

Kootenay Zinc Corp.
Management Discussion and Analysis
For the six months ended August 31, 2018

The Management Discussion and Analysis (“MD&A”), prepared October 30, 2018 should be read in conjunction with the condensed interim financial statements and notes thereto for the period ended August 31, 2018 of Kootenay Zinc Corp. (the “Company”) which were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”). Unless otherwise noted, all currency amounts are in Canadian dollars.

This management discussion and analysis may contain forward-looking statements in respect of various matters including upcoming events and include without limitation, statements regarding discussions of the Company’s business strategy, future plans, projections, objectives, estimates and forecasts and statements as to management’s expectations with respect to, among other things, the development of the Company’s project. These forward-looking statements involve numerous risks and uncertainties and actual results may vary. Important factors that may cause actual results to vary include without limitation, certain transactions, certain approvals, changes in commodity prices, risks inherent in exploration results, timing and success, inaccurate geological and metallurgical assumptions (including with respect to the size, grade and recoverability of mineral reserves and mineral resources), delays in the receipt of government approvals, and changes in general economic conditions or conditions in the financial markets. In making the forward-looking statements in this MD&A, the Company has applied several material assumptions, including without limitation, the assumptions that: (1) any additional financing needed will be available on reasonable terms; and (2) any permits or government approvals needed will be obtained.

Additional factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements include, among other factors: (1) weak commodity prices and general metal price volatility; (2) the state of the global economy and economic and political events, including the deterioration of the global capital markets, affecting supply and demand and economic and political events affecting supply and demand; and (3) securing and the nature of regulatory permits and approvals and the costs of complying with environmental, health and safety laws and regulations.

The Company cannot assure you that any of these assumptions will prove to be correct.

The words “expect,” “anticipate,” “estimate,” “may,” “will,” “should,” “intend,” “believe,” “target,” “budget,” “plan,” “projection” and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Information concerning mineral reserve and mineral resource estimates also may be considered forward-looking statements, as such information constitutes a prediction of what mineralization might be found to be present during operations or if and when an undeveloped project is actually developed.

These factors should be considered carefully, and readers should not place undue reliance on the Company’s forward-looking statements. The Company believes that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements, including future-oriented financial information, contained in this MD&A and any documents incorporated by reference are reasonable, but no assurance can be given that these expectations will prove to be correct. In addition, although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual actions, events or results to differ materially from those described in forward-looking statements, including future-oriented financial information, there may be other factors that cause actions, events, or results not to be as anticipated, estimated, or intended. The Company undertakes no obligation to disclose publicly any future revisions to forward-looking statements, including future-oriented financial information, to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this MD&A or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events, except as expressly required by law.

Additionally, the forward-looking statements, including future-oriented financial information, contained herein are presented solely for the purpose of conveying our reasonable belief of the direction of the Company and may not be appropriate for other purposes.

The results or events predicted in these forward-looking statements may differ materially from the actual results or events. The Company disclaims any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as may be required under applicable securities laws.

DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

The Company was incorporated on March 23, 2015 pursuant to the *Business Corporations Act* (British Columbia). The shares of the Company are traded on the Canadian Securities Exchange (the “Exchange”) under the symbol “ZNK”. The address of its head office is located at Suite 800-1199 West Hastings Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6E 3T5 and its registered office is at Suite 2080-777 Hornby Street, Vancouver, BC, V6Z 1S4.

On January 30, 2018, the Company consolidated all of its issued and outstanding share capital on the basis of one post-consolidation common share for 10 pre-consolidation common shares. At the date of consolidation, the Company had 4,864,329 common shares issued and outstanding.

The Company is engaged in the business of mineral exploration and development in British Columbia and specifically in the exploration and advancement of the Sully Property. The Company is required to facilitate separate fundraising, exploration and development strategies to achieve its business objectives and it expects to commence these strategies as soon as practicable.

The Company did not meet the April 21, 2018 payment requirement. The Company determined that the carrying value of its interest in the Sully Property was impaired as no additional expenditures are planned for the property. As a result, the Company wrote-off cumulative costs incurred to date on the Sully Property of \$980,886 as an impairment loss, determined in accordance with Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

The Company is an exploration stage company with no producing properties, and consequently has no current operating cash flow or revenues. There is no assurance that a commercially viable mineral deposit exists on any of its properties. The Sully Property is currently in the exploration stage.

The Company’s continuing operations, as intended, are dependent upon its ability to complete the exploration of its exploration and evaluation assets, including obtaining the necessary financing. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to complete such activities or obtain financing to continue; therefore, a material uncertainty exists that casts significant doubt over the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern. These financial statements do not include any adjustments to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. Such adjustments could be material.

MANAGEMENT CHANGES

On January 31, 2018, David Schmidt resigned as a director and as chief executive officer. Robert Tindall was appointed as director and chief executive officer of the Company.

On November 8, 2017, Jay Sujir and Hugh Rogers resigned as directors and Von Torres was appointed as director of the Company.

OPERATIONS

Six Months Ended August 31, 2018

During the six months period ended August 31, 2018, the Company reported a net loss of \$912,324 (2017 - \$1,232,422), a decrease of \$320,098 as compared to the prior period. The decrease in net loss was significantly attributable to the decreases of the following expenses: \$78,042 (2017 - \$354,670) in advertising and promotion, \$597,913 (2017 - \$635,545) in consulting fees, \$730 (2017 - \$35,730) in office expense, \$35,940 (2017 - \$78,183) in professional fees, and \$nil (2017 - \$45,504) in share-based compensation. The following are increase in expenses that offset the decrease in net loss: \$17,526 (2017 - \$nil) in exploration expenditures, \$80,000 (2017 - \$30,000) in management fees, \$62,680 (2017 - 36,900) in rent, and \$18,389 (2017 - \$2,515) in travel expense. The decrease in the Company's loss was due to decreased corporate activity during the period as compared to the prior period.

Three Months Ended August 31, 2018

During the three months period ended August 31, 2018, the Company reported a net loss of \$197,785 (2017 - \$341,093), a decrease of \$143,308 as compared to the prior period. The decrease in net loss was significantly attributable to the decreases of the following expenses: \$145,499 (2017 - \$166,211) in consulting, expense recovery of \$6 (2017 - \$30,482 expense) in office expense, \$20,940 (2017 - \$56,685) in professional fees, \$5,340 (2017 - 25,340) in rent, \$nil (2017 - \$35,615) in share-based compensation. The following are increase in expenses that offset the decrease in net loss: \$3,372 (2017 - \$nil) in exploration expenditures, \$7,847 (2017 - \$11,620 recovery), and \$4,264 (2017 - \$2,515) in travel expense. The decrease in the Company's loss was due to decreased corporate activity during the period as compared to the prior period.

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

	Three months ended August 31, 2018	Three months ended May 31, 2018	Three months ended February 28, 2018	Three months ended November 30, 2017	Three months ended August 31, 2017	Three months ended May 31, 2017	Three months ended February 28, 2017	Three months ended November 30, 2016
Net loss	\$ 197,785	\$ 714,539	\$ 1,109,728	\$ 299,626	\$ 341,093	\$ 891,329	\$ 1,487,594	\$ 592,801
Total assets	1,128,010	1,066,047	1,890,981	2,003,649	1,614,103	1,929,613	2,834,549	677,232
Total liabilities	307,697	295,989	341,384	354,484	117,823	127,855	151,351	55,066
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.44	\$ 0.65

There are no general trends regarding the Company's quarterly results. Quarterly results may vary significantly depending mainly on the Company's current business activities or whether the Company granted any stock options. These factors may account for material variations in the Company's quarterly net losses and are not predictable. The factor which has had the most material effect on quarterly results are the granting of stock option due to the resulting share-based compensation charges which may be significant when they arise. Other factor which has a direct effect on quarterly results is the write down of exploration and evaluation assets.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

As at August 31, 2018, the Company had cash of \$782,697.

On January 30, 2018, the Company consolidated all of its issued and outstanding share capital on the basis of one post-consolidation common share for 10 pre-consolidation common shares. At the date of consolidation, the Company had 4,864,329 common shares issued and outstanding.

On October 12, 2017, the Company closed a non-brokered flow-through private placement of 1,000,000 flow-through units (the "FT Unit") at a price of \$0.50 per FT Unit for gross proceeds of \$500,000. Each FT Unit

consists of one flow-through share of the Company and one common share purchase warrant (the “Warrant”). Each whole Warrant is convertible into one common share at a price of \$1.00 per share and is exercisable for a period of one year. The Warrants were valued at \$Nil using the residual value method and no value was allocated to the flow-through premium. As at August 31, 2018, the Company had \$500,000 (February 28, 2018 - \$500,000) of flow-through expenditure commitments.

During the year ended February 28, 2018, the Company issued 8,000 common shares having a value of \$4,800 which were capitalized to exploration and evaluation assets.

On February 2, 2018, the Company closed the first tranche of a non-brokered private placement for 4,500,000 units for gross proceeds of \$1,215,000 at a price of \$0.27 per unit. Each unit consists of one common share of the company and one common share purchase warrant (a “Warrant”). Each whole Warrant is convertible into one common share at a price of \$0.36 per share and is exercisable for a period of one year. The Warrants were valued at \$Nil using the residual value method. As at August 31, 2018, subscription proceeds of \$360 (February 28, 2018 - \$248,400) remained receivable.

During the year ended February 28, 2018, the Company collected \$175,500 of proceeds for an over-subscribed private placement. This amount is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities as at February 28, 2018 and was returned during the period ended August 31, 2018.

EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

Sully Property

On September 30, 2016, the Company entered into an option agreement with Gravitass Metals Corp. (“Gravitass”) and the shareholders of Gravitass, pursuant to which the Company has the option to acquire all of the issued and outstanding shares of Gravitass, a private corporation, incorporated under the laws of British Columbia, which, pursuant to an option agreement between Gravitass and the holders of the Sully Property dated October 21, 2011 and last amended August 9, 2016, holds an exclusive option and right to acquire an 80% interest in mining claims located in the Fort Steele Mining Division in the southeast portion of the province of British Columbia.

Pursuant to the terms of the agreement, as amended on October 20, 2017, the option is exercisable by the Company by (a) issuing to the Gravitass vendors, on a pro rata basis, on or before the expiry of the option period such number of common shares of the Company equal to 35% (post-issuance) of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company, and (b) satisfying all of the outstanding obligations of Gravitass under the underlying Sully Property agreement as follows:

- Incurring expenditures on or in respect of the Sully Property, including:
 - \$1,500,000 on or before October 21, 2017 (approximately \$1,340,000 completed by Gravitass as of the date of the agreement); and
 - An additional \$1,500,000 on or before October 21, 2018.
- Making payments in the form of cash and common shares of the Company to the Sully vendors, including:
 - 8,000 common shares on or before October 21, 2017 (issued); and
 - \$200,000 on or before April 21, 2018.

In addition, upon exercising the Sully Property option, Gravitass will become a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and the Company and the Sully vendors will form an 80/20 joint venture. A 2% net smelter returns royalty will be held in favour of the Sully vendors, half of which may be purchased back by Gravitass for \$5,000,000. Pursuant to a right of first refusal purchase agreement dated August 9, 2016, the holder of the Sully Property also granted to Gravitass a right of first refusal to purchase the remaining collective 20% interest in the Sully Property or the individual 5% interest of the Sully Property from the Sully vendors after the exercise of the Sully Property option.

During the year ended February 28, 2017, the Company issued 50,000 common shares for finder fees in relation to the option agreement which were valued at \$100,000 and were capitalized to exploration and evaluation assets.

During the year ended February 28, 2018, the Company issued 8,000 common shares as payment in relation to the option agreement, which were valued at \$4,800 and were capitalized to exploration and evaluation assets.

The Company did not meet the April 21, 2018 payment requirement. The Company determined that the carrying value of its interest in the Sully Property was impaired as no additional expenditures are planned for the property. As a result, the Company wrote-off cumulative costs incurred to date on the Sully Property of \$980,886 as an impairment loss, determined in accordance with Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key management compensation

Key management personnel at the Company are the directors and officers of the Company. The remuneration of key management personnel during the periods ended August 31, 2018 and 2017 as follows:

		2018		2017
Accounting fees	\$	30,000	\$	61,000
Management fees	\$	80,000	\$	30,000
Geological consulting fees	\$	9,093	\$	50,139

At August 31, 2018, \$38,850 (February 28, 2018 - \$38,850) was included in accounts payable as owing to related parties. Amounts due to (from) related parties are unsecured, non-interest-bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company has not entered into any off-balance sheet arrangements.

COMMITMENT

The Company entered into a lease agreement for its premises for a term of three years from September 2016 to August 2019 for a monthly lease payment of \$1,780. The total lease commitment as at August 31, 2018 is as follows:

	\$
0-1 years	21,360
2-3 years	-
	21,360

SUBSEQUENT EVENT

No subsequent event.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial Assets

The Company classifies its financial assets as fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments, and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of financial assets at recognition.

Fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified as FVTPL when the financial asset is held-for-trading or it is designated as FVTPL. A financial asset is classified as FVTPL when it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near future; it is a part of an identified portfolio of financial instruments that the Company manages and has an actual pattern of short-term profit-taking or if it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument. Upon initial recognition, attributable transaction costs are recognized in profit or loss when incurred. Financial instruments at FVTPL are measured at fair value, and changes therein are recognized in profit or loss.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets or non-current assets based on their maturity date. Loans and receivables are carried at amortized cost, less any impairment.

Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are recognized on a trade-date basis and are initially measured at fair value, including transaction costs.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated as available-for-sale or not classified in any of the other financial asset categories. Changes in the fair value of available-for-sale financial assets are recognized as other comprehensive income (loss) and classified as a component of equity.

Management assesses the carrying value of available-for-sale financial assets at least annually and any impairment charges are also recognized in profit or loss. When financial assets classified as available-for-sale are sold, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognized in other comprehensive income are included in profit or loss.

Financial Liabilities

The Company classifies its financial liabilities as other financial liabilities.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are non-derivatives and are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and are subsequently stated at amortized cost. Any difference between the amounts originally received, net of transaction costs, and the redemption value is recognized in the statement of comprehensive loss over the period to maturity using the effective interest method. Other financial liabilities are classified as current or non-current based on their maturity date.

Fair Value Hierarchy

Fair value measurements of financial instruments are required to be classified using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of inputs used in making the measurements. The levels of the fair value hierarchy are defined as follows:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Inputs for assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data.

Risks and Uncertainties

The Company is engaged in the acquisition and exploration of natural resource properties, an inherently risky business, and there is no assurance that economically recoverable resources will ever be discovered and subsequently put into production. Most exploration projects do not result in the discovery of economically recoverable resources. Exploration activities require large amounts of capital. There is a risk that during the current difficult economic situation the Company will not be able to raise sufficient funds to finance its projects to a successful development and production stage.

While the Company's management and technical team carefully evaluate all potential projects prior to committing the Company's participation and funds, there is a high degree of risk that the Company's exploration efforts will not result in discovering economically recoverable resources. The Company depends on the business and technical expertise of its management team and there is little possibility that this dependence will decrease in the near term.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company classifies its financial instrument as follows:

- Cash is classified as a financial asset at FVTPL
- Accounts payable, as other financial liabilities

The carrying value of this financial asset approximates its fair value.

The Company's risk exposure and the impact on the Company's financial instrument is summarized below:

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of an unexpected loss if a customer or third party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's cash. The Company limits exposure to credit risk through maintaining its cash with high-credit quality Canadian financial institutions. The Company is not exposed to significant credit risk on receivables, as these amounts are due from government agencies. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in satisfying financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by forecasting cash flows from operations and anticipated investing and financing activities. The Company's objective in managing liquidity risk is to maintain sufficient readily available reserves in order to meet its liquidity requirements. The Company is not exposed to significant liquidity risk.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will significantly fluctuate due to changes in market prices. The value of financial instruments can be affected by changes in interest rates, foreign currency rates and other price risk. The Company is not exposed to significant market risk.

Interest rate risk

The Company is not subject to significant interest rate risk with respect to its financial instruments.

Currency risk

The Company is not exposed to significant currency risk, as the majority of financial instruments and expenditures incurred by the Company are denominated in Canadian dollars.

SHARE CAPITAL

Issued

The Company has 9,364,329 issued and outstanding as at August 31, 2018 and October 30, 2018.

Share Purchase Options

The Company has 265,000 stock options outstanding as at August 31, 2018 and October 30, 2018.

Share Purchase Warrants

The Company has 5,500,000 purchase warrants outstanding as at August 31, 2018 and 4,500,000 purchase warrant outstanding as at October 30, 2018.

Escrow Shares

The Company has 12,625 shares held in escrow as at August 31, 2018 and October 30, 2018.