66 RESOURCES CORP.

CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED MAY 31, 2019

AND MAY 31, 2018

(UNAUDITED)

Notice of No Auditor Review of Interim Financial Statements

The accompanying unaudited financial statements have been prepared by management and approved by the Audit Committee.

The Company's independent auditors have not performed a review of these financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Canadian Institute to Chartered Accountants for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditors.

66 RESOURCES CORP.
CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	May 31, 2019 (Unaudited)	November 30, 2018 (Audited)
ASSETS		
CURRENT		
Cash	$ 557,684	$ 128,070
Amounts receivable	1,761	13,098
Prepaid expense	3,500	3,500
	562,945	144,668
EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSET (Note 5)	223,127	223,127
	$ 786,072	$ 367,795
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	$ 10,516	$ 11,349
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
SHARE CAPITAL (Note 6)	1,076,709	568,312
CONTRIBUTED SURPLUS	180,828	180,828
DEFICIT	(481,981)	(392,694)
	775,556	356,446
	$ 786,072	$ 367,795

NATURE OF BUSINESS AND CONTINUING OPERATIONS (Note 1)

Approved and authorized for issue on behalf of the Board on June 19, 2019

"Michael Dake " Director

"David Grandy " Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements

66 RESOURCES CORP.
CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS
(Expressed in Canadian dollars) (Unaudited)

	Three months ended May 31, 2019	Three months ended May 31, 2018	Six months ended May 31, 2019	Six month ended May 31, 2018
EXPENSES				
Management fees	$ 10,500	$ 7,500	$ 21,000	$ 15,000
Office and miscellaneous	735	1,995	1,372	2,501
Professional fees	25,196	9,245	34,288	11,945
Rent	7,769	3,953	12,949	7,268
Share-based payments	–	–	–	93,988
Transfer agent and filing fees	2,713	1,904	8,794	11,144
Travel and promotion	5,894	–	10,884	–
NET LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	$ 52,807	$ 24,597	$ 89,287	$ 141,846
LOSS PER SHARE (basic and diluted)	$ (0.00)	$ (0.00)	$ (0.01)	$ (0.03)
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF COMMON SHARE OUTSTANDING	8,051,303	4,657,123	8,051,303	4,567,123

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements

66 RESOURCES CORP.
CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
(Expressed in Canadian dollars) (Unaudited)

	Common Shares				
	Number of Shares	Amount	Contributed Surplus	Deficit	Total
		$	$	$	$
Balance, November 30, 2018	8,032,398	568,312	180,828	(392,694)	356,446
Share issued for cash	6,900,497	508,397	–	–	508,397
Net loss for the period	–	–	–	(89,287)	(89,287)
Balance, May 31, 2019	14,932,895	1,076,709	180,828	(481,981)	775,556
Balance, November 30, 2017	4,934,000	145,100	56,000	(99,288)	101,812
Shares issued for cash	148,398	22,260	–	–	22,260
Cancellation of shares	(600,000)	–	–	–	–
Share-based payments	–	–	93,988	–	93,988
Net loss for the period	–	–	–	(141,846)	(141,846)
Balance, May 31, 2018	4,482,398	167,360	149,988	(241,134)	76,214

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements

66 RESOURCES CORP.
CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
(Expressed in Canadian dollars) (Unaudited)

	Three months ended May 31, 2019	Three months ended May 31, 2018	Six months ended May 31, 2019	Six month ended May 31, 2018
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN):				
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net loss for the period	$ (52,807)	$ (24,597)	$ (89,287)	$ (141,846)
Items not involving cash:				
Stock - based payments	–	–	–	93,988
	(52,807)	(24,597)	(89,287)	(47,858)
Changes in non-cash working capital balances:				
Amounts receivable	1,525	3,156	11,337	2,295
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2,742	16,293	(833)	1,565
Cash used in operating activities	(48,540)	(5,148)	(78,783)	(43,998)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Deferred financing costs	–	–	–	(10,000)
Issuance of common shares	508,397	–	508,397	22,260
Cash used in by financing activity	508,397	–	508,397	12,260
DECREASE IN CASH DURING THE PERIOD	459,857	(5,148)	429,614	(31,738)
CASH, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	97,827	37,536	128,070	64,126
CASH, END OF PERIOD	$ 557,684	$ 32,388	$ 557,684	$ 32,388
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES				
Interest paid	$ –	$ –	$ –	$ –
Income taxes paid	$ –	$ –	$ –	$ –

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

66 RESOURCES CORP. (the "Company") was incorporated on May 31, 2017 under the laws of British Columbia. The address of the Company's corporate office and its principal place of business is 200-551 Howe Street, Vancouver, V6C 2C2, British Columbia, Canada.

The Company's principal business activities include the acquisition and exploration of mineral property assets. As at May 31, 2019, the Company had not yet determined whether the Company's mineral property asset contains ore reserves that are economically recoverable. The recoverability of amounts shown for exploration and evaluation assets is dependent upon the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, confirmation of the Company's interest in the underlying mineral claims, the ability of the Company to obtain the necessary financing to complete the development of and the future profitable production from the property or realizing proceeds from its disposition. The outcome of these matters cannot be predicted at this time and the uncertainties cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company had a deficit of $481,491 as at May 31, 2019, which has been funded by the issuance of equity. The Company's ability to continue its operations and to realize its assets at their carrying values is dependent upon obtaining additional financing and generating revenues sufficient to cover its operating costs.

These financial statements do not give effect to any adjustments which would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern and therefore be required to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in other than the normal course of business and at amounts different from those reflected in these financial statements.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS34") using accounting policies consistent with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and Interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"). They do not include all financial information required for full annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended November 30, 2018.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting policies consistent with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and Interpretation of the International Financial Reporting Interpretation Committee ("IFRIC").

The financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on June 19, 2019.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

There have been no material revisions to the nature of judgments and estimates of amounts reported in the Company's November 30,2018 annual financial statements.

4. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

Standards issued, but not yet effective, up to the date of issuance of the Company's financial statements are listed below. This listing of standards and interpretations issued are those that the Company reasonably expects to have an impact on disclosures, financial position or performance when applied at a future date. The Company intends to adopt these standards when they become effective.

New accounting standards effective for annual periods on or after January 1, 2018:

IFRS 9 – *Financial Instruments*

In November 2009, as part of the IASB project to replace IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, the IASB issued the first phase of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments, that introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. The standard was revised in October 2010 to include requirements regarding classification and measurement of financial liabilities. In November 2013 the standard was revised to add the new general hedge accounting requirements. The standard was finalized in July 2014 and was revised to add a new expected loss impairment model and amends the classification and measurement model for financial assets by adding a new fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOTCI) category for certain debt instruments and additional guidance on how to apply the business model and contractual cash flow characteristics test.

IFRS 15 – *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*

In May 2014, the IASB issued IFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("IFRS 15") which supersedes IAS 11 – Construction Contracts, IAS 18 – Revenue, IFRIC 13 – Customer Loyalty Programs, IFRIC 15 – Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate, IFRIC 18 – Transfers of Assets from Customers, and SIC 31 – Revenue – Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services. IFRS 15 establishes a comprehensive five-step framework for the timing and measurement of revenue recognition.

IFRS 2 *Share-based Payment* - In November 2016, the IASB has revised IFRS 2 to incorporate amendments issued by the IASB in June 2016. The amendment provide guidance on the accounting for i) the effects of vesting and non-vesting conditions on the measurement of cash-settled share-based payments; ii) share-based payment transactions with a net settlement feature for withholding tax obligations and iii) a modification to the terms and conditions of a share-based payment that changes the classification of the transaction from cash-settled to equity-settled. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. Earlier application is permitted.

The Company does not expect the adoption of these standards to have significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019:

(Expressed in Canadian dollars) (Unaudited)

4. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE - continued

IFRS 16 – *Leases*

In June 2016, the IASB issued IFRS 16 – Leases. IFRS 16 establishes principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases, with the objective of ensuring that lessees and lessors provide relevant information that faithfully represents those transactions. IFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in IAS 17. Accordingly, a lessor continues to classify its leases as operating leases or finance leases, and to account for those two types of leases differently. However, lessees are no longer classifying leases as either operating leases or finance leases as it is required by IAS 17. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of IFRS 16 on its consolidated financial statements.

5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSET

	Acquisition Costs	**Exploration Costs**	**Total**
	$	$	$
Balance, November 30, 2017	10,000	87,828	97,828
Acquisition and exploration costs	45,000	80,299	125,299
Balance, November 30, 2018 and May 31, 2019	55,000	168,127	223,127

Champ Property

Pursuant to an option agreement (the "Agreement") dated August 24, 2017, the Company was granted an option to acquire a 100% undivided interest in the Champ Property (the "Property") located in the Greenwood Mining District of British Columbia.

In accordance with the Agreement, the Company has the option to acquire a 100% undivided interest in the Property by issuing a total of 300,000 common shares of the Company to the optionor and making a payment of $10,000. The cash payment has been made and the common shares will be issued no later than 15 days after the Company's common shares are listed, posted and called for trading on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE").

The optionor retains a 2% Net Smelter Return royalty on the Property. The Company has the right to purchase the first 1% of the royalty for $1,000,000 and the remaining 1% for $1,000,000 at any time during the five year period starting from the commencement of commercial production on the Property.

6. SHARE CAPITAL

a) Authorized:

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares without par value.

b) Escrow Shares:

The Company entered into an escrow agreement, whereby common shares will be held in escrow and are scheduled for release at 10% on the listing date and 15% on every six month from date of listing. At May 31, 2019, there were 1,125,000 common shares held in escrow.

(Expressed in Canadian dollars) (Unaudited)

6. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

c) Issued and Outstanding:

As at May 31, 2019 there were 14,932,895 common shares issued and outstanding.

During the period ended May 31, 2019, the Company issued 6,900,497 common shares pursuant to a private placement at $0.075 to net $508,397.

d) Stock options

During the period ended November 30, 2018, the Company adopted a Stock Option Plan (the "Plan"). Under the Plan, the Company can issue up to 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares as incentive stock options to directors, officers, employees and consultants to the Company. The Plan limits the number of stock options which may be granted to any one individual to not more than 5% of the total issued common shares of the Company in any 12 month period. The Plan also limits the stock options which may be granted to any one individual if the exercise would result in the issuance of common shares more than 2% in any 12 month period. The number of options granted to any one consultant or a person employed to provide investor relations activities in any 12 month period must not exceed 2% of the total issued common shares of the Company. As well, stock options granted under the Plan may be subject to vesting provisions as determined by the Board of Directors.

On December 29, 2017, the Company granted 700,000 stock options to certain directors and officers of the Company at an exercise price of $0.20 for a period of ten years from the date of grant. On February 22, 2018 the number of stock options was reduced to 665,000 and on April 19, 2018 the exercise price was reduced to $0.15. The fair value of these options was calculated to be $98,348. The remaining expected life as at May 31, 2019 is 8.67 years.

A continuity of the options outstanding as at May 31, 2019 is as follows:

	Number	**Weighted average exercise price $**
Balance, November 30, 2017	–	–
Issued	665,000	0.15
Balance, November 30, 2018 and May 31, 2019	665,000	0.15

The inputs used in the Black-Scholes calculation for the 2018 stock options are as follows:

	2018
Share price	$0.15
Risk-free dividend rate	2.14%
Expected life of options	10
Dividend rate	0.00%
Annualized volatility	156%

(Expressed in Canadian dollars) (Unaudited)

6. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

e) Warrants

A continuity of the warrants outstanding as at May 31, 2019 is as follows:

	Number	**Weighted average exercise price $**
Balance, November 30, 2017	1,650,000	0.04
Issued	240,000	0.15
Expired	(1,650,000)	0.04
Balance, November 30, 2018	240,000	0.15
Issued	6,900,497	0.075
Balance May 31, 2019	7,140,497	0.078

A listing of warrants outstanding as at May 31, 2019 is as follows:

	Number	**Weighted average exercise price**	**Weighted average years outstanding**
June 13, 2020	240,000	$0.15	1.51
May 31, 2021	6,900,497	$0.075	2.00

The inputs used in the Black-Scholes calculation for the 2018 warrants are as follows:

	2018
Share price	$0.15
Risk-free dividend rate	1.88%
Expected life of warrants	2
Dividend rate	0.00%
Annualized volatility	156%

7. RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Related parties may be individuals or corporate entities. A transaction is considered to be a related party transaction when there is a transfer of resources or obligations between related parties.

The Company has incurred the following key management personnel cost from related parties:

	Six months period ended May 31, 2019	**Six months period ended May 31, 2018**
	$	$
Management fees	21,000	15,000
Share-based payments	–	93,988
Total	21,000	108,988

7. RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Key management includes directors and key officers of the Company, including the President, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer.

As at May 31, 2019, included in the accounts payable was the amount of $116 (2018 - $26,250) due to the CEO of the Company.

8. MANAGEMENT OF CAPITAL

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to pursue the sourcing and exploration of its resource property. The Company does not have any externally imposed capital requirements to which it is subject.

The Company considers the aggregate of its share capital, contributed surplus and deficit as capital. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new shares or dispose of assets or adjust the amount of cash.

9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK

International Financial Reporting Standards 7, *Financial Instruments: Disclosures*, establishes a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

Level 1 - quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 - inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and

Level 3 - inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company's financial assets include cash and is classified as Level 1. The carrying value of these instruments approximates their fair values due to the relatively short periods of maturity of these instruments.

Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis were presented on the Company's condensed interim statements of financial position as at May 31, 2019 are as follows:

	Fair Value Measurements Using			
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets For Identical Instruments (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
	$	$	$	$
Cash	557,684	–	–	557,684

9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK (continued)

Fair value

The fair value of the Company's financial instruments approximates their carrying value as at May 31, 2019 because of the demand nature or short‐term maturity of these instruments.

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's financial instruments include cash and accounts payable. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. Management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

(i) *Currency risk*

The Company's expenses are denominated in Canadian dollars. The Company's corporate office is based in Canada and current exposure to exchange rate fluctuations is minimal.

The Company does not have any significant foreign currency denominated monetary liabilities. The principal business of the Company is the identification and evaluation of assets or a business and once identified or evaluated, to negotiate an acquisition or participation in a business subject to receipt of shareholder approval and acceptance by regulatory authorities.

(ii) *Interest rate risk*

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk on the variable rate of interest earned on bank deposits. The fair value interest rate risk on bank deposits is insignificant as the deposits are short‐term.

The Company has not entered into any derivative instruments to manage interest rate fluctuations.

(iii) *Credit risk*

Credit risk is the risk of loss associated with the counterparty's inability to fulfill its payment obligations. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risks consist principally of cash. To minimize the credit risk the Company places these instruments with a high quality financial institution.

(iv) *Liquidity risk*

In the management of liquidity risk of the Company, the Company maintains a balance between continuity of funding and the flexibility through the use of borrowings. Management closely monitors the liquidity position and expects to have adequate sources of funding to finance the Company's projects and operations.