

Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
(Expressed in US Dollars)
(Unaudited)
As at and for the three months ended
March 31, 2023 and 2022

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position (Expressed in US dollars)

(Unaudited)

As at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022

	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
	\$	\$
ASSETS		
Current		
Cash	1,831,389	3,211,218
Restricted cash (Note 4)	135	356,056
Accounts and other receivables (Note 16)	1,840,494	3,373,738
Inventory (Note 5)	1,153,853	792,912
Prepaid expenses	1,035,714	820,225
Current assets	5,861,585	8,554,149
Equipment (Note 6)	36,014	40,897
Contract assets	541	541
Security deposit	50,056	50,056
Intangible asset (Note 7)	367,598	420,111
Right-of-use assets (Note 11)	644,356	689,311
Total assets	6,960,150	9,755,065
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' (DEFICIENCY) Current		
Accounts payable (Note 8)	5,198,327	5,972,612
Accrued liabilities (Note 8)	469,700	528,985
Current portion of long term debt (Note 10)	275,000	275,000
Deferred revenue (Note 10)	212,713	121,895
Derivative instrument (Note 10)	253,460	360,154
Lease liabilities (Note 11)	163,518	157,846
Current liabilities	6,572,718	7,416,492
Lease liabilities (Note 11)	540,567	583,969
Long term debt (Note 10)	1,245,291	1,193,773
Long term accounts payable (Note 8)	2,395,019	3,124,243
Total liabilities	10,753,595	12,318,477
Sharahaldare' dafisioney		
Shareholders' deficiency Common stock (Note 12)	61	61
Reserves	7,317,868	7,301,027
Accumulated deficit	7,317,868 (11,111,374)	(9,864,500)
Total shareholders' deficiency	(3,793,445)	(2,563,412)
Total liabilities and shareholders' deficiency	6,960,150	9,755,065
Total habilities and shareholders deficiency	0,500,130	5,755,005

Nature of operations and going concern (Note 1)

Commitments (Note 20)

Subsequent Events (Note 22)

Approved on May 29, 2023 on behalf of the Board:

<u>"Chris Bursey"</u> Chris Bursey – CEO & Director <u>"David Diamond"</u>

David Diamond – Director

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Operating Loss and Comprehensive Loss (Expressed in US dollars)

(Unaudited)

Three Month Periods Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022

	2023	Restated 2022 (Note 21)
	\$	ç
Revenues:		
Products	2,572,712	7,198,709
Solutions and other services	624,290	601,204
Total revenues (Note 13)	3,197,002	7,799,913
Cost of Revenues		
Products	2,049,127	5,357,414
Solutions and other services	196,240	176,609
Total cost of revenues	2,245,367	5,534,023
Gross profit	951,635	2,265,890
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Research and development	180,873	127,360
General and administrative	•	
Compensation and benefits	821,431	722,11
Depreciation and amortization (Note 6, 7, 11)	107,565	108,33
Professional fees	699,045	438,51
Bank fees	55,974	144,04
Bad debt expense (Note 16)	34,013	181,62
Facilities	21,089	14,71
Information technology	54,611	47,36
Advertising and marketing	45,427	21,17
Other (Note 18)	169,021	(183,363
Total operating expenses	2,189,049	1,621,89
Net operating income (loss)	(1,237,414)	643,99
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)		
Changes in fair value of derivative (Notes 10)	106,694	
Interest expense and accretion (Note 9, 10,11)	(116,154)	(52,168
Net income (loss) for the period	(1,246,874)	591,83
Weighted average number of common shares:		
Basic	2,305,079	2,271,12
Diluted	2,305,079	2,271,12
Loss per share – basic and diluted		
Basic	\$ (0.54)	\$ 0.2
Diluted	\$ (0.54)	\$ 0.20

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (Deficiency) (Expressed in US dollars)

(Unaudited)

As at March 31, 2023 and 2022

	Number of Common Shares (1)	Common Stock Amount	Reserves	Accumulated Deficit	Total Shareholders' Equity (Deficiency)
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance, December 31, 2021 as originally presented	2,233,663	61	6,801,984	(7,029,401)	(227,356)
Correction of error in prior year	-	-	-	(600,784)	(600,784)
Restated total equity at January 1, 2022	2,233,663	61	6,801,984	(7,630,185)	(828,140)
Restated Stock-based compensation expense (Note 21)	-	-	107,700	-	107,700
Issuance of shares	71,428	-	218,158	-	218,158
Restated net loss for the period (Note 21)	-	-	-	591,830	591,830
Restated balance, March 31, 2022 (Note 21)	2,305,091	61	7,127,842	(7,038,355)	89,548
Balance, January 1, 2023	2,305,091	61	7,301,027	(9,864,500)	(2,563,412)
Stock-based compensation expense	-	-	16,841	-	16,841
Share consolidation ratio adjustment	(12)	-	-	-	-
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	(1,246,874)	(1,246,874)
Balance, March 31, 2023	2,305,079	61	7,317,868	(11,111,374)	(3,793,445)

(1) As of February 9, 2023, the Company proceeded with a Share Consolidation of the Company's shares at a consolidation ratio of 7-for-1. As a result, the comparative periods have been retroactively restated to reflect the Share Consolidation for numbers of shares and warrants. See Note 12 – Share Capital for more information.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows (Expressed in US dollars)

(Unaudited)

Three Month Periods Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022

		Restated 202
	2023	(Note 21
	\$	
Cash provided by / (used for):		
Operating Activities:		
Net loss for the period	(1,246,874)	591,83
Items not affecting cash:		
Accretion and interest on convertible debentures	98,359	
Bad debt expense	14,275	182,52
Depreciation and amortization	107,565	108,33
Derivative adjustment to fair market value	(106,694)	
Finance costs for right-of-use assets	17,770	21,23
Non-arm's length professional fees	-	218,15
Stock-based compensation	16,841	107,70
Provision for (Recovery of) excess and obsolete inventory	(27,887)	28,9
Net change in non-cash working capital items:		
Accounts and other receivables	1,518,969	(101,56
Inventory	(333,054)	1,353,70
Prepaid expenses	(215,489)	(256,89
Contract assets	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,6
Accounts payable	(1,503,509)	(879,41
Accrued liabilities	(106,126)	(184,35
Deferred revenue	90,818	(238,39
Net cash provided (used) in operating activities	(1,675,036)	953,4
Investing Activities:		
Purchase of equipment	(5,214)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(5,214)	
Financing Activities:		
Lease payments	(55,500)	(53,70
Net (repayments) borrowings on credit facility	-	(1,186,97
Proceeds from note payable	-	300,00
net cash used in financing activities	(55,500)	(940,67
Change in cash for the period	(1,735,750)	12,80
Cash and restricted cash, beginning of the period	3,567,274	2,506,63
Cash and restricted cash, end of the period	1,831,524	2,519,44
	2023	20
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the year for:		
Interest expense:	-	22,90
Income taxes	-	

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (Expressed in US dollars) (Unaudited)

For the Three Months Period Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022

#### 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

Direct Communication Solutions, Inc. (the "Company" or "DCS") was incorporated in Florida on September 9, 2006 and reincorporated in Delaware in April 2017. The Company is a provider of solutions for the Internet of Things ("IoT"), including monitoring-as-a-service ("MaaS") solutions for the telematics market. The Company's range of products includes GPS devices, modems, embedded modules, routers and mobile tracking machine-to-machine ("M2M") devices, communications and applications software and cloud services.

The Company's M2M products and solutions enable devices to communicate with each other and with server or cloud-based application infrastructures and include M2M embedded modules, integrated M2M communications devices and SaaS delivery platforms, including MiFleet, which provides fleet and vehicle SaaS telematics, MiSensors, which provides easy M2M device management and service enablement for wireless sensors and MiFailover which provides high-speed wireless internet failover to small and medium sized businesses as a redundancy solution to continue to run their business in the event the internet isn't available.

The Company's shares trade on the Canadian security exchange ("CSE") under the symbol DCSI. The Company's shares also trade on the OTCQX market, a U.S. trading platform, under the symbol DCSX, and on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange market under the symbol 7QU0.

#### Going Concern

The accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. This basis of accounting contemplates the recovery of the Company's assets and the satisfaction of its liabilities in the normal course of business.

The Company has historically incurred losses and has an accumulated deficit of \$11,111,374. As at March 31, 2023, the Company has working capital deficiency of \$711,133 which is not considered sufficient to fund operations at their current levels for the next twelve months. Therefore, the Company will be required to generate additional funding through operations or external financing, which cannot be assured. These material uncertainties may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared COVID-19 ("COVID-19" or the "pandemic") to be a public health pandemic of international concern, which has led to adverse impacts on the U.S. and global economies and continues to impact our supply chain and operations. More recently, we have experienced supply shortages as a result of global supply imbalances driven by component shortages, disruptions in accessible labor, other freight and logistical challenges and other related macro-economic factors. These supply imbalances negatively impacted all parts of our business during fiscal 2022 and have continued into fiscal 2023. It is difficult to predict the extent to which these factors will continue to impact our future business or operating results, which are highly dependent on uncertain future developments, including the severity of the continuing pandemic, the actions taken or to be taken by governments and private businesses in relation to the resolution of supply chain issues and component shortages. Because our business is dependent on telematics product sales, device installations and related subscription-based services, the ultimate effect of these factors may not be fully reflected in our operating results until future periods.

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for fair presentation of the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the three months ended and as at March 31, 2023 and 2022 have been included. Operating results for the three-month period ended March 31, 2023 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2023.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (Expressed in US dollars) (Unaudited)
As at March 31, 2023 and 2022

### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd)

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments measured at fair value. In addition, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information.

In preparing the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company applied the critical judgements and estimates disclosed in Note 2 of its consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022, in addition to the accounting policies, critical judgements and estimates noted below.

#### Statement of compliance

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and Interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"). The condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in conformity with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting and do not include all the information required for full annual consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS and should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financials for the year ended December 31, 2022.

#### Basis of consolidation

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries:

Name of Subsidiary	Place of Incorporation	Ownership
Direct Communication Solutions, Canada ("DCS Canada")	British Columbia, Canada	100%

DCS Canada has been inactive since being acquired in October 2017.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company are presented in United States dollars, which is the functional currency of the Company and DCS Canada. Control exists when the Company has the power, directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its direct wholly-owned subsidiaries. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

### Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each entity in the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency") and has been determined for each entity within the Company. The functional currency of Direct Communication Solutions, Inc., is the U.S dollar. DCS Canada's functional currency is the Canadian Dollar. The functional currency determinations were conducted through an analysis of the consideration factors identified in IAS 21 *The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates*.

Transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency are translated at the exchange rates in effect on the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange in effect as at the statement of financial position date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the time of the acquisition of the assets or assumption of the liabilities. Foreign currency differences arising on translation are recognized in the statement of operating loss.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (Expressed in US dollars) (Unaudited)
As at March 31, 2023 and 2022

### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd)

#### Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates, judgements and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

#### i) Critical accounting estimates

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. Information about critical estimates in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements are, but not limited to the following:

- Allowance for doubtful accounts receivable The Company makes allowances for doubtful accounts based on its best
  estimate of the amount of probable credit losses in existing accounts receivable. These are determined based on
  analyzing known uncollectible accounts, aged receivables, economic conditions, historical losses, and changes in
  customer payment cycles and the customers' creditworthiness.
- Provision for excess and obsolete inventory Inventory is valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net
  realizable value for inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs
  of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. All of these estimates involve uncertainty relating to
  future pricing, demand and market conditions. Provisions are made in profit or loss of the current period on any
  difference between book value and net realizable value.
- Fair value of stock options and warrants and derivative liability Determining the fair value of warrants and stock options
  requires judgements related to the choice of a pricing model, the estimation of stock price volatility, the expected
  forfeiture rate and the expected term of the underlying instruments. Any changes in the estimates or inputs utilized to
  determine fair value could have a significant impact on the Company's future operating results or on other components
  of shareholders' equity (deficiency).
- Income taxes Tax provisions are based on enacted or substantively enacted laws. Changes in those laws could affect amounts recognized in profit or loss both in the period of change, which would include any impact on cumulative provisions, and future periods. Deferred tax assets, if any, are recognized to the extent it is considered probable that those assets will be recoverable. This involves an assessment of when those deferred tax assets are likely to reverse.
- Estimated product returns Revenue from product sales is recognized net of estimated sales discounts, credits, returns, rebates and allowances. The return allowance is determined based on an analysis of the historical rate of returns, industry return data, and current market conditions, which is applied directly against sales. The Company recognizes product returns when incurred due to the infrequent occurrence of returns.
- Employee retention tax credits Under the provisions of the CARES Act, the Company is eligible for refundable
  employee retention credits subject to certain criteria. In connection with the CARES Act, the Company adopted a policy
  to recognize the employee retention credit when received given the uncertainty of when the credit will be received.
  The Company recorded \$286,995 employee retention tax credit during the three months ended March 31, 2022, which
  is included in general and administrative other expenses in the condensed consolidated interim statements of operating
  loss.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (Expressed in US dollars) (Unaudited)
As at March 31, 2023 and 2022

### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd)

#### ii) Critical accounting judgements

Information about critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements are, but are not limited to, the following:

- Deferred income taxes judgements are made by management to determine the likelihood of whether deferred income tax assets at the end of the reporting period will be realized from future taxable earnings. To the extent that assumptions regarding future profitability change, there can be an increase or decrease in the amounts recognized in respect of deferred tax assets as well as the amounts recognized in profit or loss in the period in which the change occurs.
- Going concern As disclosed in Note 1 to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies followed in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements are the same as those applied in the Company's most recent audited consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, with the exception of the following:

New and amended IFRS standards that are effective for the current year:

In the current year, the Company has applied the below amendments to IFRS Standards and Interpretations issued by the IASB that were effective for annual periods that begin on or after January 1, 2023. Their adoption has not had any material impact on the disclosures or on the amounts reported in these financial statements.

Amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements and IFRS Practice Statement 2 Making Materiality Judgments—Disclosure of Accounting Policies.

The amendments change the requirements in IAS 1 with regard to disclosure of accounting policies. The amendments replace all instances of the term "significant accounting policies" with "material accounting policy information." Accounting policy information is material if, when considered together with other information included in an entity's financial statements, it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements.

The supporting paragraphs in IAS 1 are also amended to clarify that accounting policy information that relates to immaterial transactions, other events or conditions is immaterial and need not be disclosed. Accounting policy information may be material because of the nature of the related transactions, other events or conditions, even if the amounts are immaterial. However, not all accounting policy information relating to material transactions, other events or conditions is itself material.

The International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") has also developed guidance and examples to explain and demonstrate the application of the 'four-step materiality process' described in IFRS Practice Statement 2.

The amendments were applied effective January 1, 2023 and did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (Expressed in US dollars) (Unaudited)

As at March 31, 2023 and 2022

#### 4. RESTRICTED CASH

As of March 31, 2023, the Company has restricted cash of \$135 (December 31, 2022 - \$356,056), which will be subsequently used to offset the TAB Bank credit facility (Note 9).

#### 5. INVENTORY

Inventory consists of the following:

March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
\$ 1,449,051	\$ 1,086,689
(347,765)	(363,776)
87,111	116,419
(34,544)	(46,420)
\$ 1,153,853	\$ 792,912
	\$ 1,449,051 (347,765) 87,111 (34,544)

During the three months ended March 31, 2023, a total of \$2,049,127 inventory was expensed as cost of sales (2022 - \$5,357,414).

As discussed in Note 9, TAB has a lien on all the Company's assets which includes inventory.

### 6. EQUIPMENT

Equipment consists of the following:

	2023		,	
Computer equipment and purchased software	\$	152,938	\$	147,724
Furniture and fixtures		51,427		51,427
Tooling		59,300		59,300
		263,665		258,451
Less—accumulated depreciation		(227,651)		(217,554)
	\$	36,014	\$	40,897

Depreciation expenses were \$10,097 and \$10,870 for the three months ended March 31, 2023, and 2022, respectively.

#### 7. INTANGIBLE ASSET

Intangible asset consists of development costs for the design and construction of the Company's keg management and monitoring system.

Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 630,166
Additions	-
Amortization	(210,055)
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 420,111
Additions	-
Amortization	(52,513)
Balance at March 31, 2023	\$ 367,598

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (Expressed in US dollars) (Unaudited)
As at March 31, 2023 and 2022

### 7. INTANGIBLE ASSET (cont'd)

The intangible asset was considered available for use starting fiscal year 2022, and is being amortized until December 31, 2024 for \$210,055 each year.

#### 8. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities consist of the following:

	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Payroll related expenses	\$ 237,966	\$ 311,857
Other	231,734	217,128
	\$ 469,700	\$ 528,985
Accounts payable consist of the following:		
	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Vendor payable due within 12 months	,	•

## 9. CREDIT FACILITY

In January 2020, the Company entered into a two-year agreement with TAB Bank ("TAB") for a \$2,500,000 credit facility. Under the TAB Bank credit facility, the Company is obligated to assign all its accounts receivables and the Company may request advances up to 90% of domestic accounts less than 90 days from invoice date and not subject to offset up to \$2,000,000. Interest is payable monthly at a rate the greater of (a) 90-Day LIBOR rate plus 4.50% and (b) 6.41%. In addition, there is an administration fee equal to 0.008% per diem of the outstanding daily obligations.

The agreement is extended automatically on the anniversary date unless the Company provides a cancellation notice 90 days prior to the anniversary date. As of March 31, 2023, the expiry date is January 23, 2024.

The Company may also borrow an amount limited to the lesser of: (a) 50% of the cost of eligible inventory, (b) 50% of funds employed and, (c) \$500,000 (the "Inventory Advance"). Under the Inventory Advance, interest is payable monthly at a rate the greater of (a) 90-Day LIBOR rate plus 4.50% and (b) 6.41%. In addition, there is an administration fee equal to 0.01% per diem of the outstanding daily obligations.

The Company does not retain any legal or equitable interest in any accounts receivable account sold under this credit facility. The Company assumes full risk of non-payment and guarantees full payment of all accounts. The Company granted a security interest in all its assets as collateral for its obligations under the facility. The credit facility consists of the following balances as at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

March 21

Docombor 21

	2023	Det	2022
Carrying amount of available credit limit in connection to the credit facility Outstanding balance	\$ 617,272	\$	947,022
Debt issuance cost amortized to interest expense during the period/year	-		1,042

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (Expressed in US dollars) (Unaudited)
As at March 31, 2023 and 2022

#### 10. DEBT

#### Convertible Promissory Debentures

In November and December 2021, the Company had issued convertible promissory debentures totalling \$275,000. The debentures accrued interest at a rate of 10% per annum and are payable semi-annually unless the holder elects to defer payment. All unpaid principal and accrued interest is due two years from date of issuance in 2023. The holder of the debenture at any time can convert in whole or any part principal and interest into common shares of the Company at a conversion price of \$7 per share. In the event of default, all principal and interest due shall become immediately due and payable. At March 31, 2023, the Company recorded \$37,725 accrued interest associated with the Convertible Promissory Debentures (December 31, 2022 - \$30,850).

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company received convertible debenture financing for the aggregate amount of \$100,000. Subscribers may convert all or part of the principal amount outstanding under the debentures into units of the Company. The debentures are convertible into units at the higher of \$8.33 or a price equal to the price of the shares or units of the next financing carried out before the second anniversary of the closing date less a 30% discount.

The units comprise a share and one-half of one warrant, where a whole warrant shall be exercisable at \$2.80 per common share for a two-year term. The debentures have a maturity date of the second anniversary of the closing date and bear an interest rate of 10% per annum, payable semi-annually. At March 31, 2023, the Company recorded \$9,808 accrued interest associated with the convertible debentures (December 31, 2022 - \$7,342).

In September 2022, the Company issued additional convertible promissory debentures totalling \$1,500,000 bearing interest at 10% per annum (accruing annually and payable at maturity), and maturing on September 9, 2024, or a period of 24-months. The Debentures are convertible, at the option of the holder, to common shares of DCS at a price of \$8.33 or a price equal to the price of the shares of the next financing carried out before the second anniversary of the closing date less a 25% discount. Upon issuance of the debentures, the Company also issued 107,142 share purchase warrants. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share at a price of \$6.02 per share for a period of 24 months from the date of issuance of the debentures.

The Company records the fair value of the conversion features with variable exercise prices as an embedded derivative separate from the host contract. The fair value of the derivative liabilities is revalued on each Statement of Financial Position date with corresponding gains and losses recorded in profit or loss. The Company uses a derivative valuation technique to fair value the components of the hybrid contract on initial recognition, including the debt component, the embedded derivative, and the warrants. The following significant inputs and assumptions were used in the model:

	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Expected term (years)	1.45	1.69
Risk-free interest rate	4.081%	4.203%
Expected volatility	56.25%	52.0%
Dividend yield	0.00%	0.00%
Estimated forfeitures	0.00%	0.00%

The following table presents the Company's embedded conversion features of its convertible debt measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, determined based on "Level 3" inputs.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (Expressed in US dollars) (Unaudited)

As at March 31, 2023 and 2022

### 10. DEBT (cont'd)

Convertible Promissory Debentures (continued)

	Derivative
	\$
Balance at December 31, 2021	-
Initial issuance at September 9, 2022	464,444
Net changes in fair value included in net loss	(104,290)
Balance at December 31, 2022	360,154
Net changes in fair value included in net loss	(106,694)
Balance at March 31, 2023	253,460

The debt component of the convertible debenture is subsequently measured at amortized cost. The following table presents the debt component of the convertible debt measured at its fair value on initial recognition of \$1,035,556 and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the interest rate of 32.06% per annum over the 24 months period. As of March 31, 2023, the total accrued interest was \$83,750 (December 31, 2022 -\$46,250).

		Interest	Interest/	Discount	
Beg. Balance	Additions	Expense	Accretion	Amortization	End. Balance
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
-	1,035,556	-	-	-	1,035,556
1,035,556	-	104,467	46,250	58,217	1,093,773
1,093,773	-	89,018	37,500	51,518	1,145,291
	\$ - 1,035,556	\$ \$ - 1,035,556 1,035,556 -	Beg. Balance         Additions         Expense           \$         \$         \$           -         1,035,556         -         104,467	Beg. Balance         Additions         Expense         Accretion           \$         \$         \$         \$           -         1,035,556         -         -         -           1,035,556         -         104,467         46,250	Beg. Balance         Additions         Expense         Accretion         Amortization           \$         \$         \$         \$         \$           -         1,035,556         -         104,467         46,250         58,217

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue consisted of payments made by certain clients at the end of the reporting period prepaying for the Company's subscriptions, services, or products. As of March 31, 2023, the Company held deferred revenue of \$212,713. (December 31, 2022 - \$121,895).

#### 11. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS & LEASE LIABILITIES

Right of use asset

On May 27, 2021, the Company entered into a lease agreement whereby the Company will lease premises in San Diego, California effective November 1, 2021. The lease ("Lease) has an initial 60 month term. Not less than nine months prior to the expiration of the Lease, the Company has an option to extend the Lease term for an additional five years at market rates prevailing at that time. The right to use leased asset was measured at the amount of the lease liability of \$899,102 using the Company current incremental borrowing rate of 10%.

The following table present the right-of-use-assets as at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 869,132
Depreciation	(179,821)
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 689,311
Depreciation	(44,955)
Balance at March 31, 2023	\$ 644,356

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (Expressed in US dollars) (Unaudited)
As at March 31, 2023 and 2022

11. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS & LEASE LIABILITIES (cont'd)

#### Lease liabilities

Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 877,9	01
Cash flows:		
Lease payments	(216,00	)0)
Non-cash changes:		
Interest expenses	79,9	14
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 741,8	15
Cash flows:		
Lease payments	(55,50	)0)
Non-cash changes:		
Interest expenses	17,7	70
Balance at March 31, 2023	704,0	85
Less Lease liabilities - current	163,5	18
Lease liabilities – non-current	\$ 540,5	67
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

The Company lease consists of office space in San Diego, California under non-cancelable operating lease that expires October 2026. Future minimum lease payments under the lease agreement as of March 31, 2023 are as follows:

Years ending December 31:		
2023	\$	167,610
2024		229,804
2025		236,702
2026		202,160
	<u>\$</u>	836,276

The Company does not have any short-term or low value leases.

#### 12. SHARE CAPITAL

Effective February 9, 2023, the Company consolidated 7 common shares for 1 common share (the "Stock Consolidation"). The Stock Consolidation was affected in the form of cancelling 6 common shares for each common share owned by shareholders of record at the close of business on February 9, 2023. All share data and stock-based compensation plans presented herein have been retroactively adjusted to give effect to the Stock Consolidation.

#### (a) Authorized and escrowed shares

5,714,286 common shares authorized with a par value of \$0.00001.

In conjunction with the Company's initial public offering, 1,034,478 shares held by principals were placed in escrow. The escrowed shares will be released 10% on the date of listing on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE") and 15% every nine months thereafter over a 36-month period. Total shares in escrow were Nil as at March 31, 2023 (December 31, 2022 – 155,171).

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (Expressed in US dollars) (Unaudited)
As at March 31, 2023 and 2022

### 12. SHARE CAPITAL (cont'd)

### (b) Common share transactions

Transactions for the three months ended March 31, 2023

There were no transactions affecting share capital during the three months ended March 31, 2023.

Transactions for the year ended December 31, 2022

In January 2022, 71,428 common shares of common stocks were issued at \$3.05 in exchange for a non-arm's length consulting fee for corporate development.

#### (c) Stock options

In October 2017, the Company's board of directors and stockholders approved the 2017 Stock Plan under which 500,000 shares of common stock are reserved for the granting of incentive stock options, non-statutory stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock and performance awards to employees, directors, and consultants. Recipients of stock option awards are eligible to purchase shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price equal to no less than the estimated fair market value of such stock on the date of grant. The maximum term of awards granted under the 2017 Plan is ten years and vesting are determined by the board of directors. Stock awards are generally not exercisable prior to the applicable vesting date, unless otherwise accelerated under the terms of the applicable stock plan agreement. Unvested shares of the Company's common stock issued in connection with an early exercise allowed by the Company may be repurchased by the Company upon termination of the optionee's service with the Company. The vesting terms of each option grant are at the discretion of the Board of Directors.

In June 2019, the Board of Directors and a majority of the stockholders approved the following amendments to the 2017 Stock Plan: (a) increase in the number of authorized shares for issuance to 585,714 and (b) add an annual evergreen provision that will adjust the number of authorized shares reserved for issuance to an amount equal to 29.99% of the Company's issued common stock. As a result of the evergreen provision, the number of authorized shares for issuance increased to 646,862 effective January 2021.

The following table summarizes stock option transactions under the 2017 Plan:

	Number of Options	Weighted exerc	average ise price
Outstanding, December 31, 2021	620,270	\$	5.84
Granted	171,429		5.35
Exercised	-		-
Forfeited	(47,270)		6.01
Cancelled	(202,143)		10.23
Outstanding, December 31, 2022 and March 2023	542,286	\$	4.03

At March 31, 2023, the Company had outstanding and exercisable stock options as follows:

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (Expressed in US dollars) (Unaudited)
As at March 31, 2023 and 2022

### 12. SHARE CAPITAL (cont'd)

### (c) Stock options (cont'd)

Date of Expiry	Number of Options Outstanding	Number of Options Exercisable	Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Life (years)
October 5, 2027	357,143	357,143	\$ 3.29	4.52
June 1, 2031	13,714	12,524	\$ 6.79	8.18
February 4, 2032	25,000	12,946	\$ 2.87	8.85
February 24, 2032	14,286	8,333	\$ 2.87	8.91
March 14, 2032	62,143	31,321	\$ 4.13	8.96
May 9, 2027	55,714	55,714	\$8.40	4.11
May 9, 2027	14,286	14,286	\$ 5.53	4.11

The Company uses a Black-Scholes option valuation model to determine the fair value of stock-based compensation. The expected volatility is based on the historical volatility of a peer group of publicly-traded companies. The risk-free interest rate is based on the yield on the measurement date of a zero-coupon U.S. Treasury bond whose maturity period approximately equals the option's expected term. The expected life represents the time the options granted are expected to be outstanding. Forfeitures are estimated at the time of grant and adjusted, if necessary, in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates. The total stock-based compensation recognized in condensed consolidated interim statements of profit or loss from vested options during the three months ended March 31, 2023 was \$16,841 (2022 - \$107,700).

Forfeitures are estimated at the time of grant and adjusted, if necessary, in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates.

There were no stock options granted during the three months ended March 31, 2023.

The following are the assumptions used in the Black-Scholes option valuation model for option granted during the three months ended March 31, 2023 and the year ended December 31, 2022:

	March 31,	December 31,
	2023	2022
Fair value of common stock	-	\$2.87 - \$4.13
Expected term (years)	-	4.15-6.08
Risk-free interest rate	-	1.84% - 3.56%
Expected volatility	-	80%
Dividend yield	-	0.00%
Estimated forfeitures	-	0.00%

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (Expressed in US dollars) (Unaudited)
As at March 31, 2023 and 2022

# 12. SHARE CAPITAL (cont'd)

### (d) Warrants

In September 2022, the Company had issued convertible promissory debentures (Note 10) and upon issuance of the debentures, the company also issued 107,143 share purchase warrants. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share at a price of \$6.02 per share for a period of 24 months from the date of issuance of the debentures. The Company determined the warrants represent an embedded derivative and has accounted for the warrants in derivative liability.

The following table summarizes the warrant activity for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and year ended December 31, 2022:

	Number of warrants	Weighted average exercise price
Outstanding, December 31, 2021	15,183	\$ 10.77
Granted	107,143	6.02
Expired	(15,183)	10.77
Outstanding, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2023	107,143	\$ 6.02

#### 13. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Operating segments are defined as components of an enterprise (business activity from which it earns revenue and incurs expenses) for which discrete financial information is available and regularly reviewed by the chief decision maker in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. The Company's chief operating decision maker (CODM) is its Chief Executive Officer. The Company views its operations and manages its business as a single operating and reporting segment.

Although all operations are based in the U.S., the Company generated a portion of its revenue from customers outside of the U.S. Information about the Company's revenue from different geographic regions for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	Three months ended March 31					
	2023		2022	_		
	\$	%	\$	%		
United States	3,121,402	97.6%	7,498,965	96.2%		
Canada	66,685	2.1%	220,781	2.8%		
Others combined	8,915	0.3%	80,167	1.0%		
Total Revenue	3,197,002	100.0%	7,799,913	100.0%		

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (Expressed in US dollars) (Unaudited)
As at March 31, 2023 and 2022

### 13. SEGMENT INFORMATION (cont'd)

Revenue Type (in '000)	2023		2022	
	\$	%	\$	%
Product	2,572.7	80.5%	7,198.7	92.3%
Software as a Service (SaaS)	446.4	14.0%	383.3	4.9%
Engineering/Support Service	62.5	2.0%	117.7	1.5%
Wireless Data	105.5	3.3%	92.8	1.2%
Commission Income	9.8	0.3%	7.4	0.1%
Other	0.1	0.0%		
Total Revenue	3,197.0	100.0%	7,799.9	100.0%

All of the Company's significant identifiable assets were located in the United States as of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

#### 14. CONCENTRATION RISK

The Company derived revenue from one customer totaling 22% and 30% of the Company's total revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. At March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, two customers accounted for a total of 29% (19% and 10%) and 35% (20% and 15%) of total accounts receivable, respectively.

To manage the concentration of customer risk, the Company continuously looks for opportunities to diverse revenue streams and expand client base via marketing. All contracts with customers are signed for a term, and the Company ensures the customer needs are being met by building exceptional customer service relationships.

The Company has concentrations in the purchases with its suppliers. For the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, the two largest suppliers accounted for a total of 91% and 92% of total purchases, respectively.

To mitigate the concentration of vendor risk, the Company continuously looks for opportunities to build a supply chain in different geographic locations (Eastern Europe and Asia), and all vendors are selected after extensive due diligence and testing by the Company's QA team.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (Expressed in US dollars) (Unaudited)
As at March 31, 2023 and 2022

#### 15. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The CEO has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework.

The Company defines capital as consisting of loans, credit facility and shareholder's equity (deficiency). The Company's objectives when managing capital are to support the creation of shareholder value, as well as to ensure that the Company is able to meet its financial obligations as they become due.

The Company manages its capital structure to maximize its financial flexibility making adjustments to it in response to changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets and business opportunities. The Company does not presently utilize any quantitative measures to monitor its capital, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain the future development of the business.

At March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements or debt covenants. There were no changes to the Company's approach to capital management for the three months ended March 31, 2023.

The Company has in place a credit facility whereby the Company assigns all its accounts receivable and can request advances up to 90% of eligible accounts up to \$2,000,000 and inventory advances up to \$500,000 (Note 9).

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable.

#### 16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values.

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly;
- Level 3 Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The fair values of the Company's cash, trade receivables, accounts payable, accrued liabilities, and credit facility and long term debt approximate carrying value, which is the amount recorded on the condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (Expressed in US dollars) (Unaudited)
As at March 31, 2023 and 2022

### 16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

The following table illustrates the classification of the Company's financial instruments within the fair value hierarchy as at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3
March 31, 2023: Cash	ė	1,831,389	ć	_	¢	_
Derivative instrument	\$	-	\$	-	\$	253,460
December 31, 2022:						
Cash	\$	3,211,218	\$	-	\$	-
Derivative instrument	\$	-	\$	-	\$	360,154

The Company is exposed to varying degrees to a variety of financial instrument related risks:

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of an unexpected loss if a customer or third party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company places its cash with institutions of high credit worthiness. Management has assessed there to be a low level of credit risk associated with its cash balances.

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. However, management also considers the demographics of the Company's customer base, including the default risk of the industry and country in which customers operate, as these factors may have an influence on credit risk. During the three months ended March 31, 2023, approximately 22% of the Company's revenue (2022 - 30% one customer) is attributable to sales transactions with one customer.

The Company has established a credit policy under which each major new customer is analyzed individually for creditworthiness before the Company's standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. The Company's review includes external ratings, when available, and in some cases bank references. Purchase limits and terms are established for each customer and reviewed periodically. Customers that fail to meet the Company's benchmark creditworthiness may transact with the Company only on a prepayment basis.

In monitoring customer credit risk, customers are grouped according to their credit characteristics, including whether they are an individual or legal entity, whether they are a wholesale, retail or end-user customer, geographic location, industry, aging profile, maturity and existence of previous financial difficulties. Trade and other receivables relate mainly to the Company's wholesale and retail customers.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (Expressed in US dollars) (Unaudited)
As at March 31, 2023 and 2022

### 16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

Trade and other receivables consist of:

	March 31, 2023	Dece	mber 31, 2022
Accounts receivables	\$ 2,094,476	\$	3,642,594
Other receivables	75,492		46,343
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(329,474)		(315,199)
Total	\$ 1,840,494	\$	3,373,738

During the three months ended March 31, 2023, \$34,013 (2022 - \$181,621) of bad debt expense had been recognized in the condensed consolidated interim statement of operating loss and comprehensive loss.

Aged trade receivable listing:

Days outstanding	Ma	arch 31, 2023	Dece	mber 31, 2022
Current	\$	665,550	\$	1,779,778
1 – 30		668,728		1,062,174
31 – 60		207,101		235,638
61 - 90		191,529		201,673
> 90		361,568		363,331
Total	\$	2,094,476	\$	3,642,594

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

The Company examines current forecasts of its liquidity requirements so as to make certain that there is sufficient cash for its operating needs. These forecasts take into consideration matters such as the Company's plan to use debt for financing its activity, compliance with any required financial covenants and liquidity ratios, and compliance with external requirements such as laws or regulation.

The Company has a factoring agreement with external funding (Note 9). The Company's accounts payable and accrued liabilities have contractual terms of 30 to 90 days, with the exception of one vendor where payment terms of 36 months have been granted (Note 8). The Company is exposed to liquidity risk due to low working capital as of March 31, 2023 (Note 1).

The company does not face a significant liquidity risk regarding its lease liability which is monitored within the Company treasury function.

#### Market risk

#### a) Currency Risk

The Company is located in the United States and virtually all transactions including the company's sales and debt are negotiated in US dollars.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (Expressed in US dollars) (Unaudited)
As at March 31, 2023 and 2022

### 16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd)

#### a) Interest Rate Risk

The Company's debt has fixed interest rates and are not exposed to interest rate risk until maturity. The Company's credit facility is variable based on the 90 day LIBOR rate. A 1% increase in the 90 day LIBOR rate would not have a significant impact on profit and loss.

#### b) Price Risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices other than those arising from interest rate risk, financial market risk or currency risk. The Company is not exposed to significant price risk.

#### 17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related parties and related party transactions impacting the accompanying financial statements are summarized below and include transactions with the following individuals or entities:

Key management personnel:

Key management personnel include those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing, and controlling the activities of the Company as a whole. The Company has determined that key management personnel consist of executive and non-executive members of the Company's Board of Directors and corporate officers.

Remuneration attributed to key management personnel can be summarized as follows:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2023	2022 (restated)
	\$	\$
Salary <sup>1)</sup>	219,043	400,197
Consulting fees <sup>1)</sup>	114,000	219,389
Share-based compensation <sup>1)</sup>	5,737	75,533
Total	338,780	695,119

<sup>1)</sup> Including commission fee of \$12,913, consulting fee of \$83,850, and share-based compensation of \$33,498 paid to former officer of the Company during the three months ended March 31, 2022.

During the three months ended March 31, 2022, 71,428 common shares of common stocks were issued at \$3.05 in exchange for non-arm's length consulting fee to current officer of the Company for corporate development.

As at March 31, 2023, \$20,000 (2022 – \$Nil) was included in prepaid expense for fees paid in advance to related parties.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (Expressed in US dollars) (Unaudited)
As at March 31, 2023 and 2022

#### **18. OTHER EXPENSES**

During the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2021, the Company had the following expenses in other expenses:

	Three r	Three months ended March 31	
	2023	2022	
	\$	\$	
Insurance	30,971	17,098	
Licenses and fees	20,641	9,133	
Office expenses	23,938	26,988	
Automobile expense	762	195	
Meals and entertainment	34,842	-	
Travel expense	35,490	17,552	
Utilities	15,657	17,987	
Tax filing fees	2,323	6,457	
Software expense	4,397	-	
Employee retention tax credit	-	(286,995)	
Other	-	8,222	
Total	169,021	(183,363)	

#### 19. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain comparative figures in profit and loss have been reclassified to conform with the basis of presentation applied for the three months ended March 31, 2023, with no impact on overall net loss.

Effective February 9, 2023, the Company consolidated 7 common shares for 1 common share. These consolidated financial statements retrospectively reflect this consolidation of shares.

#### **20. COMMITMENTS**

Effective October 1, 2021, the Company has agreed to an annual purchase commitment for a period of three years with a significant vendor. The Company's obligation to the vendor shall be satisfied by the submission of non-cancelable orders for each contract year with an aggregate value equal to or in excess of \$8 million. Subsequent to the period end, the Company revised the agreement with the significant vendor by eliminating the minimum spent "Minimum Annual Spent Commitment" to "Forecast" and waiving the penalty fees (Note 22).

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (Expressed in US dollars) (Unaudited)
As at March 31, 2023 and 2022

#### 21. CORRECTION OF ERROR IN PRIOR YEAR

During the year ended December 31, 2022, management identified that an error was made in the accounting of inventory and accounts payable as at December 31, 2021, which resulted in an understatement of \$222,800 in cost of revenue, \$152,047 inventory, and \$752,831 in accounts payable in the financial report for the year ended December 31, 2021. The error also impacted the classification between current and long term payables as at December 31, 2021. The error has been corrected in the December 31, 2022 financial report by adjusting the balance of related accounts. The impact of the adjustment has also impacted March 31, 2023 statement of changes in shareholder's equity (deficiency) as per below:

Summary impact on the equity position as at March 31, 2022:

	Originally		
	reported	Adjustment	Restated
	December 31,	Increase	December 31,
	2021	(decrease)	2021
Accumulated deficit	7,029,401	600,784	7,630,185
Total Equity (deficiency)	(227,356)	(600,784)	(828,140)

During the year ended December 31, 2022, management identified an error in connection with the restatement of the 2022 year end financials in the valuation of inventory and accounts payable as at March 31, 2022, which resulted in an understatement of \$141,125 in cost of revenue and \$183,091 in inventory. Management also identified an error relating to the available for use date of the intangible, an error in calculating share-based compensation, and an error relating to the incorrect classification of compensation and benefits as research and development, which resulted in an understatement of \$52,513 in depreciation and amortization, and an overstatement in research and development expense of \$63,789 and \$91,559 in compensation and benefits respectively.

Summary impact on statement of operating loss and comprehensive loss for the three months ended March 31, 2022:

Profit and Loss	Originally reported March 31, 2022	Adjustment Increase (decrease)	Restated March 31, 2022
Cost of revenues – Products	5,216,289	141,125	5,357,414
Gross Profit	2,407,015	(141,125)	2,265,890
Research and development	191,149	(63,789)	127,360
Compensation and benefits	813,672	(91,559)	722,113
Depreciation and amortization	55,826	52,513	108,339
Loss from Operations	1,724,727	(102,835)	1,621,892
Net Income	630,120	(38,290)	591,830

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (Expressed in US dollars) (Unaudited)
As at March 31, 2023 and 2022

# 21. CORRECTION OF ERROR IN PRIOR YEAR (cont'd)

Summary impact on statement of Cash flow for the three months ended March 31, 2022:

Cash Flow	Originally reported March 31, 2022	Adjustment Increase (decrease)	Restated March 31, 2022
Net Income	630,120	(38,290)	591,830
Depreciation	55,826	52,513	108,339
Stock-based compensation	263,048	(155,348)	107,700
Inventory	1,395,726	(41,966)	1,353,760
Accounts Payable	(1,062,500)	183,090	(879,410)
Prepaid Expenses	(188,246)	(68,650)	(256,896)
Deferred offering costs	(8,650)	8,650	-
Net cash provided in operating activities	1,013,485	(60,000)	953,485
Net Cash used in financing activities	(1,000,677)	60,000	(940,677)

Summary impact on the equity position for the three months ended March 31, 2022:

	Originally reported March 31, 2022	Adjustment Increase (decrease)	Restated March 31, 2022
Stock-based compensation expense	263,048	(155,348)	107,700
Net income for the period	630,120	(38,290)	591,830
Reserves	7,283,190	(155,348)	7,127,842
Accumulated deficit	6,399,281	639,074	7,038,355
Total Equity (deficiency)	883,970	(794,422)	89,548
Earnings per share	\$0.28	(\$0.02)	\$0.26

### 22. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to the three months ended March 31, 2023, there were no significant subsequent events not otherwise disclosed in these condensed consolidated interim financial statements (Note 20).