MONGOOSE MINING LTD.

ANNUAL GENERAL AND SPECIAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS

TO BE HELD ON JUNE 14, 2022

NOTICE OF MEETING AND MANAGEMENT PROXY AND INFORMATION CIRCULAR

THIS NOTICE OF MEETING AND MANAGEMENT INFORMATION CIRCULAR IS FURNISHED IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOLICITATION BY THE MANAGEMENT OF MONGOOSE MINING LTD. OF PROXIES TO BE VOTED AT THE ANNUAL GENERAL AND SPECIAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS OF MONGOOSE MINING LTD. TO BE HELD ON TUESDAY, JUNE 14, 2022.

TO BE HELD AT:

Offices of Fogler, Rubinoff LLP 77 King Street West. Suite 3000 Toronto, Ontario M5K 1G8

at 4:00 p.m. (Toronto Time)

Dated: May 9, 2022

MONGOOSE MINING LTD.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL AND SPECIAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS TO BE HELD ON JUNE 14, 2022

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN ANNUAL GENERAL AND SPECIAL MEETING (the "**Meeting**") of holders ("**Shareholders**") of common shares ("**Common Shares**") of Mongoose Mining Ltd. (the "**Company**") will be held at the offices of Fogler, Rubinoff LLP, Suite 3000, 77 King Street West, Toronto, Ontario M5K 1G8, at 4:00 p.m. (Toronto Time), on Tuesday, June 14, 2022 for the following purposes:

- 1. to receive and consider the audited financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended December 31, 2021 and the report of the auditor thereon;
- 2. to fix the number of directors of the Company to be elected at the Meeting at seven;
- 3. to elect directors to hold office until the next annual general meeting of the Company;
- 4. to appoint the auditor of the Company for the ensuing year and to authorize the board of directors of the Company to fix the auditor's remuneration;
- 5. to consider, and if thought fit, to pass a special resolution, with or without amendment approving the continuance of the Company out of the Business Corporations Act (British Columbia) into Ontario under the *Business Corporations Act* (Ontario), and in the process, to ratify, confirm and approve the adoption of new By-Law No. 1 that includes advance notice provisions, as more particularly described in the accompanying Information Circular; and
- 6. to transact such other business as may be properly brought before the Meeting or any adjournment thereof.

The board of directors of the Company has fixed the record date for the Meeting at the close of business on Monday May 9, 2022 (the "Record Date"). Only Shareholders of record as at the Record Date are entitled to receive notice of the Meeting. Shareholders of record will be entitled to vote those Common Shares owned as at the Record Date, unless any such Shareholder transfers such Shareholder's Common Shares after the Record Date and the transferee of those Common Shares establishes that the transferee owns the Common Shares and demands, not later than 10 days before the Meeting, that the transferee's name be included in the list of Shareholders entitled to vote at the Meeting, in which case such transferee shall be entitled to vote such Common Shares at the Meeting.

Note of Caution Concerning the COVID-19 Outbreak

Due to the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic and taking into account the health and safety of our employees, Shareholders, service providers and other stakeholders, the Company strongly encourages Shareholders NOT to attend the Meeting in person. The Company strongly encourages Shareholders to vote by proxy on the internet, rather than attending the Meeting in person. To this end, only registered Shareholders and proxyholders will be permitted to attend the Meeting in person. Further restrictions with regard to the Meeting may be implemented by the Company as required in accordance with applicable laws and to comply with public health restrictions. At the Meeting, the Company may adopt screening or other measures for identifying COVID-19 symptoms or risk factors as may be recommended or required by applicable health authorities. These measures may include requiring registered Shareholders or duly appointed proxy holders still wishing to attend the Meeting in person to sign a confirmation letter at the Meeting that they are not a confirmed case of COVID-19 or a close contact of a confirmed case of COVID-19 and that they are not experiencing cold or flulike systems, including fever, cough, difficulty breathing, muscle aches, fatigue, headache, sore throat or runny

nose. The Company reserves the right to refuse admission to a Shareholder or proxyholder seeking to attend the Meeting if the Company believes the Shareholder or proxyholder poses a health risk to attendees at the Meeting or would otherwise breach public health restrictions. **THE COMPANY MAY LIMIT ATTENDEES AS REQUIRED BY MASS GATHERING RESTRICTIONS IMPLEMENTED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF ONTARIO AT THE TIME OF THE MEETING.** In addition, any attendees will be required to practice social distancing at the Meeting.

In order to permit Shareholders and proxyholders to listen to the Meeting in real time, without having to attend in person, a conference call of the Meeting will be available as follows:

Conference call participation:

North America Toll-Free: 1-888-466-7661
 Local (Greater Toronto Area): (647)-725-4062
 Participant Conference Access code: 1073579#

Shareholders will not be able to vote through the conference call.

As the COVID-19 outbreak continues to be a rapidly evolving situation, and in light of changing public health restrictions and recommendations related to COVID-19, there may be changes to the date, time and location of the Meeting, or the Company may adjourn or postpone the Meeting.. The Company will continue to monitor and review provincial and federal governmental guidance in order to assess and implement measures to reduce the risk of spreading the virus at the Meeting. Any such changes will be communicated by news release which will be made available under the Company's profile on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

WE STRONGLY ENCOURAGE ALL SHAREHOLDERS TO VOTE ELECTRONICALLY BY PROXY RATHER THAN ATTENDING THE MEETING IN PERSON.

DATED this 9th day of May 2022.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

(signed)

Terence Coughlan

Chief Executive Officer and Director

IMPORTANT

It is desirable that as many shares as possible be represented at the Meeting. If you do not expect to attend and would like your Common Shares represented, please complete the enclosed instrument of proxy and return it as soon as possible in accordance with the options indicated. A proxy will not be valid unless it is deposited with our transfer agent Odyssey Trust Company, (i) by email to proxy@odysseytrust.com (please send front and back of proxy); (ii) by online submission at https://login.odysseytrust.com/pxlogin (iii) by fax at (800) 517-4553 or (iv) by mail to Odyssey Trust Company, at Trader's Bank Building 702, 67 Yonge St, Toronto, ON, M5E 1J8. All instructions are listed in the enclosed form of proxy. In order to be valid and acted upon at the Meeting, proxies must be returned to the aforesaid address not less than 48 hours (excluding Saturdays, Sundays and holidays) before the time set for the holding of the Meeting or any adjournment or postponement thereof. Shareholders are cautioned that the transmission of proxies by mail is at each Shareholder's risk.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Management Information Circular includes certain statements and information that constitute "forwardlooking statements", and "forward-looking information" under applicable securities laws ("forward-looking statements" and "forward-looking information" are collectively referred to herein as "forward-looking statements", unless otherwise stated). Forward-looking statements appear in a number of places in this Management Information Circular and include statements and information regarding the intent, beliefs or current expectations of the Company's officers and directors. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties that may cause the Company's actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. When used in this Management Information Circular, words such as "believe", "anticipate", "estimate", "project", "intend", "expect", "may", "will", "plan", "should", "would", "contemplate", "possible", "attempts", "seeks" and similar expressions, are intended to identify these forwardlooking statements. Forward-looking statements may relate to the Company's future outlook and anticipated events or results and may include statements regarding the Company's future business strategy, plans and objectives. The Company has based these forward-looking statements largely on its current expectations and projections about future events. These forward-looking statements were derived utilizing numerous assumptions, and while the Company considers these assumptions to be reasonable, based on information currently available, such assumptions may prove to be incorrect. Accordingly, you are cautioned to not put undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements should not be read as a guarantee of future events or results.

Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date such statements are made. Except as required by applicable law, the Company assumes no obligation to update or to publicly announce the results of any change to any forward-looking statement contained herein to reflect actual results, future events or developments, changes in assumptions or changes in other factors affecting the forward-looking statements. If the Company updates any one or more forward-looking statements, no inference should be drawn that it will make additional updates with respect to those or other forward-looking statements. You should not place undue importance on forward-looking statements and should not rely upon these statements as of any other date. All forward-looking statements contained in this Management Information Circular are expressly qualified in their entirety by this cautionary statement.

MONGOOSE MINING LTD. MANAGEMENT INFORMATION CIRCULAR SOLICITATION OF PROXIES

THIS MANAGEMENT INFORMATION CIRCULAR ("CIRCULAR") IS PROVIDED IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOLICITATION BY MANAGEMENT OF MONGOOSE MINING LTD. (the "Company") of proxies from the holders of common shares ("Common Shares") for the annual general and special meeting (the "Meeting") of the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") to be held on Tuesday, June 14, 2022 at 4:00 p.m. (Toronto time) at the offices of Fogler, Rubinoff LLP, Suite 3000, 77 King Street West, Toronto, Ontario M5K 1G8, or at any adjournment thereof for the purposes set out in the accompanying notice of meeting ("Notice of Meeting").

Although it is expected that the solicitation of proxies will be primarily by mail, proxies may also be solicited personally or by telephone, facsimile or other proxy solicitation services. In accordance with National Instrument 54-101 — Communication with Beneficial Owners of Securities of a Reporting Issuer, arrangements have been made with brokerage houses and other intermediaries, clearing agencies, custodians, nominees and fiduciaries to forward solicitation materials to Beneficial Shareholders (as defined below) held of record by such persons and the Company may reimburse such persons for reasonable fees and disbursements incurred by them in doing so. The costs thereof will be borne by the Company.

APPOINTMENT AND REVOCATION OF PROXIES

The persons named (the "Management Designees") in the enclosed instrument of proxy ("Instrument of Proxy") have been selected by the directors of the Company and have indicated their willingness to represent as proxy the shareholder who appoints them. A shareholder has the right to designate a person (whom need not be a shareholder) other than the Management Designees to represent him or her at the Meeting. Such right may be exercised by inserting in the space provided for that purpose on the Instrument of Proxy the name of the person to be designated and by deleting therefrom the names of the Management Designees, or by completing another proper form of proxy and delivering the same to the transfer agent of the Company. Such shareholder should notify the nominee of the appointment, obtain the nominee's consent to act as proxy and should provide instructions on how the shareholder's shares are to be voted. The nominee should bring personal identification with him to the Meeting. In any case, the form of proxy should be dated and executed by the shareholder or an attorney authorized in writing, with proof of such authorization attached (where an attorney executed the proxy form). In addition, a proxy may be revoked by a shareholder personally attending at the Meeting and voting his shares.

A proxy will not be valid unless it is deposited with our transfer agent Odyssey Trust Company(i) by email to proxy@odysseytrust.com (please send front and back of proxy); (ii) by online submission at https://login.odysseytrust.com/pxlogin (iii) by fax at (800) 517-4553 or (iv) by mail to Odyssey Trust Company, at Trader's Bank Building, 702, 67 Yonge Street, Toronto, ON, M5E 1J8. All instructions are listed in the enclosed form of proxy. Your proxy or voting instructions must be received in each case no later than 4:00 p.m. (Toronto Time) on June 10, 2022 or, if the Meeting is adjourned, 48 hours (excluding Saturdays and holidays) before the beginning of any adjournment of the Meeting. Late proxies may be accepted or rejected by the Chairman of the Meeting in his discretion, and the Chairman is under no obligation to accept or reject any particular late proxy.

A shareholder who has given a proxy may revoke it as to any matter upon which a vote has not already been cast pursuant to the authority conferred by the proxy. In addition to revocation in any other manner permitted by law, a proxy may be revoked by depositing an instrument in writing executed by the shareholder or by his authorized attorney in writing, or, if the shareholder is a corporation, under its corporate seal by an officer or attorney thereof duly authorized, either at the registered office of the Company or with Odyssey Trust Company via email at proxy@odysseytrust.com, at any time up to and including the last business day preceding the date of the Meeting, or any adjournment thereof at which the proxy is to be used, or by depositing the instrument in writing with the Chairman of such Meeting on the day of the Meeting, or any

adjournment thereof. In addition, a proxy may be revoked by the shareholder personally attending the Meeting and voting his shares.

ADVICE TO BENEFICIAL SHAREHOLDERS

The information set forth in this section is of significant importance to many Shareholders, as a substantial number of Shareholders do not hold Common Shares in their own name. Shareholders who hold their Common Shares through their brokers, intermediaries, trustees or other persons, or who otherwise do not hold their Common Shares in their own name (referred to in this Circular as "Beneficial Shareholders") should note that only proxies deposited by Shareholders who appear on the records maintained by the Company's registrar and transfer agent as registered holders of Common Shares will be recognized and acted upon at the Meeting. If Common Shares are listed in an account statement provided to a Beneficial Shareholder by a broker, those Common Shares will, in all likelihood, not be registered in the shareholder's name. Such Common Shares will more likely be registered under the name of the shareholder's broker or an agent of that broker. In Canada, the vast majority of such shares are registered under the name of CDS & Co. (the registration name for The Canadian Depositary for Securities, which acts as nominee for many Canadian brokerage firms). Common Shares held by brokers (or their agents or nominees) on behalf of a broker's client can only be voted (for or against resolutions) at the direction of the Beneficial Shareholder. Without specific instructions, brokers and their agents and nominees are prohibited from voting shares for the broker's clients. Therefore, each Beneficial Shareholder should ensure that voting instructions are communicated to the appropriate person well in advance of the Meeting.

Existing regulatory policy requires brokers and other intermediaries to seek voting instructions from Beneficial Shareholders in advance of shareholders' meetings. The various brokers and other intermediaries have their own mailing procedures and provide their own return instructions to clients, which should be carefully followed by Beneficial Shareholders in order to ensure that their Common Shares are voted at the Meeting. The form of proxy supplied to a Beneficial Shareholder by its broker (or the agent of the broker) is substantially similar to the Instrument of Proxy provided directly to registered Shareholders by the Company. However, its purpose is limited to instructing the registered shareholder (i.e., the broker or agent of the broker) how to vote on behalf of the Beneficial Shareholder. The vast majority of brokers now delegate responsibility for obtaining instructions from clients to Broadridge Financial Solutions, Inc. ("Broadridge") in Canada. Broadridge typically prepares a machine-readable voting instruction form, mails those forms to Beneficial Shareholders and asks Beneficial Shareholders to return the forms to Broadridge, or otherwise communicate voting instructions to Broadridge (by way of the Internet or telephone, for example). Broadridge then tabulates the results of all instructions received and provides appropriate instructions respecting the voting of shares to be represented at the Meeting. A Beneficial Shareholder who receives a Broadridge voting instruction form cannot use that form to vote Common Shares directly at the Meeting. The voting instruction forms must be returned to Broadridge (or instructions respecting the voting of Common Shares must otherwise be communicated to Broadridge) well in advance of the Meeting in order to have the Common Shares voted. If you have any questions respecting the voting of Common Shares held through a broker or other intermediary, please contact that broker or other intermediary for assistance.

Although a Beneficial Shareholder may not be recognized directly at the Meeting for the purposes of voting Common Shares registered in the name of his broker, a Beneficial Shareholder may attend the Meeting as proxyholder for the registered shareholder and vote the Common Shares in that capacity. Beneficial Shareholders who wish to attend the Meeting and indirectly vote their Common Shares as proxyholder for the registered shareholder, should enter their own names in the blank space on the form of proxy provided to them and return the same to their broker (or the broker's agent) in accordance with the instructions provided by such broker.

The Company will be delivering proxy-related materials to non-objecting beneficial owners of the Common Shares directly. These securityholder materials are being sent to both registered and non-registered owners of the securities. If you are a non-registered owner, and the issuer or its agent has sent these materials directly to

you, your name and address and information about your holdings of securities, have been obtained in accordance with applicable securities regulatory requirements from the intermediary holding on your behalf. By choosing to send these materials to you directly, the issuer (and not the intermediary holding on your behalf) has assumed responsibility for (i) delivering these materials to you, and (ii) executing your proper voting instructions. Please return your voting instructions as specified in the request for voting instructions. The Company does not intend to pay for intermediaries to deliver proxy-related materials to objecting beneficial owners of the Common Shares.

All references to Shareholders in this Circular and the accompanying Instrument of Proxy and Notice of Meeting are to registered Shareholders unless specifically stated otherwise.

VOTING OF PROXIES

Each shareholder may instruct his proxy how to vote his Common Shares by completing the blanks on the Instrument of Proxy. All Common Shares represented at the Meeting by properly executed proxies will be voted or withheld from voting (including the voting on any ballot), and where a choice with respect to any matter to be acted upon has been specified in the Instrument of Proxy, the Common Shares represented by the proxy will be voted in accordance with such specification. In the absence of any such specification as to voting on the Instrument of Proxy, the Management Designees, if named as proxy, will vote in favour of the matters set out therein. In the absence of any specification as to voting on any other form of proxy, the Common Shares represented by such form of proxy will be voted in favour of the matters set out therein.

The enclosed Instrument of Proxy confers discretionary authority upon the Management Designees, or other persons named as proxy, with respect to amendments to or variations of matters identified in the Notice of Meeting and any other matters which may properly come before the Meeting. As of the date hereof, the Company is not aware of any amendments to, variations of or other matters that may come before the Meeting. In the event that other matters come before the Meeting, the Management Designees intend to vote in accordance with the judgment of management of the Company.

QUORUM

The by-laws of the Company provide that a quorum of Shareholders is present at a meeting of Shareholders of the Company if at least two persons are present in person or by proxy, each of whom is entitled to vote at the meeting, and who holds or represents by proxy not less than 5% of the shares entitled to vote at the meeting.

VOTING SHARES AND PRINCIPAL HOLDERS THEREOF

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of Common Shares and an unlimited number of preferred shares. As at the effective date of this Circular (the "Effective Date"), which is May 9, 2022, the Company has 32,150,295 Common Shares issued and outstanding. There are no other shares of any class issued and outstanding. The Common Shares are the only shares entitled to be voted at the Meeting, and holders of Common Shares are entitled to one vote for each Common Share held.

Holders of Common Shares of record at the close of business on May 9, 2022 (the "**Record Date**") are entitled to vote such Common Shares at the Meeting on the basis of one vote for each Common Share held except to the extent that, (a) the holder has transferred the ownership of any of his Common Shares after the Record Date, and (b) the transferee of those Common Shares produces properly endorsed share certificates, or otherwise establishes that he owns the Common Shares, and demands not later than 10 days before the day of the Meeting that his name be included in the list of persons entitled to vote at the Meeting, in which case the transferee will be entitled to vote his Common Shares at the Meeting.

To the knowledge of the directors and the executive officers of the Company, as at the Effective Date, no person or company beneficially owns, directly or indirectly, or controls or directs, voting securities carrying 10% or more of the voting rights attached to any class of voting securities of the Company, other than as follows:

Name	Number of Common Shares Owned or Controlled ⁽¹⁾	Percentage of Common Shares ⁽²⁾
21Alpha Resources Inc. ⁽³⁾	6,293,706	19.6%
Technology Metals Inc. (4)	13,006,993	40.5%

Notes:

- (1) Based on information disclosed in the public filings of the applicable party.
- (2) Based on a total of 32,150,295 Common Shares issued and outstanding as at the Effective Date.
- (3) Mr. Jimmy Gravel and Mr. John Shurko act jointly and in concert with 21Alpha Resources Inc. and together hold 6,993,007 common shares representing approximately 21.75% of the outstanding Common Shares.
- (4) Technology Metals Inc. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Canadian Manganese Company Inc., a company listed on the NEO Exchange.

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The executive compensation discussion below discloses compensation paid to the following individuals:

- (a) each individual who, in respect of the Company, during any part of the most recently completed financial year, served as chief executive officer, including an individual performing function similar to a chief executive officer;
- (b) each individual who, in respect of the Company, during any part of the most recently completed financial year, served as chief financial officer, including an individual performing function similar to a chief financial officer;
- (c) in respect of the Company and its subsidiaries, the most highly compensated executive officer other than the individuals identified in paragraphs (a) and (b) at the end of the most recently completed financial year whose total compensation was more than \$150,000, as determined in accordance with Section 1.3(5) of Form 51-102F6V under National Instrument 51-102 Continuous Disclosure Obligations, for that financial year; and
- (d) each individual who would be a named executive officer under paragraph (c) but for the fact that the individual was neither an executive officer of the Company, nor acting in a similar capacity, as at the end of the most recently completed financial year,

(each a "Named Executive Officer").

During the financial period ended December 31, 2021, the Company had four individuals who were Named Executive Officers, namely: (i) John van Driesum, who was appointed as the Chief Executive Officer and President of the Company on January 16, 2019 and who ceased as Chief Executive Officer and President on November 10, 2021; (ii) Chris Allchorne, who was appointed the Chief Financial Officer of the Company on January 16, 2019 and who ceased as Chief Financial Officer on November 10, 2021; (iii) Mr. Terence Coughlan, who was appointed as the Chief Executive Officer and President of the Company on November 10, 2021 and (iv) Mr. Steve Cummings, who was appointed as the Chief Financial Officer of the Company on November 10, 2021.

Compensation Discussion and Analysis

In assessing the compensation of its Named Executive Officers, the Company does not have in place any formal objectives, criteria or analysis; compensation payable is currently determined by the compensation committee of the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board").

As of the date of this Circular, the Board has not established any benchmark or performance goals to be achieved or met by Named Executive Officers, however, such Named Executive Officers are expected to carry out their duties in an effective and efficient manner so as to advance the business objectives of the Company. The satisfactory discharge of such duties is subject to ongoing monitoring by the Company's directors.

The Company's Named Executive Officer compensation following November 10, 2021 was determined and administered by the compensation committee of the Board and prior thereto was determined and administered by the full Board.

When determining compensation policies and individual compensation levels for the Company's officers, a variety of factors, are considered including: the overall financial and operating performance of the Company, each officer's individual performance and contribution towards meeting corporate objectives; each officer's level of responsibility and length of service; and industry comparables.

The Company's compensation philosophy for its officers follows three underlying principles: to provide compensation packages that encourage and motivate performance; to be competitive with its peer group of mining companies, which are of similar size and scope of operations, so as to attract and retain talented executives; and to align the interests of its officers with the long-term interests of the Company and its Shareholders through stock related programs. The Company's peer group in connection with salary compensation consists of sampling of other similar sized mining companies both private and those that are reporting issuers (or the equivalent) in Canada.

The Company's executive compensation consist of an annual base salary and long-term incentives in the form of stock options ("**Options**") pursuant to the Company's Stock Option Plan. There may also be a bonus paid to officers at the discretion of the compensation committee.

As noted above, an incentive component of the Company's compensation program will be the potential longer-term reward provided through the grant of Options. The granting of Options is intended to attract, retain and motivate officers and directors, and to align the interests of those individuals with those of the Shareholders. The granting of Options provides such individuals with an opportunity to acquire a proprietary interest in the Company's value growth through the exercise of stock options. Options are granted at the discretion of the Board, which will consider factors such as how other, similar companies grant options and the potential value that each optionee is contributing to the Company. The number of Options granted to an individual is based on such considerations.

The stage of the Company's development and the small size of its specialized management team allows frequent communication and constant management decisions in the interest of developing shareholder value as a primary goal. As the Company's business develops and performance goals are more apt to be delegated, particular performance goals will become more complex and measurable, and included in the compensation structure accordingly.

In addition to, or in lieu of, the compensation components described above, payments may be made from time to time to individuals, including Named Executive Officers or directors of the Company, or companies they control for the provision of management or consulting services. Such services are paid for by the Company at competitive industry rates for work of a similar nature by reputable arm's length services providers.

Elements of Compensation

Named Executive Officers

Individuals who are acting in a capacity similar to a Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and the three most highly compensated executive officers whose total compensation exceeds \$150,000 per annum are for the year ended December 31, 2021 are the "Named Executive Officers" herein.

Base Salary

The objective of base salary compensation is to reward and retain Named Executive Officers and other employees. The program is designed to reward Named Executive Officers and other employees for maximizing Shareholder value in a volatile commodity-based business in a safe, environmentally responsible, regulatory compliant and ethical manner. In setting base compensation levels, consideration is given to such factors as level of responsibility, experience, expertise and the amount of time devoted to the affairs of the Company. Subjective factors such as leadership, commitment and attitude are also considered. It is the goal of the Company to pay base salary compensation in the range of industry peers in order to retain the Named Executive Officers and other employees while maintaining the overall goal that total compensation should be weighted more heavily toward variable and long-term performance-based components.

Cash Bonus

The objective of performance-based bonuses is to incentivize the maximization of Shareholder value by the Named Executive Officers and other employees, taking into consideration the operating and financial performance by both the Company and the efforts and results of the Named Executive Officers and other employees. Increases in the value of the Company will result in increases in the amounts paid to the Named Executive Officers and other employees. Short-term incentive awards will include an annual cash bonus award with maximum percentage amounts in line with the percentages paid by the Company's peer group.

Stock Options

As of December 31, 2021 and as of the Effective Date, Mongoose had 685,544 Options outstanding.

The Company adopted the Option Plan to remain competitive in the industry, and the granting of reasonable levels of share-based incentive awards is used as part of the Company's overall compensation package. These share-based incentive awards provide an incentive for all of The Company's service providers to ensure they are striving to maximize Shareholder value. The Board believes this established policy of awarding share-based awards meets the Company's business objectives provided the total number of share-based awards outstanding at any time is limited to a maximum of 10% of the Company's outstanding Common Shares.

The following is a summary of certain provisions of the Option Plan, which is qualified in its entirety by the full text of the Option Plan.

Option Plan Summary

The Option Plan permits the granting of Options to directors, officers and employees of, and consultants to, the Company. The Option Plan limits the total number of Common Shares that may be issued on exercise of Options outstanding at any time under the Option Plan to 10% of the number of Common Shares issued and outstanding (less the number of Common Shares reserved for issuance under any other Share Based Compensation Arrangement of the Company), subject to the following additional limitations:

(i) the aggregate number of Options granted to any one participant (and companies wholly owned by that participant) in a 12 month period must not exceed 5% of the issued and

outstanding Common Shares, calculated on the date an Option is granted to the person (unless the Company has obtained the requisite disinterested Shareholder approval), less the aggregate number of Common Shares reserved for issuance to such person under any other Share Based Compensation Arrangement of the Company;

- (ii) the aggregate number of Common Shares reserved for issuance under Options granted to Insiders of the Company (as a group) at any point in time must not exceed 10% of the issued and outstanding Common Shares, less the aggregate number of Common Shares reserved for issuance to Insiders under any other Share Based Compensation Arrangement of the Company; and
- (iii) the grant to Insiders (as a group), within a 12-month period, of an aggregate number of Options must not exceed 10% of the issued and outstanding Common Shares, calculated at the date an Option is granted to any Insider, less the aggregate number of Common Shares reserved for issuance to Insiders under any other Share Based Compensation Arrangement of the Company.

Each Option and all rights thereunder will expire on the date set out in the applicable option agreement. Under the Option Plan, in the event of the death of a participant, the Options previously granted to such participant will be exercisable only within one year after such death and then only to the extent that such deceased participant was entitled to exercise his Option at the date of his death. In the event that a participant shall cease to be a director, officer, consultant or employee of the Company or ceases to be a Management Company Employee (as defined in the Option Plan), for any reason (other than death), such Participant may exercise his or her Option to the extent that the participant was entitled to exercise it at the date of such cessation, provided that such exercise must occur within 90 days after the participant ceases to be a director, officer, consultant, employee or a Management Company Employee, subject to extension at the discretion of the Board.

Pursuant to the Option Plan, the exercise price shall be fixed by the Board at the time that the Option is granted; however, no Option shall be granted with an exercise price at a discount to the market price. The market price shall be the closing price of the Common Shares on any stock exchange on which the Common Shares are then listed on the first day preceding the date of grant. The Option Plan also provides that the Board may, in its sole discretion, determine the time during which Options shall vest and the method of vesting, subject to any vesting restrictions imposed by any stock exchange on which the Common Shares are then listed.

The Option Plan includes a black-out provision. Pursuant to the policies of the Company respecting restrictions on trading, there are a number of periods each year during which directors, officers and certain employees are precluded from trading in the Company's securities. These periods are referred to as "black-out periods". A black-out period is designed to prevent a person from trading while in possession of material information that is not yet available to other Shareholders. The Option Plan includes a provision that, should an Option expiration date fall within a black-out period or immediately following a black-out period, the expiration date will automatically be extended without any further act or formality, to that date which is the 10th business day after the end of the black-out period, and the 10 business day period may not be further extended by the Board.

Based on the policies of the Canadian Securities Exchange (the "CSE") and industry practice, the Option Plan specifies the types of amendments to the Option Plan and the Options granted thereunder that can be made by the Board without the approval of the Shareholders. The Option Plan allows the Board to terminate or discontinue the Option Plan at any time without the consent of the Option holders, provided that such termination or discontinuance shall not alter or impair any Option previously granted under the Option Plan. The only amendments to the Option Plan that would be subject to Shareholder approval are amendments that would:

- (i) reduce the exercise price of an outstanding Option, including a cancellation of an Option and re-grant of an Option in conjunction therewith, constituting a reduction of the exercise price of the Option;
- (ii) extend the expiry date of an Option held by an Insider of the Company (subject to such date being extended by virtue of the black-out provision noted above and the participant ceasing to be an eligible participant under the Option Plan);
- (iii) amend the limitations on the maximum number of Common Shares reserved or issued to Insiders and independent directors;
- (iv) permit a participant to transfer or assign Options to a new beneficial owner other than for estate settlement purposes;
- (v) increase the maximum number of Common Shares issuable pursuant to the Option Plan; or
- (vi) amend the amendment provisions of the Option Plan.

Pursuant to the Option Plan, all benefits, rights and options accruing to any participant are not transferable or assignable unless in the event of the death of a participant.

The Option Plan is administered by the Board (or a committee thereof), which has the power, subject to the limits imposed by the Option Plan, to (i) award Options under the Option Plan; and (ii) determine the terms under which Options are granted. In determining the persons to whom Options will be granted, the Board takes into account such factors as it determines in its sole discretion, which may include any one or more of the following:

- (i) compensation data for comparable benchmark positions among the Company's peer group;
- (ii) the duties, responsibilities, position and seniority of the grantee;
- various corporate performance measures for the applicable period compared with internally established performance measures approved by the Board and/or similar performance measures of members of the Company's peer group for such period;
- (iv) the individual contributions and potential contributions of the grantee to the Company's success:
- (v) any bonus payments paid to or to be paid to the optionee, and any previous stock options granted to the optionee, in respect of his or her individual and potential contributions to the Company's success;
- (vi) the fair market value or current market price of the Common Shares at the time of such grant; and
- (vii) such other factors as the Board deems relevant in its sole discretion in connection with accomplishing the purposes of the Option Plan.

Restrictions on Purchase of Financial Instruments

The Company's Insider Trading and Reporting Policy provides that the practice of selling "short" securities of the Company and the practice of buying or selling a "call" or "put" or any other derivative security in respect

of any securities of the Company (except with respect to securities issued by the Company such as warrants or convertible debentures) is not permitted at any time by the directors, officers and employees of the Company.

Pension Plan Benefits

The Company has not implemented any deferred compensation plan or pension plan that provides for payments or benefits at, following, or in connection with retirement.

External Management Companies

The Company has entered into a geological consulting agreement with 2501023 NS Ltd., a company which is controlled by Terence Coughlan, to provide technical work to the Company. The monthly fee for such services is \$6,000 per month. The Company contracted with Cambridge Financial Services, a company controlled by Steve Cummings, to perform bookkeeping and accounting services for the 2021 fiscal year. Cambridge Financial Services was paid \$25,637.50 for accounting and Chief Financial Officer services in the 2021 fiscal year.

Compensation Policies and Risk Management

The Board has considered the implications of the risks associated with the Company's compensation policies and practices when determining rewards for its officers. The Board reviews at least once annually the risks, if any, associated with the Company's compensation policies and practices at such time.

Executive compensation is comprised of short-term compensation in the form of a base salary (in the case of executive officers) and long-term ownership through the granting of Options. The granting of bonuses remains subject to the discretion of the compensation committee.

This structure ensures that a significant portion of executive and director compensation (stock options) is both long-term and "at risk" and, accordingly, is directly linked to the achievement of business results and the creation of long term shareholder value. As the benefits of such compensation, if any, will not be realized by optionees until a significant period of time has passed, the ability of officers to take inappropriate or excessive risks that are beneficial to their short-term compensation at the expense of the Company and its Shareholders will be extremely limited. Furthermore, the short-term component of executive and director compensation (base salary/director fees) will represent a relatively small part of the total compensation. As a result, it is unlikely an officer or director would take inappropriate or excessive risks at the expense of the Company or the Shareholders that would be beneficial to their short-term compensation when their long-term compensation might be put at risk from their actions.

Due to the small size of the Company and its level of it activity, the Board will be able to closely monitor and consider any risks which may be associated with the Company's compensation policies and practices. Risks, if any, may be identified and mitigated through Board meetings during which financial and other information of the Company will be reviewed. No risks have been identified arising from the Company's compensation policies and practices that are reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on the Company.

Summary Compensation Table

The following table sets forth all annual and long term compensation for the three most recently completed financial years for services in all capacities to the Company and its subsidiaries, if any, in respect of individual(s) who were acting as, or were acting in a capacity similar to, a chief executive officer or chief financial officer and the three most highly compensated individuals whose total compensation exceeded \$150,000 per annum (the "Named Executive Officers").

	SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE								
					Plan Com	y Incentive spensation			
Name and Principal Position	Year Ended Dec 31	Salary (\$)	Share- Based Awards (\$) ⁽¹⁾	Option- Based Awards (\$) ⁽²⁾	Annual Incentive Plans ⁽³⁾	Long- Term Incentive Plans	Pension Value (\$)	All Other Compen- sation (\$)	Total Compen- sation (\$)
Terence Coughlan ⁽⁴⁾ President and Chief Executive Officer	2021	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	\$72,000 ⁽⁶⁾	\$72,000
Steve Cummings ⁽⁵⁾ Chief Financial Officer	2021	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	\$25,637.50 ⁽	\$25,637.50
John van	2021	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Driesum	2020	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Former President and Chief Executive Officer	2019	Nil	Nil	25,200	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	25,200
Chris	2021	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Allchorne	2020	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Former Chief Financial Officer	2019	Nil	Nil	25,200	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	25,200

Notes:

- (1) "Share-Based Award" means an award under an equity incentive plan of equity-based instruments that do not have option-like features, including, for greater certainty, common shares, restricted shares, restricted share units, deferred share units, phantom shares, phantom share equivalent units and stock.
- "Option-Based Award" means an award under an equity incentive plan of options, including, for greater certainty, share options, share appreciation rights and similar instruments that have option-like features. The Company follows the fair value method of accounting for all stock-based compensation arrangements. The values reported represent an estimate of the grant date fair value of the Options calculated in accordance with the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Please see the audited annual financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2021 for details regarding the assumptions underlying these Black-Scholes estimates. The Black-Scholes model is a pricing model that may or may not reflect the actual value of the Options. The Black-Scholes methodology was selected in order to maintain consistency with the Company's prior practice and because it is widely used by Canadian public companies for estimated option-based compensation.
- (3) Represents cash bonuses paid to Named Executive Officers in the respective year.
- (4) Mr. Coughlan was appointed as President and Chief Executive Officer on November 10, 2021.
- (5) Mr. Cummings was appointed as President and Chief Executive Officer on November 10, 2021.

- (6) The Company has entered into a geological consulting agreement with 2501023 NS Ltd., a company which is controlled by Terence Coughlan, to provide technical work to the Company. The monthly fee for such services is \$6,000 per month.
- (7) The Company contracted with Cambridge Financial Services, a company controlled by Steve Cummings, to perform bookkeeping and accounting services for the 2021 fiscal year. Cambridge Financial Services was paid \$25,637.50 for accounting and Chief Financial Officer services in the 2021 fiscal year.

Incentive Plan Awards

Outstanding Share-Based Awards and Option-Based Awards

The following table sets forth details of all awards outstanding for each Named Executive Officer of Mongoose as of the most recent financial year end, including awards granted before the most recently completed financial year.

		Option-H	Based Awards		Share-Based Awards		
Name and Title	Number of Securities Underlyin g Unexercise d Options (#)	Option Exercis e Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date	Value of Unexercise d in-the- money Option (\$) ⁽¹⁾	Number of Shares or Units of Shares that have not vested (#)	Market or Payout Value of Share-Based Awards that have not vested (\$)	Market or Payout Value of Vested Share-Based Awards Not Paid Out or Distributed (\$)
Terence Coughlan President and Chief Executive Officer	360,000	\$0.05	September 30, 2025	\$59,400	Nil	Nil	Nil
Steve Cummings Chief Financial Officer	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
John van Driesum President and Chief Executive Officer	97,663	0.285	Nov. 27, 2024	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Chris Allchorne Chief Financial Officer	97,663	0.285	Nov. 27, 2024	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

Notes:

(1) Calculated based on the difference between the closing price of \$0.215 per Common Share on the CSE on December 31, 2021, the last day the Common shares were traded before the year end, and the exercise price of the option-based award, multiplied by the number of Common Shares available for the purchase under the option-based award.

None of the awards have been transferred at other than fair market value.

Incentive Plan Awards - Value Vested or Earned During the Year

The following table sets forth the value of option-based awards and share-based awards which vested or were earned during the most recently completed financial year for each Named Executive Officer.

Name and Title	Option-Based Awards - Value vested during the year (\$)	Share-Based Awards - Value vested during the year (\$)	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation - Value earned during the year (\$)
Terence Coughlan President and Chief Executive Officer	N/A	N/A	N/A
Steve Cummings Chief Financial Officer	N/A	N/A	N/A
John van Driesum President and Chief Executive Officer	N/A	N/A	N/A
Chris Allchorne Chief Financial Officer	N/A	N/A	N/A

Pension Plan Benefits

The Company does not have in place any deferred compensation plan or pension plan that provides for payments or benefits at, following or in connection with retirement.

DIRECTOR COMPENSATION

The Company currently has six directors, three of which, Terence Coughlan, Steve Cummings and John van Driesum, are also Named Executive Officers. For a description of the compensation paid to the Named Executive Officers who also act as directors of the Company, see "Executive Compensation".

The Corporate Governance & Compensation Committee is responsible for the development and implementation of a compensation plan for the Outside Directors. The Company does not pay any compensation to officers for acting as a director.

Members of the Board are not paid any remuneration in their capacities as such. Directors are reimbursed, however, for miscellaneous out-of-pocket expenses in carrying out their duties as directors and are granted Options pursuant to the Option Plan, from time to time. The Board determines the number of Options awarded to directors. When determining the number of Options to be granted to directors, consideration is given to the number of Options previously granted to the directors and the fact that the directors do not receive any other form of compensation.

Director Compensation Table

The following table sets forth all compensation provided to directors who are not also Named Executive Officers (the "Outside Directors") of the Company for the financial year ended December 31, 2021.

Name	Fees Earned (\$)	Share- Based Awards (\$) ⁽¹⁾	Option- Based Awards (\$) ⁽²⁾	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$)	Pension Value (\$)	All Other Compensation (\$)	Total (\$)
Matthew Allas	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
John Allan	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

Name	Fees Earned (\$)	Share- Based Awards (\$) ⁽¹⁾	Option- Based Awards (\$) ⁽²⁾	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$)	Pension Value (\$)	All Other Compensation (\$)	Total (\$)
Gerasimos (Gerry) Sklavounos Jr.	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Kelly McDonald ⁽³⁾	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Arif Shivji ⁽³⁾	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

Notes:

- (1) "Share-Based Award" means an award under an equity incentive plan of equity-based instruments that do not have option-like features, including, for greater certainty, common shares, restricted shares, restricted share units, deferred share units, phantom shares, phantom share equivalent units and stock.
- (2) "Option-Based Award" means an award under an equity incentive plan of options, including, for greater certainty, share options, share appreciation rights and similar instruments that have option-like features.
- (3) Kelly McDonald and Arif Shivji ceased being directors on November 10, 2021 and each were retained as consultants until November 10, 2022.

No compensation was provided to the Outside Directors during the financial years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019.

Incentive Plan Awards

Outstanding Share-Based Awards and Option-Based Awards

The following table sets forth details of all awards outstanding for each Outside Director of the Company as of the most recent financial year end, including awards granted before the most recently completed financial year.

		Option	n-Based Awards	Share-Based Awards			
Name	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#)	Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date	Value of Unexercised in-the-money Option ⁽¹⁾ (\$)	Number of Shares or Units of Shares that have not vested (#)	Market or Payout Value of Share- Based Awards that have not vested (\$)	Market or Payout Value of Vested Share-Based Awards Not Paid Out or Distributed (\$) ⁽²⁾
Matthew Allas	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
John Allan	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Gerasimos (Gerry) Sklavounos Jr.	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Kelly McDonald ⁽²⁾	65,109	0.285	Nov. 27, 2024	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Arif Shivji ⁽²⁾	65,109	0.285	Nov. 27, 2024	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

Notes:

- (1) Calculated based on the difference between the closing price of \$0.215 per Common Share on the CSE on December 31, 2021, the last day the Common shares were traded before the year end, and the exercise price of the option-based award, multiplied by the number of Common Shares available for the purchase under the option-based award.
- (2) Kelly McDonald and Arif Shivji ceased being directors on November 10, 2021 and each were retained as consultants until November 10, 2022.

None of the awards disclosed in the table above have been transferred at other than fair market value.

Incentive Plan Awards - Value Vested or Earned During the Year

The following table sets forth the value of option-based awards and share-based awards which vested or were earned during the most recently completed financial year for the Outside Directors of the Company.

Name	Option-Based Awards - Value vested during the year (\$) ⁽¹⁾	Share-Based Awards - Value vested during the year (\$)	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation - Value earned during the year (\$)
Matthew Allas	N/A	N/A	N/A
John Allan	N/A	N/A	N/A
Gerasimos (Gerry) Sklavounos Jr.	N/A	N/A	N/A
Kelly McDonald ⁽¹⁾	N/A	N/A	N/A
Arif Shivji ⁽¹⁾	N/A	N/A	N/A

Notes:

(1) Kelly McDonald and Arif Shivji ceased being directors on November 10, 2021 and each were retained as consultants until November 10, 2022.

Narrative Discussion

For information regarding the Option Plan please see "Executive Compensation – Compensation Discussion and Analysis – Elements of Compensation – Stock Options".

Other Compensation

Other than as set forth herein, the Company did not pay any other compensation to executive officers or directors (including personal benefits and securities or properties paid or distributed which compensation was not offered on the same terms to all full time employees) during the last completed financial year other than benefits and perquisites which did not amount to \$10,000 or greater per individual.

Termination and Change of Control Benefits

The Company is not party to any compensation plan or arrangement with the Named Executive Officers or directors of the Company which require payments upon the resignation or the termination of employment of such person.

SECURITIES AUTHORIZED FOR ISSUANCE UNDER EQUITY COMPENSATION PLANS

The Option Plan reserves for issuance, in the aggregate, a maximum 10% of the Company's issued and outstanding Common Shares from time to time. The Option Plan is a 'rolling' plan which reserves for issuance a maximum of 10% of the issued and outstanding Common Shares (less the number of Common Shares

reserved for issuance under any other Share Based Compensation Arrangement of the Company, including the RSU Plan).

As at December 31, 2021, Mongoose had granted 685,544 Options outstanding.

The following table sets forth securities of the Company that are authorized for issuance under equity compensation plans as at the end of the Company's most recently completed financial year.

Plan Category	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Weighted average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Number of securities remaining available for issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding outstanding securities reflected in Column 1)
Equity compensation plans approved by securityholders	685,544	\$0.1616	2,509,485
Equity compensation plans not approved by securityholders	Nil	N/A	N/A
Total	685,544	\$0.1616	2,509,485

INDEBTEDNESS OF DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND SENIOR OFFICERS

No director, executive officer, employee or former director, executive officer or employee of the Company or its subsidiaries nor any of their associates or affiliates, is, or has been at any time since the beginning of the last completed financial year, indebted to the Company or its subsidiaries nor has any such person been indebted to any other entity where such indebtedness is the subject of a guarantee, support agreement, letter of credit or similar arrangement or understanding, provided by the Company except as disclosed in the audited financial statements.

INTERESTS OF INFORMED PERSONS IN MATERIAL TRANSACTIONS

Other than as set forth herein or as previously disclosed, the Company is not aware of any material interests, direct or indirect, by way of beneficial ownership or otherwise, of any director or executive officer, proposed nominee for election as a director or any shareholder holding more than 10% of the voting rights attached to the Common Shares or any associate or affiliate of any of the foregoing in any transaction in the preceding financial year or any proposed or ongoing transaction of the Company which has or will materially affect the Company.

INTEREST OF CERTAIN PERSONS IN MATTERS TO BE ACTED UPON

Other than as set forth herein, or as previously disclosed, the Company is not aware of any material interests, direct or indirect, by way of beneficial ownership of securities or otherwise, of any director or executive officer, proposed nominee for election as a director or any shareholder holding more than 10% of the voting rights attached to the Common Shares or any associate or affiliate of any of the foregoing in any transaction in the preceding financial year or any proposed or ongoing transaction of the Company which has or will materially affect the Company or its subsidiaries.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee is a committee of the Board to which the Board delegates its responsibility for oversight of the financial reporting process. The Audit Committee is also responsible for managing, on behalf of the Shareholders, the relationship between the Company and the external auditor.

Pursuant to National Instrument 52-110 — *Audit Committees* ("NI 52-110") the Company is required to disclose certain information with respect to its Audit Committee, as summarized below.

Audit Committee Terms of Reference

The Company must, pursuant to NI 52-110, have a written charter which sets out the duties and responsibilities of its Audit Committee. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are attached hereto as Appendix "A".

Audit Committee Composition

The following are the members of the Audit Committee as at the date hereof:

John Allan (Chairman)	Independent ⁽¹⁾	Financially Literate ⁽¹⁾
Matthew Allas	Independent ⁽¹⁾	Financially Literate ⁽¹⁾
John van Driesum	Not Independent ⁽¹⁾	Financially Literate ⁽¹⁾

Note:

(1) As defined by NI 52-110.

The Board believes the composition of the Audit Committee reflects a high level of financial literacy and expertise.

Relevant Education and Experience

All of the members of the Audit Committee have been either directly involved in the preparation of the financial statements, filing of quarterly and annual financial statements, dealing with auditors, or as a member of an audit committee. All members have the ability to read, analyze and understand the complexities surrounding the issuance of financial statements.

John Allan:

Mr. Allan has been the President of John D. Allan Limited, providing consulting services and with interest in commercial real estate, printing, promotional products and personal protective equipment, since 1965. Mr. Allan has been involved in private business for over 40 years in Atlantic Canada, with ownership in numerous companies ranging from heavy civil construction, equipment parts, protective clothing for mining and offshore personnel as well as commercial and residential real estate development.

Matthew Allas:

Mr. Allas is the President and Chief Executive Officer of Canadian Manganese Company Inc. a reporting issuer listed on the NEO Exchange engaged in the exploration and development of its property to produce specialty manganese metals. Prior to his involvement with Canadian Manganese Company Inc. and its subsidiary, Mr. Allas was an investment banker and investment professional in the natural resource industry where he advised numerous companies on growth and financing strategies. Mr. Allas holds a Bachelor of Arts (Economics, Physics) degree from Mount Allison University.

John van Driesum:

Mr. van Driesum holds a B.A. and LLB with over 25 years of experience as a lawyer in commercial transactions. He has been an officer and director in a number of software, technology, and mining companies over the past 30 years both in North America and through Europe and Oceania.

Audit Committee Oversight

At no time since the commencement of the Company's most recently completed financial year was a recommendation of the Audit Committee to nominate or compensate an external auditor not adopted by the Board.

Reliance on Certain Exemptions

At no time since the commencement of the Company's most recently completed financial year has the Company relied on the exemption in Section 2.4 of NI 52-110 (De Minimis Non-audit Services) or an exemption from NI 52-110, in whole or in part, granted under Part 8 of NI 52-110 (Exemption).

Pre-Approval Policies and Procedures

The Audit Committee had adopted specific policies and procedures for the engagement of non-audit services as described in the terms of reference of the Audit Committee attached hereto as Appendix "A" under the heading "External Auditors".

External Auditor Service Fees

The aggregate fees billed by the Company's external auditors in each of the last two (2) fiscal years for audit and other fees are as follows:

Financial Year Ending	Audit Fees (\$) ⁽¹⁾	Audit Related Fees (\$)(2)	Tax Fees (\$) ⁽³⁾	All Other Fees (\$) ⁽⁴⁾
2021	\$104,450	Nil	Nil	\$7,500
2020	\$12,000	Nil	Nil	Nil

Notes:

- (1) Audit fees include fees necessary to perform the annual audit and quarterly reviews of the Company's consolidated financial statements. Audit fees include fees for review of tax provisions and for accounting consultations on matters reflected in the financial statements. Audit fees also include audit or other attest services required by legislation or regulation, such as comfort letters, consents, reviews of securities filings and statutory audits.
- (2) Audit-related fees include services that are traditionally performed by the auditor. These audit-related services include employee benefit audits, due diligence assistance, accounting consultations on proposed transactions, internal control reviews and audit or attest services not required by legislation or regulation.
- (3) Tax fees include fees for all tax services other than those included in audit fees and audit-related fees. This category includes fees for tax compliance, tax planning and tax advice.
- (4) All other fees include fees for products and services provided by the Auditor, other than the services reported above.
- (5) The fees for 2021 include fees charged by the Company's auditors as well as those of Spark Minerals Inc. (\$22,000 for the Company and \$82,450 for Spark Minerals Inc.).

Exemption

As a result of the fact that the Audit Committee had one non-independent member during fiscal 2021, the Company has relied upon the exemption in section 6.1 of National Instrument 52-110 – *Audit Committees* ("NI 52-110") in respect of the requirements in section 3.1 of NI 52-110 for all members of an audit committee to be independent. Furthermore, as the Company is not required to prepare an Annual Information Form, the Company has relied on the exemption in section 6.1 of NI 52-110 in respect of the requirement set forth in section 5.2 of NI 52-110.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Corporate governance relates to the activities of the Board, the members of which are elected by and are accountable to the Shareholders, and takes into account the role of the individual members of management who are appointed by the Board and who are charged with the day to day management of the Company. The Board is committed to sound corporate governance practices, which are both in the interest of the Shareholders and contribute to effective and efficient decision making.

Pursuant to National Instrument 58-101 – *Disclosure of Corporate Governance Practices* ("**NI 58-101**"), the Company is required to disclose its corporate governance practices as summarized below.

Board of Directors

The Board is currently comprised of six directors, Terence Coughlan, Steve Cummings, John Allan, Matthew Allas, Gerasimos (Gerry) Sklavounos Jr. and John van Driesum.

John Allan, Matthew Allas and Gerasimos (Gerry) Sklavounos Jr. are independent directors of the Company and have no ongoing interest or relationship with the Company other than their security holdings in the Company and serving as directors.

Terence Coughlan, the President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company and Steve Cummings, the Chief Financial Officer of the Company is a member of management and, as a result, are not independent directors. John van Driesum, the former President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company was a member of management in the past three years and as a result, is not an independent director. The Board is responsible for determining whether a director is an independent director.

National Policy 58-201 – *Corporate Governance Guidelines* suggests that the Board of a public Company should be constituted with a majority of individuals who qualify as "independent" directors. An "independent" director is a director who has no direct or indirect material relationship with the Company. A material relationship is a relationship which could, in the view of the Board, reasonably interfere with the exercise of a director's independent judgement.

Committees

As at the date of this Circular, there are two standing committees of the Board; namely: (i) the Audit Committee; and (ii) the Compensation Committee. Details regarding the audit committee are set forth above under the heading "Audit Committee".

The mandate of the Compensation Committee includes reviewing the compensation arrangements for the Company's senior executives, reviewing and approving the responsibilities of, and related performance criteria for, the senior executives as well as their long-term and short-term incentive compensation targets and assessing their performance against such criteria and targets. The Compensation Committee is comprised of John van Driesum (Chairman), John Allan and Matthew Allas.

Directorships

The following directors of the Company are directors of other reporting issuers:

Director	Other Reporting Issuers	
Matthew Allas	Canadian Manganese Company Inc.	
Terence Coughlan	Gander Gold Corporation	
	Sassy Resources Corporation	

Steve Cummings	Medmira Inc.
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Orientation and Continuing Education

At present, each new director is given an outline of the nature of the Company's business, its corporate strategy, and current issues with the Company along with a description of the committees constituted by the Board. New directors are also expected to be required to meet with management of the Company to discuss and better understand the Company's business and will be advised by counsel to the Company of their legal obligations as directors of the Company. The introduction and education process will be reviewed on an annual basis by the Board and will be revised as necessary.

Ethical Business Conduct

The Board has found that the fiduciary duties placed on individual directors by the Company's governing corporate legislation and the common law and the restrictions placed by applicable corporate legislation on an individual director's participation in decisions of the Board in which the director has an interest have been sufficient to ensure that the Board operates independently of management and in the best interests of the Company. The Board has also found that the in camera sessions of the independent directors held in conjunction with Board meetings also help to ensure that directors exercise independent judgement in considering transactions and agreements.

Under corporate legislation, a director is required to act honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the Company and exercise the care, diligence and skill that a reasonably prudent person would exercise in comparable circumstances. In addition, as some of the directors of the Company also serve as directors and officers of other companies engaged in similar business activities, directors must comply with the conflict of interest provisions of the BCBCA (as defined below), as well as the relevant securities regulatory instruments, in order to ensure that directors exercise independent judgment in considering transactions and agreements in respect of which a director or officer has a material interest. Any interested director would be required to declare the nature and extent of his interest and would not be entitled to vote at meetings of directors which evoke such a conflict.

Nomination of Directors

The Board presently seeks and determines new nominees to the Board, although no formal process has been adopted. The nominees are generally the result of recruitment efforts by the Board members, including both formal and informal discussions among the Board members and officers.

Compensation

The remuneration of the directors and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company will be set and periodically reviewed by the Board.

The Board is responsible for reviewing and approving corporate goals and objectives relevant to Chief Executive Officer and director performance and will evaluate performance to determine compensation. See "Executive Compensation" and "Director Compensation".

Assessments

The Board has not implemented a process for assessing its effectiveness. As a result of the Company's size, its stage of development and the limited number of individuals on the Board, the Board has considered a formal assessment process to be inappropriate at this time.

PARTICULARS OF MATTERS TO BE ACTED UPON

To the knowledge of the Board, the only matters to be brought before the Meeting are those matters set forth in the accompanying Notice of Meeting.

1. Report and Financial Statements

The Board has approved all of the information in the audited financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended December 31, 2021 and the report of the auditor thereon, copies of which are delivered herewith and are also available on www.sedar.com under the Company's SEDAR profile. No vote by the Shareholders is required to be taken on the financial statements.

2. <u>Fix Number of Directors to be Elected at the Meeting</u>

Shareholders of the Company will be asked to consider and, if thought appropriate, to approve and adopt an ordinary resolution fixing the number of directors to be elected at the Meeting. In order to be effective, an ordinary resolution requires the approval of a majority of the votes cast by Shareholders who vote in respect of the resolution.

At the Meeting, it will be proposed that seven directors be elected to hold office until the next annual general meeting or until their successors are elected or appointed. Unless otherwise directed, it is the intention of the Management Designees, if named as proxy, to vote in favour of the ordinary resolution fixing the number of directors to be elected at the Meeting at seven.

3. Election of Directors

The following table sets forth the name of each of the persons proposed to be nominated for election as a director, all positions and offices in the Company presently held by such nominee, the nominee's municipality of residence, principal occupation at the present and during the preceding five years, the period during which the nominee has served as a director, and the number and percentage of Common Shares that the nominee has advised are beneficially owned by the nominee, directly or indirectly, or over which control or direction is exercised, as of the Effective Date.

Unless otherwise directed, it is the intention of the Management Designees, if named as proxy, to vote for the election of the persons named in the following table to the Board. Management does not contemplate that any of such nominees will be unable to serve as directors; however, if for any reason any of the proposed nominees do not stand for election or are unable to serve as such, proxies held by Management Designees will be voted for another nominee in their discretion unless the shareholder has specified in his form of proxy that his Common Shares are to be withheld from voting in the election of directors. Each director elected will hold office until the next annual general meeting of Shareholders or until his successor is duly elected, unless his office is earlier vacated in accordance with the by-laws of the Company or the provisions of the Business Corporations Act (British Columbia) to which the Company is subject.

The information below as to the number of shares of the Company beneficially owned by the proposed nominees, not being within the knowledge of the Company, has been furnished by the respective persons individually.

Name, Municipality of Residence, Office and Date Became a Director	Present Occupation	Number of Common Shares beneficially owned, or controlled or directed, directly or indirectly
Matthew Allas ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ Ontario, Canada Director since November 10, 2021	President and CEO of Canadian Manganese Company Inc.	1,000,000
Terence Coughlan, Nova Scotia, Canada Director since November 10, 2021	President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company	930,000
Steve Cummings Nova Scotia, Canada Director since November 10, 2021	Chief Financial Officer of the Company and founder of Cambridge Financial Services	Nil
John Allan, Director ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ Newfoundland & Labrador Director since November 10, 2021	Independent Businessman	Nil
Gerasimos (Gerry) Sklavounos Jr. Montreal, Québec Director since November 10, 2021	Consultant	Nil
John van Driesum ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ Victoria, BC, Canada Chief Executive Officer, Director since January 16, 2019	Consultant to businesses and individuals regarding commercialization of business opportunities and planning for or remediation of problems related to capitalization, corporate structure and governance and governmental licensing and oversight requirements.	100,000
David N. Alward Riceville, NB, Canada Director Nominee	President, PDM Strategies Inc., providing advisory services in areas including government and community relations, and strategic planning and development with business, industry and academic institutions.	Nil

Notes:

- (1) Member of the Audit Committee
- (2) Member of the Compensation Committee

Biographical Information

Biographical information for each of the nominees other than Mr. Alward can be found in previous information circulars of the Company. Prior to his current role with PDM Strategies Inc., Mr. Alward was a Member of the New Brunswick Legislative Assembly from June 1999 to May 2015, in addition Mr. Alward served as the 32nd Premier of New Brunswick from October 2010 to October 2014. From May 2015 to November 2020, Mr. Alward served as Consul General of Canada in New England. As Canada's senior diplomat in the region, he was responsible for Canada's relationship and outreach with the New England Congressional delegation, Governors and their administrations, State Houses, senior business leaders, business organizations, academia, and NGO's. As part of this role, Dave worked closely with Canadian counterparts both Federally and Provincially. Throughout his time in New England, Dave served under two Canadian Prime Ministers, during a period of great political and global health and safety turmoil. In spite of the complex and polarized climate, he played an active role in achieving positive results for Canada. Some of these accomplishments included; (i) Re-negotiation of NAFTA; (ii) Removal of Steel and Aluminum Tariffs; (iii) Canada's outreach on PPE's and COVID-19 vaccines; and (iv) Numerous Energy and Climate Change-related legislation and projects.

Cease Trade Orders or Bankruptcies

To the best of the Company's knowledge, no proposed director is, as at the Effective Date, or has been within the 10 years before the Effective Date, a director or executive officer of any company (including Mongoose), that:

- (a) was subject to: (i) a cease trade order, (ii) an order similar to a cease trade order, or (iii) an order that denied the relevant company access to any exemption under securities legislation, that was in effect for a period of more than 30 consecutive days (collectively, an "Order"), that was issued while the director or executive officer was acting in the capacity as director, chief executive officer or chief financial officer; or
- (b) was subject to an Order that was issued after the proposed director ceased to be a director, chief executive officer or chief financial officer and which resulted from an event that occurred while that person was acting in the capacity as director, chief executive officer or chief financial officer.

No proposed director, within 10 years before the Effective Date, has been a director or executive officer of any company that, while the proposed director was acting in that capacity, or within a year of the proposed director ceasing to act in that capacity, became bankrupt, made a proposal under any legislation relating to bankruptcy or insolvency or was subject to or instituted any proceedings, arrangement or compromise with creditors or had a receiver, receiver manager or trustee appointed to hold its assets.

Personal Bankruptcies

No proposed director has, within 10 years before the Effective Date, become bankrupt, made a proposal under any legislation relating to bankruptcy or insolvency, or become subject to or instituted any proceedings, arrangement or compromise with creditors, or had a receiver, receiver manager or trustee appointed to hold the assets of such proposed director.

Penalties and Sanctions

To the best of the Company's knowledge, no proposed director has, as at the Effective Date, been subject to:

- (a) any penalties or sanctions imposed by a court relating to securities legislation or by a securities regulatory authority or has entered into a settlement agreement with a securities regulatory authority; or
- (b) any other penalties or sanctions imposed by a court or regulatory body that would likely be considered important to a reasonable securityholder in deciding whether to vote for a proposed director,

other than a settlement agreement entered into before December 31, 2000 that would likely not be important to a reasonable securityholder in deciding whether to vote for a proposed director.

4. Appointment of Auditor

Prior to January 21, 2022, the Company's auditors were MNP LLP, Chartered Accountants. On January 21, 2022, MNP LLP, Chartered Accountants resigned at the request of the Board and the Company appointed McGovern Hurley LLP, as the Company's successor auditors. A copy of the reporting package in connection with the change in auditors, consisting of the Company's Notice of Change of Auditor and response letters from MNP LLP, Chartered Accountants as the former auditor and McGovern Hurley as the successor auditor, is attached as Appendix "B" hereto.

At the Meeting, Shareholders will be asked to approve a resolution appointing McGovern Hurley LLP, as auditor for the Company to hold office until the close of the next annual meeting of the Shareholders, and to authorize the directors to fix their remuneration. The directors recommend that Unitholders vote in favour of the appointment of McGovern Hurley LLP, and the authorization of the directors to fix their remuneration.

Unless directed otherwise by a proxy holder, or such authority is withheld, the Management Designees, if named as proxy, intend to vote the Common Shares represented by any such proxy in favor of a resolution appointing McGovern Hurley LLP, as auditor of the Company for the next ensuing year, to hold office until the close of the next annual general meeting of Shareholders or until the firm of McGovern Hurley LLP is removed from office or resigns as provided by the Company's by-laws, and the Management Designees also intend to vote the Common Shares represented by any such proxy in favor of a resolution authorizing the Board to fix the compensation of the auditor.

5. Continuance to Ontario/By-Law No. 1

Management of the Company believes it to be in the best interests of the Company to continue the Company into the governing jurisdiction of the Province of Ontario for corporate and administrative reasons The Company is seeking shareholder approval at the Meeting to consider and, if deemed advisable, approve a special resolution authorizing the Board, in its sole discretion, to apply for continuance out of the Province of British Columbia under the provisions of the *Business Corporations Act* (British Columbia) (the "BCBCA") into the Province of Ontario under the provisions of the *Business Corporations Act* (Ontario) (the "OBCA") (the "Continuance") and to adopt new By-Laws in accordance with the OBCA relating generally to the conduct of the business and affairs of the Company under the OBCA ("By-Law No. 1").

Introduction

The Company is currently incorporated under the BCBCA. The Company's board of directors proposes to continue the Company out of British Columbia and into Ontario under the OBCA. The Continuance, if approved, will effect a change in the legal domicile of the Company as of the effective date and time thereof and will affect certain of the rights of Shareholders as they currently exist under the BCBCA. Management of the Company is of the view that the OBCA will provide to shareholders substantively the same rights as are available to shareholders under the BCBCA, including rights of dissent and appraisal and rights to bring derivative actions and oppression actions, and is consistent with corporate legislation in most other Canadian jurisdictions, and that Shareholders will not be adversely affected by the Continuance.

Upon the Continuance becoming effective, Shareholders will continue to hold one common share of the Company for each Common Share currently held. The principal attributes of the Common Shares after the Continuance will be identical to the corresponding shares of the Company prior to the Continuance other than differences in shareholders' rights under the OBCA and the BCBCA. The directors and officers of the Company immediately following the Continuance will be identical to the directors and officers of the Company immediately prior to the Continuance. As of the effective date of the Continuance, the election, duties, resignations and removal of the Company's directors and officers shall be governed by the OBCA, the proposed Articles of Continuance under the OBCA, and the By-laws to be adopted by the directors following the continuance. The new by-laws will replace the current articles of the Company.

Procedure

Under the BCBCA, in order to affect the Continuance of the Company from British Columbia into Ontario, the Company must obtain the approval of its Shareholders by way of special resolution under the BCBCA, being a resolution passed by not less than two-thirds of the votes cast in person or by proxy at the Meeting.

The Company must also make a written application to the Registrar of Companies appointed under the BCBCA (the "Registrar of Companies") for consent to continue. If the Continuance Resolution is approved

at the Meeting, it is proposed the Company shall apply to and file all necessary documentation with the Registrar of Companies for authorization to continue into Ontario. Immediately following receipt of the authorization of the Registrar of Companies, it is proposed that the Company shall apply for a Certificate of Continuance and file Articles of Continuance under the OBCA to continue the Company into Ontario. Upon the issuance of a Certificate of Continuance by the Director appointed under the OBCA (the "**Director**"), the Continuance will become effective, whereupon the Company will become subject to the OBCA, as if it had been incorporated under the OBCA, and the Articles of Continuance will be deemed to be the articles of incorporation of the Company.

The Articles of Continuance will constitute the governing instrument of the continued Company under the OBCA and the Certificate of Continuance issued by the Director will be deemed to be the certificate of incorporation of the continued Company. Upon the Articles of Continuance becoming effective, the Company becomes a corporation to which the OBCA applies as if it had been incorporated under the OBCA. Notwithstanding the Continuance of the Company from British Columbia into Ontario, the BCBCA and the OBCA provide that all the rights of creditors of the Company against the Company's property, rights and assets and all liens on the Company's property, rights and assets are unimpaired by the Continuance. All debts, contracts, liabilities and duties of the Company continue to attach to the Company upon being continued under the OBCA and continue to be enforceable against it as if the Company had remained incorporated under the BCBCA as well as any existing cause of action, claim or legal proceeding against the Company. Notwithstanding the approval of the Continuance by special resolution of the Shareholders of the Company, the Board may, without further approval by the Company's Shareholders, abandon the application for the Continuance of the Company under the OBCA at any time prior to the issue of a certificate of continuance.

Continuance – Corporate Governance Differences

In general terms, the OBCA provides to shareholders substantively the same rights as are available to shareholders under the BCBCA, including rights of dissent and appraisal and rights to bring derivative actions and oppression actions, and is consistent with corporate legislation in most other Canadian jurisdictions. There are, however, important differences concerning the qualifications of directors, location of shareholder meetings and certain shareholder remedies. The following is a summary comparison of certain provisions and the highlights of the BCBCA and the OBCA which pertain to rights of Shareholders. This summary is not intended to be exhaustive and Shareholders should consult their legal advisers regarding all of the implications of the Continuance.

Charter Documents

Under the OBCA, the charter documents will consist of Articles of Continuance, which set forth, among other things, the name of the corporation and the amount and type of authorized capital, and By-laws, which govern the management of the Company following the Continuance. The Articles and the By-laws are kept at the Company's registered office, or such other place in Ontario designated by the directors. Under the BCBCA, the charter documents consist of a Notice of Articles, which sets forth the name of the corporation and the amount and authorized share structure, and Articles, which govern the management of the Company. The Notice of Articles is filed with the Registrar of Companies while the Articles are kept at the Company's records office. The Continuance to Ontario and the adoption of the Articles of Continuance and By-laws will not result in any substantive changes to the constitution, powers or management of the Company, except as otherwise described herein.

Amendments to Charter Documents

Under the OBCA, certain fundamental changes require a special resolution passed by not less than two-thirds of the votes cast by the shareholders voting on the resolution authorizing the alteration at a special meeting of shareholders, and, in certain instances, where the rights of the holders of a class or series of shares are affected differently by the alteration than those of the holders of other classes or series of shares, a special resolution

passed by not less than two-thirds of the votes cast by the holders of shares of each class or series so affected, whether or not they are otherwise entitled to vote. Authorization to amalgamate an OBCA corporation requires that a special resolution in respect of the amalgamation be passed by the holders of each class or series of shares entitled to vote thereon. The holders of a class or series of shares of an amalgamating corporation, whether or not they are otherwise entitled to vote, are entitled to vote separately as a class or series in respect of an amalgamation if the amalgamation agreement contains a provision that, if contained in a proposed amendment to the Articles, would entitle such holders to vote separately as a class or series under Section 170 of the OBCA.

Any substantive change to the charter documents of a corporation under the BCBCA, such as an alteration of the restrictions, if any, on the business carried on by a corporation, a change in the name of a corporation, an increase, reduction or elimination of the maximum number of shares that the corporation is authorized to issue out of any class or series of shares, an alteration of the special rights and restrictions attached to issued shares or continuance of a corporation out of the jurisdiction requires a resolution of the type specified in its Articles. If the Articles do not specify the type of resolution, a special resolution passed by the majority of votes that the Articles of the corporation specify is required, if that specified majority is at least two thirds and not more than three quarters of the votes cast on the resolution or, if the Articles do not contain such a provision, a special resolution passed by at least two thirds of the votes cast on the resolution. Other fundamental changes such as a proposed amalgamation or arrangement require a similar special resolution passed by holders of shares of each class entitled to vote at a general meeting of the corporation and the holders of all classes of shares adversely affected by such changes.

Sale of Undertaking

The OBCA requires approval by not less than two-thirds of the votes cast upon a special resolution at a duly called special meeting for a sale, lease or exchange of all or substantially all of the property of the corporation (other than in the ordinary course of business of the corporation). Holders of a class or series of shares, otherwise not entitled to vote, may vote separately only if the sale, lease or exchange would affect a particular class or series in a manner different from the shares of another class or series entitled to vote.

Under the BCBCA, a corporation may sell, lease or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of the undertaking (as opposed to 'property' under the OBCA) of the corporation if it does so in the ordinary course of its business or if it has been authorized to do so by a special resolution passed by the majority of votes that the Articles of the corporation specify is required, if that specified majority is at least two-thirds and not more than three-quarters of the votes cast on the resolution or, if the Articles do not contain such a provision, a special resolution passed by at least two-thirds of the votes cast on the resolution.

Rights of Dissent and Appraisal

The OBCA provides that shareholders who dissent to certain actions being taken by a corporation may exercise a right of dissent and require the corporation to purchase the shares held by such shareholder at the fair value of such shares. The dissent right is applicable in respect of:

- (a) a resolution to amend its Articles to add, remove or change restrictions on the issue, transfer or ownership of shares of a class or series of the shares of the corporation;
- (b) a resolution to amend its Articles to add, remove or change any restriction upon the business or businesses that the corporation may carry on or upon the powers that the corporation may exercise:
- (c) a resolution to amalgamate with another corporation;
- (d) a resolution to be continued under the laws of another jurisdiction; or

(e) a resolution to sell, lease or exchange all or substantially all the corporation's property.

Although the procedure under BCBCA for exercising rights of dissent differs from the procedure under the OBCA, the BCBCA still provides that shareholders who dissent to certain actions being taken by the Company may exercise a right of dissent and require the Company to purchase the shares held by such shareholder at the fair value of such shares. A shareholder is entitled to dissent in respect of:

- (a) a resolution to alter the Company's Articles to alter restrictions on the powers of the Company or on the business that the Company is permitted to carry on;
- (b) a resolution to adopt an amalgamation agreement;
- (c) a resolution to adopt a resolution to approve an amalgamation into a foreign jurisdiction;
- (d) a resolution to approve an arrangement, the terms of which arrangement permit dissent;
- (e) a resolution to authorize or ratify the sale, lease or other disposition of all or substantially all of the Company's undertaking;
- (f) a resolution to continue into a jurisdiction other than British Columbia;
- (g) any other resolution, if dissent is authorized by the resolution; or
- (h) any court order that permits dissent.

Oppression Remedies

Under the OBCA, a registered shareholder, former registered shareholder, beneficial owner of shares, former beneficial owner of shares, director, former director, officer, former officer of a corporation or any of its affiliates, or any other person who, in the discretion of a court, is a proper person to seek an oppression remedy may apply to a court for an order to rectify the matters complained of where, in respect of a corporation or any of its affiliates:

- (a) any act or omission of the corporation or its affiliates effects, or threatens to effect, a result;
- (b) the business or affairs of the corporation or its affiliates are, or have been or are threatened to be carried on or conducted in a manner; or
- (c) the powers of the directors of the corporation or any of its affiliates are, have been or are threatened to be exercised in a manner, that is oppressive or unfairly prejudicial to or that unfairly disregards the interests of, any security holder, creditor, director or officer.

The OBCA contains rights that are substantially broader in that they are available to a larger class of complainants than the BCBCA. Under the BCBCA, a shareholder of a corporation has the right to apply to court on the ground that:

- (a) the affairs of the corporation are being or have been conducted, or that the powers of the directors are being or have been exercised, in a manner oppressive to one or more of the shareholders, including the applicant, or
- (b) some act of the corporation has been done or is threatened, or that some resolution of the shareholders or of the shareholders holding shares of a class or series of shares has been

passed or is proposed, that is unfairly prejudicial to one or more of the shareholders, including the applicant.

On such an application, the court may make such order as it sees fit including an order to prohibit any act proposed by the corporation.

Shareholder Derivative Actions

Under the BCBCA, a shareholder, which, for the purpose of derivative actions, includes a beneficial shareholder or any person whom the court considers to be an appropriate person to an application, or a director of a corporation may, with leave of the court, bring an action in the name and on behalf of the corporation to enforce a right, duty or obligation owed to the corporation that could be enforced by the corporation itself or to obtain damages for any breach of such a right, duty or obligation. A broader right to bring a derivative action is contained in the OBCA, and this right extends also to registered shareholders, former registered shareholders, beneficial owners of shares, former beneficial owners of shares, directors, former directors, officers and former officers of a corporation or any of its affiliates, and any person who, in the discretion of the court, is a proper person to make an application to court to bring a derivative action. In addition, the OBCA permits derivative actions to be commenced in the name and on behalf of a corporation or any of its subsidiaries.

Requisition of Meetings

The OBCA provides that shareholders of a corporation holding not less than 5% of the issued voting shares of a corporation may give notice to the directors requiring them to call and hold a meeting.

The BCBCA provides that shareholders of a corporation holding at least 5% of the issued voting shares of the corporation may requisition a general meeting for the purpose of transacting any business that may be transacted at a general meeting. The directors are required to call a general meeting to be held within 4 months after the receipt of the requisition. If the directors do not, within 21 days of receipt of the requisition, send notice of a general meeting, the requisitioning shareholders holding more than 2.5% of the issued voting shares may send notice of a general meeting to be held to transact the business stated in the requisition.

Place of Meetings

Subject to the Articles or any unanimous shareholder agreement, the OBCA permits meetings of shareholders to be held inside or outside Ontario as the directors determine, or in the absence of such a determination, at the place where the registered office of the corporation is located. Under the BCBCA, meetings of shareholders are required to be held in British Columbia unless:

- (a) location outside of British Columbia is provided for in the Articles;
- (b) the Articles do not restrict the corporation from approving a location outside of British Columbia, the location is approved by the resolution required by the Articles for that purpose (in the case of the Company, the location may be approved by directors' resolution), or if no resolution is specified then approved by ordinary resolution before the meeting is held; or
- (c) the location for the meeting is approved in writing by the Registrar of Companies before the meeting is held.

Directors

The OBCA and BCBCA both provide that a public corporation must have a minimum of three directors. The OBCA does not have a provincial residency requirement for directors (although at least 25% must be resident Canadians) and the BCBCA has neither Canadian nor provincial residency requirements for directors.

Shareholders' Rights of Dissent in Respect of the Continuance

The following is a summary of the operation of the provisions of the BCBCA relating to a registered Shareholder's dissent and appraisal rights in respect of the Continuance. Such summary is not a comprehensive statement of the procedures to be followed by a Shareholder who seeks such dissent and appraisal rights and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the full text of Part 8, Division 2 of the BCBCA which is attached to this Circular as Appendix C. Any registered Shareholder considering the exercise of the right of dissent should seek legal advice, since failure to comply strictly with the provisions of the BCBCA may prejudice the registered Shareholder's right of dissent. Persons who are beneficial owners of Shares registered in the name of a broker, custodian, nominee or other intermediary who wish to dissent should be aware that only the registered holders of such shares are entitled to dissent. Accordingly, a beneficial owner of Shares desiring to exercise the right of dissent must make arrangements for the Shares beneficially owned to be registered in their name prior to the time the written objection to the Continuance resolution is required to be received by the Company or, alternatively, make arrangements for the registered holder of such shares to dissent on their behalf.

Pursuant to Section 238 of the BCBCA, any shareholder who dissents from the Continuance resolution (a "Continuance Dissenting Shareholder") in compliance with Sections 237 to 247 of the BCBCA will be entitled to be paid by the Company the fair value of the Shares held by such Continuance Dissenting Shareholder determined as at the point in time immediately before the passing of the Continuance resolution. A Continuance Dissenting Shareholder must dissent with respect to all Shares in which the holder owns a beneficial interest.

The filing of a notice of dissent deprives a Continuance Dissenting Shareholder of the right to vote at the Meeting, except if such Continuance Dissenting Shareholder ceases to be a Continuance Dissenting Shareholder in accordance with the Continuance Dissent Rights. For greater certainty, a shareholder who wishes to exercise the Continuance Dissent Rights may not vote in favour of the Continuance. A shareholder who wishes to dissent must deliver written notice of dissent to the Company at its registered office, which is 595 Howe Street, 10th Floor, Vancouver, British Columbia V6C 2T5 at least two days before the date on which the Continuance resolution is to be voted upon and such notice of dissent must strictly comply with the requirements of Section 242 of the BCBCA.

In particular, the written notice of dissent must set out the number of Shares in respect of which the notice of dissent is to be sent and:

- (a) if such Shares constitute all of the Shares of which the shareholder is the registered and beneficial owner, a statement to that effect;
- (b) if such Shares constitute all of the Shares of which the shareholder is both the registered and beneficial owner but if the shareholder owns additional Shares beneficially, a statement to that effect and the names of the registered shareholders, the number of Shares held by such registered owners and a statement that written notices of dissent have or will be sent with respect to such shares; or
- (c) if the dissent rights are being exercised by a registered owner who is not the beneficial owner of such Shares, a statement to that effect and the name of the beneficial owner and a statement that the registered owner is dissenting with respect to all Shares of the beneficial owner registered in such registered owner's name.

The Company is required promptly after the later of (i) the date on which the Company forms the intention to proceed with the Continuance; and (ii) the date on which the written notice of dissent was received, to notify each Continuance Dissenting Shareholder of its intention to act on the Continuance. Upon receipt of such notification, each Continuance Dissenting Shareholder is then required, if the Continuance Dissenting

Shareholder wishes to proceed with the dissent, within one month after the date of such notice to send to the Company (a) a written statement that the Continuance Dissenting Shareholder requires the Company to purchase all of its Shares; (b) the certificates representing such Shares; and (c) if the dissent right is being exercised by the Continuance Dissenting Shareholder on behalf of a beneficial owner who is not the Continuance Dissenting Shareholder, a statement signed by the beneficial owner which sets out whether the beneficial owner is the beneficial owner of other Shares, and if so, (i) the names of the registered owners of such Shares; (ii) the number of such Shares; and (iii) that dissent is being exercised in respect of such Shares. A shareholder who fails to send the Company, within the required time frame, the written statements described above and the certificates representing the Shares in respect of which the Continuance Dissenting Shareholder dissents, forfeits the shareholder's right to dissent.

On sending the required documentation to the Company, the fair value for a Continuance Dissenting Shareholder's Shares will be determined as follows:

- (a) if the Company and a Continuance Dissenting Shareholder agree on the fair value of the Shares, then the Company must promptly pay that amount to the Continuance Dissenting Shareholder or promptly send notice to the Continuance Dissenting Shareholder that the Company is lawfully unable to pay the Continuance Dissenting Shareholders for their Shares; or
- (b) if a Continuance Dissenting Shareholder and the Company are unable to agree on a fair value, the Continuance Dissenting Shareholder may apply to the Supreme Court of British Columbia to determine the fair value of the Shares, and the Company must pay to the Continuance Dissenting Shareholder the fair value determined by such Court or promptly send notice to the Continuance Dissenting Shareholder that the Company is lawfully unable to pay the Continuance Dissenting Shareholders for their Shares.

The Company will be lawfully unable to pay the Continuance Dissenting Shareholder the fair value of their Shares if the Company is insolvent or would be rendered insolvent by making the payment to the Continuance Dissenting Shareholder. In such event, Continuance Dissenting Shareholders will have 30 days to elect to either (a) withdraw their dissent or (b) retain their status as a claimant and be paid as soon as the Company is lawfully able to do so or, in a liquidation, be ranked subordinate to its creditors but in priority to its shareholders.

If the Continuance is not implemented for any reason, Continuance Dissenting Shareholders will not be entitled to be paid the fair value for their Shares and the Continuance Dissenting Shareholders will be entitled to the return of any Share certificates delivered to the Company in connection with the exercise of the Continuance Dissent Rights.

The discussion above is only a summary of the Continuance dissent rights which are technical and complex. A Shareholder who intends to exercise Continuance dissent rights should carefully consider and comply with the provisions of Sections 237 to 247 of the BCBCA. Persons who are beneficial owners of Shares registered in the name of an intermediary such as a broker, custodian, nominee, other intermediary, or in some other name, who wish to dissent should be aware that only the registered owner of such shares is entitled to dissent. It is suggested that any shareholder wishing to avail himself or herself of the Continuance dissent rights seek his or her own legal advice as failure to comply strictly with the applicable provisions of the BCBCA may prejudice the availability of such dissent rights. Continuance Dissenting Shareholders should note that the exercise of dissent rights can be a complex, time-consuming and expensive process.

By-Law No. 1

The Corporation's By-Law No. 1 was adopted by Board resolution on May 9, 2022, the form of which is attached as Appendix "D" to this Circular. By-Law No. 1 relates generally to the regulation of business and

affairs of the Company, and which By-Law includes advance notice of nominations of directors in circumstances where nominations of persons for election to the Board are made by shareholders other than pursuant to a requisition of a meeting made pursuant to the provisions of the OBCA or a shareholder proposal made pursuant to the provisions of the OBCA.

Under the provisions of the OBCA, adoption of a new set of by-laws is required to be submitted to shareholders for confirmation, rejection or amendment by special resolution. If the proposed By-Law No. 1 is not ratified and confirmed by shareholders at the Meeting, the Company will continue with its current BCBCA Articles that is currently in full force and effect.

The Continuance/ By-Law No. 1 resolution must be approved by a special resolution in order to become effective. To pass, a special resolution requires a majority of not less than two-thirds of the votes cast by the shareholders present at the Meeting in person or by proxy.

Even if the Continuance is approved, the Board retains the power to revoke it at all times without any further approval by the shareholders. The Board will only exercise such power in the event that it is in its opinion, in the best interest of the Company. For example, if a significant number of shareholders dissent in respect of the Continuance, the Board may determine not to proceed with the Continuance.

Continuance/By-Law No.1 Resolution

The Shareholders are being asked to pass the following special resolution, with or without variation, to the below resolution transferring the Company's jurisdiction of incorporation from the jurisdiction of British Columbia to the jurisdiction of Ontario and to ratify, confirm and approve the adoption of By-Law No. 1, as follows:

"RESOLVED, as a special resolution, that:

- 1. the Company be authorized to make application the Registrar of Companies of British Columbia for the issuance of a consent to file Articles of Continuance of the Company with the Director of the Business Corporations Act (Ontario) ("OBCA") to continue the Company as if it had been incorporated under the OBCA and to make application to the Registrar of Companies in British Columbia for the issuance of a Certificate of Discontinuance:
- 2. the Company be authorized to file Articles of Continuance with the Director of the OBCA to continue the Company under the OBCA;
- 3. By-Law No. 1 relating generally to the conduct of the business and affairs of the Corporation under the OBCA, in the form attached as Appendix "D" to the Company's Information Circular for the Company's June 14, 2022 annual general and special meeting be and is hereby ratified, confirmed and adopted as tabled at the Meeting, with such non-material amendments as the directors may approve, and that such By-Law No. 1 not take effect until the Continuance Application and Notice of Articles are filed with the Director in Ontario:
- 4. subject to the issuance of such Certificate of Continuance and without affecting the validity of the Company and the existence of the Company by or under its Notice of Articles and Articles and any act done thereunder, effective upon issuance of the Certificate of Continuance, the Company shall adopt Articles of Continuance forming part of the said application for continuance in substitution for the Notice of Articles of the Company;
- 5. subject to the completion of the Continuance, and pursuant to section 125(3) of the OBCA, the directors of the Company are hereby empowered to determine from time to time the number of

directors of the Company and the number of directors to be elected at each annual meeting of shareholders;

- 6. any director or officer of the Company is hereby authorized and directed to execute and deliver all such documents and to do all such other acts and things as such director or officer may determine to be necessary or advisable in connection with such continuance (including, without limitation, the execution and delivery of such articles of continuance and of certificates or other assurances that such continuance will not adversely affect creditors or shareholders of the Company), the execution of such document or the doing of any such other act or thing by any director or officer of the Company being conclusive evidence of such determination;
- 7. notwithstanding that this special resolution has been duly passed by the Shareholders of the Company, the directors of the Company be, and they hereby are, authorized and empowered to revoke this special resolution at any time before it is acted on and to determine not to proceed with the continuance of the Company under the OBCA without further approval of the Shareholders of the Company or to receive the fair value thereof."

Upon the Continuance, the Company's current Articles will be repealed and the By-Law No. 1 will be adopted. There are many differences between the form of the current Articles and the proposed By-Law No. 1. A number of these changes reflect the increased flexibility afforded to companies under the OBCA as compared with those governed by the BCBCA. In certain cases, provisions contained in the Company's current Articles which deal with matters which will, following the Continuance, be dealt with in the OBCA or applicable securities legislation, rules and policies, will not be contained in the new By-Law No. 1. As well, certain provisions in the Company's current Articles that reflect the provisions of the BCBCA will be retained in By-Law No. 1, but will be altered as required to reflect the provisions of the OBCA.

The Board has concluded that the Continuance is in the best interests of the Company and its Shareholders. Accordingly, the Board unanimously recommends that the Shareholders approve the Continuance/By-Law No. 1 Resolution, by voting in favour of the Continuance/By-Law No. 1 Resolution at the Meeting.

OTHER BUSINESS

While there is no other business other than that business mentioned in the Notice of Meeting to be presented for action by the Shareholders at the Meeting, it is intended that the proxies hereby solicited will be exercised upon any other matters and proposals that may properly come before the Meeting or any adjournment or adjournments thereof, in accordance with the discretion of the persons authorized to act thereunder.

GENERAL

Unless otherwise directed, it is management's intention to vote proxies in favour of the resolutions set forth herein. All ordinary resolutions require, for the passing of the same, a simple majority of the votes cast at the Meeting by the holders of Common Shares. All special resolutions, if any, to be brought before the Meeting require, for the passing of the same, a two-thirds majority of the votes cast at the Meeting by the holders of Common Shares. All approvals by disinterested Shareholders, if any, require the approval of the Shareholders not affected by, or interested in, the matter to be approved.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information relating to the Company is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com. Financial information of the Company's most recently completed financial year is provided in the Company's comparative financial statements and management discussion and analysis available on SEDAR. A shareholder may contact the Company at Suite 3000, 77 King Street West, TD Centre North Tower, P.O. Box 95, Toronto,

Ontario M5K 1G8, Attn: Chief Financial Officer to obtain a copy of the Company's most recent financial statements and management discussion and analysis.

BOARD APPROVAL

The contents and the sending of this Circular have been approved by the Board.

DATED this 9th day of May, 2022.

Appendix "A" Audit Committee Charter

MONGOOSE MINING LTD. (the "CORPORATION")

1. Role and Objective

The Audit Committee (the "Committee") is a committee of the Board of Directors (the "Board") of the Company to which the Board has delegated its responsibility for oversight of the nature and scope of the annual audit, management's reporting on internal accounting standards and practices, financial information and accounting systems and procedures, financial reporting and statements and recommending, for Board of director approval, the audited financial reports and other mandatory disclosure releases containing financial information. The objectives of the Committee, with respect to the Company and its subsidiaries, are as follows:

- to assist directors to meet their responsibilities in respect of the preparation and disclosure of the financial reports of the Company and related matters.
- to provide an open avenue of communication among the Company's auditors, financial and senior management and the Board.
- to ensure the external auditors' independence and review and appraise their performance.
- to increase the credibility and objectivity of financial reports.
- to strengthen the role of the outside directors by facilitating in depth discussions between directors on the Committee, management and external auditors.

2. Composition

The Committee shall be composed of at least three individuals appointed by the Board from amongst its members, all of which members will be independent (within the meaning of National Instrument 52-110 - *Audit Committees* issued by the Canadian Securities Administrators ("NI 52-110")) unless the Board determines to rely on an exemption in NI 52-110. A majority of the individuals must be independent if the Committee is composed of more than three individuals. "Independent" generally means free from any business or other direct or indirect material relationship with the Company that could, in the view of the Board, reasonably interfere with the exercise of the member's independent judgment.

The Secretary to the Board shall act as Secretary of the Committee.

A quorum shall be a majority of the members of the Committee.

All of the members must be financially literate within the meaning of NI 52-110 unless the Board has determined to rely on an exemption in NI 52-110. Being "financially literate" means members have the ability to read and understand a set of financial statements that present a breadth and level of complexity of accounting issues that are generally comparable to the breadth and complexity of issues that can reasonably be expected to be raised by the Company's financial statements.

3. Meetings

The Committee shall meet at least four times per year and/or as deemed appropriate by the Committee Chair. As part of its job to foster open communication, the Committee will meet at least annually with management and the external auditors in separate sessions.

Agendas, with input from management, shall be circulated to Committee members and relevant management personnel along with background information on a timely basis prior to the Committee meetings.

The minutes of the Committee meetings shall accurately record the decisions reached and shall be distributed to the Committee members with copies to the Board, the Chief Financial Officer or such other officer acting in that capacity (the "**CFO**"), and the external auditor.

The Chief Executive Officer and the CFO or their designates shall be available to attend all meetings of the Committee upon the invitation of the Committee.

The Controller, Treasurer and/or such other staff as appropriate shall provide information to the Committee and be available to attend meetings upon invitation by the Committee.

4. Mandate and Responsibilities

To fulfill its responsibilities and duties, the Committee shall:

- annually review this mandate and make recommendations to the Corporate Governance and Compensation Committee as to proposed changes;
- 2) satisfy itself on behalf of the Board with respect to the Company's internal control systems, including, where applicable, relating to derivative instruments:
 - (a) identifying, monitoring and mitigating business risks; and
 - (b) ensuring compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- 3) review the Company's financial reports, MD&A, any annual earnings, interim earnings and press releases before the Company publicly discloses this information and any reports or other financial information (including quarterly financial reports), which are submitted to any governmental body, or to the public, including any certification, report, opinion, or review rendered by the external auditors; the process should include, but not be limited to:
 - (a) reviewing changes in accounting principles, or in their application, which may have a material impact on the current or future years' financial reports;
 - (b) reviewing significant accruals, reserves or other estimates such as the ceiling test calculation:
 - (c) reviewing accounting treatment of unusual or non-recurring transactions;
 - (d) ascertaining compliance with covenants under loan agreements;
 - (e) reviewing financial reporting relating to asset retirement obligations;
 - (f) reviewing disclosure requirements for commitments and contingencies;

- (g) reviewing adjustments raised by the external auditors, whether or not included in the financial reports;
- (h) reviewing unresolved differences between management and the external auditors;
- (i) obtaining explanations of significant variances with comparative reporting periods; and
- (j) determining through inquiry if there are any related party transactions and ensuring the nature and extent of such transactions are properly disclosed;
- 4) review the financial reports and related information included in the circular, management discussion and analysis (MD&A), information circular-proxy statements and annual information forms (AIF), prior to Board approval;
- 5) with respect to the appointment of external auditors by the Board:
 - (a) require the external auditors to report directly to the Committee;
 - (b) review annually the performance of the external auditors who shall be ultimately accountable to the Board and the Committee as representatives of the shareholders of the Company;
 - (c) obtain annually, a formal written statement of external auditors setting forth all relationships between the external auditors and the Company and confirming their independence from the Company;
 - (d) review and discuss with the external auditors any disclosed relationships or services that may impact the objectivity and independence of the external auditors;
 - (e) be directly responsible for overseeing the work of the external auditors engaged for the purpose of issuing an auditors' report or performing other audit, review or attest services for the Company, including the resolution of disagreements between management and the external auditor regarding financial reporting;
 - (f) review management's recommendation for the appointment of external auditors and recommend to the Board appointment of external auditors and the compensation of the external auditors;
 - (g) review the terms of engagement of the external auditors, including the appropriateness and reasonableness of the auditors' fees;
 - (h) when there is to be a change in auditors, review the issues related to the change and the information to be included in the required notice to securities regulators of such change;
 - (i) take, or recommend that the full Board take, appropriate action to oversee the independence of the external auditors; and
 - (j) at each meeting, consult with the external auditors, without the presence of management, about the quality of the Company's accounting principles, internal controls and the completeness and accuracy of the Company's financial reports;

- 6) review all public disclosure containing audited or unaudited financial information before release:
- 7) review financial reporting relating to risk exposure;
- 8) satisfy itself that adequate procedures are in place for the review of the Company's public disclosure of financial information from the Company's financial reports and periodically assess the adequacy of those procedures;
- 9) review and approve the Company's hiring policies regarding partners, employees and former partners and employees of the present and former external auditors of the Company;
- review annually with the external auditors their plan for their audit and, upon completion of the audit, their reports upon the financial reports of the Company and its subsidiaries;
- 11) review and pre-approve all audit and audit-related services and the fees and other compensation related thereto, and any non-audit services, provided by the Company's external auditors and consider the impact on the independence of the auditors; the pre-approval requirement is waived with respect to the provision of non-audit services if:
 - (a) the aggregate amount of all such non-audit services provided to the Company constitutes not more than 5% of the total amount of revenues paid by the Company to its external auditors during the fiscal year in which the non-audit services are provided;
 - (b) such services were not recognized by the Company at the time of the engagement to be non-audit services; and
 - (c) such services are promptly brought to the attention of the Committee by the Company and approved prior to the completion of the audit by the Committee or by one or more members of the Committee who are members of the Board to whom authority to grant such approvals has been delegated by the Committee; provided the pre-approval of the non-audit services is presented to the Committee's first scheduled meeting following such approval, such authority may be delegated by the Committee to one or more independent members of the Committee;
- 12) review any other matters that the Committee feels are important to its mandate or that the Board chooses to delegate to it;
- 13) with respect to the financial reporting process:
 - in consultation with the external auditors, review with management the integrity of the Company's financial reporting process, both internal and external;
 - (b) consider the external auditors' judgments about the quality and appropriateness of the Company's accounting principles as applied in its financial reporting;
 - (c) consider and approve, if appropriate, changes to the Company's auditing and accounting principles and practices as suggested by the external auditors and management;
 - (d) review significant judgments made by management in the preparation of the financial reports and the view of the external auditors as to appropriateness of such judgments;

- (e) following completion of the annual audit, review separately with management and the external auditors any significant difficulties encountered during the course of the audit, including any restrictions on the scope of work or access to required information;
- (f) review any significant disagreement among management and the external auditors regarding financial reporting;
- (g) review with the external auditors and management the extent to which changes and improvements in financial or accounting practices have been implemented;
- (h) review the certification process;
- (i) establish procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by the Company regarding accounting, internal accounting controls, or auditing matters; and
- (j) establish procedures for the confidential, anonymous submission by employees of the Company of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters.

6. <u>Authority</u>

Following each meeting, in addition to a verbal report, the Committee will report to the Board by way of providing copies of the minutes of such Committee meeting at the next Board meeting after a Committee meeting is held (these may still be in draft form).

Supporting schedules and information reviewed by the Committee shall be available for examination by any director.

The Committee shall have the authority to investigate any financial activity of the Company, and to communicate directly with the internal and external auditors. All employees are to cooperate as requested by the Committee.

The Committee may retain, and set and pay the compensation for, persons having special expertise and/or obtain independent professional advice to assist in fulfilling its duties and responsibilities at the expense of the Company.

Appendix "B" Change of Auditor Package

MONGOOSE MINING LTD.

NOTICE OF CHANGE OF AUDITOR

TO:

MNP LLP

900, 222-3rd Ave SW Calgary, AB, CA T2P 0B4

AND TO:

McGovern Hurley, LLP

251 Consumers Road, Suite 800 Toronto, Ontario, M2J 4R3

TAKE NOTICE THAT:

- a) MNP LLP, Chartered Accountants, the form auditors of Mongoose Mining Ltd. (the "Corporation") have at the request of the Corporation, tendered their resignation effective December, 31, 2021 and the board of directors of the Corporation have appointed McGovern Hurley LLP, as successor auditors in their place effective January 1, 2022;
- b) the former auditors of the Corporation requested to resign by the Corporation;
- c) the resignation of MNP LLP, Chartered Accountants, and the appointment of McGovern Hurley LLP, in their place have been approved by the board of directors or the Corporation;
- d) there have been no reservations contained in the former auditors' report on any of the financial statements of the Corporation commencing from the period of incorporation to the period ended December 31, 2020; and
- e) there are no reportable events (as defined in 7(e) of National Instrument 51-102).

DATED as of the al day of January, 2022.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

"Terry Coughlan" (signed)

Terry Coughlan Chief Executive Officer



January 24, 2022

TO: British Columbia Securities Commission
Alberta Securities Commission
Ontario Securities Commission
Financial and Consumer Affairs Authority of Saskatchewan
Office of the Yukon Superintendent of Securities
Canadian Stock Exchange

Dear Sir/Madam:

Re: Mongoose Mining Ltd. (the "Company")

We have read the Notice of Change of Auditor of Mongoose Mining Ltd. dated January 21, 2022 (the "Notice"), which we understand will be filed pursuant to National Instrument 51-102.

Based on the information available to us, we agree with the statements set out in the Notice as it relates to our firm. We advise that we have no basis to agree or disagree with the comments in the Notice relating to McGovern Hurley LLP.

Yours truly,

MNPLLA

MNP LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants

M^cGovern Hurley

Audit. Tax. Advisory.

January 26, 2022

Ontario Securities Commission Alberta Securities Commission British Columbia Securities Commission Financial and Consumer Affairs Authority of Saskatchewan Office of the Yukon Superintendent of Securities

Dear Sirs/Mesdames:

Re: Mongoose Mining Ltd.

We have reviewed the information contained in the Change of Auditor Notice of Mongoose Mining Ltd. dated January 21, 2022 (the "Notice"), which we understand will be filed pursuant to Section 4.11 of National Instrument 51-102.

Based on our knowledge as of the date hereof, we agree with the statements contained in the Notice. We have no basis to agree or disagree with the comments in the notice relating to MNP LLP.

Yours truly,

McGovern Hurley LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

McGoven Hwly WP

APPENDIX "C" Sections 237-247 of the Business Corporations Act (British Columbia)

Division 2 — **Dissent Proceedings**

Definitions and application

237 (1) In this Division:

"dissenter" means a shareholder who, being entitled to do so, sends written notice of dissent when and as required by section 242;

"notice shares" means, in relation to a notice of dissent, the shares in respect of which dissent is being exercised under the notice of dissent:

"payout value" means,

- (a) in the case of a dissent in respect of a resolution, the fair value that the notice shares had immediately before the passing of the resolution,
- (b) in the case of a dissent in respect of an arrangement approved by a court order made undersection 291 (2) (c) that permits dissent, the fair value that the notice shares had immediately before the passing of the resolution adopting the arrangement,
- (c) in the case of a dissent in respect of a matter approved or authorized by any other court order that permits dissent, the fair value that the notice shares had at the time specified by the court order, or
- (d) in the case of a dissent in respect of a community contribution company, the value of the notice shares set out in the regulations, excluding any appreciation or depreciation in anticipation of the corporate action approved or authorized by the resolution or court order unless exclusion would be inequitable.
- (2) This Division applies to any right of dissent exercisable by a shareholder except to the extent that
 - (a) the court orders otherwise, or
 - (b) in the case of a right of dissent authorized by a resolution referred to in section 238 (1) (g),the court orders otherwise or the resolution provides otherwise.

Right to dissent

- 238 (1) A shareholder of a company, whether or not the shareholder's shares carry the right to vote, is entitled to dissent as follows:
 - (a) under section 260, in respect of a resolution to alter the articles
 - (i) to alter restrictions on the powers of the company or on the business the company is permitted to carry on; or
 - (ii) without limiting subparagraph (i), in the case of a community contribution company, to alter any of the company's community purposes within the meaning of section 51.91;

- (b) under section 272, in respect of a resolution to adopt an amalgamation agreement;
- (c) under section 287, in respect of a resolution to approve an amalgamation under Division 4of Part 9;
- (d) in respect of a resolution to approve an arrangement, the terms of which arrangement permit dissent:
- (e) under section 301 (5), in respect of a resolution to authorize or ratify the sale, lease or other disposition of all or substantially all of the company's undertaking;
- (f) under section 309, in respect of a resolution to authorize the continuation of the company into a jurisdiction other than British Columbia;
- (g) in respect of any other resolution, if dissent is authorized by the resolution;
- (h) in respect of any court order that permits dissent.
- (2) A shareholder wishing to dissent must
 - (a) prepare a separate notice of dissent under section 242 for
 - (i) the shareholder, if the shareholder is dissenting on the shareholder's own behalf, and
 - (ii) each other person who beneficially owns shares registered in the shareholder's name and on whose behalf the shareholder is dissenting,
 - (b) identify in each notice of dissent, in accordance with section 242 (4), the person on whose behalf dissent is being exercised in that notice of dissent, and
 - (c) dissent with respect to all of the shares, registered in the shareholder's name, of which the person identified under paragraph (b) of this subsection is the beneficial owner.
- (3) Without limiting subsection (2), a person who wishes to have dissent exercised with respect to shares of which the person is the beneficial owner must
 - (a) dissent with respect to all of the shares, if any, of which the person is both the registered owner and the beneficial owner, and
 - (b) cause each shareholder who is a registered owner of any other shares of which the person is the beneficial owner to dissent with respect to all of those shares.

Waiver of right to dissent

- 239 (1) A shareholder may not waive generally a right to dissent but may, in writing, waive the right to dissent with respect to a particular corporate action.
- (2) A shareholder wishing to waive a right of dissent with respect to a particular corporate action must
- (a) provide to the company a separate waiver for
- (i) the shareholder, if the shareholder is providing a waiver on the shareholder's own behalf, and

- (ii) each other person who beneficially owns shares registered in the shareholder's name and on whose behalf the shareholder is providing a waiver, and
- (b) identify in each waiver the person on whose behalf the waiver is made.
- (3) If a shareholder waives a right of dissent with respect to a particular corporate action and indicates in the waiver that the right to dissent is being waived on the shareholder's own behalf, the shareholder's right to dissent with respect to the particular corporate action terminates in respect of the shares of which the shareholder is both the registered owner and the beneficial owner, and this Division ceases to apply to
 - (a) the shareholder in respect of the shares of which the shareholder is both the registered owner and the beneficial owner, and
 - (b) any other shareholders, who are registered owners of shares beneficially owned by the first mentioned shareholder, in respect of the shares that are beneficially owned by the first mentioned shareholder.
- (4) If a shareholder waives a right of dissent with respect to a particular corporate action and indicates in the waiver that the right to dissent is being waived on behalf of a specified person who beneficially owns shares registered in the name of the shareholder, the right of shareholders who are registered owners of shares beneficially owned by that specified person to dissent on behalf of that specified person with respect to the particular corporate action terminates and this Division ceases to apply to those shareholders in respect of the shares that are beneficially owned by that specified person.

Notice of resolution

240 (1) If a resolution in respect of which a shareholder is entitled to dissent is to be considered at a meeting of shareholders, the company must, at least the prescribed number of days before the date of the proposed meeting, send to each of its shareholders, whether or not their shares carry the right to vote,

- (a) a copy of the proposed resolution, and
- (b) a notice of the meeting that specifies the date of the meeting, and contains a statement advising of the right to send a notice of dissent.
- (2) If a resolution in respect of which a shareholder is entitled to dissent is to be passed as a consent resolution of shareholders or as a resolution of directors and the earliest date on which that resolution can be passed is specified in the resolution or in the statement referred to in paragraph(b), the company may, at least 21 days before that specified date, send to each of its shareholders, whether or not their shares carry the right to vote,
 - (a) a copy of the proposed resolution, and
 - (b) a statement advising of the right to send a notice of dissent.
- (3) If a resolution in respect of which a shareholder is entitled to dissent was or is to be passed as a resolution of shareholders without the company complying with subsection (1) or (2), or was or is to be passed as a directors' resolution without the company complying with subsection (2), the company must, before or within 14 days after the passing of the resolution, send to each of its shareholders who has not, on behalf of every person who beneficially owns shares registered in the name of the shareholder, consented to the resolution or voted in favour of the resolution, whether or not their shares carry the right to vote,
 - (a) a copy of the resolution,

- (b) a statement advising of the right to send a notice of dissent, and
- (c) if the resolution has passed, notification of that fact and the date on which it was passed.
- (4) Nothing in subsection (1), (2) or (3) gives a shareholder a right to vote in a meeting at which, or on a resolution on which, the shareholder would not otherwise be entitled to vote.

Notice of court orders

- If a court order provides for a right of dissent, the company must, not later than 14 days after the date on which the company receives a copy of the entered order, send to each shareholder who is entitled to exercise that right of dissent
 - (a) a copy of the entered order, and
 - (b) a statement advising of the right to send a notice of dissent.

Notice of dissent

- 242 (1) A shareholder intending to dissent in respect of a resolution referred to in section 238 (1) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) or (f) must,
 - (a) if the company has complied with section 240 (1) or (2), send written notice of dissent to the company at least 2 days before the date on which the resolution is to be passed or can be passed, as the case may be,
 - (b) if the company has complied with section 240 (3), send written notice of dissent to the company not more than 14 days after receiving the records referred to in that section, or
 - (c) if the company has not complied with section 240 (1), (2) or (3), send written notice of dissent to the company not more than 14 days after the later of
 - (i) the date on which the shareholder learns that the resolution was passed, and
 - (ii) the date on which the shareholder learns that the shareholder is entitled to dissent.
- (2) A shareholder intending to dissent in respect of a resolution referred to in section 238 (1) (g)must send written notice of dissent to the company
 - (a) on or before the date specified by the resolution or in the statement referred to in section 240 (2) (b) or (3) (b) as the last date by which notice of dissent must be sent, or
 - (b) if the resolution or statement does not specify a date, in accordance with subsection (1) of this section.
- (3) A shareholder intending to dissent under section 238 (1) (h) in respect of a court order that permits dissent must send written notice of dissent to the company
 - (a) within the number of days, specified by the court order, after the shareholder receives the records referred to in section 241, or

- (b) if the court order does not specify the number of days referred to in paragraph (a) of this subsection, within 14 days after the shareholder receives the records referred to in section 241.
- (4) A notice of dissent sent under this section must set out the number, and the class and series, if applicable, of the notice shares, and must set out whichever of the following is applicable:
 - (a) if the notice shares constitute all of the shares of which the shareholder is both the registered owner and beneficial owner and the shareholder owns no other shares of the company as beneficial owner, a statement to that effect;
 - (b) if the notice shares constitute all of the shares of which the shareholder is both the registered owner and beneficial owner but the shareholder owns other shares of the company as beneficial owner, a statement to that effect and
 - (i) the names of the registered owners of those other shares,
 - (ii) the number, and the class and series, if applicable, of those other shares that are held by each of those registered owners, and
 - (iii) a statement that notices of dissent are being, or have been, sent in respect of all of those other shares;
 - (c) if dissent is being exercised by the shareholder on behalf of a beneficial owner who is not the dissenting shareholder, a statement to that effect and
 - (i) the name and address of the beneficial owner, and
 - (ii) a statement that the shareholder is dissenting in relation to all of the shares beneficially owned by the beneficial owner that are registered in the shareholder's name.
- (5) The right of a shareholder to dissent on behalf of a beneficial owner of shares, including the shareholder, terminates and this Division ceases to apply to the shareholder in respect of that beneficial owner if subsections (1) to (4) of this section, as those subsections pertain to that beneficial owner, are not complied with.

Notice of intention to proceed

- 243 (1) A company that receives a notice of dissent under section 242 from a dissenter must,
 - (a) if the company intends to act on the authority of the resolution or court order in respect of which the notice of dissent was sent, send a notice to the dissenter promptly after the later of
 - (i) the date on which the company forms the intention to proceed, and
 - (ii) the date on which the notice of dissent was received, or
 - (b) if the company has acted on the authority of that resolution or court order, promptly send a notice to the dissenter.
- (2) A notice sent under subsection (1) (a) or (b) of this section must

- (a) be dated not earlier than the date on which the notice is sent,
- (b) state that the company intends to act, or has acted, as the case may be, on the authority of the resolution or court order, and
- (c) advise the dissenter of the manner in which dissent is to be completed under section 244.

Completion of dissent

- 244 (1) A dissenter who receives a notice under section 243 must, if the dissenter wishes to proceed with the dissent, send to the company or its transfer agent for the notice shares, within one month after the date of the notice,
 - (a) a written statement that the dissenter requires the company to purchase all of the notice shares,
 - (b) the certificates, if any, representing the notice shares, and
 - (c) if section 242 (4) (c) applies, a written statement that complies with subsection (2) of this section.
- (2) The written statement referred to in subsection (1) (c) must
 - (a) be signed by the beneficial owner on whose behalf dissent is being exercised, and
 - (b) set out whether or not the beneficial owner is the beneficial owner of other shares of the company and, if so, set out
 - (i) the names of the registered owners of those other shares,
 - (ii) the number, and the class and series, if applicable, of those other shares that are held by each of those registered owners, and
 - (iii) that dissent is being exercised in respect of all of those other shares.
- (3) After the dissenter has complied with subsection (1),
 - (a) the dissenter is deemed to have sold to the company the notice shares, and
 - (b) the company is deemed to have purchased those shares, and must comply with section 245, whether or not it is authorized to do so by, and despite any restriction in, its memorandum or articles.
- (4) Unless the court orders otherwise, if the dissenter fails to comply with subsection (1) of this section in relation to notice shares, the right of the dissenter to dissent with respect to those notice shares terminates and this Division, other than section 247, ceases to apply to the dissenter with respect to those notice shares.
- (5) Unless the court orders otherwise, if a person on whose behalf dissent is being exercised in relation to a particular corporate action fails to ensure that every shareholder who is a registered owner of any of the shares beneficially owned by that person complies with subsection (1) of this section, the right of shareholders who are registered owners of shares beneficially owned by that person to dissent on behalf of that person with respect to that corporate action terminates and this Division, other than section 247, ceases to apply to those shareholders in respect of the shares that are beneficially owned by that person.

(6) A dissenter who has complied with subsection (1) of this section may not vote, or exercise or assert any rights of a shareholder, in respect of the notice shares, other than under this Division.

Payment for notice shares

- 245 (1) A company and a dissenter who has complied with section 244 (1) may agree on the amount of the payout value of the notice shares and, in that event, the company must
 - (a) promptly pay that amount to the dissenter, or
 - (b) if subsection (5) of this section applies, promptly send a notice to the dissenter that the company is unable lawfully to pay dissenters for their shares.
- (2) A dissenter who has not entered into an agreement with the company under subsection (1) or the company may apply to the court and the court may
 - (a) determine the payout value of the notice shares of those dissenters who have not entered into an agreement with the company under subsection (1), or order that the payout value of those notice shares be established by arbitration or by reference to the registrar, or a referee, of the court.
 - (b) join in the application each dissenter, other than a dissenter who has entered into an agreement with the company under subsection (1), who has complied with section 244 (1), and
 - (c) make consequential orders and give directions it considers appropriate.
- (3) Promptly after a determination of the payout value for notice shares has been made under subsection (2) (a) of this section, the company must
 - (a) pay to each dissenter who has complied with section 244 (1) in relation to those notice shares, other than a dissenter who has entered into an agreement with the company under subsection(1) of this section, the payout value applicable to that dissenter's notice shares, or
 - (b) if subsection (5) applies, promptly send a notice to the dissenter that the company is unable lawfully to pay dissenters for their shares.
- (4) If a dissenter receives a notice under subsection (1) (b) or (3) (b),
 - (a) the dissenter may, within 30 days after receipt, withdraw the dissenter's notice of dissent, in which case the company is deemed to consent to the withdrawal and this Division, other than section 247, ceases to apply to the dissenter with respect to the notice shares, or
 - (b) if the dissenter does not withdraw the notice of dissent in accordance with paragraph (a) of this subsection, the dissenter retains a status as a claimant against the company, to be paid as soon as the company is lawfully able to do so or, in a liquidation, to be ranked subordinate to the rights of creditors of the company but in priority to its shareholders.
- (5) A company must not make a payment to a dissenter under this section if there are reasonable grounds for believing that
 - (a) the company is insolvent, or

(b) the payment would render the company insolvent.

Loss of right to dissent

- The right of a dissenter to dissent with respect to notice shares terminates and this Division, other than section 247, ceases to apply to the dissenter with respect to those notice shares, if, before payment is made to the dissenter of the full amount of money to which the dissenter is entitled under section 245 in relation to those notice shares, any of the following events occur:
 - (a) the corporate action approved or authorized, or to be approved or authorized, by the resolution or court order in respect of which the notice of dissent was sent is abandoned;
 - (b) the resolution in respect of which the notice of dissent was sent does not pass;
 - (c) the resolution in respect of which the notice of dissent was sent is revoked before the corporate action approved or authorized by that resolution is taken;
 - (d) the notice of dissent was sent in respect of a resolution adopting an amalgamation agreement and the amalgamation is abandoned or, by the terms of the agreement, will not proceed;
 - (e) the arrangement in respect of which the notice of dissent was sent is abandoned or by its terms will not proceed;
 - (f) a court permanently enjoins or sets aside the corporate action approved or authorized by the resolution or court order in respect of which the notice of dissent was sent;
 - (g) with respect to the notice shares, the dissenter consents to, or votes in favour of, the resolution in respect of which the notice of dissent was sent;
 - (h) the notice of dissent is withdrawn with the written consent of the company;
 - (i) the court determines that the dissenter is not entitled to dissent under this Division or that the dissenter is not entitled to dissent with respect to the notice shares under this Division.

Shareholders entitled to return of shares and rights

- 247 If, under section 244 (4) or (5), 245 (4) (a) or 246, this Division, other than this section, ceases to apply to a dissenter with respect to notice shares,
 - (a) the company must return to the dissenter each of the applicable share certificates, if any, sent under section 244 (1) (b) or, if those share certificates are unavailable, replacements for those share certificates,
 - (b) the dissenter regains any ability lost under section 244 (6) to vote, or exercise or assert any rights of a shareholder, in respect of the notice shares, and
 - (c) the dissenter must return any money that the company paid to the dissenter in respect of thenotice shares under, or in purported compliance with, this Division.

APPENDIX "D" BY-LAW NO. 1

BY-LAW NO. 1

A BY-LAW RELATING GENERALLY TO THE CONDUCT OF THE BUSINESS AND AFFAIRS OF MONGOOSE MINING LTD. A CORPORATION SUBJECT TO THE BUSINESS CORPORATIONS ACT (ONTARIO)

SECTION 1 INTERPRETATION

1.1 **Definitions**

In the By-laws of the Corporation, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (1) "**Act**" means the *Business Corporations Act* (Ontario), and includes the regulations made pursuant thereto;
- (2) "Affiliate", when used to indicate a relationship with a person, shall mean a person that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with, such specific person;
- (3) "Applicable Securities Laws" means the Securities Act (Ontario) and the equivalent legislation in or applicable to the other provinces and territories of Canada, as amended from time to time, the rules, regulations and forms made or promulgated under any such statute and the published national instruments, multilateral instruments, policies, bulletins and notices of the securities commissions and similar regulatory authorities of each of the applicable provinces and territories of Canada and of any cooperative capital markets regulatory authority
- (4) "appoint" includes "elect" and vice versa.
- (5) "Articles" means the original or restated articles of incorporation, articles of amendment, articles of amalgamation, articles of arrangement, articles of continuance, articles of dissolution, articles of reorganization and articles of revival, letters patent, supplementary letters patent and a special Act of the Corporation.
- (6) "Associate", when used to indicate a relationship with a specified person, shall mean (A) any corporation or trust of which such person owns beneficially, directly or indirectly, voting securities carrying more than 10% of the voting rights attached to all voting securities of such corporation or trust for the time being outstanding, (B) any partner of that person, (C) any trust or estate in which such person has a substantial beneficial interest or as to which such person serves as trustee or in a similar capacity, (D) a spouse of such specified person, (E) any person of either sex with whom such specified person is living in conjugal relationship outside marriage or (F) any relative of such specified person or of a person mentioned in clauses (D) or (E) of this definition if that relative has the

- same residence as the specified person; "**Board**" means the board of directors of the Corporation.
- (7) "board" means the board of directors of the Corporation; "By-laws" means these by-laws and all other by-laws of the Corporation from time to time in force and effect.
- (8) "Cheque" includes a draft.
- (9) "Corporation" means Mongoose Mining Ltd. in its English form.
- (10) "**Defaulting Shareholder**" means a shareholder of the Corporation who defaults in the payment of any Shareholder Debt when the same becomes due and payable.
- (11) "**Director**" means a member of the Board.
- (12) "**Liened Shares**" means the whole or any part of the shares registered in the name of a Defaulting Shareholder.
- (13) "Meeting of Shareholders" shall mean such annual shareholders meeting or special shareholders meeting, whether general or not, at which one or more persons are nominated for election to the board by a Nominating Shareholder;.
- "non-business day" means Saturday, Sunday and any other day that is a holiday as defined in the *Legislation Act*, 2006 (Ontario) as from time to time amended.
- "owned beneficially" or "owns beneficially" means, in connection with the (15)ownership of shares in the capital of the Corporation by a person, (A) any such shares as to which such person or any of such person's Affiliates or Associates owns at law or in equity, or has the right to acquire or become the owner at law or in equity, where such right is exercisable immediately or after the passage of time and whether or not on condition or the happening of any contingency or the making of any payment, upon the exercise of any conversion right, exchange right or purchase right attaching to any securities, or pursuant to any agreement, arrangement, pledge or understanding whether or not in writing; (B) any such shares as to which such person or any of such person's Affiliates or Associates has the right to vote, or the right to direct the voting, where such right is exercisable immediately or after the passage of time and whether or not on condition or the happening of any contingency or the making of any payment, pursuant to any agreement, arrangement, pledge or understanding whether or not in writing; and (C) any such shares which are owned beneficially within the meaning of this definition by any other person with whom such person is acting jointly or in concert with respect to the Corporation or any of its securities;
- (16) "public announcement" shall mean disclosure in a press release reported by a national news service in Canada, or in a document publicly filed by the Corporation or its agents under its profile on the System of Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval at www.sedar.com.

(17) "recorded address" means:

- (a) in the case of a shareholder, his or her address as recorded in the securities register;
- (b) in the case of joint shareholders, the address appearing in the securities register in respect of the joint holding or the first address so appearing if there is more than one;
- (c) in the case of an officer, auditor or member of a committee of the Board, his or her latest address as recorded in the records of the Corporation; and
- (d) in the case of a Director, his or her latest address as recorded in the most recent notice filed under the *Corporations Information Act* (Ontario).

(18) "resident Canadian" means an individual who is:

- (a) a Canadian citizen ordinarily resident in Canada;
- (b) a Canadian citizen not ordinarily resident in Canada who is a member of a prescribed class of persons as defined in the regulations to the Act; or
- (c) a permanent resident within the meaning of the *Immigration and Refugee Protection Act* (Canada) and ordinarily resident in Canada.
- (19) "Shareholder Debt" means any principal or interest due to the Corporation in respect of any indebtedness owing by the holder of any class or series of shares in the Corporation, including an amount unpaid in respect of a share issued by a body corporate on the date it was continued under the Act.
- (20) "**special meeting of shareholders**" includes a meeting of any class or classes of shareholders and a special meeting of all shareholders entitled to vote at an annual meeting of shareholders.
- "Unanimous Shareholder Agreement" means a lawful written agreement among all of the shareholders of the Corporation or among all such shareholders and one or more persons who are not shareholders, or a written declaration of the registered holder of all of the issued shares of the Corporation, that restricts in whole or in part the powers of the Board to manage or supervise the management of the business and affairs of the Corporation, as from time to time amended.

1.2 Other Definitions

Other than as specified above, words and expressions defined in the Act have the same meanings when used herein. Words importing the singular number include the plural and vice versa; words importing gender include the masculine, feminine and neuter genders; and "including" means including, without limitation.

SECTION 2 GENERAL BUSINESS

2.1 Registered Office

The registered office of the Corporation shall be in the municipality or geographic township within Ontario initially specified in its Articles and thereafter as the shareholders may from time to time determine by special resolution and at such location therein as the Board may from time to time determine.

2.2 Corporate Seal

The Corporation may but need not have a corporate seal and, if one is adopted, it may be changed from time to time by resolution of the Board.

2.3 Financial Year

The Board may, by resolution, fix the financial year end of the Corporation and may from time to time, by resolution, change the financial year end of the Corporation.

2.4 Execution of Instruments

- (1) Deeds, transfers, assignments, contracts, obligations, certificates and other instruments may be signed on behalf of the Corporation by any two Directors or officers of the Corporation.
- (2) In addition, the Board may from time to time authorize any other person or persons to sign any particular instruments.
- (3) The secretary, or any other officer or any Director, may sign certificates and similar instruments (other than share certificates) on the Corporation's behalf with respect to any factual matters relating to the Corporation's business and affairs, including certificates verifying copies of the Articles, By-laws, resolutions and minutes of meetings of the Corporation. Any signing officer may affix the corporate seal to any instrument requiring the same.
- (4) The signature of any person authorized to sign on behalf of the Corporation may, if specifically authorized by resolution of the Board, be written, printed, stamped, engraved, lithographed or otherwise mechanically reproduced or may be an electronic signature. Anything so signed shall be as valid as if it had been signed manually, even if that person has ceased to hold office when anything so signed is issued or delivered, until revoked by resolution of the Board.

2.5 Banking Arrangements

The banking business of the Corporation, including the borrowing of money and the giving of security therefor, shall be transacted with such banks, trust companies, credit unions or other bodies corporate or organizations as may from time to time be designated by or under the authority of the Board. Such banking business or any part thereof shall be transacted under such

agreements, instructions and delegations of powers as the Board may from time to time prescribe.

2.6 Voting Rights in Other Bodies Corporate

The signing officers of the Corporation under Section 2.4 may execute and deliver proxies and arrange for the issuance of voting certificates or other evidence of the right to exercise the voting rights attaching to any securities held by the Corporation. Such instruments shall be in favour of such persons as may be determined by the officers executing or arranging for the same. In addition, the Board may from time to time direct the manner in which and the persons by whom any particular voting rights or class of voting rights may or shall be exercised.

2.7 Divisions

The Board may cause the business and operations of the Corporation or any part thereof to be divided into one or more divisions upon such basis, including types of business or operations, geographical territories, product lines or goods or services, as may be considered appropriate in each case. In connection with any such division, the Board or, subject to any direction by the Board, the chief executive officer may authorize from time to time, upon such basis as may be considered appropriate in each case:

- (a) **Subdivision and Consolidation**. the further division of the business and operations of any such division into sub-units and the consolidation of the business and operations of any such divisions and sub-units;
- (b) Name. the designation of any such division or sub-unit by, and the carrying on of the business and operations of any such division or sub-unit under, a name other than the name of the Corporation, provided that the Corporation shall set out both its corporate name and the name of its division or subunit in legible characters in all contracts, invoices, negotiable instruments and orders for goods or services issued or made by or on behalf of the Corporation; and
- (c) **Officers**. the appointment of officers for any such division or sub-unit, the determination of their powers and duties, and the removal of any of such officers so appointed, provided that any such officers shall not, as such, be officers of the Corporation.

SECTION 3 BORROWING AND SECURITY

3.1 Borrowing Power

- (1) Without limiting the borrowing powers of the Corporation as set forth in the Act, but subject to the Articles and any Unanimous Shareholder Agreement, the Board may from time to time on behalf of the Corporation, without authorization of the shareholders:
 - (a) borrow money upon the credit of the Corporation;

- (b) issue, reissue, sell or pledge bonds, debentures, notes or other debt obligations or guarantees of the Corporation, whether secured or unsecured;
- (c) give, directly or indirectly, financial assistance to any person by means of a loan or a guarantee on behalf of the Corporation to secure performance of any present or future indebtedness, liability or obligation of any person, or otherwise; and
- (d) mortgage, hypothecate, pledge or otherwise create a security interest in all or any currently owned or subsequently acquired real or personal, movable or immovable, property of the Corporation, including accounts, rights, powers, franchises and undertakings to secure any such bonds, debentures, notes or other debt obligations or guarantees or any other present or future indebtedness, liability or obligation of the Corporation.
- (2) Nothing in Section 3.1(1) limits or restricts the borrowing of money by the Corporation on bills of exchange or promissory notes made, drawn, accepted or endorsed by or on behalf of the Corporation.

3.2 Delegation

Subject to the Act, the Articles and any Unanimous Shareholder Agreement, the Board may from time to time delegate to a committee of the Board, a Director or an officer of the Corporation or any other person as may be designated by the Board all or any of the powers conferred on the Board by Section 3.1 or by the Act to such extent and in such manner as the Board may determine at the time of such delegation.

SECTION 4 DIRECTORS

4.1 Duties of Directors

Subject to any Unanimous Shareholder Agreement, the Board shall manage or supervise the management of the business and affairs of the Corporation.

4.2 Number of Directors

Until changed in accordance with the Act, the Board shall consist of not fewer than the minimum number and not more than the maximum number of directors as set out in the Articles.

4.3 Qualification

- (1) No person shall be qualified for election or appointment as a Director if he or she:
 - (a) is less than 18 years of age;
 - (b) has been found under the *Substitute Decisions Act*, 1992 (Ontario) or under the *Mental Health Act* (Ontario) to be incapable of managing

property or has been found to be incapable by a court in Canada or elsewhere:

- (c) is not an individual; or
- (d) has the status of a bankrupt.
- (2) A Director need not be a shareholder.

4.4 Election and Term

- (1) Directors shall be elected by the shareholders at the first meeting of shareholders after the effective date of these By-laws and at each succeeding annual meeting at which an election of Directors is required, and shall hold office until the next annual meeting of shareholders or, if elected for an expressly stated term, for a term expiring not later than the close of the third annual meeting of shareholders following the election.
- (2) Subject to the Act, the number of Directors to be elected at any such meeting shall be the number of Directors determined from time to time by special resolution or, if a special resolution empowers the Directors to determine the number, by resolution of the Board.
- (3) The election of Directors shall be by resolution or, if demanded by a shareholder or a proxyholder, by ballot.
- (4) If an election of Directors is not held at the proper time, the incumbent Directors shall continue in office until their successors are elected.
- (5) The election or appointment of a Director is not effective unless:
 - (a) the person elected or appointed consented in writing before or within 10 days after the date of the election or appointment; or
 - (b) the Director is re-elected or re-appointed so that there is no break in the Director's term of office.
- (6) If, however, the person elected or appointed as Director consents in writing after the 10-day period referred to in Section 4.4(5)(a), the election or appointment is nevertheless valid.

4.5 Removal of Directors

Subject to the Act, the shareholders may by ordinary resolution passed at an annual or special meeting of shareholders remove any Director from office, and the vacancy created by such removal may be filled at the same meeting, failing which it may be filled by the Board.

4.6 Ceasing to Hold Office

- (1) A Director ceases to hold office when:
 - (a) he or she dies;
 - (b) he or she is removed from office by the shareholders;
 - (c) he or she ceases to be qualified for election as a Director; or
 - (d) his or her written resignation is received by the Corporation or, if a time is specified in such resignation, at the time so specified, whichever is later.
- (2) A Director named in the Articles is not permitted to resign his or her office before the first meeting of shareholders unless at the time the resignation is to become effective a successor is elected or appointed.

4.7 Filling Vacancies

Subject to the Act and any Unanimous Shareholder Agreement, a quorum of the Board may fill a vacancy in the Board, except for a vacancy resulting from:

- (a) an increase in the number or minimum number of Directors;
- (b) a failure of the shareholders to elect the number or minimum number of Directors required to be elected at any meeting of the shareholders; or
- (c) where the Directors are empowered to determine the number of Directors, if, after such appointment, the total number of Directors would be greater than 1/3 the number of Directors required to have been elected at the last annual meeting of shareholders.

4.8 Action by the Board

Subject to any Unanimous Shareholder Agreement, the Board shall exercise its powers by or pursuant to a By-law or resolution either passed at a Board meeting at which a quorum is present or consented to by the signatures of all the Directors then in office, if constituting a quorum.

4.9 Conflict of Interest

A Director who is a party to, or who is a director or officer of or has a material interest in any person who is a party to, a material contract or transaction or proposed material contract or transaction with the Corporation shall disclose in writing to the Corporation, or request to have entered in the minutes of the Board meeting, the nature and extent of his or her interest at the time and in the manner provided by the Act. Such a Director shall not vote on any resolution to approve the same except as provided by the Act.

4.10 Remuneration and Expenses

Subject to any Unanimous Shareholder Agreement, the Directors shall be paid such remuneration for their services as the Board may from time to time determine. The Directors shall also be entitled to be reimbursed for travelling and other expenses properly incurred by them in attending meetings of the Board or any committee thereof. Nothing herein contained shall preclude any Director from serving the Corporation in any other capacity and receiving remuneration therefor.

SECTION 5 BOARD MEETINGS

5.1 Meeting by Telephone or Electronic Facilities

If all the Directors of the Corporation consent thereto generally or in respect of a particular meeting, a Director may participate in a meeting of the Board or of a committee of the Board by means of such telephone, electronic or other communications facilities as permit all persons participating in the meeting to communicate with each other simultaneously and instantaneously, and a Director participating in such a meeting by such means is deemed to be present at the meeting. Any such consent shall be effective whether given before or after the meeting to which it relates and may be given with respect to all meetings of the Board and of committees of the Board.

5.2 Place of Meetings

Board meetings may be held at the registered office of the Corporation or at any other place within or outside Ontario. In any financial year of the Corporation, a majority of the Board meetings need not be held in Canada.

5.3 Calling of Meetings

Board meetings shall be held from time to time at such time and at such place as the Board, the chair of the Board, the managing director, the president or any two Directors may determine.

5.4 Notice of Meeting

- (1) Notice of the time and place of each Board meeting shall be sent in the manner provided in Section 12 to each Director:
 - (a) not less than seven days before the time when the meeting is to be held if the notice is mailed; or
 - (b) not less than 24 hours before the time the meeting is to be held if the notice is given personally, is delivered or is communicated by telephone or electronic means.
- (2) A notice of a Board meeting need not specify the purpose of or the business to be transacted at the meeting except where the Act requires such purpose or business or the general nature thereof to be specified.

5.5 Waiver of Notice

A Director may in any manner or at any time waive notice of or otherwise consent to a Board meeting. Attendance of a Director at a Board meeting shall constitute a waiver of notice of that meeting except where a Director attends for the express purpose of objecting to the transaction of any business on the grounds that the meeting has not been properly called.

5.6 First Meeting of New Board

As long as a quorum of Directors is present, each newly elected Board may without notice hold its first meeting immediately following the meeting of shareholders at which such Board is elected.

5.7 Adjourned Meeting

Notice of an adjourned Board meeting is not required if the time and place of the adjourned meeting is announced at the original meeting.

5.8 Regular Meetings

The Board may appoint a day or days in any month or months for regular Board meetings at a place and hour to be named. A copy of any resolution of the Board fixing the place and time of such regular meetings shall be sent to each Director forthwith after being passed, but no other notice shall be required for any such regular meeting except where the Act requires the purpose thereof or the business to be transacted thereat to be specified.

5.9 Chair and Secretary

The chair of any Board meeting shall be the first mentioned of such of the following officers as have been appointed and who is a Director and is present at the meeting: chair of the Board; managing director; or president. If no such officer is present, the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be chair. The secretary of the Corporation shall act as secretary of any Board meeting, and, if the secretary of the Corporation is absent, the chair of the meeting shall appoint a person who need not be a Director to act as secretary of the meeting.

5.10 Quorum

Subject to any Unanimous Shareholder Agreement, a majority of the Directors constitutes a quorum at a Board meeting.

5.11 Votes to Govern

- (1) Subject to any Unanimous Shareholder Agreement, at all Board meetings, every question shall be decided by a majority of the votes cast on the question.
- (2) Unless a ballot is demanded, an entry in the minutes of a meeting to the effect that the chair of the meeting declared a resolution to be carried or defeated is, in the

absence of evidence to the contrary, proof of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution.

5.12 Casting Vote

Subject to any Unanimous Shareholder Agreement, in case of an equality of votes at a Board meeting, the chair of the meeting shall be entitled to a second or casting vote.

5.13 Resolution in Lieu of Meeting

A resolution in writing, signed by all the Directors entitled to vote on that resolution at a Board meeting, is as valid as if it had been passed at a Board meeting.

5.14 One Director Meeting

Where the Board consists of only one Director, that Director may constitute a meeting.

SECTION 6 COMMITTEES

6.1 Committees of the Board

The Board may appoint from their number one or more committees of the Board, however designated, and delegate to any such committee any of the powers of the Board, except powers to:

- (a) submit to the shareholders any question or matter requiring the approval of the shareholders:
- (b) fill a vacancy among the Directors or in the office of auditor or appoint or remove any of the chief executive officers, however designated, the chief financial officer, however designated, the chair or the president of the Corporation;
- (c) subject to the Act, issue securities except in the manner and on the terms authorized by the Directors;
- (d) declare dividends;
- (e) purchase, redeem or otherwise acquire shares issued by the Corporation;
- (f) pay a commission for the sale of shares of the Corporation;
- (g) approve a management information circular;
- (h) approve a take-over bid circular, directors' circular or issuer bid circular;
- (i) approve any financial statements;

- (j) approve an amalgamation of the Corporation with any corporation that holds all of its issued and outstanding shares, any wholly-owned subsidiary of the Corporation or corporation all of the issued and outstanding shares of which are held by the same body corporate that holds all issued and outstanding shares in the Corporation; and
- (k) adopt, amend or repeal By-laws.

6.2 Transaction of Business

Subject to the provisions of Section 6.1, the powers of a committee of the Board may be exercised at a meeting at which a quorum is present or by resolution in writing signed by all members of such committee who would have been entitled to vote on that resolution at a meeting of the committee. Meetings of such committee may be held at any place in or outside Ontario.

6.3 Advisory Bodies

The Board may from time to time appoint such advisory bodies as it may deem advisable.

6.4 Procedure

Unless otherwise determined by the Board, each committee and advisory body shall have the power to fix its quorum at not less than a majority of its members, to elect its chair and to regulate its procedure. To the extent that the Board or the committee does not establish rules to regulate the procedure of the committee, the provisions of these By-laws applicable to Board meetings shall apply with all necessary modifications.

SECTION 7 OFFICERS

7.1 Appointment

Subject to any Unanimous Shareholder Agreement, the Board may from time to time designate the offices of the Corporation and from time to time appoint a chair of the Board, managing director, president, one or more vice-presidents (to which title may be added words indicating seniority or function), a secretary, a treasurer and such other officers as the Board may determine, including one or more assistants to any of the officers so appointed. One person may hold more than one office. The Board may specify the duties of and, in accordance with these By-laws and subject to the Act, delegate to such officers powers to manage the business and affairs of the Corporation. Except for the chair of the Board and the managing director, an officer may but need not be a Director.

7.2 Chair of the Board

The Board may from time to time appoint a chair of the Board who shall be a Director. If appointed, the Board may assign to the chair of the Board any of the powers and duties that are by any provisions of these By-laws assigned to the managing director or to the president. The chair shall have such other powers and duties as the Board may specify.

7.3 Managing Director

The Board may from time to time appoint a managing director who shall be a Director. If appointed, the managing director shall be the chief executive officer and, subject to the authority of the Board, shall have general supervision of the business and affairs of the Corporation. The managing director shall have such other powers and duties as the Board may specify. During the absence or disability of the president, or if no president has been appointed, the managing director shall also have the powers and duties of that office.

7.4 President

The president, subject to the authority of the Board, shall have general supervision of the business of the Corporation. The president shall have such other powers and duties as the Board may specify. During the absence or disability of the managing director, or if no managing director has been appointed, the president shall also have the powers and duties of that office.

7.5 Secretary

Unless otherwise determined by the Board, the secretary shall attend and be the secretary of all meetings of the Board, shareholders and committees of the Board that he or she attends. The secretary shall enter or cause to be entered in records kept for that purpose minutes of all proceedings at meetings of the Board, shareholders and committees of the Board, whether or not he or she attends such meetings. The secretary shall give or cause to be given, as and when instructed, all notices to shareholders, Directors, officers, auditors and members of committees of the Board. The secretary shall be the custodian of the seal of the Corporation and of all books, records and instruments belonging to the Corporation, except when some other officer or agent has been appointed for that purpose. The secretary shall have such other powers and duties as otherwise may be specified.

7.6 Treasurer

The treasurer shall keep proper accounting records in compliance with the Act and shall be responsible for the deposit of money, the safekeeping of securities and the disbursement of the funds of the Corporation. The treasurer shall render to the Board whenever required an account of all his or her transactions as treasurer and of the financial position of the Corporation. The treasurer shall have such other powers and duties as otherwise may be specified.

7.7 Powers and Duties of Officers

The powers and duties of all officers shall be such as the terms of their engagement call for or as the Board or (except for those whose powers and duties are to be specified only by the Board) the chief executive officer may specify. The Board and (except as aforesaid) the chief executive officer may, from time to time and subject to the provisions of the Act and any Unanimous Shareholder Agreement, vary, add to or limit the powers and duties of any officer. Any of the powers and duties of an officer to whom an assistant has been appointed may be exercised and performed by such assistant, unless the Board or the chief executive officer otherwise directs.

7.8 Term of Office

Subject to any Unanimous Shareholder Agreement, the Board, in its discretion, may remove any officer of the Corporation. Otherwise, each officer appointed by the Board shall hold office until his or her successor is appointed or until his or her earlier resignation.

7.9 Agents and Attorneys

The Board shall have power from time to time to appoint agents or attorneys for the Corporation in or outside Canada with such powers (including the power to sub-delegate) of management, administration or otherwise as may be thought fit.

7.10 Conflict of Interest

An officer shall disclose his or her interest in any material contract or transaction or proposed material contract or transaction with the Corporation in accordance with Section 4.9.

7.11 Fidelity Bonds

The Board may require such officers, employees and agents of the Corporation as the Board deems advisable to furnish bonds for the faithful discharge of their duties, in such form and with such surety as the Board may from time to time prescribe.

SECTION 8 PROTECTION OF DIRECTORS, OFFICERS AND OTHERS

8.1 Limitation of Liability

Every Director and officer of the Corporation in exercising his or her powers and discharging his or her duties to the Corporation shall act honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the Corporation and exercise the care, diligence and skill that a reasonably prudent person would exercise in comparable circumstances. Subject to the foregoing, no Director or officer shall be liable for the acts, omissions, failures, neglects or defaults of any other Director, officer or employee, or for joining in any act for conformity, or for any loss, damage or expense suffered or incurred by the Corporation through the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired by the Corporation or for or on behalf of the Corporation, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Corporation shall be invested, or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency or tortious act of any person with whom any of the moneys, securities or effects of the Corporation shall be deposited, or for any loss occasioned by any error of judgment or oversight on his or her part, or for any other loss, damage or misfortune which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his or her office or in relation thereto. Nothing herein shall relieve any Director or officer from the duty to act in accordance with the Act and the regulations thereunder or from liability for any breach thereof.

8.2 Indemnity

(1) The Corporation shall indemnify a Director or officer of the Corporation, a former Director or officer or another individual who acts or acted at the Corporation's

request as a director or officer (or an individual acting in a similar capacity) of another entity, against all costs, charges and expenses, including an amount paid to settle an action or satisfy a judgment, reasonably incurred by the individual in respect of any civil, criminal, administrative, investigative or other proceeding in which the individual is involved because of that association with the Corporation or other entity.

- (2) The Corporation shall advance moneys to a Director, officer or other individual for the costs, charges and expenses of a proceeding referred to in Section 8.2(1). The individual shall repay the moneys if he or she does not fulfil the conditions of Section 8.2(3).
- (3) The Corporation shall not indemnify an individual under Sections 8.2(1) or (2) unless he or she:
 - (a) acted honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the Corporation or, as the case may be, to the best interests of the other entity for which he or she acted as a director or officer or in a similar capacity at the Corporation's request; and
 - (b) in the case of a criminal or administrative action or proceeding that is enforced by a monetary penalty, the person had reasonable grounds for believing that his or her conduct was lawful.
- (4) The Corporation shall also indemnify the person referred to in Section 8.2(1) in such other circumstances as the Act or law permits or requires. Nothing in these By-laws shall limit the right of any person entitled to indemnity to claim indemnity apart from the provisions of these By-laws.

8.3 Insurance

The Corporation may purchase and maintain such insurance for the benefit of any person referred to in Section 8.2(1) as the Board may from time to time determine.

SECTION 9 SECURITIES

9.1 Options or Rights

Subject to the Act, the Articles and any Unanimous Shareholder Agreement, the Board may from time to time issue or grant options to purchase the whole or any part of the authorized and unissued shares of the Corporation at such times and to such persons and for such consideration as the Board shall determine, except that no share shall be issued until it is fully paid as provided by the Act.

9.2 Commissions

The Board may from time to time authorize the Corporation to pay a reasonable commission to any person in consideration of his or her purchasing or agreeing to purchase shares of the

Corporation, whether from the Corporation or from any other person, or procuring or agreeing to procure purchasers for any such shares.

9.3 Securities Register

The Corporation shall prepare and maintain, at its registered office or at any other place in Ontario designated by the Board, a securities register in which it records the securities issued by it in registered form, showing with respect to each class or series of securities:

- (a) the names, alphabetically arranged, of each person who:
 - (i) is or has been within six years registered as a shareholder of the Corporation, the address, including the street and number, if any, of every such person while a holder, and the number and class of shares registered in the name of such holder;
 - (ii) is or has been within six years registered as a holder of debt obligations of the Corporation, the address, including the street and number, if any, of every such person while a holder, and the class or series and principal amount of the debt obligations registered in the name of such holder; or
 - (iii) is or has been within six years registered as a holder of warrants of the Corporation, other than warrants exercisable within one year from the date of issue, the address, including the street and number, if any, of every such person while a registered holder and the class or series and number of warrants registered in the name of such holder; and
- (b) the date and particulars of the issue of each security and warrant.

9.4 Register of Transfers

The Corporation shall cause to be kept a register of transfers in which all transfers of securities issued by the Corporation in registered form and the date and other particulars of each transfer shall be set out.

9.5 Registration of Transfers

Subject to the Securities Transfer Act, 2006 (Ontario), no transfer of a share shall be registered in a securities register except on presentation of the certificate, if any, issued by the Corporation, representing the share with an endorsement which complies with the Securities Transfer Act, 2006 (Ontario) made on or delivered with it duly executed by an appropriate person as provided by the Securities Transfer Act, 2006 (Ontario), together with such reasonable assurance that the endorsement is genuine and effective as the Board may from time to time prescribe, on payment of all applicable taxes and any reasonable fees prescribed by the Board, on compliance with the restrictions on issue, transfer or ownership authorized by the Articles or any Unanimous Shareholder Agreement and on satisfaction of any lien referred to in Section 9.12(1).

9.6 Transfer Agents and Registrars

The Board may from time to time, in respect of each class of securities issued by it, appoint one or more trustees, transfer or other agents to keep the securities register and the register of transfers and a registrar, trustee or agent to maintain a central securities register of issued securities and may appoint one or more persons or agents to keep branch registers, and, subject to the Act, one person may be appointed to keep the securities register, register of transfers and the records of issued securities. Such a person may be designated as transfer agent or registrar according to its functions, and one person may be designated both registrar and transfer agent. The Board may at any time terminate such appointment.

9.7 Non-recognition of Trusts

Subject to the Act, the Corporation may treat the registered holder of any security as the person exclusively entitled to vote, to receive notices, to receive any dividend, interest or other payments in respect of the security, and otherwise to exercise all the rights and powers of an owner of the security.

9.8 Security Certificates

- (1) Subject to Section 9.8(2), every holder of one or more securities of the Corporation shall be entitled, at his or her option, to a security certificate, stating the number and class or series of securities held by him or her as shown in the securities register. The certificates shall be in such form as the Board may from time to time approve and need not be under the corporate seal. Unless otherwise ordered by the Board, any such certificate shall be signed manually by at least one of the Directors or officers of the Corporation.
- (2) Unless otherwise provided in the Articles, the Board may provide by resolution that all or any classes and series of shares or other securities shall be uncertificated securities, provided that such resolution shall not apply to securities represented by a certificate until such certificate is surrendered to the Corporation.
- (3) Unless the Board otherwise determines, certificates in respect of which a transfer agent or registrar has been appointed shall not be valid unless countersigned by or on behalf of such transfer agent or registrar.
- (4) Signatures of signing officers may be printed or mechanically reproduced in facsimile upon security certificates and every such facsimile shall for all purposes be deemed to be the signature of the officer whose signature it reproduces and shall be binding upon the Corporation, except that at least one Director or officer of the Corporation shall manually sign each certificate (other than a scrip certificate or a certificate representing a fractional share or a warrant or a promissory note that is not issued under a trust indenture) in the absence of a manual signature thereon of a duly appointed transfer agent, registrar, branch transfer agent or issuing or other authenticating agent of the Corporation or trustee who certifies it in accordance with a trust indenture. A security certificate

executed as aforesaid shall be valid notwithstanding that the person has ceased to be a Director or an officer of the Corporation at the date of issue of the certificate.

9.9 Replacement of Security Certificates

The Board may in its discretion (or any officer or agent designated by the Board may in his or her discretion) direct the issue of a new share or other such certificate in lieu of and on cancellation of a certificate that has been mutilated or in substitution for a certificate claimed to have been lost, apparently destroyed or wrongfully taken, on payment of such reasonable fee and on such terms as to indemnity, reimbursement of expenses and evidence of loss and of title as the Board may from time to time prescribe, whether generally or in any particular case.

9.10 Joint Holders

If two or more persons are registered as joint holders of any security, the Corporation shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate in respect of that security, and delivery of such certificate to one of those persons shall be sufficient delivery to all of them. Any one of those persons may give effectual receipts for the certificate issued in respect of it or for any dividend, interest, bonus, return of capital or other money payable or warrant issuable in respect of that security.

9.11 Deceased Holders

In the event of the death of a holder, or of one of the joint holders of any security, the Corporation shall not be required to make any entry in the securities register in respect of the death or to make any dividend, interest or other payments in respect of the security except on production of all such documents as may be required by law.

9.12 Lien for Indebtedness

- (1) Except with respect to any class or series of shares listed and posted for trading on any stock exchange in or outside Canada, the Corporation shall have a lien on shares registered in the name of a Defaulting Shareholder for any Shareholder Debt.
- (2) If any Defaulting Shareholder defaults in the payment due in respect of any Shareholder Debt when the same becomes due and payable and continues in default for a period of 15 days after the Corporation has given notice in writing of such default to the Defaulting Shareholder:
 - (a) the Corporation may sell all or any part of the Liened Shares at a *bona fide* public or private sale or auction;
 - (b) the terms and manner of the auction or sale shall be in the sole discretion of the Corporation;

- (c) the Corporation may accept any offer that it in its absolute discretion considers advisable upon such terms, whether for cash or credit or partly cash and partly credit, as it in its discretion considers advisable;
- (d) notice of any public or private sale or auction shall be given to the Defaulting Shareholder at least 15 days prior to the date on which such sale is held;
- (e) the proceeds of such sale shall be used and applied in descending order as follows:
 - (i) first, to the cost and expense of such sale incurred by the Corporation, including legal fees, disbursements and charges;
 - (ii) second, to reimburse the Corporation for out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with the sale:
 - (iii) third, for the payment in full of the Shareholder Debt and all other sums due to the Corporation by the Defaulting Shareholder; and
 - (iv) the balance, if any, to the Defaulting Shareholder;
- (f) if the proceeds of the sale are insufficient to pay the Shareholder Debt, the Defaulting Shareholder shall remain liable for any such deficiency;
- (g) the Corporation may apply any dividends or other distributions paid or payable on or in respect of the Liened Shares in repayment of the Shareholder Debt;
- (h) where the Liened Shares are redeemable pursuant to the Articles or may be repurchased at a price determined pursuant to the terms of any Unanimous Shareholder Agreement, the Corporation may redeem or repurchase all or any part of the Liened Shares and apply the redemption or repurchase price to the Shareholder Debt; and
- (i) the Corporation may refuse to register a transfer of all or part of the Liened Shares until the Shareholder Debt is paid.
- (3) In exercising one or more of the rights granted in Section 9.12(2), the Corporation shall not thereby prejudice or surrender any other rights of enforcement of its lien which may by law be available to it, or any other remedy available to the Corporation for collection of the Shareholder Debt, and the Defaulting Shareholder shall remain liable for any deficiency remaining.

SECTION 10 DIVIDENDS AND RIGHTS

10.1 Dividends

Subject to the Act and any Unanimous Shareholder Agreement, the Board may from time to time declare dividends payable to the shareholders according to their respective rights and interests in the Corporation. Dividends may be paid in money or property or by the issue of fully paid shares of the Corporation or options or rights to acquire fully paid shares of the Corporation.

10.2 Wire Transfer or Cheques

A dividend payable in money shall be paid, at the Corporation's option, by: (a) wire transfer; or (b) cheque to the order of each registered holder of shares of the class or series in respect of which it has been declared, and (i) sent, if by wire transfer, to such registered holder as per the wire instructions provided by such holder in the Corporation's securities register; or (ii) mailed by prepaid ordinary mail, if by cheque, to such registered holder at the address of such holder in the Corporation's securities register, unless such holder otherwise directs. In the case of joint holders, the wire transfer or cheque shall, unless such joint holders otherwise direct, be made payable to the order of all of such joint holders and transferred to them as per the wire instructions, or mailed to them at their address, in the Corporation's securities register. The issuance of the wire transfer or mailing of such cheque as aforesaid, unless the same is not paid on due presentation, shall satisfy and discharge the liability for the dividend to the extent of the sum represented thereby plus the amount of any tax which the Corporation is required to and does withhold.

10.3 Non-receipt or Loss of Cheques

In the event of non-receipt of any dividend wire transfer or cheque by the person to whom it is sent as aforesaid, the Corporation shall issue to such person a wire transfer or a cheque for a like amount on such terms as to indemnity, reimbursement of expenses and evidence of non-receipt and of title as the directors may from time to time prescribe, whether generally or in any particular case.

10.4 Currency of Dividends

Dividends or other distributions payable in cash may be paid to some shareholders in Canadian currency and to other shareholders in equivalent amounts of a currency or currencies other than Canadian currency. The Board may declare dividends or other distributions in any currency or in alternative currencies and make such provisions as it deems advisable for the payment of such dividends or other distributions.

10.5 Record Date for Dividends and Rights

The Board may fix in advance a date, preceding by not more than 50 days and not less than 21 days, as the record date for the payment of any dividend or the date for the issue of any warrant or other evidence of the right to subscribe for securities of the Corporation, as a record date for the determination of the persons entitled to receive payment of such dividend or to exercise the right to subscribe for such securities, and notice of any such record date shall be given not less

than seven days before the record date in the manner provided by the Act. If no record date is so fixed, the record date for the determination of the persons entitled to receive payment of any dividend or to exercise the right to subscribe for securities of the Corporation shall be at the close of business on the day on which the resolution relating to the dividend or right to subscribe is passed by the Board.

10.6 Unclaimed Dividends

Any dividend unclaimed after a period of six years from the date on which it has been declared to be payable shall be forfeited and shall revert to the Corporation.

SECTION 11 MEETINGS OF SHAREHOLDERS

11.1 Annual Meetings

The annual meeting of shareholders shall be held at such time in each year and, subject to Section 11.4, at such place as the Board may from time to time determine, for the purpose of considering the minutes of an earlier meeting, considering the financial statements and reports required by the Act to be placed before the annual meeting, electing Directors, appointing or waiving the appointment of an auditor, fixing or authorizing the Directors to fix the remuneration payable to any such auditor and for the transaction of such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting.

11.2 Special Meetings

The Board shall have power to call a special meeting of shareholders at any time.

11.3 Meeting Held by Electronic Means

A meeting of the shareholders may be held by telephonic or electronic means. A shareholder who, through these means, votes at the meeting or establishes a communications link to the meeting shall be deemed to be present at the meeting.

11.4 Place of Meetings

Meetings of shareholders shall be held at such place in or outside Ontario as the Directors determine or, in the absence of such a determination, at the place where the registered office of the Corporation is located. A meeting held under Section 11.3 shall be deemed to be held at the place where the registered office of the Corporation is located.

11.5 Notice of Meetings

Notice of the time and place of each meeting of shareholders shall be given in the manner provided in Section 12, in the case of an offering corporation, not less than 21 days and, in the case of any other corporation, not less than 10 days, but in either case, not more than 50 days before the date of the meeting to each Director, to any auditor and to each shareholder who at the close of business on the record date for notice is entered in the securities register as the holder of one or more shares carrying the right to receive notice of or vote at the meeting. Notice of a

meeting of shareholders called for any purpose other than consideration of the minutes of an earlier meeting, financial statements and auditor's report, election of directors and reappointment of the incumbent auditor or fixing or authorizing the Directors to fix the remuneration payable to such auditor shall state or be accompanied by a statement of:

- (a) the nature of the business in sufficient detail to permit the shareholders to form a reasoned judgment on it; and
- (b) the text of any special resolution or by-law to be submitted to the meeting.

11.6 List of Shareholders Entitled to Notice

For every meeting of shareholders, the Corporation shall prepare a list of shareholders entitled to receive notice of the meeting, arranged in alphabetical order and showing the number of shares held by each shareholder entitled to vote at the meeting. If a record date for the meeting is fixed pursuant to Section 11.7, the shareholders listed shall be those registered at the close of business on that record date. If no record date is fixed, the shareholders listed shall be those registered at the close of business on the day immediately preceding the day on which notice of the meeting is given or, where no such notice is given, on the day on which the meeting is held. The list shall be available for examination by any shareholder during usual business hours at the registered office of the Corporation or at the place where the central securities register is maintained and at the meeting for which the list was prepared. Where a separate list of shareholders has not been prepared, the names of persons appearing in the securities register at the requisite time as the holder of one or more shares carrying the right to vote at such a meeting shall be deemed to be a list of shareholders.

11.7 Record Date for Notice

The Board may fix in advance a date, preceding the date of any meeting of shareholders by not more than 50 days and not less than 21 days, as a record date for the determination of the shareholders entitled to notice of the meeting, and notice of any such record date shall be given not less than seven days before the record date, by advertisement in a newspaper published or distributed in the place where the Corporation has its registered office and in each place in Canada where it has a transfer agent or where a transfer of the Corporation's shares may be recorded, and, where applicable, by written notice to each stock exchange in Canada on which the Corporation's shares are listed for trading unless notice of the record date is waived in writing by every holder of a share of the class or series affected whose name is set out in the securities register of the Corporation at the close of business on the day the Directors fix the record date. If no such record date is so fixed, the record date for the determination of the shareholders entitled to receive notice of the meeting shall be at the close of business on the day preceding the day on which the notice is given or, if no notice is given, shall be the day on which the meeting is held.

11.8 Waiver of Notice

(1) A meeting of shareholders may be held without notice at any time and place permitted by the Act if:

- (a) all the shareholders entitled to vote at the meeting are present in person or duly represented or if those not present or represented waive notice of or otherwise consent to the meeting being held; and
- (b) the auditor and the Directors are present or waive notice of or otherwise consent to the meeting being held,

so long as the shareholders, auditor or Directors present are not attending for the express purpose of objecting to the transaction of any business on the grounds that the meeting is not lawfully called.

(2) At a meeting held under Section 11.8(1), any business may be transacted which the Corporation may transact at a meeting of shareholders.

11.9 Chair, Secretary and Scrutineers

The chair of any meeting of shareholders shall be the first mentioned of such of the following officers as have been appointed and who is present at the meeting: chair of the Board; managing director; president; or a vice-president who is a shareholder. If no such officer is present within 15 minutes from the time fixed for holding the meeting, the persons present and entitled to vote shall choose one of their number to be chair. If the secretary of the Corporation is absent, the chair shall appoint some person, who need not be a shareholder, to act as secretary of the meeting. If desired, one or more scrutineers, who need not be shareholders, may be appointed by a resolution or by the chair with the consent of the meeting.

11.10 Persons Entitled to be Present

The only persons entitled to be present at a meeting of the shareholders shall be those entitled to attend or vote at the meeting, the Directors, auditor, legal counsel of the Corporation and others who, although not entitled to attend or vote, are entitled or required under any provision of the Act, the Articles, By-laws or Unanimous Shareholder Agreement to be present at the meeting. Any other person may be admitted only on the invitation of the chair of the meeting or with the consent of the meeting.

11.11 **Quorum**

A quorum of shareholders is present at a meeting of shareholders irrespective of the number of persons actually present at the meeting, if, in the case of an offering corporation, two or more holders of shares carrying not less in aggregate than 5% of the votes entitled to be voted at the meeting are present in person or represented by proxy and, in the case of any other corporation, the holders of a majority of the shares entitled to vote at the meeting are present in person or represented by proxy. A quorum need not be present throughout the meeting provided that a quorum is present at the opening of the meeting. If a quorum is not present at the time appointed for the meeting or within a reasonable time after that the shareholders may determine, the shareholders present or represented may adjourn the meeting to a fixed time and place but may not transact any other business.

11.12 Right to Vote

Every person named in the list referred to in Section 11.6 shall be entitled to vote the shares shown on the list opposite his or her name at the meeting to which the list relates.

11.13 Proxyholders and Representatives

Every shareholder entitled to vote at a meeting of shareholders may appoint a proxyholder, or one or more alternate proxyholders, as his or her nominee to attend and act at the meeting in the manner and to the extent authorized and with the authority conferred by the proxy. A proxy shall be in writing or have an electronic signature executed by the shareholder or his or her attorney and shall conform with the requirements of the Act. Alternatively, every shareholder which is a body corporate or other legal entity may authorize by resolution of its directors or governing body an individual to represent it at a meeting of shareholders and that individual may exercise on the shareholder's behalf all the powers it could exercise if it were an individual shareholder. The authority of such an individual shall be established by depositing with the Corporation a certified copy of the resolution, or in such other manner as may be satisfactory to the secretary of the Corporation or the chair of the meeting. Any such proxyholder or representative need not be a shareholder. In the case of a proxy appointing a proxyholder to attend and act at a meeting or meetings of shareholders of an offering corporation, the proxy ceases to be valid one year from its date.

11.14 Time for Deposit of Proxies

The Board may fix a time not exceeding 48 hours, excluding non-business days, preceding any meeting or adjourned meeting of shareholders before which time proxies to be used at the meeting must be deposited with the Corporation or its agent, and any time so fixed shall be specified in the notice calling the meeting. A proxy shall be acted on only if, before the time so specified, it has been deposited with the Corporation or its agent specified in the notice or if, no such time having been specified in the notice, it has been received by the secretary of the Corporation or by the chair of the meeting before the time of voting.

11.15 Joint Shareholders

If two or more persons hold shares jointly, any one of them present in person or duly represented at a meeting of shareholders may, in the absence of the other or others, vote the shares, but, if two or more of those persons are present in person or represented and vote, they shall vote as one the shares jointly held by them.

11.16 Votes to Govern

At any meeting of shareholders, every question shall, unless otherwise required by the Articles, By-laws, any Unanimous Shareholder Agreement or by law, be determined by a majority of the votes cast on the question.

11.17 Casting Vote

Subject to any Unanimous Shareholder Agreement, in case of an equality of votes at any meeting of shareholders either on a show of hands or on a poll, the chair of the meeting shall be entitled to a second or casting vote.

11.18 Show of Hands

Subject to the Act, any question at a meeting of shareholders shall be decided by a show of hands, unless a ballot is required or demanded as provided. On a show of hands, every person who is present and entitled to vote shall have one vote. Whenever a vote by show of hands has been taken on a question, unless a ballot is required or demanded, a declaration by the chair of the meeting that the vote on the question has been carried or carried by a particular majority or not carried and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting shall be prima facie evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against any resolution or other proceeding in respect of the question, and the result of the vote so taken shall be the decision of the shareholders on the question.

11.19 Ballots

On any question proposed for consideration at a meeting of shareholders, and whether or not a show of hands has been taken on it, the chair may require a ballot or any person who is present and entitled to vote on the question at the meeting may demand a ballot. A ballot so required or demanded shall be taken in such manner as the chair shall direct. A requirement or demand for a ballot may be withdrawn at any time before the ballot is taken. If a ballot is taken, each person present shall be entitled, in respect of the shares which he or she is entitled to vote at the meeting on the question, to that number of votes provided by the Act or the Articles, and the result of the ballot so taken shall be the decision of the shareholders on the question.

11.20 Adjournment

The chair at a meeting of shareholders may, with the consent of the meeting and subject to such conditions as the meeting may decide, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place. If a meeting of shareholders is adjourned for less than 30 days, it will not be necessary to give notice of the adjourned meeting, other than by announcement at the original meeting that is adjourned. Subject to the Act, if a meeting of shareholders is adjourned by one or more adjournments for an aggregate of 30 days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as for an original meeting.

11.21 Resolution in Lieu of Meeting

A resolution in writing signed by the holders of such percentage of shares that would be required to pass that resolution at a meeting of shareholders is as valid as if it had been passed at a meeting of the shareholders unless, in accordance with the Act:

(a) in the case of the resignation or removal of a Director, or the appointment or election of another person to fill the place of that Director, a written statement is submitted to the Corporation by the Director giving the

reasons for his or her resignation or the reasons why he or she opposes any proposed action or resolution for the purpose of removing him or her from office or the election of another person to fill the office of that Director; or

(b) in the case of the removal or resignation of an auditor, or the appointment or election of another person to fill the office of auditor, representations in writing are made to the Corporation by that auditor concerning its proposed removal, the appointment or election of another person to fill the office of auditor or its resignation.

11.22 Only One Shareholder

Where the Corporation has only one shareholder or only one holder of any class or series of shares, the shareholder present in person or duly represented constitutes a meeting.

SECTION 12 NOTICES

12.1 Method of Giving Notices

Any notice (which term includes any communication or document) to be given (which term includes sent, delivered or served) pursuant to the Act, the regulations, the Articles, the By-laws, any Unanimous Shareholder Agreement or otherwise to a shareholder, Director, officer, auditor or member of a committee of the Board shall be sufficiently given if delivered personally to the person to whom it is to be given or if mailed to him or her at his or her recorded address by prepaid, ordinary or air mail, or if sent to him or her at his or her recorded address by any telephonic or electronic means. A notice so delivered shall be deemed to have been given when it is delivered personally, and a notice so mailed shall be deemed to have been given on the fifth day after it is deposited in a post office or public letter box. A notice sent by any telephonic or electronic means shall be deemed to have been given when dispatched or delivered to the appropriate communication company or agency or its representative for dispatch or through transmission of data or information through automated touch-tone telephone systems, computer networks, any other similar means or any other prescribed means. The secretary may change or cause to be changed the recorded address of any shareholder, Director, officer, auditor or member of a committee of the Board in accordance with any information believed by him or her to be reliable.

12.2 Notice to Joint Shareholders

If two or more persons are registered as joint holders of any share, any notice may be addressed to all such joint holders, but notice addressed to one of those persons shall be sufficient notice to all of them.

12.3 Computation of Time

In computing the period of days when notice must be given under any provision requiring a specified number of days' notice of any meeting or other event, the period shall be deemed to begin on the day following the event that began the period and shall be deemed to end at midnight of the last day of the period, except that, if the last day of the period falls on a non-

business day, the period shall end at midnight on the day next following that is not a non-business day.

12.4 Undelivered Notices

If any notice given to a shareholder pursuant to Section 12.1 is returned on three consecutive occasions because such shareholder cannot be found, the Corporation shall not be required to give any further notices to that shareholder until he or she informs the Corporation in writing of his or her new address.

12.5 Omissions and Errors

The accidental omission to give any notice to any shareholder, Director, officer, auditor or member of a committee of the Board or the non-receipt of any notice by any such person or any error in any notice not affecting the substance of the notice shall not invalidate any action taken at any meeting held pursuant to the notice or otherwise founded on it.

12.6 Persons Entitled by Death or Operation of Law

Every person who, by operation of law, transfer, death of a shareholder or any other means whatsoever, shall become entitled to any share, shall be bound by every notice in respect of the share which has been duly given to the shareholder from whom he or she derives his or her title to the share before his or her name and address is entered on the securities register (whether the notice was given before or after the happening of the event on which he or she became so entitled) and before he or she furnished the Corporation with the proof of authority or evidence of his or her entitlement prescribed by the Act.

12.7 Waiver of Notice

Any shareholder, proxyholder or other person entitled to notice of or attend a meeting of shareholders, Director, officer, auditor or member of a committee of the Board may at any time waive any notice, or waive or abridge the time for any notice, required to be given to him or her under the Act, the regulations, the Articles, the By-laws, any Unanimous Shareholder Agreement or otherwise, and that waiver or abridgement, whether given before or after the meeting or other event of which notice is required to be given, shall cure any default in the giving or in the time of the notice, as the case may be. Any such waiver or abridgement shall be in writing, except a waiver of notice of a meeting of shareholders or of the Board or a committee of the Board, which may be given in any manner.

12.8 Nomination of Directors

(a) Subject only to the Act, only persons who are nominated in accordance with the following procedures shall be eligible for election as directors of the Corporation. Nominations of persons for election to the board may be made at any annual meeting of shareholders, or at any special meeting of shareholders (but only if the election of directors is a matter specified in the notice of meeting given by or at the direction of the person calling such special meeting):

- (i) by or at the direction of the board or an authorized officer of the Corporation, including pursuant to a notice of meeting;
- (ii) by or at the direction or request of one or more shareholders pursuant to a proposal made in accordance with the provisions of the Act or a requisition of the shareholders made in accordance with the provisions of the Act; or
- (iii) by any person (a "Nominating Shareholder") (A) who, at the close of business on the date of the giving of the notice provided for below in this Section 12 and on the record date for notice of such meeting, is entered in the securities register as a holder of one or more shares carrying the right to vote at such meeting or who beneficially owns shares that are entitled to be voted at such meeting and (B) who complies with the notice procedures set forth below in this Section 12.
- (b) In addition to any other applicable requirements, for a nomination to be made by a Nominating Shareholder, such person must have given (i) timely notice thereof in proper written form to the Secretary of the Corporation at the principal executive offices of the Corporation in accordance with this Section 12 and (ii) the representation and agreement with respect to each candidate for nomination as required by, and within the time period specified in Section 12.8(e).
- (c) To be timely under Section 12, a Nominating Shareholder's notice to the Secretary of the Corporation must be made:
 - (i) in the case of an annual meeting of shareholders, not less than 30 nor more than 65 days prior to the date of the annual meeting of shareholders; provided, however, that in the event that the annual meeting of shareholders is called for a date that is less than 50 days after the date (the "Notice Date") on which the first public announcement of the date of the annual meeting was made, notice by the Nominating Shareholder may be made not later than the tenth (10th) day following the Notice Date; and
 - (ii) in the case of a special meeting (which is not also an annual meeting) of shareholders called for the purpose of electing directors (whether or not called for other purposes), not later than the fifteenth (15th) day following the day on which the first public announcement of the date of the special meeting of shareholders was made.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the board may, in its sole discretion, waive any requirement in this section 12.8(c).

- (d) To be in proper written form, a Nominating Shareholder's notice to the Secretary of the Corporation under Section 12.8(b)(i), must set forth:
 - (i) as to each person whom the Nominating Shareholder proposes to nominate for election as a director (A) the name, age, business address and residence address of the person, (B) the principal occupation or employment of the person, (C) the class or series and number of shares in the capital of the Corporation which are controlled or which are owned beneficially or of record by the person as of the record date for the Meeting of Shareholders (if such date shall then have been made publicly available and shall have occurred) and as of the date of such notice, (D) a statement as to whether such person would be "independent" of the Corporation (within the meaning of sections 1.4 and 1.5 of National Instrument 52-110 – Audit Committees of the Canadian Securities Administrators, as such provisions may be amended, or pursuant to any regulations or statutes which may supersede such provisions, from time to time) if elected as a director at such meeting and the reasons and basis for such determination and (E) any other information relating to the person that would be required to be disclosed in a dissident's proxy circular in connection with solicitations of proxies for election of directors; and
 - (ii) as to the Nominating Shareholder giving the notice, (A) any information relating to such Nominating Shareholder that would be required to be made in a dissident's proxy circular in connection with solicitations of proxies for election of directors pursuant to the Act and Applicable Securities Laws, and (B) the class or series and number of shares in the capital of the Corporation which are controlled or which are owned beneficially or of record by the Nominating Shareholder as of the record date for the Meeting of Shareholders (if such date shall then have been made publicly available and shall have occurred) and as of the date of such notice.
- (e) To be eligible to be a candidate for election as a director of the Corporation and to be duly nominated, a candidate must be nominated in the manner prescribed in this Section 12 and the candidate for nomination, whether nominated by the board or otherwise, must have previously delivered to the Secretary of the Corporation at the principal executive offices of the Corporation, not less than 5 days prior to the date of the Meeting of Shareholders, a written representation and agreement (in form provided by the Corporation) that such candidate for nomination, if elected as a director of the Corporation, will comply with all applicable corporate governance, conflict of interest, confidentiality, share ownership, majority voting and insider trading policies and other policies and guidelines of the Corporation applicable to directors and in effect

during such person's term in office as a director (and, if requested by any candidate for nomination, the Secretary of the Corporation shall provide to such candidate for nomination all such policies and guidelines then in effect).

- (f) No person shall be eligible for election as a director of the Corporation unless nominated in accordance with the provisions of this Section 12; provided, however, that nothing in this Section 12 shall be deemed to preclude discussion by a shareholder (as distinct from nominating directors) at a meeting of shareholders of any matter in respect of which it would have been entitled to submit a proposal pursuant to the provisions of the Act. The chair of the meeting shall have the power and duty to determine whether a nomination was made in accordance with the procedures set forth in the foregoing provisions and, if any proposed nomination is not in compliance with such foregoing provisions, to declare that such defective nomination shall be disregarded.
- Notwithstanding any other provision to this Section 12, notice or any (g) delivery given to the Secretary of the Corporation pursuant to this Section 12 may only be given by personal delivery, facsimile transmission or by email (provided that the Secretary of the Corporation has stipulated an email address for purposes of this notice, at such email address as stipulated from time to time), and shall be deemed to have been given and made only at the time it is served by personal delivery, email (at the address as aforesaid) or sent by facsimile transmission (provided that receipt of confirmation of such transmission has been received) to the Secretary at the address of the principal executive offices of the Corporation; provided that if such delivery or electronic communication is made on a day which is a not a business day or later than 5:00 p.m. (Toronto time) on a day which is a business day, then such delivery or electronic communication shall be deemed to have been made on the subsequent day that is a business day.
- (h) In no event shall any adjournment or postponement of a Meeting of Shareholders or an announcement thereof commence a new time period for the giving of a Nominating Shareholder's notice as described in Section 12.8(c) or the delivery of a representation and agreement as described in Section 12.8(e).
- (i) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Section 12, the provisions of this Section 12 shall not take effect until approved by shareholders at a Meeting of Shareholders.

SECTION 13 EFFECTIVE DATE

13.1 Effective Date

These By-laws shall come into force when made by the Board in accordance with the Act.

13.2 Paramountcy

In the event of any conflict between any provision of these By-laws and any provision of any Unanimous Shareholder Agreement, the provision of the Unanimous Shareholder Agreement shall prevail to the extent of the conflict, and the Directors and the shareholders shall amend these By-laws accordingly.

13.3 Repeal

All previous By-laws of the Corporation are repealed as of the coming into force of these By-laws. The repeal shall not affect the previous operation of any By-laws so repealed or affect the validity of any act done or right, privilege, obligation or liability acquired or incurred under, or the validity of any contract or agreement made pursuant to, or the validity of any Articles or predecessor charter documents of the Corporation obtained pursuant to, any such By-laws before its repeal. All officers and persons acting under any By-laws so repealed shall continue to act as if appointed under the provisions of these By-laws, and all resolutions of the shareholders or the Board or a committee of the Board with continuing effect passed under any repealed By-laws shall continue to be good and valid except to the extent inconsistent with these By-laws and until amended or repealed.

MADE by the Board the day of	, 20 .	
		Connectors
		Secretary