

**Juan De Fuca Resources Corp.**  
**Condensed Interim Financial Statements**  
**31 October 2014**  
(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)  
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

## **Notice of No Auditor Review of Condensed Interim Financial Statements**

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared by management and approved by the Audit Committee.

The Company's independent auditors have not performed a review of these condensed interim financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditors.

# Juan De Fuca Resources Corp.

## Condensed Interim Condensed interim Statements of Financial Position

(Unaudited – Prepared by management)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Notes	As at 31 October 2014 \$	As at 30 April 2014 (Audited) \$
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Current assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	256,630	462,399
Trade and other receivables	5	5,865	1,116
Prepaid expenses		6,907	-
		269,402	463,515
<b>Exploration and evaluation properties</b>	6	253,346	73,346
<b>Total assets</b>		522,748	536,861
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Trade and other payables	7	10,000	13,150
Loan payable	8	-	10,000
		10,000	23,150
Deferred income tax liability		11,288	11,288
<b>Total liabilities</b>		21,288	34,438
<b>Equity</b>			
Common shares	9	356,736	318,656
Warrant reserve		264,314	232,394
Deficit		(119,590)	(48,627)
<b>Total equity</b>		501,460	502,423
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>		522,748	536,861

Nature of Operations and Going Concern (Note 1), Commitments (Note 15) and Subsequent Events (Note 16)

### APPROVED BY THE BOARD:

*“Derick Sinclair”*

Derick Sinclair, Director

*“Gurdeep Johal”*

Gurdeep Johal, Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

# Juan De Fuca Resources Corp.

## Condensed Interim Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss

(Unaudited – Prepared by management)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Notes	Three months ended 31 October		Six months ended 31 October	
		2014 \$	2013 \$	2014 \$	2013 \$
Bank service charges		97	36	104	76
Consulting		-	-	1,000	-
Investor relations		-	1,081	-	1,081
Insurance		-	-	363	-
Office and miscellaneous		-	-	411	150
Meals and entertainment		-	-	491	-
Professional fees		24,610	-	68,288	-
Travel		-	-	306	-
<b>Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period</b>		<b>(24,707)</b>	<b>(1,117)</b>	<b>(70,963)</b>	<b>(1,307)</b>
<b>Loss and comprehensive loss per share</b>					
Basic	10	<b>(0.001)</b>	(0.000)	<b>(0.002)</b>	(0.000)
Diluted	10	<b>(0.001)</b>	(0.000)	<b>(0.002)</b>	(0.000)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

**Juan De Fuca Resources Corp.**  
**Condensed Interim Statements of Cash Flows**  
(Unaudited – Prepared by management)  
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	Three months ended 31 October		Six months ended 31 October	
	2014 \$	2013 \$	2014 \$	2013 \$
<b>OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>				
Net loss for the period	(24,707)	(1,117)	(70,963)	(1,307)
Adjustments for:				
Changes in non-cash working capital items				
Decrease (increase) in trade and other receivable	365	7,024	(4,749)	7,024
Decrease in trade and other payable	(2,500)	-	(3,150)	(14,660)
Increase in prepaid expenses	-	-	(6,907)	-
<b>Cash provided by (used in) operating activities</b>	<b>(26,842)</b>	<b>5,907</b>	<b>(85,769)</b>	<b>(8,943)</b>
<b>FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>				
Proceeds from issuance of common shares	-	50,000	35,000	100,000
Payment of loans payable	(5,000)	-	(5,000)	-
<b>Cash provided by (used in) financing activities</b>	<b>(5,000)</b>	<b>50,000</b>	<b>30,000</b>	<b>100,000</b>
<b>INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>				
Exploration and evaluation property expenditures	-	-	(150,000)	-
<b>Cash used in investing activities</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(150,000)</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>(31,842)</b>	<b>55,907</b>	<b>(205,769)</b>	<b>91,057</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period</b>	<b>288,472</b>	<b>158,227</b>	<b>462,399</b>	<b>123,077</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents, end of period</b>	<b>256,630</b>	<b>214,134</b>	<b>256,630</b>	<b>214,134</b>

**Supplemental cash flow information** (Note 14)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

**Juan De Fuca Resources Corp.**  
**Condensed interim Statements of Changes in Equity**  
(Unaudited – Prepared by management)  
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	<b>Number of shares</b>	<b>Share capital \$</b>	<b>Reserves \$</b>	<b>Deficit \$</b>	<b>Total \$</b>
Balances, 30 April 2013 (audited)	10,750,000	139,550	45,450	(25,334)	159,666
Shares issued for					
Cash	12,500,000	100,000	-	-	100,000
Value assigned to warrants	-	(29,575)	29,575	-	-
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	(1,307)	(1,307)
<b>Balances, 31 October 2013</b>	<b>23,250,000</b>	<b>209,975</b>	<b>75,025</b>	<b>(26,641)</b>	<b>258,359</b>
Balances, 30 April 2014 (audited)	36,552,500	318,656	232,394	(48,627)	502,423
Shares issued for					
Exploration and evaluation property expenditures	1,500,000	30,000	-	-	30,000
Loan repayment	250,000	5,000	-	-	5,000
Cash	1,750,000	35,000	-	-	35,000
Value assigned to warrants	-	(31,920)	31,920	-	-
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	(70,963)	(70,963)
<b>Balances, 31 October 2014</b>	<b>40,052,500</b>	<b>356,736</b>	<b>264,314</b>	<b>(119,590)</b>	<b>501,460</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

**1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN**

Juan De Fuca Resources Corp. (the “Company”) is an exploration stage junior mining company engaged in the identification, acquisition, evaluation and exploration of gold, precious metals and base metal properties. The Company has not determined whether its properties contain mineral reserves that are economically recoverable. The recoverability of amounts shown for exploration and evaluation properties and related deferred costs is dependent upon the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete the development, and attaining future profitable production from the properties or proceeds from disposition.

The Company is dependent on raising funds through the issuance of shares and/or attracting joint venture partners in order to undertake further exploration and development of its mineral properties. Management believes that financing is available and may be sourced in time to allow the Company to continue its current planned activities in the normal course.

The head office, principal address and registered and records office of the Company is located at 600 – 666 Burrard Street, Vancouver, BC, Canada, V6C 3P6.

**1.1 GOING CONCERN**

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) applicable to a going concern which assumes that the Company will be able to continue its operations and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future.

Several conditions cast significant doubt on the validity of this assumption and ultimately the appropriateness of the use of accounting principles related to a going concern. From inception to date, the Company has incurred losses from operations, earned no revenues and has experienced negative cash flows from operating activities. As at 31 October 2014, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$256,630. The Company will require additional funding to be able to meet ongoing requirements for general operations and to acquire mineral exploration and evaluation property interests. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent on raising additional financing, retaining or attracting joint venture partners, acquiring exploration and evaluating properties and/or generating profits from operations or the disposition of properties in the future.

Management has been successful in obtaining sufficient funding for operating, exploration and capital requirements from the inception of the Company to date. There is, however, no assurance that additional future funding will be available to the Company, or that it will be available on terms which are acceptable to the management of the Company.

If the Company is unable to raise additional capital in the immediate future, management expects that the Company will need to further curtail operations, liquidate assets, seek additional capital on less favourable terms and/or pursue other remedial measures including ceasing operations.

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These condensed interim financial statements do not reflect any adjustments to the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of expenses and balance sheet classifications that would be necessary if the going concern assumption was not appropriate and such adjustments could be material.

**2. BASIS OF PREPARATION**

**2.1 Basis of presentation**

The Company's condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair value, as explained in Note 11, and are presented in Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated.

**2.2 Statement of compliance**

The condensed interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" ("IAS 34") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"), effective for the Company's six month reporting period ended 31 October 2014.

**2.3 Adoption of new and revised standards and interpretations**

At the date of authorization of these condensed interim financial statements, the IASB and IFRIC has issued the following new and revised standards, amendments and interpretations which are not yet effective during the six month period ended 31 October 2014.

- IFRS 7 '*Financial Instruments: disclosures*' clarifies whether a servicing contract is continuing involvement in a transferred financial asset. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016.
- IFRS 9, '*Financial Instruments*': The IASB has undertaken a three-phase project to replace IAS 39 '*Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*' with IFRS 9 '*Financial Instruments*'. In November 2009, the IASB issued the first phase of IFRS 9, which details the classification and measurement requirements for financial assets. Requirements for financial liabilities were added to the standard in October 2010. In July 2014, the IASB issued the final elements of IFRS 9. IFRS 9 introduces new requirements for classifying and measuring financial assets, as follows:
  - Financial assets meeting both a "business model" test and a "cash flow characteristics" test are measured at amortized cost (the use of fair value is optional in some limited circumstances)
  - Investments in equity instruments can be designated as "fair value through other comprehensive income" with only dividends being recognized in profit or loss
  - All other instruments (including all derivatives) are measured at fair value with changes recognized in profit or loss



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- The concept of “embedded derivatives” does not apply to financial assets within the scope of the standard and the entire instrument must be classified and measured in accordance with the “business model” test and “cash flow characteristics” test.
- The revised financial liability provisions maintain the existing amortized cost measurement basis for most liabilities. New requirements apply where an entity chooses to measure a liability at fair value through profit or loss – in these cases, the portion of the change in fair value related to changes in the entity's own credit risk is presented in other comprehensive income rather than within profit or loss.

The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018.

- IFRS 10 ‘*Condensed interim Financial Statements*’ clarifies the conditions for a parent to present condensed interim financial statements for investment entities, and treatment for loss of control of a subsidiary that does not contain a business. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016.
- IAS 1 ‘*Presentation of Financial Statements*’ is an amendment to clarify certain aspects focused on the areas of clarification of concept of materiality and aggregation of items in the financial statements, the use and presentation of subtotals in the statement of loss and comprehensive loss, and providing of additional flexibility in the structure and disclosures of the financial statements to enhance understandability. The amendment is applicable to annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016.

The Company has not early adopted these standards, amendments and interpretations and anticipates that the application of these standards, amendments and interpretations will not have a material impact on the financial position and financial performance of the Company.

### **3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### **3.1 Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions**

The preparation of the Company's condensed interim financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at the date of the condensed interim financial statements and reported amounts of income and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes can differ from these estimates.

Areas requiring a significant degree of estimation and judgment relate to fair value measurements for financial instruments, recoverability and measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities and ability to continue as a going concern. Actual results may differ from those estimates and judgments.

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**3.2 Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at banks and on hand, and/or short term money market instruments with an original maturity of three months or less, which are readily convertible into a known amount of cash.

**3.3 Exploration and evaluation properties**

Exploration and evaluation expenditures include the costs of acquiring licenses, costs associated with exploration and evaluation activity, and the fair value (at acquisition date) of exploration and evaluation assets acquired in a business combination. Exploration and evaluation expenditures are capitalized. Costs incurred before the Company has obtained the legal rights to explore an area are recognized in profit or loss.

Option payments received are treated as a reduction of the carrying value of the related exploration and evaluation properties and deferred costs until the receipts are in excess of costs incurred, at which time they are credited to income. Option payments are at the discretion of the optionee, and accordingly, are recorded on a cash basis.

Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment if (i) sufficient data exists to determine technical feasibility and commercial viability, and (ii) facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount.

Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of the extraction of mineral resources in an area of interest are demonstrable, exploration and evaluation assets attributable to that area of interest are first tested for impairment and then reclassified to mining property and development assets within property, plant and equipment.

Recoverability of the carrying amount of any exploration and evaluation assets is dependent on successful development and commercial exploitation, or alternatively, sale of the respective areas of interest.

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to exploration and evaluation properties in which it has an interest, according to the usual industry standards for the stage of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Such properties may be subject to prior agreements or transfers and title may be affected by undetected defects.

**3.4 Decommissioning, restoration and similar liabilities**

The Company recognizes provisions for statutory, contractual, constructive or legal obligations associated with the reclamation of mineral properties and retirement of long-term assets, when those obligations result from the acquisition, construction, development or normal operation of the assets. The net present value of future cost estimates arising from the decommissioning of plant, site restoration work and other similar retirement activities is added to the carrying amount of the related asset, and depreciated on the same basis as the related asset, along with a corresponding increase in the provision in the period incurred. Discount rates using a pre-tax rate that reflect the current market assessments of the time value of money are used to calculate the net present value.

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The Company's estimates of reclamation costs could change as a result of changes in regulatory requirements, discount rates and assumptions regarding the amount and timing of the future expenditures. These changes are recorded directly to the related asset with a corresponding entry to the provision.

Changes in the net present value, excluding changes in the Company's estimates of reclamation costs, are charged to profit or loss for the period. The net present value of reclamation costs arising from subsequent site damage that is incurred on an ongoing basis during production are charged to profit or loss in the period incurred. The costs of reclamation projects that were included in the provision are recorded against the provision as incurred. The costs to prevent and control environmental impacts at specific properties are capitalized in accordance with the Company's accounting policy for exploration and evaluation properties.

### **3.5 Taxation**

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

### **3.6 Earnings (loss) per share**

Basic per share amounts are calculated by dividing the earnings or loss attributable to shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period. Diluted per share amounts are determined by adjusting the earnings or loss attributable to common shareholders and the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential common shares, which consist of share purchase warrants and stock options.

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**3.7 Financial assets**

Financial assets are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”), held-to-maturity, loans and receivables, available-for-sale financial assets, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. The Company determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition. Financial assets are recognized initially at fair value. The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

*Financial assets at FVTPL*

Financial assets are classified as held for trading and are included in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term or if so designated by management. Derivatives, other than those designated as effective hedging instruments, are also categorized as held for trading. These assets are carried at fair value with gains or losses recognized in profit or loss. Transaction costs associated with financial assets at FVTPL are expensed as incurred.

*Held-to-maturity and loans and receivables*

Held-to-maturity and loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method if the time value of money is significant. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the financial asset classified in this category are derecognized or impaired, as well as through the amortization process. Transaction costs are included in the initial carrying amount of the asset.

*Available-for-sale*

Available-for-sale financial assets are those non-derivative financial assets that are not classified as loans and receivables. After initial recognition, available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value, with gains or losses recognized within other comprehensive income. Accumulated changes in fair value are recorded as a separate component of equity until the investment is derecognized or impaired. Transaction costs are included in the initial carrying amount of the asset.

The fair value is determined by reference to bid prices at the close of business on the reporting date. Where there is no active market, fair value is determined using valuation techniques. Where fair value cannot be reliably measured, assets are carried at cost.

*Derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge*

The Company does not hold or have any exposure to derivative instruments.

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**3.8 Financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities are classified as financial liabilities at FVTPL, derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, or as financial liabilities measured at amortized cost, as appropriate. The Company determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition. The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as follows:

*Financial liabilities at FVTPL*

Financial liabilities at FVTPL has two subcategories, including financial liabilities held for trading and those designated by management on initial recognition. Transaction costs on financial liabilities at FVTPL are expensed as incurred. These liabilities are carried at fair value with gains or losses recognized in profit or loss.

*Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost*

All other financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value, net of transaction costs. After initial recognition, other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any issue costs, and any discount or premium on settlement. Gains and losses arising on the repurchase, settlement or cancellation of liabilities are recognized respectively in interest, other revenues and finance costs. Trade and other payables are included in this category of financial liabilities.

*Derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge*

The Company does not hold or have any exposure to derivative instruments.

**3.9 Impairment of financial assets**

Financial assets, other than financial assets at FVTPL, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each period end.

*Assets carried at amortized cost*

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on assets carried at amortized cost have been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced, with the amount of the loss recognized in profit or loss.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed to the extent that the carrying value of the asset does not exceed what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized. Any subsequent reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

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*Available-for-sale*

If an available-for-sale financial asset is impaired, the cumulative loss previously recognized in equity is transferred to profit or loss. Any subsequent recovery in the fair value of the asset is recognized within other comprehensive income.

**3.10 Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities**

Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire or, the financial assets are transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial assets. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized directly in equity is recognized in profit or loss.

For financial liabilities, they are derecognized when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable is recognized in profit or loss.

**3.11 Impairment of non-financial assets**

The carrying amount of the Company's assets is reviewed for an indication of impairment at the end of each reporting period. If an indication of impairment exists, the Company makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount. Individual assets are grouped for impairment assessment purposes at the lowest level at which there are identifiable cash flows that are largely independent of the cash flows of other groups of assets. Recoverable amount of an asset group is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are adjusted for the risks specific to the asset group and are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money.

Where the carrying amount of an asset group exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset group is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

### **3.12 Related party transactions**

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control, related parties may be individuals or corporate entities. A transaction is considered to be a related party transaction when there is a transfer of resources or obligations between related parties.

### **3.13 Flow-through shares**

Any premium received by the Company on the issuance of flow-through shares is initially recorded as a liability and included in trade payables and accrued liabilities. Upon renouncement by the Company of the tax benefits associated with the related expenditures, a deferred tax liability is recognized and the flow-through liability will be reversed. To the extent that suitable deferred tax assets are available, the Company will reduce the deferred tax liability and record a deferred tax recovery.

### **3.14 Changes in accounting policies**

The IASB issued a number of new and revised IASs, IFRSs, amendments and related IFRICs which are effective for the Company's financial period beginning on 1 May 2014.

Effective 1 May 2014, the Company adopted the following standards, amendments and/or interpretations:

- IFRS 7 '*Financial instruments: disclosures*' and IAS 32 '*Financial instruments: presentation*' are amendments to clarify that financial assets and financial liabilities may be offset, with the net amount presented in the statement of financial position, only when there is a legally enforceable right to set off and when there is either an intention to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The amendments to IAS 32, issued in December 2011, clarify the meaning of the offsetting criterion "currently has a legally enforceable right to set off" and the principle behind net settlement, including identifying when some gross settlement systems may be considered equivalent to net settlement.
- IAS 32 (Amendment) '*Financial Instruments: Presentation*' establishes principles for presenting financial instruments as liabilities or equity and for offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities.

The adoption of the above standards, amendments and/or interpretations did not result in a material impact on the Company's condensed interim financial statements.

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**4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

The Company's cash and cash equivalents are denominated in the following currencies:

	<b>As at 31 October 2014 \$</b>	As at 30 April 2014 (Audited) \$
Denominated in Canadian dollars	<b>256,630</b>	462,399
<b>Total cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>256,630</b>	462,399

**5. TRADES AND OTHER RECEIVABLES**

The Company's trade and other receivables arise from two main sources: Goods and Services Tax / Harmonized Sales Tax ("GST/HST") receivable due from the government taxation authorities and an amount receivable from a third party. These are as follows:

	<b>As at 31 October 2014 \$</b>	As at 30 April 2014 (Audited) \$
GST/HST receivable	<b>2,515</b>	966
Other receivable	<b>3,350</b>	150
<b>Total trade and other receivables</b>	<b>5,865</b>	1,116



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**6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION PROPERTIES**

The Company's exploration and evaluation properties expenditures for six month period ended 31 October 2014 are as follows:

	Blue Hawk \$	Spod \$	Total \$
<b>ACQUISITION COSTS</b>			
Balance, 30 April 2014 (Audited)	-	-	-
Additions	<b>90,000</b>	<b>90,000</b>	<b>180,000</b>
<b>Balance, 31 October 2014</b>	<b>90,000</b>	<b>90,000</b>	<b>180,000</b>
<b>EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION COSTS</b>			
Balance, 30 April 2014 (Audited)	-	73,346	73,346
Geological and field expenses	-	-	-
<b>Balance, 31 October 2014</b>	-	<b>73,346</b>	<b>73,346</b>
<b>Total costs</b>	<b>90,000</b>	<b>163,346</b>	<b>253,346</b>

**Blue Hawk, British Columbia**

On 2 November 2012, the Company entered into an option agreement (the "Blue Hawk Option Agreement") with Syon Investments Limited ("Syon") whereby the Company had the option to purchase all of the interest to certain claims located in British Columbia (the "Blue Hawk Claims") for a payment of \$50,000 due on 31 August 2013. The Company was to also pay to Syon \$250,000 or issue to Syon an equivalent market value in common shares of the Company on or before 1 June 2017. Upon completion of the terms, Syon was to transfer the titles of the Blue Hawk Claims to the Company.

**Spod, British Columbia**

On 15 July 2012, the Company entered into an option agreement (the "Spod Option Agreement") with Syon whereby the Company had the option to purchase 100% of the interest to certain claims located in British Columbia (the "Spod Claims") for a cash payment of \$350,000 (or an equivalent market value in common shares of the Company) on or before 1 June 2017. The Company was to also incur a minimum of \$800,000 in expenditures on or before 1 June 2017. Upon completion of the terms, Syon was to transfer the titles of the Spod Claims to the Company.

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During the six month period ended 31 October 2014, the Company and Syon entered into a purchase agreement (the “Purchase Agreement”), which replaced the Blue Hawk Option Agreement and Spod Option Agreement whereby the Company could purchase the Blue Hawk Claims and the Spod Claims for a payment of \$150,000 and the issuance of 1,500,000 common shares of the Company on or before 30 June 2014. The Company issued the common shares (valued at \$30,000 or \$0.02 per common share) and made the payment on 18 June 2014 and 19 June 2014, respectively (Note 9). Syon transferred the titles to the Blue Hawk and Spod Claims to the Company on 20 June 2014.

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to exploration and evaluation properties in which it has an interest, according to the usual industry standards for the stage of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee the Company’s title. Such properties may be subject to prior agreements or transfers and title may be affected by undetected defects.

**7. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES**

The Company’s trade payables and accrued liabilities are principally comprised of amounts outstanding for trade purchases relating to general and administrative activities. The usual credit period taken for trade purchases is between 30 to 90 days. These are broken down as follows:

	<b>As at 31 October 2014 \$</b>	As at 30 April 2014 (Audited) \$
Trade payables	-	3,150
Accrued liabilities	<b>10,000</b>	10,000
<b>Total trade and other payables</b>	<b>10,000</b>	13,150

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**8. LOAN PAYABLE**

	<b>As at 31 October 2014 \$</b>	As at 31 April 2014 (Audited) \$
Received \$5,000 on 22 May 2012 and \$5,000 on 25 May 2012 from an officer and a director of the Company, bearing no interest, unsecured and due on demand.		
On 18 June 2014, the Company issued 250,000 units to settle \$5,000 of the loan (Note 9).		
During the period ended 31 October 2014, the Company repaid the remaining balance of the loan in full.	-	10,000
<b>Total</b>	-	10,000

**9. SHARE CAPITAL**

**9.1 Authorized share capital**

The Company has authorized an unlimited number of common shares with no par value.

At 31 October 2014 the Company had 40,052,500 common shares outstanding (30 April 2014: 36,552,500).

**9.2 Shares issuances**

During the six month period ended 31 October 2014, the Company issued common shares as follows:

On 18 June 2014, the Company issued 1,750,000 units for total proceeds of \$35,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant, exercisable into one additional common share at a price of \$0.07 per common share for 2 years from issuance.

On 18 June 2014, the Company issued 250,000 units to settle \$5,000 of a loan. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant, exercisable into one additional common share at a price of \$0.07 per common share for 2 years from issuance.

On 18 June 2014, the Company issued 1,500,000 common shares with a deemed value of \$30,000 in connection with a mineral property purchase agreement.

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**9.3 Share purchase warrants**

The following is a summary of the changes in the Company's share purchase warrants for the six month periods ended 31 October 2014 and 2013:

Period ended 31 October	2014		2013	
	Number of warrants	Weighted average exercise price \$	Number of warrants	Weighted average exercise price \$
Outstanding, beginning of period	20,802,500	0.07	5,000,000	0.07
Granted	2,000,000	0.07	2,500,000	0.07
Exercised	-	-	-	-
Expired	-	-	-	-
<b>Outstanding, end of period</b>	<b>22,802,500</b>	<b>0.07</b>	7,500,000	0.07

The following table summarizes information regarding share purchase warrants outstanding as at 31 October 2014:

Date issued	Number of warrants	Exercise price \$	Expiry date
6 December 2012 to 18 June 2014	22,802,500	0.07	2 years from issuance
	22,802,500	0.07	

The weighted average fair value of the warrants granted during the six month period ended 31 October 2014 was estimated at \$31,920, or \$0.01596 per warrant (30 April 2014: \$186,944, or \$0.01183 per warrant) at the grant date using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model. The weighted average assumptions used for the calculation were:

	For the period ended 31 October 2014 \$	For the year ended 30 April 2014 \$
Risk free interest rate	1.06%	1.165%
Expected life	2 years	2 years
Expected volatility	222.92%	166.57%
Expected dividend per share	-	-

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**10. LOSS PER SHARE**

The calculation of basic and diluted loss per share is based on the following data:

	Three months ended 31 October		Six months ended 31 October	
	2014 \$	2013 \$	2014 \$	2013 \$
Net loss for the period	(24,707)	(1,117)	(70,963)	(1,307)
Weighted average number of shares – basic and diluted	40,052,500	18,793,478	39,153,593	14,862,022
<b>Loss per share, basic and diluted</b>	<b>(0.001)</b>	<b>(0.000)</b>	<b>(0.001)</b>	<b>(0.000)</b>

The basic loss per share is computed by dividing the net loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year/period. The diluted loss per share reflects the potential dilution of common share equivalents, such as outstanding stock options, share purchase warrants and convertible debentures, in the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period, if dilutive.

**11. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Company's objectives are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to support the Company's normal operating requirements, including the development and exploration of mineral properties once acquired.

The Company is dependent on external financing to fund its activities. In order to carry out the planned exploration and pay for general administration costs, the Company may issue new shares, issue new debt, acquire or dispose of assets or adjust the amount of cash and cash equivalents. The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if it feels there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so.

As at 31 October 2014, the Company's capital structure consists of the equity of the Company (Note 9). The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. In order to maximize ongoing development efforts, the Company does not pay dividends.

There were no significant changes in the Company's approach or the Company's objectives and policies for managing its capital.

As at 31 October 2014 the Company's available capital resources, consisting of cash and cash equivalents, total \$256,630. As at 31 October 2014, the Company's total liabilities are \$10,000. The Company believes that sufficient capital resources are available to support further exploration and development of its exploration and evaluation properties.

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**12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

**12.1 Categories of financial instruments**

As at	<b>31 October 2014 \$</b>	30 April 2014 (Audited) \$
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS</b>		
<b>FVTPL, at fair value</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	256,630	462,399
<b>Total financial assets</b>	<b>256,630</b>	462,399
<b>FINANCIAL LIABILITIES</b>		
<b>Other liabilities, at amortized cost</b>		
Trade and other payables	-	3,150
Loan payable	-	10,000
<b>Total financial liabilities</b>	<b>-</b>	13,150

**12.2 Fair value**

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost is determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis or using prices from observable current market transactions. The Company considers that the carrying amount of all its financial assets and financial liabilities recognized at amortized cost in the condensed interim financial statements approximates their fair value due to the demand nature or short term maturity of these instruments.

The following table provides an analysis of the Company's financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Level 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the inputs used to determine the fair value are observable.

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs that are not based on observable market data. As at 31 October 2014, the Company does not have any level 3 financial instruments.

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As at 31 October 2014	Level 1 \$	Level 2 \$	Total \$
<b>Financial assets at fair value</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	256,630	-	256,630
<b>Total financial assets at fair value</b>	<b>256,630</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>256,630</b>

There were no transfers between Level 1 and 2 in the six month period ended 31 October 2014.

### 12.3 Management of financial risks

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to pursue the sourcing and exploration of mineral properties. The Company does not have any externally imposed capital requirements to which it is subject.

The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue common shares or dispose of assets or adjust the amount of cash.

The financial risk arising from the Company's operations are credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk, currency risk and commodity price risk. These risks arise from the normal course of operations and all transactions undertaken are to support the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. Management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

#### Credit risk

The Company has no significant concentration of credit risk arising from operations. Management believes that the credit risk concentration with respect to financial instruments included in receivables is remote. The Company is not exposed to significant credit risk.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due (Note 1). The Company manages liquidity risk through the management of its capital structure and financial leverage as outlined above.

The Company monitors its ability to meet its short-term exploration and administrative expenditures by raising additional funds through share issuance when required. As at 31 October 2014, the Company had trade payables of \$Nil. The Company does not have investments in any asset backed deposits.

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**Foreign exchange risk**

The Company does not have significant foreign exchange risk as the majority of its transactions are in Canadian dollars.

**Interest rate risk**

The Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk.

**13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

The Company received loans in the amounts of \$5,000 on 22 May 2012 and \$5,000 on 25 May 2012 from an officer and a director of the Company. The loans bear no interest, are unsecured and are due on demand. During the six month period ended 31 October 2014, the loan was repaid in full (Note 8).

**14. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION**

**14.1 Cash payments for interest and taxes**

The Company made the following cash payments for interest and income taxes:

Period ended 31 October	2014 \$	2013 \$
Interest paid	-	-
Taxes paid	-	-
<b>Total cash payments</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

On 18 June 2014, the Company issued 250,000 units to settle \$5,000 of a loan (Note 8).

On 18 June 2014, the Company issued 1,500,000 common shares with a deemed value of \$30,000 in connection with a mineral property purchase agreement (Notes 8).

**15. COMMITMENTS**

As at 31 October 2014, the Company had the following commitments:

On 12 May 2014, the Company signed letters of intent (“LOI”) with Auxellence Health Corporation (“Auxellence”), JDF Explorations Inc. (“JDF”) and 1010309 B.C. Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of JDF (the “Subsidiary”), whereby the Company will enter into a three-corner amalgamation with JDF and the Subsidiary (the “Amalgamation”) for the purposes of listing with a Canadian stock exchange. Pursuant to the Amalgamation, the Company will become a wholly-owned subsidiary of JDF.



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On 17 September 2014, a definitive agreement (the “Agreement”) related to the Amalgamation was finalized, whereby the Company and the Subsidiary will amalgamate and continue as one corporation named “Juan De Fuca Resources Corp.” (the “Resulting Company”) by way of the following steps:

- The Company’s issued and outstanding common shares will be exchanged for the common shares of JDF on a 1:1 basis.
- The issued and outstanding common shares of the Subsidiary will be exchanged for the common shares of the Resulting Company on a 1:1 basis. The common shares of the Subsidiary will subsequently be cancelled.
- The Company’s share purchase warrants will be cancelled and JDF will not be issuing any warrants or other securities to replace the Company’s warrants.
- The Resulting Company will be a subsidiary of JDF.

**16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

There were no events subsequent to 31 October 2014.

**17. APPROVAL OF THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The condensed interim financial statements of the Company for the six month period ended 31 October 2014 were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on November 10, 2015.