UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Prepared by Management)

THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Notice of No Auditor Review of Condensed Interim Financial Statements

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared by management and approved by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors.

The Company's independent auditors have not performed a review of these condensed interim financial statements in accordance with the standards established for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditors.

UNAUDITED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2018

(Expressed in Canadian dollars

	Note	December 31, 2018		Septer	September 30, 2018		
Assets							
Current Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	-	\$	13,431		
Accounts receivable	4		13,341		10,151		
Due from ACT360			48,773		33,172		
			62,114		56,754		
Customer lists and intangible assets	5		1		1		
		\$	62,115	\$	56,755		
Liabilitites							
Current Liabilities							
Bank overdraft		\$	4,881	\$	-		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities			76,708		15,172		
Unearned revenue			6,608		-		
Due to Kona Bay	9		80,784		76,150		
			168,981		91,322		
Notes payable	6		345,422		340,547		
			514,403		431,869		
hareholders' Equity							
Share Capital	7		260,834		179,501		
Share subscriptions received	7		10,000		60,000		
Deficit			(723,122)		(614,615)		
Total Equity (Deficiency)			(452,288)		(375,114)		
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		\$	62,115	\$	56,755		

APPROVED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS ON FEBRUARY 28, 2019

"Charles Jenkins"	"Vincent Wong"
Director	Director

UNAUDITED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Note	2018	2017
Sales		\$ 17,100	\$ 29,450
Expenses			
Accounting and legal	9	\$ 12,708	\$ -
Consulting	9	60,000	-
Development costs		-	10,000
Management fees	9	15,000	-
Regulator and filing fees		1,991	-
Selling office and general		22,925	28,731
Wages and benefits		8,108	12,395
		120,732	51,126
Loss before other items		(103,632)	(21,676)
Other Items			
Interest expense	6	(4,875)	(962)
Restructuring expense		-	(43,560)
Net income (loss)		(108,507)	 (66,198)
Net and comprehensive income (loss) for the period		\$ (108,507)	\$ (66,198)
Earnings (loss) per share		\$ (0.03)	\$ (0.21)
Weighed average number of common shares outstanding		 3,735,690	 310,514

UNAUDITED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	2018	2017
Operating Activities		
Net income (loss) for the year	\$ (108,507)	\$ (66,198)
Items not involving cash		
Interest on note payable	4,875	962
Note payable	-	325,000
Acquisition of intangible assets	-	(325,000)
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Accounts receivable	(18,791)	(29,192)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	 72,779	 83,923
Cash used in operating activities - continuing operations	 (49,644)	 (10,505)
Financing Activities		
Shareholder loans	-	10,500
Share subscriptions	(50,000)	5,000
Issuance of common stock	 81,333	 <u> </u>
Cash provided by financing activities	31,333	15,500
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(18,311)	4,995
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning balance	13,431	 59_
Cash and cash equivalents, ending balance	\$ (4,880)	\$ 5,054

UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY

FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND 2017

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Share Capital		_						
	Number of Shares		Amount	9	Share subscriptions		Deficit	Total	Shareholders' Equity
Balance at September 30, 2017	1	\$	1	;	\$ 25,000	\$	(51,481)	\$	(26,480)
Shares issued per Arrangement, net	1,587,067		-		-		-		-
Share subscriptions received	-		-		5,000		-		5,000
Loss for the period							(66,198)		(66,198)
Balance at December 31, 2017	1,587,068	\$	1		\$ 30,000	\$	(117,679)	\$	(87,678)
Private placement	1,795,000		179,500		(30,000)		-		149,500
Share subscriptions received	-		-		60,000		-		60,000
Loss for the period							(496,936)		(496,936)
Balance at September 30, 2018	3,382,068	\$	179,501		\$ 60,000	\$	(614,614)	\$	(375,113)
Private placement	813,330		81,333		(50,000)		-		31,333
Loss for the period							(108,507)		(108,507)
Balance at December 31, 2018	4,195,398	\$	260,834	,	\$ 10,000	\$	(723,121)	\$	(452,287)

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Hapuna Ventures Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated under the provisions of the Company Act of British Columbia on January 31, 2017, as a wholly-owned subsidiary of Kona Bay Technologies Inc. ("Kona Bay").

The Company is a technology company specializing in digital customer acquisition. Its customers are primarily higher education institutions that promote campus and online degree programs to consumers through digital media such as websites, mobile apps, social media networks and direct e-mail. The address of the Company's corporate office and its principal place of business is 8186 200 – 375 Water Street, Vancouver, BC, V6B 0M9.

On February 28, 2017, the Company entered into an Arrangement Agreement (the "Agreement") with Kona Bay, ACT360 Media Ltd. ("ACT360") and Bexar Ventures Inc. ("Bexar") for the purposes of carrying out a corporate restructuring by way of a Plan of Arrangement (the "Arrangement" or the "POA") pursuant to Section 288 of the Business Corporations Act (British Columbia).

On April 24, 2017, the shareholders of Kona Bay unanimously approved the POA. On April 28, 2017, the Supreme Court of British Columbia granted the final order approving the POA.

On December 13, 2017, the POA closed and the online advertising assets were transferred to the Company by Kona Bay and ACT360 and 4,761,199 common shares of the Company were issued to Kona Bay. In conjunction with the closing of the POA, the Company consolidated its common shares on the basis of one post-consolidation common share for every three pre-consolidation common shares.

On December 14, 2017, Kona Bay exchanged the 4,761,199 common shares of the Company for the Class A shares outstanding as of December 13, 2017.

The Company is a reporting issuer under applicable Canadian Securities regulations. However, it has not yet obtained a listing on a Canadian stock exchange.

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, assuming that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business rather than through a process of forced liquidation. The Company has a deficit of \$723,122 since inception. The continuing operations of the Company are dependent upon obtaining, in the short term, the necessary financing to meet the Company's operating commitments as they come due and generating profitable operations in the future. These conditions indicate the existence of material uncertainty which casts significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Failure to continue as a going concern would require that assets and liabilities be recorded at their liquidation values, which might differ significantly from their carrying values.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

a) Statement of compliance

These unaudited condensed interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34 Interim Financial Reporting under International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). These unaudited condensed interim financial statements follow the same accounting policies and methods of application as the Company's most recent annual financial statements but do not contain all of the information required for full annual financial statements. Accordingly, these condensed interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's most recent annual financial statements, which were prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

b) Basis of Measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments, which are set out in annual audited financial statements of the Company as at September 30, 2018.

c) Presentation and Functional Currency

These financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars. The Canadian dollar is the functional currency of the Company.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Company are set out in Note 3 to the annual audited Financial Statements as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, which are incorporated herein by reference. The reader is referred to those statements for a detailed discussion of the accounting policies. These condensed interim financial statements as at and for the three-month period ended December 31, 2018 have been prepared in accordance with the policies described in the annual audited Financial Statements, which have been applied consistently to these financial statements.

The Company makes estimates and assumptions about the future that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. In the future, actual experience may differ from these estimates and assumptions.

The estimates and assumptions of the Company are set out in Note 3 to the annual audited Financial Statements as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018, which are also incorporated herein by reference.

The effect of a change in an accounting estimate is recognized prospectively by including it in comprehensive income in the year of the change, if the change affects that year only, or in the year of the change and future years, if the change affects both.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Numerous new standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards have been issued but are not yet effective. Below is the list of new standards that are likely to be relevant to the Company:

		Applicable for
		financial years
		beginning
Standard	Title	on/after
IFRS 9	Financial instruments	January 1, 2018
IFRS 15	Revenue from contracts with customers	January 1, 2018
IFRS 16	Leases	January 1, 2019

The Company has not early adopted the new standards.

Under IFRS 9, financial assets are required to be classified into three measurement categories on initial recognition: those measured at fair value through profit and loss, those measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and those measured at amortized cost. Investments in equity instruments are required to be measured by default at fair value through profit or loss. However, there is an irrevocable option for each equity

HAPUNA VENTURES INC. NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

instrument to present fair value changes in other comprehensive income. Measurement and classification of financial assets is dependent on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

IFRS 9 provides a three-stage expected credit loss model for calculating impairment for financial assets. Expected credit losses are required to be recognized when financial instruments are initially recognized, and the amount of expected credit losses recognized are required to be updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in the credit risk of the financial instruments.

On initial recognition, IFRS 9 requires financial liabilities to be classified as subsequently measured at amortized cost except for when one of the specified exceptions applies.

Under IFRS 15, there is a requirement to apply a five-step model for the recognition of revenue when control of goods is transferred to, or a service is performed for, the customer. The five steps are to identify the contract(s) with the customer, identify the performance obligations in the contract, determine the transaction price, allocate the transaction price to each performance obligation and recognize revenue as each performance obligation is satisfied.

Under IFRS 16, virtually all leases are required to be accounted for as finance leases rather than operating leases, where the required lease payments are disclosed as a commitment in the notes to the financial statements. As a result, leased assets ("right-of-use" assets) and the related lease liability will be required to be recognized on the statement of financial position.

4. AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Amounts receivable consist of the following:

	Dec	enner 31,	эeр	september 30,		
		2018		2018		
Trade accounts receivable	\$	11,666	\$	8,476		
Recoverable goods and services / harmonized sales tax		1,675		1,675		
ACT360 Media		48,773		-		
	\$	62,114	\$	10,151		

December 31

Sentember 30

FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

5. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Rel -	ustomer ationships - Online Ivertising	Online Advertising Leads Database		Total	
Cost						
September 30, 2017	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Transfer on closing of Arrangement		108,000		217,000		325,000
September 30, 2018		108,000		217,000		325,000
Accumulated amortization and impairment						
September 30, 2017		-		-		-
Amortization expense		-		-		-
Impairment provision		108,000		216,999		324,999
September 30, 2018		108,000		216,999		324,999
Net book value						
December 31, 2018	\$	-	\$	1	\$	1
September 30, 2018	\$	-	\$	1	\$	1

The Company acquired relationships with online advertising customers and an online advertising leads database from ACT360 upon closing of the Arrangement on December 13, 2017 for a \$325,000 promissory note payable to ACT360 bearing interest at 6% per annum and due on the third anniversary of the promissory note.

Customer Relationships

Customer relationships consist of relationships with various post-secondary education institutions, with online advertising services provided by the Company to recruit students to these institutions.

Online Advertising Leads Database

The Company's online advertising leads database consists of personal information collected from potential student leads during the online advertising process.

Revenue relating to these assets has decreased by approximately 89% over the last three years and the Company is economically dependent on three customers. Given that management is not in a position to be able to estimate the future cash flows attributable to the customer relationships and online advertising leads database with any degree of certainty, they were written down to a nominal amount of \$1 at September 30, 2018.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

6. PROMISSORY NOTE PAYABLE

On closing of the Arrangement, the Company executed a promissory note in favour of ACT360 in the principal amount of \$325,000 with a maturity date of December 13, 2020. Interest is calculating and accruing daily at 6% per annum from the date of issue, payable on a semi-annual basis commencing on June 13, 2018. The promissory note may be negotiated, assigned, discounted or pledged by ACT360. The amount payable consists of the following:

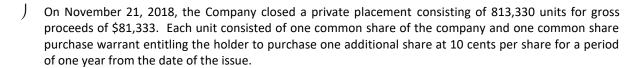
	December 31, 2018	September 30, 2018		
Principal	\$ 325,000	\$	325,000	
Accrued interest	20,422		15,547	
Total	\$ 345,422	\$	340,547	

At September 30, 2018, the fair value of the promissory note payable was approximately \$331,000 (2017 - \$nil). Fair value was determined using an income approach. An income approach is a present value technique that takes into account the future cash flows that would be expected to be received from holding the promissory note as an asset. Present value was calculated using the following attributes – semi-annual interest payments of \$9,750, repayment of \$325,000 principal at maturity, 27 months to maturity and a discount rate of 6% discounted annually.

7. SHARE CAPITAL

The Company has authorized share capital of an unlimited number of common shares and preferred shares without par value. Common and/or preferred shares are entitled to receive dividends if and when they are declared by the Board of Directors.

During the three-month period ended December 31, 2018, the Company completed the following:



During year ended September 30, 2018, the Company completed the following:

- On December 13, 2017, the Company issued 4,671,199 common shares to Kona Bay on closing of the Arrangement.
- On December 13, 2017, the Company consolidated its common shares on the basis of one post-consolidation common share for every three pre-consolidation common shares.
- On February 21, 2018, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement of 1,000,000 Units at a price of \$0.10 per Unit and 795,000 common shares at a price of \$0.10 per share for gross proceeds of \$179,500. Each Unit is comprised of one post-consolidation common share and one post-consolidation common share purchase warrant, with each warrant entitling the holder to purchase one additional post-consolidation common share at \$0.10 per share for a period of five years from the date of the issue.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

8. WARRANTS

Warrant transactions related to the private placement completed during the year are summarized as follows:

	Number of Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding, September 30, 2018	1,000,000	\$ 0.10
Issued with private placement	813,330	\$ 0.10
Outstanding, December 31, 2018	1,813,330	\$ 0.10

The following table summarizes information about warrants outstanding at December 31, 2018:

Exercise Price							
Expiry Date	Per Share	Outstanding					
February 21, 2023	\$0.10	1,000,000					
November 1, 2019	\$0.10	813,330					
		1,813,330					

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has identified its directors and certain senior officers as its key personnel and the compensation costs for key personnel and companies related to them were recorded at their exchange amounts as agreed upon by transacting parties.

The remuneration of the Company's directors and other key management was as follows during the periods ended December 31, 2018 and September 30, 2018:

		December 31,		Sept	ember 30
			2018		, 2018
Management salary	(a)	\$	895	\$	12,719
Consulting and management fees	(b)		30,000		-
Accounting fees	(c)		2.500		6,000
		\$	33,395	\$	18,719

- (a) Management salary of \$895 (September 30, 2018 \$12,719) was allocated by ACT360 with respect to the Company's VP of Development.
- (b) Consulting and management fees of \$30,000 (September 30, 2018 \$nil) were paid or accrued to a director.
- (c) Accounting fees of \$2,500 (2017 \$6,000) were paid or accrued to a company controlled by the Chief Financial Officer of the Company.

On December 15, 2017, the Company entered into a Management Administrative Services Agreement (the "MASA") with Kona Bay for the purpose of providing certain management and administrative services to the Company. Pursuant to the MASA:

- The Company will pay a monthly service fee that will be reviewed and mutually agreed upon prior to the start of each fiscal year on October 1st;
- Unless otherwise agreed in writing, the MASA will terminate on September 30, 2019;
- For the period to December 31, 2018, the monthly service fee would range from \$4,000 to \$8,000 commensurate with corporate activity.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

During the three-month period ended December 31, 2018, the Company paid \$15,000 (December 31, 2017 - \$nil) to Kona Bay.

The balance due from ACT360 at December 31, 2018 consists of revenue collected by ACT360 from the Company's clients on the Company's behalf, net of expenses incurred by ACT360 on the Company's behalf.

These balances are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no specific terms of repayment.

10. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's capital currently consists of common shares of \$260,834. The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, meet financial obligations, have sufficient capital to achieve and maintain profitable operations and to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. As at December 31, 2018, the Company had a working capital deficiency of \$106,867 (September 30, 2018 – deficiency of \$34,568) and requires additional capital. Management expects to raise such additional capital during the current fiscal year.

11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The company is exposed through its operations to the following financial risks:

- Ñ Market Risk
- Ñ Credit Risk
- Ñ Liquidity Risk

In common with all other businesses, the company is exposed to risks that arise from its use of financial instruments. This note describes the Company's objectives, policies, and processes for managing those risks and the methods used to measure them. Further quantitative information in respect of these risks is presented throughout these financial statements.

General Objectives, Policies, and Processes

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the determination of the Company's risk management objectives and policies and, while retaining ultimate responsibility for them, it has delegated the authority for designing and operating processes that ensure the effective implementation of the objectives and policies to the Company's finance function.

The overall objective of the Board is to set policies that seek to reduce risk as far as possible without unduly affecting the Company's competitiveness and flexibility. Further details regarding these policies are set out below.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market prices are comprised of four types of risk: foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, commodity price risk and equity price risk.

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HAPUNA VENTURES INC. NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that a variation in exchange rates between the Canadian dollar and United States dollar or other foreign currencies will affect the Company's operations and financial results. The Company is exposed to currency risk to the extent that monetary assets and liabilities held by the Company are not denominated in Canadian dollars. The Company has not entered into any foreign currency contracts to mitigate this risk.

The Company holds balances in United States dollars which could give rise to exposure to foreign exchange risk. Sensitivity to a plus or minus 10% change in the foreign exchange rate of the United States dollar to the Canadian dollar would affect the reported loss and comprehensive loss by approximately \$850, as detailed below:

	Dece	ember 31,	September 30, 2018		
United States Dollar Denominated Balances		2018			
Trade accounts receivable	\$	8,475	\$	6,548	
10% change in exchange rate impact	\$	848	\$	655	

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. Financial instruments which are potentially subject to credit risk for the Company consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents and trade accounts receivable. Cash and cash equivalents are maintained with financial institutions of reputable credit and may be redeemed upon demand.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The Company has gross credit exposure at December 31, 2018 relating to cash and cash equivalents of \$(4,881) (September 30, 2018 - \$13,431) held in deposits at a Canadian chartered bank. The Company considers this credit risk to be minimal for all cash and cash equivalent assets based on changes that are reasonably possible at the reporting date. The Company has gross credit exposure at December 31, 2018 relating to trade accounts receivable of \$11,666 (September 30, 2018 - \$8,476). Trade accounts receivable at September 30, 2018, were due from one (2017 - none) customer. The Company considers this credit risk to be minimal.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meets its financial obligations as they become due. The Company's policy is to ensure that it will always have sufficient cash to allow it to meet its liabilities when they become due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. They key to success in managing liquidity is the degree of certainty in the cash flow projections. If future cash flows are fairly uncertain, the liquidity risk increases.

The Company's objective is to ensure that it has sufficient cash on demand to meet expected operational expenses. To achieve this objective, the Company will prepare annual capital expenditure budgets which will be regularly monitored and updated as necessary.

The Company monitors its risk of shortage of funds by monitoring the maturity dates of existing trade and other accounts payable. The following table sets out the contractual maturities (representing undiscounted contractual cash flows) of financial liabilities:

HAPUNA VENTURES INC. NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Up to 3 months		Between 3 & 12 months		Between 1 & 3 years		Total
December 31, 2018							
Bank overdraft	\$	4,881	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 4,881
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		76,708		-		-	76,708
Due to Kona Bay		80,784		-		-	80,784
Promissory note payable		4,875		15,547		325,000	345,422
	\$	167,248	\$	15,547	\$	325,000	\$ 507,793
		8					
September 30, 2018							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	15,172	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 15,172
Due to Kona Bay		-		76,150		-	76,150
Promissory note payable		-		15,547		325,000	340,547
	\$	15,172	\$	91,697	\$	325,000	\$ 431,869

12. PROJECT DEVELOPMENT COSTS

On October 2, 2017, the Company entered into a joint venture agreement (the "JVA") for the purpose of developing a student travel mobile app. Subsequent to entering into the JVA, the parties agreed that the intent of the project was to provide a framework for investigating the feasibility of proceeding with development of the app and not to be a joint arrangement. Accordingly, each party bore its own costs without any accounting to the other party and the Company recorded its costs incurred as project development costs.

13. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

The Company has evaluated its activities subsequent to December 31, 2018 and has determined that there are no material events to be reported.