(formerly Weekend Unlimited Inc.)

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

December 31, 2019

(Expressed in United States Dollars)

NOTICE TO READER

The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of Weekend Unlimited Industries Inc. (the "Company") have not been reviewed by the auditors of the Company. This notice is being provided in accordance with Section 4.3 (3) (a) of National Instrument 51-102 - Continuous Disclosure Obligations.

(Formerly Weekend Unlimited Inc.)
CONSOLIDATED INTERIM BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)
(Expressed in United States Dollars)

AS AT		[December 31,	S	eptember 30
AS AT	Note		2019		2019
ASSETS					
Current					
Cash		\$	478,520	\$	822,945
Inventory	4		171,500		119,119
Receivables			2,667		31,971
Loans receivable	6		101,990		483,163
Prepaid expenses and deposits			34,240		39,868
Assets held for disposition	16		425,781		425,781
			1,214,698		1,922,847
Non-Current					
Property and equipment	7		637,947		167,404
Loans receivable - non-current	6		711,723		707,652
Deposit for land purchase	7,12		-		226,530
Assets held for disposition - non-current	13		190,000		190,000
Total assets		\$	2,754,368	\$	3,214,433
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY					
Current					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$	260,151	\$	306,957
Equity					
Share capital	14		44,766,373		44,723,002
Reserves	14		6,964,616		6,914,467
Deficit			(49,173,358)		(48,681,062
Total equity attributable to shareholders of the Company			2,557,631		2,956,407
Non-controlling interest			(63,414)		(48,931
Total equity			2,494,217		2,907,476
Total liabilities and equity		\$	2,754,368	\$	3,214,433

Nature and continuance of operations (Note 1) Subsequent events (Note 21)

Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors and authorized for issuance on February 28, 2020:



(Formerly Weekend Unlimited Inc.)

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS (UNAUDITED)

(Expressed in United States Dollars)

		D	ecember 31,	December 31
	Note		2019	2018
Revenue		\$	7,186 \$	
Cost of goods sold		ڔ	3,590	_
Gross margin			3,596	-
Expenses				
General and administrative	18		344,007	1,939,070
Professional fees			94,252	308,540
Share-based compensation	14		35,466	128,289
Northern Lights Organics milestone payment	12		26,341	144,951
Depreciation	7		25,309	42,028
Foreign exchange			-	2,500
Total expenses			525,375	2,565,378
Loss before other items			(521,779)	(2,565,378)
Listing expense	11		-	(12,376,653)
Interest and other			15,000	-
Loss from continuing operations			(506,779)	(14,942,031)
Net loss from discontinued operations			-	(59,862)
Net loss for the period		\$	(506,779) \$	(15,001,893)
Other comprehensive loss				
Translation adjustment		\$	14,683	(268,544)
Comprehensive loss for the period		\$	(492,096) \$	(15,270,437)
Comprehensive loss attributable to:				
Net loss - shareholders of the Company			(492,296)	(14,982,116)
Net loss - non-controlling interest			(14,483)	(19,777)
Translation adjustment			14,683	(271,525)
Translation adjustment - discontinued operations			-	2,981
		\$	(492,096) \$	(15,270,437)
Loss per share				
Basic and diluted - continuing operations		\$	(0.01) \$	(0.68)
Basic and diluted - discontinued operations		\$	- \$	(0.00)
Total		\$	(0.01) \$	(0.68)
Weighted average number of common shares				
Basic and diluted			44,185,577	21,823,994

(Formerly Weekend Unlimited Inc.)
CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED)
(Expressed in United States Dollars)

				Translation			
	Number of				-controlling		
	common shares	Share Capital	Reserves	reserve	interest	Deficit	Total equity
Balance, September 30, 2018	14,394,949	\$ 13,681,654	\$ 704,952		 	\$ (6,738,301)	
Common shares and warrants issued to Open Source for RTO	5,605,961	8,628,696	4,488,809	-	-	-	13,117,505
Common shares issued for cash	2,704,577	4,162,885	-	-	-	-	4,162,885
Common shares issued upon exercise of warrants	183,500	125,553	-	-	-	-	125,553
Acquisition of S&K Industries, LLC	905,143	1,440,000	-	-	-	-	1,440,000
Shares issued under NLO agreement	100,000	144,951	-	-	-	-	144,951
Shares issued for compensation	75,000	108,713	-	-	-	-	108,713
Share issuance costs - cash	-	(454,960)	-	-	-	-	(454,960)
Finders' warrants	-	(107,010)	107,010	-	-	-	-
Share-based compensation	-	-	128,289	-	-	-	128,289
Translation adjustment	-	-	-	(271,525)	-	-	(271,525)
Non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-	720,000	-	720,000
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(19,777)	(14,982,116)	(15,001,893)
Balance, December 31, 2018	23,969,130	27,730,482	5,429,060 -	370,888	688,156	- 21,720,417	11,756,393
Balance, September 30, 2019	44,105,523	\$ 44,723,002	\$ 7,096,507	\$ (182,040)	\$ (48,931)	\$ (48,681,062)	\$ 2,907,476
Common shares issued upon exercise of warrants	45,000	17,030	-	-	-	-	17,030
Shares issued under NLO agreement	100,000	26,341	-	-	-	-	26,341
Share-based compensation	-	-	35,467	-	-	-	35,467
Translation adjustment	-	-	-	14,682	-	-	14,682
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(14,483)	(492,296)	(506,779)
Balance, December 31, 2019	44,250,523	\$ 44,766,373	\$ 7,131,974	\$ (167,358)	\$ (63,414)	\$ (49,173,358)	\$ 2,494,217

(Formerly Weekend Unlimited Inc.)

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

(Expressed in United States Dollars)

	December 31,	December 31,
	2019	2018
Operating activities		
Net loss for the period	\$ (506,779) \$	(15,001,893)
Adjusted for:		
Depreciation	25,309	42,028
Share-based compensation	35,466	128,289
Northern Lights Organics milestone payment	26,341	144,951
Shares issued for services	-	108,713
Listing expense	-	12,376,653
Changes in non-cash working capital:		
Receivables	29,304	(22,500
Prepaid expenses	5,628	(193,030)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(52,041)	92,042
Inventory	(52,381)	-
Cash flows from discontinued operations	-	(41,471
Cash flows from operating activities	(489,153)	(2,366,218)
Investing activities		
Acquisition of S&K Industries, LLC, net	-	(688,867)
Proceeds from Open Source Health Inc.	-	143,564
Property and equipment	(265,731)	(86,266
Loans receivable - repaid	407,790	250,000
Loans receivable	(25,000)	(1,962,179)
Cash flows from investing activities	117,059	(2,343,748)
Financing activities		
Common shares issued for cash	-	4,162,885
Common shares issued upon exercise of warrants and options	17,030	125,553
Share issuance costs	-	(454,960)
Cash flows from financing activities	17,030	3,833,478
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	10,639	(174,108)
Decrease in cash	(344,425)	(1,050,596
Cash, beginning of period	 822,945	3,796,603
Cash, end of period	\$ 478,520 \$	2,746,007

No cash was paid for interest or income taxes for the periods presented. Supplemental cash flow disclosure (Note 20).

1. NATURE AND CONTINUANCE OF OPERATIONS

Weekend Unlimited Industries Inc. (the "Company", Formerly Weekend Unlimited Inc.) was incorporated pursuant to the provisions of the *British Columbia Business Corporations Act* on September 21, 2017. In October 2018 the Company completed a transaction with Open Source Health Inc. ("Open Source" or "OSH") whereby OSH acquired all of the issued and outstanding shares of the Company on a one-for-one basis. The Company is considered to have acquired OSH for accounting purposes with the agreement being accounted for as a reverse takeover ("RTO") of OSH by Weekend Unlimited Industries Inc. shareholders (Note 11). The combined entity continued into Alberta and continued operating under the name Weekend Unlimited Inc. On January 20, 2020 the Company continued into British Columbia and changed its name from Weekend Unlimited Inc. to Weekend Unlimited Industries Inc. The Company's registered and records office address is 1500 - 850 2nd Street SW, Calgary Alberta, Canada, T2P OR8.

The Company is a diversified operator in the regulated cannabis industry. The Company's focus is on building and facilitating the growth of a diversified portfolio of assets and branded hemp and cannabis related consumer products.

These consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") with the assumption that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business rather than through a process of forced liquidation. The financial statements do not include adjustments to amounts and classifications of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue operations. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability in the future to achieve profitable operations and, obtain the necessary financing to meet its near-term obligations such that it can repay its liabilities when they become due. The inability to achieve these objectives may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

On January 21, 2020 the Company completed a consolidation of its common shares ("share consolidation") on the basis of one post-consolidation common share for every ten pre-consolidation common shares held (10-to-1). All references contained in these consolidate financial statements to issued and outstanding common shares, warrants, per share amounts, and exercise prices, have been retroactively restated to reflect the effect of the share consolidation.

The Company is subject to regulation under the federal and provincial laws of Canada and certain civic and state laws in the United States of America. Almost half of the states in the United States have enacted legislation to regulate the sale and use of medical cannabis without limits on tetrahydrocannabinol ("THC"), while other states have regulated the sale and use of medical cannabis with strict limits on the levels of THC. Notwithstanding the permissive regulatory environment of adult-use recreational and medical cannabis at the state level, cannabis continues to be categorized as a controlled substance under the Controlled Substances Act (the "CSA") in the United States and as such, cannabis-related practices or activities, including without limitation, the manufacture, importation, possession, use or distribution of cannabis are illegal under United States federal law. Strict compliance with state laws with respect to cannabis will neither absolve the Company of liability under United States federal law, nor provide a defense to any federal proceeding which may be brought against the Company. Any such proceedings brought against the Company may adversely affect the Company's operations and financial performance.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Statement of compliance

The consolidated interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") for interim information, specifically International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34 - Interim Financial Reporting. In addition, the condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared using interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretation Committee ("IFRIC") and the same accounting policies and methods of their application as the most recent annual financial statements of the Company. These condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include all disclosures normally provided in the annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2019.

Basis of measurement

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial instruments classified as financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, which are stated at fair value. In addition, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting except for cash flow information.

Presentation and functional currency

The consolidated financial statements of the Company are presented in United States dollars. The functional currency of the Company is the Canadian dollar. The functional currency of the Company's wholly owned subsidiaries is detailed below.

Consolidation

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries, which are controlled by the Company. Control exists when the Company has the power, directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity and be exposed to the variable returns from its activities. The list below sets out the principal subsidiaries of the Company. These subsidiaries engage in intercompany transactions, all of which are eliminated upon the preparation of these consolidated financial statements:

	·	Country of	Percentage	Functional	
Name of subsidiary	Abbreviation	Incorporation	Ownership	Currency	Principal Activity
Weekend Unlimited Holdings Inc.	Weekend Holdings	USA	100%	USD	Holding Company
Weekend Unlimited Washington, LLC	Weekend Washington	USA	100%	USD	Branding services
S&K Industries LLC	S&K	USA	100%	USD	Hemp products
Cannabis Brands Inc.	CBI	CAN	100%	CAD	Holding Company
Northern Lights Organics Inc.	NLO	CAN	70%	CAD	Hemp Cultivation
R&D Pharma Corp.	RDP	CAN	100%	CAD	Inactive
Access Payment Limited	APL	JAMAICA	49%	JMD	Inactive

3. USE OF ESTIMATES, ASSUMPTIONS, AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Uncertainty about these judgments, estimates and assumptions could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in future periods.

Impairment of long-lived assets

Long-lived assets, including property and equipment, and intangible assets, are reviewed for impairment annually or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or group of assets (CGU). The recoverable amount of an asset or a CGU is the higher of its fair value, less costs to sell, and its value in use. If the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment charge is recognized immediately in profit or loss by the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the recoverable amount. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the lesser of the revised estimate of recoverable amount, and the carrying amount that would have been recorded had no impairment loss been recognized previously.

Business combinations

Judgement is used in determining whether an acquisition is a business combination or an asset acquisition. Management determines whether assets acquired and liabilities assumed constitute a business. A business consists of inputs and processes applied to those inputs that have the ability to create outputs. Management determines whether assets acquired and liabilities assumed constitute a business. In examining processes and potential outputs, management considers the ability of the acquired and existing processes to adequately be capable of producing the potential outputs; where the processes are insufficient and/or incomplete to produce potential outputs, the Company considers the acquisition to be an asset acquisition.

The Company measures all the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at their acquisition-date fair values. Non-controlling interests in the acquiree are measured on the basis of the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the equity in the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition-related costs are recognized as expenses in the periods in which the costs are incurred and the services are received (except for the costs to issue debt or equity securities which are recognized according to specific requirements). The excess of the aggregate of (a) the consideration transferred to obtain control, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree over (b) the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, is recognized as goodwill as of the acquisition date.

3. USE OF ESTIMATES, ASSUMPTIONS, AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

Determination of asset fair values and allocation of purchase consideration

Significant asset acquisitions and business combinations require judgements and estimates to be made at the date of acquisition in relation to determining the relative fair value of property and equipment, as well as the allocation of the purchase consideration over the fair value of the assets. The information necessary to measure the fair values as at the acquisition date of assets acquired requires management to make certain judgements and estimates about future events, including but not limited to future production potential, and future market prices of products, and the ability to effectively distribute products. In certain circumstances, such as the valuation of property and equipment, intangible assets and goodwill acquired, the Company may rely on independent third-party valuators. Provisional purchase price allocations are subject to review by management upon integration of the acquired businesses and will be adjusted as necessary were circumstances indicate it is appropriate to do so.

Share-based payments

The Company utilizes the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model ("Black-Scholes") to estimate the fair value of warrants and stock options granted to directors, officers, employees, consultants. The use of Black-Scholes requires management to make various estimates and assumptions that impact the value assigned to the stock options including the forecast future volatility of the stock price, the risk-free interest rate, dividend yield and the expected life of the stock options. Any changes in these assumptions could have a material impact on the Share-based compensation calculation value, however the most significant estimate is the volatility. The Company estimated volatility based on historic share prices of companies operating in the regulated cannabis industry. Historical volatility is not necessarily indicative of future volatility. The expected life of stock options or warrants is determined based on the estimate that they would be exercised evenly over their term. There was no recent history of stock option exercises available to consider in the estimate of expected life at the time of grant.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Foreign currencies

Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. The functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries was determined by conducting an analysis of the consideration factors identified in IAS 21, "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates" ("IAS 21"). The functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries is included within Note 2.

Translation of foreign transactions and balances into the functional currency

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of the Company at rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At each reporting date, all monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency of the Company at the rates prevailing at the date of the statement of financial position. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognized in profit or loss.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Foreign currencies (Continued)

Translation of the functional currency into the presentation currency

The results of operations which have a different presentation currency than the Company are translated to US dollars at appropriate average rates of exchange during the period. The assets and liabilities of these operations are translated to US dollars at rates of exchange in effect at the end of the period. Gains or losses arising on translation

of these operations to US dollars at period end are recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income as a translation adjustment.

Share-based payments

The Company may grant stock options to acquire common shares of the Company to directors, officers, employees and consultants. An individual is classified as an employee when the individual is an employee for legal or tax purposes or provides services similar to those performed by an employee.

The fair value of stock options is measured on the date of grant, using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, and is recognized over the vesting period. Consideration paid for the shares on the exercise of stock options is credited to share capital.

In situations where equity instruments are issued to non-employees and some or all of the goods or services received by the entity as consideration cannot be specifically identified, they are measured at fair value of the share-based payment. Otherwise, share-based payments are measured at the fair value of goods or services received.

Income taxes

Income tax on the profit or loss for the periods presented comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in equity. Current tax expense is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at period end, adjusted for amendments to tax payable with regards to previous years.

Deferred tax is recorded by providing for temporary differences, between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The following temporary differences are not provided for: goodwill not deductible for tax purposes; the initial recognition of assets or liabilities which affect neither accounting nor taxable loss as well as differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that they will probably not reverse in the foreseeable future. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the consolidated statement of financial position date. A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilized.

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognized at the same time as the liability to pay the related dividend. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Loss per share

The Company presents basic loss per share for its common shares, calculated by dividing the loss attributable to common shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted loss per share does not adjust the loss attributable to common shareholders or the weighted average number of common shares outstanding when the effect is anti-dilutive.

Financial instruments

Financial assets

On initial recognition, financial assets are recognized at fair value and are subsequently classified and measured at: (i) amortized cost; (ii) fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"); or (iii) fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"). The classification of financial assets is generally based on the business model in which a financial asset is managed and its contractual cash flow characteristics. A financial asset is measured at fair value net of transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition except for financial assets at FVTPL where transaction costs are expensed. All financial assets not classified and measured at amortized cost or FVOCI, are measured at FVTPL. On initial recognition of an equity instrument that is not held for trading, the Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income.

The classification determines the method by which the financial assets are carried on the statement of financial position subsequent to inception and how changes in value are recorded.

Impairment

An 'expected credit loss' impairment model applies which requires a loss allowance to be recognized based on expected credit losses. The estimated present value of future cash flows associated with the asset is determined and an impairment loss is recognized for the difference between this amount and the carrying amount as follows: the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to estimated present value of the future cash flows associated with the asset, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate, either directly or through the use of an allowance account and the resulting loss is recognized in profit or loss for the period.

In a subsequent period, if the amount of the impairment loss related to financial assets measured at amortized cost decreases, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are designated as either: (i) FVTPL; or (ii) other financial liabilities. All financial liabilities are classified and subsequently measured at amortized cost except for financial liabilities at FVTPL. The classification determines the method by which the financial liabilities are carried on the statement of financial position subsequent to inception and how changes in value are recorded. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities is classified on the statement of financial position at amortized cost.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Inventory

Inventories of finished goods and packing materials are valued initially at cost and subsequently at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Inventory consists of infused products, accessories, and product packaging. Net realizable value is determined as the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Cost is determined using the weighted average cost basis. Products for resale and supplies and consumables are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The Company reviews inventory for obsolete and slow-moving goods and any such inventory is written-down to net realizable value.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets, including property and equipment and other-non-current assets, when events or changes in circumstances indicate the assets may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs. Assets carried at fair value are excluded from impairment analysis.

The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows to be derived from continuing use of the asset or cash generating unit are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Fair value less costs of disposal is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset or cash generating unit in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties, less the cost of disposal. When a binding sale agreement is not available, fair value less costs of disposal is estimated using a discounted cash flow approach with inputs and assumptions consistent with those of a market participant. If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in net income. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or cash generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, such that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Depreciation is calculated using the following methods and rates:

Category	Method	Rate
Building	Declining balance	5%
Equipment	Declining balance	20%

An item of property and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Any gain or loss arising from derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying value of the asset) is included in the profit or loss in the period the asset is derecognized. The assets' residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation are reviewed at each reporting date, and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenue

4.

The Company's accounting policy for revenue recognition under IFRS 15 is as follows:

To determine the amount and timing of revenue to be recognized, the Company follows a 5-step process:

- 1. Identifying the contract with a customer
- 2. Identifying the performance obligations
- 3. Determining the transaction price
- 4. Allocating the transaction price to the performance obligations
- 5. Recognizing revenue when/as performance obligation(s) are satisfied.

Revenue from the direct sale of infused products for a fixed price is recognized when the Company transfers control of the good to the customer upon delivery.

Share capital

Common shares are classified as shareholders' equity (deficiency). Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of common shares and other equity instruments are recognized as a deduction from shareholders' equity (deficiency). Common shares issued for consideration other than cash, are valued based on their market value at the date the shares are issued.

The Company has adopted a residual value method with respect to the measurement of warrants attached to private placement units. The residual value method first allocates value to the more easily measurable component based on fair value and then the residual value, if any, to the less easily measurable component. The Company considers the fair value of common shares issued in the private placements to be the more easily measurable component and the common shares are valued at their fair value, as determined by the closing market price on the announcement date. The balance, if any, is allocated to the attached warrants. Any fair value attributed to the warrants is recorded as reserves.

Exchangeable preferred shares issued in connection with the R&D acquisition (Note 11) have been accounted for as share purchase warrants.

Non-controlling interest

Non-controlling interest in the Company's less than wholly owned subsidiaries is classified as a separate component of equity. On initial recognition, non-controlling interest is measured at the fair value of the non-controlling entity's contribution into the related subsidiary. Subsequent to the original transaction date, adjustments are made to the carrying amount of non-controlling interest for the non-controlling interest's share of changes to the subsidiary's equity.

Changes in the Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are recorded as equity transactions. The carrying amount of non-controlling interest is adjusted to reflect the change in the non-controlling interest's relative interest in the subsidiary, and the difference between the adjustment to the carrying amount of non-controlling interests and the Company's share of proceeds received and/or consideration paid is recognized directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

December 31, 2019

(Expressed in United States Dollars)

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Intangible Assets

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Other intangible assets, comprising licenses, trademarks, technology, and product formulations that are acquired by the Company and have finite useful lives are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortization is calculated to write off the cost of intangible assets less their estimated residual values using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives and is recognized in profit or loss. Goodwill is not amortized. The amortization of product formulations begins when the Company starts to generate revenue from the asset.

Amortization methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

5. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

New accounting policies

Effective October 1, 2019, the Company adopted the following accounting standards:

a) Leases ("IFRS 16")

Leases ("IFRS 16") was issued by the IASB and will replace Leases ("IAS 17"). IFRS 16 requires most leases to be reported on a company's balance sheet as assets and liabilities. IFRS 16 is effective 1 January 2019. Early application is permitted for companies that also apply IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers. The Company did not record any impact upon the of adoption of IFRS 16.

b) Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments ("IFRIC 23")

Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments ("IFRIC 23") was issued by IASB on June 7, 2017 to clarify the accounting for uncertainties in income taxes. The interpretation is to be applied to the determination of taxable profit/loss, tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates, when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments under IAS 12 Income Taxes. IFRIC 23 is effective January 1, 2019. The Company did not record any impact upon the of adoption of IFRS 16.

Other accounting standards or amendments to existing accounting standards that have been issued but have future effective dates are either not applicable or are not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

(Expressed in United States Dollars)

6. LOANS RECEIVABLE

A summary of the Company's loans receivable is as follows:

	Wa	shington						S&K				Verve					N	Northern	
		State	Rul	by Mae's	Re	eal estate	Ir	ndustries,	R٤	&D Pharma	-	Beverage	H	igh Desert			Lig	hts Supply	
	Cı	ultivator		LLC		entity		LLC		Corp.	-	Company		Group	0	klahoma		Inc.	Total
Balance, September 30, 2018		500,000		-		250,000		750,000		1,158,750		750,000		-		-		-	3,408,750
Loans granted		-		-		-		-		1,285,379		-		750,000		200,000		549,750	2,785,129
Loans repaid		-		-		(250,000)		-		-		-		-		-		-	(250,000)
Transaction closed		-		-		-		(750,000)	(2,415,171)		(750,000)		-		-		-	(3,915,171)
Impairment		-		-		-		-		-		-		(750,000)		-		(75,510)	(825,510)
Foreign exchange variance		-		-		-		-		(28,958)		-		-		-		16,575	(12,383)
Balance, September 30, 2019	\$	500,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	200,000	\$	490,815	\$ 1,190,815
Loans granted		-		25,000		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	25,000
Loans repaid		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		(200,000)		(207,790)	(407,790)
Foreign exchange variance		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		5,688	5,688
Balance, December 31, 2010	\$	500,000	\$	25,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	288,713	\$ 813,713
Current		-		25,000		-		-		-		-		-		-		76,990	101,990
Non-current		500,000		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		211,723	711,723
Total	\$	500,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	288,713	\$ 813,713

Washington State Cultivator

During the year ended September 30, 2018 the Company advanced funds totaling \$500,000 to a Washington State Cannabis Cultivator and Processor, an unrelated third party. The advanced funds are unsecured, accrue interest at 5% and have a maturity date of October 2023. In October 2018 the Company formalized the advance by entering a promissory note for a principal sum of up to \$600,000.

The principal balance shall accrue interest at an annual rate of 5% per year. The note is to be repaid in the form of sixty equal monthly payments commencing from the date funds are released from escrow. In the event of late payment, the borrower shall have 30 days to cure any late payment after which time interest of 15% per annum will accrue until such late payments are cured and all accrued interest has been paid. The Company has agreed to waive interest payments and is in negotiations with the lender to receive early repayment.

Ruby Mae's LLC

During the period ended December 31, 2019, the Company received a non-interest bearing secured note in the amount of \$25,000 from Ruby Mae's LLC. The maturity date of the note is March 31, 2020.

<u>S&K Industries, LLC</u>

In October 2018, the Company received a 5% senior secured convertible promissory note from S&K Industries, LLC. ("S&K") of \$750,000. Interest is payable quarterly in cash beginning on January 1, 2019 and the note matures on September 20, 2019. The note was secured by all the assets of S&K. During the year ended September 30, 2019 the Company acquired a 100% interest in S&K (Note 8). The loan was allocated to the consideration towards the purchase of S&K.

<u>R&D Pharma Corp.</u>

In accordance with a binding letter agreement entered in July 2018 between the Company and R&D Pharma Corp. ("R&D") the Company advanced \$2,415,171 under an unsecured non-interest bearing loan. During the year ended September 30, 2019 the Company acquired 100% of R&D (Note 10). The loan was allocated to the consideration towards the purchase of R&D.

(Expressed in United States Dollars)

6.

Verve Beverage Company

LOANS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

In September 2018, the Company received a 10% senior secured promissory note from Verve Beverage Company. ("VBC") of \$750,000. Interest is payable quarterly in cash beginning on January 1, 2019 and matures on February 1, 2019. The note is secured by all the assets of VBC. During the year ended September 30, 2019 the Company acquired 100% of VBC Brands Inc. (Note 9).

High Desert Group Inc.

In December 2018, the Company received a secured promissory note from High Desert Group Inc. ("HDG") of \$750,000 pursuant to the terms of the acquisition of S&K Industries LLC. HDG had a common officer and director with the Company at the time of the transaction. Interest of 6% will be charged for the duration of the note. The note matures on December 13, 2019 and is secured by all the assets of HDG. During the year ended September 30, 2019 circumstances arose suggesting the promissory note was impaired. Attempts by the Company to negotiate a settlement agreement were unsuccessful. As such the Company recorded an impairment charge of \$750,000 during the year ended September 30, 2019.

Oklahoma

In February 2019, the Company received non-interest bearing senior secured promissory note from PPK Investment Group, LLC ("PPK") of \$200,000. The note is secured by all the assets of PPK. The note matured September 30, 2019. During the period ended December 31, 2019 the amount was collected in full.

Northern Lights Supply Inc.

In November 2018, the Company entered into a secured 6% loan facility for up to CAD \$1,200,000, of which the Company has initially advanced CAD \$500,000. The borrower is an Alberta based cannabis retailer. Should the full amount of the loan facility be advanced at any time during the term ending December 31, 2023, the Company has the option to convert the full amount of its CAD \$1,200,000 loan facility into 49% equity of the borrower which may only be exercised once the Company has received approval from the Alberta Gaming and Liquor Commission. During the year ended September 30, 2019 the Company advanced an additional CAD \$250,000.

During the period ended December 31, 2019 the Company entered an amending agreement with Northern Lights Supply Inc. for early repayment of its loan, whereby the parties agreed to reduce the loan balance to CAD \$650,000, following interest payments received of \$33,750, and amended the repayment terms as follows:

- a payment of CAD \$ 275,000 upon execution of the amending agreement
- 6 semi-annual payments of CAD \$50,000 over three years
- One final payment of CAD \$75,000
- Elimination of the conversion option

The Company recognized an impairment charge of \$75,510 in relation to the reduced loan balance as at September 30, 2019.

7. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	Land	Building	E	quipment	Total
Cost					
Balance September 30, 2018	\$ 256,892	\$ 243,108	\$	556,437	\$ 1,056,437
Additions	-	139,736		157,052	296,788
Impairment	-	-		(500,000)	(500,000)
Transfer to assets held for sale	(256,892)	(382,844)		-	(639,736)
Foreign exchange	-	-		(851)	(851)
Balance September 30, 2019	\$ -	\$ -	\$	212,638	\$ 212,638
Additions	472,534	-		20,808	493,342
Foreign exchange	-	-		3,631	3,631
Balance, December 31, 2019	\$ 472,534	\$ -	\$	237,077	\$ 709,611
Accumulated depreciation					
Balance September 30, 2018	\$ -	\$ 5,064	\$	43,372	\$ 48,436
Additions	-	18,889		134,148	153,037
Impairment	-	-		(132,493)	(132,493)
Transfer to assets held for sale	-	(23,955)		-	(23,955)
Foreign exchange	-	2		207	209
Balance September 30, 2019	\$ -	\$ -	\$	45,234	\$ 45,234
Additions	-	-		25,309	25,309
Foreign exchange	-	-		1,121	1,121
Balance, December 31, 2019	\$ -	\$ -	\$	71,664	\$ 71,664
Net book value					
September 30, 2019	\$ -	\$ -	\$	167,404	\$ 167,404
December 31, 2019	\$ 472,534	\$ -	\$	165,413	\$ 637,947

December 31, 2019

(Expressed in United States Dollars)

8. ACQUISITION OF S&K INDUSTRIES, LLC.

During the year ended September 30, 2019 the Company acquired a 100% interest in S&K for \$1,800,000 in cash (including \$750,000 loan advanced by the Company previously – Note 6), and the issuance of 1,415,781 common shares with a fair value of \$1,800,000. The acquisition aligned with the Company's strategy to build a diversified offering of branded consumer products in the cannabis industry.

The Company has concluded that the transaction did not qualify as a business combination under IFRS 3, "Business Combinations", as significant processes were not acquired. The acquisition was therefore accounted for as an asset acquisition. The purchase consideration has been allocated based on the Company's assessment of the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed at the acquisition date. The purchase price allocation is as follows:

Consideration	
Cash	\$ 1,800,000
1,415,781 common shares	1,800,000
Transaction costs - cash	76,071
	3,676,071
Net assets of S&K Industries LLC	
Intangible assets	\$ 3,676,071

During the year ended September 30, 2019 the Company recognized an impairment of the full purchase price in relation to the acquisition of S&K as the intangible assets were not expected to be recoverable from their use in operations.

9. ACQUISITION OF VERVE BEVERAGE COMPANY

In January 2019 the Company acquired a 100% interest in Verve Beverage Company. ("VBC") in exchange for 6,000,000 common shares of the Company with a fair value of \$6,268,657. The acquisition aligned with the Company's strategy to build a diversified offering of branded consumer products in the cannabis industry.

The Company has concluded that the transaction did not qualify as a business combination under IFRS 3, "Business Combinations", as significant processes were not acquired. The acquisition was therefore accounted for as an asset acquisition. The purchase consideration has been allocated based on the Company's assessment of the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed at the acquisition date. The purchase price allocation is as follows:

Consideration		
6,000,000 common shares at a fair value of CAD \$1.40 per share:	\$	6,268,657
Cash advanced prior to close of acquisition		750,000
Transaction costs - cash		33,889
		7,052,546
Net assets of Verve Beverage Company		
Cash		91,224
Others assets		18,844
Intangible assets		6,942,478
Total	Ś	7.052.546

Subsequent to the close of the acquisition the Company entered an agreement to divest its 100% interest in Verve Beverage Company in exchange for the return of 1,600,000 common shares from one of the original vendors of Verve Beverage Company. During the year ended September 30, 2019 the Company recorded an impairment expense of \$7,052,546.

10. ACQUISITION OF R&D PHARMA CORP.

In February 2019 the Company acquired a 100% interest in R&D Pharma Corp. ("R&D") in exchange for 8,000,000 common shares and 25,000,000 non-voting preferred shares of R&D which are redeemable for 0.10 warrants of the Company for no further consideration and are exercisable at a price of CAD \$3.50 for a period of two years. The total fair value of the consideration was \$9,335,435 and \$2,415,171 in cash advanced by the Company (Note 6). The preferred shares provide the holders no other ownership or voting rights of R&D or the Company. The value of the preferred shares was determined using the Black-Scholes valuation model with the following assumptions: expected life 2 years, volatility 75%, discount rate 2%, dividend yield 0%. The acquisition aligned with the Company's strategy to build a diversified offering of branded consumer products in the cannabis industry.

The Company has concluded that the transaction did not qualify as a business combination under IFRS 3, "Business Combinations", as significant processes were not acquired. The acquisition was therefore accounted for as an asset acquisition. The purchase consideration has been allocated based on the Company's assessment of the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed at the acquisition date. The purchase price allocation is as follows:

Consideration	
8,000,000 common shares at a fair value of CAD \$1.45 per share:	\$ 8,762,640
25,000,000 preferred shares of R&D at a fair value of CAD \$0.03 per share:	572,795
Cash advanced prior to close of acquisition	2,415,171
Transaction costs - cash	108,140
	11,858,746
Net assets of R&D Pharma Corp.	
Intangible assets	11,858,746
Total	\$ 11,858,746

The Company recorded an impairment expense of \$11,858,746 in relation to the acquisition of R&D during the year ended September 30, 2019.

December 31, 2019

(Expressed in United States Dollars)

11. REVERSE TAKEOVER TRANSACTION

Effective October 2018 the Company completed a transaction with Open Source Health Inc. ("OSH") whereby OSH acquired all of the issued and outstanding shares of the Company on a one-for-one basis. The Company is considered to have acquired OSH for accounting purposes with the agreement being accounted for as a reverse takeover of OSH by Weekend Unlimited Inc. shareholders. The combined entity continued operating under the name Weekend Unlimited Inc.

The legal acquisition of Weekend by OSH is considered a reverse asset acquisition as OSH does not meet the definition of a business as its main attribute was its public listing. For accounting purposes, the consideration to acquire 100% of the outstanding shares of OSH by the Company was 5,605,961 common shares. Additional consideration related to 4,784,550 OSH warrants with a strike price of CAD \$1.00. The value of the warrants was determined using the Black-Scholes valuation model with the following assumptions: expected life 2 years, volatility 72%, discount rate 2%, dividend yield 0%.

The following are the fair values of the OSH assets acquired and liabilities assumed by the Company and consideration paid to OSH:

Consideration	
5,605,961 common shares at a fair value of CAD \$2.00 per share:	\$ 8,628,696
4,784,550 warrants at a fair value of CAD \$1.20 per share:	4,488,809
Transaction costs - cash	44,323
	13,161,828
Net assets of Open Source Health Inc.	
Cash	143,564
Other receivable - due from Weekend Unlimited Inc.	622,113
Accounts payable	(24,825)
Total	740,852
Listing expense	\$ 12,420,976

12. ACQUISITION OF NORTHERN LIGHTS ORGANICS INC.

During the year ended September 30, 2018, the Company, through CBI (Note 13), signed an agreement to purchase, from the same vendors of CBI (Note 13), all of the shares of Northern Lights Organics Ltd. ("NLO") and was granted an option to acquire an organic farm in northern BC. As consideration for the shares of NLO the Company agreed to:

- Fund an ACMPR application;
- Upon closing, pay CAD \$25,000 in cash and issue 100,000 common shares of the Company. The shares were issued during the period ended December 31, 2018 and had a fair value of \$144,951 (Note 17);
- Upon receipt of a license to cultivate and sell hemp and/or cannabis, issue common shares with a value equal to CAD \$1,000,000;
- Upon harvest of the first outdoor hemp and/or cannabis crop, pay CAD \$25,000 in cash; and
- Upon completion of an expansion facility of at least 100,000 square feet, issue common shares with a value equal to CAD \$500,000.

If exercised, the option price to acquire the agricultural property was as follows:

- CAD \$1,150,000 if exercised during the period ending February 2019
- CAD \$1,250,000 if exercised during the period ending February 2020
- CAD \$1,350,000 if exercised during the period ending February 2021

December 31, 2019

(Expressed in United States Dollars)

12. ACQUISITION OF NORTHERN LIGHTS ORGANICS INC. (Continued)

During the year ended September 30, 2018 end the Company notified NLO that it would not pursue the purchase option in its current form.

During the year ended September 30, 2019 the Company entered a new the share purchase agreement with NLO which replaced and superseded any prior agreements between the parties. The terms of the new share purchase agreement are as follows:

- Divested 30% of the equity ownership to one of the original vendors
- Advanced CAD \$150,000 to NLO on closing of the modified share purchase agreement to be used towards development of the project
- Agreed to fund an additional CAD \$150,000 in July 2019 upon achievement of certain milestones
- Agreed to fund an additional CAD \$340,000 in February 2020 upon achievement of certain milestones
- Issue 200,000 common shares upon the achievement of certain milestones
- Issue CAD \$1,000,000 in common shares upon the achievement of certain milestones
- Agreed to purchase a 50% interest in the organic farm for CAD \$600,000 (Paid).

During the period ended December 31, 2019 the Company issued 100,000 common shares with a fair value of \$26,309 in relation to the above milestones.

13. ASSETS HELD FOR SALE

During the period ended December 31, 2019 the Company entered a purchase agreement to dispose of the facility in Wenatchee Washington and recorded the recoverable amount of \$615,781 as assets held for sale, \$190,000 of which is expected to be collected beyond the following twelve months.

14. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES

Authorized

Unlimited common shares with no par value and unlimited preferred shares with no par value. As of September 30, 2019, there were 44,250,523 common shares outstanding (September 30, 2018 – 44,105,523).

Escrow Shares

The Company has shares subject to trading restrictions and escrow which are released in tranches through 2021. As at December 31, 2019, a total of 6,581,858 common shares were subject to these escrow restrictions.

<u>Issued and Outstanding – Common Shares Fiscal 2020:</u>

During the period ended December 31, 2019 the Company issued common shares as follows:

- a) Issued 100,000 common shares upon the achievement of certain milestones under the Northern Lights Organics share purchase agreement with a fair value of \$26,341.
- b) Issued 45,000 common share upon the exercise of warrants at a price of CAD \$0.50 each for proceeds of CAD \$17,030 (CAD \$22,500).

<u>Issued and Outstanding – Common Shares Fiscal 2019:</u>

During the year ended September 30, 2019 the Company issued common shares as follows:

- a) The Company completed a non-brokered private placement of \$4,162,885 (CAD \$5,409,154) by the issuance of 2,704,577 units at CAD \$2.00. Each unit consists of one common share and one common share purchase warrant entitling the holder to subscribe for one additional share at a price of CAD \$2.50 for a period of 2 years, subject to the Company's right to accelerate the expiry date upon 30 days' notice if its shares trade at CAD \$5.00 or more for a period of 10 days. In connection with the issuance of the units the Company issued 198,540 broker warrants on the same terms as the unit offering and incurred cash finder's fees and share issue costs of \$455,076. The Company recorded share issue costs of \$107,010 with respect to the broker warrants granted as finders' fees. The fair value of these broker warrants was CAD \$0.70 per warrant and was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model.
- b) The Company issued 5,605,961 common shares in relation to the amalgamation with Open Source (Note 12).
- c) The Company issued 1,415,781 common shares to acquire a 100% interest in S&K Industries, LLC with a fair value of \$1,800,000 (Note 9).
- d) The Company issued 6,000,000 common shares to acquire a 100% interest in Verve Beverage Company with a fair value of \$6,268,657 (Note 10).
- e) The Company issued 8,000,000 common shares to acquire a 100% interest in R&D Pharma Corp. with a fair value of \$8,762,640 (Note 11).
- f) The Company issued 100,000 common shares to NLO (Note 14) with a fair value of \$144,951 which has been recorded as an expense.
- g) The Company issued 75,000 common shares for compensation with a fair value of \$108,713.
- h) Issued 200,000 common shares for services with a fair value of \$171,810.
- i) A total of 3,554,924 warrants and 17,500 stock options were exercised at prices between CAD \$0.50 CAD \$2.00 for gross proceeds of \$2,261,688. In relation to the exercise of stock options \$10,500 was reallocated from reserves to share capital.
- j) Cancelled 500,000 common shares in relation to the disposition of JB Stone Inc. with a book value of \$531,580 which was recorded to deficit.
- k) The Company completed a non-brokered private placement of \$1,575,719 (CAD \$2,068,415) by the issuance of 4,136,832 units at CAD \$0.50. Each unit consists of one common share and one common share purchase warrant entitling the holder to subscribe for one additional share at a price of CAD \$1.00 for a period of 2 years, subject to the Company's right to accelerate the expiry date upon 30 days' notice if its shares trade at CAD \$2.50 or more for a period of 10 days. In connection with the issuance of the units the Company issued 270,146 broker warrants on the same terms as the unit offering and incurred cash finder's fees and share issue costs of \$106,593. The Company recorded share issue costs of \$64,600 with respect to the broker warrants granted as finders' fees. The fair value of these broker warrants was CAD \$0.30 per warrant and was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model.

<u>Issued and Outstanding - Common Shares Fiscal 2019 (Continued):</u>

I) The Company entered an agreement to divest its 100% interest in Verve Beverage Company in exchange for the return of 1,600,000 common shares of the Company from one of the original vendors. In relation to the cancellation the Company recorded \$1,579,552 to deficit.

Warrants

A summary of warrant activity is as follows:

		Weighted
	Number of	Average Exercise
	Warrants	Price (\$CAD)
Balance at September 30, 2018	11,774,488	\$ 1.80
Granted	12,924,839	1.80
Expired	(395,079)	12.83
Exercised	(3,554,924)	0.09
Balance at September 30, 2019	20,749,324	\$ 1.69
Expired	(3,430,973)	1.00
Exercised	(45,000)	0.50
Balance at December 31, 2019	17,273,351	\$ 1.83

The following table summarizes warrants outstanding at December 31, 2019:

			Weighted
	Number of	Weighted Average	Average
Expiry date	Warrants	Exercise Price (\$CAD)	Remaining Years
March 21, 2021	156,250	\$0.50	1.22
March 23, 2020	269,320	\$1.00	0.23
March 29, 2020	4,852,960	\$2.00	0.24
April 5, 2020	3,445,779	\$2.00	0.26
April 12, 2020	265,000	\$2.00	0.28
April 16, 2020	803,827	\$2.00	0.29
October 15, 2020	2,903,117	\$2.50	0.79
February 19, 2021	170,119	\$3.50	1.14
July 9, 2021	4,406,979	\$1.00	1.52
	17,273,351		0.69

Stock options

The Company has adopted a stock option plan (the "Plan") for its directors, officers, employees and consultants to acquire common shares of the Company at a price determined by the fair market value of the shares at the date immediately preceding the date on which the option is granted. The aggregate number of stock options granted shall not exceed 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company at the time of shareholder approval of the plan, with no one individual being granted more than 5% of the issued and outstanding common shares. In addition, the exercise price of stock options granted under the plan shall not be lower than the exercise price permitted by the CSE, and all stock options granted under the plan will have a maximum term of seven years.

A summary of stock option activity is as follows:

	We	Neighted Average					
	Number of	Exercise					
	Options	Price (\$CAD)					
Balance at September 30, 2018	1,600,000 \$	1.50					
Granted	2,235,000	1.42					
Exercised	(17,500)	1.50					
Forfeited	(1,145,000)	1.50					
Balance at September 30, 2019 and							
December 31, 2019	2,672,500 \$	1.43					

The following table summarizes stock options outstanding and exercisable as at September 30, 2019:

	Number of		Weighted Average Exercise	Weighted Average
Expiry date	Options	Exercisable Options	Price (\$CAD)	Remaining Years
August 15, 2025	1,407,500	1,055,625	\$1.50	5.63
February 22, 2024	900,000	300,000	\$1.50	4.15
July 2, 2024	190,000	63,333	\$1.00	4.51
August 21, 2024	100,000	33,333	\$1.00	4.64
September 6, 2024	75,000	416,667	\$1.00	4.69
	2,672,500	1,868,958	\$1.43	5.22

Share-based compensation expense recognized during the period of \$35,466 (December 31, 2018 - \$128,289) related to options vested during the period. The Option Pricing Model used the following weighted average assumptions:

	December 31,	December 31,
	2019	2018
Risk-free interest rate	2.25%	2.00%
Expected life of options	4.25	4.25
Expected forfeitures	10%	10%
Annualized volatility	75%	75%
Dividend rate	0%	0%
Weighted average fair value per option (\$CAD)	\$0.70	\$0.87

Expected annualized volatility was determined using the historic volatility of established comparable publicly traded cannabis companies.

R&D Pharma Corp. exchangeable preferred shares

A summary of non-voting exchangeable preferred share activity is as follows:

	Number of Preferred shares
Balance at September 30, 2018	-
Granted	25,000,000
Exchanged for warrants of the Company	(1,701,190)
Balance at September 30, 2019 and	
December 31, 2019	23,298,810

The following table summarizes stock options outstanding and exercisable as at September 30, 2019:

Expiry date	Number of Pref shares	Conversion ratio to Warrants	Average Remaining Years	Exercise Price (\$CAD)
February 19, 2021	23,298,810	0.10	1.57	\$3.50

Reserves

The following is a summary of the changes in reserves:

	St	ock options	pr	eferred shares	Warrants	Total
Balance, September 30, 2018	\$	545,030	\$	-	\$ 159,922	\$ 704,952
Share-based payments		1,168,841		-	-	1,168,841
OSH warrants		-		-	4,488,809	4,488,809
R&D exchangable preferred shares		-		572,795	-	572,795
Finders' warrants		-		-	171,610	171,610
Reclassified on exercise of stock options and warrants		(10,500)		-	-	(10,500)
Balance, September 30, 2019	\$	1,703,371	\$	572,795	\$ 4,820,341	\$ 7,096,507
Share-based payments		35,466		-	-	35,466
Balance, December 31, 2019	\$	1,738,837	\$	572,795	\$ 4,820,341	\$ 7,131,973

(Expressed in United States Dollars)

15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key management personnel

Key management personnel include those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company as a whole. The Company has determined that key management personnel consist of executive and non-executive members of the Company's Board of Directors and corporate officers and/or companies controlled by those individuals.

During the period ended December 31, 2019 the Company entered into the following key management transactions:

- Consulting fees of \$57,653 (2018 \$254,584) were paid to directors, officers, former directors, and former officers.
- Share-based compensation of \$12,557 (2018 \$24,054) was related to directors, officers, and a former officer.

Other related party transactions include:

In December 2018 the Company received a secured promissory note from High Desert Group Inc. ("HDG") of \$750,000. At the date of the issuance of the HDG loan, the Company's then CEO (now former CEO), Paul Chu, was a common director and officer of HDG and the Company. The note matured on December 13, 2019 and is secured by all the assets of HDG. The loan proceeds were deemed uncollectible and accordingly the Company wrote the loan down to \$Nil as of September 30, 2019.

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

Cash is carried at fair value using a level 1 fair value measurement. The recorded values of receivables, loans receivable, due to related parties, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair values due to their short-term to maturity.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED IMTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

December 31, 2019

(Expressed in United States Dollars)

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management

The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss associated with a counterparty's inability to fulfill its payment obligations. The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash and loans receivables. Cash is held with reputable Canadian and United States financial institutions, from which management believes the risk of loss is remote. Receivables consists of amounts due from the Government of Canada in which management believes the credit risk to be minimal. The Company does not have significant credit risk with respect to customers. The Company's remaining loans are considered to have a low risk of default. The Company's maximum credit risk exposure is equivalent to the carrying value of these instruments.

Interest rate risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk to the extent that the cash maintained at the financial institutions is subject to a floating rate of interest. The interest rate risk on cash is not considered significant.

Liquidity risk

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. As at December 31, 2019 the Company's financial liabilities consist of accounts payable and accrued liabilities, which have contractual maturities within one year. The Company manages liquidity risk by reviewing its capital requirements on an ongoing basis.

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign currency rates. As at December 31, 2019, the Company had cash, loans receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, denominated in Canadian dollars ("CAD"). A 10% fluctuation in the foreign exchange rate between the USD and Canadian dollar would have a \$31,000 impact on profit or loss for the year. The Company does not undertake currency hedging activities to mitigate its foreign currency risk.

17. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company defines capital as equity. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in order to have the funds available to support its operating activities.

The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and to pursue the development of its business. The Company manages its capital structure and adjusts it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust its capital structure, the Company may issue new equity instruments, new debt, or acquire and/or dispose of assets. As discussed in Note 1, the Company's ability to continue as a going concern is uncertain and dependent upon the continued financial support of its shareholders, future profitable operations, the lack of adverse political developments in the United States with respect to cannabis legislation and securing additional financing. Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis. There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the years presented. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirement.

(Expressed in United States Dollars)

18. GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE

	Dec	ember 31,	De	ecember 31,
General and administrative		2019		2018
Advertising, marketing, and brand development	\$	53,228	\$	875,011
Investor relations		15,554		55,554
Office expenses and general administration		93,836		67,213
Management fees		57,653		254,584
Consulting		113,560		506,179
Travel and entertainment		10,176		180,529
Total	\$	344,007	\$	1,939,070

19. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company operates in four segments, referred to as Business to Business ("B2B"), Hemp Products, Hemp Cultivation, as well as its administrative costs center, ("Corporate"). B2B is focused on the provision of services to cultivators, and processors in Washington State, Hemp products is focused on the manufacture and distribution of hemp infused products, Hemp Cultivation is focused on developing agricultural opportunities in the Hemp industry. The corporate head office is located in Canada. Hemp Cultivation operations are located in Canada while the operations of B2B and Hemp Products are located in the United States. Segmented info as at and for the period ended December 31, 2019 is as follows:

	B2B (USA)	Не	emp Products (USA)	He	emp Cultivation (Canada)		Corporate (Canada)		Total
	(00/1)		(00,1)		(canaaa)		(canada)		Total
Revenue	\$ 5,707	\$	1,479	\$	-	\$	- :	\$	7,186
Cost of goods sold	2,850		740		-		-		3,590
Gross margin	2,857		739		-		-		3,596
Expenses									
General and administrative	\$ 114,736	\$	21,202	\$	36,574	\$	171,495	\$	344,007
Professional fees	46,264		-		5,598		42,390		94,252
Share-based compensation	-		-		-		35,466		35,466
Northern Lights Organics milestone payment	-		-		-		26,341		26,341
Depreciation	3,339		-		21,970		-		25,309
Foreign exchange	-		-		-		-		-
Total expenses	164,339		21,202		64,142		275,692		525,375
Net Loss before other items	\$ (161,482)	\$	(20,463)	\$	(64,142)	\$	(275,692)	\$	(521,779)
Property and equipment	\$ 38,536	Ś	-	\$	126,877	\$	472,534	Ś	637,947
Total assets	\$ 863,742	Ś	20,769	Ś	140,659	Ś	•	Ś	2,754,368
Total liabilities	\$ 19,264	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	260,151

(Expressed in United States Dollars)

20. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

	December 31,	December 31,
Supplemental cash flow information	2019	2018
Shares issued to acquire S&K Industries, LLC. (Note 9)	\$ -	\$ 1,440,000
Shares issued under NLO agreement	\$ 26,341	\$ -
Fair value of finders' warrants	\$ -	\$ 107,010

21. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to December 31, 2019, the Company completed the following transaction:

a) The Company completed a private placement financing of 8,234,700 units at a price of CAD \$0.175 per unit raising gross proceeds of \$1,029,338. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant exercisable at a price of CAD \$0.35 for a period of two years from closing. In connection with the financing the Company paid finder's fees of CAD \$78,495 in cash and issued 627,960 finder's warrants on the same terms as the warrants issued with the above units.