

Management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") provides a detailed analysis of the results and financial condition of Telescope Innovations Corp. (the "Company") for the six months ended February 28, 2023. The following MD&A should be read in conjunction with the Company's condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the period ended February 28, 2023, and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended August 31, 2022, and 2021 and the notes thereto (collectively, the "Financial Statements"), which have been prepared using accounting policies consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). Other information contained in these documents has also been prepared by management and is consistent with the data contained the Financial Statements.

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is dated April 24, 2023, and discloses specified information up to that date. Unless otherwise cited, references to dollar amounts are in Canadian dollars. This MD&A contains "forward-looking statements" that are subject to risk factors including those set out in the "Cautionary Statement" at the end of this MD&A. All information contained in this MD&A is current and has been approved by the Company's Board of Directors as of April 24, 2023, unless otherwise indicated. Throughout this report we refer to "Telescope", the "Company", "we", "us", "our", or "its". All these terms are used in respect of Telescope Innovations Corporation. We recommend that readers consult the "Cautionary Statement" on the last page of this report. Additional information relating to the Company is available on the Company's website at www.telescopeinnovations.com and on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the six months ended February 28, 2023, have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business rather than through a process of forced liquidation. During the six months ended February 28, 2023, the operations of the Company were primarily funded by the issuance of share capital in prior quarters and revenues earned from contract research.

The continued operations of the Company are dependent on its ability to develop a sufficient financing plan, receive continued financial support from related parties, complete sufficient public equity financing, or continue to generate profitable operations in the future. The condensed consolidated financial interim statements do not include any adjustments to the amounts and classifications of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue business.

Description of Business

Telescope Innovations Corp. ("Telescope") or ("the Company") is a chemical technology company developing scalable manufacturing processes and tools for the pharmaceutical, specialty chemical and next generation clean energy industries. The Company builds, combines and deploys new enabling technologies including flexible robotic platforms, advanced analytical tools and machine learning which improve experimental throughput, efficiency, process insight and data quality. A key area of application for these tools is the development of optimized, scalable manufacturing processes. Telescope also applies these tools in performing Contract Research Services for their clients to resolve inefficiencies in industrial process chemistry and manufacturing.

The Company was incorporated on July 30, 2019, with the intention of focusing on the rapidly expanding and unmet demand for pharmaceutical-grade tryptamine compounds currently being studied in clinical trials for several therapeutic areas such as treatment resistant depression, post traumatic stress disorder, alcoholism and palliative care. To address this need, the Company is developing proprietary processes compatible with the standards of cGMP. The sale or licensing of Company-developed intellectual property forms a core component of the Company's business model.

On May 31, 2021, ClearMynd Technology Solutions Corp. ("ClearMynd") closed a Share Exchange Agreement with Telescope, whereby Telescope acquired all the issued and outstanding securities in the capital of ClearMynd in exchange for common shares of Telescope. The acquisition of ClearMynd by Telescope is accounted for as a reverse takeover, whereby, ClearMynd is deemed to be the acquirer and Telescope is deemed to be the acquiree. The acquisition constitutes an asset acquisition as Telescope did not meet the definition of a business as defined in IFRS 3, *Business Combinations*. As a result, the net assets of Telescope are deemed to be acquired at fair value by ClearMynd and share capital of Telescope is eliminated as a result of the acquisition.



In September 2021, Telescope completed its direct listing on the Canadian Securities Exchange (the "CSE"), and its common shares commenced trading on the CSE on September 27, 2021, under the ticker symbol "TELI".

Operations and development efforts thus far have focused on three strategic areas: i) The development of autonomous process optimization laboratory systems to accelerate chemical process research ("Telescope Automation"); ii) the application of these tools to discover and develop scalable synthetic pathways for mental health medicines ("Telescope Health"); and iii) the application of Telescope Automation tools to resolve process manufacturing inefficiencies in the chemical industry ("Telescope Industries").

Telescope Automation launched its first product, the Direct Inject Liquid Chromatography ("DILC") platform, in June 2022. The DILC™ is an innovative instrument for real-time, *in situ* sampling and immediate analysis of chemical reactions. The Company expects that the commercial deployment and insight provided by DILC™ technology will highlight the unique combination of skills Telescope provides to support the characterization and development of chemical, biopharmaceutical, and manufacturing processes. The Company has recently commenced commercial sales of the DILC™.

Under the Telescope Health banner, the Company has filed a Patent Cooperation Treaty ("PCT") patent application to protect its novel, scalable synthetic process for tryptamine-based analogs and precursors. The PCT application, published in July 2022, claims priority to provisional applications filed in December 2020 and October 2021. The synthetic approach described is well-positioned for cGMP optimization due to the use of simple, abundant starting materials and a limited number of synthetic steps. The chemical flexibility of the processes enables the exploration of many other valuable tryptamine-based compounds, including: dimethyltryptamine, harmaline, mupirocin, ibogaine, melatonin, lysergic acid diethylamide, serotonin and bufotenine, among others. The patent also covers a set of proprietary Novel Chemical Entities ("NCEs") in the tryptamine family that are being evaluated by many third-party drug screening and neurochemical companies for therapeutic potential. Positive results from these studies could warrant preclinical development of Telescope's proprietary processes for the synthesis of next-generation psychedelic therapeutics, targeting improvements in safety, potency, specificity, or tunability relative to known candidates.

Since March 2022, the Telescope Industries division has applied the Company's tools to address previously intractable challenges in chemical manufacturing, engineering, next generation clean energy and mining. The Company has been engaged by various industrial clients seeking crucial chemical studies to enable process manufacturing, or to evaluate novel processes and technologies for potential deployment. Clients include Natural Resources Canada, Standard Lithium Ltd., and a large multinational engineering company. The Company expects these engagements to illuminate industrial pain points that can be targeted with its unique technology, creating valuable products and services for the chemical manufacturing sector, like high purity lithium and key metal utilized in current and new battery technologies.

Over the next year, Telescope intends to continue deploying its autonomous process optimization technologies through product sales, and focused contract research engagements addressing specific chemical research, development, or manufacturing bottlenecks for client companies. The Company anticipates that R&D activities will result in filing additional provisional patents related to novel processes and technologies over the next twelve months and may license these processes for commercial application (development and manufacturing).

FY 2023 Highlights

On September 1, 2022, the Company graduated to trade on the OTCQB market. The Company anticipates that graduating to the OTCQB will provide greater liquidity and a more seamless trading experience for our U.S. shareholders. Further, enhanced reporting requirements and greater transparency required with the OTCQB listing, the upgrade also provides exemptions from U.S. state securities laws or "blue sky" exemptions which may help to further increase liquidity and expand investment advisors' ability to research and recommend investment in Telescope.

On November 10, 2022, the Company closed a private placement and issued a total of 4,879,499 units at a price of \$0.30 per unit for total proceeds, less share issuance costs, of \$1,430,054. Each unit consists of one common share of the Issuer and one-half-of-one common share purchase warrant. Each Warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share of the Issuer at a price of \$0.75 per warrant share until



November 10, 2024, subject to accelerated expiry at the option of the Company in the event the closing price of the Shares on the Canadian Securities Exchange is \$1.00 or more for ten consecutive trading days. The Units were offered pursuant to exemptions from the registration and prospectus requirements of applicable securities legislation.

Insiders of the Company subscribed for an aggregate of 1,160,332 Units. The issuances of Units to insiders pursuant to the Offering are considered related party transactions within the meaning of Multilateral Instrument 61-101 – Protection of Minority Security Holders in Special Transactions ("MI 61-101"). The Company relied on exemptions from the formal valuation and minority approval requirements in sections.

The Company intends to use the net proceeds from the Offering for working capital and general corporate purposes. The securities issued by the Company under the Offering are subject to restrictions on resale in accordance with applicable securities laws. These restrictions will expire on March 11, 2023. No finders' fees or commissions were paid by the Company in connection with completion of the Offering.

FY2022 Highlights

On October 28, 2021, the Company granted 1,600,000 stock options to management and consultants of the Company at a price of \$0.50 for a period of 5 years with the stock options vested in full on March 1, 2022.

On November 23, 2021, the Company granted 1,725,000 stock options to consultants and directors of the Company at a price of \$0.90 for a period of 5 years with the stock options vested in full on March 24, 2022.

On November 29, 2021 the Company entered into an agreement with the University of British Columbia ("UBC") in which UBC has agreed to assign all interest in and to a provisional patent application related to the development of scalable synthetic psilocybin and other tryptamine compounds. The Company was also granted the option by UBC to acquire additional technological developments related to the patent application in the future. In consideration for the assignment of the interest, and the grant of the option, on January 10, 2022 the Company issued 1,000,000 common shares with a fair value of \$850,000 to UBC.

All shares issued to UBC were subject to a four month and one day hold period which will expire on May 11, 2022.

On March 14, 2022, the Company granted 100,000 stock options to a consultant of the Company in accordance with the Company's incentive stock option plan. The option vested on July 15, 2022, and is exercisable to acquire common shares of the Company at a price of \$0.55 until March 14, 2027.

On April 25, 2022, Telescope announced the Company had been engaged to perform contract research services by a global engineering, project management, and professional services firm. Telescope was contracted to perform a series of physical chemistry studies leveraging Telescope's unique analytical toolsets to address notorious bottlenecks in chemical development and manufacturing pipelines. To date, very few tools exist to fully map out the behavior of dynamic chemical systems even though the data is indispensable for development and optimization. Telescope brings automation, machine learning, process analytical technology and chemical expertise to meet this challenge. This is another demonstration of the growth of industrial interest in Telescope's Contract Research capabilities.

On April 28, 2022, Henry Dubina was elected as an additional independent director of the Company by its shareholders. Mr. Dubina was the president and Strategic Business Unit Head of Mettler-Toledo AutoChem ("MT AutoChem") between 1999 and his retirement in 2022. As the President and Head of MT AutoChem for over 20 years, he directed the global business Research & Development, Manufacturing, Marketing, Sales and Service.



On June 17, 2022, the Company entered into a Master Service Agreement ("the MSA") with Standard Lithium Ltd. ("SLI"), a related party, to provide scientific services and test work for the purpose of developing new technologies. The Company will receive funding for one year from the first project under the MSA. This project consists of the evaluation and utilisation and sequestration of CO₂ within the lithium brine extraction and reinjection processes developed by SLI. This project works towards the decarbonisation of the lithium supply chain ad continues to strategically deploy the Company's tools and expertise across the chemical industry.

On June 27, 2022, Telescope Automation announced its first commercial product launch, the Direct Inject Liquid Chromatography ("**DILC**") platform, an innovative tool to enable real-time, immediate analysis of chemical reactions. The DILC™ platform fuses Telescope's proprietary hardware, software, and unique integration know-how with proven sampling technology supplied by an internationally renowned manufacturer of lab instrumentation. The Sampler Manufacturer is the global leader in enabling hardware and software technology that accelerates the development of chemical and biological processes.

Telescope has been engaged by several major global pharmaceutical companies to onboard our DILC™ product. Telescope has already leveraged this enabling tool across its contract research operations and are now offering this product to address unmet needs in process analytical technologies (PAT) to characterize and optimize chemical reactions. First customer commercial shipments commenced during the quarter.

On July 19, 2022, the Company granted 500,000 incentive stock options to certain consultants and advisory board members of the Company in accordance with the Company's incentive stock option plan. The options vested on November 20, 2022 and are exercisable to acquire common shares of the Company at a price of \$0.35 until July 19, 2027.

On September 6, 2022, the Company the appointed Dr. Jeffrey W. Sherman as Chief Operating Officer. Dr. Sherman brings over thirty years of experience in the scientific instrument industry. He has worked with emerging technology startups, mid-sized companies, and internationally leading suppliers of laboratory technology including Micromeritics Instrument Corporation, ThermoFisher Scientific, and Mettler-Toledo. His breadth of experience covers technical scientific roles, global sales management, and general management. He has also been intimately involved with strategy development, mergers, acquisitions, technology licensing, divestitures, and business consolidations. His market and business development track record has served both industrial and academic clients engaged in new entity discovery, process and product development, as well as scale-up and manufacturing in the bio-pharmaceutical, fine chemical, oil and gas, polymer and plastics, and mining sectors.

On October 6, 2022, The Company announced that K. Barry Sharpless, a crucial member of Telescope's advisory team who provides crucial insights to advance the Company's chemical synthesis and manufacturing technologies and W.M. Keck Professor of Chemistry at Scripps Research, was awarded the 2022 Nobel Prize in Chemistry. Prof. Sharpless shares the award with Carolyn Bertozzi of Stanford and Morten Meldal of the University of Copenhagen, Denmark for the development of "click chemistry and biorthogonal chemistry. Prof. Sharpless becomes only the fifth person in history to win a Nobel Prize in Chemistry twice.

On October 24, 2022, the Company announced that it has been contracted by Natural Resources Canada ("NRCan") to help develop a critical lithium refinement technology. Telescope continues to collaborate with NRCan to build an autonomous, self-driving experimental platform. The goal of this platform is to boost the efficiency of lithium extraction, purification, and crystallization from lithium-containing brines, including effluent streams from battery recycling facilities. This project reaffirms Telescope's position as a trusted partner-of-choice to resolve bottlenecks and inefficiencies in chemical manufacturing. While lithium brine extraction and refinement processes do exist, their complexity incurs high CAPEX and OPEX barriers to deployment. Telescope's unique automation and analytic technology has the potential to address this challenge by increasing the efficiency of lithium carbonate production from brines. In this way, the Company aims to contribute to national decarbonization and electrification efforts.



Results of Operations

Summary of Quarterly Financial Results

The following is a summary of certain financial information concerning the Company for the last eight quarters:

		Comprehensive	
	Total	Loss for the	Basic and Diluted Loss
Quarter Ended	Revenues	Period	Per Share
May 31, 2021	\$Nil	\$ (3,295,115)	\$(0.13)
August 31, 2021	\$Nil	\$ (555,788)	\$(0.01)
November 30, 2021	\$Nil	\$ (792,299)	\$(0.02)
February 28, 2022	\$Nil	\$ (3,218,778)	\$(0.07)
May 31, 2022	\$Nil	\$ (990,248)	\$(0.02)
August 31, 2022	\$595,398	\$ (745,702)	\$(0.01)
November 30, 2022	\$511,065	\$ (270,235)	\$(0.01)
February 28, 2023	\$816,328	\$ 11,314	\$ 0.00

Selected Financial Information

	Three months ended February 28, 2023	Three months ended February 28, 2022		
Total revenues	\$ 816,328	\$ -		
Total assets	3,708,317	2,935,013		
Net income (loss)	11,314	(3,218,778)		
Long term debt	Nil	Níl		
Dividends	Nil	Nil		



For the three months ended February 28, 2023, compared to the three months ended February 28, 2022:

	2023	2022	Note	
REVENUE				
Contract revenue	\$ 816,328	\$ -	1	
EXPENSES				
Advertising and promotion	33,505	467		
Amortization	81,625	61,833	2	
Consulting	426,179	294,917	3	
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	(3,701)	2,349		
Insurance	3,787	1,270		
Lab operations and supplies	48,910	62,766	4	
Management fees	60,100	58,850		
Office and miscellaneous	14,840	23,540		
Patent costs	-	1,001,410		
Professional fees	52,667	60,293		
Regulatory and transfer agent fees	13,241	48,213		
Research and development	-	17,361		
Rent	35,574	18,800	5	
Share-based payments	-	1,551,417	6	
Travel	38,288	15,292	7	
Total expenses	(805,015)	(3,218,778)		
Income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the period	\$ 11,314	\$ (3,218,778)		
Basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share	\$ 0.00	\$ (0.05)		

- 1. During the quarter, the Company generated \$816,328 from contract revenue from new and existing customers that it onboarded during the current period and previous year. This is the third consecutive quarter of revenues for the Company.
- 2. Amortization expense during the quarter was \$81,625 compared to \$61,833 in the comparable quarter. The Company commenced lab operations in Q1 2022 at which time it began recording amortization. Further, the Company has continued to acquire additional capital to conduct business activities.
- 3. Consulting fees were \$426,179, an increase of \$131,262 over the comparable quarter. The increase is the result of engaging more consultants and increases in fees paid to current consultants.
- 4. Lab operating and supplies expenses were \$48,910 during the quarter, \$13,856 lower than in the comparable quarter. The Company incurred fewer lab costs as the result of using resources more efficiently.
- 5. Rent expense increased from \$18,800 in comparable quarter to \$35,574 in the current quarter, an increase of \$16,774. The increase is due to additional lab space required to grow the business.



- 6. Share based payments expense was \$Nil during the quarter compared to \$1,551,417 during the same quarter last year. There were no new options issued during the current quarter.
- 7. Travel expenses increased from \$15,292 in Q2 2022 to \$38,288 in Q2 2023 as the result of more business travel and conferences attended.

For the six months ended February 28, 2023, compared to the six months ended February 28, 2022:

	2023	2022	Note	
REVENUE				
Contract revenue	\$ 1,327,393	\$ -	1	
EXPENSES				
Advertising and promotion	35,203	467	2	
Amortization	149,264	107,536	3	
Consulting	816,083	479,989	4	
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	(16,385)	2,324		
Insurance	7,825	8,429		
Lab operations and supplies	165,719	132,810		
Management fees	110,200	108,950		
Office and miscellaneous	34,794	60,143		
Patent costs	-	1,014,443	5	
Professional fees	100,204	120,796		
Regulatory and transfer agent fees	20,508	64,356		
Research and development	-	30,221		
Rent	71,148	37,300	6	
Share-based payments	- 1,828,021		7	
Travel	91,751	15,292	8	
Total expenses	(1,586,315)	(4,011,077)		
Loss and comprehensive loss for the period	\$ (258,921)	\$ (4,011,077)		
Basic and diluted loss per common share	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.08)		

- 1. During the period, the Company generated \$1,327,393 from contract revenue from new and existing customers that it onboarded during the current year and previous year. This is the third consecutive quarter of revenues for the Company.
- 2. Advertising and promotion increased from \$467 in Q2 2022 to \$35,203 in Q2 2023, as the result of more conferences attended and marketing initiatives.
- 3. Amortization expense during the period was \$149,264 compared to \$107,536 in the comparable period. The Company commenced lab operations in Q1 2022 at which time it began recording amortization. Further, the Company has continued to acquire additional capital to conduct business activities.
- 4. Consulting fees were \$816,083 an increase of \$389,904 over the comparable period. The increase is the result of engaging more due to an increase in new business and projects.



- 5. During the previous period, the Company entered into an assignment agreement with the University of British Columbia to acquire certain interests and provisional patent applications. The purchase was made by way of issuing 1,000,000 shares of the Company at a deemed value of \$990,000. Costs relating to this patent were a one-time costs and do not expect to be incurred in the future. The fair value of the share issued was \$850,000 which consist of the majority of the balance.
- 6. Rent expense increased from \$37,300 in the comparable period to \$71,148 in the current period, an increase of \$33,848. The increase is due to additional lab space required to grow the business.
- 7. Share based payments expense was \$Nil during the period compared to \$1,828,021 during the same quarter last year. There were no new options issued during the current period.
- 8. Travel expenses increased from \$15,292 in Q2 2022 to \$91,751 in Q2 2023 as the result of more business travel and conferences attended.

Liquidity, Capital Resources and Capital Expenditures

As at February 28, 2023, the Company has started to achieved profitable operations however has accumulated losses and may incur further losses in the development of its business. This material uncertainty may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The continued operations of the Company are dependent on its ability to develop a sufficient financing plan, receive continued financial support from related parties, complete sufficient public equity financing, and generate profitable operations in the future and in addition, its continuing operations are dependent upon its ability to identify, evaluate and negotiate an agreement to acquire an interest in a material asset or business.

The Company will take appropriate measures to raise the necessary funding through private placements, exercising of stock options, warrants and/or credit facilities to address its liabilities and to continue operations. Although the Company has been successful in the past in raising funds to continue operations, there is no assurance it will be able to do so in the future.

The Company experienced a net loss and comprehensive loss of \$258,921 for the six-month period ended February 28, 2023 (2021 - \$4,011,077). The Company has a history of losses and accumulated losses of \$10,283,578 (August 31, 2022 - \$10,024,657) since its inception. The Company may incur losses in the future however it has secured a number of cash flow positive contracts that it expects will help to sustain positive cash flows.

At February 28, 2023, the Company's working capital, defined as current assets less current liabilities, was \$1,337,757 an increase of \$1,192,181 in working capital as compared to \$145,576 at November 30, 2021.

During the period from September 1, 2022, to February 28, 2023, the Company:

- i) issued 4,879,070 common shares when it closed a non-brokered private placement for total proceeds, net of share issuance costs, of \$1,430,054.
- ii) Purchased \$128,216 of capital items relating to lab equipment.

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS applicable to a going concern, which assumes that the Company will be able to meet its obligations and continue its operations for its next fiscal year. Realization values may be substantially different from carrying values as shown and these financial statements do not give effect to adjustments that would be necessary to the carrying values and classification of assets and liabilities should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.



The Company's cash is denominated Canadian and US dollars. The Company is subject to exchange rate fluctuations relative to the reporting currency. Total Canadian equivalent cash on hand at February 28, 2023 was \$1,718,807 which is held in a Canadian chartered bank.

The Company has not made any arrangements for sources of financing that remain undrawn.

Financial Instruments and Financial Risk

Financial Instruments and Fair Value Measurements

International Financial Reporting Standards 7, *Financial Instruments: Disclosures*, establishes a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

Level 1 - quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 - inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and

Level 3 - inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The following table sets forth the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis by level within the fair value hierarchy as at February 28, 2023:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
February 28, 2023			
Cash	\$ 1,718,807	\$ _	\$ =
Total financial assets	\$ 1,718,807	\$ _	\$ _

Fair value

The fair value of the Company's financial instruments approximates their carrying value as at February 28, 2023 because of the demand nature or short-term maturity of these instruments.

The Company's financial instruments include cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued liabilities, and amounts due to related parties. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. Management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

Financial Risk

(i) Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from non-performance by counterparties of contractual financial obligations. The Company's maximum credit risk is primarily attributable to its cash. The Company limits its exposure to credit loss for cash by placing such instruments with financial institutions.

(ii) Liquidity Risk

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient financial resources to meet liabilities when due. As at February 28, 2023, the Company had working capital of \$1,370,029. All of the Company's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of less than 30 days and are subject to normal trade terms.

(iii) Interest Rate Risk

In management's opinion, the Company's interest rate risk is minimal as the Company does not have any bank indebtedness that bears interest at fixed or variable rates.



(iv) Foreign currency risk

As at February 28, 2023, \$38,912 (August 31, 2022 - \$Nil) of the Company's liabilities and \$811,528 (August 31, 2021 - \$384,375) of its current assets are denominated in US dollars. A 5% change in the US/Canadian dollar exchange rate would result in a \$38,631 net impact on the Company's foreign exchange gain or loss. As at February 28, 2023, the Company is moderately exposed to foreign exchange fluctuations.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key management personnel include the Company's Board of Directors and Officers of the Company. The Company's related parties include key management personnel, and companies related by way of directors or shareholders in common. Transactions with related parties for goods and services are made on normal commercial terms.

(a) Key management personnel compensation was comprised of the following:

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management personnel during the periods ended February 28, 2023, and 2022 were as follows:

	2023	2022
Consulting and management fees	\$ 226,976	\$ 108,950
Share based payments	-	540,995
	\$ 226,976	\$ 649,945

(b) Amounts due to related parties

In the normal course of operations, the Company transacts with companies related to the Company's directors and officers. All amounts payable and receivable are non-interest bearing, unsecured and due on demand. The following table summarizes the amounts due to related parties:

	2023	2022
Dr. Jason Hein	\$ 125,374	\$ -
Dr. Jeffrey Sherman	32,156	-
Emprise Management Services Corp.	42,525	15,750
	\$ 200,055	\$ 15,750

(c) Other related party transactions

The Company recognizes Standard Lithium Ltd as a related party due to common directors. Mr. Rob Mintak and Dr. Andy Robertson serve as directors of Standard Lithium Ltd ("STL") and Telescope Innovations Corp. During fiscal 2022, the Company entered into a service contract with STL and received total proceeds of \$899,903. A portion of the proceeds was recorded as revenue and \$409,297 was included in deferred revenue as at February 28, 2023.



Management of Capital

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to develop scalable manufacturing processes and tools for the pharmaceutical and chemical industry. The Company does not have any externally imposed capital requirements to which it is subject to.

The Company considers the aggregate of its equity as capital. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new shares or dispose of assets or adjust the amount of cash.

The Company's investment policy is to invest its cash in investment instruments in high credit quality financial institutions with terms to maturity selected with regards to the expected time of expenditures from operations.

Outstanding Share Data

- a) Authorized: The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares without par value.
- b) Issued and outstanding as of April 24, 2023: 53,665,569 common shares.

In connection with the Company's direct listing on the Canadian Securities Exchange during the year, the Company entered into an Escrow Agreement dated September 27, 2021, whereby 11,643,741 common shares were held in escrow and are scheduled for release in accordance with the terms of the Escrow Agreement. As at February 28, 2023, there were 6,986,243 common shares in escrow.

c) Stock options outstanding: 3,925,000

d) Warrants outstanding: 2,439,750

Forward-looking Statements

This MD&A contains "forward-looking information" within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities legislation and "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (collectively, "forward-looking information"). In certain cases, forward-looking information can be identified by the use of words such as "plans", "expects", "is expected", "budget", "scheduled", "estimates", "forecasts", "intends", "anticipates", or "believes", or variations or the negative of such words and phrases, or statements that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would", "might" or "will be taken", "occur" or "be achieved" or the negative of these terms or comparable terminology. By their very nature, forward-looking information involves known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking information. The Company disclaims any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking information, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Historical results of operations and trends that may be inferred from the following discussions and analysis may not necessarily indicate future results from operations.