United Battery Metals Corp. Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements Three Months Ended October 31, 2019 and 2018

> (Unaudited – Prepared by Management) (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of United Battery Metals Corp. for the three months ended October 31, 2019, have been prepared by management and approved by the Board of Directors. These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have not been reviewed by the Company's external auditors.

United Battery Metals Corp. Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Financial Position (Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Notes	October 31, 2019		July 31, 2019
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash		\$	6,691	\$ 68,167
Receivables			3,951	3 <i>,</i> 560
Prepaid expenses	3		2,500	12,412
			13,142	84,139
TOTAL ASSETS		\$	13,142	\$ 84,139
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Trade payables and accrued liabilities	5,7	\$	26,622	\$ 21,804
TOTAL LIABILITIES			26,622	21,804
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIENCY)				
Share capital	6		4,043,706	4,043,706
Reserve	6		708,463	708,463
Accumulated other comprehensive loss			(1,051)	(1,076)
Deficit			(4,764,598)	(4,688,758)
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIENCY)			(13,480)	62,335
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	(DEFICIENCY)	\$	13,142	\$ 84,139

Nature of operations and going concern (Note 1)

Approved and authorized on behalf of the Board on December 19, 2019:

"Faizaan Lalani"	Director	"Michael Dehn"	Director

United Battery Metals Corp. Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Loss and Comprehensive Loss (Unaudited - Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

		 For the three months ended October 31,		the three months ended October 31,
	Notes	2019		2018
Expenses				
General and administration		\$ 1,169	\$	3,167
Investor relations		300		9,537
Management and consulting fees	7	56,000		39,631
Marketing		-		1,629,875
Professional fees		9,746		27,724
Project generation		3,762		-
Public company costs		1,875		2,308
Regulatory and transfer agent fees		2,988		6,996
Share-based payments	6,7	-		196,080
Travel		-		1,072
Total expenses		(75 <i>,</i> 840)		(1,916,390)
Net loss		\$ (75,840)	\$	(1,916,390)
Other comprehensive loss				
Exchange difference on translation		25		(113)
Total comprehensive loss		\$ (75,815)	\$	(1,916,503)
Basic and diluted loss per share		\$ (0.00)	\$	(0.09)
Weighted average number of common shares outstand	ding	25,372,544		22,202,509

	_	Share	cap	ital				
	Notos	Number of		A	Deserve	Accumulated other mprehensive loss	Deficit	Tatal
	Notes	shares		Amount	Reserve		Deficit	Total
Balance at July 31, 2018		16,034,342	\$	1,471,494	\$ 10,609	\$ -	\$ (358,611)	\$ 1,123,492
Shares issued, private placement		3,762,750		1,505,100	-	-	-	1,505,100
Share issuance costs		-		(38,998)	-	-	-	(38,998)
Finders warrants		-		(31,615)	31,615	-	-	-
Warrants exercised		5,089,768		580,727	-	-	-	580,727
Share-based payments		-		-	196,080	-	-	196,080
Exchange difference on translation		-		-	-	(113)	-	(113)
Net loss for the period		-		-	-	-	(1,916,390)	(1,916,390)
Balance at October 31, 2018		24,886,860		3,486,708	238,304	(113)	(2,275,001)	1,449,898
Balance at July 31, 2019		25,372,544		4,043,706	708,463	(1,076)	(4,688,758)	62,335
Exchange difference on translation		-		-	-	25	-	25
Net loss for the year		-		-	-	-	(75,840)	(75,840)
Balance at October 31, 2019		25,372,544	\$	4,043,706	\$ 708,463	\$ (1,051)	\$ (4,764,598)	\$ (13,480)

	e three months ded October 31, 2019	he three months Ided October 31, 2018
Operating activities		
Net loss for the period	\$ (75,840)	\$ (1,916,390)
Adjustments for non-cash items:	(- / /	() /
Share-based payments	-	196,080
Changes in non-cash working capital items:		
Receivables	(391)	(767)
Prepaid expenses	9,912	(225,388)
Trade payables and accrued liabilities	4,818	28,871
Net cash flows used in operating activities	(61,501)	(1,917,594)
Investing activities		
Exploration and evaluation assets	-	(48,588)
Net cash flows used in investing activities	-	(48,588)
Financing activities		
Shares issued	-	1,505,100
Share issuance costs	-	(38,998)
Warrants exercised	-	580,727
Net cash flows provided by financing activities	-	2,046,829
Foreign exchange impact on cash	25	(113)
Increase (decrease) in cash	(61,476)	80,534
Cash, beginning of the period	68,167	70,234
Cash, end of the period	\$ 6,691	\$ 150,768

1. Nature of operations and going concern

United Battery Metals Corp. (formerly United Lithium Corp.) (the "Company") was incorporated on April 28, 2017 under the laws of the Province of British Columbia, Canada, and its principal activity is the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties in the United States.

The head office and principal address of the Company is located at 789 West Pender Street, Suite 1080, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6C 1H2. The Company's registered and records office address is 789 West Pender Street, Suite 1080, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6C 1H2.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on the assumption that the Company will continue as a going concern, meaning it will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize assets and discharge liabilities in the ordinary course of operations. Different bases of measurement may be appropriate if the Company is not expected to continue operations for the foreseeable future. At October 31, 2019, the Company had not achieved profitable operations, had a net loss of \$75,840 for the period ended October 31, 2019, an accumulated deficit of \$4,764,598 at October 31, 2019 and expects to incur further losses in the development of its business, all of which indicates a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company's continuation as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to attain profitable operations to generate funds and/or its ability to raise equity capital or borrowings sufficient to meet its current and future obligations. Although the Company has been successful in the past in raising funds to continue operations, there is no assurance that it will be able to do so in the future.

2. Significant accounting policies and basis of preparation

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements were authorized for issue by the directors of the Company on December 19, 2019.

Statement of compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34, Interim Financial Reporting. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in the audited annual financial statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") have been omitted or condensed. As a result, these condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements for the year ended July 31, 2019.

Basis of preparation

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for certain financial assets measured at fair value. These condensed consolidated interim financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars unless otherwise specified. The financial statements of the Company reflect the consolidation of the financial results of the wholly owned entities controlled since existed.

2. Significant accounting policies and basis of preparation (cont'd)

Consolidation

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its controlled subsidiaries. Details of controlled subsidiaries are as follows:

		Percentage ow	wned*	
	Country of	October 31,	July 31,	
	incorporation	2019	2019	
Greenhat Mineral Holdings Ltd.	U.S.	100%	100%	
Greenhat Minerals Holdings (US) Ltd.	U.S.	100%	100%	

*Percentage of voting power is in proportion to ownership.

New accounting standards and interpretations

Lease

On August 1, 2019, the Company adopted IFRS 16. IFRS 16 eliminates the current dual accounting model for lessees, which distinguishes between on-balance sheet finance leases and off-balance sheet operating leases. The main provision of IFRS 16 is the recognition of lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet by lessees for those leases that were previously classified as operating leases. Under IFRS 16, a lessee is required to do the following: (i) recognize a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, initially measured at the present value of the lease payments, on the balance sheet; and (ii) recognize a front-loaded pattern of expense for most leases, even when cash rentals are constant, as the right-of-use asset is depreciated and the lease liability is accreted using the effective interest method. The adoption of IFRS 16 had no impact on the Company's financial statements as the Company has no leases.

Other accounting pronouncements with future effective dates are either not applicable or are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

3. Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses consist primarily of prepaid insurance fees for period ended February 2020.

4. Exploration and evaluation assets

Wray Mesa Project - Montrose County, Colorado, USA

In July 2018, the Company entered into a share purchase agreement to acquire 100% of the outstanding shares of Greenhat Mineral Holdings Ltd. ("Greenhat"). Greenhat holds the rights to the Wray Mesa project, an exploration stage uranium/vanadium property located in Montrose County, Colorado, USA. In consideration for the shares of Greenhat, the Company paid \$50,000 in cash and issued 2,050,000 common shares of the Company with a fair value of \$1,025,000, for total consideration of \$1,075,000. The acquisition costs of Greenhat were allocated entirely to the property.

On July 31, 2019, the Company decided not to proceed with the project and recorded an impairment of \$1,238,251 in the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss.

5. Trade payables and accrued liabilities

	October 31,		
	2019		2019
Trade payables	\$ 10,122	\$	1,804
Amounts due to related parties (Note 7)	4,000		-
Accrued liabilities	12,500		20,000
Total trade payables and accrued liabilities	\$ 26,622	\$	21,804

Amounts due to related parties are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment.

6. Share capital and reserves

Authorized share capital

An unlimited number of common shares without par value.

Issued share capital

At October 31, 2019, there were 25,372,544 (July 31, 2019 – 25,372,544) issued and fully paid common shares.

During the period ended October 31, 2019, no shares were issued.

Stock options

On June 19, 2017, the Company implemented a stock option plan (the "Plan"), enabling the Board to grant stock options to purchase common shares in the capital of the Company from time to time to eligible persons (collectively, "Optionees") in consideration of such Optionees providing services to the Company or a subsidiary of the Company. The number of stock options granted by the Company to Optionees is determined by the Board, within the guidelines established by the Plan. The stock options enable such persons to purchase common shares at a price fixed under such guidelines.

The aggregate number of shares that may be issued pursuant to options granted under the Plan, unless otherwise approved by shareholders, may not exceed that number which is equal to 10% of the issued and outstanding shares of the Company at the time of the grant and the term of any stock option will not exceed ten years.

Share-based payments of \$Nil (2018 - \$196,080) were recorded in the period ended October 31, 2019.

During the period ended October 31, 2018, the Company granted 700,000 stock options to directors and officers of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.90 per share, exercisable for five years. The fair value of the options granted was \$584,258 determined using the Black Scholes Option-Pricing Model with the following assumptions: risk free rate of 2.32%, volatility of 158.2%, and expected life of 5 years.

During the period ended October 31, 2019, no stock options were granted.

		Weighted
		Average Exercise
	Number of Options	Price (\$)
Balance, July 31, 2019 and October 31, 2019	900,000	0.81

6. Share capital and reserves (cont'd)

Stock options (cont'd)

Stock options outstanding at October 31, 2019 are as follows:

Expiry	Exercise	Number of Options	Number of Options
Date	Price (\$)	Exercisable	Outstanding
July 9, 2023	0.50	-	200,000
September 14, 2023	0.90	-	700,000
		-	900,000

Warrants

The following table summarizes information about the warrant transactions for the period ended October 31, 2019:

		Weighted Average
	Number of Warrants	Exercise Price (\$)
Balance, July 31, 2019	2,212,668	0.67
Expired	(1,969,950)	0.60
Balance, October 31, 2019	242,718	1.25

Warrants outstanding at October 31, 2019 are as follows:

Expiry	Exercise	Number of
Date	Price (\$)	Warrants
November 6, 2020	1.25	242,718

Reserves

Stock option

The stock option reserves record items recognized as share-based payments until such time that the stock options are exercised, at which time the corresponding amount is transferred to share capital.

7. Related party transactions

Balances

As at October 31, 2019, \$4,000 (July 31, 2019 - \$nil) is due to related parties and is included in trade payables and accrued liabilities (Note 5).

7. Related party transactions (cont'd)

Transactions

During the three months ended October 31, 2019 and 2018, the following amounts were incurred with directors and officers of the Company:

	Octo	ber 31, 2019	October 31, 2018
Management fees paid to a company controlled by a former directo	r	32,000	9,000
Management fees paid to the former CEO		-	30,631
Management fees paid to the CEO		24,000	-
Share-based payments to former directors and officers		-	196,080
	\$	56,000	\$ 235,711

8. Financial risk and capital management

The Company is exposed in varying degrees to a variety of financial instrument related risks. The Board of Directors approves and monitors the risk management processes, inclusive of documented investment policies, counterparty limits, and controlling and reporting structures. The type of risk exposure and the way in which such exposure is managed is summarized as follows:

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company's primary exposure to credit risk is on its cash held in bank accounts. The majority of cash is deposited in bank accounts at a major bank in Canada. As most of the Company's cash is held by one bank there is a concentration of credit risk. This risk is managed by using major banks that are high credit quality financial institutions as determined by rating agencies. Credit risk is assessed as low.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company has a planning and budgeting process in place to help determine the funds required to support the Company's normal operating requirements on an ongoing basis. The Company ensures that there are sufficient funds to meet its short-term business requirements, taking into account its anticipated cash flows from operations and its holdings of cash.

Historically, the Company's sole source of funding has been the issuance of equity securities for cash, primarily through private placements. The Company's access to financing is always uncertain. There can be no assurance of continued access to necessary levels of equity funding. Liquidity risk is assessed as high.

Foreign exchange risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair values of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because they are denominated in currencies that differ from the respective functional currency. As at October 31, 2019, there were \$5,550 in US dollar denominated financial assets therefore foreign currency risk is not significant.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risks.

8. Financial risk and capital management (cont'd)

Capital Management

The Company's policy is, if permitted by market conditions, to maintain a strong capital base so as to support investor and creditor confidence and support future development of the business. The capital structure of the Company consists of equity, comprising share capital and reserves net of accumulated deficit. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. There has been no change in the Company's management of capital during the period ended October 31, 2019.

Fair value

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and trade payables. The fair value of these financial instruments approximates their carrying values due to the short-term nature of these investments. Cash is measured at fair value using Level 1 inputs.

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 Inputs that are not based on observable market data.