

DEEPROCK MINERALS INC.

Condensed Interim Financial Statements

For the Six Months Ended May 31, 2024 and 2023

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under National Instrument 51-102, if an auditor has not performed a review of the condensed interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the condensed interim financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor. The accompanying unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management. The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these condensed interim financial statements

DEEPROCK MINERALS INC.
Condensed Interim Statements of Financial Position
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	May 31, 2024 \$	November 30, 2023 \$
Assets		
Current		
Cash	632	15,637
Sundry taxes receivable	3,093	22,251
Total Current Assets	3,725	37,888
Net profit-sharing investment (Note 3)	122,000	—
Exploration and evaluation assets (Note 4)	366,000	366,000
Total Assets	491,725	403,888
Liabilities		
Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	225,888	290,278
Loan payable (Note 5)	8,650	8,650
Advances from related parties (Note 9)	228,167	84,403
Total Liabilities	462,705	383,331
Shareholders' Equity		
Share capital (Note 6)	4,258,805	4,258,805
Share-based payment reserve (Note 8)	715,381	715,381
Share subscriptions received (Note 6)	135,000	—
Accumulated deficit	(5,080,166)	(4,953,629)
Total Shareholders' Equity	29,020	20,557
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	491,725	478,518

Nature and Continuing Operations (Note 1)
Commitments (Note 4)
Subsequent events (Note 13)

Approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on July 26, 2024:

“Andrew Lee”
Andrew Lee, Director

“Tom Christoff”
Tom Christoff, Director

DEEPROCK MINERALS INC.
Condensed Interim Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	<i>For the three months ended</i>		<i>For the six months ended</i>	
	<i>May 31,</i>		<i>May 31,</i>	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Expenses				
Consulting fees	4,184	(7,500)	4,184	—
Exploration expenditures (Note 4)	—	4,620	—	6,294
Investor relations	35,456	15,000	35,456	30,500
Management fees (Note 9)	27,000	27,000	54,000	54,000
Office and miscellaneous	646	384	703	771
Professional fees	10,471	6,977	14,471	10,077
Rent	3,000	3,000	6,000	6,000
Transfer agent and filing fees	7,978	5,823	11,079	8,073
Travel	644	—	644	—
Total expenses	89,379	55,304	126,537	115,715
Net loss and comprehensive loss	(89,379)	(55,304)	(126,537)	(115,715)
Basic and diluted net loss				
per common share	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)
Weighted average number of				
Common shares outstanding	89,340,580	89,340,580	89,340,580	86,711,459

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements)

DEEPROCK MINERALS INC.**Condensed Interim Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (Deficit)**

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Number of Shares #	Share Capital \$	Share - based payment reserve \$	Share Subscriptions Received (Receivable) \$	Deficit \$	Total Shareholders' Equity \$
Balance, November 30, 2022	77,130,580	3,809,492	578,194	528,000	(4,765,259)	150,427
Shares issued for cash	12,210,000	610,500	—	(528,000)	—	82,500
Cash paid for financing services		(24,000)	—	—	—	(24,000)
Net loss for the period	—	—	—	—	(115,715)	(115,715)
Balance, May 31, 2023	89,340,580	4,395,992	578,194	—	(4,880,974)	93,212
Balance, November 30, 2023	89,340,580	4,258,805	715,381	—	(4,953,629)	20,557
Share subscriptions received	—	—	—	135,000	—	135,000
Net loss for the period	—	—	—	—	(126,537)	(126,537)
Balance, May 31, 2024	89,340,580	4,258,805	715,381	135,000	(5,080,166)	29,020

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements)

DEEPROCK MINERALS INC.
Condensed Interim Statements of Cash Flows
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	For the six months ended May 31,	
	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Operating activities		
Net loss	(126,537)	(115,715)
Change in non-cash working capital components:		
Sundry taxes receivable	19,158	(1,461)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	18,610	(38,405)
Advances from related parties	60,764	49,636
Net cash used in operating activities	(28,005)	(105,945)
Investing activities:		
Net profit-sharing investment	(122,000)	—
Exploration and evaluation asset costs	—	(30,000)
Net cash used in investing activities	(122,000)	(30,000)
Financing activities		
Share subscriptions received	135,000	—
Proceeds from issuance of shares, net of financing costs	—	48,500
Net cash provided by financing activities	135,000	48,500
Change in cash	(15,005)	(87,445)
Cash, beginning of the period	15,637	97,074
Cash, end of the period	632	9,629

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements)

1. Nature of Business and Continuing Operations

1020647 B.C. Ltd. (the “Company” or “DeepRock”) was incorporated on December 1, 2014 in the province of British Columbia pursuant to the British Columbia Business Corporations Act. On March 6, 2017, the Company changed its name to DeepRock Minerals Inc. On November 14, 2018, the Company completed its initial public offering and commenced trading on the Canadian Securities Exchange on November 16, 2018 under the symbol “DEEP”. The Company is a mineral exploration and development company. The head office and principal office of the Company is located at Suite 1518, 800 West Pender Street; Vancouver, BC V6C 2V6.

These financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. Since inception the Company has not generated any revenues from its primary business and during the period ended May 31, 2024, has incurred negative cash flow of \$38,005 from operations. As at May 31, 2024, the Company has a working capital deficit of \$458,980 and an accumulated deficit of \$5,080,166. The Company’s ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to generate and maintain future profitable operations or obtain the necessary financing to meet its obligations and repay its liabilities arising from normal business operations when they come due. Management is of the opinion that sufficient working capital will be obtained from external financing to meet the Company’s liabilities and commitments as they become due, although there is a risk that additional financing will not be available on a timely basis or on terms acceptable to the Company. These factors indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. These financial statements do not reflect any adjustments that may be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Statement of compliance and basis of presentation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (“IFRIC”) applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including the International Accounting Standard (“IAS”) 34 – Interim Financial Reporting. The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis. The financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Company’s functional. These financial statements were approved and authorized for issuance by the Company’s Board of Directors on July 26, 2024.

(b) Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make certain estimates, judgments, and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. These financial statements include estimates which, by their nature, are uncertain. The impacts of such estimates are pervasive throughout the financial statements and may require accounting adjustments based on future occurrences. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and future periods if the revision affects both current and future years. These estimates are based on historical experience, current and future economic conditions, and expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual outcomes could differ from these estimates.

Significant areas requiring the use of estimates include the recoverability of exploration and evaluation assets, fair value of share-based payments, and unrecognized deferred income tax assets.

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(b) Use of estimates and judgments (continued)

The Company's assessment of whether the going concern assumption is appropriate requires management to evaluate all available information about the future, which is at least, but not limited to 12 months from the end of the reporting period. The Company is aware that material uncertainties related to events or conditions may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The application of the Company's accounting policy for exploration and evaluation assets requires judgment in determining whether it is likely that future economic benefits are likely either from future exploitation or sale or where activities have not reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence of reserves. The deferral policy requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions about future events or circumstances, whether an economically viable extraction operation can be established. Estimates and assumptions made may change if new information becomes available.

(c) Exploration and evaluation expenditures

The Company records its interests in mineral properties and areas of geological interest at cost. All direct and indirect costs related to the acquisition of these interests are capitalized on the basis of specific claim blocks or areas of geological interest until the properties to which they relate are placed into production, sold, or management has determined there to be an impairment in value. These costs will be depleted using the unit-of-production method based on the estimated proven and probable reserves available on the related property following commencement of production.

The amounts shown for mineral properties represent costs, net of write-offs, option proceeds and recoveries, and do not necessarily reflect present or future value. Recoverability of these amounts will depend upon the existence of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain financing necessary to complete development, and future profitable production. The Company reviews the carrying values of mineral properties when there are any events or change in circumstances that may indicate impairment. Where estimates of future cash flows are available, an impairment charge is recorded if the estimated undiscounted future net cash flows expected to be generated by the property is less than the carrying amount. An impairment charge is recognized by the amount by which the carrying amount of the property exceeds the fair value of the property exceeds the fair value of the property.

(d) Mineral exploration and development costs

Exploration costs are charged to operations as incurred. When it has been established that a mineral deposit is commercially mineable and a decision has been made to formulate a mining plan (which occurs upon completion of a positive economic analysis of the mineral deposit), the costs subsequently incurred to develop the mine on the property prior to the start of the mining operations are capitalized.

(e) Other Material Accounting Policy Disclosure Information

Other material accounting policies for the periods are consistent with those disclosed in the audited annual financial statements of the Company for the year ended November 30, 2023. The accompanying unaudited financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited annual financial statements for the year ended November 30, 2023.

(f) Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Company has reviewed the impact of new and amended standards that are effective for annual periods beginning on or after June 1, 2024. It does not expect the impact on the financial statements to be material, although additional disclosure may be required.

DEEPROCK MINERALS INC.
Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements
Six months ended May 31, 2024
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

3. Net profit-sharing investment

On March 20, 2024, the Company signed an agreement with Allied Critical Metals Corp. (“ACM”) to acquire a 10% net profit stream of the Vila Verde Tungsten Tin Project (“Vila Verde”) in Portugal, a test plant that processes stockpiled tungsten mineralized material, for a period of ten years. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company’s revenues from the project be the greater of: (i) 10% of net profits of the project; or (ii) \$500,000 per year, commencing when the test plan is operating at an optimal level.

As consideration for the 10% net profit stream, the Company is to pay \$1,000,000 to ACM by April 30, 2024, of which \$200,000 is due on or before March 31, 2024. As the Company failed to make the payment within the deadline, ACM has a right to convert any of the amounts paid by the Company into common shares of ACM at a conversion price of \$0.10 per share. The agreement is subject to applicable securities laws and the policies of the Canadian Stock Exchange.

As at May 31, 2024, the Company had made cash payments of \$122,000 towards the investment.

4. Exploration and Evaluation Assets

	Ralleau Property \$	Golden Gate Property \$	Lugar Property \$	Esperança Property \$	Total \$
Acquisition costs:					
Balance, November 30, 2022	187,000	129,000	15,000	-	331,000
Additions	-	-	-	55,000	55,000
Impairment	(20,000)	-	-	-	(20,000)
Balance, November 30, 2023 and May 31, 2024	167,000	129,000	15,000	55,000	366,000

Exploration expenditures

	Ralleau Property \$	Golden Gate and Lugar Property \$	Esperança Property \$	Total \$
Balance, November 30, 2022	392,399	261,381	-	653,780
Licenses	960	5,334	3,300	9,594
Balance, November 30, 2023 and May 31, 2024	393,359	266,715	3,300	663,374

Ralleau Property

On April 5, 2017 (as amended on March 15, 2018, June 30, 2018, April 20, 2020, and March 12, 2021), the Company entered into an option agreement with Madoro Metals Corp (formerly Megastar Development Corp.) (“Madoro”), whereby Madoro granted the Company the right to acquire a 50% interest in and to the Ralleau Property located in the Quevillon area of Quebec. On April 20, 2020, the agreement was amended to defer the \$75,000 payment due on April 5, 2020 to December 31, 2020. As compensation for the extension, the Company issued 300,000 common shares to Madoro.

In order to acquire the 50% interest in the Ralleau Property, the Company is required to pay \$75,000 and issue 1,700,000 common shares of the Company as follows:

- \$5,000 on or before the execution of this agreement (paid);

4. Exploration and Evaluation Assets (continued)

Ralleau Property (continued)

- \$5,000 and issue 600,000 common shares on the earlier of the exchange listing date or August 31, 2018 (paid and issued);
- \$5,000 and issue 200,000 common shares on or before April 5, 2018 (paid and issued);
- \$10,000 and issue 400,000 common shares on or before April 5, 2019 (paid and issued);
- Issue 500,000 common shares on or before April 23, 2020 (issued); and
- \$50,000 on or before March 31, 2021 (paid).

In addition, the Company is required to incur a minimum of \$250,000 of exploration expenditures on the Ralleau Property as follows:

- \$40,000 on or before May 30, 2017 (incurred);
- \$15,000 on or before July 31, 2017 (incurred);
- \$25,000 on or before October 31, 2018 (incurred);
- \$50,000 on or before April 5, 2019 (incurred);
- and \$120,000 on or before April 5, 2020 (incurred).

During the 2023 fiscal year, 6 claims were dropped from the original 59 claims staked. The Company recorded an impairment loss of \$20,000 as a result of the decrease in the number of claims and area held by the Company.

Golden Gate Property

On June 24, 2019, the Company entered into an option agreement with George Willett (“Optionor”) to acquire a 100% interest in 13 mineral claims situated in Gloucester County, Bathurst Mining Division, New Brunswick (the “Golden Gate Property”). In order to acquire the 100% interest, the Company is required to pay \$170,000, issue 200,000 common shares of the Company, and incur \$220,000 in exploration expenditures as follows:

Cash and share payments:

- Issue 200,000 common shares within 15 days of the approval of the agreement (issued);
- Pay \$30,000 on or before August 22, 2020 (paid);
- Pay \$40,000 on or before August 22, 2021 (paid);
- Pay \$50,000 on or before August 22, 2022 (paid); and
- Pay \$50,000 on or before August 22, 2023.

As at May 31, 2024, the Company owes \$50,000 with respect to the final option payment and is currently in discussions with the optionor with respect to the outstanding option payment.

At the Company’s discretion, 50% of the cash payments can be paid out in shares based on the average share price of the last 10 trading days prior to the day the payment is made.

Exploration work commitment schedule:

- \$40,000 in accumulated exploration expenditure on or before August 22, 2020 (incurred);
- \$90,000 in accumulated exploration expenditure on or before August 22, 2021 (incurred);
- \$150,000 in accumulated exploration expenditure on or before August 22, 2022; (incurred) and
- \$220,000 in accumulated exploration expenditure on or before August 22, 2023.

On December 22, 2020, the Company and the Optionor agreed to restructure the payment originally due on August 22, 2020 for \$33,000, of which \$11,000 was due prior to December 31, 2020 (paid), \$11,000 was due on or before January 31, 2021 (paid), and \$11,000 was due on or before March 1, 2021 (paid).

On April 17, 2024, an agreement was amended whereby the Company will achieve full earn-in-status by making a cash payment of \$50,000 and issuing 500,000 shares to the optioner.

The option agreement is subject to a 2% net smelter return (“NSR”) royalty on the property,

4. Exploration and Evaluation Assets (continued)

Lugar Property

On July 22, 2021, the Company entered into an option agreement with Gerard Roy and Rose Hannan to acquire a 100% interest in the Lugar Property, a mineral claim package comprising 112 contiguous claim blocks that adjoin and surround the northern border of the Company's Golden Gate Project.

The Company's option to acquire a 100% right, title and ownership interest in the Property over a 4-year period consist of cash payments of \$120,000, and minimum accumulative expenditures of \$225,000 in exploration work in accordance with the following schedule:

- Pay \$5,000 within 5 days of the agreement's execution date (paid);
- Pay \$10,000 (paid) and incur minimum expenditures of \$25,000 by the first anniversary (incurred);
- Pay \$25,000 and incur minimum expenditures of \$25,000 by the second anniversary;
- Pay \$35,000 and incur minimum expenditures of \$75,000 by the third anniversary; and
- Pay \$45,000 and incur minimum expenditures of \$100,000 by the fourth anniversary.

On April 17, 2024, an agreement was reached whereby the Company will acquire 100% interest in the property through a cash payment of \$105,000 and the issuance of 1,000,000 shares to the Lugar Optionor ("Lugar Optionor"), with no further exploration expenditure requirements. The Lugar Optionor will also retain a 1.25% NSR royalty on the property

Esperança Property

On February 9, 2023, the Company entered into an option agreement with BHBC Exploração Mineral Ltda. and RTB Geologia E Mineração Ltda to acquire a 100% interest in the Esperança Property, 2,969.15-hectare mineral claim package comprising 1.5 contiguous claim blocks in Brazil's Minas Gerais State, a mining-friendly jurisdiction located approximately 40 kms west of Sigma Lithium's Grota do Cirilo property, the largest lithium hard rock deposit in the Americas.

The Company's option to acquire a 100% right, title and ownership interest in the Property over 3 option periods consist of cash payments of \$100,000, issuing 200,000 common shares of the Company, and minimum accumulative expenditures of \$200,000 in exploration work in accordance with the following schedule:

- Pay \$25,000 within 5 days of the agreement's execution date (paid);
- Issue 100,000 shares within 5 days of the agreement's execution date (not issued –waiting for the vendor on how to register the shares);
- \$100,000 in exploration expenditures before September 20, 2023, revised to September 20, 2024;
- Pay \$25,000 (paid) and issue 100,000 shares due October 1, 2023 (not issued – waiting for the vendor on how to register the shares);
- Pay \$25,000 (paid) and issue 100,000 shares due October 1, 2023 (not issued – waiting for the vendor on how to register the shares);
- \$100,000 in additional exploration expenditures before September 20, 2024; and
- Pay \$50,000 before September 20, 2025.

The vendor retains a 1.25% NSR royalty on the property

A finder's fee of \$5,000 was paid was paid to a third party at the outset.

5. Loan Payable

As at May 31, 2023, the Company owes \$8,650 (2020 - \$8,650) to a non-related party. The loan is non-interest bearing, unsecured, and due on demand.

6. Share Capital

Authorized: unlimited common shares without par value.

No shares were issued during the six months ended May 31, 2024.

DEEPROCK MINERALS INC.
Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements
Six months ended May 31, 2024
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

6. Share Capital (continued)

On March 20, 2024, the Company announced its intention to complete a non-brokered private placement of up to 25,000,000 units at \$0.02 per unit for proceeds of \$500,000. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one-half of one share purchase warrant, where each full share purchase warrant is exercisable into an additional common share at \$0.06 per share for a period of two years from the date of issuance. As at May 31, 2024, the Company received subscriptions commitments of 6,750,000 units, for gross proceeds of \$135,000.

Shares issued during the six months ended May 31, 2023:

On January 19, 2023, the Company closed a non-brokered Offering financing issuing an aggregate total of 13,210,000 Units at a price of \$0.05 per unit for total gross proceeds of \$665,500.

Each unit consisted of 1 common share in the capital of the Company and 1 transferrable common share warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder thereof to purchase 1 common share at a price of \$0.06 per warrant share unit on or before January 19, 2025. The Company paid fees of \$24,000.

7. Warrants

Share Purchase Warrants

The following table summarizes the continuity of the Company's share purchase warrants:

	Number of warrants	Weighted average exercise price \$
Balance, November 31, 2022	29,385,000	0.06
Issued	12,210,000	0.06
Balance, November 30, 2023	41,595,000	0.06
Expired	29,385,000	0.06
Balance, May 31, 2024	12,210,000	0.06

As at May 31, 2024, the share purchase warrants were outstanding:

Number of Warrants	Number of Years Remaining	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
42,595,000	0.75	\$0.06	January 19, 2025

8. Stock Options

The Company has adopted an incentive stock option plan (the "Option Plan") which provides that the Board of Directors of the Company may from time to time, in its discretion, and in accordance with the applicable stock exchange's requirements, grant to directors, officers, employees and consultants to the Company, non-transferable options to purchase common shares. Pursuant to the Option Plan, the number of common shares reserved for issuance will not exceed 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company. Options granted under the Option Plan can have a maximum exercise term of 10 years from the date of grant. Vesting terms will be determined at the time of grant by the Board of Directors.

8. Stock Options (continued)

There were 500,000 share options outstanding as at November 20, 2022 that expired during the year ended November 30, 2023.

There were no options granted during either the six months ended May 31, 2024 or the year ended November 30, 2023.

9. Related Party Transactions

- (a) During the six months ended May 31, 2024, the Company incurred \$30,000 (2023 - \$30,000) of consulting fees and \$6,000 (2024 - \$6,000) of rent to a company controlled by the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") of the Company. As at May 31, 2024, the Company owes \$137,431 (2023 - \$42,667) to a company controlled by the CEO of the Company.
- (b) During the six months ended May 31, 2024, the Company incurred \$24,000 (2023 - \$24,000) of consulting fees to a company controlled by the Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") of the Company. As at May 31, 2024, the Company owes \$84,736 (2023 - \$35,736) to a company controlled by the CFO of the Company.
- (c) As at May 31, 2024, the Company owed \$6,000 (2023 - \$6,000) to a company controlled by a former director of the Company.

10. Capital Management

The Company manages its capital to maintain its ability to continue as a going concern and to provide returns to shareholders and benefits to other stakeholders. The capital structure of the Company consists of cash and equity comprised of issued share capital and share-based payment reserve.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of economic conditions. The Company, upon approval from its Board of Directors, will balance its overall capital structure through new share issuances or by undertaking other activities as deemed appropriate under specific circumstances.

The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements and the Company's overall strategy with respect to capital risk management remains unchanged from the year ended November 30, 2023.

11. Financial Instruments and Risk Management

Fair Values

Fair value measurements are classified using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1 - valuation based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 - valuation techniques based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 - valuation techniques using inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The fair values of financial instruments, which include cash, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, loan payable and advances from related parties, approximate their carrying values due to the relatively short-term maturity of these instruments

11. Financial Instruments and Risk Management (continued)

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of potential loss to the Company if a counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its liquid financial assets including cash. The Company limits its exposure to credit risk by only investing cash with high-credit quality financial institutions. The carrying amount of these financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company currently settles its financial obligations out of cash. The ability to do this relies on the Company raising debt or equity financing in a timely manner and by maintaining sufficient cash in excess of anticipated needs.

Foreign Exchange Rate Risk

The Company is not currently exposed to foreign exchange rate risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk as it does not have any liabilities with variable rates.

Price Risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity prices. The Company's ability to raise capital to fund exploration and development activities is subject to risks associated with fluctuations in the market price of commodities.

12. Segmented Information

The Company operates in the mineral exploration and development industry and has two geographic segments, being Canada, and Brazil.

May 31, 2024 and November 30, 2023

	Canada \$	Brazil \$	Total \$
Exploration and evaluation assets	311,000	55,000	366,000

13. Subsequent event

On June 13, 2024 the Company closed its first tranche of a non-brokered private placement offering of 9,350,000 units at a price of \$0.02 per unit for gross proceeds of \$187,000. The units consist of one common share of the Company and one-half of a non-transferable common share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional share in the capital of the Company for \$0.06 on or before June 12, 2026.