

**ETRUSCUS RESOURCES CORP.**  
**Condensed Interim Financial Statements**  
**December 31, 2019**

**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

**ETRUSCUS RESOURCES CORP.**  
**Index to Condensed Interim Financial Statements**  
**For the nine-month period ended December 31, 2019**  
**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

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	Page
MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	1
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Condensed Interim Statements of Financial Position	2
Condensed Interim Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss	3
Condensed Interim Statements of Changes in Equity	4
Condensed Interim Statements of Cash Flows	5
Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements	6-26

## **MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The accompanying condensed interim financial statements of Etruscus Resources Corp. (the "Company") are the responsibility of management.

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared by management, on behalf of the Board of Directors, in accordance with the accounting policies disclosed in the notes to the unaudited condensed interim financial statements. Where necessary, management has made informed judgments and estimates in accounting for transactions which were not complete at the financial position date. In the opinion of management, the condensed interim financial statements have been prepared within acceptable limits of materiality and are in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board using accounting policies consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards appropriate in the circumstances.

The Company has established processes, which are in place to provide it sufficient knowledge to support management representations that it has exercised reasonable diligence that (i) the condensed interim financial statements do not contain any untrue statement of material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it is made, as of the date of, and for the periods presented by, the condensed interim financial statements and (ii) the condensed interim financial statements fairly represent in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company, as of the date of and for the periods presented by the condensed interim financial statements.

The Board of Directors is responsible for reviewing and approving the condensed interim financial statements together with other financial information of the Company and for ensuring that management fulfills its financial reporting responsibilities. An Audit Committee assists the Board of Directors in fulfilling this responsibility. The Audit Committee meets with management to review the financial reporting process and the condensed interim financial statements together with other financial information of the Company. The Audit Committee reports its findings to the Board of Directors for its consideration in approving the condensed interim financial statements together with other financial information of the Company for issuance to the shareholders.

Management recognizes its responsibility for conducting the Company's affairs in compliance with established financial standards, and applicable laws and regulations, and for maintaining proper standards of conduct for its activities.

## ETRUSCUS RESOURCES CORP.

## Condensed Interim Statements of Financial Position

As at December 31, 2019

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)  
(Unaudited – prepared by management)

	December 31, 2019 <i>(unaudited)</i>	March 31, 2019 <i>(audited)</i>
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 214,091	\$ 1,276,494
Receivables <i>(Note 3)</i>	13,880	16,662
Due from related party <i>(Note 8)</i>	943	-
Retainers, deposits and prepaid expenses	-	2,146
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>228,914</b>	<b>1,295,302</b>
Exploration and evaluation assets <i>(Note 4)</i>	1,622,843	301,789
Reclamation deposit	20,000	20,000
Equipment <i>(Note 5)</i>	58,447	8,549
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 1,930,204</b>	<b>\$ 1,625,640</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities <i>(Note 6)</i>	\$ 36,039	\$ 20,864
Due to related parties <i>(Note 8)</i>	31,500	35,700
Lease liability <i>(Note 6)</i>	17,327	-
Flow-through share premium liability <i>(Note 7(a)(ii))</i>	27,965	-
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>112,831</b>	<b>56,564</b>
Lease liability <i>(Note 6)</i>	28,724	-
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>141,555</b>	<b>56,564</b>
<b>EQUITY</b>		
Share capital <i>(Note 7)</i>	2,404,737	1,947,612
Equity reserves	430,585	430,585
Deficit	(1,046,673)	(809,121)
<b>Total equity</b>	<b>1,788,649</b>	<b>1,569,076</b>
<b>Total liabilities and equity</b>	<b>\$ 1,930,204</b>	<b>\$ 1,625,640</b>

Nature and Continuance of Operations *(Note 1)*  
Events After the Reporting Period *(Note 12)*

Approved and authorized on behalf of the Board on February 27, 2020.

Gordon Lam Director

Fiore Aliperti Director

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.*

**ETRUSCUS RESOURCES CORP.**

**Condensed Interim Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss**

**For the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2019**

**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)  
(Unaudited – prepared by management)**

	<i>Three months ended December 31, 2019</i>	<i>Three months ended December 31, 2018</i>	<i>Nine months ended December 31, 2019</i>	<i>Nine months ended December 31, 2018</i>
<b>Operating Expenses:</b>				
Advertising, marketing, promotion	\$ 22,369	\$ 414	\$ 24,585	\$ 630
Consulting fees (Note 8)	44,500	45,000	160,950	150,000
Depreciation (Note 5)	6,481	1,015	13,578	1,663
Office and general	6,848	1,732	16,763	5,390
Professional fees	5,252	31,028	5,262	66,612
Regulatory and transfer agent fees	5,418	10,752	11,888	18,487
Rent	3,660	4,638	12,278	6,132
Travel	-	-	797	-
Total operating expenses	<b>(94,528)</b>	<b>(94,579)</b>	<b>(246,091)</b>	<b>(248,914)</b>
<b>Net finance income (expense):</b>				
Interest income	382	5,949	10,506	15,582
Amortization of discount	(943)	-	(1,967)	-
Total net finance income (expense)	<b>(561)</b>	<b>5,949</b>	<b>8,539</b>	<b>15,582</b>
<b>Loss and comprehensive loss for the period</b>	<b>\$ (95,089)</b>	<b>\$ (88,630)</b>	<b>\$ (237,552)</b>	<b>\$ (233,332)</b>
Basic and diluted loss per common share	<b>\$ (0.00)</b>	<b>\$ (0.00)</b>	<b>\$ (0.01)</b>	<b>\$ (0.01)</b>
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding:				
Basic and diluted	<b>19,500,224</b>	<b>18,984,784</b>	<b>19,429,537</b>	<b>18,103,887</b>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.*

**ETRUSCUS RESOURCES CORP.**

**Condensed Interim Statements of Changes in Equity**

**For the nine-month period ended December 31, 2019**

**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)  
(Unaudited – prepared by management)**

	<i>Share Capital</i>		<i>Equity Reserves</i>	<i>Deficit</i>	<i>Total</i>
	<i>Number of Shares</i>	<i>Amount</i>			
<b>Balance at March 31, 2018</b>	<b>13,800,001</b>	<b>\$ 535,000</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ (61,036)</b>	<b>\$ 473,964</b>
Shares issued for cash- private placements	5,518,000	1,379,500	-	-	1,379,500
Shares rescinded	(224,000)	(41,000)	-	-	(41,000)
Share issuance costs	-	(888)	-	-	(888)
Loss for the period	-	-	-	(233,332)	(233,332)
<b>Balance at December 31, 2018</b>	<b>19,094,001</b>	<b>\$ 1,872,612</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ (294,368)</b>	<b>\$ 1,578,244</b>
Shares issued for property	300,000	75,000	-	-	75,000
Share-based compensation	-	-	430,585	-	430,585
Loss for the period	-	-	-	(514,753)	(514,753)
<b>Balance at March 31, 2019</b>	<b>19,394,001</b>	<b>\$ 1,947,612</b>	<b>\$ 430,585</b>	<b>\$ (809,121)</b>	<b>\$ 1,569,076</b>
Shares issued for cash- private placement	1,834,500	486,590	-	-	486,590
Share issuance costs	-	(1,500)	-	-	(1,500)
Flow-through share premium liability	-	(27,965)	-	-	(27,965)
Loss for the period	-	-	-	(237,552)	(237,552)
<b>Balance at December 31, 2019</b>	<b>21,228,501</b>	<b>\$ 2,404,737</b>	<b>\$ 430,585</b>	<b>\$ (1,046,673)</b>	<b>\$ 1,788,649</b>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.*

**ETRUSCUS RESOURCES CORP.**

**Condensed Interim Statements of Cash Flows**

**For the nine-month periods ended December 31, 2019 and 2018**

**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)  
(Unaudited – prepared by management)**

	<i>2019</i>	<i>2018</i>
<b>Cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities</b>		
Loss for the period	\$ (237,552)	\$ (233,332)
Add-back non-cash items:		
Depreciation	13,578	1,663
Net finance income	(8,539)	(15,582)
Changes in non-cash working capital items:		
Receivables	(7,654)	(2,988)
Retainers, deposits and prepaid expenses	2,146	(2,470)
Due from related party	(943)	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,843	3,041
Due to related parties	(4,200)	13,375
Cash used in operating activities	(241,321)	(236,293)
Interest paid	(1,967)	-
Net cash used in operating activities	(243,288)	(236,293)
<b>Cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities</b>		
Investment in exploration and evaluation assets	(1,307,722)	(25,746)
Purchase of equipment	(9,266)	(10,720)
Interest income received	20,942	10,314
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,296,046)	(26,152)
<b>Cash flows provided (used in) financing activities</b>		
Shares issued for cash	486,590	1,338,500
Share issuance costs	(1,500)	(888)
Payment of lease liability	(8,159)	-
Net cash provided by financing activities	476,931	1,337,612
<b>Change in cash and cash equivalents during the period</b>	<b>(1,062,403)</b>	<b>1,075,167</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period</b>	<b>1,276,494</b>	<b>383,311</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents, end of period</b>	<b>\$ 214,091</b>	<b>\$ 1,458,478</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents consist of:</b>		
Cash	\$ 214,091	\$ 258,478
Guaranteed investment certificates	-	1,200,000
Total	\$ 214,091	\$ 1,458,478

Supplemental Disclosure with Respect to Cash Flows (*Note 11*)

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.*

**ETRUSCUS RESOURCES CORP.****Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements****For the nine-month period ended December 31, 2019****(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

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**1. NATURE AND CONTINUANCE OF OPERATIONS**

Etruscus Resources Corp. (“the Company”) was incorporated under the Business Corporations Act (British Columbia) on July 1, 2017. The Company’s registered office is located at Suite 1400 - 1125 Howe St., Vancouver, British Columbia, V6Z 2K8, and its operating office is located at Suite 604 - 850 West Hastings St., Vancouver, British Columbia V6C 1E1. The Company’s common shares were listed for trading on the Canadian Securities Exchange (“CSE”) on January 15, 2019 (the “Listing Date”).

The Company is engaged in the exploration of mineral properties and has not yet determined whether any of its properties contain economically recoverable reserves. To date, the Company has not earned any operating revenues and is in the exploration stage. The mining exploration business involves a high degree of risk. The recoverability of the amounts expended on mineral interests by the Company is dependent upon the existence of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete the exploration and development of its mineral properties and upon future profitable production or proceeds from disposition of its mineral interests.

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the Company will continue as a going concern which assumes that the Company will be able to continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities and commitments in the normal course of operations. As an exploration stage company, the Company has incurred net operating losses since its inception and the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern depends upon its ability to raise adequate financing and to ultimately develop profitable operations.

Since incorporation on July 1, 2017, the Company raised equity financing from investors to provide for its early stage exploration and working capital needs. The Company expects to undertake additional fundraising in 2020, likely through private placements but the Company may also consider convertible debentures, third party earnings or joint ventures using debt or equity financing structures, to ensure the continuation of Company’s exploration activities. To the extent future financing is not available, future working capital commitments may not be satisfied and future exploration programs would face curtailment and could result in a loss of property ownership or earning opportunities for the Company.

There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to raise the funds necessary to continue future operations through 2020. Should the Company be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business, the net realizable value of its assets may be materially less than the amounts recorded on the statements of financial position. These condensed interim financial statements do not include adjustments to amounts and classifications of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue operations.

The Company operates in a single jurisdiction with a single business activity of exploration and, accordingly, segmented information is not required.



**ETRUSCUS RESOURCES CORP.****Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements****For the nine-month period ended December 31, 2019****(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

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**2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these condensed interim financial statements.

**Basis of presentation**

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and Interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"), and are presented in Canadian dollars which is the financial currency of the Company.

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments which are classified as fair value through profit or loss. In addition, these condensed interim financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information.

These condensed interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended March 31, 2019. These condensed interim financial statements do not include all disclosures required in annual financial statements but rather they follow recommendations for condensed interim financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). These condensed interim financial statements follow the same accounting policies and methods of their application as those followed in the March 31, 2019 annual financial statements, except for the following policies that were adopted by the Company on April 1, 2019:

**New accounting standard: IFRS 16 – Leases**

A new standard on leases supersedes IAS 17, *Leases*, and related interpretations and sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases. The standard is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2019 and was therefore adopted by the Company as at April 1, 2019. Its purpose is to report information that faithfully represents lease transactions and provides financial statement users with a base to assess the amount, timing, and uncertainties of cash flows arising from leases. The main effect of IFRS 16 is the introduction of a single lessee accounting model requiring a lessee to recognize assets and liabilities for almost all leases, effectively eliminating the off-balance sheet treatment of many leases that were historically classified as operating leases.

At inception, the Company assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease. The assessment involves the exercise of judgment about whether the lease depends on a specified asset, whether the Company obtains substantially all the economic benefits for the use of that asset during the lease term, and whether the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset. If the lease contains an extension option that the Company considers reasonably certain to be exercised, the term of lease for the purpose of adopting IFRS 16 becomes the base lease plus the renewal option, including any associated costs. If the lease includes a purchase option, the cost of the purchase is included in the calculation of lease payments. For leases structured with fixed and variable components in the lease payments, only non-index-linked variable payments are excluded from IFRS 16, which are accounted for on an expense-as-incurred basis and are included in rent expense.

Once all the lease terms have been identified and assessed, the Company recognizes a lease liability and a right-of-use ("ROU") asset at the commencement of the lease, as follows:

**ETRUSCUS RESOURCES CORP.****Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements****For the nine-month period ended December 31, 2019****(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

New accounting standard: IFRS 16 – Leases (continued)

a) The lease liability recognized upon lease inception represents the present value of the net remaining lease payments, discounted at an interest rate otherwise required if the asset was acquired through a financing arrangement, using the effective interest method. Lease liability is subsequently reduced by the lease payments made and increased by the interest cost on the liability. Lease liability is allocated between current and non-current liabilities.

b) ROU assets are initially measured based on the present value of the lease payments not yet made at the date of adoption, plus initial direct costs and obligations to refurbish the asset, if any, less any incentives received. ROU assets are included in Equipment and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset. ROU assets are also subject to testing for impairment if there is an indicator for impairment.

In cases where a company acts as a lessor, or a sublessor when it subleases an ROU asset to a lessee, it only classifies the sublease as an operating lease if the headlease is a short term lease; otherwise, the sublease is classified as finance lease. When the lease or sublease is classified as a finance lease, the lessor derecognizes the ROU asset pertaining to the head lease, if any, that it transfers to the sublessee, at the sublease commencement date, and continues to account for the original lease liability.

The lessor or sublessor recognizes a net investment in lease or sublease and evaluates it for impairment and may use the discount rate in the head lease to measure the net investment in sublease. The lessor company recognizes finance income on the net investment in the lease or sublease, and also records income relating to variable lease payments not included in the measurement of the net investment in the lease, which are excluded under IFRS 16.

Upon adoption of IFRS 16 on April 1, 2019, the Company considered the following practical expedients permitted by the standard:

- the use of a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with similar characteristics;
- accounting for operating leases that have remaining terms of less than 12 months as at April 1, 2019;
- the exclusion of low-value leases;
- the use of hindsight to determine lease terms where contractual rights exist to extend or terminate; and
- the exclusion of initial direct costs in the measurement of ROU assets at the date of adoption.

On the date of adoption of IFRS 16, the Company had an office lease with a termination date of December 31, 2019, and no renewal option. Accordingly, the Company elected not to recognize the subleased ROU assets or the lease liability because the total remaining lease term, at the time of adoption, was less than 12 months. The Company also elected, for certain low-value assets, to treat them as operating leases and to expense-as-incurred. The payments for such short-term and low-value leases are recognized in the statement of operations and comprehensive loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term, within rent expense. In addition, there were no adjustments required upon adoption of IFRS 16 for finance leases, as the Company did not have any leases previously classified as such on March 31, 2019. Consequently, there was no impact to the Company's financial statements on the date of adoption of IFRS 16.

**ETRUSCUS RESOURCES CORP.**

**Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements**

**For the nine-month period ended December 31, 2019**

**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

New accounting standard: IFRS 16 – Leases

On July 1, 2019 the Company entered into a three-year sublease agreement. The impacts of IFRS 16 on the condensed interim financial statements of the Company as it applies to a sublease for the period ended December 31, 2019 are summarized in Note 6.

Use of judgements and estimates

In preparing these condensed interim financial statements, management has made judgements and estimates that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The significant judgements made by management in applying the Company's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty for the current period were the same as those described in the annual financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019, except for new significant judgements related to lessee accounting under IFRS 16. These new judgements primarily included evaluating the appropriate discount rate to use to discount the lease liabilities, the determination of the lease term, and assessing if the Company was reasonably certain that it would exercise any lease renewal option. Significant judgements, estimates and assumptions regarding these factors affect the present value of the lease liabilities, the value of the right-of-use assets and the amounts of finance, rent and depreciation expenses recognized.

3. RECEIVABLES

	<i>December 31, 2019</i>	<i>March 31, 2019</i>
Recoverable sales taxes	\$ 13,880	\$ 6,226
Interest	-	10,436
Total receivables	\$ 13,880	\$ 16,662

**ETRUSCUS RESOURCES CORP.**

**Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements**

**For the nine-month period ended December 31, 2019**

**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

4. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS – Mineral Properties

	<i>Rock &amp; Roll Property</i>	<i>Sugar Property</i>	<i>Total</i>
Balance, March 31, 2018	\$ 135,750	\$ -	\$ 135,750
<i>Additions:</i>			
Acquisition costs	91,630	-	91,630
Accommodation and camp costs	2,331	-	2,331
Archaeological surveying	16,158	-	16,158
Community relations	20,779	-	20,779
Geological and geophysical consulting	31,460	-	31,460
Helicopters and aircraft support	3,181	-	3,181
Licenses, claim fees and permits	500	-	500
Balance, March 31, 2019	\$ 301,789	\$ -	\$ 301,789
<i>Additions:</i>			
Acquisition costs	19,383	7,889	27,272
Accommodation and camp costs	189,598	2,968	192,566
Assays and laboratory analysis	50,711	1,588	52,299
Community relations	3,601	-	3,601
Drilling	471,522	-	471,522
Field expenses	14,920	-	14,920
Geological and geophysical consulting	154,917	4,725	159,642
Helicopters and aircraft support	383,653	3,720	387,373
Licenses, claim fees and permits	11,859	-	11,859
Balance, December 31, 2019	\$ 1,601,953	\$ 20,890	\$ 1,622,843

**Rock & Roll Property, Liard Mining Division, Northwest British Columbia, Canada**

The Rock & Roll Property (the “Property”) consists of thirty-nine (39) contiguous mineral claims totaling 21,955 hectares (“Ha”) situated in the Liard Mining Division of British Columbia, in the Iskut River Valley of the Coast Mountains in northwestern British Columbia. No roads exist on the property and no significant surface disturbance or any major environmental liabilities were noted during the Company’s 2019 field visits or as a result of the exploration work done by the Company. The area has seen intermittent exploration going back several decades. Most of the prior work on the Property was done during 1988 – 1991, which led to the discovery of polymetallic, silver-gold-zinc-lead-copper massive sulphide mineralization that became known as the Black Dog Zone and for which a current National Instrument 43-101 compliant resource estimate has been filed.

**ETRUSCUS RESOURCES CORP.****Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements****For the nine-month period ended December 31, 2019****(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

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**4. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS – Mineral Properties (continued)**

Under an agreement dated March 1, 2018 with Equity Exploration Consultants Ltd. (“Equity”), the Company acquired 14 contiguous claims, known as the Rock & Roll Property, totaling 4,723 Ha for \$50,000 cash (paid) and 800,000 common shares of the Company at a value of \$0.10 per share (issued), for a total initial acquisition cost of \$130,000. The Property is subject to a 2% net smelter return (“NSR”) royalty, held by a group of six parties (the “Royalty Holders”). The Company received an option to purchase one-half of the 2% NSR (the “NSR Buyout Option”) for a future payment of \$2,000,000 to the Royalty Holders within 30 days of the commencement of commercial production or December 31, 2030, whichever comes earlier. The NSR Buyout Option was granted to the Company by the issuance of 300,000 shares to the Royalty Holders immediately after the Listing Date, issued at a fair value of \$0.25 per share for a total fair value of \$75,000, capitalized to exploration and evaluation assets.

The purchased claims contain 103 historic drill holes, all drilled by previous operators, with the most significant program occurring in 1991. The drilling outlined a polymetallic volcanogenic massive sulphide (“VMS”) deposit primarily based on silver, zinc and gold value. The Company intends to continue exploration of the project, using improved technologies with a goal to expand the scope, depth and grade of the deposit.

Following the acquisition of the initial claims purchased from Equity, up to the end of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2019, the Company staked 19 mineral claims contiguous to the Property, totaling 9,503 Ha at a cost of \$16,630. During the current fiscal period the Company staked an additional 6 contiguous claims totaling 7,730 Ha at a cost of \$19,383.

Equity has notified the Company that there may be unregistered royalties on the Property in favour of Prime Equities International Corporation. To the Company’s best information and belief, such royalties (i) are not evidenced by any completed legal instrument and (ii) have not been the subject of any notice or claim to Equity asserting such royalties. The Company has agreed to indemnify Equity against all costs, charges, and expenses, including any amount paid to settle a threatened or an actual action or to satisfy a judgment, reasonably incurred by Equity in the event that such possible royalties are validated as existing legal obligations binding on the Property.

**Sugar Property - Liard Mining Division, Northwest British Columbia, Canada**

During the current period, the Company staked 10 contiguous mineral claims totaling 4,508 Ha at a cost of \$7,889. The group of claims is known as the Sugar Property (“Sugar”), located approximately 7 km northwest of the Company’s Rock & Roll Property and 25 km southwest of the Galore Creek deposit. No drilling has ever been done on Sugar.

Past mapping on the Sugar Property has outlined multiple Texas Creek intrusive units that are commonly associated with important copper and/or gold deposits within the Golden Triangle including Galore Creek, KSM copper-gold deposit and Pretium’s Brucejack (Valley of the Kings) gold deposit.

Sugar includes several types of copper and copper/zinc occurrences which are mainly associated with skarns and/or quartz veins/stockworks. A 4 km long mineralized skarn, a nearby, copper-bearing quartz vein stockworks and a prominent gossan have been located on Sugar. Historic rock samples have returned numerous results greater than 1% copper and 5% Zinc. All of the available data is being incorporated into a detailed GIS compilation in order to assess the potential and guide further work on Sugar.

**ETRUSCUS RESOURCES CORP.**

**Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements**

**For the nine-month period ended December 31, 2019**

**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

4. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS – Mineral Properties (continued)

Title to mineral properties involves certain inherent risks due to the difficulties of determining the validity of certain claims, as well as the potential for problems arising from the frequently ambiguous conveyance history characteristic of many mineral properties. The Company has investigated title to its mineral properties, and, to the best of its knowledge, titles are in good standing.

5. EQUIPMENT

	<i>Right-of-use assets</i>	<i>Computers and software</i>	<i>Furniture and fixtures</i>	Total
	Note (a)			
<b>Cost:</b>				
Balance, March 31, 2018	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Additions	-	3,878	7,349	11,227
Balance, March 31, 2019	-	3,878	7,349	11,227
Additions	60,827	1,060	1,589	63,476
Balance, December 31, 2019	\$ 60,827	\$ 4,938	\$ 8,938	\$ 74,703
<b>Accumulated depreciation:</b>				
Balance, March 31, 2018	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Depreciation	-	1,392	1,286	2,678
Balance, March 31, 2019	-	1,392	1,286	\$ 2,678
Depreciation	9,781	1,871	1,926	13,578
Balance, December 31, 2019	\$ 9,781	\$ 3,263	\$ 3,212	\$ 16,256
<b>Net book value - March 31, 2019</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 2,486</b>	<b>\$ 6,063</b>	<b>\$ 8,549</b>
<b>Net book value – December 31, 2019</b>	<b>\$ 51,046</b>	<b>\$ 1,675</b>	<b>\$ 5,726</b>	<b>\$ 58,447</b>

Note (a):

Right-of-use assets consists of \$54,210 recognized pursuant to the application of IFRS 16 *Leases*, plus leasehold improvement costs of \$6,617.

**ETRUSCUS RESOURCES CORP.**

**Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements**  
**For the nine-month period ended December 31, 2019**  
**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

6. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES AND LEASE LIABILITY

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities for the Company are comprised as follows:

	<i>December 31,</i> <i>2019</i>	<i>March 31,</i> <i>2019</i>
Accounts payable	\$ 36,039	\$ 8,864
Accrued liabilities	-	12,000
	\$ 36,039	\$ 20,864

Leases:

On July 1, 2019, the Company entered into a premises sublease for a three-year period, and because it is not short-term nor low value, the sublease falls under the scope of IFRS 16. The sublease terms follow those of the head lease. The lessor is Metallis Resources Inc. (“MTS”), a public company related by two common directors and a common officer. The sublease is for ½ of the space leased by MTS under a head lease and the sublease fixed monthly lease payments are \$1,688 per month. The lease liability was measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted at the Company’s incremental borrowing rate of 8%, the same discount rate as that used by MTS for its head lease when it applied IFRS 16. At the inception of the sublease, the Company recognized on its statement of financial position a lease liability of \$54,210 and a corresponding ROU asset of the same amount. Leasehold improvement costs of \$6,617 were also recorded as ROU assets.

The Company has no other material equipment or service leases.

The following tables show the impact and effects of IFRS 16 on the Company’s condensed interim financial statements, including reconciliations of assets and liabilities as at December 31, 2019, and for the nine-month period ended December 31, 2019:

*Lease liability and short and long-term allocation as at December 31, 2019:*

Balance at inception on July 1, 2019	\$ 54,210
Lease payments	(10,125)
Amortization of discount	1,966
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$ 46,051
Short-term portion of lease liability	\$ 17,327
Long-term portion of lease liability	28,724
Total lease liability at December 31, 2019	\$ 46,051

**ETRUSCUS RESOURCES CORP.**

**Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements**

**For the nine-month period ended December 31, 2019**

**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

6. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES AND LEASES (continued)

Leases: (continued)

*Rent and non-finance lease transactions for the nine-month period ended December 31, 2019:*

Variable lease costs not included in finance leases, and other rent from short-term leases, all recorded as rent expense	\$ 12,278
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*Effects of IFRS 16 on the Company's condensed interim financial statements:*

	Date of adoption April 1, 2019	As at December 31, 2019	Nine-months ended December 31, 2019
<b>Changes to Statements of financial position:</b>			
Equipment - Right of use asset	\$ -	\$ 45,174	\$ 45,174
Current liabilities	-	(17,327)	(17,327)
Long-term liabilities	-	(28,724)	(28,724)
Deficit	-	877	877
	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

**Changes to Statements of operations and comprehensive loss:**

Operating expenses:

Increase in depreciation	\$ 9,036
Decrease in rent expense	(10,125)

Net decrease in operating expenses:	(1,089)
Other: Increase in amortization of discount	1,966

Net increase in loss for the period	\$ 877
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**ETRUSCUS RESOURCES CORP.**

**Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements**

**For the nine-month period ended December 31, 2019**

**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

6. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES AND LEASES (continued)

Leases: (continued)

*Maturity analysis and lease payment reconciliation as at December 31, 2019:*

	Years ended March 31				
	2020	2021	2022	2023	Total
Undiscounted lease payments payable	\$ 8,723	\$ 34,891	\$ 34,891	\$ 8,723	\$ 87,228
Variable cost portion (rent expense)	(3,660)	(14,641)	(14,641)	(3,660)	(36,602)
Undiscounted finance lease payments	5,063	20,250	20,250	5,063	50,626
Finance expense	(859)	(2,575)	(1,107)	(34)	(4,575)
Net lease liability	\$ 4,204	\$ 17,675	\$ 19,143	\$ 5,029	\$ 46,051
As at December 31, 2019:					
Lease liability- short term	4,204	13,123	-	-	17,327
Lease liability- long term	-	4,552	19,143	5,029	28,724
Net lease liability	\$ 4,204	\$ 17,675	\$ 19,143	\$ 5,029	\$ 46,051

7. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorized: Unlimited number of common shares, without par value.

Issued: 21,228,501 common shares (March 31, 2019 – 19,394,001 common shares), of which 7,500,000 shares are held in escrow and are being released over a three-year period beginning on the Listing Date.

*Transactions for the period ended December 31, 2019:*

- a) On December 27, 2019, the Company completed a private placement of 1,834,500 units, raising gross proceeds of \$486,590, as follows:
- i) The Company issued 1,435,000 units at a price of \$0.25 per unit, raising \$358,750. Each unit consists of one common share and ½ of one non-transferrable share purchase warrant with each full warrant exercisable at a price of \$0.40 per share for a two-year period. Total issuance costs of \$1,500 were incurred; and
  - ii) The Company also issued 399,500 flow-through units at a price of \$0.32 per flow-through unit, raising \$127,840. Each flow-through unit consists of one flow-through common share and ½ of one non-flow-through, non-transferrable share purchase warrant with each full warrant exercisable at a price of \$0.50 per share for a two-year period. The Company recorded a flow-through premium liability of \$27,965 as a deduction from share capital, being the difference between the amounts recognized in common shares and the amounts investors paid for the units.

**ETRUSCUS RESOURCES CORP.****Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements****For the nine-month period ended December 31, 2019****(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

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## 7. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

*Transactions for the period ended December 31, 2019: (continued)*

The Company incurred total share issuance costs in relation to the private placement of \$1,500. No residual value was assigned to the warrant component of the private placement.

- b) On July 15, 2019, 1,500,000 common shares were released from escrow.

There were no other equity transactions during the current period.

*Transactions for the year ended March 31, 2019:*

- a) On May 10, 2018, the Company completed a two-tranche private placement consisting of 5,218,000 units at a price of \$0.25 per unit. Each unit consists of one common share and one-half of one non-transferrable share purchase warrant. Each full warrant, of which there are 2,609,000, is exercisable into one further common share at a price of \$0.50 per share for a period of two years. The first tranche closed on April 30, 2018 raising \$1,024,500 by issuing 4,098,000 units, and the second tranche closed on May 10, 2018 raising \$280,000 by issuing 1,120,000 units. There was no value attributed to the warrants under the residual value method. Share issuance costs of \$888 were incurred on this private placement.
- b) On December 12, 2018, 100,000 common shares (issued at \$0.10 per share on March 7, 2018) were rescinded and returned to treasury, as were 104,000 common shares (issued at \$0.25 per unit on April 30, 2018), and a further 20,000 common shares (issued at \$0.25 per unit on May 10, 2018). The respective 62,000 warrants issued concurrently with the 124,000 rescinded common shares, previously issued at \$0.25 per unit, were also rescinded.
- c) On December 27, 2018, the Company completed a private placement of \$75,000 consisting of 300,000 units at a price of \$0.25 per unit. Each unit consists of one common share and one-half of one non-transferrable share purchase warrant. Each of the 150,000 warrants is exercisable into one common share at a price of \$0.50 per share for a period of two years. There was no value attributed to the warrants under the residual value method. No share issuance costs were incurred on this private placement.
- d) On the Listing Date, 1,000,001 common shares were released from escrow.
- e) On January 15, 2019, the Company issued 300,000 common shares to the Royalty Holders at a deemed price of \$0.25 per share.

**ETRUSCUS RESOURCES CORP.**

**Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements**

**For the nine-month period ended December 31, 2019**

**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

7. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

*Stock options:*

The Company, at the time of incorporation, adopted a 10% Rolling Stock Option Plan (“SOP”) under which the Company is authorized to grant stock options to executive officers and directors, employees and consultants. The exercise price of each stock option equals the market price of the Company's stock as calculated on the date of grant. The options vest upon grant, except for investor relations options which vest over a minimum of a one-year period, pursuant to regulation. The Company has not granted any investor relations options to date. The fair value of the option grants are determined and recorded on grant date pursuant to the Black-Scholes option pricing model as a credit to equity reserves.

There have been no stock option grants or exercises during the nine-month period ended December 31, 2019.

The Company entered into the following stock option transactions during the year ended March 31, 2019:

- i) On January 15, 2019, the Company granted 1,500,000 stock options to directors, officers and consultants, exercisable at \$0.25 per share for a period of five years. The options vested upon grant.
- ii) On January 21, 2019, the Company granted a total of 335,000 stock options to an officer and two consultants, exercisable at \$0.25 per share for a period of five years. The options vested upon grant.
- iii) On March 15, 2019, the Company granted 50,000 stock options to an adviser, exercisable at \$0.28 per share for a period of five years. The options vested upon grant.

During the year ended March 31, 2019 the Company recognized \$430,585 in share-based payments from the three stock option grants described above, based on the following weighted average assumptions:

	2019
Weighted average assumptions:	
Risk-free interest rate	1.61% - 1.93%
Expected dividend yield	-
Expected option life (years)	5
Expected Stock price volatility	150%
Weighted average fair value at grant date	\$0.255 - \$0.288
Expected forfeiture rate	-

**ETRUSCUS RESOURCES CORP.**

**Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements**  
**For the nine-month period ended December 31, 2019**  
**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

7. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

*Stock options: (continued)*

Schedule of changes in stock options:	Number of Stock options	Weighted average exercise price
Balance at March 31, 2018	-	\$ -
Options granted	1,885,000	0.25
Options exercised	-	-
Balance at March 31, 2019	1,885,000	0.25
Options terminated	(250,000)	(0.25)
Balance at December 31, 2019	1,635,000	\$ 0.25

As at December 31, 2019, the following stock options are outstanding and exercisable:

Expiry Date	Number of Stock Options	Exercise Price ( \$ )	Weighted average remaining contractual life (years)
January 15, 2024	1,250,000	0.25	4.04
January 21, 2024	335,000	0.25	4.06
March 15, 2024	50,000	0.28	4.21
<b>Total outstanding options</b>	<b>1,635,000</b>		<b>4.05</b>

**ETRUSCUS RESOURCES CORP.**

**Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements**  
**For the nine-month period ended December 31, 2019**  
**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

7. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

*Warrants:*

Through certain unit offerings that completed, the Company has issued warrants in addition to shares. Warrant transactions are summarized as follows:

Schedule of changes in share purchase warrants:	Number of warrants	Weighted average exercise price
Balance at March 31, 2018	-	\$ -
Warrants issued	2,759,000	0.50
Warrants rescinded	(62,000)	0.50
Balance at March 31, 2019	2,697,000	\$ 0.50
Warrants issued	917,250	\$ 0.42
Balance at December 31, 2019	3,614,250	\$ 0.48

As at December 31, 2019, the following warrants are outstanding:

Expiry Date	Number of Warrants outstanding	Exercise Price (\$)	Weighted average remaining contractual life (years)
April 30, 2020	1,997,000	0.50	0.33
May 10, 2020	550,000	0.50	0.36
December 19, 2020	150,000	0.50	0.97
December 19, 2021	37,500	0.40	1.97
December 27, 2021	680,000	0.40	1.99
December 27, 2021	199,750	0.50	1.99
Total	3,614,250		0.63

8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

The following related parties for the periods presented include directors and key management personnel, including those entities in which such individuals may hold positions that result in them having control or significant influence over the financial or operation policies of these entities:

- a) Hatch 8 Consulting is a company controlled by the current Chief Executive Officer and director of the Company, and provides consulting services to the Company;
- b) Lever Capital Corp. is a company owned by the Chief Financial Officer and provides consulting services to the Company;

**ETRUSCUS RESOURCES CORP.**

**Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements**  
**For the nine-month period ended December 31, 2019**  
**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (continued)

- c) The Company's Corporate Secretary provided general administrative services, bookkeeping and corporate secretarial services to the Company up to September 25, 2019;
- d) Avanti Consulting Inc. is a company controlled by a director of the Company who acts as Executive Chairman of the Board, and provides consulting services to the Company; and
- e) DRW Geological Consultants Ltd. is a company that is controlled by the Company's Vice-President of Exploration and which provides the Company with geological consulting services, the amounts of which are capitalized under exploration and evaluation assets.

The aggregate value of fee-based transactions and outstanding balances relating to the above noted related parties are as follows:

		<b>Transactions for the nine-month period ended December 31, 2019</b>	Transactions for the year ended March 31, 2019	<b>Balance payable as at December 31, 2019</b>	Balance payable as at March 31, 2019
Hatch 8 Consulting	(a)	\$ 67,500	\$ 67,500	\$ 15,750	\$ 7,875
Lever Capital Corp.	(b)	22,500	30,000	7,875	7,875
Sameen Oates	(c)	15,000	30,000	-	7,875
Avanti Consulting Inc.	(d)	22,500	30,000	7,875	7,875
DRW Geological Consultants Ltd.	(e)	36,000	8,000	-	4,200
<b>Total</b>		<b>\$ 163,500</b>	<b>\$ 165,500</b>	<b>\$ 31,500</b>	<b>\$ 35,700</b>

During the year ended March 31, 2019, the Company granted 1,200,000 stock options to directors and officers with a total fair value at grant date of \$319,200.

Due from related party of \$943 (2019 - \$nil) represents certain day-to-day operating expenses due from MTS relating to shared office costs.

During the period ended December 31, 2019, the Company reimbursed MTS for certain expenses that were paid by MTS on the Company's behalf. Over 90% of the reimbursements were for exploration costs. The Company utilized some of MTS's exploration subcontractor relationships, mainly involving its work camp arrangements, which the Company did not have in place at the inception of the 2019 field exploration season. At no time did MTS loan or advance any cash to the Company. For the upcoming 2020 exploration season, the Company expects to have all critical vendor relationships in place and directly pay for all of its exploration expenses going forward.

**ETRUSCUS RESOURCES CORP.**

**Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements**  
**For the nine-month period ended December 31, 2019**  
**(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (continued)

The following schedule shows the nature and summary of transactions with MTS during the period ended December 31, 2019:

	Billed or paid by MTS on behalf of the Company during the nine-months ended December 31, 2019		Balance Payable as at December 31, 2019	Balance Payable as at March 31, 2019
Exploration costs:				
Camp and accommodations	\$ 182,448	\$ 182,448	\$ -	\$ -
Helicopter	63,501	63,501	-	-
Other exploration	20,268	20,268	-	-
Office rent and shared expenses	27,061	27,061	-	-
GST	14,262	14,262	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 307,540</b>	<b>\$ 307,540</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>

9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Financial instruments consist of financial assets and financial liabilities and are accounted for under *IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments*. Financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value along with, in the case of a financial asset or liability not at fair value through profit and loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or liability. Transaction costs of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit and loss.

The Company classifies its financial assets and financial liabilities in the following measurement categories:

- i) those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income or through profit or loss); and
- ii) those to be measured at amortized cost.

The classification of financial assets depends on the business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows. Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding, are generally measured at amortized cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. All other financial assets are measured at their fair values at the end of subsequent accounting periods, with any changes taken through profit and loss or other comprehensive income.

Financial liabilities are classified as those to be measured at amortized cost unless they are designated as those to be measured subsequently at fair value through profit or loss (irrevocable election at the time of recognition). Any fair value changes due to credit risk for liabilities designated at fair value through profit and loss are recorded in other comprehensive income.

**ETRUSCUS RESOURCES CORP.****Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements****For the nine-month period ended December 31, 2019****(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

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## 9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The Company has implemented the following classifications for financial instruments:

- The Company's financial assets are cash and cash equivalents, interest receivable, and reclamation deposit. Cash and cash equivalents and reclamation deposit are classified as fair value through profit or loss and any changes to fair value subsequent to initial recognition are recorded in profit or loss for the period in which they occur. Interest receivable is classified as amortized cost. The fair values of these financial instruments approximate their carrying values due to their short-term maturities.

- Financial liabilities comprise accounts payable which is classified as other financial liabilities and is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Interest expense is recorded in profit or loss, as applicable.

The Company reclassifies financial assets when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes. Financial liabilities are not reclassified.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount and the impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss for the period.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but to an amount that does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (or CGU) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Fair values of financial instruments are classified in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used to determine fair values, as follows:

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

- Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data, with fair value measurement derived from valuation techniques.

The fair values of cash and cash equivalents are measured at fair value on a recurring basis based on Level 1 inputs of the fair value hierarchy and reclamation deposit is measured at fair value based on Level 2 inputs.



**ETRUSCUS RESOURCES CORP.****Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements****For the nine-month period ended December 31, 2019****(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

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## 9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from the potential that one or more counterparties fail to meet their obligations. The Company is normally exposed to credit risk through its cash and cash equivalents and receivables. The Company manages credit risk associated with its cash and cash equivalents by using reputable financial institutions, from which management believes the risk to be remote. Receivables have consisted primarily of recoverable Canadian sales taxes and accrued interest on short-term money market investments for which management believes the collectability of these amounts to be assured.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is related to the ability of the Company to meet its obligations as they come due. The Company has historically relied on equity financings to satisfy its capital requirements and will continue to depend upon equity capital as required and may also enter into earn-in arrangements or the sale of certain property interests. There can be no assurance the Company will be able to obtain its future financings on acceptable terms. The ability of the Company to continue on this course will depend, in part, on the prevailing market conditions and the market interest in financing the Company's mineral property exploration programs, and the scope of such programs.

The Company's basic approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. As at December 31, 2019, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$214,091 (March 31, 2019 - \$1,276,494) to settle current liabilities of \$112,831 (March 31, 2019 - \$56,564). The Company will require additional financing for the balance of its 2020 exploration and working capital needs. The Company believes it will be able to complete such financings in order to provide sufficient liquidity for the ensuing year.

Interest rate risk

The Company is not exposed to material risk in the event of interest rate fluctuations. The Company has no long-term debt other than an office lease and has not entered into any interest rate swaps or other financial arrangements to mitigate the exposure to interest rate fluctuations, and current interest rates remain historically low.

Market risk

The Company is subject to limited market risk as the price of its short-term money market investments fluctuates due to market forces. The Company has no control over their fluctuating prices, does not hedge its investments and the fluctuations are limited in scope and volatility. However, as at December 31, 2019, the Company held no short-term money market investments.

Foreign currency risk

The Company's functional currency is the Canadian dollar and an immaterial amount of transactions are in other currencies. Management believes the foreign exchange risk derived from currency conversions is not significant and therefore does not hedge its foreign exchange risk.

**ETRUSCUS RESOURCES CORP.****Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements****For the nine-month period ended December 31, 2019****(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

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**10. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT**

Capital is comprised of shareholders' equity, and the Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements. The Company's objectives when managing capital are to fund critical exploration work, meet its on-going liabilities, continue as a going concern, maintain creditworthiness and to ultimately maximize returns for shareholders over the long term. Meeting current and future liabilities and obligations as a non-revenue early stage explorer requires short-term planning with respect to financing, by considering current and future cash needs with the state of Company's internal, exploration and financing risks at any particular time. The Company endeavors to maintain capital balances over the periods to alleviate unexpected cash flow shortfalls and remains confident that sufficient financing will be raised to ensure working capital needs are met and future exploration funds are available for the 2020 exploration season. Management endeavors to minimize shareholder dilution through executing future financings at higher equity prices, when and where possible, subject to market conditions.

The capital for operations and the acquisition and exploration of exploration and evaluation assets has historically come from the issuance of common shares. The proceeds raised from the Company's initial financings to date have facilitated the acquisition of a property of merit, funded the costs of going public, covered overheads and the first year of exploration and drilling.

There were no changes in the Company's capital management objectives during the period ended December 31, 2019.

**11. SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE WITH RESPECT TO CASH FLOWS**

*The significant non-cash investing and financing transactions during the nine-month period ended December 31, 2019 are as follows:*

- a) As at December 31, 2019, \$13,332 capitalized to exploration and evaluation assets is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities; and
- b) Equipment additions of \$54,210 were recorded as ROU assets concurrently with equivalent lease obligations recognized on the statements of financial position as at July 1, 2019 following the application of IFRS 16 in relation to a new three-year office sublease dated the same day. As at December 31, 2019, those equipment additions pursuant to IFRS 16 had a net book value of \$45,174 and total lease obligations were \$46,051.

There were no significant non-cash investing and financing transactions during the nine-month period ended December 31, 2018.

*The significant non-cash investing and financing transactions during the year ended March 31, 2019 were as follows:*

- c) On January 15, 2019, 300,000 common shares were issued to the Royalty Holders with an estimated fair value of \$75,000; and
- d) As at March 31, 2019, \$4,000 capitalized to exploration and evaluation assets was included in amounts due to related parties.

**ETRUSCUS RESOURCES CORP.****Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements****For the nine-month period ended December 31, 2019****(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)**

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## 12. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

On January 15, 2020, 1,500,000 common shares were released from escrow, leaving 6,000,000 shares in escrow.