CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JULY 31, 2017 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In accordance with National Instrument 51-102 Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of these condensed interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the condensed interim financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim financial statements of Midnight Star Ventures Corp. (the "Company") for the three months ended July 31, 2017 have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management, and have not been reviewed by the Company's auditors.

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Expressed in Canadian Pollars)

| (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| | |

| | JULY 31 2017 | APRIL 30 2017 | | |
|---|-----------------|------------------|-----------|--|
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Current | | | | |
| Cash | \$ 1,787 | \$ | 2,526 | |
| Amounts recoverable | 4,073 | | 1,887 | |
| Prepaid expenses | - | | - | |
| Total Current Assets | 5,860 | | 4,413 | |
| Computer Equipment | 156 | | 321 | |
| Exploration and Evaluation Assets (Note 5) | 109,871 | | 109,871 | |
| Total Assets | \$ 115,887 | \$ | 114,605 | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Current | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$ 100,940 | \$ | 74,850 | |
| Interest payable (Note 6) | 13,372 | | 10,571 | |
| Notes payable (Note 6) | 150,000 | | 140,000 | |
| Total Current Liabilities | 264,312 | | 225,421 | |
| Total Liabilities | 264,312 | | 225,421 | |
| EQUITY | | | | |
| Share Capital (Note 7) | 430,083 | | 430,083 | |
| Reserves | 17,900 | | 17,900 | |
| Deficit | (596,408) | | (558,799) | |
| Total Equity (Deficiency) | (148,425) | | (110,816) | |
| Total Liabilities and Equity | \$ 115,887 | \$ | 114,605 | |

The financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on September 29, 2017. They were signed on the Company's behalf by:

| "David Ryan" | "Bernie Hoing" |
|--------------|----------------|
| Director | Director |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

| | | THREE MONTHS ENDED JULY 31 | | | | |
|--|----|--|----|--|--|--|
| | | 2017 | | 2016 | | |
| Expenses Bank charges and interest Communications Consulting (Note 11) Depreciation Interest on notes and convertible notes payable Management fees (Note 11) Office and miscellaneous Professional fees (Note 11) Promotion Regulatory and filing fees Rent Travel | \$ | 51 967 - 165 2,801 9,000 - 19,715 - 1,910 3,000 - 37,609 | \$ | 134 367 900 165 1,211 9,000 1,308 7,041 3,556 3,048 3,000 559 | | |
| Net Loss and Comprehensive Loss for the Period | \$ | (37,609) | \$ | (30,289) | | |
| 1 Griou | Ψ | (37,009) | Ψ | (30,203) | | |
| Loss Per Share, Basic and diluted | \$ | (0.00) | \$ | (0.00) | | |
| Weighted Average Number of Shares Outstanding | | 14,561,935 | , | 14,561,935 | | |

MIDNIGHT STAR VENTURES CORP. CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

| 2017 \$ (37,609) 2,801 165 (2,186) - 26,090 (10,739) | \$ | 2016 (30,289) 1,211 165 |
|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 2,801 165 (2,186) - 26,090 | \$ | 1,211 |
| 2,801 165 (2,186) - 26,090 | \$ | 1,211 |
| 2,801 165 (2,186) - 26,090 | \$ | 1,211 |
| (2,186) - 26,090 | | • |
| (2,186) - 26,090 | | • |
| (2,186) - 26,090 | | 165 |
| 26,090 | | |
| 26,090 | | |
| 26,090 | | 127 |
| | | 639 |
| | | (12,649) |
| | | (40,796 |
| | | |
| 10,000 | | 20,000 |
| 10,000 | | 20,000 |
| (739) | | (20,796) |
| 2,526 | | 26,518 |
| \$ 1,787 | \$ | 5,722 |
| \$ | 10,000 10,000 (739) 2,526 | 10,000 10,000 (739) 2,526 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

MIDNIGHT STAR VENTURES CORP STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY(DEFICIENCY)

FOR THE PERIOD FROM MAY 1, 2016 TO JULY 31, 2017

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

| | SHARI | E CAPITAL | | | TOTAL |
|-------------------------|------------|------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|
| | SHARES | AMOUNT | RESERVES | DEFICIT | EQUITY |
| Balance April 30, 2016 | 14,561,935 | 430,083 | 17,900 | (422,610) | 25,373 |
| Net loss for the period | - | - | - | (30,289) | (30,289) |
| Balance July 31, 2016 | 14,561,935 | 430,083 | 17,900 | (452,899) | (4,916) |
| Net Loss for the period | - | - | - | (105,900) | (105,900) |
| Balance, April 30, 2017 | 14,561,935 | 430,083 | 17,900 | (558,799) | (110,816) |
| Net Loss for the period | - | - | - | (37,609) | (37,609) |
| Balance July 31, 2017 | 14,561,935 | \$ 430,083 | \$ 17,900 | \$ (596,408) | \$ (148,425) |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CONDENSED INTERIM NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JULY 31, 2017 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

a) Nature of Operations

Midnight Star Ventures Corp (the "Company") was originally incorporated under the Business Corporations Act of British Columbia on April 19, 2013. The principal business of the Company is the acquisition and exploration of resource properties in North America.

The address of the Company's corporate office and principal place of business is Suite 1085-555 Burrard Street, Two Bentall Centre, P.O. Box 201, Vancouver BC, V7X 1M8.

On August 4, 2015, the Company listed on the Canadian Securities Exchange, and trades under the symbol "STV" after the closing of a prospectus offering on August 5, 2015.

b) Going Concern

These statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes that the Company will be able to meet its obligations and continue its operations for its next fiscal year. Realization values may be substantially different from carrying values as shown in these condensed interim financial statements and do not give effect to adjustments that would be necessary to the carrying values and classification of assets and liabilities should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

During the three month period ended July 31, 2017, the Company incurred a net loss of \$37,609 (three months ended July 31, 2016 - \$30,289) and at July 31, 2017 has an accumulated deficit of \$596,408 (April 30, 2017 - \$558,799). The operations of the Company have been funded by the issuance of common shares, convertible notes payable and notes payable. Continued operations of the Company are dependent on the Company's ability to complete equity financings and issue additional notes payable. Management's plan in this regard is primarily to secure additional funds through future equity financings, which may be unavailable or unavailable on reasonable terms. These factors may cast significant doubt on the use of the going concern basis of accounting.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

a) Statement of Compliance

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS34") using accounting policies consistent with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"). They do not include all information required for full annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended April 30, 2017.

CONDENSED INTERIM NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JULY 31, 2017 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

b) Statement of Compliance (Continued)

These condensed interim financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on September 29, 2017.

b) Basis of Presentation

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for financial instruments that have been measured at fair value. In addition, these financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information. The functional currency of the Company is the Canadian dollar, being the currency of the economic environment of the Company's operations. The functional currency is also the presentation currency.

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. See Note 4 for Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments made by management in the application of IFRS.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The preparation of financial data is based on accounting principles and practices consistent with those used in the preparation of the audited financial statements as at April 30, 2016. The accompanying condensed interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements for the year ended April 30, 2016.

Subsequent to April 30, 2017 there have been no new accounting policies adopted by the Company.

CONDENSED INTERIM NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JULY 31, 2017 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Accounting Standards Issued but Not Yet Applied

International Financial Reporting Standard 9, Financial Instruments ("IFRS 9"), was issued in November 2009. It addresses classification and measurement of financial assets and replaces the multiple category and measurement models in IAS 39 for debt instruments with a new mixed measurement model having only two categories: Amortized cost and Fair value through profit or loss. IFRS 9 also replaces the models for measuring equity instruments and such instruments are either recognized at fair value through profit or loss or at fair value through other comprehensive income. This standard is required to be applied for accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with earlier adoption permitted. The Company has not yet assessed the impact of the standard or determined whether it will adopt the standard early.

Where such equity instruments are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, dividends, to the extent not clearly representing a return of investment, are recognized in profit or loss; however, other gains and losses (including impairments) associated with such instruments remain in accumulated comprehensive income.

International Financial Reporting Standard 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("IFRS 15") replaces IAS 18 – Revenue and IAS 11 – Construction Contracts and establishes a five-step model industry. The standard's requirements will also apply to the recognition and measurement of gains and losses on the sale of some non-financial assets that are not an output of the entity's ordinary activities. IFRS 15 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 with earlier adoption permitted. The Company has not yet assessed the impact of the standard or determined whether it will adopt the standard early.

International Financial Reporting Standard 16, Leases ("IFRS 16") replaces IAS 17 – Leases and requires lessees to account for leases on the balance sheet by recognizing a right to use asset and lease liability. The standard is effective for annual reports beginning on or after January 1, 2019, with earlier adoption permitted. The Company has not yet assessed the impact of the standard or determined whether it will adopt the standard early.

4. USE OF ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements is included in the following notes:

CONDENSED INTERIM NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JULY 31, 2017 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

4. USE OF ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

i) Exploration and Evaluation Expenditures

The application of the Company's accounting policy for exploration and evaluation expenditures requires judgment in determining whether it is likely that future economic benefits will flow to the Company, which may be based on assumptions about future events or circumstances. Estimates and assumptions made may change if new information becomes available. If, after expenditures are capitalized, information becomes available suggesting that the recovery of expenditures is unlikely, the amounts capitalized are written off to net income in the period the new information becomes available.

ii) Impairment

At each reporting period, assets, specifically exploration and evaluation assets, are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts exceed their recoverable amounts. The assessment of the carrying amount often requires estimates and assumptions such as discount rates, exchange rates, commodity prices, future capital requirements and future operating performance.

iii) Share-based Payment Transactions

The Company measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. Estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determining the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant.

This estimate also requires determining the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model, including the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield, and making assumptions about them. The assumptions and models used for estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions are disclosed in Note 7.

iv) Title to Mineral Property Interest

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to mineral properties in which it has an interest, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Such properties may be subject to prior agreements or transfers, and title may be affected by undetected defects.

v) Income Taxes

Significant judgment is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations undertaken during the ordinary course of business for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Company recognizes liabilities and contingencies for anticipated tax audit issues based on the Company's current understanding of the tax law.

CONDENSED INTERIM NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JULY 31, 2017

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

4. USE OF ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

v) Income Taxes (Continued)

For matters where it is probable that an adjustment will be made, the Company records its best estimate of the tax liability including the related interest and penalties in the current tax provision.

Management believes they have adequately provided for the probable outcome of these matters; however, the final outcome may result in a materially different outcome than the amount included in the tax liabilities.

In addition, the Company recognizes deferred tax assets relating to tax losses carried forward to the extent there are sufficient taxable temporary differences (deferred tax liabilities) relating to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity against which the unused tax losses can be utilized. However, utilization of the tax losses also depends on the ability of the taxable entity to satisfy certain tests at the time the losses are recouped.

vi) Rehabilitation Provision

The application of the Company's accounting policy for rehabilitation is based on internal estimates. Assumptions, based on the current economic environment, have been made which management believes are a reasonable basis upon which to estimate the future liability. These estimates take into account any material changes to the assumptions that occur when reviewed regularly by management.

Estimates are reviewed annually and are based on current regulatory requirements. Significant changes in estimates will result in changes to provisions from period to period. Actual rehabilitation costs will ultimately depend on future market prices for the rehabilitation costs which will reflect the market conditions at the time when the rehabilitation costs are actually incurred.

vii) Determination of Going Concern Assumption

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make judgments regarding the going concern of the Company as discussed in Note 1.

CONDENSED INTERIM NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JULY 31, 2017 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

| | FISH CLAIMS | | | |
|---|-------------|-------------|----|------------------|
| | | JULY 31 | | APRIL 30 |
| | | 2017 | | 2017 |
| Property Acquisition Costs Balance, beginning of period Additions in the year | \$ | 28,765 - | \$ | 15,482 13,283 |
| Balance, end of period | \$ | 28,765 | \$ | 28,765 |
| Deferred exploration expenditures Balance, beginning of year | \$ | 81,106 | \$ | 68,644 |
| Additions in the period Advances Claim maintenance fees | | - - | | 874 11,588 |
| | | - | | 12,462 |
| Balance, end of period | \$ | 81,106 | \$ | 81,106 |
| Total balance, end of period | \$ | 109,871 | \$ | 109,871 |

Fish Claims

On August 28, 2013, the Company entered into an earn in agreement with Pengram Corporation ("Pengram") where Pengram agreed to grant to the Company an option to acquire an 80% interest in 56 unpatented lode mining claims covering approximately 1,275 acres located in the Lone Mountain Mining District of Esmeralda County, Nevada, USA. Pengram had an existing option to acquire the property through an underlying agreement with Claremont Nevada Mines LLC ("Optionor").

On August 28, 2016, the Company entered into a New Option Agreement with Claremont Nevada Mines LLC under the terms of which Midnight Star has an option to acquire up to a 100% interest in the Fish Project. This agreement replaces the original earn-in agreement between Midnight Star and Pengram Corporation

The agreement provides that the Company can acquire an 100% interest in the claims by making staged advance royalty payments as follows:

- i) \$2,860 (US\$2,500) on or before February 28, 2014 (paid);
- ii) \$2,756 (US\$2,500) on or before August 28, 2014 (paid);
- iii) \$9,866 (US\$7,500) on or before August 28, 2015 (paid);
- iv) \$2,623 (US\$2,000) on or before August 28, 2016 (paid);
- v) \$10,660 (US\$8,000) on or before October 12, 2016 (paid);
- vi) \$15,600 (US\$12,500) on or before August 28, 2017 (paid subsequently)
- vii) \$18,700 (US\$15,000) on or before August 28, 2018.

CONDENSED INTERIM NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JULY 31, 2017 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (Continued)

Should the Company not be able to meet the obligations noted above, the Company may extend the term for an additional five years by giving notice to the Optionor. In the event the option is extended, the Company will make an advance royalty payment of \$18,700 (US\$15,000) on August 28, of each year of the extended term.

In addition to the above, the Company has the obligation to maintain the mineral lode claims in good standing by payment of all Bureau of Land Management Fees, Claim Fees, Taxes and Rentals, and the performance of all other actions which may be necessary in that regard in order to keep the mineral claims free and clear of all liens and other charges arising from the Company's activities except those at the time contested in good faith by the Company.

The agreement is subject to a 3% Net Smelter Returns Royalty upon commencement of commercial production.

During the three months ended July 31, 2017, no expenditures were incurred on the property.

During the year ended April 30, 2017, the Company incurred \$13,283 (US\$10,000) in advance royalty payments and \$11,588 (US\$8,835) of claim maintenance fees on the property. The Company also made exploration advances of \$874 (US\$672).

6. NOTES PAYABLE

Note 1

On March 24, 2015, the Company issued a promissory note in the amount of \$20,000. The note is unsecured and bears interest at 10% per annum which is to be paid annually on March 15, of each year. Interest charged on the note during the three months ended July 31, 2017 was \$504 (three months ended July 31, 2016 - \$493). As at July 31, 2017, accrued interest of \$4,712 (April 30, 2017 - \$4,208) has been recorded. The note is repayable upon demand.

Note 2

On April 25, 2016, the Company issued a promissory note in the amount of \$20,000. The note is unsecured and bears interest at 10% per annum which is to be paid annually on April 25 of each year. Interest charged on the note during the three months ended July 31, 2017 was \$505 (three months ended July 31, 2016 - \$504). As at July 31, 2017, accrued interest of \$2,532 (April 30, 2017 - \$2,027) has been recorded. The note is repayable on demand.

CONDENSED INTERIM NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JULY 31, 2017 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

6. NOTES PAYABLE (Continued)

Note 3

On June 22, 2016, the Company issued a promissory note in the amount of \$20,000. The note is unsecured and bears interest at 10% per annum which is to be paid annually on June 22 of each year. Interest charged on the note during the three months ended July 31, 2017 was \$505 (three months ended July 31, 2016 - \$214). As at July 31, 2017, accrued interest of \$2,214 (April 30, 2017 - \$1,709) has been recorded. The note is repayable on demand.

Note 4

On August 23, 2016, the Company issued a promissory note in the amount of \$20,000. The note is unsecured and bears interest at 10% per annum which is to be paid annually on August 23 of each year. Interest charged on the note during the three months ended July 31, 2017 was \$504 (three months ended July 31, 2016 - \$nil). As at July 31, 2017, accrued interest of \$1,874 (April 30, 2017 - \$1,370) has been recorded. The note is repayable on demand.

Note 5

On October 10, 2016, the Company issued a promissory note in the amount of \$30,000. The note is unsecured and bears interest at 5% per annum which is to be paid annually on October 10 of each year. Interest charged on the note during the three months ended July 31, 2017 was \$378 (three months ended July 31, 2016 - \$nil). As at July 31, 2017, accrued interest of \$1,208 (April 30, 2017 - \$830) has been recorded. The note is repayable on demand.

Note 6

On January 16, 2017, the Company issued a promissory note in the amount of \$30,000. The note is unsecured and bears interest at 5% per annum which is to be paid annually on January 16 of each year. Interest charged on the note during the three months ended July 31, 2017 was \$378 (three months ended July 31, 2016 - \$nil). As at July 31, 2017, accrued interest of \$805 (April 30, 2017 - \$427) has been recorded. The note is repayable on demand.

Note 7

On July 21, 2017, the Company issued a promissory note in the amount of \$10,000. The note is unsecured and bears interest at 10% per annum which is to be paid annually on July 21, of each year. Interest charged on the note during the three months ended July 31, 2017 was \$27 (three months ended July 31, 2016 - \$nil). As at July 31, 2017, accrued interest of \$27 (April 30, 2017 - \$nil) has been recorded. The note is repayable on demand.

CONDENSED INTERIM NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JULY 31, 2017

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

7. SHARE CAPITAL

a) Authorized

Unlimited common shares, without par value. Unlimited preferred shares, without par value (none issued).

b) Issued

During the three months ended July 31, 2017, the Company undertook no share issuance transactions.

During the year ended April 30, 2017, the Company undertook no share issuance transactions.

c) Agents options

As at July 31, 2017 and April 30, 2017, agent's options were outstanding for the purchase of common shares as follows:

| NUMBER OF SHARE | | NUMBER EXERCISABLE | |
|----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| PURCHASE WARRANTS | EXERCISE PRICE | AT JULY 31, 2017 | EXPIRY DATE |
| 205,780 | \$ 0.10 | 205,780 | August 4, 2018 |

As at July 31, 2017 the agent's options outstanding have a weighted average remaining contractual life of 1.01 years.

A summary of changes in agent's options for the three month period ended July 31, 2017 and the year ended April 30, 2017 is presented below:

| | THREE MON JULY 3 | | | YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017 | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|----|--------------------------------|--|
| | | A۱ | IGHTED VERAGE KERCISE | | A | EIGHTED AVERAGE EXERCISE | |
| | NUMBER | | PRICE | NUMBER | | PRICE | |
| Balance, beginning of year Issued | 205,780 - | \$ | 0.10 | 205,780 | \$ | 0.10 - | |
| Balance, end of period | 205,780 | _ \$ | 0.10 | 205,780 | \$ | 0.10 | |

CONDENSED INTERIM NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JULY 31, 2017

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

7. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

e) Stock options

On December 22, 2014, the Company adopted an incentive stock option plan, which provides that the Board of Directors of the Company may from time to time, in its discretion, and in accordance with the requirements of the Canadian Securities Exchange, grant to directors, officers, employees and technical consultants to the Company, non-transferable options to purchase common shares, provided that the number of common shares reserved for issuance will not exceed 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company.

Compensation costs attributable to the granting and vesting of share purchase warrants and options are measured at fair value and expensed with a corresponding increase to share-based payment reserve. Upon exercise of the share purchase warrants and options, consideration paid by the option holder together with the amount previously recognized in share-based payment reserve is recorded as an increase to share capital. Upon expiry, the amounts recorded for share-based compensation are transferred to the deficit from the share-based payment reserve.

As at July 31, 2017 and April 30, 2017 no stock options have been granted pursuant to the plan.

f) Shares in Escrow

Pursuant to an escrow agreement dated March 9, 2015, upon the closing of the IPO 3,550,001 common shares and 750,000 warrants held by the directors were placed escrow. Pursuant to the agreement, upon the listing date 10% of the shares subject to the escrow agreement were released, and every 6 months thereafter 15% of the original securities taken to Escrow will be released. Upon the exercise of 240,000 share purchase warrants by the President during April 2016, an additional 240,000 shares became subject to the escrow agreement, of which 52,500 were released immediately. The balance of the share purchase warrants that were subject to the escrow arrangement expired. As at July 31, 2017, 1,597,501 common shares and no share purchase warrants remain in escrow agreement.

8. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities are measured on an ongoing basis at fair value or amortized cost. The disclosures in the notes to these financial statements describe how the categories of financial instruments are measured and how income and expenses, including fair value gains and losses, are recognized.

CONDENSED INTERIM NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JULY 31, 2017

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

8. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

As at July 31, 2017 and April 30, 2017 the classification of the financial instruments, as well as their carrying values and fair values, are shown in the table below:

| | LEVEL | TH PRO | R VALUE ROUGH OFIT OR LOSS | | OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES | | ARRYING VALUE | FA | IR VALUE |
|---|--|----------------|-------------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------------|----------|--------------------|----------|-----------------------|
| AS AT JULY 31, 2017 | | | | | | | | | |
| Financial assets Cash | 1 | \$ | 1,787 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,787 | \$ | 1,787 |
| Financial liabilities Accounts payable and | | | | | | | | | |
| accrued liabilities Note and interest payable | 1 1 | \$ \$ | - - | \$ \$ | 100,940 163,372 | \$ \$ | 100,940 163,372 | \$ \$ | 100,940 163,372 |
| | FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LEVEL LOSS | | | | | | | | |
| | LEVEL | TH PRO | ROUGH OFIT OR | _ | FINANCIAL | | ARRYING VALUE | FA | IR VALUE |
| AS AT APRIL 30, 2017 | LEVEL | TH PRO | ROUGH OFIT OR | _ | FINANCIAL | | | FA | IR VALUE |
| AS AT APRIL 30, 2017 Financial assets Cash | LEVEL 1 | TH PRO | ROUGH OFIT OR | _ | FINANCIAL | | | FA | IR VALUE 2,526 |
| Financial assets | | TH PRO I | ROUGH OFIT OR LOSS | L | FINANCIAL | | VALUE | | |

At July 31, 2017 and April 30, 2017 the carrying values of cash, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and note and interest payable, approximate their fair values due to the short-term nature of these balances.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company thoroughly examines the various financial instrument risks to which it is exposed and assesses the impact and likelihood of those risks. These risks may include currency, credit, interest rate and liquidity risks. Where material, these risks are reviewed and monitored by the Board of Directors.

CONDENSED INTERIM NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JULY 31, 2017 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

a) Currency Risk

The Company's functional currency and the reporting currency is the Canadian dollar ("CDN\$"). Periodically the Company incurs charges on its operations for settlement in currencies other than its functional currency and any gain or loss arising on such transactions is recorded in operations for the year.

The Company holds an interest in 58 unpatented mining claims located in the USA and the advance royalty agreement is denominated in the US Dollar ("USD\$"). As a result the Company is subject to foreign currency and exchange risk on the translation of these transactions and year end balances to the reporting currency. Any gains or losses arising in the period are included in operations for the year.

As at July 31, 2017, a 1% strengthening in the USD relative to the CDN\$ does not have a significant impact on the net loss for the year or the future estimated cash flows arising to complete the acquisition of the property.

b) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of a financial loss to the Company if counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's cash is primary held in large Canadian financial institutions. Management believes that the credit risk concentration with respect to cash is remote.

c) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The risk that the Company will realize a loss as a result of a decline in the fair value of cash and short-term investment is limited because the majority of the Company's cash and short-term investment balances are held by a Canadian chartered bank and the convertible notes payable are subject to a fixed interest rate.

d) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company's approach to manage liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are due within the current operating period and the Company had sufficient liquidity to meet these obligations.

CONDENSED INTERIM NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JULY 31, 2017 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

9. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

e) Commodity Price Risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity and equity prices. Equity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on the Company's earnings due to movements in individual equity prices or general movements in the level of the stock market. Commodity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on earnings and economic value due to commodity price movements and volatilities. To mitigate price risk, the Company closely monitors commodity prices of precious metals, individual equity movements, and the stock market to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

10. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

When managing capital, the Company's objective is to ensure the entity continues as a going concern as well as to maintain optimal returns to shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. Management adjusts the capital structure as necessary in order to support the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties.

The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management team to manage its capital.

The property in which the Company currently has an interest are in the exploration stage. As such, the Company is dependent on external financing to fund its activities. In order to carry out the planned exploration and pay for administrative costs, the Company will spend its existing working capital and raise additional amounts as needed. The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if it feels there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so.

Management considers its approach to capital management to be appropriate given the relative size of the Company. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related party transactions were in the normal course of operations and measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount established and agreed to by the related parties. Key management personnel are the persons responsible for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company, and include both executive and non-executive directors, and entities controlled by such persons. The Company considers all directors and officers of the Company to be key management personnel.

Related party transactions that have not been disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements include the following:

CONDENSED INTERIM NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JULY 31, 2017 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As at July 31, 2017, accounts payable and accrued liabilities include \$7,350 (April 30, 2017 - \$14.400) for management fees charged by the President, and \$6,835 (April 30, 2017 - \$20,265) for services rendered to the Company by a company controlled by an officer of the Company.

Amounts paid or accrued in the statements of operations for the three months ended July 31, 2017 and 2016:

| | THREE MONTHS ENDED JULY 31 | | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------------------|--------|----|--------|--|--|
| | | 2017 | | 2016 | | |
| Consulting fees | \$ | - | \$ | 900 | | |
| Management fees | | 9,000 | | 9,000 | | |
| Professional fees | | 5,500 | | 5,500 | | |
| Total | \$ | 14,500 | \$ | 15,400 | | |

13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to the year end, the Company:

- a) On August 21, 2017, issued a promissory note in the amount of \$31,384 (US\$23,000). The note is unsecured and bears interest at 10% per annum which is to be paid annually on August 21st of each year. The note is repayable on demand.
- b) On August 28, 2016, the Company incurred \$15,600 (US\$12,500) pursuant to the Option Agreement with Claremont Nevada Mines LLC.
 - The Company also incurred Bureau of Land Management fees on the Fish Property Claims amounting to approximately of \$13,090 (US\$10,485).
- c) On September 7, 2017, the Company commenced a Private Placement Offering to issue up to 8,500,000 shares at a price of \$0.0675 per Share for total proceeds of up to \$573,750. The Company will pay commissions or finders fees to registered brokers or investment bankers of up to 10% of the funds raised. The proceeds of the offering will be used for working capital purposes.

Concurrent with the Offering the Company intends to enter into share for debt settlement arrangements to settle indebtedness of approximately \$235,000 by the issuance of up to 3,500,000 common shares.

The closing of the proposed Offering is subject to a number of conditions, including all necessary corporate and regulatory approvals.