Crestview Exploration Inc.

Management Discussion & Analysis

Year ended November 30, 2019 Date: March 23rd 2020

Crestview Exploration Inc. Management Discussion & Analysis Year ended November 30, 2019

Table of Contents	Page No
Forward-looking information	3
Business of the Corporation	5
Mineral Exploration and Evaluation Assets	6
General Corporate Affairs	10
Financial Condition	11
Selected annual financial information	11
Results of Operation for the year ended November 30, 2019	14
Summary of Quarterly Results	15
Liquidity and Capital Resources	17
Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements	18
Transactions with Related Parties	18
Fourth Quarter Results	19
Critical Accounting Estimates and Accounting Policies	20
Standards Issued but Not Yet Effective	20
Financial Instruments	21
Financial Risk Management, Objectives and Policies	21
Capital Management Policies and Procedures	21
Commitments and Contingencies	22
Controls and Procedures Over Financial Reporting	22
Disclosure of outstanding share data	23
Business risks	26

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF THE COMPANY'S FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This management discussion and analysis ("MD&A") of Crestview Exploration Inc. ("Crestview", or "the Company", or "the Corporation") follows rule 51-102 of the Canadian Securities Administrators regarding continuous disclosure. The following MD&A is a narrative explanation, through the eyes of the management of Crestview, on how the Company performed during the three-month period and year ended November 30, 2019. It includes a review of the Company's financial condition and a review of operations for the three-month period and year ended November 30, 2018.

This MD&A complements the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended November 30, 2019 but does not form part of them. It is intended to help the reader understand and assess the significant trends, risks and uncertainties related to the results of operations and it should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements as at November 30, 2019 and related notes thereto.

The audited consolidated financial statements for the years ended November 30, 2019 and 2018 have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as issued by the International Accounting Standard Board ("IASB"), applicable to the preparation of annual consolidated financial statements. The accounting policies applied in the financial statements are based on IFRS issued and effective as at November 30, 2019. On March 23rd, 2020, the Board of Directors approved, for issuance, the annual consolidated financial statements and this MD&A.

All figures are in Canadian dollars unless otherwise stated. Additional information relating to the Company can be found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com. The shares of Crestview are listed on the Canadian Stock Exchange ("CSE") under the symbol "CRS".

READER ADVISORY

This MD&A contains certain forward looking statements and forward looking information (collectively referred to herein as "forward looking statements") within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities laws. All statements other than statements of present or historical fact are forward looking statements. Forward looking information is often, but not always, identified by the use of words such as "could", "should", "can", "anticipate", "expect", "believe", "will", "may", "projected", "sustain", "continues", "strategy", "potential", "projects", "grow", "take advantage", "estimate", "well positioned" or similar words suggesting future outcomes. In particular, this MD&A may contain forward looking statements relating to future opportunities, business strategies, mineral exploration, development and production plans and competitive advantages.

The forward looking statements regarding the Company are based on certain key expectations and assumptions of the Company concerning anticipated financial performance, business prospects, strategies, regulatory developments, exchange rates, tax laws, the sufficiency of budgeted capital expenditures in carrying out planned activities, the availability and cost of labour and services and the ability to obtain financing on acceptable terms, the actual results of exploration and development projects being equivalent to or better than estimated results in technical reports or prior activities, and future costs and expenses being based on historical costs and expenses, adjusted for inflation, all

Year ended November 30, 2019

of which are subject to change based on market conditions and potential timing delays. Although management of the Company considers these assumptions to be reasonable based on information currently available to them, they may prove to be incorrect.

The technical details contained in this report are not compliant to the provisions of NI 43-101.

By their very nature, forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties (both general and specific) and risks that forward looking statements will not be achieved. Undue reliance should not be placed on forward looking statements, as a number of important factors could cause the actual results to differ materially from the beliefs, plans, objectives, expectations and anticipations, estimates and intentions expressed in the forward looking statements, including among other things: inability of the Company to continue meeting the listing requirements of stock exchanges and other regulatory requirements, general economic and market factors, including business competition, changes in government regulations or in tax laws; general political and social uncertainties; commodity prices; the actual results of exploration, development or operational activities; changes in project parameters as plans continue to be refined; accidents and other risks inherent in the mining industry; lack of insurance; delay or failure to receive board or regulatory approvals; changes in legislation, including environmental legislation, affecting the Company; timing and availability of external financing on acceptable terms; conclusions of, or estimates contained in, feasibility studies, pre-feasibility studies or other economic evaluations; and lack of qualified, skilled labour or loss of key individuals; as well as those factors detailed from time to time in the Company's interim and annual financial statements and management's discussion and analysis of those statements, along with the Company's annual information form, all of which are filed and available for review on SEDAR at <u>www.sedar.com</u>. Readers are cautioned that the foregoing list is not exhaustive.

The forward-looking statements contained herein are expressly qualified in their entirety by this cautionary statement. The forward looking statements included in this MD&A are made as of the date of this MD&A and the Company does not undertake and is not obligated to publicly update such forward looking statements to reflect new information, subsequent events or otherwise unless so required by applicable securities laws.

Crestview Exploration Inc. Management Discussion & Analysis Year ended November 30, 2019

Overview of Business

Business of the Corporation

The Corporation is engaged in the business of mineral exploration and the acquisition of mineral property assets in north-central Nevada, USA and more specifically in the Tuscarora Mountains of north-central Nevada, in Elko County. See "Narrative Description of the Business" below.

The Company's shares are currently traded on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE") under the symbol "CRS" and are also listed on the Börse Frankfurt stock exchange ("Frankfurt") with the ticker symbol "CE7"

History

The Corporation was incorporated on August 30, 2017 without any operating history as it was created in order to purchase mineral claims in various regions of North America and is currently targeting to develop the Rock Creek Project that it acquired on September 19, 2017. See "Acquisitions" below.

On April 19, 2019, the Company incorporated under the States of Nevada, USA, a wholly subsidiary "Crestview Exploration LLC" that is not currently under operation.

Acquisitions

On September 19, 2017, the Corporation entered into an Arm's Length mining property acquisition agreement (the "Acquisition Agreement") with Kingsmere Mining Ltd. ("Kingsmere") regarding the acquisition by the Corporation of 72 unpatented lode claims (the "Claims") comprising the Rock Creek Project. Kingsmere located the Claims in the fall of 2016; said Claims are not subject to any obligations to third parties.

As per the terms of the Acquisition Agreement, Kingsmere agreed to sell a 100% undivided interest on the Rock Creek Project and to acquire said interest, the Corporation had to meet the following conditions and payments:

a) Upon execution of the Acquisition Agreement, the Corporation paid in cash an amount of \$US100,000 (the "Cash Consideration") to Kingsmere;

Year ended November 30, 2019

- b) Upon listing of the common shares of the Corporation on a recognized Canadian stock exchange, defined as a "Liquidity Event" within the Acquisition Agreement, the Corporation will issue a total of three million (3,000,000) common shares at a deemed price of \$0.05 from its share capital to Kingsmere to be issued at the price of the Liquidity Event (the "Compensation Shares");
- c) It is mutually agreed between the Corporation and Kingsmere, that the Compensation Shares to be issued to Kingsmere upon the occurrence of a Liquidity Event shall be restricted for resale for a period of twenty-four (24) months following the occurrence of said Liquidity Event, such Compensation Shares are to be held within escrow with the Corporation's Transfer Agent.

On October 2019, the Company position on the Rock Creek project increased from 72 lode claims to 74. Two news lode mining claims (Cow 73 and Cow 74) have been staked based on field observations and historic geochemical data.

During the year 2019 and 2020, the Company bought back some of Kingsmere's Compensation Shares that were subsequently cancelled from the Company's treasury.

- a) In September 2019, 375,000 shares were bought back for US\$ 25,000.
- b) In March 2020, 300,000 shares were bought back for US\$ 20,000.

Mineral Exploration and Evaluation Assets

The Rock Creek Project:

The Corporation's principal property is the Rock Creek Project, located approximately 12 miles northwest of the old mining town of Tuscarora, in Elko County, Nevada. As of the date of this report, the Corporation has paid the Cash Consideration and issued the Shares Compensation to Kingsmere as per the terms of the Acquisition Agreement dated September 19, 2017, and therefore owns 100% undivided interest on the original 72 Claims comprising the Rock Creek Project plus 2 claims acquired in 2019.

The Tuscarora Mountains host the northern end of Carlin-trend mineralization, a cluster of major, large gold deposits. The mine is one of the company's largest producers. The geology at Goldstrike consists of a series of Eocene to Miocene volcanic centers, which have intruded, and locally covered sequences of upper and lower plate Paleozoic sedimentary rocks. Mineralized Eocene dikes have been found in many of the mines within the Carlin trend, and the temporal and spatial correlation with Carlin-type gold mineralization suggests a genetic link.

Year ended November 30, 2019

Based on an examination of Certificates of Location filed with the Elko County Recorder's Office in Elko, Nevada, and at the Bureau of Land Management Nevada State Office in Reno, Nevada, the 72 Cow claims were properly recorded. The 2017-2018, 2018-2019, and 2019-2020 annual maintenance fees have been paid and the claims are in good standing until noon September 1, 2020.

All claims are subject to an annual maintenance fee of \$165 per claim, payable to the Reno BLM and due by noon September 1 of each year. In addition, an annual Notice of Intent to Hold and fee of \$12.00 per claim is payable to the Elko County Recorder's Office. The Cow original 72 claims comprising the Rock Creek property, are owned by the Corporation and were staked by Kingsmere on October 2, 2016 and properly recorded with the county on December 12, 2016. The certificates of location and the recorded map were filed with BLM on December 23, 2016. Two new claims COW 73 and COW 74 were staked on September 27, 2019. The certificates of location and the recorded map were filed with the BLM on October 2, 2019. The Rock Creek property now consists of 74 unpatented lode mining claims in one contiguous block comprising approximately 1524.4 acres. The Cow claims are located in unsurveyed Sections 29 and 32 of T41N, R50E, and in Sections 1 and 2 of T40N, R49E, MDB&M.

There are adjacent claims, but no adverse ownership. Other properties in the immediate vicinity but not controlled by the Corporation include unpatented and patented pre-existing claims around the old Falcon mine south of the Cow claims, and private fee lands controlled by Barrick, situated between the Falcon Mine and the south edge of the Cow claims.

The margins of some of the Cow claims overlap (to avoid fractions) onto some of these pre-existing claims and private fee lands, reducing the stated acreage of the Rock Creek property by a small amount.

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to the mining properties in which it holds an interest in accordance with industry practices for the current stages of exploration and development of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee the validity of the Company's titles. Property titles may be subject to unregistered prior agreements and restrictions arising from regulatory requirements.

The Rock Creek property contains altered exposures of probable lower plate Paleozoic sedimentary rocks that appear to be correlative with the Devonian Rodeo Creek Formation. The bulk of the exposed Au-Ag-As-Sb-Hg mineralization has been found in coeval intermediate to felsic volcanic rocks, which have been dated as Eocene (36 - 40 ma.) throughout most of the Tuscarora Mountains. Similar ages of mineralization have been determined for a number of typical Carlin-type mines within the Carlin trend, Getchell district, Jerritt Canyon district, and Battle Mountain-Eureka trend of gold

The target concept for the Rock Creek Project is that high-level, epithermal gold-arsenic dominated, volcanic-hosted, Eocene-aged, precious metal mineralization represents the top of mineralizing hydrothermal plumes which had the potential to form high-grade Carlin-type (Meikle) deposits within favorable stratigraphic sections of lower plate sediments at depth. It is believed that detailed geologic,

Year ended November 30, 2019

structural, stratigraphic, geochemical and geophysical studies can target the favorable areas which overlie permissive stratigraphy at a reasonable depth (<2500 ft.).

Various companies have conducted exploration on the properties in the past for volcanic- hosted, high-grade Au-Ag veins and bulk tonnage Au-Ag deposits. These previous efforts by Texas Gulf, Shell Oil, Phelps Dodge, Homestake Mining, Newman Mining, Western States Minerals, Pittston Nevada Gold, Teck, and others were focused on high-grade, epithermal, bonanza-type precious metal veins hosted within volcanic rocks, or at the volcanic-sediment contacts.

From the limited data available from previous exploration in the project area, it is clear that areas of widespread alteration in the volcanics contained anomalous values in Au and Ag with locally high concentrations of As-Sb-Hg. Locally, sedimentary basement rocks were intercepted by shallow drilling in Rock Creek, which were altered and carried anomalous gold and pathfinder element concentrations.

The Rock Creek Project area is situated within a zone of "world class" gold endowment where the potential of finding a large, high-grade, gold mine is favorable. Past work has defined large (>1000 x 5000 ft.) areas of strongly argillized volcanic rocks which host numerous silicified breccia zones, and it is believed that the proposed exploration program offers an excellent opportunity to discover new Carlin-type mineralization beneath shallow volcanic cover on this property.

No resources have thus far been defined on the Rock Creek property, and all past mine development on nearby properties in this area is from the period of the late 1800's through 1950's.

The company updated its technical report on the property with an amended technical report titled:

Amended Technical Report Rock Creek Project Rock Creek Mining District Cow Claims Property Elko, County, Nevada By Fred T. Saunders Dated May 7, 2019

It is recommended to pursue exploration on this property. The proposed work shall be carried out in two phases, with the second being contingent upon the successful completion of the first phase.

A two phases exploration program has been proposed for the Rock Creek Project. The first phase would be data compilation, data acquisition, base map configuration, reconnaissance and detailed geologic mapping, additional soil and rock chip sampling, obtaining a CSAMT geophysics survey and supervision and

Year ended November 30, 2019

reporting. Phase 1 will focus on defining the dominant mineralizing feeder structures with strong Au-As geochemical footprints, delineating the major sedimentary basement blocks and basement highs, and targeting Carlin-type mineralization at a reasonable depth for underground mining. Phase 2 favourable targets will be drill tested. For the Rock Creek Property the estimated expenditures for Phase 1 is US\$163,590; and for Phase 2 is US\$1,260,840 for a total expenditure of US\$1,424,430. The second phase would include 15,000 ft. of reverse-circulation drilling, sample analysis, follow-up mapping, definition geochemical surveys, target selection, permitting, additional geophysical surveying and consultant supervising and report writing. We are tracking very close to the original Phase 1 budget. We are presently at or just under the projected US \$163,590 expenditure. Part of what has helped lower our projected costs has been the utilization of off the shelf aeromagnetic data in lieu of completing a new CSAMT geophysics to help explore the claim block. Although approximately \$15,000 is required to complete geological mapping and geochemical sampling on the claims, we estimate still completing the work within the Phase 1 budget.

The Phase 2 budget is appropriate based on our work and results to date. Because of current uncertainties in the World and United States, it is unclear when Phase 2 of the program will start. We anticipate that some of phase 2 exploration program such as further examination of the targets areas, laying out access roads and drill pads, as well as permitting will start in Q3 and Q4. We will adapt the spread of the phase 2 program based on conditions of the market and availability of workers and contractors needed for the exploration.

The proposed work program will utilize contract drillers and geological consultants, independent to the Corporation. When drilling by reverse circulation methods, the geological sample will be collected by means of a dual wall tube drill rods, cyclone and Jones splitter. Approximately 1/4 to 1/8 of the total drill cuttings weighing approximately 20 to 25 lbs. will be collected for analysis for each five-foot interval. The drill stem will be raised off the bottom and blown clear to ensure no residual material remains in the hole prior to initiating the next five-foot run.

Wet drilling must utilize particular care in keeping the sample free of contamination, and must use a rotary wet splitter. An assistant of the geological consultant will collect the geochemical sample. The sample will be placed into a uniquely numbered sample bag, a corresponding sample tag placed in the bag, and the bag sealed by wire tie or plastic zip tie.

Subsequent to November 30, 2018, the Company had undertaken the following:

1 Access agreements were secured with Dean and Sharon Rhoads Trust; the local rancher and with Barrick Goldstrike Mines Inc. to allow the Company to access the property through their private lands. These access agreements shorten the route to the property.

Year ended November 30, 2019

- 2 The Company also undertook certain road-repair work to facilitate the access to the property.
- 3 The property was geologically mapped at a reconnaissance level and rock sampled at the same time. The company has now taken approximately 97 rock samples on the project to date. The samples have been analyzed for gold, silver and pathfinder elements. Formal editing and plotting of the geological map is complete. With the geology map, gold and silver geochemistry maps complete we can now prepare more accurate cross-sections from which targeting can be done to further develop drill targets on the property.

Exploration and Evaluation Expenses:

Particulars	2017 Q4	2018 Q1	2018 Q2	2018 Q3	2018 Q4	2019 Q1	2019 Q2	2019 Q3	2019 Q4	Grand Total
Mining Claims	275,430	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	275,430
Claim Fees	_	-	-	29,429	1,293	-	-	17,429	947	49,098
Total Claim Expenses	275,430	-	-	29,429	1,293	-	-	17,429	947	324,528
Consultancy	_	-	-	10,480	22,083	-	-			32,563
Geological Services	-	-	-	-	13,451	-		22,383	59,269	95,103
Survey	-	-	-	-	22,318	13,791	-	,		36,109
Testing Fees	-	-	-	-		1,955	-			1,955
Total Exploration Expenses	-	-	-	10,480	57,852	15,746	-	22,383	59,269	165,730
Grand Total	275,430	-	-	39,909	59,145	15,746	-	39,812	60,216	490,258

The Corporation has incurred Exploration and evaluation expenditures as under:

General Corporate Affairs

Since its incorporation on August 30, 2017, the Corporation has not generated cash flow from its operations and has incurred certain operating losses. Such losses and negative operating cash flow are expected to continue since funds will be expended to pay its administrative expenses and to conduct the recommended Phase 1 exploration program on the Rock Creek Project.

The Company's shares are currently traded on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE") under the symbol "CRS" and are also listed on the Börse Frankfurt stock exchange ("Frankfurt") with the ticker symbol "CE7"

Year ended November 30, 2019

The Company also has a 100% subsidiary, Crestview Exploration LLC, registered in State of Nevada, United States of America. The subsidiary is yet to commence any operation.

Until required for the Corporation's purposes, the available funds will be invested only in securities of, or those guaranteed by, the Government of Canada or any province of Canada, in certificates of deposit or interest-bearing accounts of Canadian chartered banks or trust companies or in prime commercial paper. The Corporation's Chief Financial Officer with approval of the Board of Directors, will be responsible for the investment of unallocated funds.

The Corporation anticipates to finance its Phase 2 exploration program on the Rock Creek Project recommended in the Technical Report by subsequent equity or debt financing in 2020 and 2021 by raising funds in the capital markets by way of private placement either brokered or non brokered or prospectus offering, as the case may be and depending on the financial conditions of the market at such time as the Corporation would be able to attract institutional funds to subscribe to its share capital.

Financial Condition

Selected annual financial information

The following selected financial information is derived from our audited financial statements for each of the two most recently completed financial years.

Consolidated Statement of Loss and Comprehensive Loss Operating expenses Professional fees Business taxes and licenses Filing Fees IT Expenses Meals and entertainment Travel Insurance Rental Interest and bank charges General Expenses Share-based compensation Management fees Operating Loss Other Income Foreign exchange gain (loss)	Year Ended November 30, 2019	Year Ended November 30, 2018
Comprehensive Loss	\$	\$
Operating expenses		
Professional fees	195,081	133,141
Business taxes and licenses	19,300	1,531
Filing Fees	19,105	-
IT Expenses	18,540	1,644
Meals and entertainment	17,991	12,857
Travel	10,349	15,904
Insurance	1,364	-
Rental	1,250	1,154
Interest and bank charges	761	746
General Expenses	346	-
Share-based compensation	-	377,466
Management fees	-	40,000
Operating Loss	284,088	584,443
Other Income	5,501	
	(2,095)	1,932
BrBr Br ()	3,405	1,932
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the year	280,682	582,511
	200,002	002,011
No. of Shares	9,986,912	7,341,658

Year ended November 30, 2019

Basic and diluted loss per share	(0.03)	(0.08)
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	Year Ended November 30, 2019	Year Ended November 30, 2018
Cashflows used by Operating Activities	(283,881)	(225,905)
Cashflows used by Investing Activities	(117,211)	(105,905)
Cashflows from Financing Activities	184,177	396,165
Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(216,915)	84,756
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year	233,582	148,826
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year	16,667	233,582
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	As at November 30, 2019	As at November 30, 2018
Cash and cash equivalents	16,667	233,582
Share subscription receivable	-	400
Sales Tax Receivable	15,645	
Other Receivables	3,292	59
Exploration and evaluation assets	490,258	374,484
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	44,875	31,033
Shareholder Loan	6,227	-
Common Shares	1,139,352	823,677
Shares to be issued	-	150,000
Warrants	255,607	228,231
Contributed surplus	25,549	25,549
Deficit	(945,748)	(649,965)

The basic and diluted loss per share during the year ended November 30, 2019 is \$0.03 (\$0.08 in 2018). During the year ended November 30, 2019 the Company realized a net income and comprehensive loss of \$280,682 as compared to a net loss and comprehensive loss of \$582,511 (a decrease of \$301,829 compared to 2018) for the year ended November 30, 2018. The main reason behind the decrease is the incidence of Share based compensation amounting to \$377,466 in 2018 which was partially offset by the increase in Accounting and Auditing expenses incurred during the year primarily in connection with the process of listing of the Company's shares in the CSE.

On December 1, 2018, the Company initially applied the requirements of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments. There has been no impact of this change as described in Note 3 of Audited Consolidated Financial Statement for the year ended November 30, 2019.

Management is required to make estimates and assumptions that effect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and revenue and expenses for the period then ended. The Audited Consolidated Financial Statement for the year ended November 30, 2019 indicates Cash and Cash Equivalents of \$16,667 (2018: \$233,582); Share subscription receivable of "Nil" (2018: \$400); Sales Tax Receivable of \$15,645 (2018: Nil) and Other Receivables of \$3,292 (2018: \$59) resulting in total current assets of \$35,604, a decrease of \$198,437 from November 30, 2018 balance of \$234,041. The long-term assets are comprised of mineral exploration and evaluation assets of \$490,258 which is an increase of

Year ended November 30, 2019

\$115,774 from November 30, 2018 balance of \$374,484. The total assets are \$525,862 which is a decrease of \$82,663 from November 30, 2018 balance of \$608,525.

The Company's current liabilities at November 30, 2019 are its trade and other payables of \$44,875 which is an increase of \$13,842 from November 30, 2018 balance of \$31,033. Equity attributable to shareholders of the Company is \$474,760, a decrease of \$102,732 from November 30, 2018 balance of \$577,492, and is comprised of share capital of \$1,139,352 (Previous Year: \$823,677), shares to be issued of "Nil" (Previous Year: \$150,000), contributed surplus of \$25,549 (Previous Year: \$25,549), Warrants Reserve \$255,607 (Previous Year: \$228,231), less the deficit of \$945,748 (Previous Year: \$649,965)

The key movements in the Assets and Liabilities are as follows:

- a) The cash in the Company decreased by \$216,915 during the year as explained under "Cash Flows" below;
- b) During the year the company accrued receivables on account of Sales Tax for the years 2019, 2018 and the partial year of 2017 amounting to 15,645. Sales Tax was not accrued till the last year.
- c) All costs associated with mineral properties, totaling \$115,774 as outlined in Note 7 to the Audited Consolidated Financial Statement for the year ended November 30, 2019, have been classified as mineral exploration and evaluation assets. The expenditures are divided between the properties as follows:

Particulars	2017 Q4	2018 Q1	2018 Q2	2018 Q3	2018 Q4	2019 Q1	2019 Q2	2019 Q3	2019 Q4	Grand Total
Mining Claims	275,430	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	275,430
Claim Fees	_	-	-	29,429	1,293	-	-	17,429	947	49,098
Total Claim Expenses	275,430	-	-	29,429	1,293	-	-	17,429	947	324,528
Consultancy	_	_	-	10,480	22,083	-	-			32,563
Geological Services	-	-	-	-	13,451	-		22,383	59,269	95,103
Survey	-	-	-	-	22,318	13,791	-			36,109
Testing Fees	-	-	-	-		1,955	-			1,955
Total Exploration Expenses	-	-	-	10,480	57,852	15,746	-	22,383	59,269	165,730
Grand Total	275,430	-	-	39,909	59,145	15,746	-	39,812	60,216	490,258

d) During the year the Company has received an advance of \$10,000 (2018: Nil) from the Chairman of the Board. The Company had refunded an amount of \$3,773 during the year (2018: Nil). The balance outstanding against the loan stands at \$6,227 (2018: Nil).

Year ended November 30, 2019

Cash Flows:

The Corporation used \$283,881 (Previous Year: \$225,905) of its cash and cash equivalents from November 30, 2018 to meet the Operating Activities i.e., pay its trade and other payables, fund its operations and to fund the listing in the Canadian Stock Exchange (CSE) and pay for the corporate operating expenses. The Company's Investing Activities includes incurring an amount of \$117,211 (Previous Year: \$105,905) to continue with the exploration and evaluation of its mineral assets. During the year ended November 30, 2019, the Company's Financing Activities included receiving of a loan from a shareholder amounting to a net of \$6,227 (Previous Year: \$Nil); proceeds from issuance of shares amounting to \$211,800 (Previous Year: \$396,165) and a payout to repurchase the shares of the Company amounting to \$33,850 (Previous Year: \$Nil).

Results of Operation for the year ended November 30, 2019:

For the year ended November 30, 2019, the Company realized a net loss of \$280,682 or \$0.03 per share, compared to a net loss of \$582,511 or \$0.08 per share for the year ended November 30, 2018. During the current period, the Company had incurred higher expenses in account of Professional fees: \$195,081 (November 30 2018: \$133,141) due to higher payments towards consultancy and accounting and audit expenses; increased Business taxes and licenses: \$19,300 (November 30 2018: \$1,531), being the expenses towards fees paid to CSE and Ontario Stock Exchange; Filing fees of \$19,105 (November 30 2018: \$Nil) mainly towards application for listing at the Frankfurt Stock Exchange; IT expenses of \$18,540 November 30 2018: \$1,644) incurred mainly towards the upkeep and maintenance of the Company's website; Meals and Entertainment: \$17,991 (November 30 2018: \$12,857) incurred in connection with raising of finances that was partially offset by a lower expenses towards Travel: \$10,349 (November 30 2018: \$15,904) as most of the relationship management with current shareholders and prospective shareholders were centered around Montreal; and payment of Insurance Premium towards Directors and Officers Liability Insurance amounting to \$1,364 (November 30 2018: Nil). This has been offset by the Management fees of \$Nil during the current period (November 30 2018: \$40,000) which consisted of fees payable to the Chairman who was also the CEO vide an arrangement that was subsequently waived (Refer Note: 12 of the audited annual financial statements of November 30 20189.

While there has been no share-based compensation during the year ended November 30 2019, during the year ended November 30 2018, the Company incurred expenses towards Share Based Compensation amounting to \$377,466. Please refer to Note (1) below.

Year ended November 30, 2019

The comparative Professional Fees by nature of expenditure for the year ended November 30, 2019 and 2018 are summarized below:

	\$ 88,468 91,234 17,110	ember 30	Remarks
	2019	2018	
	\$	\$	
Accounting and Audit Expenses	88,468	20,162	Additional work was done during the year in connection with listing requirement.
Management Services	91,234	37,800	The fees paid to management during 2018 was for part of the year, 2019 also witnessed an increase in the rates of compensation paid to managerial personnel.
Share Subscription and Listing Related Expenses	17,110	75,179	Mainly constitute fees towards maintenance of the Trust Account for raising finance and Listing at the CSE.
Others incl. credit adj. for Sales Tax	(1,731)	-	Others total is made up of \$2,404 plus the Company adjusted Sales Tax recoveries for the year amounting to \$4,135.
Grand Total	195,081	133,141	

The Company expects to continue incurring losses during this period of exploration and development. These losses are expected to be funded by the current cash and private placement financing.

The carrying value of the mineral exploration and evaluation assets are reviewed by the Company on a quarterly basis by reference to the project economics, including the timing of the exploration and evaluation work, the work programs and exploration results achieved by the Company. At November 30, 2019, the Corporation does not believe that (a) any one of the triggers for impairment testing under IAS 36 has occurred; (b) Sufficient information is present to asses any potential cash flow at this point in time; (c) There has been a change in any facts or circumstances that could reasonably trigger an impairment testing under IFRS 6.

Summary of Quarterly Results

The following table sets out selected unaudited quarterly financial information of the Company for the eight quarters ended November 30, 2019.

Year ended November 30, 2019

	Nov-19	Aug-19	May-19	Feb-19	Nov-18	Aug-18	May-18	Feb-18
Comprehensive income / (Loss)	(115,146) ⁽³⁾	(57,706)	(62,415)	(45,415)	(36,920)	(71,240) ⁽²⁾	(424,631) ⁽¹⁾	(49,720)
Loss / Share	(0.01	(0.01)	(0.01	(0.0)	(0.00)	(0.01)	(0.05)	(0.01)

(1) Charge of \$377,466 on account of share-based compensation:

The Company offers a stock option plan for its officers, directors, employees and consultants. The fair value of stock options for each vesting period is determined using the Black Scholes option pricing model and is recorded over the vesting period as an increase to stock-based compensation and contributed surplus. A forfeiture rate is estimated on the grant date and is adjusted to reflect the actual number of options that vest. Upon the exercise of stock options, the proceeds received by the Company and the related contributed surplus are recorded as an increase to share capital. In the event that vested stock options expire, previously recognized share-based compensation is not reversed. In the event that stock options are forfeited, previously recognized share-based compensation associated with the unvested portion of the stock options forfeited is reversed.

The fair value of share-based payment transactions to non-employees and other share-based payments including shares issued to acquire exploration and evaluation assets are based on the fair value of the goods and services received. If the fair value cannot be estimated reliably, the share-based payment transaction is measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the date the Company receives the goods or services.

During April 2018, the Company issued 175,000 stock options to directors of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.40. The vesting date of the stock options was April 20, 2018. The options expire on April 20, 2020. The Share based compensation amount derived for this purpose amounted to \$25,549. None of the options were exercised as on November 30, 2019.

During April 2018, the Company issued 1.6M common shares to the Chairman of the Company for services rendered in 2018. The difference between the consideration paid for the shares and the fair value of those shares was recorded as Share Based Payments, for a total amount of \$351,917.

There has been no issuance of Options during the year ended November 30, 2019.

- (2) Payments in connection with Private Placements effected.
- (3) Higher payouts towards Professional fees, Filing and IT expenses.

Year ended November 30, 2019

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Working Capital

Working Capital is a non- GAAP financial information being the difference between Current Assets and Current Liabilities. Working Capital at November 30, 2019 of (\$15,498) represents a decrease of \$218,506 from the levels of November 30, 2018 total of \$203,008. This decrease in working capital is mainly due to funding of operating losses of \$284,088, Exploration costs of \$125,289 and re-purchase of share units amounting to \$33,850 which was partially offset by the additional equity infusion of \$211,800 during the current period.

Capital Expenditures

The Company incurred \$115,744 towards Exploration and Evaluation of Assets during the year ended November 30, 2019.

Capital Resources

Equity attributable to shareholders of the Company is \$474,760, a decrease of \$102,732 from November 30, 2018, and is comprised of share capital of \$1,139,352 (Previous Year: \$823,677), shares to be issued of \$Nil (Previous Year: \$150,000), contributed surplus of \$25,549 (Previous Year: \$255,607), Warrants Reserve \$255,607 (Previous Year: \$228,231), less the deficit of \$945,748 (Previous Year: \$649,965).

Management of the Corporation believes that it shall be able to raise sufficient funds to pay its ongoing general and administrative expenses, to pursue exploration and to meet its liabilities, obligations and existing commitments for the ensuing 12 months as they fall due. In assessing whether the going concern assumption is appropriate, management takes into account all available information about the future, which is at least, but not limited to, 12 months from the end of the reporting period. The Corporation's ability to continue future operations beyond November 30, 2019 and fund its exploration and evaluation expenditures is dependent on management's ability to secure additional financing in the future, which may be completed in a number of ways, including, but not limited to, the issuance of debt or equity instruments. Management will pursue such additional sources of financing when required.

While management has been successful in securing financing in the past, there can be no assurance that it will be able to do so in the future or that these sources of funding or initiatives will be available to the Corporation or that they will be available on terms which are acceptable to the Corporation. If management is unable to obtain new funding, the Corporation may be unable to continue its operations, and amounts eventually realized for assets might be less than amounts reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

Year ended November 30, 2019

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have, or are reasonably likely to have, a current or future effect on the financial performance or financial condition of the Company including, without limitation, such considerations as liquidity and capital resources.

Transactions with Related Parties

Transactions with key management

Key management personnel of the Company are Officers and members of the Board of Directors, as well as the Chairman of the Board. On September 1, 2017, the Company entered a contract with the Chairman of the Board for all services rendered for a monthly amount of \$8,000. However, during 2018, the Chairman has partially received payments under the contract and has irrevocably waived any claim to further payments for the year. A total of \$40,000 has been recorded in management fees for 2018. In addition, professional fees include \$88,776 (2018: \$34,650) paid to officers of the Company.

During the year the Company has received an interest free advance of \$10,000 (2018: Nil) from the Chairman of the Board that is repayable on demand. The Company had repaid an amount of \$3,773 during the year (2018: Nil). The balance outstanding against the loan stands at \$6,227 (2018: Nil).

The accounts payable and accrued liabilities include Nil (2018: \$7,460) related to the above contract as well as refundable business expenses paid on behalf of the company by the Chairman of the Board.

Year ended November 30, 2019

Fourth Quarter Results

The fourth quarter results for the Financial Year ending as on November 30, 2019 (FY 19) is being compared with the fourth quarter of Financial Year ended as on November 30, 2018 (FY 18).

	<i>3 months Ended</i> November 30, 2019	3 months Ended November 30, 2018
Operating expenses		
Professional fees	71,663	24,763
Business taxes and licenses	-	1,531
Filing Fees	19,105	-
IT Expenses	18,217	872
Meals and entertainment	5,769	2,225
Travel	1,723	7,492
Insurance	1,364	-
Rental	312	312
Interest and bank charges	24	(36)
General Expenses	346	-
Share-based compensation	-	-
Management fees	-	-
Operating Loss	118,524	37,159
Other Income	5,501	-
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	(2,123)	239
	3,377	239
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the year	115,146	36,920
No of Shares	12,046,046	8,844,031
Basic and diluted loss per share	(0.01)	(0.00)

The comparative Professional Fees by nature of expenditure for the three months ended November 30, 2019 and 2018 are summarized below:

	3 months ended	November 30	Remarks
	2019	2018	
	\$	\$	
Accounting and Audit Expenses	26,978	2,756	Provision for outsourced accounting and audit fees made in Q4 2019
Management Services	38,538	18,900	Compensation rate for management increased in Q4 2019
Share Subscription and Listing Related Expenses	10,282	3,107	Mainly constitute fees towards maintenance of the Trust Account for raising finance and Listing at the CSE.

Year ended November 30, 2019

Others incl. credit adj. for Sales Tax	(4,135)	-	The Company adjusted Sales Tax recoveries for the year amounting to \$4,135.
Grand Total	71,663	24,763	

Critical Accounting Estimates and Accounting Policies

IFRS Accounting policies

The Company's significant accounting policies under IFRS are disclosed in Note 3 in the audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended November 30, 2019.

Use of estimates and judgements

Please refer to Note 5 of the audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended November 30, 2019 for an extended description of the information concerning the Company's significant judgments, estimates and assumptions that have the most significant effect on the recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

Changes in accounting policies

The Company's changes to accounting policies are disclosed in Note 3 in the audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended November 30, 2019.

New standards and interpretations that have not yet been adopted

At statement date, several new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been issued but are not yet effective. Accordingly, they have not been applied in preparing these consolidated financial statements. The Company is currently assessing the impact that these standards will have on the audited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

The standards issued but not yet effective that are expected to be relevant to the Company's consolidated financial statements are provided below. Certain other new standards and interpretations have been issued but are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Management anticipates that the pronouncements will be adopted in the Company's accounting policies for the first period beginning after the effective date of each pronouncement. Information on new standards, amendments and interpretations that are expected to be relevant to the Company's consolidated financial statements is provided below. Certain other new standards and interpretations have been issued but are not expected to have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements and are not listed.

Year ended November 30, 2019

IFRS 16 - Leases

In January 2016, the IASB published IFRS 16 – Leases, which will replace IAS 17 – Leases. This IFRS eliminates the classification as an operating lease and requires lessees to recognize a right-of-use asset and a lease liability for all leases with exemptions permitted for short-term leases and leases of low value assets. In addition, IFRS 16 changes the definition of a lease, sets requirements on how to account for the asset and liability, including complexities such as non-lease elements, variable lease payments and options periods, changes the accounting for sale and leaseback arrangements, largely retains IAS 17's approach to lessor accounting and introduces new disclosure requirements. IFRS 16 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019 with early application permitted in certain circumstances. The Company does not have any leases, hence no significant impact is expected on the financials with the implementation of IFRS 16.

IFRIC 23 Uncertainty Over Income Tax Treatments

Issued by the IASB in June 2017 and provides guidance as to when it is appropriate to recognize a current tax asset when the taxation authority requires an entity to make an immediate payment related to an amount in dispute. This interpretation applies for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019. Management has not yet considered the impact of adoption of this IFRIC.

Financial Instruments

All financial instruments are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument and are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except for financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss, which are measured initially at fair value. Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual right to the cash flows from the financial assets expire, or when the financial asset and all substantial risks and rewards are transferred. An extended description of the Company's financial instruments and their fair values is provided in Note 14 in the audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended November 30, 2019.

Financial Risk Management, Objectives and Policies

In the normal course of operations, the Company is exposed to various financial risks. Please refer to Note 15 to the Audited Consolidated Financial Statement for the year ended November 30 2019 for an extended description of the Company's financial risk management, objectives and policies.

Capital Management Policies and Procedures

The Company's capital management objectives are to ensure its ability to continue as a going concern and to maximize the return to its shareholders. The Company's definition of capital includes all components of shareholders' equity. In order to meet its objectives, the Company monitors its capital structure and makes adjustments as required in light of changes in economic conditions and the risks characteristics of the

Year ended November 30, 2019

underlying assets. These objectives will be achieved by identifying the right investments, including exploration projects, adding value to these projects and ultimately taking them through production and cash flow, either with partners or by the Company's own means. Please refer to Note 13 to the November 30, 2019 consolidated financial statements for an extended description of the Company's capital management policies and procedures.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may issue common shares or securities convertible or exercisable into common shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies and processes for managing capital during the year ended November 30, 2019. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

Commitments and Contingencies

The Company has no commitment.

Controls and Procedures Over Financial Reporting

Venture issuers are not required to include representations relating to the establishment and maintenance of disclosure controls and procedures (DC&P) and internal control over financial reporting (ICFR), as defined in National Instrument 52-109 Certification of Disclosure in Issuer's Annual and Interim Filings ("NI 52-109"). In particular, the Company's certifying officers are not making any representations relating to the establishment and maintenance of:

- controls and other procedures designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the Company in its annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in securities legislation; and
- ii) a process to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with the Company's generally accepted accounting principles.

The Company's certifying officers are responsible for ensuring that processes are in place to provide them with sufficient knowledge to support the representations they make. Investors should be aware that inherent limitations on the ability of the Company's certifying officers to design and implement on a cost-effective basis DC&P and ICFR as defined in NI 52-109 may result in additional risks to the quality, reliability, transparency and timeliness of interim and annual filings and other reports provided under securities legislation.

Year ended November 30, 2019

Disclosure of Outstanding Share Data

The following information relates to share data of the Company.

1. Share capital

(a) Authorized:

Unlimited number of common voting shares. Unlimited number of preferred shares, without nominal or par value, issuable in series.

- (b) Issued as of November 30, 2019: The Company has 12,091,376 common shares issued (\$1,139,352).
- (c) The Rock Creek property is comprised of 74 unpatented lode claims, located approximately 12 miles northwest of the old mining town of Tuscarora, in Elko County, Nevada, United States. The claims lie on BLM administered lands. The Company obtained this exploration property on September 19, 2017. Consideration for the property consisted of \$125,430 CDN (\$100,000 US) cash and 3,000,000 common shares valued at \$0.05, for a total of \$150,000, to be issued when the shares of the Company are listed on a recognized stock exchange by way of an initial public offering or any other similar type of going public transaction. The shareholders' equity include the \$150,000 accounted for as shares to be issued. During the year ended November 30, 2019, the Company issued 3,000,000 common shares valued at \$0.05 per share.
- (d) During the year ended November 30, 2019, the Company closed non-brokered private placements of 529,500 units (Year ended November 30, 2018: 2,598,312 units [including 1,600,000 units that gave rise to a share-based payment], consisting of one common share and one-half common share purchase warrant, at \$0.40 for total proceeds of \$211,800 (2018: at prices ranging between \$0.03 and \$0.40 for total proceeds of \$396,165).
- (e) During September 2019, the Company has bought back the 375,000 of the Compensation Shares for US\$25,000 and were subsequently cancelled.

Crestview Exploration Inc. Management Discussion & Analysis Year ended November 30, 2019

2. Warrants:

As previously noted, the Company issued one or one-half warrant for each unit, or, 264,750 warrants during the year (2018: 2,157,906 warrants). Each warrant is exercisable into one common share at a price of \$0.60 (2018: price ranging between \$0.10 and \$0.60).

	Novemb	er 30, 2019	Nover	nber	30, 2018
	Number of	Weighted average	Number of		Weighted average
	Warrants	exercise price	Warrants		exercise price
Outstanding - beginning of period	8,496,470	\$0.14	6,338,564	\$	0.10
Granted	264,750	\$0.60	2,157,906	\$	0.23
Exercised	-	-	-		-
Expired	(5,938,564)	\$0.11	-		-
			-		-
Outstanding - end of period	2,822,656	\$0.24	8,496,470		\$0.14

Details of common share purchase warrants outstanding at November 30, 2019 are as follows:

Crestview Exploration Inc. Management Discussion & Analysis Year ended November 30, 2019

_	As at November 30, 2	As at November 30, 2019				
Expiry date	Number of	Exercise		Number of	Exercise	
	Warrants		price	Warrants		price
September 2019	-		-	5,076,000	\$	0.10
October 2019	-		-	800,000	\$	0.10
November 2019	-		-	462,564	\$	0.17
December 2019	720,000	\$	0.10	320,000	\$	0.10
January 2020	4,200	\$	0.60	4,200	\$	0.60
February 2020	1,311,250	\$	0.11	1,311,250	\$	0.11
April 2020	50,000	\$	0.60	50,000	\$	0.60
June 2020	160,250	\$	0.60	160,250	\$	0.60
July 2020	89,125	\$	0.60	89,125	\$	0.60
August 2020	12,375	\$	0.60	12,375	\$	0.60
September 2020	147,750	\$	0.60	147,750	\$	0.60
October 2020	14,100	\$	0.60	14,100	\$	0.60
November 2020	37,606	\$	0.60	37,606	\$	0.60
December 2020	500	\$	0.60	-	\$	-
January 2021	38,375	\$	0.60	11,250	\$	0.60
February 2021	23,875	\$	0.60	-	\$	-
March 2021	210,750	\$	0.60	-	\$	-
April 2021	2,500	\$	0.60	-	\$	-
	2,822,656	\$	0.25	8,496,470	\$	0.14

As at November 30, 2019, the following share purchase warrants were outstanding:

Year ended November 30, 2019

The fair value of one warrant at the date of the closing was estimated at \$0.184 (2018: estimate ranged between \$0.01 and \$0.17), based on the following key assumptions:

Warrants Reserve	Year ended November 30, 2019	Year Ended November 30, 2018	
Exercise Price	\$0.60	\$0.10-\$0.60	
Expected Life	2 years	2 years	
Dividend Yield	Nil Nil		
Volatility	81.6%	81.6% 146%	
Risk Free Interest Rate	1.75%	1.93%	

3. Options

The Company has an incentive stock option plan whereby options may be granted from time to time to directors, officers, employees and consultants to the Company with shares reserved for issuance as options not to exceed 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares. No shares can be reserved for issuance to any individual if the aggregate shares to be issued exceed 5% of the outstanding common shares.

As of November 30, 2019, there were 175,000 common shares reserved for issuance pursuant to the exercise of stock options (November 30, 2018 - 175,000) as follows:

Number of Outstanding Options	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
175,00	\$0.40	April 19, 2020

Business Risks

The Company is engaged in the exploration evaluation and development of mineral properties. These activities involve a high degree of risk which, even with a combination of experience, knowledge and careful evaluation, may not be overcome. Consequently, no assurance can be given that commercial quantities of minerals will be successfully found or produced.

The Company has no history of profitable operations and its present business is at an early stage. As such, the Company is subject to many common risks to such enterprises, including under-capitalization, cash shortages and limitations with respect to personnel, financial and other resources and the lack of revenues. There is no assurance that the Company will be successful in achieving a positive return on shareholders' investment. The Company has no source of operating cash flow and no assurance that additional funding will be available to it for further exploration and development of its projects when

Year ended November 30, 2019

required. Although the Company has been relatively successful in the past in obtaining financing through the sale of equity securities, there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain adequate financing in the future or that the terms of such financing will be favorable. Failure to obtain such additional financing could result in the delay or indefinite postponement of further exploration and development of its properties.

The Company has determined a project construction and operation plan based on best available knowledge and with certain assumptions that will enable it to initiate work and enter into contracts. Events outside the control of the Company, such as funding or permit approvals as examples, may adversely affect these plans and result in delays for construction and for start of operations.

The Company's property interests are located in remote, undeveloped areas and the availability of infrastructure such as surface access, skilled labour, fuel and power at an economic cost, cannot be assured. These are integral requirements for exploration, development and production facilities on mineral properties. Power will need to be generated on site. Due to its location, weather events may cause disruptions or other difficulties in operations.

Certain of the Company's properties are located in the Elko County, Nevada, USA and therefore subject to its mining legislation, which may require that primary processing be done within the Province/ State in order to obtain mining rights. Furthermore, Provincial/ State and federal legislators may enact laws or budgets that have a negative impact on this project or on the mining industry as a whole.

Volatile market conditions for resource commodities, including iron ore, have resulted in a dramatic decrease in market capitalization and the inability of companies to acquire funding for their exploration and development properties. An extended period of poor macro-economic conditions could lead to an inability of the Company to finance future operations.

Inflation has not been a significant factor affecting the cost of goods and services in Canada in recent years; however renewed exploration and development activity may result in a shortage of experienced technical staff, and heavy demand for goods and services needed by the mining community.

The mineral industry is intensely competitive in all its phases. Crestview competes with many other mineral exploration companies with greater financial resources and technical capacity.

The price of gold and other commodities reflects the aforementioned market volatility. The purchase of securities of the Company involves a high degree of risk and should be undertaken only by investors whose financial resources are sufficient to enable them to assume such risks. The Company's securities should not be purchased by persons who cannot afford the possibility of the loss of their entire investment. Furthermore, an investment in securities of the Company should not constitute a major part of an investor's portfolio.

Year ended November 30, 2019

In recent years securities markets have experienced extreme price and volume volatility. The market price of securities of many early stage companies have experienced fluctuations in price which may not necessarily be related to the operating performance, underlying asset values or prospects of such companies. It may be anticipated that any market for the Company's shares will be subject to market trends generally and the value of the Company's shares on the Canada Exchange may be affected by such volatility.

In order to develop the Rock Creek Project to commercial production or to finance operations, additional third- party financing may be required and there is no assurance that such financing will be available on reasonable commercial terms, or at all.

The Corporation has limited financial resources and there is no assurance that additional funding will be available to it for further exploration work or the development of its projects or to fulfill its obligations under applicable agreements. Although the Corporation has been successful in the past to obtain financing through the sale of equity securities, there can be no assurance that the Corporation will be able to obtain adequate financing in the future or that terms of the financing will be favorable. Failure to obtain such additional financing could result in delay or indefinite postponement of further exploration and development of the property interests of the Corporation with possible dilution or loss of such interests.

The Corporation is conducting its exploration activities in the United States of America. There is a sovereign risk of investing in a foreign country, including the risk that the mining concessions may be susceptible to revision or cancellation by new laws or changes in direction by the government in question. These are matters over which the Corporation will have no control. Although management believes that the government and population of the United States of America support the development of natural resources and mining activities there is no assurance that future political and economic conditions in such country will not result in the adoption of different policies or attitudes respecting the development and ownership of mineral resources. Any such changes in policy or attitudes may result in changes in laws affecting ownership of assets, land tenure and mineral concessions, taxation, royalties, rates of exchange, environmental protection, labour relations, repatriation of income and return of capital, which may affect both the Corporation's ability to undertake exploration and, if warranted, development and mining activities in respect of current and future properties.

The acquisition of titles to mineral projects is a detailed and time-consuming process. Although the Corporation has taken precautions to ensure that the agreement of the Rock Creek Prospect is a valid and legally binding agreement and that title of the property can be transferred and properly recorded, by obtaining a legal opinion from local counsel, there can be no assurance that such title will ultimately be secured. Furthermore, there is no assurance that the interest of the Corporation in its property may not be challenged or impugned.

Year ended November 30, 2019

The success of the Company is very dependent upon the personal efforts and commitment of its existing management. To the extent that management's services would be unavailable for any reason, a disruption to the operations of the Company could result, and other persons would be required to manage and operate the Company.

In the normal course of the Company's business, Crestview may become involved in, named as a party to, or be the subject of, various legal proceedings, including regulatory proceedings, tax proceedings and legal actions, related to the personal injuries, property damage, property tax, the environment and contract disputes. The outcome of outstanding, pending or future proceedings cannot be predicted with certainty and may be determined adversely to the Company and as a result, could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

Director Dimitrios Liakopoulos