AMPD VENTURES INC. (formerly E-Gaming Ventures Corp.)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the years ended May 31, 2020 and May 31, 2019

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the years ended May 31, 2020 and May 31, 2019 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

GENERAL

This management discussion and analysis is dated September 25, 2020. The following is a discussion of the financial condition and operations of AMPD Ventures Inc. ("AMPD" or the "Company") for the years ended May 31, 2020 and 2019 and of the Company's financial condition, cash flows and results of operations. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes of the Company for the year ended May 31, 2020 and 2019.

The audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the years ended May 31, 2020 and 2019 were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"). All inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated. All amounts are expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated.

Management is responsible for the preparation and integrity of the condensed consolidated financial statements, including the maintenance of appropriate information systems, procedures and internal controls and to ensure that information used internally or disclosed externally, including the consolidated financial statements and MD&A, is complete and reliable. The Company's Board of Directors follows recommended corporate governance guidelines to ensure transparency and accountability to shareholders.

Additional information relating to the Company can be found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

BUSINESS HIGHLIGHTS FOR THE YEAR

On October 11, 2019, completed a reverse takeover (the "RTO") with AMPD Holdings Corp., ("AMPD"), a private company incorporated under the Canada Business Corporations Act.

Effective October 24, 2019, commenced trading its common shares on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE") under the symbol "AMPD". On November 4, 2019, the Company's common shares were listed on the Frankfurt Exchange trading under the symbol "2Q0".

In October 2019, signed a Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") with Capilano University for Creative Technology Community. The project is intended to promote specialized work-integrated learning, research and intellectual property development.

In November 2019, rolled out its first high performance computing platform as part of a collaboration with the Digital Technology Learning Factory project. The project is intended to provide digital solutions for the manufacturing industry.

In November 2019, entered into an MOU with Myesports Ventures to supply compute infrastructure for players and game hosting onsite as new Esports stadiums are built across North America.

In November 2019, announced that AMPD Remote Render Service would be utilized by Bardel Entertainment to render its television and movie content.

On January 16th, 2020, launched its DC1 sustainable data centre with over one hundred leaders from the digital media industry in attendance.

On January 24th, 2020, announced that it is entering into an international partnership arrangement with Content Delivery Network provider, System73 Limited. The Company entered into definitive agreements relating to this matter on April 16th, 2020.

On February 7, announced that it had signed a deal with Variational AI Inc. to supply machine learning infrastructure hosted at AMPD's DC1 sustainable data centre. Variational AI is the developer of Enki, an artificial intelligence-powered small molecule discovery service designed to help discover new molecules for pharma research.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the years ended May 31, 2020 and May 31, 2019 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

AMPD's Remote Render Service at its DC1 sustainable data center in Vancouver became fully operational in February 2020.

In April 2020, successfully deployed its high-performance computing environment at its DC1 site to cater to companies in the artificial intelligence, machine learning and deep learning sectors.

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Key performance indicators that we use to manage our business and evaluate our financial results and operating performance include new customers, revenues, operating expenses and net income. We evaluate our performance on these metrics by comparing our actual results and normalized results to management budgets, forecasts and prior period performance.

DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

AMPD is leading the transition to the next generation of computing infrastructure with state-of-the-art, high-performance computing ("HPC") solutions hosted in more sustainable urban data centres. AMPD is meeting the low-latency requirements of current users in the multiplayer video games and eSports, computer graphics rendering, machine learning and AI, mixed reality, and big data processing fields through a mix of bare metal infrastructure and an upgraded, high-performance cloud offering. AMPD expects this trend will continue to grow into as-yet-uncharted technological developments of the coming decades.

AMPD has partnered with some of the top technology companies in the industry to provide customers with the advanced Cloud and IT Infrastructure solutions.

AMPD was formed on April 8, 2015 under the British Columbia Corporations Act and its wholly owned subsidiary company. AMPD Game Technologies US Inc. ("AMPD US"), was incorporated on May 15, 2017 under the Secretary of State of Washington.

The founders of AMPD have been architecting high-performance computing ("HPC") infrastructure for nearly two decades. At their previous company, Seven Group, the team initially applied their expertise to solutions for banks, governments and academia, and subsequently focused on building out technology infrastructure for digital media companies.

AMPD continues to address the needs of these sectors, and is also applying high-performance computing principles to the low-latency requirements of multiplayer video game publishing, as well as the intense computation requirements of digital media production and distribution, where massive amounts of high-performance computing resources are required for the development, rendering and distribution of products. As gaming continues to transition from the basement to the sports arena, AMPD intends to increase its focus on providing infrastructure for latency-sensitive eSports games across North America and Europe.

Principal Products & Solutions

The AMPD team has over two decades of experience in technology solutions for animation studios and VFX production houses around the world. We supply high-performance computing solutions for the studio, and in the data centre. AMPD is continuously refining its cutting-edge technology range. See the below table for a summary of some of our recently launched solutions.

Product	Description			
AMPD Metal	AMPD Metal is AMPD's high-performance dedicated bare metal server product.			
	Our aim is to provide significant performance improvements and cost savings			
	compared with other bare metal providers. We do this by gaining a deep			
	understanding of the requirements of each customer and application and			
	customizing each deployment. We leverage decades of relationships with hardware			
	vendors and colocation providers around the world. We offer both CPU-based and			

Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the years ended May 31, 2020 and May 31, 2019
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	CDLI based solutions. AMDD Metal can be used in conjugation with AMDD Storage
	GPU-based solutions. AMPD Metal can be used in conjunction with AMPD Storage
	and other components in our product range to create the full high-performance
414BB 0 III	architecture that the customer's application demands.
AMPD Gallium	AMPD Gallium is AMPD's dedicated high-performance private cloud product. Each
	deployment is 100% dedicated to each individual organization, providing an
	abstraction layer between the physical hardware and virtual systems and machines.
	Our aim is to provide significant performance improvements and cost savings
	compared with other private cloud providers. We do this by gaining a deep
	understanding of the requirements of each customer and application and
	customizing each deployment. We offer both CPU-based and GPU-based
	solutions.
AMPD Cloud Plus	AMPD Cloud Plus blends the flexibility and elasticity of public cloud deployment
	with AMPD's approach to high-performance computing. The result is radically
	simplified and automated cloud infrastructure at exceptionally competitive pricing
	without any compromise on performance. Entire rack virtualization for virtual
	management of routers, networks, VLANs, VPNs, firewalls, servers, and software
	delivery automation as a complete solution, from a consolidated dashboard.
	Application hosting, big data management, backup and disaster recovery, managed
	cloud security.
AMPD Storage	AMPD Storage provides high-end, mid-tier, and archival storage solutions under a
Aim B otorage	variety of different payment models. Customers' most mission-critical data are
	placed on ultra-fast flash storage, utilizing high-end storage hardware on a cost-
	effective pay as you go basis. Less demanding applications reside on slower
	spinning disk, while archived data is secured for long-term storage. Our tiered
	storage architecture saves money by ensuring that organizations only purchase as
	much expensive storage as required for the most critical workloads. AMPD works
	with leading storage providers to tailor solutions to each individual deployment. We
	also work with companies who offer high-performance, scalable file storage
	solutions for data-intensive applications tailored to overcome sector-specific
AMPD Virtual	challenges. AMPD's Virtual Workstations are customized for each customer deployment. We
Workstation	understand that the needs of each studio vary from one deployment to the next.
	AMPD works with customers to fully understand their current pipeline and make
	recommendations on how to transition to a virtual workstation environment that
	causes as little disruption to workflow as possible, while remaining secure and
	increasing performance. Dynamic resource allocation contributes to economic
AMADD Mark! ODN	viability.
AMPD Multi-CDN	With 12 Tier-1 CDNs and overlapping coverage of the globe, AMPD's Multi-CDN,
	powered by System 73's KUNO FLOW, reaches users with more available
	throughput than any single CDN provider in the world. KUNO FLOW, accelerated
	with PolyNet technology, offers the benefits of Multi-CDN Connectivity at rates
	comparable with those of single CDN solutions. Using Intelligent DNS responses,
	Multi-CDN determines the best provider for any given request based on multiple
	factors including ISP, location, and availability of the CDN, and the performance
	profile for the hostname that's being requested. Intelligent DNS + Multiple CDNs.
	CDN Load Balancing Technology. One Dashboard + Simple API integration.
AMPD Virtual Studio	AMPD Virtual Studio is a suite of solutions and products designed to create the
	'infrastructure-less studio' by moving the bulk of the customer's compute off site into
	purpose-built secure and enterprise grade AMPD hosting environments, connected
	via fibre.
AMPD Game Hosting	AMPD's Game Hosting blends dedicated core infrastructure with the flexibility to
	work with any public cloud - including our own - for higher performance and better
	pricing than other cloud providers.
AMPD Studio	Where on-premise equipment is still the optimal solution, AMPD Studio is
	underpinned by our understanding of the industry and allows AMPD to provide
	to bronde

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the years ended May 31, 2020 and May 31, 2019 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	customized technology infrastructure specifically for game developers and publishers. From the workstation, to server and security infrastructure, AMPD works with developers to design and deploy technology specific to their studio's exact needs.
AMPD Remote Render	AMPD Remote Render provides significant performance improvements and cost savings compared with other render solutions. Based on our AMPD Metal and AMPD Gallium dedicated infrastructure environments and bursting to the AMPD
	HPC Cloud as necessary, AMPD Remote Render provides the performance and attractive economics of bare metal with the flexibility of Cloud-based solutions. We offer both CPU-based and GPU-based solutions.

SUMMARY OF KEY EVENTS AND FUTURE PLANS

Recent Events

On October 11, 2019, the Company completed a Share Exchange Agreement (the "Transaction") whereby AMPD Ventures Inc. (formerly E-Gaming Ventures Corp.) ("AMPD Ventures") acquired all of the issued and outstanding shares of AMPD Holdings Corp. in exchange for issuing 20 million common shares at a deemed value of \$0.35 per share. As a result of the Transaction, the shareholders of AMPD Holdings will hold approximately 53.85% of the shares of the resulting entity and the Transaction will be accounted for as a reverse acquisition of a non-operating entity with the AMPD Holdings Corp. identified as the acquirer and the continuing entity for accounting purposes. The ongoing entity will continue as AMPD Ventures Inc. (AMPD or the Company). AMPD obtained a listing on the Canadian Securities Exchange in connection with the Transaction. October 23, 2019, AMPD announced that it had received final approval from the Canadian Securities Exchange and would begin trading the following day.

As a result of the transaction, the common shares of the resulting company at October 11, 2019 were as follows:

	Common Shares
Common shares of AMPD Ventures Inc.	16,606,954
Common shares of AMPD Holdings Inc.	20,000,000
Common shares issued on conversion of special warrants	531,986
Common shares outstanding	37,138,940
Full warrant equivalents for royalty units	424,904
Warrants issued for surrender of AMPD Holdings Options	5,000,000
Common shares to be issued on conversion of debt	898,058
Finder's Warrants	279,591
	6,602,553
Fully diluted common shares at October 11, 2019	43,741,493

During the period from October 11, 2019 to November 30, 2019, 8,400 finder's warrants were exercised for common shares, and 2,250,000 stock options were awarded.

On February 7, 2020, the Company issued 4,119,000 common shares and 2,059,500 warrants total gross proceeds of \$978,263.

The Company intends to use the capital raised to continue to expand its sales reach and product portfolio and the projects described under Item 2 above, as well as other initiatives. This ongoing expansion is expected to increase AMPD's operating deficit in the short- to medium-term.

During the year ended May 31, 2020, 2,450,000 stock options were awarded, and 850,000 options were either forfeited or expired, leaving 1,600,000 options outstanding at May 31, 2020.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the years ended May 31, 2020 and May 31, 2019 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

SELECTED ANNUAL INFORMATION

Year ended May 31,	2020	2019	2018
Revenue	\$1,173,638	\$1,343,082	\$ 993,687
Operating expenses	5,360,355	665,485	595,335
Finance costs	118,221	76,520	24,030
Other income (expenses)	(3,230,527)	(3,495)	5,118
Net income (loss)	(8,236,529)	(605,383)	(465,527)
Loss per share, basic and fully diluted	(0.26)	(0.06)	(0.05)
Cash	938,661	106,176	71,934
Working capital (deficiency)	(3,714)	(753,794)	(260,340)
Total assets	2,771,022	141,809	124,848
Total long-term liabilities	1,763,996	-	-
Shareholders' equity (deficiency)	\$1,007,026	\$ (752,784)	\$ (258,926)

The Company presently does not pay and does not anticipate paying any dividends on its common shares, as all available funds will be used to develop the Company's business for the foreseeable future. See Discussion of Operations below for a discussion of factors which have contributed to period variations.

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

The following table presents unaudited selected financial information for each of the last eight quarters.

Quarter ended	Revenues	Operating Expenses	Net Income (Loss) from Operations	Earnings (Loss) per share *
	•			.
May 31, 2020	\$ 699,733	\$ 3,327,910	\$ (2,788,035)	\$ (0.07)
February 29, 2020	118,401	924,405	(906,258)	(0.04)
November 30, 2019	142,025	892,513	(4,319,014)	(0.20)
August 31, 2019	213,479	215,527	(223,222)	(0.01)
May 31, 2019	326,080	197,760	(192,370)	(0.01)
February 28, 2019	726,463	174,618	(85,295)	(0.01)
November 30, 2018	155,330	161,223	(135,886)	(0.01)
August 31, 2018	135,209	131,884	(111,817)	(0.01)

Per share numbers adjusted to reflect the share exchange ratio in the Transaction.

The Company's revenues are generally consistent on a quarterly basis with the exception of February 2019 which is significantly greater due to the acquisition of a new customer and the completion of a one-time technology sale to that customer. The May 2019 sales benefited from a one-time contract break fee. Individual sales to the Company's major customers may represent a significant portion of the Company's revenues in a quarter and the timing of closing these sales may cause variation in revenues from quarter to quarter. The Company intends to continue to expand its services which generate recurring revenue in the form of monthly fees for multi-year contracts or utilization-based billing which it expects will smooth variations in quarterly revenues. The loss from operations in the November 2019 quarter reflects a one-time \$3.4 million expense item related to the RTO transaction. The May 2020 quarter reflects a share-based valuation expense related to warrants and signing bonus shares issued of \$2.2 million.

YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2020

The net loss during the year ended May 31, 2020 increased to \$8,236,529 (\$0.26 per share) from \$605,383

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the years ended May 31, 2020 and May 31, 2019 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

(\$0.04 per share) in the year ended May 31, 2019. Non-cash and non-recurring expenses in the 2020 fiscal year of \$6,360,765 created most of the difference. Listing fees of \$3,405,568 and share-based compensation of \$2,790,321 constituted the majority of the \$6.4 million of non-cash and non-recurring expenses.

Operating expenses were increased in the 2020 year as the Company changed its business focus and pursued new business lines. Salaries were increased as the Company enhanced the depth and breadth of its product line, and provided sales and support staff in advance of sales. Share-based compensation increased with the granting of stock options to directors, officers and employees in the 2020 year.

Following is a discussion of the Company's financial results for the year ended May 31, 2020, compared to the same period in the prior fiscal year.

Revenue

<u> </u>	Year ended May 31		Variance from 2020 to 2019	
	2020	2019	variance from 2020 to 2019	
Hardware sales	\$ 349,774	\$ 703,631	\$ (353,857)	(50)%
Software licensing fees	142,656	111,432	31,224	28%
Platform fees	583,842	211,583	372,259	176%
Support and maintenance and other	97,366	316,436	(219,070)	(69)%
Total	\$ 1,173,638	\$ 1,343,082	\$ (169,444)	(13)%

Consolidated revenues for the year ended May 31, 2020 decreased by \$169,444 compared to the year ended May 31, 2019. The February 2019 sales were significantly increased by a one-time sale of hardware, representing a significant portion of the revenue difference in the comparable periods. These hardware sales are intermittent and generally do not attract large margins. Platform fees in the 2019 fiscal year were increased by a one-time termination payment. Reduced support and maintenance fees in 2020 represent most of the remaining decrease in the comparable revenue. The decrease in revenues can be attributed primarily to slower than expected progress in raising funding, which resulted in greater focus on shareholder marketing at the expense of building operations. In addition, long sales cycles results in delays as the Company attracts higher margin recurring sales in replacement of hardware sales.

Revenue by geographic region

	Year ended May 31,		Variance from 2020 to 2019	
	2020	2019	variance nom 202	0 10 2019
Canada	\$1,120,897	\$1,289,727	(168,830)	(13)%
United States	52,741	53,355	(614)	(1)%
Total	\$1,173,638	\$1,343,082	(169,444)	(13)%

1 1 1 4 0 4

During the year ended May 31, 2020, total revenues in Canada decreased by \$169,444 compared to revenues in Canada during the year ended May 31, 2019 and revenues in the United States were negligible. The decrease in Canada reflects the one-time sale in the February 2019 quarter, the one-time hosting termination payment in the May 2019 quarter, and a general transition to greater MRR sales in 2020.

Revenues and Cost of Sales

	Year ended May 31,		Variance from 2020) to 2010
	2020	2019	variance nom 2020	10 2019
Revenue	\$ 1,173,638	\$ 1,343,082	\$ (169,444)	(13)%
Cost of sales	701,334	1,202,965	501,631	42%
Gross profit	\$ 472,304	\$ 140,117	\$ 332,187	237%

While total sales were reduced in 2020, gross profit increased as compared to 2019. This change reflects the Company's strategy to focus on higher margin Monthly Recurring Revenue (MRR) rather than hardware sales. Significant resources were deployed to expand the depth and breadth of the product offering available to MRR customers. Despite sales growth in Q4 2020, COVID-related delays hampered sales efforts in Q4 2020. While

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the years ended May 31, 2020 and May 31, 2019 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

customers continue to need the service and COVID-related changes to the business environment could benefit the Company as customers transition to a more remote-work environment, delays were encountered as customers determined how they were going to respond to COVID changes. The Company expects these delays to continue into its Q2 2021. The Company is discussing its services offerings with a number of customers, large and small. The sales process takes time to make sure the proper product and cost structure is matched with the client.

The Company's 2019 sales, cost of sales and gross margin were all affected by the large, one-time sale in the February 2019 quarter and by a hosting termination payment in the May 2019 quarter. Gross margins are generally reduced on hardware, support and maintenance services provided to customers.

Non-cash and One-time Charges

_	Year ended May 31,		Variance
	2020	2019	variance
Share-based payments	\$ 2,790,321	\$ 53,750	\$ (2,736,571)
Amortization	344,876	919	(343,957)
Reverse prior accrual	(180,000)	-	180,000
Listing expenses	3,405,568	-	(3,405,568)
Total	\$ 6,360,765	\$ 54,669	\$ (6,306,096)

During the year ended May 31, 2020, non-cash and one-time charges were significant expense items. Share-based payments include \$2,221,339 of pre-RTO expenses related to the valuation of warrants and signing bonuses. The remaining \$568,982 of share-based payments in the 2020 fiscal year related to the award of 2,450,000 stock options post-RTO under the stock option plan. Amortization increased due to a combination lease costs now reporting in the amortization line rather than as a rent expense in office and miscellaneous, and with fixed asset increases in 2020. The prior year accrual reversal resulted from a decision to take a lesser role in a trade organization. Listing expenses were incurred in the go-public RTO transaction and most of these costs were non-cash.

Selling and Marketing

	Year ended May 31,		Variance
	2020	2019	variance
Advertising and promotion	\$ 377,998	\$ 18,593	\$ 359,405
Travel and entertainment	121,330	36,895	84,435
Total	\$ 499,328	\$ 55,488	\$ 443,840

During the year ended May 31, 2020, selling and marketing expenses increased by \$443,840 compared to the year ended May 31, 2019. A significant portion of the advertising and promotion expense in 2020 related to efforts for the placement. While some of the travel related to the placement in 2020, most was related to the Company's sales and growth strategy.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the years ended May 31, 2020 and May 31, 2019 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Operating, General and Administrative ("G&A") Expenses

	Year ended May 31,		
	2020	2019	Variance
Bank charges	\$ 14,995	\$ 6,664	\$ 8,331
Salaries & consulting fees	1,191,430	303,432	887,998
Data centre costs	104,490	-	104,490
Dues and subscriptions	17,705	159,676	(141,971)
Insurance	32,014	7,121	24,893
Office and miscellaneous	165,818	26,475	139,343
Professional fees	177,514	51,960	125,554
Regulatory fees	13,866	-	13,866
Total G&A expenses	\$ 1,717,832	\$ 555,328	\$ 1,162,504

During the year ended May 31, 2020, G&A expenses increased by\$1,162,504 as compared to the year ended May 31, 2019. The increase in G&A expenses is primarily due to an increase in salaries. Salaries and consulting fees increased as new staff were hired to help win and support the anticipated sales increases, existing staff received payments which more closely approached market-based levels in 2020 as compared to 2019 remuneration, and included the one-time cost to terminate an employment contract. Data centre costs were incurred with the opening of operations at DC1 in 2020.

Interest and financing costs

	Year ended	Varionse	
	2020	2019	Variance
Interest expense	\$ 118,708	\$ 63,202	\$ (55,506)
Total	\$ 118,708	\$ 63,202	\$ (55,506)

Interest and financing costs for the year ended May 31, 2020 increased by \$55,506. The increase is due to the Company issuing additional unsecured convertible promissory notes in May 2019 and to leases and lease financing added in 2020. The Company reduced its loans debt significantly in 2020 with the repayment of a convertible debenture and significant payments against the revolving line of credit. In 2021, the Company expects to fully repay the line of credit, leaving loans on the balance sheet related to only lease and lease finance related debt, with a convertible loan and accrued interest held by the CEO.

The Company entered three leases in 2020 of which two leases were for office space and one was more in the nature of an equipment financing arrangement. Interest of \$41,865 was expensed against these lease and lease finance obligations in 2020 (2019 - \$Nil).

The expected business combination with Cloud A has been postponed and is contingent on a successful financing. The Company continues to be optimistic that this combination can be completed.

The Company expects that DC2 will be operational later than previously announced due to COVID-related and other delays.

LIQUIDITY

As at May 31, 2020, the Company had a working capital deficit of \$3,714 (May 31, 2019 – deficit of \$753,794). The improvement is primarily due to the Company's go-public transaction and concurrent cash raise, to fund ongoing expansion activity. The Company expects to continue to report operating losses for the immediate future. Adopting the new accounting standard for leases negatively affected the May 2020 working capital.

The Company has been advised by its CEO, who is the holder of the convertible debt, that there is no intention to call this loan in the foreseeable future. However, the Company continues to account for this loan as a current liability which negatively affects reported working capital.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the years ended May 31, 2020 and May 31, 2019 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

The Company experiences significant fluctuations in liquidity due to the timing of sales to major customers whereas operating expenses are generally incurred evenly throughout the fiscal year. The Company does not have significant levels of inventory or constraints on its working capital other than regular operating expenses.

The Company has completed an investment round to provide it with capital to meet current obligations and finance future operations and would allow it to scale its ability to identify and execute new deals. AMPD intends to do this in parallel with expanding its effective reach to a global audience while expanding its product portfolio. A further capital raise is also currently being undertaken.

COMMON SHARES

The Company expects to acquire capital resources to expand operations through the completion of the Transactions as described above. Additional sources of financing and share issues are as follows:

The Company holds debt of \$59,220 at May 31, 2020, related to credit facility, bearing 16% interest and maturing October 13, 2020. The Company is required to meet certain covenants imposed by the lender which includes a financial covenant to maintain a minimum net worth, defined as its share capital plus retained earnings. From time-to-time in 2020 and 2019, the Company has been off-side these covenants. The Company was not off-side of these covenants at May 31, 2020 and at the date of this MDA.

On August 29, 2018, the Company issued a \$250,000 unsecured convertible promissory note to one of its principal shareholders who is also the CEO and a director of the Company. The note bears interest at 12% per annum, compounded monthly in arrears, matures on August 29, 2021, and was convertible to common shares at any time at the option of the holder at a conversion price of \$0.79 per common share. On May 1, 2019, the Company amended the maturity date of the note to May 1, 2020 and the conversion price to \$0.70 per common share.

On May 1, 2019, the Company issued a \$120,000 unsecured convertible loan to an unrelated party. The note bore interest at 12% per annum, compounded monthly in arrears, matured on May 1, 2020, and was convertible to common shares at any time at the option of the holder at a conversion price of \$0.70 per common share. This loan was repaid in full in 2020.

On June 1, 2019, the Company issued 1,638,918 common shares to an officer of the Company and 546,306 common shares to a consultant as employment sign-on incentives. These shares have been valued at \$764,828.

On June 1, 2019, the Company issued 169,960 common shares at a deemed value of \$50,000 per share for consulting services.

On July 1, 2019, the Company entered into an asset purchase agreement for the purchase of computing equipment. The Company issued 594,860 common shares for a purchase price of \$175,000 as consideration for the purchase of the equipment.

On February 7, 2020, the Company closed its private placement financing of 4,119,000 units for total gross proceeds of \$978,263. Each Unit is comprised of one common share and one-half of one common share purchase warrant having an exercise price of CAD \$0.50 per whole warrant expiring February 7, 2021.

During the period ended November 30, 2019, the Company issued 8,400 common shares on the exercise of agent's finder's warrants for gross proceeds of \$2,940.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET AND OTHER ARRANGEMENTS

During the year ended May 31, 2017, the Company issued 500,000 (849,800 units at the conversion ratio) royalty units at \$0.50 per unit for gross proceeds of \$250,000. Each royalty unit is comprised of one common share and one non-transferrable special warrant. Holders of the special warrants are entitled to receive a pro-rata share of 0.83% of the Company's annualized gross sales, to a maximum of 80% of net profit for that year, so long as the Company maintains a positive annual EBITDA. Once holders of the special warrants have received an amount

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the years ended May 31, 2020 and May 31, 2019 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

equal to the aggregate purchase price of the royalty units, the Company may at its sole discretion convert each special warrant to one-half of one share purchase warrant, being 424,904 half warrants post-Transaction. Each post-Transaction, whole share purchase warrant issued on conversion of the special warrants will entitle the holder to purchase one common share at \$0.35 per share for a period of 12 months following conversion.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key management personnel are persons responsible for planning, directing and controlling activities of an entity, and include executive and non-executive directors and officers.

During the years ended May 31, 2020 and 2019, the remuneration of the key management personnel was as follows:

May 31,	2020	2019
Chief Executive Officer	\$ 114,500	\$ 54,000
Chief Financial Officer	13,500	-
Chief Strategy Officer	170,000	35,127
Chief Technology Officer	120,000	-
Vice President of Client Services	207,452	78,000
Vice President of Operations	103,500	54,000
Director Fees	 8,000	-
Total	\$ 736,952	\$ 221,127

Other related party transactions and balances

The Company recognized an aggregate of \$2,480,354 in share-based compensation on the vested portion of stock options and performance-based warrants granted to directors and officers of the Company.

Convertible debt of \$250,000 and interest earned of \$58,099 is owed to the CEO at May 31, 2020 (Note 6(b)).

During the year ended May 31, 2020, the Company paid or accrued \$8,000 in director's fees to a director of the Company.

During the year ended May 31, 2019, the Company:

- a. incurred consulting fees and commission expenses of \$221,127 for management services provided by its directors and officers.
- b. recognized share-based payments related to the vesting of share purchase options held by an officer of \$26,875 during the year ended May 31, 2019.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards

The Company previously prepared its annual financial statements in accordance with Canadian Accounting Standards for Private Enterprises ("ASPE").

The Company adopted International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") with an effective date and transition date of June 1, 2016. Under IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards the IFRS are applied retrospectively at the transition date with all adjustments to assets and liabilities included in retained earnings unless certain exemptions are applied. None of the exemptions which could be applied on the transition to IFRS were applicable to the Company.

The Company also early-adopted IFRS 9 Financial instruments and IFRS 15 Revenue from contracts with

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the years ended May 31, 2020 and May 31, 2019 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

customers and applied those standards on the date of adoption of IFRS.

On conversion from ASPE to IFRS there were no significant changes that required adjustments to the Company's financial statements as at June 1, 2016 and for the year ending May 31, 2017.

All significant critical accounting estimates are fully disclosed in Note 2 of the interim consolidated financial statements.

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

The Company has adopted the following new standard, with a date of initial application of June 1, 2019 and has been applied in preparing these financial statements:

IFRS 16 - Leases replaces IAS 17, Leases. IFRS 16 eliminates the classification as an operating lease and requires lessees to recognize a right-of-use asset and a lease liability in the statement of financial position for all leases, with exemptions permitted for short-term leases and leases of low value assets. In addition, IFRS 16 changes the definition of a lease; sets requirements on how to account for the asset and liability, including complexities such as non-lease elements, variable lease payments and option periods; changes the accounting for sale and leaseback arrangements; and introduces new disclosure requirements. Under IFRS 16, a lessee recognizes a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments. Right-of-use assets will be initially measured at cost, which includes the initial measurement of the lease liabilities and other costs, less lease incentives. Lease liabilities will initially be measured at the present value of future lease payments and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. IFRS 16 became effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019 with early application permitted in certain circumstances and may be applied retrospectively to each prior period presented (full retrospective approach) or with the cumulative effect of adoption recognized at initial application (modified retrospective approach). The modified retrospective approach offers the option, on a lease by lease basis, to either measure the right-of-use asset retrospectively using the discount rate as at the date of initial application or to measure the right-of-use asset at an amount equal to the lease liability.

The Company adopted IFRS 16 on June 1, 2019. On initial adoption, the Company has elected to record right-of-use assets based on the corresponding lease obligation. At inception, the Company recorded \$782,660 in right-of-use asset and lease obligation, with no impact on deficit. When measuring the present value of lease, obligations, the Company discounted remaining lease payments using its incremental borrowing rate of 10%.

Lease accounting policy

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains a lease based on whether the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease obligation at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured based on the initial amount of the lease obligation adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date. The assets are depreciated over the lease term using the straight-line method as this most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits.

The lease obligation is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease obligation. The lease obligation is subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

Recent accounting pronouncements

Accounting standards or amendments to existing accounting standards that have been issued but have future effective dates are either not applicable or are not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the years ended May 31, 2020 and May 31, 2019 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

financial statements.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISKS

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, accounts receivable, trades payable and accrued liabilities, convertible debt and long-term debt. These financial instruments are exposed to certain risks, including credit risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk and other market risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of an unexpected loss if a customer or third party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's cash is held through large Canadian financial institutions. The Company considers credit risk on its cash to be minimal.

The Company's accounts receivable consists of Goods and Services Tax due from the Federal Government of Canada and amounts receivable from customers. The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk as at May 31, 2020 is \$285,859 (May 31, 2019 - \$26,427), representing accounts receivable.

For amounts due from customers, the Company performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customers and monitors the receivable balance and the payments made in order to determine if an allowance for estimated credit losses is required.

When determining the allowance for estimated credit losses the Company will consider historical experience with the customer, current market and industry conditions and any specific collection issues. As at May 31, 2020 and May 31, 2019, the Company did not have any material overdue accounts.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are due within the current operating period, as is the debt. The Company manages its liquidity risk through its operating budgets and financing activities.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk from its secured loans and convertible debentures. The Company's interest rates on these loans are fixed and the sensitivity of the Company's loss before tax to a reasonably possible change in market interest rates is considered minimal.

Other Market Risk

Other market risk that the Company is exposed to includes currency risk. Currency risk is the risk of loss due to fluctuation of foreign exchange rates and the effects of these fluctuations on foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities. The Company is not exposed to significant currency risk as the parent entity and subsidiaries primarily transact in their functional currencies.

DISCLOSURE OF OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA

As at the date of this MDA, May 31, 2020, and May 31, 2019, the Company's issued and outstanding common shares, converted for the exchange ratio used in the Transaction, were:

	September 25, 2020	May 31, 2020	May 31, 2019
Common shares issued and outstanding	43,406,340	41,266,340	16,200,141*

The May 31, 2019 shares outstanding have been adjusted from 9,531,646 to reflect the exchange ratio applied to these shares from the Transaction.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the years ended May 31, 2020 and May 31, 2019 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

As at the date of this MDA, May 31, 2020, and May 31, 2019, the following common share purchase options and convertible instruments, converted for the exchange ratio used in the Transaction, were issued and outstanding:

	Maximum potential common			
	shares			
	Sept. 25,	May 31,	May 31,	
	2020	2020	2019	
Common share purchase options exercisable at \$0.35 per share	-	700,000	-	
Common share purchase options exercisable at \$0.39 per share	50,000	50,000	-	
Common share purchase options exercisable at \$0.50 per share	350,000	700,000	-	
Common share purchase options exercisable at \$0.25 per share	150,000	150,000	-	
Common share purchase options exercisable at \$0.19 per share	2,550,000	-	-	
Warrants exercisable at \$0.006 per share	5,000,000	5,000,000	-	
Common share purchase warrants exercisable at \$0.30 per share	1,840,000	-	-	
Common share purchase warrants exercisable at \$0.35 per share	424,004	424,004	424,004*	
Common share purchase warrants exercisable at \$0.50 per share	2,059,500	2,059,500	-	
Convertible debt - \$250,000 convertible to common shares at \$0.70 per share [1]	357,143	357,143	357,143*	

The May 31, 2019 numbers have been adjusted to reflect the exchange ratio applied to these shares from the Transaction.

BUSINESS RISK FACTORS

The Company is exposed to a number of "Risk Factors", which are summarized below:

- The Company is a development stage company with little operating history, a history of losses and the Company cannot assure profitability.
- · Uncertainty about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- The Company's actual financial position and results of operations may differ materially from the expectations
 of the Company's management.
- There are factors which may prevent the Company from the realization of growth targets. The Company is currently in the expansion from early development stage.
- The Company may face significant competition.
- The Company may be subject to additional regulatory burden resulting from its public listing on the CSE.
- There is no assurance that the Company will turn a profit or generate immediate revenues.
- The Company may not be able to effectively manage its growth and operations, which could materially and adversely affect its business.
- The Company may fail to successfully market and develop its brand.
- · Failure to Innovate.
- The Company may be unable to adequately protect its proprietary and intellectual property rights.
- Intellectual Property Infringement.
- The Company may be forced to litigate to defend its intellectual property rights, or to defend against claims by third parties against the Company relating to intellectual property rights.
- The Company may become subject to litigation, which may have a material adverse effect on the Company's reputation, business, results from operations, and financial condition.
- Reliance on Third Party Software.
- Use of Open Source Software.
- · Disruption of Information Technology Systems.
- Dependence on Internet Infrastructure; Risk of System Failures, Security Risks and Rapid Technological Change.
- If the Company is unable to attract and retain key personnel, it may not be able to compete effectively in the

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the years ended May 31, 2020 and May 31, 2019 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

technology, cloud storage/computing and gaming sectors.

- There is no assurance that the Company will secure strategic partnerships jurisdictions in which the Company considers important.
- Failure to successfully integrate acquired businesses, its products and other assets into the Company, or if
 integrated, failure to further the Company's business strategy, may result in the Company's inability to realize
 any benefit from such acquisition.
- The Company will be reliant on information technology systems and may be subject to damaging cyberattacks.
- The Company's officers and directors may be engaged in a range of business activities resulting in conflicts of interest.
- · In certain circumstances, the Company's reputation could be damaged.
- · No guarantee on the use of available funds by the Company.
- Risks Related to the Company's Securities.
- The Company does not anticipate paying dividends to common shareholders in the foreseeable future.
- Future sales of Common Shares by existing shareholders could reduce the market price of the Common Shares.

CAUTION REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This MD&A contains forward-looking information including the Company's future plans. The use of any of the words "target", "plans", "anticipate", "continue", "estimate", "expect", "may", "will", "project", "should", "believe" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Such forward looking information, including but not limited to statements pertaining to Company's future plans and management's belief as to the Company's potential involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results of the Company and its operations to be materially different from estimated costs or results expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Forward looking information is based on management's expectations regarding future growth, results of operations, future capital and other expenditures (including the amount, nature and sources of funding for such expenditures), business prospects and opportunities. Forward looking information involves significant known and unknown risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated. These risks include, but are not limited to: the risks associated with the commercial viability of any technologies the Company is in the process of developing or deploying, delays or changes in plans with respect to any technologies, costs and expenses, the risk of foreign exchange rate fluctuations, risks associated with securing the necessary regulatory approvals and financing to proceed with any planned business venture, product development or deployment, and risks and uncertainties regarding the potential to economically scale and bring to profitability any of the Company's current or planned endeavors. Although the Company has attempted to take into account important factors that could cause actual costs or results to differ materially, there may be other factors that cause the results of the Company's business to not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended.

There can be no assurance that such statements will prove to be accurate as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. See the Risk Management section of this MD&A for a further description of these risks. The forward-looking information included in this MD&A is expressly qualified in its entirety by this cautionary statement. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking information.