of options that eventually vest.

Where the terms and conditions of options are modified before they vest, the increase in the fair value of the options, measured immediately before and after the modification, is also charged to profit or loss over the remaining vesting period.

Where equity instruments are granted to non-employees, they are recorded at the fair value of the goods or services received in profit or loss, unless they are related to the issuance of shares or the acquisition of exploration and evaluation assets. Amounts related to the issuance of shares are recorded as a reduction of share capital, and amounts related to the acquisition of exploration and evaluation assets are capitalized. When the value of goods or services received in exchange for the share-based payment cannot be reliably estimated, the fair value is measured by use of a valuation model. The expected life used in the model is adjusted, based on management's best estimate, for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions, and behavioural considerations. Due to the Company's limited trading history, the expected volatility assumption used in a valuation model takes into account estimated volatility of the Company as well as comparable companies trading on the Exchange.

All equity-settled share-based payments are reflected in reserves, until exercised. Upon exercise, shares are issued from treasury and the amount reflected in reserves is credited to share capital, adjusted for any consideration paid.

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Where a grant of options is cancelled or settled during the vesting period, excluding forfeitures when vesting conditions are not satisfied, the Company immediately accounts for the cancellation as an acceleration of vesting and recognizes the amount that otherwise would have been recognized for services received over the remainder of the vesting period. Any payment made to the employee on the cancellation is accounted for as the repurchase of an equity interest except to the extent the payment exceeds the fair value of the equity instrument granted, measured at the repurchase date. Any such excess is recognized as an expense.

I) Income tax

Income tax on the profit or loss for the periods presented comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in equity.

Current tax expense is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the period, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at period end, adjusted for amendments to tax payable with regards to previous periods.

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The Company does not provide for temporary differences relating to differences in investments in subsidiaries, associates, and joint ventures to the extent that they will probably not reverse in the foreseeable future. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the consolidated statement of financial position reporting date applicable to the period of expected realization or settlement.

A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the asset can be utilized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

m) Operating segment

The Company operates in one operating segment, in one geographic location, being the exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources in Canada.

n) Critical judgments and estimates

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments and estimates with respect to future events. These judgments and estimates are based on past experience and other factors. The actual results may differ from the judgments and estimates made by management.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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The following paragraphs describe the most critical management judgments and estimates in the recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities and expenses, and the application of accounting policies.

Judgments:

Indicators of impairment of exploration and evaluation assets

The carrying value and recoverability of exploration and evaluation assets requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions about each project and whether a given exploration and evaluation asset has any indicators of impairment. In determining if indicators of impairment exist, management considers the legal title to properties, expectations for future exploration programs and funds available for such, intentions to abandon exploration and evaluation assets, and whether information is available to assess the overall economic viability of the exploration property, including the latest resource prices and forecasts for mineral extraction (if any).

Acquisitions

The assessment of whether an acquisition meets the definition of a business or an asset is an area of key judgment. In the acquisitions of HCM and Royalty Corp., judgment was required to determine if the acquisitions represented business combinations, asset acquisitions or acquisition of equity. More specifically, management concluded that HCM and Royalty Corp. did not represent a business as the assets acquired were not an integrated set of activities with inputs, processes and outputs. Further, management determined that the disposal of and subsequent re-acquisition of Royalty Corp. lacked economic substance and were considered as the part of the same transaction in which the remaining equity (33%) of HCM was acquired during the year ended April 30, 2023 by EMP. Since it was concluded that the transactions (Notes 4 and 5) represented the acquisitions of assets or equity, there was no goodwill recognized and the transaction costs were capitalized to the assets acquired rather than expensed.

Estimates:

Shares and warrants issued for asset acquisitions

Management makes estimates in determining the fair value attributed to equity instruments paid as consideration for asset acquisitions, based on the contracted terms for the acquisition. Where common shares are issued for asset acquisitions, management determines the acquisition date and applies the closing market price of the Company's common shares on that date. When warrants are issued as part of asset acquisitions, management must determine the most appropriate valuation model to apply in calculating the grant date fair value of the warrants, and then make estimates of the expected volatility of the stock, the expected life of the warrants, the expected forfeiture rate and an estimated risk-free interest rate for input to the calculation. Inputs and resulting estimates differ depending on the valuation model. Further, should management's estimates as to an appropriate grant date share price or inputs be incorrect, the value of consideration for an asset acquisition could be materially different.

Share-based payments

The Company uses the fair-value method of accounting for share-based payments. Under this method, compensation cost attributable to options granted is measured at fair value, using the Black-Scholes

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option pricing model, at the grant date and expensed over the vesting period. In determining the fair value, the Company makes estimates of the expected volatility of the stock, the expected life of the options, the expected forfeiture rate, and an estimated risk-free interest rate.

3. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The following new standards and interpretations have been issued by the IASB, but are not yet effective and have not been applied in preparing these consolidated financial statements. The Company will adopt the amendments on their effective dates and management does not expect the amendments to have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (Amendments to IAS 1)

The amendments to IAS 1 provide a more general approach to the classification of liabilities based on the contractual arrangements in place at the reporting date. These amendments are effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024 and are expected to have no significant impact upon adoption.

IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

This new standard is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027. The Company is currently in the process of assessing its impact on future financial statements.

4. ACQUISITION OF HUB CITY MINERALS CORP.

On August 27, 2021, the Company entered into a share purchase agreement (the "Acquisition Agreement") with HCM, whereby the Company acquired 67% of the issued and outstanding shares and share purchase warrants of HCM (the "Transaction").

Under the terms of the Acquisition Agreement, the Company acquired 14,070,000 Hub City Units (the "Hub City Units") in exchange for the issuance of 14,070,000 EMP units (each, "EMP Unit") to the holders of the Hub City Units. Each EMP Unit consisted of one common share of EMP and one share purchase warrant, with each share purchase warrant entitling the holder to acquire one additional common share of EMP at an exercise price of \$0.06667 and under the existing terms of the outstanding share purchase warrants of HCM. The Company also settled a pre-existing advance to HCM of \$150,000, which was non-interest bearing. The Transaction closed on September 2, 2021, at which time EMP became the ultimate parent company of HCM.

The Transaction did not meet the definition of a business combination and therefore, has been accounted for as a purchase of exploration and evaluation assets with the Company acquiring 67% of HCM on September 2, 2021.

During the year ended April 30, 2023, the remaining 33% equity of HCM was acquired by the Company (note 5).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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5. ACQUISITION OF ROYALTY CORP.

On July 28, 2022, the Company incorporated a new subsidiary, Royalty Corp. In August 2022, the Company entered into a share exchange agreement with the other shareholders of HCM (refer to note 4) who in aggregate owned 33% of the issued and outstanding shares of HCM, whereby the Company transferred its shares of Royalty Corp. to those shareholders in exchange for their 33% ownership of HCM. As a result, HCM became a 100% wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. In addition, HCM signed a royalty agreement with Royalty Corp., pursuant to which HCM granted to Royalty Corp. a 25% net profit royalty on amounts received by HCM from HCL.

On February 17, 2023, the Company announced that it had entered into a securities exchange agreement with the shareholders of Royalty Corp. whereby the Company acquired all of the shares of Royalty Corp. In consideration for all of the shares of Royalty Corp., the Company issued 6,930,000 share purchase warrants to the vendors. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share of the Company at a price of \$1.25 for a period of three years from the date of issuance. The warrants are subject to the Company's right to accelerate the expiry date if the average closing price has been equal to or greater than \$1.75 for 10 consecutive trading days and the Company must issue a news release announcing its intention to exercise the acceleration right.

The transaction has been accounted for as the acquisition of the remaining 33% of HCM. The result of the transaction was the 100% ownership of HCM by the Company and elimination of the non-controlling interest of HCM. This change in the proportion of equity held by the non-controlling interest has been recognized directly in equity and attributed to the shareholders of EMP.

The following table summarizes the fair value of the total consideration paid and the aggregate fair value of identified assets acquired and liabilities assumed:

Purchase price	\$
Fair value of 6,930,000 warrants	2,126,353
	2,126,353
Net assets acquired	\$
Remaining 33% of HCM	2,126,353
	2,126,353

The fair value of the 6,930,000 warrants (\$2,126,353) was estimated using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Weighted average assumptions used in the pricing model were as follows: spot price – \$0.62 per share; risk-free rate – 3.66%; expected life – 3 years; expected volatility – 100%; expected forfeitures – nil%; and expected dividends – \$nil.

Royalty Corp. was dissolved on August 21, 2023.

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6. MARKETABLE SECURITIES

Marketable securities are classified as FVTPL and, as a result, are measured at fair market value each reporting period with any changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss. During the year ended April 30, 2023, the Company received 779,557 common shares of Grounded Lithium Corp. ("GLC") as part of a land sale (Note 7). The GLC common shares were subject to a contractual escrow and released in equal 1/3 tranches on the 4, 8, and 12-month anniversaries from closing. The GLC common shares were recorded at an initial fair value of \$280,640. As at April 30, 2024, the fair value of the common shares was \$31,182 (2023 – \$233,867). As a result, a loss of \$202,685 was recorded in profit or loss for the year ended April 30, 2024 (2023 - \$46,773).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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7. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

	Li-Brine Properties
	\$
April 30, 2022	16,192,835
Acquisition costs – cash	127,593
Camp Costs	5,446
Consulting	681,483
Drilling	663,518
Equipment	497,668
Geologists	113,971
Geochemical	8,914
Land Lease Payment	299,994
Linecutting	86,846
Logging	142,660
Permits	8,317
Piping	873,562
Miscellaneous	12,739
Vehicle Costs	240,238
Travel & Accommodation	21,412
Waste Removal	19,741
Well Servicing	709,843
Sale of claims to Grounded Lithium	(55,320)
April 30, 2023	20,651,460
Acquisition costs – cash	1,158,715
Analysis	7,214
Camp Costs	668
Consulting	1,203,949
Drilling	(191,814)
Environmental	8,572
Equipment	257,015
Geologists	167,236
Geochemical	12,002
Land Lease Payment	425,176
Logging	82,568
Permits	8,347
Pilot Testing	407,437
Miscellaneous	12,315
Vehicle Costs	383,552
Travel & Accommodation	18,121
Waste Removal	25,887
Well Servicing	419,514
April 30, 2024	25,057,934

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Li-Brine Properties

On September 2, 2021, the Company acquired the Li-Brine Properties as a result of the acquisition of HCM (Note 4). HCL now holds 196,000 net acres (79,300 net hectares) of Subsurface Crown Mineral Dispositions in Saskatchewan, with the focus on potential lithium resource prospects.

On May 24, 2022, the Company entered into a Wellbore Takeover Agreement (the "Agreement"). Within the Agreement the Company assumes the provision for decommissioning of the well, estimated at \$70,000. The well is located in the Tyvan area of Southeast Saskatchewan which is within one-half mile of HCM's lands. Such liabilities have been paid to the government of Saskatchewan and satisfied in full.

On September 27, 2022, the Company acquired an additional wellbore in its Mansur Permit Area. The new well, 101/14-36-008-13 W2M ("Second Test Well"), is located at the Mansur Permit Area of southeast Saskatchewan and is approximately half a mile from the Company's first test well in the Mansur. The Second Test Well was acquired for no consideration and the assumption of future abandonment and reclamation costs.

The Company acquired another wellbore in its Mansur Permit Area in November 2022. The new well 141/08-03-009-13 W2M ("Third Test Well"), is located at the Mansur Permit Area of southeast Saskatchewan and is approximately half a mile from the Company's first test well in the Mansur. The Third Test Well has been acquired for no consideration and the assumption of future abandonment and reclamation costs.

ROK Resources Inc., which owns 25% of HCL, is responsible for 25% of exploration costs incurred. All payments received during the years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 have been treated as contributions to non-controlling interest.

On March 15, 2023, the Company closed the sale of 33 sections (8,498 hectares) of undeveloped land in the Kindersley area to Grounded Lithium Corp. ("GLC"). As consideration for the sale, the Company received \$195,326 in cash and 779,557 GLC common shares. The fair value of the GLC common shares was determined to be the market price of the GLC common shares at the date of issuance, which was \$0.36 per share. The GLC common shares were subject to a contractual escrow and released in equal 1/3 tranches on the 4, 8, and 12-month anniversaries from closing. The Company recorded a gain on sale of \$420,647, determined as per below:

	\$
Assets Sold	
Claims	55,320
Consideration received	
Cash	195,327
Shares issued	280,640
Gain on sale of E&E Assets	420,647

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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8. LOANS PAYABLE

On February 7, 2023, the Company received shareholder loans for total proceeds of \$200,000. The loans were unsecured, bore interest of 10% per annum and were due on demand. If the loans were repaid at any time prior to the first anniversary of the loan the Company would pay one year of interest.

On March 16, 2023, the Company repaid the shareholder loans of \$200,000 and \$20,000 of interest expense.

	\$
Balance, April 30, 2022	-
Proceeds	200,000
Repayment	(200,000)
Balance, April 30, 2023 and 2024	-

9. SHARE CAPITAL

- a) Authorized Unlimited common shares without par value.
- b) Issued and outstanding 91,673,571 common shares

c) Issuances

On March 17, 2023, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement financing by issuing 8,333,333 units at a price of \$0.60 per unit for proceeds of \$5,000,000. Each unit comprises one common share of the Company and one-half of one share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share at a price of \$0.90 per share until September 16, 2024. The Company assigned \$83,333 value to the warrants using the residual value method. The Company has the right to accelerate the expiry date of the warrants if, at any time, the average closing price of the Company's common shares is equal to or greater than \$1.25 for 10 consecutive trading days. In the event of acceleration, the expiry date will be accelerated to a date that is 30 business days after the Company issues a news release announcing that it has elected to exercise this acceleration right.

The Company paid cash share issue costs of \$22,481, paid finders fees totalling \$259,536 related to the private placement and issued an aggregate of 432,560 finders warrants, with each finders warrant entitling the holder to purchase one common share at a price of \$0.60 per share until September 16, 2024. The fair value of the 432,560 finders warrants was determined to be \$116,458 and estimated on the date of issue using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: exercise price of \$0.60, spot price of \$0.58, dividend yield of \$nil, risk free interest rate of 3.15%, expected life of 1.5 years and expected volatility of 100%.

During the year ended April 30, 2023, the Company issued 12,960,724 common shares pursuant to the exercise of warrants for total gross proceeds of \$2,560,716. \$866,519 was transferred from reserves to share capital as a result. The weighted average share price at dates the warrants were exercised was \$0.35.

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During the year ended April 30, 2023, the Company issued 388,041 common shares pursuant to the exercise of agent's options for total gross proceeds of \$89,249. \$76,365 was transferred from reserves to share capital as a result. The weighted average share price at dates the agent's options were exercised was \$0.33.

On October 31, 2023, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement financing by issuing 13,519,000 hard dollar units ("HD units") at a price of \$0.40 per HD unit for proceeds of \$5,407,600 and 7,500,000 Saskatchewan flow-through units ("FT Units") at a price of \$0.58 per FT unit for proceeds of \$4,350,000.

Each HD unit consists of one common share of the Company and three-quarters of one share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share at a price of \$0.60 per share until October 31, 2025. The Company allocated \$5,407,600 to the shares and \$nil to the warrants using the residual value method. The Company paid finders fees totaling \$455,390 related to the HD units and issued an aggregate of 965,950 finders warrants, with each finder's warrant entitling the holder to purchase one common share at a price of \$0.60 per share until October 31, 2025. The fair value of the 965,950 finder's warrants was determined to be \$186,431 and estimated on the date of issue using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: exercise price of \$0.60, spot price of \$0.475, dividend yield of \$nil, risk free interest rate of 4.18%, expected life of 2 years and expected volatility of 84%. Additional share issue costs of \$33,642 were incurred.

Each FT unit consists of one "flow-through" common share and three-quarters of one share purchase warrant to be issued on a non-"flow-through" basis. Each whole warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share at a price of \$0.60 per share until October 31, 2025. The Company allocated \$3,562,500 to the shares and \$787,500 to the warrants using the residual value method. No flow-through share premium liability was allocated to the units.

d) Stock Options

On March 15, 2019, the Company adopted a stock option plan (the "Stock Option Plan"), which provides that, subject to the requirements of the Exchange, the aggregate number of securities reserved for issuance will be 10% of the number of the Company's common shares issued and outstanding at the time such options are granted. Options may be granted under the Stock Option Plan to the directors, officers, employees, management or consultants of the Company and its affiliates, if any, as the Board of Directors may from time to time designate. The Stock Option Plan provides that the number of common shares that may be reserved for issuance to any one individual upon exercise of all stock options held by such individual may not exceed 5% of the issued common shares, if the individual is a director, officer, employee or consultant, or 1% of the issued common shares, if the individual is engaged in providing investor relations services, on a yearly basis. All options granted under the Stock Option Plan will expire not later than the date that is ten years from the date that such options are granted. Options terminate earlier as follows: (i) immediately in the event of dismissal with cause; (ii) 90 days from date of termination other than for cause; or (iii) one year from the date of death or disability.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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On March 24, 2023, the Company granted a total of 1,800,000 stock options to its directors, officers and consultants. The stock options have an exercise price of \$0.65 per share and expire on March 24, 2028. The stock options will vest as to 25% every 3 months after the grant date. The fair value of the options granted was \$0.40 per share.

On November 29, 2023, the Company granted a total of 1,150,000 stock options to a director and an officer. The stock options have an exercise price of \$0.45 per share and expire on November 29, 2028. 150,000 of the stock options vest immediately. 1,000,000 of the stock options will vest as to 1/3 immediately, 1/3 on November 29, 2024, and 1/3 on November 29, 2025.

On April 18, 2024, the Company granted a total of 300,000 stock options to an employee and a consultant. The stock options have an exercise price of \$0.40 per share and expire on April 18, 2029. The stock options will vest as to 1/3 immediately, 1/3 on April 18, 2025, and 1/3 on April 18, 2026.

The fair value of these options on the date of grant was determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model and the following weighted average assumptions:

	April 30, 2024	April 30, 2023
Exercise price	\$0.43	\$0.65
Share price	\$0.41	\$0.54
Risk free interest rate	3.75%	3.15%
Expected life	5.00 years	5.00 years
Expected volatility	100%	100%
Expected forfeiture	Nil	Nil
Expected dividends	Nil	Nil

During the year ended April 30, 2024, the Company recorded \$844,204 (2023 - \$210,671) of share-based compensation expense.

The changes in the stock options for the years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price (per share)	Weighted average remaining life (years)
Balance, April 30, 2022	4,316,667	\$0.42	3.92
Granted	1,800,000	\$0.65	-
Cancelled	(8,335)	\$0.30	-
Balance, April 30, 2023	6,108,332	\$0.49	3.50
Granted	1,450,000	\$0.44	
Balance, April 30, 2024	7,558,332	\$0.46	2.92

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

The balance of options outstanding as at April 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Exercise	Remaining	Options		
Expiry date	price	Life (years)	Outstanding	Unvested	Vested
January 14, 2025	\$0.30	0.71	74,999	-	74,999
August 21, 2025	\$0.84	1.31	100,000	-	100,000
October 1, 2025	\$2.01	1.42	83,333	-	83,333
August 13, 2025	\$0.37	1.29	1,800,000	-	1,800,000
September 28, 2025	\$0.35	1.41	500,000	-	500,000
January 24, 2027	\$0.40	2.74	1,050,000	-	1,050,000
April 5, 2027	\$0.40	2.93	700,000	100,000	600,000
March 24, 2028	\$0.65	3.90	1,800,000	-	1,800,000
November 29, 2028	\$0.45	4.59	1,150,000	483,334	666,666
April 18, 2029	\$0.40	4.97	300,000	200,000	100,000
	\$0.49	2.92	7,558,332	783,334	6,774,998

e) Warrants

Details of warrant activity for the years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	Number of Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price
	#	<u> </u>
Balance, April 30, 2022	13,175,444	0.20
Expired	(214,720)	0.23
Exercised	(12,960,724)	0.20
Granted	11,529,227	1.10
Balance, April 30, 2023	11,529,227	1.10
Granted	16,730,200	0.60
Balance, April 30, 2024	28,259,427	0.80

On May 3, 2022, the Company accelerated the expiry date of common share purchase warrants issued on August 4, 2021 (the "Warrants") in accordance with the terms of the Warrants. Under the terms of the Warrants, the Company was permitted to accelerate the expiry date if the average closing price of the Company's common shares for any 10 consecutive trading days is equal to or greater than \$0.50.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

f) Agent's Options

The changes in the Agent's options for the years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	Number of Agent's options	Weighted average exercise price (per share)	Weighted average remaining life (years)
Balance, April 30, 2022	512,262	\$0.23	0.27
Expired	(124,221)	\$0.23	-
Exercised	(388,041)	\$0.23	-
Balance, April 30, 2023 and 2024	-	-	-

10. MANAGEMENT OF CAPITAL

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain a flexible capital structure which optimizes the cost of capital within a framework of acceptable risk. In the management of capital, the Company includes the components of shareholders' equity attributable to shareholders of the Company, which totaled \$30,661,912 at April 30, 2024 (2023 - \$23,282,931).

The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust its capital structure, the Company may issue new shares, issue debt, acquire or dispose of assets to adjust the amount of cash on hand. The Company is dependent on the capital markets as its primary source of operating capital and the Company's capital resources are largely determined by its ability to compete for investor support of its projects. The Company's approach to capital management has not changed from that of the prior year.

The Company is not subject to any capital requirements imposed by an external party.

11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

For financial instruments held by the Company, management classifies cash and cash equivalents and marketable securities as FVTPL, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities as at amortized cost.

a) Fair value of financial instruments

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

As at April 30, 2024, the Company believes that the carrying values of accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair values because of their nature and relatively short maturity dates or durations. The fair value of cash and cash equivalents and marketable securities are based on level 1 inputs of the fair value hierarchy.

b) Management of risks arising from financial instruments

Discussions of risks associated with financial assets and liabilities are detailed below:

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the company if a counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents held with banks and financial institutions. The maximum exposure to credit risk is equal to the carrying value of the cash and cash equivalents at April 30, 2024 of \$7,755,590 (2023 - \$3,914,460). The Company's cash and cash equivalents are held with reputable Canadian banks. The credit risk related to cash and cash equivalents is considered minimal. The Company's approach to the management of credit risk has not changed from that of the prior year.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices and interest rates will affect the Company's net earnings or the value of financial instruments. Market risk is comprised of risks from changes in foreign exchange rates, interest rates and other prices. The Company has determined there is no material exposure related to foreign exchange or interest rate. The Company is exposed to other price risk. A 10% increase or decrease in the value of its marketable securities will impact net income (loss) by approximately \$3,000.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash to enable settlement of transactions as they come due. Management monitors the Company's contractual obligations and other expenses to ensure adequate liquidity is maintained. At April 30, 2024, the Company had \$7,755,590 of cash and cash equivalents (2023 - \$3,914,460), with which to settle \$290,913 of accounts payable and accrued liabilities (2023 - \$1,139,573). The Company's accounts payable and accrued liabilities are due on normal trade terms. The Company's approach to and management of liquidity risk has not changed from that of the prior year.

12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key management personnel are those persons responsible for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, and include executives and non-executive directors. The Company incurred charges from directors and officers, or to companies controlled by these individuals during the years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 as follows:

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Accounting fees	97,516	76,837
Consulting fees	200,500	120,000
Share-based compensation	383,711	48,859
	681,727	245,696

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities at April 30, 2024 includes \$17,261 (2023 – \$16,895) due to a company controlled by the CEO, a director, and a company in which the CFO is an owner.

Key management of the Company includes the CEO, the CFO and the Directors. During the year ended April 30, 2024, compensation paid or accrued to key management consisted of accounting fees of \$97,516 (2023 - \$76,837) paid or accrued to a company in which the CFO is an owner, consulting fees of \$150,000 (2023 - \$120,000) paid or accrued to the CEO, and consulting fees of \$120,500 (2023 - \$nil) paid or accrued to a director.

13. INCOME TAXES

A reconciliation of income taxes at statutory rates with reported taxes is as follows:

	2024	2023
Statutory tax rate	27%	27%
	\$	\$
Loss before income taxes	(2,825,476)	(1,554,787)
Expected income tax recovery at statutory rate	(762,878)	(419,792)
Non-deductible items	93,962	78,972
Share issuance costs	(132,039)	(76,145)
Difference in tax rates and foreign exchange	27,363	(510)
Other	-	36,536
Change in deferred tax asset not recognized	773,592	380,939
Income tax recovery	-	-

The significant components of the Company's deferred unrecognized tax assets as at April 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Non-capital loss carry forwards	1,905,434	1,367,861
Marketable securities	33,677	(660)
Share issuance costs	194,638	106,530
Exploration and evaluation assets	513,700	400,126
Unrecognized deferred income tax assets	(2,647,449)	(1,873,857)
	-	-

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

As at April 30, 2024, the Company has non-capital losses carried forward for income tax purposes in Canada of \$7,057,164 which can be applied against future years' taxable income. Their expiry dates range from 2039 to 2044. Future tax benefits, which may arise as a result of these losses, have not been recognized in these consolidated financial statements.

14. COMMITMENTS

On August 1, 2021, the Company entered into a consulting agreement for public company finance and administration support at a rate of \$7,500 per month (\$90,000 per year) for a term of 5 years. On a change of control of the Company, a payment to the consultant of 24 months (\$180,000) is required.

On February 15, 2022, the Company entered into a consulting agreement for investor relations and marketing services at a rate of \$30,000 per month (\$360,000 per year) for a term of 2 years. If the Company adopted a restricted share unit plan, the Company at its discretion may grant up to 200,000 restricted share units to the consultant. On January 1, 2024, the consulting agreement for investor relations and marketing services was extended for an additional 3 years, such that the agreement shall now expire on January 15, 2027.

On April 1, 2022, the Company entered into two consulting agreements for public company finance and administration support at a rate of \$10,000 per month each (\$120,000 per year) for terms of 5 years. On a change of control of the Company, a payment to each consultant of 24 months (\$240,000) is required.

On April 1, 2022, the Company entered into a consulting agreement with the CEO at a rate of \$10,000 per month (\$120,000 per year) for a term of 5 years. On a change of control of the Company, a payment to the CEO of 24 months (\$240,000) is required. On November 15, 2023, the consulting agreement with the CEO was amended so that the rate was changed to \$15,000 per month (\$180,000 per year) effective November 1, 2023.

On November 1, 2022, the Company entered into a consulting agreement for public company finance and administration support at a rate of \$10,000 per month (\$120,000 per year) for a term of 5 years. On a change of control of the Company, a payment to the consultant of 24 months (\$240,000) is required.

On October 31, 2023, the Company issued FT Units for proceeds of \$4,250,000 (note 9). To April 30, 2024, the Company had spent \$4,563 of the FT Unit proceeds, leaving a remaining commitment of \$4,245,437 to be spent on flow-through eligible expenditures by October 31, 2024.

On January 1, 2024, the Company entered into a management agreement with the company which owns 25% of HCL at a rate of \$46,250 per month (\$555,000 per year) for a term of 1 year, to manage the exploration, development and operation of the Li-Brine Properties. This agreement was subsequently cancelled and replaced on August 1, 2024 (note 15).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the years ended April 30, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Share Exchange Agreement

On August 1, 2024, the Company entered into a share exchange agreement (the "Share Exchange Agreement") with ROK Resources Inc. ("ROK"), whereby ROK will exchange its 25 shares of HCL in return for 17,085,000 common shares of the Company (the "ROK Transaction"). As a result of the ROK Transaction, the Company will own 100% of the issued and outstanding shares of HCL.

50% of the shares to be issued to ROK pursuant to the Share Exchange Agreement and the Management Agreement (as defined herein) will be restricted for a period of 24 months following closing of the ROK Transaction ("Closing") and the remaining 50% of the shares to be issued to ROK will be restricted for 36 months following Closing.

Following Closing, EMP Metals will appoint Mr. Bryden Wright, President and Chief Operating Officer of ROK, or such individual as ROK and EMP Metals agree upon, to the board of directors of EMP Metals.

Closing is scheduled for 4 days following regulatory and exchange approval however no later than September 30, 2024.

Management Agreement

On August 1, 2024, the Company also entered into a management agreement (the "Management Agreement") with HCL and ROK, whereby ROK will continue to manage and administer the objectives outlined below for a period of one year, in consideration for \$552,000 and 1,840,000 common shares of the Company. The Management Agreement can be renewed for an additional 6 months with consideration of \$46,000 per month for the services.

The previous management agreement made effective January 1, 2024 was terminated.