

United Lithium Corp.
(formerly United Battery Metals Corp.)

Management Discussion and Analysis

For the Nine Months Ended

April 30, 2022 and 2021

INTRODUCTORY COMMENT

United Lithium Corp. (formerly United Battery Metals Corp.) (the “Company”) was incorporated on April 28, 2017, under the laws of the Province of British Columbia, Canada, and its principal activity is the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties in the United States.

The head office and principal address of the Company is located at 750 West Pender Street, Suite 401, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6C 2T7. The Company’s registered and records office address is 750 West Pender Street, Suite 401, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6C 2T7.

This MD&A supplements but does not form part of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company and notes thereto for the nine months ended April 30, 2022, and consequently should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended July 31, 2021, which are presented in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”). Information in this MD&A is current as of June 27, 2022.

We recommend that readers consult the “Cautionary Statement” on the last page of this report.

BOARD OF DIRECTOR AND MANAGEMENT CHANGES

On September 9, 2020, the Company appointed Aman Parmar as director of the Company.

On December 11, 2020, Robert Dubeau resigned as director of the Company.

On February 19, 2021, the Company appointed Mark Ireton and Robert Schafer as directors of the Company.

PROJECT SUMMARY

ACQUISITION AND AMALGAMATION

On August 28, 2020, the Company obtained 100% control over 1263391 B.C. Ltd. (“126 B.C.”) and acquired all issued and outstanding common shares.

On October 13, 2020, the Company, closed an amalgamation between the Company’s wholly- owned subsidiary 126 B.C. and 1257590 B.C. Ltd. (“125 B.C.”) by issuing 11,500,000 common shares of the Company with a fair value of \$7,820,000. No finder’s fee was paid in connection with the transaction.

Pursuant to the amalgamation, the Company obtained 125 B.C.’s option (“Option”) to acquire up to 100% of the Barbara Lake Lithium Property, which comprised of 56 mining cell claims covering approximately 2,147 hectares land in the Barbara Lake Area, Thunder Bay Mining District, Ontario, Canada.

The Company also issued 109,965 common shares of the Company to the property owner of the Barbara Lake Lithium Property with a fair value of \$74,776.

The Option will be exercisable as follows:

Payments

- Payment of \$40,000 in cash to the property owner by July 30, 2020 (paid – November 10, 2020);
- Payment of \$40,000 in cash to the property owner by July 30, 2021 (paid – November 15, 2021); and
- Payment of \$50,000 in cash to the property owner by July 30, 2022;

- Issue to the property owner such number of the Company's shares within 10 business days at the date of closing (109,965 common shares issued on October 13, 2020);
- Issue to the property owner such number of the Company's shares as equal to \$40,000, by July 31, 2021 (issued November 15, 2021), and
- Issue to the property owner such number of Company's shares as equal to \$50,000, by July 31, 2022.

Expenditures

- Incurring \$100,000 of expenditures on the Property by July 31, 2021; (achieved)
- Incurring an additional \$250,000 of expenditures on the Property by July 31, 2022; and
- Incurring an additional \$500,000 of expenditures on the Property by July 31, 2023.

EARN-IN AGREEMENT

On October 30, 2020 ("Effective Date"), the Company entered into an earn-in agreement with Wealth Minerals Limited ("WML"), pursuant to which the Company has been granted the exclusive option to acquire, in multiple phases, up to 70% interest in The Harry Project claims, and up to 100% interest in the Vapor Project claims, both of which are located in Chile.

To earn an initial 51% interest in the Vapor Project and 70% interest in the Harry Project, the Company shall:

- Pay \$200,000 cash and issue 500,000 common shares to WML upon completion of a due diligence review;
- Incur expenditures in the aggregate amount of \$500,000 and issue an additional 500,000 common shares to WML on or before the first anniversary of the Effective Date; and
- Issue an additional 250,000 common shares to WML.

To earn an additional 49% interest in the Vapor Project, the Company shall:

- Incur expenditures in the aggregate amount of \$1,000,000 and issue 250,000 common shares to WML on or before the fourth anniversary of the Effective Date; and
- Maintain and keep the licenses in good standing.

The Company decided not to proceed with the agreement with WML.

ACQUISITION OF BERGBY LITHIUM AB

On April 29, 2021 the Company acquired from Leading Edge Materials ("Leading Edge") and its subsidiaries Tasman Metals AB ("Tasman") and Tasman Metals Ltd., all of the issued and outstanding share capital of Bergby Lithium AB ("Bergby"). Bergby holds a 100% interest in and to the mining licenses comprising of the Bergby Lithium project ("Bergby Lithium Project"), located in central Sweden. Total consideration as follows:

- Cash of \$250,000 paid at the closing date;
- 1,031,864 common shares issued by the Company at the closing date with a fair value of \$1,031,864. The common shares are subject to an escrow restriction whereby 20% of such shares shall be released after each subsequent four-month period following the closing date;
- 400,000 common share purchase warrants issued by the Company at the closing date with a fair value of \$358,980. Each share purchase warrant entitling the holder thereof to acquire one common share of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.485 for a period of 36 months; and
- Payment of an additional \$250,000 in cash on the date that is six months following the closing date; (Paid - October 20, 2021).

The Company will also commit to Leading Edge Materials to exercise reasonable commercial efforts toward spending \$1,000,000 on exploration work on the Project within 18 months from the Closing Date.

ACQUISITION OF LITIUMLÖYDÖS OY

On December 15, 2021, the Company entered into a definitive agreement (the “Agreement”) with Sunstone Metals Limited (“Sunstone”), Scandian Metal Pty Ltd., Scandian Metals AB and Litiumlöydös Oy (“Litiumlöydös”) to acquire (the “Acquisition”) 83.6% of the issued and outstanding share capital of Litiumlöydös, a Finland company which holds a 100% interest in and to the mining licenses comprising the Kietyönmäki Lithium project (the “Project”) located in the Kietyönmäki lithium prospect.

On February 14, 2022 the Company completed the acquisition of 83.6% of the issued and outstanding share capital of Litiumlöydös. The Consideration for the Acquisition is comprised of an aggregate of \$420,000 in cash and 871,803 common shares in the capital of ULTH (the “ULTH Shares”). The ULTH Shares will be issued at a deemed price of \$0.48 per share and subject to an escrow restriction whereby 70% of such ULTH Shares shall be released four (4) months (June 11, 2022) following the closing date of the Acquisition (the “Closing Date”), and the remaining 30% ULTH Shares shall be released eight (8) months (October 11, 2022) following the Closing Date

Project Details

The Kietyönmäki lithium project was discovered by the Finnish Geological Survey (“GTK”) in the mid-1980’s. GTK drilled 17 shallow diamond drill holes to test down to 70 metres below surface across three traverses, including one traverse of very shallow holes to locate bedrock. In 2016, six holes were drilled by Sunstone which intersected lithium mineralization hosted within a spodumene-bearing pegmatite dyke swarm.

Historical drilling results from GTK include 24.25 metres grading 1.31% Li₂O in drill hole R310 from 58.75 metres; 13 metres grading 1.66% Li₂O in drill hole R316 from 86.00 metres; and 23 metres grading 1.53% Li₂O in drill hole R307 from 14.10 metres.

Historical results from Sunstone include 42 metres grading 1.10% Li₂O in drill hole KMDD001 from 17.88 metres; 6 metres grading 0.90% Li₂O in drill hole KMDD002 from 115.14 metres; and 9 metres grading 0.80% Li₂O in drill hole KMDD006 from 167.00 metres.

Surface channel sampling by GTK included 16.25 metres at 1.72% Li₂O, 115.6 ppm Nb₂O₅ and 130.2 ppm Ta₂O₅; 7.70 metres at 1.21% Li₂O, 100.2 ppm Nb₂O₅ and 111.3 ppm Ta₂O₅ and 2.25 metres at 1.10% Li₂O, 105.4 ppm Nb₂O₅ and 163.5 ppm Ta₂O₅.

STAKING AND SAMPLING NEAR CUSTER, SOUTH DAKOTA

On May 3, 2022, the Company announced that it has established a large land position in an historic lithium-beryllium producing area near Custer, South Dakota. The Company has staked over 500 unpatented lode claims covering more than 15 square miles (nearly 40 square kilometers) in the west and southwest parts of the Black Hills. The “Liberty Lithium Project” hosts numerous pegmatite bodies, many of which were mined for Li-Be during World War II. United Lithium’s claims include or are immediately adjacent all of the Li-Be producing properties (if the property is privately owned) from this era. A reconnaissance rock chip sampling program was carried out in conjunction with the staking program to identify new areas for detailed field work. Samples have been submitted to the laboratory and assays are awaited.

SPECIAL WARRANTS AND SPECIAL BROKER WARRANTS

On March 8, 2021, the Company completed a special warrant private placement issuing 13,939,394 units at a price of \$0.66 per unit for gross proceeds of \$9,200,000. Each unit consisted of one common share and one common share purchase warrant. Each common share purchase warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share at a price of \$0.85 for a period of 24 months from the date of issuance.

All unexercised Special Warrants will automatically be exercised on the date that is the earlier of (i) six (6) months and a day following Closing of the Offering, and (ii) the 3rd business day after a receipt is issued for the Final Prospectus. At this point, the company will issue 6,969,697 normal warrants with no fair value as Company uses residual value method for private placements in units.

In connection with the closing of special warrants private placement, the Company also granted 547,445 non-transferable compensation warrant units to the agents at an exercise price of \$0.66 in exchange for one-and-one-fourteen (1.14) of a unit for a period of 2 years. Each compensation warrant units entitles the holder to receive one common share and one-half underlying purchase warrant for an exercise price of \$0.85 for a period of 2 years after the closing. The compensation warrants were fair valued at \$361,314.

In connection with the closing of special warrants private placement, the Company also granted 428,312 non-transferable advisory warrant units to the agents at an exercise price of \$0.66 in exchange for one-and-one-fourteen (1.14) of a unit for a period of 2 years. Each advisory warrant units entitles the holder to receive one common share and one-half underlying purchase warrant for an exercise price of \$0.85 for a period of 2 years after the closing. The advisory warrants were fair valued at \$282,686.

During the year ended July 31, 2021, the Company recorded \$920,278 of special warrant issuance costs for cash commissions and professional services (includes compensation and advisory warrants) in connection with the special warrant private placement.

On September 9, 2021, the Company converted 13,939,394 special warrants in connection with the March 8, 2021 private placement at a rate of 1.14 resulting in the issuance of 15,890,886 shares and 7,945,435 warrants each exercisable at a price of \$0.85 until March 8, 2023. At the time of conversion, the \$1,564,281 of special warrants share issuance cost were transferred to regular share issuance cost.

SHARE CONSOLIDATION

On February 18, 2020, the Company consolidated its common shares on the basis of 1 new share for every 7 old shares (the "Consolidation"). Prior to the Consolidation, the Company had 25,372,544 common shares issued and outstanding. No fractional shares were issued pursuant to the Consolidation, and subsequent to the Consolidation, the Company had 3,624,632 common shares issued and outstanding.

All comparative references herein to the number of shares, options, warrants, weighted average number of common shares and loss per share have been restated for the Consolidation, including all such numbers presented for the prior year.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

	Three months ended April 30,		Nine months ended April 30,	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Expenses				
Depreciation	\$ 438	\$ -	\$ 1,313	\$ -
General and administration	17,625	4,179	82,756	7,468
Investor relations	83,173	14,351	122,742	43,437
Management and consulting fees	60,605	89,224	307,749	246,749
Marketing	326,302	2,379,572	2,035,346	3,030,177
Professional fees	82,212	110,653	464,012	245,273
Project generation	478,611	7,081	739,170	48,081
Public company costs and Director fees	16,088	8,567	49,828	12,317
Regulatory and transfer agent fees	27,305	8,568	56,533	17,891
Share-based payments	56,604	1,134,787	1,638,321	2,230,006
Foreign exchange loss	3,944	411	10,420	(2,393)
Total expenses	(1,152,907)	(3,757,393)	(5,508,190)	(5,879,006)
Transaction costs	(28,433)	(63,865)	(88,176)	(80,931)
Loss on settlement of debt	-	-	(92,454)	(294,333)
Net loss	\$ (1,181,340)	\$ (3,821,258)	\$ (5,688,820)	\$ (6,254,270)

NINE MONTHS ENDED APRIL 30, 2022 AND 2021**EXPENSES AND NET LOSS**

The net loss for the nine months ended April 30, 2022 was \$5,688,820 compared to \$6,254,270 for the nine months ended April 30, 2021. Material variances are as follows:

- An increase in general and administration of \$75,288 is mainly related to increase of rent expense and Salaries and benefits related to increased activities in Bergby.
- An increase in investor relations of \$79,305 is mainly related to increased number of news releases dissemination channels and investor relations consulting services to update shareholders on the Company's recent activities.
- An increase in management and consulting fees of \$61,000 due to increased salary and bonuses awarded to executives during the nine months ended April 30, 2022 compared to the prior year.
- A decrease in marketing costs of \$994,831 due to various marketing online campaigns and programs that were engaged last year by the Company during the nine months ended April 30, 2021 have been completed and not renewed in the current year.
- An increase in professional fees of \$218,739 mostly related to an increase in legal cost of \$188,513 related to increased services provided for the Company's corporate actions during the nine months ended April 30, 2022.
- An increase in project generation of \$691,089 due to additional geological services provided (\$320,356) for technical evaluation of new potential project business opportunities (\$317,098).
- An increase in public company cost and director fees of \$37,511 is mainly due to the appointment of two new additional directors during the period.

- A decrease in share-based payments of \$591,685 related to decrease of stock options granted and vested during the current period compared to the prior period. 2,550,000 options were granted or vested during the nine months ended April 30, 2022 compared to 4,200,000 in the prior year.

THREE MONTHS ENDED APRIL 30, 2022 AND 2021

EXPENSES AND NET LOSS

The net loss for the three months ended April 30, 2022 was \$1,181,340 compared to \$3,821,258 for the quarter ended April 30, 2021. Material variances are as follows:

- An increase in general and administration of \$13,446 is mainly related to increase of rent expense and salaries and benefits related to increased activities in Bergby.
- An increase in investor relations of \$68,822 is mainly related to increase of news release dissemination channels and investor relations consulting services.
- A decrease in management and consulting fees of \$28,619 is mainly related to less consultants being engaged in the current period compared to the same comparative quarter in the prior year.
- A decrease in marketing costs of \$2,053,270 due to various marketing campaigns and programs completed by the Company during the nine months ended April 30, 2022 to increase investor awareness and attract new investors through many different online platforms and strategies.
- A decrease in professional fees of \$28,441 primarily related to a difference in timing for filing and recognizing the expense for the Annual information circular, the expense was recognized in Q2/22 compared to Q3/21.
- An increase in project generation of \$471,530 due to additional geological services provided for technical evaluation of new potential project business opportunities.
- An increase in public company cost and Director fees of \$7,521 is mainly due to the appointment of two new additional directors in the current year compared to the prior year.
- A decrease in share-based payments of \$1,078,183 related to the stock options granted and vested during the quarter. No stock options were granted or vested during the three months ended April 30, 2022.

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Fiscal quarter ended	Revenues	Loss from continuing		Net comprehensive
		Net loss – total	operations – per share	
		\$	\$	\$
April 30, 2022	Nil	(1,181,340)	(0.02)	(1,193,747)
January 31, 2022	Nil	(3,021,875)	(0.04)	(3,034,661)
October 31, 2021	Nil	(1,485,605)	(0.02)	(1,489,886)
July 31, 2021	Nil	(2,040,989)	(0.04)	(2,045,152)
April 30, 2021	Nil	(3,821,258)	(0.08)	(3,821,167)
January 31, 2021	Nil	(2,283,933)	(0.05)	(2,283,933)
October 31, 2020	Nil	(149,079)	(0.01)	(149,079)
July 31, 2020	Nil	(175,908)	(0.05)	(176,934)

DISCUSSION

The operating results of junior exploration companies are capable of demonstrating wide variations from period to period. Other than the factors leading to certain costs discussed above in the section “Results of Operations”, management does not believe that meaningful information about the Company’s operations can be derived from an analysis of quarterly fluctuations in any more detail than presented there.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

At April 30, 2022, the Company had current assets of \$4,573,233 and current liabilities of \$856,018 compared to current assets of \$9,214,494 and current liabilities of \$667,335 at July 31, 2021. As at April 30, 2022 the Company had a working capital of \$3,717,215 compared to working capital of \$8,547,159 at July 31, 2021.

On August 18, 2020, the Company completed a private placement financing issuing 19,998,858 units at a price of \$0.11 per unit for gross proceeds of \$2,199,874.

On September 9, 2020, the Company closed a private placement and issued 6,028,505 common shares, at a price of \$0.35 per common share, for total gross proceeds of \$2,109,977. Finders’ fees of \$60,739 and other fees of \$41,132 were paid in connection with the private placement.

On March 8, 2021, the Company completed a special warrant private placement issuing 13,393,394 units at a price of \$0.66 per unit for gross proceeds of \$9,200,000.

On November 1, 2021, the Company settled an aggregate of \$226,800 in debt through the issuance of 684,848 common shares of the Company with a fair value of \$318,454. The Company recognized a loss on debt settlement of \$92,454 as a result of the transaction.

On November 15, 2021, the Company paid cash of \$40,000 and issued 57,971 common shares valued at \$40,000 in relation to the Barbara Lake acquisition.

February 14, 2022 the Company completed the acquisition of 83.6% of the issued and outstanding share capital of Litiumlöydös. The Consideration for the Acquisition is comprised of an aggregate of \$420,000 in cash and 871,803 common shares in the capital of ULTH that are in ESCROW and to be released 610,262 on June 11, 2022, and the remaining 261,541 on October 11, 2022.

During the period ended April 30, 2022, 1,722,623 warrants were exercised for gross proceeds of \$443,559.

During the period ended April 30, 2022, no options were exercised.

The Company intends to use the proceeds of the Private Placement for working capital and general corporate purposes, including with respect to its search for suitable lithium and other battery materials related mineral properties to add to its portfolio.

On December 16, 2021, the Company announced that it has filed its final short form base shelf prospectus (the “Final Shelf Prospectus”) with the securities commissions in each of the provinces and territories of Canada and received a final receipt in respect thereof.

The Final Shelf Prospectus allows the Company to offer and issue up to \$150,000,000 of common shares, warrants, subscription receipts, units, debt securities, or any combination of such securities (collectively, the “Securities”) during the 25-month period that the Final Shelf Prospectus remains effective. The Securities may be offered separately or together, in amounts, at prices and on terms to be determined based on market conditions at the time of sale and, subject to applicable regulations, may include “at-the-market distributions” (as such term is defined in National Instrument 44-102 – Shelf Distributions), public offerings or strategic investments.

The specific terms of any offering of Securities (an “Offering”), including the use of proceeds from any Offering, will be set forth in any one or more prospectus supplement(s) to be filed with applicable securities regulators in connection with any such Offering(s).

OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

There are no material off- balance sheet arrangements.

TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related party balances

As at April 30, 2022, \$45,000 (April 30, 2021 - \$8,000) is due to related parties and is included in trade payables and accrued liabilities. These amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment.

Transactions

During the period ended April 30, 2022 and 2021, the following amounts were incurred with directors and officers of the Company:

	April 30, 2022	April 30, 2021
Director fees	\$ 36,000	\$ 6,000
Management fees to the CEO	130,000	132,000
Management fees to the CFO	125,000	55,000
Share-based payments	1,146,070	882,201
	\$ 1,437,070	\$ 1,075,201

PROPOSED TRANSACTIONS

The Company is continuously evaluating new opportunities that could include a joint venture, a disposal of the project or a sale of the Company. While various negotiations may be ongoing at any given time, these may or may not be successful. The Company considers opportunities where there is expected to be significant value to the shareholders. At this date, the Board of Directors have not approved any transaction, nor presented any potential transaction to the shareholders.

NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARD AND INTERPRETATION

Other accounting pronouncements with future effective dates are either not applicable or are not expected to have a material impact on the Company’s condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

FINANCIAL RISK AND CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company is exposed in varying degrees to a variety of financial instrument related risks. The Board of Directors approves and monitors the risk management processes, inclusive of documented investment policies, counterparty limits, and controlling and reporting structures. The type of risk exposure and the way in which such exposure is managed is summarized as follows:

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company’s primary exposure to credit risk is on its cash held in bank accounts. The majority of cash is deposited in bank accounts at a major bank in Canada. As most of the Company’s cash is held

by one bank there is a concentration of credit risk. This risk is managed by using major banks that are high credit quality financial institutions as determined by rating agencies. Credit risk is assessed as low.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company has a planning and budgeting process in place to help determine the funds required to support the Company's normal operating requirements on an ongoing basis. The Company ensures that there are sufficient funds to meet its short-term business requirements, taking into account its anticipated cash flows from operations and its holdings of cash.

Historically, the Company's sole source of funding has been the issuance of equity securities for cash, primarily through private placements. The Company's access to financing is always uncertain. There can be no assurance of continued access to necessary levels of equity funding. Liquidity risk is assessed as high.

Foreign exchange risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair values of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because they are denominated in currencies that differ from the respective functional currency. The Company is exposed to foreign currency exchange risk as it has sales and contracts denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries.

Since the Company's reporting currency is Canadian dollars and the Company has significant Swedish Krona ("SEK") operations with SEK as functional currency. The Company is exposed to foreign currency fluctuations on its reported amounts of US and SEK assets and liabilities.

As at April 30, 2022, the Company had the following US dollar, Euros, and Swedish Krona denominated assets and liabilities:

	April 30, 2022			July 31, 2021		
	Euros	US Dollars	Swedish Krona	Euros	US Dollars	Swedish Krona
Cash	\$ 13,609	\$ 17,523	\$ 443,308	\$ -	\$ 17,138	\$ 383,131
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	4,130	169,317	(241,960)	-	-	(101,231)
Loan payable	-	-	-	-	-	(16,489)
Total	\$ 17,739	\$ 186,840	\$ 201,348	\$ -	\$ 17,138	\$ 265,411

As at April 30, 2022, a 10% change in exchange rates between Euro, US dollars, SEK and Canadian dollar would impact the Company's net income (loss) by \$40,593 (July 31, 2021 – \$28,255).

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risks.

Capital Management

The Company's policy is, if permitted by market conditions, to maintain a strong capital base so as to support investor and creditor confidence and support future development of the business. The capital structure of the Company consists of equity, comprising share capital and reserves net of accumulated deficit. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. There has been no change in the Company's management of capital during the period ended April 30, 2022.

Fair value

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and loans payable. The fair value of these financial instruments approximates their carrying values due to the short-term nature of the instruments. Cash, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and loans payable are measured at fair value using Level 1 inputs.

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

- Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

RISKS RELATED TO THE COMPANY'S BUSINESS**Overview**

Resource exploration is a speculative business and involves a high degree of risk. There is a significant probability that the expenditures made by the Company in the exploring its properties will not result in discoveries of commercial quantities of minerals. A high level of ongoing expenditures is required to locate and estimate ore reserves, which are the basis for further development of a property. Capital expenditures to attain commercial production stage are also very substantial.

The following sets out the principal risks to be faced by the Company:

Exploration Risks. The Company is seeking mineral deposits on exploration projects where there are not yet established commercial quantities. There can be no assurance that economic concentrations of minerals will be determined to exist on the Company's property holdings within existing investors' investment horizons, or at all. The failure to establish such economic concentrations could have a material adverse outcome on the Company and its securities. The Company's planned programs and budgets for exploration work are subject to revision at any time to take into account results to date. The revision, reduction or curtailment of exploration programs and budgets could have a material adverse outcome on the Company and its securities.

Market Risks. The Company's securities trade on public markets and the trading value thereof is determined by the evaluations, perceptions and sentiments of both individual investors and the investment community taken as a whole. Such evaluations, perceptions and sentiments are subject to change both in short-term time horizons and longer-term time horizons. An adverse change in investor evaluations, perceptions and sentiments could have a material adverse outcome on the Company and its securities. See "Share Price Volatility and Price Fluctuations" below.

Commodity Price Risks. The Company's exploration project seeks vanadium and uranium. An adverse change in these commodities' prices, or in investors' beliefs about trends in those prices, could have a material adverse outcome on the Company and its securities.

Aboriginal Accommodation Risks. Aboriginal title claims and rights to consultation and accommodation may affect our existing operations as well as potential development projects. Governments in many jurisdictions must consult with aboriginal peoples with respect to grants of mineral rights and the issuance or amendment of project authorizations. Consultation and other rights of aboriginal people may require accommodations, including undertakings regarding employment and other matters in impact and benefit agreements. This may affect our ability to assure within a reasonable time frame effective mineral titles in these jurisdictions, including in some parts of Canada in which aboriginal title is claimed, and may affect the timetable and costs of exploration and, if warranted,

development of mineral properties in these jurisdictions. The risk of unforeseen aboriginal title claims also could affect existing exploration activities as well as potential development projects and possible future acquisitions. These legal requirements may affect our ability to expand or transfer existing projects or acquire possible new projects.

Financing Risks. Exploration and development of mineral deposits is an expensive process, and frequently the greater the level of interim stage success the more expensive it can become. The Company has no producing properties and generates no operating revenues; therefore, for the foreseeable future, it will be dependent upon either selling equity in the capital markets or obtaining funding partnerships with third parties to provide financing for its continuing substantial exploration budgets. While the Company has been successful in obtaining financing from the capital markets for its projects in recent years, there can be no assurance that the capital markets will support providing the financing needed to continue its exploration programs on favorable terms, or at all. Restrictions on the Company's ability to finance could have a material adverse outcome on the Company and its securities.

Share Price Volatility and Price Fluctuations. In recent years, the securities markets in Canada have experienced a high level of price and volume volatility, and the market prices of securities of many companies, particularly junior mineral exploration companies like the Company, have experienced wide fluctuations which have not necessarily been related to the operating performance, underlying asset values or prospects of such companies. There can be no assurance that these price fluctuations and volatility will not continue to occur.

Competition. Significant and increasing competition exists for the limited number of mineral property acquisition opportunities available. As a result of this competition, some of which is with large established mining companies with substantial capabilities and greater financial and technical resources than the Company, the Company may be unable to acquire additional attractive mineral properties on terms it considers acceptable.

History of Net Losses; Accumulated Deficit; Lack of Revenue from Operations. The Company has incurred net losses to date, its' deficit as of April 30, 2022, was \$19,015,851. The Company has not yet earned any ongoing revenue from the exploration activities on its properties, nor has the Company yet determined that commercial development is warranted on any of its properties. Even if the Company commences development of certain of its properties, the Company may continue to incur losses. There is no certainty that the Company will produce revenue, operate profitably, or provide a return on investment in the future.

Environmental and Other Regulatory Requirements. The current or future operations of the Company, including development activities and commencement of production on its properties, require permits from various governmental authorities and such operations are and will be subject to laws and regulations governing prospecting, development, mining, production, exports, taxes, labour standards, occupational health, waste disposal, toxic substances, land use, environmental protection, safety and other matters. Companies engaged in the development and operation of mines and related facilities generally experience increased costs, and delays in production and other schedules as a result of the need to comply with applicable laws, regulations and permits. There can be no assurance that approvals and permits required to commence production on its properties will be obtained on a timely basis, or at all. Additional permits and studies, which may include environmental impact studies conducted before permits can be obtained, may be necessary prior to operation of the properties in which the Company has interests and there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain or maintain all necessary permits that may be required to commence construction, development or operation of mining facilities at these properties on terms which enable operations to be conducted at economically justifiable costs.

Failure to comply with applicable laws, regulations, and permitting requirements may result in enforcement actions thereunder, including orders issued by regulatory or judicial authorities causing operations to cease or be curtailed, and may include corrective measures requiring capital expenditures, installation of additional equipment, or remedial actions. Parties engaged in mining operations or extraction operations may be required to compensate those suffering loss or damage by the reason of such activities and may have civil or criminal fines or penalties imposed for violations of applicable laws or regulations.

Amendments to current laws, regulations and permits governing operations and activities of mining companies, or more stringent implementation thereof, could have a material adverse impact on the Company and cause increases in capital expenditures or production costs or reduction in levels of production at producing properties or abandonment or delays in development of new mineral exploration properties.

To the best of the Company's knowledge, it is currently operating in compliance with all applicable environmental regulations.

Uninsured Risks. The Company and its subsidiaries may become subject to liability for pollution, fire, explosion and other risks against which it cannot insure or against which it may elect not to insure. Such events could result in substantial damage to property and personal injury. A finding of liability against the Company in such circumstances would have material effect on the Company's financial position.

Cyber Security Risks. As the Company continues to increase its dependence on information technologies to conduct its operations, the risks associated with cyber security also increase. The Company relies on management information systems and computer control systems. Business and supply chain disruptions, plant and utility outages and information technology system and network disruptions due to cyber-attacks could seriously harm its operations and materially adversely affect its operation results. Cyber security risks include attacks on information technology and infrastructure by hackers, damage or loss of information due to viruses, the unintended disclosure of confidential information, the issue or loss of control over computer control systems, and breaches due to employee error. The Company's exposure to cyber security risks includes exposure through third parties on whose systems it places significant reliance for the conduct of its business. The Company has implemented security procedures and measures in order to protect its systems and information from being vulnerable to cyber-attacks. The Company believes these measures and procedures are appropriate. To date, it has not experienced any material impact from cyber security events. However, it may not have the resources or technical sophistication to anticipate, prevent, or recover from rapidly evolving types of cyber-attacks. Compromises to its information and control systems could have severe financial and other business implications.

COVID-19. Since March 2020, several measures have been implemented in Canada and the rest of the world in response to the increased impact from novel coronavirus (COVID-19). The Company continues to operate its business at this time. While the impact of COVID-19 is expected to be temporary, the current circumstances are dynamic and the impacts of COVID-19 on business operations cannot be reasonably estimated at this time. The Company anticipates this could have an adverse impact on its business, results of operations, financial position and cash flows in future periods.

OTHER MD&A DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS

Information Available on SEDAR

As specified by National Instrument 51-102, the Company advises readers of this MD&A that important additional information about the Company is available on the SEDAR website <http://www.sedar.com/>.

Disclosure by Venture Issuer Without Significant Revenue

An analysis of the material components of the Company's general and administrative expenses is disclosed in the financial statements to which this MD&A relates. An analysis of the material components of the exploration and evaluation assets of the Company's mineral properties is disclosed in Note 4 to the financial statements.

OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA

At the date of this report there are 72,007,794 common shares issued and outstanding, 17,554,982 warrants, 6,228,568 stock options, and 953,030 Special broker warrants.

We recommend that users of this report read the below Cautionary Statements.

Cautionary Statements

This document contains “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities regulations. All statements other than statements of historical fact herein, including, without limitation, statements regarding exploration plans, future possible exercise of warrants and our other future plans and objectives, are forward-looking statements that involve various risks and uncertainties. Such forward-looking statements include, without limitation (a) estimates of exploration investment and scope of exploration programs, and (ii) estimates of stock-based compensation expense. There can be no assurance that such statements will prove to be accurate, and future events and actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from our expectations are disclosed in the Company’s documents filed from time to time via SEDAR with the Canadian regulatory agencies to whose policies we are bound. Forward-looking statements are based on the estimates and opinions of management on the date the statements are made, and we do not undertake any obligation to update forward-looking statements should conditions or our estimates or opinions change except as required by law. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors, including risks associated with mineral exploration, price volatility in the mineral commodities we seek, and operational and political risks. Readers are advised not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements.