

BioNxt Solutions Inc.
(formerly XPhyto Therapeutics Corp.)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Three and Six months Ended June 30, 2023

1. INTRODUCTION

The following Management Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of the operating results and financial position of BioNxt Solutions Inc. (formerly XPhyto Therapeutics Corp.) (the "Company" or "BioNxt") is prepared as of August 28, 2023 and provides information concerning the Company's financial condition as at and for the six months ended June 30, 2023. The MD&A should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements, including the notes thereto, as at December 31, 2022 and for the year then ended, and the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements, including the notes thereto, as at June 30, 2023 and for the six months then ended.

The referenced consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). Except as otherwise disclosed, all dollar figures included therein and in the following MD&A are quoted in Canadian dollars.

2. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

The Company, formally known as Cannabunker Development Corp. and XPhyto Therapeutics Corp., was incorporated under the *Business Corporations Act* (British Columbia) on December 12, 2017. Effective November 14, 2022, the Company changed its name to BioNxt Solutions Inc. The principal business of the Company is to focus on strategic assets and investments in the field of rapid pathogen screening systems and next generation drug delivery, as well as medical cannabis and psychedelic opportunities focused on emerging European markets. The Company trades on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE") under the symbol "BNXT", on the OTCQB under the symbol "BNXTF" and on the Frankfurt exchange under the symbol "4XT".

3. CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARDING-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This MD&A contains certain statements that may constitute "forward-looking statements". Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding future anticipated business developments and the timing thereof, regulatory compliance, sufficiency of working capital, and business and financing plans. Although the Company believes that such statements are reasonable, it can give no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct. Forward-looking statements are typically identified by words such as: believe, expect, anticipate, intend, estimate, postulate and similar expressions, or which by their nature refer to future events. The Company cautions investors that any forward-looking statements by the Company are not guarantees of future performance, and that actual results may differ materially from those in forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including, but not limited to, the Company's ability to continue its projected growth, to raise the necessary capital or to be fully able to implement its business strategies.

4. OVERALL PERFORMANCE

To June 30, 2023, the Company has an accumulated deficit of \$58,139,320. During the six months ended June 30, 2023, the Company raised total gross proceeds of \$2,025,000 from private placements. Proceeds from the exercise of warrants during the six months ended June 30, 2023 provided an additional \$1,563,500.

Management is continuing to leverage its scientific expertise and operations in North America and Europe with an operational focus in Germany. BioNxt's strategy is to develop a portfolio of generic and hybrid-generic drug products. The Company is reviewing its development pipeline for selection of its next near-term drug formulation candidate.

5. SELECTED ANNUAL INFORMATION

The following table summarizes selected information from the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the past three fiscal years:

For the Year Ended December 31	2022 \$	2021 \$	2020 \$
Total revenue	297,442	286,498	345,654
Comprehensive loss for the period	(12,526,238)	(20,639,106)	(16,826,345)
Loss per share (basic and diluted)	(0.15)	(0.29)	(0.30)
Cash dividends per share	Nil	Nil	Nil
Total assets	1,612,590	9,726,618	8,284,177
Long-term financial liabilities	3,723,644	2,608,339	2,812,436
Accumulated deficit	(55,546,795)	(43,377,380)	(24,926,438)

All financial information is prepared in accordance with IFRS. All dollar amounts are expressed in Canadian dollars.

6. SUMMARY OF KEY EVENTS

Year Ended December 31, 2022

- a) In January 2022, the Company signed a distribution agreement with TechUnit s.r.o. (Limited) for the distribution of its COVID-ID Lab in the Czech Republic as an initial priority market followed by Hungary, Slovakia, Ukraine and Russia.
- b) In February 2022, the Company announced the execution of COVID-ID Lab sales contracts with both digitallifecare Corona Testzentren, powered by digitallifecare GmbH, Germany, and a group of pharmacies in Bamberg, Germany.
- c) In March 2022, the Company announced the closing of the first tranche of a non-brokered private placement. The Company issued 1,250,000 common shares at \$1 per common share for total gross proceeds of \$1,250,000. The Company paid \$100,000 in finders' fees and issued 100,000 finders' warrants exercisable into one common share at a price of \$1 for a period of two years.
- d) In April 2022, the Company announced the closing of the final tranche of a non-brokered private placement. The Company issued 1,050,000 common shares at \$1 per common share for total gross proceeds of \$1,050,000. The Company paid \$84,000 in finders' fees and issued 84,000 finders' warrants exercisable into one common share at a price of \$1 for a period of two years.
- e) In July 2022, the Company announced the closing of the first tranche of a non-brokered private placement. The Company issued 2,810,000 units at \$0.36 per unit for gross proceeds of \$1,011,600. Each unit consisted of one common share and one-half of one share purchase warrant, with each warrant exercisable into one additional common share at a price of \$0.50 for a period of two years from closing. The Company paid finders' fees and costs of \$80,928 and issued 224,800 finders' warrants at a price of \$0.50 per share for a period of two years from closing.
- f) In August 2022, the Company announced the closing of the second and third tranches of a non-brokered private placement. The Company issued 7,190,000 units at \$0.36 per unit for gross proceeds of \$2,588,400. Each unit consisted of one common share and one-half of one share purchase warrant, with each warrant exercisable into one additional common share at a price of \$0.50 for a period of two years from closing. The Company paid finders' fees and costs of \$207,072

BIONXT SOLUTIONS INC.
(formerly XPhyto Therapeutics Corp.)
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2023

and issued 575,200 finders' warrants at a price of \$0.50 per share for a period of two years from closing.

- g) In October 2022, the Company announced the signing of a non-binding letter of intent ("LOI") with a US-based thin film manufacturing firm. The LOI sets out a number of short-term milestones to determine the extent and feasibility of potential business synergies between BioNxt and the firm, which include: manufacturing compatibility for BioNxt's oral dissolvable film ("ODF") biosensor products; potential EU-GMP certification of the US-based facility; reciprocal import/export opportunities between the US and Europe; and product research and development (or "R&D") collaborations.
- h) In October 2022, the Company announced the results of its Rotigotine transdermal ("TDS") patch human skin cadaver study and dissolution data. The study compared drug absorption between BioNxt's optimized new formula and the name brand product in three separate samples over a 24-hour period in accordance with the European Medicines Agency ("EMA") Guideline on quality of TDS patches. The study results demonstrate exceptionally similar dissolution and absorption profiles between BioNxt's drug formulation and the name brand product.
- i) In December 2022, the Company announced the closing of a non-brokered convertible debenture unit offering. The offering resulted in gross aggregate proceeds of \$2,808,000 through the issuance of \$2,808,000 in principle, convertible into common shares at a conversion price of \$0.52 per common share, and 2,700,000 share purchase warrants, exercisable into common shares at an exercise price of \$0.80 for a period of two years.

Six months Ended June 30, 2023

- a) In January and February 2023, the Company issued 3,127,000 common shares for proceeds of \$1,563,500 in connection with the exercise of 3,127,000 warrants. As compensation to an agent for soliciting the exercise of the warrants, the Company paid finders' fees of \$78,175 and issued 156,350 finders' warrants with an exercise price of \$0.58 and a term to expiry of two years.
- b) In March 2023, the Company announced the signing of an agreement to carry out its comparative drug absorption study for the Company's TDS Rotigotine patch for the treatment of Parkinson's disease. BioNxt has also commenced the manufacture of clinical samples for use in the study, which is planned for early Q2 2023. The comparative study is designed as a randomized, crossover, two-period, single dose pilot study to assess the relative bioavailability, skin adhesion and skin tolerance of BioNxt's new formulation compared to the name brand product. The study will be carried out in Europe in accordance with Good Clinical Practice ("GCP") and the EMA Guideline on quality of TDS patches. The Company has also commenced the manufacture of TDS clinical samples.
- c) In March 2023, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement and issued 4,050,000 units at \$0.50 per unit for gross proceeds of \$2,025,000. Each unit consisted of one common share and one-half of one share purchase warrant, with each warrant exercisable into one additional common share at a price of \$0.80 for a period of two years from closing. The Company paid finders' fees of \$159,600 and issued 319,200 finders' warrants to purchase an aggregate 319,200 common shares at a price of \$0.75 per share for a period of two years from closing.
- d) In March 2023, the Company signed a definitive technology transfer and patent assignment agreement to acquire certain technology and intellectual property assets and rights related to a novel solid oral drug dosage form coating and delivery technology.

Consideration for the transfer and assignments set out in the agreement include a net sales royalty of 6%, which may be reduced to 3% at any time at the Company's option upon written notice to the

seller and payment to the seller of a lump sum amount equal to US \$2,500,000. The royalty shall accrue in each country of sale, until expiration of the first patent in such country. The Company will reimburse the seller for all documented costs incurred in filing and prosecuting related patents (plus 25%).

- e) In April 2023, the Company announced the purchase of state-of-the-art coating and cutting equipment to build out its commercial manufacturing capacity. The equipment is CE certified and capable of manufacturing the Company's ODF and TDS drug formulation products in addition to its ODF biosensor products.
- f) In April 2023, the Company announced it had signed and received payment for a development and manufacturing contract with an international pharmaceutical company focused on the development of an ODF pharmaceutical product based on BioNxt's ODF platform technology. The contract includes provisions for product development, contract manufacturing for technical samples and product stability testing.
- g) In May 2023, the Company announced it had completed a human pilot study for a leading European-based generic drug company. BioNxt successfully developed ODF narcotics product and managed the comparative bioavailability study.
- h) In May 2023, the Company announced it had received government approval to proceed with its comparative drug absorption study for the Company's TDS Rotigotine patch for the treatment of Parkinson's disease.

The human study is being carried out in Europe in accordance with GCP and the EMA Guideline on quality of TDS patches. The Company has completed the manufacture of all TDS clinical samples to be used in the study based on the TDS platform technology developed by BioNxt's wholly owned German subsidiary.

- i) In August 2023, the Company announced it had signed a non-binding LOI with two European-based parties to acquire 100% of the intellectual property rights, which are currently co-owned by BioNxt, and to co-develop an ODF drug reformulation incorporating an active pharmaceutical ingredient ("API") that is approved by the US Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") and the EMA for multiple indications, including the treatment of a major neurodegenerative disease.

Consideration for the acquisition and co-development consists of euros (or "EUR") 150,000 in cash milestone payments and 2,600,000 common shares based on eight milestone targets, including EMA commercial registration of the product. The parties will retain the right to 20% of any future third-party license fees paid to BioNxt in relation to the product. BioNxt will retain the exclusive right to additional ODF and TDS formulations developed by the parties. BioNxt and the parties are working toward a definitive agreement, which has not been completed as of the date of this MD&A.

- j) in August 2023, the Company closed the first tranche of a non-brokered private placement and issued 3,000,000 shares at \$0.265 per share for gross proceeds of \$795,000. The Company paid finders' fees of \$63,600.

7. RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Three Months Ended June 30, 2023

During the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company recorded revenues of \$177,286 (2022 - \$98,231) and a comprehensive loss of \$2,275,148 (2022 - \$1,291,650). The increase in revenue compared to the three months ended June 30, 2022 was largely due to an increase in revenues derived from

BIONXT SOLUTIONS INC.
(formerly XPhyto Therapeutics Corp.)
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2023

development and manufacturing contracts. The Company recently signed a new development and manufacturing contract. The comparable period sales were mostly comprised of sales of the COVID-ID Lab product, which the Company no longer sells.

Operating expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2023 increased to \$2,283,091 from \$1,821,036 for the comparable period. Significant variances in operating expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2023, as compared to the same period in the prior year, include the following:

- Consulting fees of \$322,807 (2022 - \$379,845) decreased in Q2 2023, as the Company engaged fewer consultants' services in the current period compared to the prior period;
- Depreciation and amortization expense of \$54,895 (2022 - \$74,404) decreased, as there was amortization on certain intangible assets in the comparative period;
- Marketing and advertising of \$242,921 (2022 - \$292,035) decreased in Q2 2023, due to timing of expenditures;
- Office and miscellaneous of \$102,577 (2022 - \$58,176) increased due to higher insurance costs in Q2 2023;
- Professional fees of \$106,291 (2022 - \$129,784) decreased due to a decrease in legal fees in 2023;
- Regulatory fees of \$6,993 (2022 - \$46,360) decreased due to both a reduction and the timing of expenses;
- Rent and utilities of \$36,804 (2022 - \$24,638) increased as a result of short-term leases that were capitalized in the comparative period;
- Research and lab fees of \$508,020 (2022 - \$442,728) were higher in Q2 2023, as the Company was more active working on its TDS and ODF programs in the current period;
- Salaries, benefits and other remuneration of \$211,101 (2022 - \$229,703) were lower in 2023 due to the transition to consultants and cost controlling measures;
- Share-based compensation of \$578,691 (2022 - \$26,382) increased in 2023 due to 1,740,000 stock options issued during the period compared to nil stock options issued during the prior period (vesting of options previously granted of \$26,382). Values for both periods were calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model; and
- Travel and related \$14,318 (2022 - \$11,917) was comparable to the prior period.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2023

During the six months ended June 30, 2023, the Company recorded revenues of \$346,931 (2022 - \$219,657) and a comprehensive loss of \$3,843,786 (2022 - \$2,998,855). The increase in revenue compared to the six months ended June 30, 2022 was largely due to an increase in revenues derived from development and manufacturing contracts. The Company recently signed a new development and manufacturing contract. The comparable period sales were mostly comprised of sales of the COVID-ID Lab product, which the Company no longer sells.

Operating expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2023 increased to \$3,704,159 from \$3,382,492 for the comparable period. Significant variances in operating expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2023, as compared to the same period in the prior year, include the following:

- Consulting fees of \$563,208 (2022 - \$627,798) decreased in the current period, as the Company engaged fewer consultants' services in the current period compared to the prior period;
- Depreciation and amortization expense of \$104,338 (2022 - \$133,532) decreased, as there was amortization on certain intangible assets in the comparative period;
- Marketing and advertising of \$535,606 (2022 - \$444,539) increased in the current period, as the Company engaged more marketing services in the current period compared to the prior period;
- Office and miscellaneous of \$192,828 (2022 - \$161,742) increased due to higher insurance costs in 2023;
- Professional fees of \$147,720 (2022 - \$222,891) decreased due to a decrease in legal fees in 2023;

BIONXT SOLUTIONS INC.
(formerly XPhyto Therapeutics Corp.)
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2023

- Regulatory fees of \$24,165 (2022 - \$54,565) decreased due to both a reduction and timing of expenses;
- Rent and utilities of \$61,311 (2022 - \$41,222) increased as a result of short-term leases that were capitalized in the comparative period;
- Research and lab fees of \$1,058,699 (2022 - \$953,880) were higher in the current period, as the Company was more active working on its TDS and ODF programs in the current period;
- Salaries, benefits and other remuneration of \$397,630 (2022 - \$471,345) were lower in 2023 due to the transition to consultants and cost controlling measures;
- Share-based compensation of \$578,691 (2022 - \$74,921) increased in 2023 due to 1,740,000 stock options issued during the period compared to nil stock options issued during the prior period (vesting of options previously granted of \$48,539). Values for both periods were calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model; and
- Travel and related \$17,767 (2022 - \$16,587) was comparable to the prior period.

8. SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

The following selected financial information is a summary of the eight most recently completed quarters up to June 30, 2023:

	June 30, 2023 \$	March 31, 2023 \$	December 31, 2022 \$	September 30, 2022 \$
Total revenue	177,286	169,645	36,196	41,589
Comprehensive loss	(2,275,148)	(1,568,638)	(7,627,764)	(1,899,619)
Basic and diluted loss per share	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.08)	(0.02)
	June 30, 2022 \$	March 31, 2022 \$	December 31, 2021 \$	September 30, 2021 \$
Total revenue	98,231	121,426	158,184	116,931
Comprehensive loss	(1,291,650)	(1,707,205)	(8,485,588)	(2,596,505)
Basic and diluted loss per share	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.11)	(0.04)

In terms of comparative and trend discussion from quarter to quarter, the Company's operations are still in their early stages, and the Company is continuing to grow in both Canada and Germany. As a result, large variances from quarter to quarter may occur. Below are a few highlights discussing the comparable quarterly results.

Q2 2023 to Q1 2023

Comprehensive loss for Q2 2023 was \$2,275,148, as compared to \$1,568,638 in Q1 2023. The difference was primarily due to share-based compensation expensed in Q2 2023 in the amount of \$578,691, as well as higher consulting and professional fees in the same period.

Q1 2023 to Q4 2022

Comprehensive loss for Q1 2023 was \$1,568,638, as compared to \$7,627,764 in Q4 2022. Revenue and gross margin increased while operating expenses decreased in Q1 2023 compared to Q4 2022. There was a \$112,921 write-down of inventory in Q4 2022 compared to \$nil in Q1 2023. There was also an impairment of intangible assets and goodwill of \$5,886,924 in Q4 2022 compared to \$nil in Q1 2023.

BIONXT SOLUTIONS INC.
(formerly XPhyto Therapeutics Corp.)
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2023

Q4 2022 to Q3 2022

Comprehensive loss for Q4 2022 was \$7,627,764, as compared to \$1,899,619 in Q3 2022. Consulting fees, marketing and advertising, professional fees, and salaries, benefits and other remuneration all increased in Q4 2022 compared to Q3 2022. The increase in total expenses between the two quarters was offset by a \$494,008 write-down of inventory in Q3 2022 compared to a \$112,921 write-down of inventory in Q4 2022. There was also an impairment of intangible assets and goodwill of \$5,886,924 in Q4 2022.

Q3 2022 to Q2 2022

Comprehensive loss for Q3 2022 was \$1,899,619, as compared to \$1,291,650 in Q2 2022. In Q2 2022, the Company recorded a gain on the termination of the lease liability relating to a lease held by Bunker Pflanzenextrakte GmbH ("Bunker"). The Company had terminated the lease in April 2022 and made a final payment of \$32,190 to extinguish the remaining liability of \$691,742. There were reductions in consulting fees, salaries, benefits and other remuneration, and marketing and advertising from Q2 2022 to Q3 2022. This was offset by the \$494,008 write-down of inventory in Q3 2022 and an increase in research and lab fees in Q3 2022.

Q2 2022 to Q1 2022

Comprehensive loss for Q2 2022 was \$1,291,650, as compared to \$1,707,205 in Q1 2022. In Q2 2022, the Company recorded a gain on the termination of the lease liability relating to a lease held by Bunker. The Company had terminated the lease in April 2022 and made a final payment of \$32,190 to extinguish the remaining liability of \$691,742. Offsetting that gain were increases in operating expenditures from Q2 2022 to Q1 2022, including consulting fees and marketing and advertising, which increased by \$131,892 and \$139,531, respectively.

Q1 2022 to Q4 2021

Comprehensive loss for Q1 2022 was \$1,707,205, as compared to \$8,485,588 in Q4 2021. Share-based compensation in Q4 2021 was \$2,040,441 compared to \$48,539 in Q1 2022. In Q4 2021, the Company issued a total of 3,325,000 stock options with a weighted average exercise price of \$1.30 to certain consultants, officers, employees and directors of the Company. In comparison, in Q1 2022, no new options were issued, and expense recognized related to the vesting of stock options issued in prior periods. In Q4 2021, the Company recorded a loss in write-down of equipment of \$217,491. This equipment had been rendered inoperable due to the failed commissioning of the unit. The Company also recorded a loss in write-down of right-of-use asset of \$3,459,481 relating to a lease held by Bunker. As the Company no longer has any plans for using this leased facility and has terminated the lease in April 2022, the value of this right-of-use asset has been written down to \$nil at year-end 2021. Additionally, depreciation and amortization, professional fees, consulting fees, and marketing and advertising were all substantially lower in Q1 2022 compared to Q4 2021.

Q4 2021 to Q3 2021

Comprehensive loss for Q4 2021 was \$8,485,588, as compared to \$2,596,505 in Q3 2021. Higher comprehensive loss in Q4 2021 was mainly due to higher share-based compensation, which amounted to \$2,040,441, as compared to \$5,832 in Q3 2021, as well as loss on write-down of equipment and right-of-use asset. In Q4 2021, the Company issued a total of 3,325,000 stock options with a weighted average exercise price of \$1.30 to certain consultants, officers, employees and directors of the Company. In comparison, in Q3 2021, no new options were issued, and expense recognized related to the vesting of stock options issued in prior periods. In Q4 2021, the Company recorded a loss in write-down of equipment of \$217,491. This equipment had been rendered inoperable due to the failed commissioning of the unit. The Company also recorded a loss in write-down of right-of-use asset of \$3,459,481 relating to a lease held

BIONXT SOLUTIONS INC.
(formerly XPhyto Therapeutics Corp.)
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2023

by Bunker in Germany. As the Company no longer has any plans for using this leased facility and has terminated the lease in April 2022, the value of this right-of-use asset has been written down to \$nil at year end 2021.

9. LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company's primary sources of capital include the issuance of equity, exercise of common share warrants and stock options by their holders, and debt financing. The Company had a working capital deficit of \$2,701,470, which included cash of \$347,511, at June 30, 2023, compared to a working capital deficit of \$1,326,235, which included cash of \$136,196, at December 31, 2022.

Cash increased by \$211,315 to \$347,511 during the six months ended June 30, 2023. The Company's operations consumed \$2,793,212 of cash during the six months ended June 30, 2023, as compared to \$3,061,622 during the six months ended June 30, 2022. See **Results of Operations** for details on the increase in 2023.

Investing activities were minimal and consumed \$117,102 of cash during the six months ended June 30, 2023, as compared to \$nil during the six months ended June 30, 2022.

Financing activities provided a cash inflow of \$3,121,707 during the six months ended June 30, 2023, as compared to \$2,371,645 during the six months ended June 30, 2022. During the six months ended June 30, 2023, certain financing activities included the Company issuing 4,050,000 common shares for gross proceeds of \$2,025,000 in connection with non-brokered private placements. The Company also issued 3,127,000 common shares in connection with the exercise of warrants, for proceeds of \$1,563,500. During the six months ended June 30, 2022, the Company issued 2,300,000 common shares for gross proceeds of \$2,300,000 in connection with non-brokered private placements. The Company also issued 714,000 common shares in connection with the exercise of stock options, for proceeds of \$357,000 and sold 200,000 treasury shares for \$200,000.

The Company has forecasted its cash requirements for the next fiscal year and believes it will not have sufficient cash resources and liquidity to sustain its current planned activities. This assessment is based on the Company's budget, its available cash and future planned financing activities. The Company will be required to raise additional capital during the 2023 fiscal year. For the foreseeable future, the Company intends to finance its operations through the issuance of shares and debentures, and cash from the exercise of warrants and options by their holders.

Subsequent to June 30, 2023, the Company closed the first tranche of a non-brokered private placement and issued 3,000,000 shares at \$0.265 per share for gross proceeds of \$795,000. The Company paid finders' fees of \$63,600.

10. OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company has no off-balance sheet arrangements.

11. PROPOSED TRANSACTIONS

The Company does not have any proposed transactions as at June 30, 2023.

12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key management personnel are the persons responsible for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company, and include both executive and non-executive directors and entities controlled by such persons. The Company considers its directors, chief executive officer ("CEO") and chief financial officer

BIONXT SOLUTIONS INC.
(formerly XPhyto Therapeutics Corp.)
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2023

("CFO") of the Company, and its managing directors of the German subsidiaries to be key management personnel.

The following is a summary of the Company's key management compensation.

	June 30, 2023 \$	June 30, 2022 \$
Compensation and short-term benefits – Hugh Rogers, CEO and director	94,405	124,728
Compensation – Wolfgang Probst, director	-	100,022
Compensation – Heinrich Jehle, Managing Director, 3a-diagnostics GmbH ("3a GmbH")	87,408	83,352
Consulting fees – Wolfgang Probst, director	87,408	-
Consulting fees – Joseph Meagher, CFO	36,000	36,000
Consulting fees – Peter Damouni, director	30,000	120,000
Director fees – Per S. Thoresen, director	6,000	6,000
Director fees recovery – Hugh Rogers, CEO and director	-	(9,000)
Director fees recovery – Dr. Raimar Löbenberg("Löbenberg"), director	-	(9,000)
Director fees recovery – Wolfgang Probst, director	-	(9,000)
Director fees recovery – Peter Damouni, director	-	(6,000)
Research and lab fees – Thomas Beckert, Managing Director, Vektor Pharma TF GmbH ("Vektor")	100,161	112,525
Research and lab fees – Dr. Raimar Löbenberg, director	30,000	30,000

As at June 30, 2023, \$115,387 (December 31, 2022 - \$107,891) remained unpaid and has been included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

13. OUTLOOK

Since incorporation, the Company has evolved into a diversified life science technology accelerator through acquisition, partnership, and organic in-house research and development. Through its wholly owned subsidiaries and exclusive research, development, and commercialization agreements, BioNxt is developing an alternative delivery drug formulation business, pathogen and oral health diagnostic and screening test business, and a psychedelic pharmaceutical production and formulation business.

Alternative Delivery Drug Formulations

BioNxt is developing a thin film drug formulation business through its wholly owned German subsidiary, Vektor, with a focus on generic and hybrid-generic development opportunities based on approved active pharmaceutical ingredients. This strategy is expected to provide lower development costs, expedited development timelines, and lower regulatory risk compared to the development of drug formulations using novel compounds.

In Q3 2019, BioNxt acquired 100% of Vektor, a German-based private pharmaceutical and narcotics company focused on the research, development and production of therapeutic films for pharmaceutical applications. The company had established itself as an expert in the design, testing and manufacturing of thin film drug delivery systems, including transdermal patches ("TDS") and sub-lingual (oral) strips ("ODF"). Vektor also holds a number of valid narcotics licenses pursuant to EU GMP certification and other governing regulations: Import Permit for drug dosage forms; Import Permit for cannabis; Manufacturing Permit for clinical samples; Manufacturing Permit for final drug product release; Analytical Permit for chemical and physical testing; Permit to handle narcotic drugs; and a Permit to handle animal tissue. Vektor's various narcotics licenses include authorizations related to conventional and cannabis-related prescription medications, including but not limited to: Buprenorphine, cannabis, Dronabinol, Fentanyl, Hydromorphone, Oxycodone, and THC.

The flagship of the current drug delivery business is a TDS product for the delivery of Rotigotine. Rotigotine is a non-ergoline dopamine agonist approved for the treatment of Parkinson's disease (PD) and restless legs syndrome (RLS) in Europe and the United States. Rotigotine, the active pharmaceutical ingredient, is a generic "off-patent" drug that is typically formulated as a once-daily transdermal patch which provides a slow and constant supply of the drug over the course of 24 hours. Vektor has completed formulation and process implementation for the manufacture of its Rotigotine patches for use in clinical studies. Clinical sample manufacturing and analytical work was completed in Q4 2020 with human bioavailability studies completed in Q1 2021. Positive results and the advancement of the Rotigotine program to a pivotal human study were announced in Q2 2021. The Company spent much of 2022 optimizing the Rotigotine formula with plans for another comparative human pilot study in Q3 2023.

Vektor is involved in the development of pathogen screening tests which incorporate 3a GmbH's molecular biosensors into Vektor's ODF drug delivery system. 3a GmbH has developed peptide-based biosensor screening tests for bacterial and viral infectious diseases, including influenza A, scarlet fever, stomatitis, periimplantitis, and periodontitis. Positive detection of the respective pathogen results in enzymatic release of an extreme (but safe) bitter compound. 3a GmbH has confirmed successful enzyme activation of its peptide biosensor when delivered using Vektor's platform; in addition, ODF embedded biosensor activation has been demonstrated for biologically relevant levels of pathogen specific enzymes. Screening test evaluation for certain biosensor products for the purpose of EU regulatory approval is being planned.

In Q1 2021, the Company announced that Vektor had been made subject to a declaratory action made by a former client in relation to alleged breach of the terms of a development agreement. Vektor has filed a notice of defence in the respective German court. On April 22, 2021, the Company filed a statement of defence in reply to the complaint. The matter was set to be heard in July 2021 in the Regional Court of Dusseldorf but has been postponed due to a request from the plaintiff. A new date has not been set.

In Q2 2021, the Company announced that it had signed a purchase and sale agreement for the acquisition of a property in Biberach, Germany. The Company may construct a new commercial drug manufacturing facility on the site. The Company is reviewing scalable construction options to synchronize its manufacturing capacity with demand from in-house and contract manufacturing opportunities. A construction plan and budget has not been finalized.

The Company has recently successfully carried out early stage drug formulation work on contract for third-party generic drug companies. The Company is now exploring opportunities for an expanded scope of contract research and development work based on the Vektor drug delivery platforms with the potential for clinical trial sample and small scale commercial manufacturing.

In Q3 2023, BioNxt signed a non-binding LOI for the joint development with a third party for a new ODF product. Subject to a definitive agreement, it is expected that this new ODF will be a core drug formulation program in addition to its Rotigotine ODF.

Pathogen and Oral Health Diagnostic and Screening Tests

BioNxt is developing and commercializing a pipeline of pathogen and oral health diagnostic and biosensor screening tests for European markets with its first product, a rapid point-of-care COVID-19 PCR system launched in March 2021, and its second product, a low-cost oral dissolvable biosensor for oral inflammation registered for sale in Europe in Q3 2021. The Company's diagnostic business has proceeded by way of an exclusive partnership with 3a GmbH as set out above. On July 20, 2021, BioNxt announced a proposed acquisition of 3a GmbH, which closed December 1, 2021, and was announced on December 6, 2021.

In addition to its COVID-19 rapid point-of-care PCR system, 3a GmbH developed a suite of biosensor rapid oral screening tests for oral health, bacterial and viral infectious diseases, including influenza A, group A Streptococcus, stomatitis, periimplantitis, and periodontitis. Additional pandemic-focused biosensors are in planning and development, specifically for COVID-19 (coronavirus), H1N1 (swine flu), and H5N1 (avian

flu). On June 10, 2020, BioNxt announced that 3a GmbH and their contract research collaborators received a €254,200 grant from the German Federal Ministry of Education and Research. Proceeds of the grant are committed to the development and commercialization of enzyme activated biosensors for use in real-time, low-cost and easy-to-use oral screening tests for the detection of influenza A virus and specific variants that are high-risk pandemic threats such as H1N1 and H5N1. On July 6, 2020, the Company announced that 3a GmbH's enhanced probe system for and associated technology for COVID-19 had been incorporated into the development, technology purchase and license agreement with 3a GmbH.

3a GmbH successfully developed a rapid COVID-19 PCR diagnostic test kit to detect COVID-19 viral RNA from patient saliva and nasal and throat swabs. On March 18, 2021, the Company announced European CE-IVD approval for the commercial sale of the COVID-19 PCR kit.

On May 7, 2021, the Company announced that it commenced a pilot project for its rapid COVID-19 PCR test in a point-of-care setting at a pharmacy near Frankfurt, Germany. During the pilot project, the validated workflows for the test including the mobile collection and processing of patient samples were further optimized. On June 30, 2021, the Company announced a pilot study with 10 COVID-19 test centers in Berlin. The pilot study generated valuable data to finalize the laboratory workflows and training protocols, which are necessary for commercial implementation. Changes in potential demand for COVID-19 PCR testing systems in general associated with a global reduction in PCR testing have severely limited sales opportunities.

On July 28, 2021, BioNxt announced the successful identification of a saliva-activated in-mouth biosensor candidate for the detection of a COVID-19 infection. Further development work is underway, including the review of this particular sensor, as well as additional potential candidates.

In general, the Company sees significant market potential for its oral health screening tests and intends to pursue distribution and licencing opportunities. Commercial business development is 3a's primary goal for 2023.

Psychedelic Pharmaceutical Production and Formulation

BioNxt is focused on development of a psychedelic production and formulation business with clinical validation as the final intended step in the commercialization process. The Company's psychedelic (and former cannabis R&D) programs in Canada are carried out through Xphyto Laboratories Corp., a wholly owned Alberta subsidiary, and in collaboration with the University of Alberta ("UoA"). The Company is focused on the industrial scale synthesis of pharmaceutical-grade mescaline for therapeutic use. Psychedelic programs in Germany are carried out through Vektor, a wholly owned German subsidiary.

On June 8, 2021, the Company announced that its mescaline synthesis program is on schedule having completed lab set up, preliminary synthesis, modified synthesis, and initial batch production. On February 22, 2022, BioNxt announced the development of a repeatable two-step reaction process with a mescaline yield greater than 60 per cent and purity exceeding 99 per cent, which is ideal for clinical use. Analytical methods were developed and validated and, to date, approximately 60 grams of GMP-grade mescaline has been manufactured for clinical trial evaluation. The Company is currently focused on drug delivery and Phase I clinical trial planning.

In addition to GMP mescaline synthesis, drug delivery, and clinical evaluation, the Canadian operations are also focused on the design and synthesis of novel second-generation psychedelic analogues. The company has successfully developed and manufactured two promising novel compounds with properties designed to increase bioavailability. Intellectual-property-related information will be disclosed in due course.

In Q3 2020, Vektor signed a research agreement with a leading German university for the exclusive development of proprietary industrial-scale production methodology for GMP psilocybin through an advanced biosynthesis process focused on the insertion of genes from the psilocybin mushroom into certain

BIONXT SOLUTIONS INC.
(formerly XPhyto Therapeutics Corp.)
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2023

bio-organisms. The research and development program is complete. The Company is in discussion with the University regarding potential next steps and ongoing research and development opportunities.

In Q1 2023, the Company announced the acquisition of certain solid dosage form (pill and capsule) enteric coating intellectual property assets. The Company is reviewing the opportunity to employ this technology for the delivery of psychedelic compounds (primarily mescaline and psilocybin) which has the potential to reduce side-effects and improve the predictability and consistency of psychedelic dosing.

On August 20, 2018, the Company signed an Exclusive Dealing Agreement with Löbenberg with respect to commercial operations under the license issued pursuant to the Canadian Controlled Drugs and Substance Act held by Löbenberg and Löbenberg's cannabis related research and associated intellectual property. The agreement grants the Company an exclusive right to benefit from the exercise of Löbenberg's rights under the license.

In consideration for the rights granted by Löbenberg to the Company, the Company issued 5,000,000 common shares (the "Consideration Shares"), to a company controlled by Löbenberg with a fair value of \$625,000. The Consideration Shares are subject to voluntary pooling ("Escrow") for a period commencing on the effective date of the agreement and terminating on the date that is thirty-six months after the earlier of: (i) the date the Company's shares are listed for trading on the CSE, and (ii) the date that is six months after the effective date of the agreement. The exclusivity period commences on the closing date of the agreement and expires on the earlier of (i) termination of the agreement, and (ii) the date that the last Consideration Shares are released from Escrow. If the license is terminated during the exclusivity period, any remaining Escrowed Consideration Shares will be returned to the Company.

Löbenberg is entitled to revenue-based bonus payments from the sale of certain products developed by Löbenberg alone or jointly with the Company. The eligibility for earning the revenue-based bonus payments expires at the end of the exclusivity period. If the Company generates at least \$10,000,000 in revenues annually from the products, Löbenberg is entitled to receive a Level One Bonus of \$200,000. If the Company generates at least \$5,000,000 in revenues annually from the products, Löbenberg is entitled to receive a Level Two Bonus of \$200,000. The Level Two Bonus is payable, at the election of the Company, either in cash or common shares at the current market price. The Company can terminate the Level One and/or Two Bonus entitlements by paying Löbenberg \$1,000,000 per each bonus entitlement.

The initial phase of BioNxt's business development was founded on two strategic cannabis-related collaborations with the Faculty of Pharmacy and Pharmaceutical Sciences, UoA (the "Faculty"): 1) an exclusive five year agreement to co-develop and operate a commercial grade analytical lab for the testing of cannabis and other plant-based medicines; and 2) an exclusive five year product manufacturing agreement to extract cannabis-derived compounds and produce pharmaceutical grade isolates.

Pursuant to both agreements, BioNxt provided the necessary start-up funding for any testing and manufacturing equipment and equipment and facility upgrades, as well as all ongoing operational expenses and business marketing. The Faculty shall provide qualified staff, certified laboratory facilities, and ongoing regulatory support. Any necessary testing or manufacturing services not available within the Faculty's facilities shall be outsourced and coordinated by the Faculty.

With respect to analytical testing, the Company entered into a Service Agreement Term Sheet dated May 30, 2018 with the Faculty. Further to the Service Agreement Term Sheet, on September 28, 2018, the Company and the Board of Governors of UoA, executed a Commercial Analytical Lab Development and Services Agreement for the co-develop of a commercial grade analytical lab at UoA for the purpose of testing cannabis and other plant-based medicines.

The agreement contemplated that the parties would enter into a service agreement under which the UoA will provide analytical testing services to the Company and others. The service agreement will have an initial 5-year term and require the Company to pay the UoA for its costs to operate and maintain the facility.

BIONXT SOLUTIONS INC.
(formerly XPhyto Therapeutics Corp.)
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2023

Any profit (net revenue) from service fees will first be applied to pay to the Company an amount equal to 125% of its capital expenditures in developing and establishing the analytical testing facility. Once the 125% threshold has been achieved, the Company and the UoA will equally share in profits (net revenues) from service fees.

The Company is responsible to fund the development and construction of the analytical testing facility. The Company has paid substantially all expected development costs including equipment, training, and facility upgrades.

On December 7, 2018, the Company and the UoA executed an exclusive five-year product manufacturing agreement pursuant to which the Faculty agreed to manufacture cannabis-based extracts and isolates. The Company is responsible to provide any necessary equipment for the manufacture of the extracts and isolates and will pay UoA an annual fee estimated at \$140,000. The equipment has been delivered and was awaiting commissioning. Commissioning was delayed due to the COVID-19 situation as the supplier has an employee travel ban in place. The Company currently has no plans to pursue the cannabis extraction business.

The purpose of BioNxt's analytical testing agreement was two-fold: 1) to provide third-party testing services to Canadian cannabis cultivators, wholesalers and retailers; and 2) to provide in-house testing for BioNxt's manufacturing business. BioNxt does not intend to cultivate cannabis in Canada nor does it intend to sell cannabis in Canada. The Company currently has no plans to pursue the cannabis testing business.

On November 5, 2020, the Company signed an addendum to the Exclusive Dealing Agreement to include a wide range of psychedelic compounds under Löbenberg's recently acquired psychedelic testing and research licenses from Health Canada.

In February 2021, the Company signed an agreement with API for the synthesis of pharmaceutical grade psychedelic compounds and the parallel development of the standard operating procedures necessary to obtain regulatory approval for the respective commercial production process. The Company will fund all infrastructure and initial lab set up costs which are estimated at \$663,000. The Company will also fund the monthly operation cost at \$20,000 per month. The psychedelic work at UoA is focused on the development of pharmaceutical grade EU GMP mescaline.

14. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes can differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of revision and further periods if the review affects both current and future periods.

Key Sources of Estimation and Uncertainty

The significant assumptions about the future and other major sources of estimation uncertainty as at the end of the reporting period that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the Company's assets and liabilities are as follows:

Share-based compensation

Share-based compensation expense is estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model as measured on the grant date to estimate the fair value of stock options. This model involves the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the expected price volatility of the Company's common shares, the expected life of the options, and the estimated forfeiture rate. Changes in these subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate.

Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets, including those arising from unutilized tax losses, require management to assess the likelihood that the Company will generate sufficient taxable earnings in future periods in order to utilize recognized deferred tax assets. Assumptions about the generation of future taxable profits depend on management's estimates of future cash flows. In addition, future changes in tax laws could limit the ability of the Company to obtain tax deductions in future periods. To the extent that future cash flows and taxable income differ significantly from estimates, the ability of the Company to realize the net deferred tax assets recorded at the reporting date could be impacted.

Intangible assets and goodwill

Management has determined that capitalized intangible asset costs may have future economic benefits and may be economically recoverable. Management uses estimates in determining the recoverable amount of intangible assets and goodwill. The determination of the recoverable amount for the purposes of impairment testing requires the use of estimates, such as anticipated future cash flow and discount rates.

The amortization expense related to intangible assets is determined using estimates relating to the useful life of the intangible asset.

Convertible debentures

The equity component of the convertible debenture is calculated using a discounted cash flow method, which requires management to make an estimate on an appropriate discount rate. Changes in the discount rate can materially affect the calculation of the equity component.

Significant Judgments in Applying Accounting Policies

The critical judgments that the Company's management has made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, apart from those involving estimations, that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the Company's condensed consolidated interim financial statements are as follows:

Determination of functional currency

The Company determines the functional currency through an analysis of several indicators, such as expenses and cash flow, financing activities, retention of operating cash flows and frequency of transactions within the reporting entity.

15. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The following amendments will be effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023:

Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 1 Presentation of Financial Statements and IFRS Practice Statement 2 Making Materiality Judgments) – the amendments require that an entity discloses its material accounting policies, instead of its significant accounting policies. Further amendments explain how an entity can identify a material accounting policy.

Definition of Accounting Estimates (Amendments to IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors) – the amendments replace the definition of a change in accounting estimates with a definition of accounting estimates. Under the new definition, accounting estimates are “monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty”. Entities develop accounting estimates if accounting policies require items in financial statements to be measured in a way that involves measurement uncertainty. The amendments clarify that a change in accounting estimate that results from new information or new developments is not the correction of an error.

The Company adopted the above amendments for the fiscal year beginning January 1, 2023. The amendments did not have a material impact on the results and financial position of the Company.

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Fair Value

Cash is carried at fair value using Level 1 fair value measurement. The carrying values of amounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair values due to the short-term nature of these instruments. The carrying values of convertible debt and lease liabilities approximate fair values, as there has not been any significant changes in interest rates since initial recognition.

The Company records certain of its financial instruments at fair value using various techniques. These include estimates of fair values based on prevailing market prices (bid and ask prices, as appropriate) for instruments with similar characteristics and risk profiles or internal and external valuation models, such as discounted cash flow analyses, using, to the extent possible, observable market-based inputs.

The financial instruments have been characterized on a fair value hierarchy based on whether the inputs to those valuation techniques are observable (inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources) or unobservable (inputs reflect the Company's market assumptions).

The three levels of fair value estimation are:

Level 1 – quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments.

Level 2 – quoted prices in active markets for similar instruments; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs and significant value drivers are observable in active markets.

Level 3 – valuations derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs or significant value drivers are unobservable.

Financial Risk Management

The Company has exposures to risks of varying degrees of significance that could affect its ability to achieve its strategic objectives. The type of risk exposure and the way in which such exposure is managed is provided as follows:

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk at June 30, 2023 under its financial instruments is approximately \$714,000.

Most of the Company's cash is held with a major financial institution in Canada and management believes the exposure to credit risk with respect to such institution is not significant. The Company actively monitors its amounts receivable and believes the exposure to credit risk is insignificant.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Company currently has no debt subject to variable interest rates. Accordingly, the Company has limited exposure to interest rate movements.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Company has a planning and budgeting process in place by which it projects the funds required to support its operations.

Management and the Board of Directors are actively involved in the review, planning and approval of significant expenditures and commitments.

The following is a summary of the maturities for the Company's lease liabilities as at June 30, 2023:

	Up to 1 year \$	1 - 2 years \$	> 2 years \$
Lease liabilities	18,287	-	-

Foreign exchange rate risk

The Company operates in Canada and Germany and is, therefore, exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from transactions denominated in a foreign currency. The operating results and the financial position of the Company are reported in Canadian dollars. The fluctuations of the operating currencies in relation to the Canadian dollar will, consequently, have an impact upon the reporting results of the Company, and may also affect the value of the Company's assets and liabilities. The Company has not entered into any agreements or purchased any instruments to hedge possible currency risks at this time.

BIONXT SOLUTIONS INC.
(formerly XPhyto Therapeutics Corp.)
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2023

The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk through the following financial assets and liabilities held in euros (translated to Canadian dollars):

	June 30, 2023 \$	December 31, 2022 \$
Cash	280,102	124,993
Amounts receivable	332,894	347,468
Total financial assets	612,996	472,461
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(650,541)	(644,161)
Lease liability	(17,766)	(34,700)
Net statement of financial position exposure	(55,311)	(206,400)

At June 30, 2023, a 10% appreciation (depreciation) in the value of the euro against the Canadian dollar, with all other variables held constant, would result in approximately a \$6,000 increase (decrease) in the Company's net loss for the period.

17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS TO JUNE 30, 2023

On August 28, 2023, the Company closed the first tranche of a non-brokered private placement and issued 3,000,000 shares at \$0.265 per share for gross proceeds of \$795,000. The Company paid finders' fees of \$63,600.

18. RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Conflicts of Interest

Certain directors of the Company also serve as directors and/or officers of other companies involved in other business ventures. Consequently, there exists the possibility for such directors to be in a position of conflict. Any decision made by such directors involving the Company will be made in accordance with their duties and obligations to deal fairly and in good faith with the Company and such other companies. In addition, such directors will declare, and refrain from voting on, any matter in which such directors may have a conflict of interest.

Negative Operating Cash Flows

As the Company is an early-stage start-up it may continue to have negative operating cash flows. Without the injection of further capital and the development of revenue streams from its business, the Company may continue to have negative operating cash flows until it can realize stable cash flow from operations.

Risks Related as a Going Concern

The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is uncertain and dependent upon its ability to achieve profitable operations, obtain additional capital and receive continued support from its shareholders. Management of the Company will have to raise capital through private placements or debt financing and proposes to continue to do so through future private placements and offerings. The outcome of these matters cannot be predicted at this time.

Reliance on Key Personnel and Advisors

The Company relies heavily on its officers and directors. The loss of their services may have a material adverse effect on the business of the Company. There can be no assurance that one or all of the employees of, and contractors engaged by, the Company will continue in the employ of, or in a consulting capacity to,

the Company or that they will not set up competing businesses or accept positions with competitors. There is no guarantee that certain employees of, and contractors to, the Company who have access to confidential information will not disclose the confidential information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The information provided in this report is the responsibility of management. In the preparation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements, estimates are sometimes necessary to make a determination of future values for certain assets or liabilities. Management believes such estimates have been based on careful judgments and have been properly reflected in the accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Global Factors

There are many external factors that can adversely affect general workforces, economies and financial markets globally. Examples include, but are not limited to, the COVID-19 global pandemic and political conflict in other regions. It is not possible for the Company to predict the duration or magnitude of adverse results of such external factors and their effect on the Company's business or ability to raise funds.

Risk Factors

Market risk for securities

There can be no assurance that an active trading market for our common shares will be sustained. The market price for our common shares could be subject to wide fluctuations. Factors such as government regulation, interest rates, share price movements of peer companies and competitors, as well as overall market movements, may have a significant impact on the market price of our securities. The stock market has from time to time experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations, which have often been unrelated to the operating performance of particular companies.

Uninsured or uninsurable risk

We may become subject to liability for risks against which we cannot insure or against which we may elect not to insure due to the high cost of insurance premiums or other factors. The payment of any such liabilities would reduce the funds available for our usual business activities. Payment of liabilities for which we do not carry insurance may have a material adverse effect on our financial position and operations.

Key personnel risk

Our success will depend on our directors and officers to develop our business and manage our operations, and on our ability to attract and retain key quality assurance, scientific, sales, public relations and marketing staff or consultants once operations begin. The loss of any key person or the inability to find and retain new key persons could have a material adverse effect on our business. Competition for qualified technical, sales and marketing staff, as well as officers and directors, can be intense and no assurance can be provided that we will be able to attract or retain key personnel in the future, which may adversely impact our operations.

No established market for shares risk

There is currently no established trading market through which common shares in our authorized capital may be sold. Even if a trading market develops, there can be no assurance that such market will continue in the future. An investor may lose their entire investment.

Dividend risk

We have not paid dividends in the past and do not anticipate paying dividends in the near future. We expect to retain any earnings to finance further growth and, when appropriate, retire debt.

Share price volatility risk

External factors outside of our control, such as announcements of quarterly variations in operating results, revenues and costs, and sentiments toward the cannabis sector stocks may have a significant impact on the market price of our common shares. Global stock markets, including the exchanges on which the Company trades, have from time to time experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations that have often been unrelated to the operations of particular companies. There can be no assurance that an active or liquid market will develop or be sustained for the common shares.

The Company's actual financial position and results of operations may differ materially from the expectations of the Company's management.

The Company's actual financial position and results of operations may differ materially from management's expectations. As a result, the Company's revenue, net income (loss) and cash flows may differ materially from the Company's projected revenue, net income (loss) and cash flows. The process for estimating the Company's revenue, net income (loss) and cash flow requires the use of judgment in determining the appropriate assumptions and estimates. These estimates and assumptions may be revised as additional information becomes available and as additional analyses are performed. In addition, the assumptions used in planning may not prove to be accurate, and other factors may affect the Company's financial condition or results of operations.

Nature of the Business Model

Probable lack of business diversification

Because the Company will be focused on developing its business ancillary to the cannabis industry, and potentially directly in the cannabis industry, the prospects for the Company's success will be dependent upon the future performance and market acceptance of the Company's intended facilities, products, processes and services. Unlike certain entities that have the resources to develop and explore numerous product lines, operating in multiple industries or multiple areas of a single industry, the Company does not anticipate the ability to immediately diversify or benefit from the possible spreading of risks or offsetting of losses. Again, the prospects for the Company's success may become dependent upon the development or market acceptance of a very limited number of facilities, products, processes or services.

The Company expects to incur significant ongoing costs and obligations related to its investment in infrastructure, growth, regulatory compliance and operations.

The Company expects to incur significant ongoing costs and obligations related to its investment in infrastructure and growth and for regulatory compliance, which could have a material adverse impact on the Company's results of operations, financial condition and cash flows. In addition, future changes in regulations, more vigorous enforcement thereof or other unanticipated events could require extensive changes to the Company's operations, increased compliance costs or give rise to material liabilities, which could have a material adverse effect on the business, results of operations and financial condition of the Company. The Company's efforts to grow its business may be costlier than the Company expects, and the Company may not be able to increase its revenue enough to offset its higher operating expenses. The Company may incur significant losses in the future for a number of reasons and unforeseen expenses, difficulties, complications and delays, and other unknown events. If the Company is unable to achieve and sustain profitability, the market price of the common shares may significantly decrease.

BIONXT SOLUTIONS INC.
(formerly XPhyto Therapeutics Corp.)
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2023

There is no assurance that the Company will turn a profit or generate immediate revenues.

There is no assurance as to whether the Company will be profitable, earn revenues or pay dividends. The Company has incurred and anticipates that it will continue to incur substantial expenses relating to the development and initial operations of its business.

The payment and amount of any future dividends will depend upon, among other things, the Company's results of operations, cash flows, financial condition, and operating and capital requirements. There is no assurance that future dividends will be paid, and, if dividends are paid, there is no assurance with respect to the amount of any such dividends.

The Company may not be able to effectively manage its growth and operations, which could materially and adversely affect its business.

The Company has grown by acquisition. If the Company implements its business plan as intended, it may in the future experience rapid growth and development in a relatively short period of time. The management of this growth will require, among other things, continued development of the Company's financial and management controls, management information systems, stringent control of costs, the ability to attract and retain qualified management personnel, and the training of new personnel. The Company intends to utilize outsourced resources and hire additional personnel to manage its expected growth and expansion. Failure to successfully manage its possible growth and development could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business and the value of the common shares.

The Company may be unable to adequately protect its proprietary and intellectual property rights.

The Company's ability to compete may depend on the superiority, uniqueness and value of any intellectual property and technology that it may develop. To the extent the Company is able to do so, to protect any proprietary rights of the Company, the Company intends to rely on a combination of patent, trademark, copyright and trade secret laws, confidentiality agreements with its employees and third parties, and protective contractual provisions. Despite these efforts, any of the following occurrences may reduce the value of any of the Company's intellectual property:

- Patents in the cannabis industry involve complex legal and scientific questions, and patent protection may not be available for some or any products; the Company's applications for trademarks and copyrights relating to its business may not be granted, and, if granted, may be challenged or invalidated;
- Issued patents, trademarks and registered copyrights may not provide the Company with competitive advantages; the Company's efforts to protect its intellectual property rights may not be effective in preventing misappropriation of any of its products or intellectual property;
- The Company's efforts may not prevent the development and design by others of products or marketing strategies similar to or competitive with or superior to those the Company develops;
- Another party may assert a blocking patent and the Company would need to either obtain a license or design around the patent in order to continue to offer the contested feature or service in its products; or
- The expiration of patent or other intellectual property protections for any assets owned by the Company could result in significant competition, potentially at any time and without notice, resulting in a significant reduction in sales. The effect of the loss of these protections on the Company and its financial results will depend, among other things, upon the nature of the market and the position of the Company's products in the market from time to time, the growth of the market, the complexities and economics of manufacturing a competitive product, and regulatory approval requirements, but the impact could be material and adverse.

BIONXT SOLUTIONS INC.
(formerly XPhyto Therapeutics Corp.)
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2023

The Company may be forced to litigate to defend its intellectual property rights, or to defend against claims by third parties against the Company relating to intellectual property rights.

The Company may be forced to litigate to enforce or defend its intellectual property rights, to protect its trade secrets or to determine the validity and scope of other parties' proprietary rights. Any such litigation could be very costly and could distract its management from focusing on operating the Company's business. The existence and/or outcome of any such litigation could harm the Company's business. Further, because the content of much of the Company's intellectual property concerns cannabis and other activities that are not legal in some US state jurisdictions or under US federal law, the Company may face additional difficulties in defending its intellectual property rights.

The Company may become subject to litigation, including for possible product liability claims, which may have a material adverse effect on the Company's reputation, business, results from operations and financial condition.

The Company may be named as a defendant in a lawsuit or regulatory action. The Company may also incur uninsured losses for liabilities, which arise in the ordinary course of business, or which are unforeseen, including, but not limited to, employment liability and business loss claims. Any such losses could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, results of operations, sales, cash flow or financial condition.

The Company faces competition from other companies where it will conduct business that may have higher capitalization, more experienced management or may be more mature as a business.

An increase in the number of companies competing in this industry could limit the ability of the Company to expand its operations. Current and new competitors may have better capitalization, a longer operating history, more expertise and be able to develop higher quality equipment or products, at the same or a lower cost. The Company cannot provide assurances that it will be able to compete successfully against current and future competitors. Competitive pressures faced by the Company could have a material adverse effect on its business, operating results and financial condition.

If the Company is unable to attract and retain key personnel, it may not be able to compete effectively in the market.

The Company's success has depended and continues to depend upon its ability to attract and retain key management, including the Company's CEO, CFO and technical experts. The Company will attempt to enhance its management and technical expertise by continuing to recruit qualified individuals who possess desired skills and experience in certain targeted areas. The Company's inability to retain employees and attract and retain sufficient additional employees or engineering and technical support resources could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, results of operations, sales, cash flow or financial condition. Shortages in qualified personnel or the loss of key personnel could adversely affect the financial condition of the Company, results of operations of the business, and could limit the Company's ability to develop and market its cannabis-related products. The loss of any of the Company's senior management or key employees could materially adversely affect the Company's ability to execute the Company's business plan and strategy, and the Company may not be able to find adequate replacements on a timely basis, or at all. The Company does not maintain key person life insurance policies on any of the Company's employees.

There is no assurance that the Company will obtain and retain any relevant licenses.

If obtained, any licenses are expected to be subject to ongoing compliance and reporting requirements. Failure by the Company to comply with the requirements of licenses or any failure to maintain licenses would have a material adverse impact on the business, financial condition and operating results of the Company.

BIONXT SOLUTIONS INC.
(formerly XPhyto Therapeutics Corp.)
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2023

The size of the Company's target market is difficult to quantify, and investors will be reliant on their own estimates on the accuracy of market data.

Because the cannabis industry is in an early stage with uncertain boundaries, there is a lack of information about comparable companies available for potential investors to review in deciding about whether to invest in the Company and few, if any, established companies whose business model the Company can follow or upon whose success the Company can build. Accordingly, investors will have to rely on their own estimates in deciding about whether to invest in the Company. There can be no assurance that the Company's estimates are accurate or that the market size is sufficiently large for its business to grow as projected, which may negatively impact its financial results. The Company regularly purchases and follows market research.

The Company's industry is experiencing rapid growth and consolidation that may cause the Company to lose key relationships and intensify competition.

The cannabis industry and businesses ancillary to and directly involved with cannabis businesses are undergoing rapid growth and substantial change, which has resulted in an increase in competitors, consolidation and formation of strategic relationships. Acquisitions or other consolidating transactions could harm the Company in a number of ways, including by losing strategic partners if they are acquired by or enter into relationships with a competitor, losing customers, revenue and market share, or forcing the Company to expend greater resources to meet new or additional competitive threats, all of which could harm the Company's operating results. As competitors enter the market and become increasingly sophisticated, competition in the Company's industry may intensify and place downward pressure on retail prices for its products and services, which could negatively impact its profitability. The Company continues to sell shares for cash to fund operations, capital expansion, mergers and acquisitions that will dilute the current shareholders.

There is no guarantee that the Company will be able to achieve its business objectives. The continued development of the Company will require additional financing. The failure to raise such capital could result in the delay or indefinite postponement of current business objectives or the Company going out of business. There can be no assurance that additional capital or other types of financing will be available if needed or that, if available, the terms of such financing will be favourable to the Company.

If additional funds are raised through issuances of equity or convertible debt securities, existing shareholders could suffer significant dilution, and any new equity securities issued could have rights, preferences and privileges superior to those of holders of common shares. The Company's articles permit the issuance of an unlimited number of common shares, and shareholders will have no pre-emptive rights in connection with such further issuances. The directors of the Company have discretion to determine the price and the terms of issue of further issuances. Moreover, additional common shares will be issued by the Company on the exercise of options under the stock option plan and upon the exercise of outstanding warrants. In addition, from time to time, the Company may enter into transactions to acquire assets or the shares of other companies. These transactions may be financed wholly or partially with debt, which may temporarily increase the Company's debt levels above industry standards. Any debt financing secured in the future could involve restrictive covenants relating to capital raising activities and other financial and operational matters, which may make it more difficult for the Company to obtain additional capital and to pursue business opportunities, including potential acquisitions. The Company may require additional financing to fund its operations to the point where it is generating positive cash flow. Negative cash flow may restrict the Company's ability to pursue its business objectives.

BIONXT SOLUTIONS INC.
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Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2023

The Company could be liable for fraudulent or illegal activity by its employees, contractors and consultants resulting in significant financial losses to claims against the Company.

The Company is exposed to the risk that its employees, independent contractors and consultants may engage in fraudulent or other illegal activity. Misconduct by these parties could include intentional, reckless and/or negligent conduct or disclosure of unauthorized activities to the Company that violate government regulations. It is not always possible for the Company to identify and deter misconduct by its employees and other third parties, and the precautions taken by the Company to detect and prevent this activity may not be effective in controlling unknown or unmanaged risks or losses or in protecting the Company from governmental investigations or other actions or lawsuits stemming from a failure to be in compliance with such laws or regulations. If any such actions are instituted against the Company, and it is not successful in defending itself or asserting its rights, those actions could have a significant impact on the Company's business, including the imposition of civil, criminal and administrative penalties, damages, monetary fines, contractual damages, reputational harm, diminished profits and future earnings, and curtailment of the Company's operations, any of which could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

The Company will be reliant on information technology systems and may be subject to damaging cyberattacks.

The Company has not experienced any material losses to date relating to cyberattacks or other information security breaches, but there can be no assurance that the Company will not incur such losses in the future. The Company's risk and exposure to these matters cannot be fully mitigated due to, among other things, the evolving nature of these threats. As a result, cyber security and the continued development and enhancement of controls, processes and practices designed to protect systems, computers, software, data and networks from attack, damage or unauthorized access is a priority. As cyber threats continue to evolve, the Company may be required to expend additional resources to continue to modify or enhance protective measures or to investigate and remediate any security vulnerabilities.

In certain circumstances, the Company's reputation could be damaged.

Damage to the Company's reputation can be the result of the actual or perceived occurrence of any number of events, and could include any negative publicity, whether true or not. The increased usage of social media and other web-based tools used to generate, publish and discuss user-generated content, and to connect with other users has made it increasingly easier for individuals and groups to communicate and share opinions and views regarding the Company and its activities, whether true or not. Although the Company believes that it operates in a manner that is respectful to all stakeholders and that it takes care in protecting its image and reputation, the Company does not ultimately have direct control over how it is perceived by others. Reputation loss may result in decreased investor confidence, increased challenges in developing and maintaining community relations and an impediment to the Company's overall ability to advance its projects, thereby having a material adverse impact on financial performance, financial condition, cash flows and growth prospects.

No guarantee on the use of available funds by the Company

The Company cannot specify with certainty the particular uses of available funds. Management has broad discretion in the application of its proceeds. Accordingly, a holder of common shares will have to rely upon the judgment of management with respect to the use of available funds, with only limited information concerning management's specific intentions. The Company's management may spend a portion or all of the available funds in ways that the Company's shareholders might not desire, that might not yield a favourable return and that might not increase the value of a purchaser's investment. The failure by management to apply these funds effectively could harm the Company's business. Pending use of such funds, the Company might invest the available funds in a manner that does not produce income or that loses value.

Currency fluctuations

A significant portion of the Company's German subsidiary expenses are expected to be denominated in euros, and therefore, may be exposed to significant currency exchange fluctuations. Recent events in the global financial markets have been coupled with increased volatility in the currency markets. Fluctuations in the exchange rate between the euro and the Canadian dollar may have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and operating results. The Company may, in the future, establish a program to hedge a portion of its foreign currency exposure with the objective of minimizing the impact of adverse foreign currency exchange movements. However, even if the Company develops a hedging program, there can be no assurance that it will effectively mitigate currency risks.

19. OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA

Authorized and issued share capital as at August 28, 2023:

Class	Par Value	Authorized	Issued Number
Common	No par value	Unlimited	101,386,873

- As at August 28, 2023, there were 6,326,000 stock options outstanding.
- As at August 28, 2023, there were 8,309,550 warrants outstanding.

20. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information on the Company is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.