CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the periods ended November 30, 2016 and 2015

Unaudited – Prepared by Management Expressed in Canadian Dollars

NOTICE TO READER

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the management and have been approved by the board of directors.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

Condensed Interim Statements of Financial Position As at November 30, 2016 (Unaudited) (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Notes	November 30, 2016	February 29, 2016
Assets			
Current Assets			
Cash		\$ 486,943	\$ 273,921
GST receivable		11,600	3,298
Prepaid expenses and deposits	5	8,689	2,935
		507,232	280,154
Non-current Assets			
Exploration and evaluation asset	8	170,000	-
Total Assets		\$ 677,232	\$ 280,154
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable		\$ 55,066	\$ 52,410
Total Liabilities		55,066	52,410
Shareholder's Equity			
Share capital	6	1,145,000	300,000
Obligation to issue shares	6	20,000	-
Contributed surplus		221,993	-
Deficit		(764,827)	(72,256)
Total Shareholder's Equity		622,166	227,744
Total Liabilities and Shareholder's Equity		\$ 677,232	\$ 280,154

Nature and Going Concern (Note 1) Subsequent Events (Note 13)

Approved and authorized by the Board on January 30, 2017

(signed) "David Schmidt"(signed) "Anthony Jackson"David SchmidtAnthony JacksonPresident, Chief Executive Officer and DirectorChief Financial Officer and Director

Condensed Interim Statements of Comprehensive Loss For the periods ended November 30, 2016 and 2015 (Unaudited) (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	ree months ended vember 30, 2016	ree months ended vember 30, 2015	ine months ended vember 30, 2016	incor	rch 23, 2015 (date of poration) to ber 30, 2015
Expenses					
Advertising and marketing	\$ 178,600	\$ -	\$ 178,600	\$	-
Bank charges	739	199	1,395		233
Consulting fees	119,860	-	194,860		-
Transfer agent fees	9,596	2,608	13,928		7,823
Meals and entertainment	-	6,732	603		6,732
Office expense	1,176	850	1,144		850
Rent	5,340	-	8,900		-
Share-based compensation (Note 6)	221,993	-	221,993		-
Professional fees (Note 9)	34,278	12,616	49,929		12,616
	(571,582)	(23,005)	(671,352)		(28,254)
Other expenses					
Exchange loss	(5,179)	-	(5,179)		-
Loss on sale of investment	(16,040)	-	(16,040)		-
	(21,219)	-	(21,219)		-
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period	(592,801)	(23,005)	(692,571)		(28,254)
Loss per share – basic and diluted	\$ (0.06)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.12)	\$	(0.01)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	9,181,929	4,029,500	5,734,485		4,029,500

Condensed Interim Statements of Changes in Shareholder's Equity For the periods ended November 30, 2016 and 2015 (Unaudited) (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

_	Capita	al Sto	ck						
_	Number of		_	Obli	igation to	Co	ontributed		
	shares		Amount	iss	ue shares		surplus	Deficit	Total
Balance at March 23, 2015 (date of incorporation)	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Share issuance per plan of arrangement (Note 6)	4,029,794		1		-		-	-	1
Transfer from Eyecarrot Innovations Corp.	-		300,000		-		-	-	300,000
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period	-		-		-		-	(28,254)	(28,254)
Balance at November 30, 2015	4,029,794	\$	300,001	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (28,254)	\$ 271,747
Balance at February 29, 2016	4,029,794	\$	300,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (72,256)	\$ 227,744
Shares issued from private placement	17,533,500		876,675		-		-	-	876,675
Share issued for services	500,000		25,000		-		-	-	25,000
Obligation to issue shares	-		-		20,000		-	-	20,000
Share issuance costs	-		(51,675)		-		-	-	(51,675)
Subscription receivable	-		(5,000)		-		-	-	(5,000)
Share-based compensation	-		-		-		221,993	-	221,993
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period	-		-		-		-	(692,571)	(692,571)
Balance at November 30, 2016	22,063,294	\$	1,145,000	\$	20,000	\$	221,993	\$ (764,827)	\$ 622,166

The accompanying notes are an intergral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

Condensed Interim Statements of Cash Flow For the periods ended November 30, 2016 and 2015 (Unaudited) (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

		Three months ended November 30, 2016		ended ended November 30, November 30,		Nine months ended November 30, 2016		March 23, 2015 (date of incorporation) to November 30, 2015	
Operating activities									
Net loss	\$	(592,801)	\$	(23,005)	\$	(692,571)	\$	(28,254)	
Items not involving cash									
Share-based compensation		221,993		-		221,993		-	
Changes in non-cash working capital items:									
GST receivable		(3,117)		(757)		(8,302)		(872)	
Prepaid expenses and deposit		18,091		-		(5,754)		-	
Accounts payable		9,937		16,832		2,656		19,660	
Due to related party		-		-		-		300,000	
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities		(345,897)		(6,931)		(481,978)		290,534	
Investing activities Exploration and evaluation expenditures		(170,000)		-		(170,000)		-	
Net cash used in investing activities		(170,000)				(170,000)		-	
Financing activities									
Proceeds from share issuance		845,000		-		845,000		1	
Obligation to issue shares		20,0000		-		20,0000		-	
Net cash flows from financing		0.57.000				0.57.000			
activities		865,000		-		865,000		1	
Change in cash for the period Cash, beginning of period		349,103 137,840		(6,931) 297,466		213,022 273,921		290,535	
Cash, end of period	\$	486,943	\$	290,535	\$	486,943	\$	290,535	

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the periods ended November 30, 2016 and 2015 (Unaudited) (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

1. NATURE AND GOING CONCERN

Kootenay Zinc Corp. (formerly Oceanside Capital Corp.) (the "Company" or "Kootenay") was incorporated on March 23, 2015 pursuant to the Business Corporations Act (British Columbia). The shares of the Company are traded on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE") under the symbol "ZNK". The address of its head office is located at Suite 800 - 1199 West Hastings Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6E 3T5 and its registered office is at Suite 2080 - 777 Hornby Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6Z 1S4.

On October 4, 2016, the Company has changed its name to Kootenay Zinc Corp. and completed a share consolidation of its issued and outstanding common shares on a two (2) old to one (1) new basis. No fractional common shares will be issued pursuant to the Consolidation. As a result of the consolidation, the outstanding common shares of the Company were reduced to approximately 4,029,500 (Note 6).

The Company is engaged in the business of mineral exploration and development in British Columbia and specifically in the exploration and advancement of the Sully Property (the "Property"). The Company is required to facilitate separate fundraising, exploration and development strategies to achieve its business objectives and it expects to commence these strategies as soon as practicable.

The Company is an exploration stage Company with no producing properties, and consequently has no current operating cash flow or revenues. There is no assurance that a commercially viable mineral deposit exists on any of its properties. The Property is currently in the exploration stage.

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") with the assumption that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

The Company's continuing operations, as intended, are dependent upon its ability to complete the exploration of its mineral properties, including obtaining the necessary financing. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to complete such activities or obtain financing to continue; therefore, a material uncertainty exists that casts significant doubt over the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

(a) Statement of compliance

These condensed interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with IFRS, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). Therefore, these financial statements comply with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34 "Interim Financial Reporting".

These condensed interim financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is also the Company's functional currency unless otherwise indicated.

(b) Approval of the financial statements

The financial statements of the Company were approved by the directors and authorized for issue on January 30, 2017.

(c) Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the periods ended November 30, 2016 and 2015 (Unaudited) (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

(c) Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions (Continued)

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions (Continued)

assets and liabilities at the date of the statement of financial position, and the reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Actual outcomes could differ from these estimates.

These financial statements include estimates, which, by their nature, are uncertain. The impacts of such estimates appear throughout the financial statements and may require adjustments based on future occurrences.

Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. These estimates are based on historical experience, current and future economic conditions, and other relevant factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

There were no significant assumptions about the future and other sources of estimation uncertainty that management has made at the statement of financial position reporting date, which could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities.

Critical accounting judgment

Critical judgment exercised in applying accounting policies that has the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements is as follows:

Going concern

The assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and to raise sufficient funds to pay its ongoing operating expenditures and meet its liabilities for the ensuing year involves significant judgment based on historical experience and other factors, including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Financial instruments

(i) Financial assets

The Company classifies its financial assets as fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"). The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of financial assets at recognition.

Fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified as FVTPL when the financial asset is held-for-trading or it is designated as FVTPL. A financial asset is classified as FVTPL when it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near future; it is a part of an identified portfolio of financial instruments that the Company manages and has an actual pattern of short-term profit-taking or if it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument. Upon initial recognition, attributable transaction costs are recognized in profit or loss when incurred. Financial instruments at FVTPL are measured at fair value, and changes therein are recognized in profit or loss.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the periods ended November 30, 2016 and 2015 (Unaudited) (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(a) Financial instruments (Continued)

(i) Financial assets (Continued)

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets or non-current assets based on their maturity date. Loans and receivables are carried at amortized cost, less any impairment.

Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are recognized on a trade-date basis and are initially measured at fair value, including transaction costs.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated as available-for-sale or not classified in any of the other financial asset categories. Changes in the fair value of available-for-sale financial assets are recognized as other comprehensive income (loss) and classified as a component of equity.

Management assesses the carrying value of available-for-sale financial assets at least annually and any impairment charges are also recognized in profit or loss. When financial assets classified as available-for-sale are sold, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognized in other comprehensive income are included in profit and loss.

(ii) Financial liabilities

The Company classifies its financial liabilities as other financial liabilities.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are non-derivatives and are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and are subsequently stated at amortized cost. Any difference between the amounts originally received, net of transaction costs, and the redemption value is recognized in the statement of comprehensive loss over the period to maturity using the effective interest method. Other financial liabilities are classified as current or non-current based on their maturity date.

(iii)Fair value hierarchy

Fair value measurements of financial instruments are required to be classified using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of inputs used in making the measurements. The levels of the fair value hierarchy are defined as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 Inputs for assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the periods ended November 30, 2016 and 2015 (Unaudited) (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(b) Capital stock

Financial instruments issued by the Company are classified as equity only to the extent that they do not meet the definition of a financial liability or financial asset. The Company's common shares are classified as equity instruments.

(c) Income tax

(i) Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current period are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date, in the countries where the Company operates and generates taxable income.

Current income tax relating to items recognized directly in other comprehensive income (loss) or equity is recognized in other comprehensive income (loss) or equity and not in profit or loss. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

(ii) Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided using the statement of financial position method on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized only to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

(d) Exploration and evaluation expenditures

Exploration and evaluation expenditures include the costs of acquiring licenses, costs associated with exploration and evaluation activity, and the fair value (at acquisition date) of exploration and evaluation assets acquired in a business combination. Exploration and evaluation expenditures are capitalized. Costs incurred before the Company has obtained the legal rights to explore an area are recognized in profit or loss.

Government tax credits received are recorded as a reduction to the cumulative costs incurred and capitalized on the related property.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the periods ended November 30, 2016 and 2015 (Unaudited) (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(d) Exploration and evaluation expenditures (Continued)

Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment if (i) sufficient data exists to determine technical feasibility and commercial viability, or (ii) facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount.

Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of the extraction of mineral resources in an area of interest are demonstrable, exploration and evaluation assets attributable to that area of interest are first tested for impairment and then reclassified to mining property and development assets within property, plant and equipment.

Recoverability of the carrying amount of any exploration and evaluation assets is dependent on successful development and commercial exploitation, or alternatively, sale of the respective areas of interest.

(e) Loss per share

Basic loss per share is computed by dividing the net loss available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the reporting period. Diluted loss per share is computed using the treasury stock method, under which the weighted average number of shares outstanding is increased to include additional shares for the assumed exercise of stock options and warrants, if dilutive. The number of additional shares is calculated by assuming that outstanding stock options and warrants are exercised.

Shares held in escrow, other than where their release is subject to the passage of time, are not included in the calculation of the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. The Company has 631,249 shares held in escrow as at the end of the reporting period.

(f) New accounting pronouncement

The following new standard has been issued by the IASB, but is not yet effective:

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

IFRS 9 is part of the IASB's wider project to replace IAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*. IFRS 9 retains, but simplifies, the mixed measurement model and establishes two primary measurement categories for financial assets: amortized cost and fair value. The basis of classification depends on the entity's business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. The adoption date of this standard is January 1, 2018. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact of the new standard.

4. RISK MANAGEMENT AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company classifies its financial instrument as follows:

- o Cash is classified as a financial asset at FVTPL
- o Accounts payable, as other financial liabilities

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the periods ended November 30, 2016 and 2015 (Unaudited) (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

4. RISK MANAGEMENT AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

The Company's risk exposure and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of an unexpected loss if a customer or third party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's cash.

The Company limits exposure to credit risk through maintaining its cash with high-credit quality Canadian financial institutions. The Company is not exposed to significant credit risk on receivables, as these amounts are due from government agencies. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in satisfying financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by forecasting cash flows from operations and anticipated investing and financing activities. The Company's objective in managing liquidity risk is to maintain sufficient readily available reserves in order to meet its liquidity requirements. The Company is not exposed to significant liquidity risk. All of the Company's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of less than 90 days.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will significantly fluctuate due to changes in market prices. The value of financial instruments can be affected by changes in interest rates, foreign currency rates and other price risk. The Company is not exposed to significant market risk.

5. PREPAID EXPENSES

	November 30,	February 29,			
	2016	2016			
Insurance	\$ -	\$ 2,935			
Legal retainer	6,909	-			
Rent	1,780	-			
Total	\$ 8,689	\$ 2,935			

6. CAPITAL STOCK

(a) Authorized

Unlimited number of common shares without par value

(b) Issued and outstanding

On March 23, 2015, the date of incorporation, the Company issued one common share at a price of \$1, which was subsequently redeemed. Pursuant to the plan of arrangement, effective May 1, 2015, the Company issued 24,178,800 common shares.

On September 9, 2015, the Company consolidated the issued and outstanding common shares on the basis of a one (1) post-consolidated common share for each three (3) pre-consolidation common shares (the "Consolidation").

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the periods ended November 30, 2016 and 2015 (Unaudited) (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

6. CAPITAL STOCK (CONTINUED)

(b) Issued and outstanding (Continued)

On October 4, 2016, the Company consolidated the issued and outstanding common shares on the basis of a one post-consolidated common share for each two pre-consolidation common shares (the "Consolidation"). Post-consolidation, the Company had approximately 4,029,500 common shares issued and outstanding.

On November 4, 2016, the Company has closed the previously announced non-brokered private placement. Pursuant to the private placement, the Company sold an oversubscribed amount of 16.5 million common shares of the Company at a price of five cents per placement share for gross proceeds of \$825,000. Pursuant to a finder's fee agreement between the Company and Canaccord Genuity Corp., in connection with the private placement, Canaccord will received 533,500 common shares of the Company. In addition, pursuant to an advisory agreement between the Company and Canaccord, the Company issued 500,000 common shares to Canaccord.

During the period ended November 30, 2016, the Company received shares subscriptions of \$20,000 for a Private Placement closed subsequent to period end (Note 13).

(c) Stock options

The Company adopted an incentive stock option plan, which provides that the Board of Directors of the Company may from time to time, in its discretion, and in accordance with the Exchange requirements, grant to directors, officers, and technical consultants to the Company, nontransferable options to purchase common shares, provided that the number of common shares reserved for issuance will not exceed 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company. Such options will be exercisable for a period of up to 2 years from the date of grant, and must comply with the rules of the Exchange.

During the period ended November 30, 2016, the Company granted 1,225,000 stock options to officers, directors and consultants in accordance with the policies of the exchange. The stock options are exercisable at a price of \$0.20 per share and expire 2 years from the date of grant.

The fair value of the stock options was estimated to be \$221,993. The fair value of the stock options was determined using the Black-Scholes pricing model and the following assumptions: share price of \$0.20, estimated volatility ranging from 289.25% to 358.75%, expected life of 2 years and risk free interest rate ranging from 0.55% to 0.67%. The estimated volatility used in valuating options is based on volatility observed in historical periods. The weighted average fair value per option at the grant date was \$0.20.

As at November 30, 2016, the Company had options outstanding enabling holders to acquire the following:

			Weighted-	Weighted-Average
	Options		Average	Remaining Contractual
	Outstanding	Exe	ercise Price	Life (years)
Balance, February 29, 2016	-	\$	-	-
Options granted	1,225,000		0.20	1.94
Balance, November 30, 2016	1,225,000	\$	0.20	1.94

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the periods ended November 30, 2016 and 2015 (Unaudited) (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

6. CAPITAL STOCK (CONTINUED)

(c) Stock options (Continued)

Details of stock options outstanding at November 30, 2016 are as follows:

Number of	Re	maining Contractual	
Stock Options	Exercise Price	Life (years)	Expiry Date
1,000,000	\$ 0.20	1.93	November 8, 2018
200,000	0.20	1.95	November 15, 2018
25,000	0.20	1.98	November 26, 2018
1,225,000	\$ 0.20	1.94	

7. ARRANGEMENT AGREEMENT

On March 24, 2015, the Company entered into an arrangement agreement with Eyecarrot, whereby the Company and Eyecarrot completed a reorganization pursuant to a plan of arrangement (the "Arrangement"). The Arrangement was approved by the shareholders of Eyecarrot and the TSX Venture Exchange effective May 1, 2015, and following the Arrangement, the Company became a reporting issuer in the provinces of British Columbia and Alberta.

Pursuant to the Plan of Arrangement, the following share reorganization was completed:

- (a) each shareholder of Eyecarrot exchanged each of its common shares for one new common share and one reorganization share of Eyecarrot;
- (b) all reorganization shares of Eyecarrot were transferred by shareholders of the Company in exchange for common shares of the Company on a one-for-one basis; and
- (c) Eyecarrot redeemed all of the reorganization shares and satisfied the redemption amount by the transfer to the Company of its interest in the Murray Ridge Property, of which had \$nil value at the date of transaction, subject to its obligations under royalty terms, and \$300,000 in cash.

8. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

Murray Ridge Property

The Company has a 100% interest in the Property in the Omineca Mining Division in central British Columbia. (Note 7). Upon commencement of any commercial production on the Property, 0860208 B.C. Ltd., the original owner of the Property, will have a 1% net smelter royalty on the Property.

During the year the Company let the Murray Ridge claims lapse and no longer owns the Murray Ridge Property.

Sully Property

On September 30, 2016, the Company has entered into an option agreement with Gravitas Metals Corp. and the shareholders of Gravitas, pursuant to which the Company has the option to acquire all of the issued and outstanding shares of Gravitas, a private corporation, incorporated under the laws of British Columbia, which, pursuant to an option agreement between Gravitas and the holders of the Sully property dated Oct. 21, 2011, as

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the periods ended November 30, 2016 and 2015 (Unaudited) (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

8. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Sully Property (continued)

amended, holds an exclusive option and right to acquire an 80-per-cent interest in mining claims located in the Fort Steele mining division in the southeast portion of the province of British Columbia.

Highlights of the proposed acquisition

Pursuant to the terms of the agreement, the option is exercisable by the Company by (a) issuing to the Gravitas vendors, on a pro rata basis, such number of common shares of the Company equal to 35 per cent (post-issuance) of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company, and (b) satisfying all of the outstanding obligations of Gravitas under the underlying Sully property agreement as follows:

- Incurring expenditures on or in respect of the Sully property, including:
 - o \$1.5-million on or before Oct. 21, 2017 (approximately \$1.34-million completed as of the date of the agreement);
 - o An additional \$1.5-million on or before Oct. 21, 2018;
- Making payments in the form of cash, common shares of the company, certified cheque or wire transfer to the Sully vendors, including:
 - o \$200,000 on or before Oct. 21, 2017;
 - o \$400,000 on or before Oct. 21, 2018;
 - o \$800,000 on or before Oct. 21, 2019.

In addition, upon exercising the Sully property option, Gravitas and the Sully vendors will form an 80/20 joint venture. A 2-per-cent net smelter returns royalty will be held in favour of the Sully vendors, half of which may be purchased back by Gravitas for \$5-million. Pursuant to a right of first refusal purchase agreement dated Aug. 9, 2016, the Sully vendors also granted to Gravitas a right of first refusal to purchase the remaining collective 20-per-cent interest in the Sully property or the individual 5-per-cent interest of the Sully property from the Sully vendors after the exercise of the Sully property option.

As of November 30, 2016, the exploration expenditures incurred by the Company was as follows:

	E	Exploration
	Ex	penditures
Balance, February 29, 2016	\$	-
Geophysics		70,000
Drilling		100,000
Balance, November 30, 2016	\$	170,000

9. RELATED PATY TRANSACTIONS

During the nine months ended November 30, 2016, the Company incurred \$18,000 professional fees to a company controlled by a director of the Company. At November 30, 2016, \$3,150 was included in accounts payable as owing to related party.

Amounts due to/from related parties are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the periods ended November 30, 2016 and 2015 (Unaudited) (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

10. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's primary source of funds comes from the issuance of capital stock. The Company does not use other sources of financing that require fixed payments of interest and principal due to lack of cash flow from current operations, and is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

11. SEGMENTED REPORTING

The Company defines its capital as shareholders' equity. Capital requirements are driven by the Company's general operations. To effectively manage the Company's capital requirements, the Company monitors expenses and overhead to ensure costs and commitments are being paid.

The Company has one operating segment, the exploration and development of mineral properties, with all assets located in Canada.

12. COMMITMENT

The Company entered into a lease agreement for its premise for a term of three years from September 2016 to August 2019 for a monthly lease payment of \$1,800. The total lease commitment as at November 30, 2016 is as follows:

	\$
0-1 years	21,600
2-3 years	43,200
	64,800

13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On December 28, 2016, the Company announced that, further to its December 14, 2016 and December 19, 2016 news releases, it has closed a non-brokered private placement of 16,500,000 units (the "Units") at a price of \$0.20 per Unit for aggregate gross proceeds of \$3,300,000 (the "Private Placement").

Each Unit consists of one common share of the Company (a "Share") and one-half of one transferrable common share purchase warrant (a "Warrant"). Each full Warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional Share (a "Warrant Share") at a price of \$0.30 per Warrant Share for a period of twelve (12) months from the date of issuance. The Warrants are subject to an acceleration clause whereby if the Shares trade equal to or greater than \$0.50 for a period of twenty (20) consecutive trading days, then the Company may, at its discretion, give notice to the holders of the Warrants that the expiry time of the Warrants has been accelerated and the Warrants will expire on a date that is not less than fifteen (15) days after notice is given.

In connection with the Private Placement, the Company has paid broker's fees to certain brokers in the amount of 8% of gross proceeds raised and common share purchase warrants entitling the brokers to purchase common shares of the Company up to 8% of the number of Units sold in the Private Placement, having the same terms as the Warrants.

The Company also announced that it has granted a total of 1,225,000 incentive stock options to certain of its directors, officers and consultants pursuant to the Company's 10-per-cent incentive stock option plan. All of the options vest on the date of grant and are exercisable for a two-year period at a price of 50 cents per share.