

## CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FOR THE FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2023 and 2022

(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

(UNAUDITED)

## Management's Comments on Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim condensed interim consolidated financial statements of Blueberries Medical Corp. (the "Company" or "Blueberries") for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 have been prepared by the management of Blueberries, reviewed by the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors and approved by the Board of Directors.

In accordance with National Instrument 51-102, Continuous Disclosure Obligations of the Canadian Securities Administrators, the Company herewith discloses that the accompanying unaudited interim condensed interim consolidated financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

May 30, 2023

"Facundo Garreton" Chairman & CEO "Guillermo Rodriquez" Chief Financial Officer

## **BLUEBERRIES MEDICAL CORP.**Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited)

ASSETS   Current Assets   Cash   \$ 907,273 \$ 1,412,764		Notes		March 31, 2023		December 31, 2022
Cash         \$ 907,273         \$ 1,412,764           Accounts receivable         3         302,110         255,921           Inventories         4         60,872         12,311           Prepaids         99,761         40,124           Assets held for sale         5         482,317         464,522           Non-Current Assets         1,852,333         2,185,642           Non-Current Assets         34,742         380,229           Property, plant and equipment         6         394,794         380,229           Property, plant and equipment         7         634,082         619,353           Right-of-use asset         8         170,911         108,937           Right-of-use asset         8         170,911         108,937           Right-of-use asset         9         1         1         1           Total Assets         9         1         1         1         1           Eductric Liabilities         \$ 437,202         \$ 449,413         3,354,162           Urrent Dortion of convertible debt         10         1,256,138         1,414,637         5,677           Employee benefits         3         43,4224         5,067         5,677         5,677	ASSETS					
Accounts receivable	Current Assets					
Inventories	Cash		\$	907,273	\$	1,412,764
Prepaids Assets held for sale         99,761 (40,125)         40,124 (46,522)           Assets held for sale         1,852,333 (2,185,642)         2,185,642           Non-Current Assets         1,852,333 (2,185,642)         380,729           Property, plant and equipment         6 394,794 (30,352,333)         380,229           Property, plant and equipment and	Accounts receivable	3		302,110		255,921
Prepaids Assets held for sale         99,761 (40,125)         40,124 (46,522)           Assets held for sale         1,852,333 (2,185,642)         2,185,642           Non-Current Assets         1,852,333 (2,185,642)         380,729           Property, plant and equipment         6 394,794 (30,352,333)         380,229           Property, plant and equipment and	Inventories	4		60,872		12,311
Assets held for sale         5         482,317         464,522           Non-Current Assets         1,852,333         2,185,642           Advances towards property, plant and equipment         6         394,794         380,229           Property, plant and equipment         7         634,082         619,353           Right-of-use assets         8         170,911         168,937           Intangible assets         9         1         0         1           Character Liabilities           Current Liabilities           Trade accounts payable & accrued liabilities         \$ 437,202         \$ 449,413           Employee benefits         30,583         42,866           Current portion of lease liability         8         44,224         51,083           Current portion of convertible debt         10         1,256,138         1,146,373           Derivative liabilities         3         1,48,247,318         1,44,247         57,677           Total Liabilities         1         1,825,824         1,747,412         1,44,1468         1,44,1468         1,44,1468         1,44,1468         1,44,1468         1,44,1468         1,44,1468         1,44,1468         1,44,1468         1,44,1468         1,44,1468         1,44,1468 <td>Prepaids</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Prepaids			•		
Non-Current Assets	•	5		· ·		•
Advances towards property, plant and equipment         6         394,794         380,229           Property, plant and equipment         7         634,082         619,353           Right-of-use asset         8         170,911         168,937           Intangible assets         9         1         1         1           Total Assets         3,052,121         \$ 3,354,162           LIABILITIES AND EQUITY           Current Liabilities         437,202         \$ 449,413           Employee benefits         30,583         42,666           Current portion of lease liability         8         44,224         51,083           Current portion of convertible debt         10         1,256,138         1,146,373           Derivative liability         8         144,168         138,982           Non-Current Liabilities           Long-term lease liability         8         144,168         138,982           Total Liabilities         1,969,992         1,886,394           Equity         8         144,168         18,247,318           Contributed surplus         1         18,247,318         18,247,318           Contributed surplus         12         6,856,449         6,835,755				1,852,333		2,185,642
Property, plant and equipment         7         634,082 (17,915)         619,353 (18,915)           Right-of-use asset         8         170,911 (18,937)         1 (16,937)           Total Assets         9         1         0           LIABILITIES AND EQUITY           Current Liabilities           Trade accounts payable & accrued liabilities         \$ 437,202 (18,266)         \$ 449,413 (18,266)           Employee benefitis         30,583 (14,266)         42,866 (18,266)         42,866 (18,273)         42,866 (18,273)         42,866 (18,273)         42,866 (18,273)         42,866 (18,273)         42,866 (18,273)         42,866 (18,273)         43,733 (18,273)         43,733 (18,273)         43,733 (18,273)         43,733 (18,273)         43,737 (18,273)         43,737 (18,273)         43,737 (18,273)         43,862 (18,273)         43,862 (18,273)         43,862 (18,273)         43,862 (18,273)         43,862 (18,273)         43,862 (18,273)         43,774,741 <td>Non-Current Assets</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Non-Current Assets					
Right-of-use asset Intangible assets         8         170,911         168,937 httangible assets         9         1         1         1           Total Assets         \$ 3,052,121         \$ 3,354,162         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         2         3,354,162         2         447,212         \$ 3,354,162         2         449,413         2         449,413         2         42,666         2         449,413         2         3,666         2         449,413         3         42,666         2         449,413         42,666         2         449,413         42,666         2         449,666         42,666 <th< td=""><td>Advances towards property, plant and equipment</td><td>6</td><td></td><td>394,794</td><td></td><td>380,229</td></th<>	Advances towards property, plant and equipment	6		394,794		380,229
Intangible assets   9	Property, plant and equipment	7		634,082		619,353
Total Assets	Right-of-use asset	8		170,911		168,937
Current Liabilities	Intangible assets	9		1		1
Current Liabilities         \$ 437,202         \$ 449,413           Employee benefits         30,583         42,866           Current portion of lease liability         8         44,224         51,083           Current portion of convertible debt         10         1,256,138         1,146,373           Derivative liability         10         57,677         57,677           Non-Current Liabilities         1,825,824         1,747,412           Non-Current Liabilities         1,969,992         1,886,394           Total Liabilities         1,969,992         1,886,394           Equity         8         144,168         138,982           Total Liabilities         1,969,992         1,886,394           Equity         8         144,168         18,247,318           Contributed surplus         12         6,856,49         6,835,755           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         (702,630)         (736,781)           Deficit         (23,319,008)         (22,878,524)           Total equity         1,082,129         1,467,768           Total liabilities and equity         \$ 3,052,121         3,354,162           Going concern         1           Commitments         19           Subsequent	Total Assets		\$	3,052,121	\$	3,354,162
Current Liabilities         \$ 437,202         \$ 449,413           Employee benefits         30,583         42,866           Current portion of lease liability         8         44,224         51,083           Current portion of convertible debt         10         1,256,138         1,146,373           Derivative liability         10         57,677         57,677           Non-Current Liabilities         1,825,824         1,747,412           Non-Current Liabilities         1,969,992         1,886,394           Total Liabilities         1,969,992         1,886,394           Equity         8         144,168         138,982           Total Liabilities         1,969,992         1,886,394           Equity         8         144,168         18,247,318           Contributed surplus         12         6,856,49         6,835,755           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         (702,630)         (736,781)           Deficit         (23,319,008)         (22,878,524)           Total equity         1,082,129         1,467,768           Total liabilities and equity         \$ 3,052,121         3,354,162           Going concern         1           Commitments         19           Subsequent	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY					
Trade accounts payable & accrued liabilities         \$ 437,202         \$ 449,413           Employee benefits         30,583         42,866           Current portion of lease liability         8         44,224         51,083           Current portion of convertible debt         10         1,256,138         1,146,373           Derivative liability         10         57,677         57,677           Non-Current Liabilities         1,825,824         1,747,412           Non-Current lease liability         8         144,168         138,982           Total Liabilities         1,969,992         1,886,394           Equity         8         144,168         18,247,318           Contributed surplus         12         6,856,449         6,835,755           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         (702,630)         (736,781)           Deficit         (23,319,008)         (22,878,524)           Total lequity         1,082,129         1,467,768           Total liabilities and equity         \$ 3,052,121         \$ 3,354,162           Going concern         1           Commitments         19           Subsequent events         21           The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Employee benefits         30,583         42,866           Current portion of lease liability         8         44,224         51,083           Current portion of convertible debt         10         1,256,138         1,146,373           Derivative liability         10         57,677         57,677           Non-Current Liabilities         1,825,824         1,747,412           Non-Current lease liability         8         144,168         138,982           Total Liabilities         1,969,992         1,886,394           Equity         11         18,247,318         18,247,318           Share capital         11         18,247,318         18,247,318           Contributed surplus         12         6,856,449         6,835,755           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         (702,630)         (736,781)           Deficit         (23,319,008)         (22,878,524)           Total equity         1,082,129         1,467,768           Total liabilities and equity         \$ 3,052,121         \$ 3,354,162           Going concern         1           Commitments         19           Subsequent events         21           The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements			\$	437.202	\$	449.413
Current portion of lease liability         8         44,224         51,083           Current portion of convertible debt         10         1,256,138         1,146,373           Derivative liability         10         57,677         57,677           Non-Current Liabilities           Long-term lease liability         8         144,168         138,982           Total Liabilities         1,969,992         1,886,394           Equity         Share capital         11         18,247,318         18,247,318           Contributed surplus         12         6,856,449         6,835,755           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         (702,630)         (736,781)           Deficit         (23,319,008)         (22,878,524)           Total equity         1,082,129         1,467,768           Total liabilities and equity         \$ 3,052,121         \$ 3,354,162           Going concern         1           Commitments         19           Subsequent events         21           The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.           On behalf of the Board         "Catherine Lathwell"	* *		•	•	Ψ	
Current portion of convertible debt         10         1,255,138         1,146,373           Derivative liability         10         57,677         57,677           Non-Current Liabilities           Long-term lease liability         8         144,168         138,982           Total Liabilities         1,969,992         1,886,394           Equity         5         1,969,992         1,886,394           Equity         5         6,856,449         6,835,755           Accumulated surplus         12         6,856,449         6,835,755           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         (702,630)         (736,781)           Deficit         (23,319,008)         (22,878,524)           Total equity         1,082,129         1,467,768           Total liabilities and equity         \$ 3,052,121         \$ 3,354,162           Going concern         1           Commitments         19           Subsequent events         21           The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.           On behalf of the Board         "Catherine Lathwell"		8		· ·		
Derivative liability         10         57,677         57,677           Non-Current Liabilities         1,825,824         1,747,412           Non-Current Liabilities         2         1,969,992         1,886,394           Total Liabilities         1,969,992         1,886,394           Equity         8         144,168         138,982           Equity         8         144,168         1,8247,318         18,247,318           Contributed surplus         11         18,247,318 <th< td=""><td>•</td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td></td></th<>	•			•		
Non-Current Liabilities	•					
Long-term lease liability         8         144,168         138,982           Total Liabilities         1,969,992         1,886,394           Equity         Share capital         11         18,247,318         18,247,318           Contributed surplus         12         6,856,449         6,835,755           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         (702,630)         (736,781)           Deficit         (23,319,008)         (22,878,524)           Total equity         1,082,129         1,467,768           Total liabilities and equity         \$ 3,052,121         \$ 3,354,162           Going concern         1         Commitments         19           Subsequent events         21         The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.           On behalf of the Board         "Catherine Lathwell"	Berivative hability	10				
Equity         Share capital         11         18,247,318         18,247,318           Contributed surplus         12         6,856,449         6,835,755           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         (702,630)         (736,781)           Deficit         (23,319,008)         (22,878,524)           Total equity         1,082,129         1,467,768           Total liabilities and equity         \$ 3,052,121         \$ 3,354,162           Going concern         1         Commitments         19           Subsequent events         21         The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.           On behalf of the Board         "Catherine Lathwell"	Non-Current Liabilities					
Equity         Share capital         11         18,247,318         18,247,318           Contributed surplus         12         6,856,449         6,835,755           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         (702,630)         (736,781)           Deficit         (23,319,008)         (22,878,524)           Total equity         1,082,129         1,467,768           Total liabilities and equity         \$ 3,052,121         \$ 3,354,162           Going concern         1         Commitments         19           Subsequent events         21         The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.           On behalf of the Board         "Catherine Lathwell"	Long-term lease liability	8		144,168		138,982
Share capital         11         18,247,318         18,247,318           Contributed surplus         12         6,856,449         6,835,755           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         (702,630)         (736,781)           Deficit         (23,319,008)         (22,878,524)           Total equity         1,082,129         1,467,768           Total liabilities and equity         \$ 3,052,121         \$ 3,354,162           Going concern         1         Commitments         19           Subsequent events         21           The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.           On behalf of the Board         "Catherine Lathwell"						
Share capital         11         18,247,318         18,247,318           Contributed surplus         12         6,856,449         6,835,755           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         (702,630)         (736,781)           Deficit         (23,319,008)         (22,878,524)           Total equity         1,082,129         1,467,768           Total liabilities and equity         \$ 3,052,121         \$ 3,354,162           Going concern         1         Commitments         19           Subsequent events         21           The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.           On behalf of the Board         "Catherine Lathwell"	Equity					
Contributed surplus         12         6,856,449         6,835,755           Accumulated other comprehensive loss         (702,630)         (736,781)           Deficit         (23,319,008)         (22,878,524)           Total equity         1,082,129         1,467,768           Total liabilities and equity         \$ 3,052,121         \$ 3,354,162           Going concern         1         Commitments         19           Subsequent events         21         The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.           On behalf of the Board         "Catherine Lathwell"		11		18,247,318		18,247,318
Accumulated other comprehensive loss Deficit (23,319,008) (22,878,524)  Total equity 1,082,129 1,467,768  Total liabilities and equity  Going concern 1 Commitments 19 Subsequent events 21  The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.  On behalf of the Board  "Facundo Garreton"  "Catherine Lathwell"	·					
Total equity Total liabilities and equity 1,082,129 1,467,768 Total liabilities and equity \$ 3,052,121 \$ 3,354,162  Going concern 1 Commitments 19 Subsequent events 21  The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.  On behalf of the Board  "Facundo Garreton"  "Catherine Lathwell"	•			(702,630)		
Total equity 1,082,129 1,467,768 Total liabilities and equity \$ 3,052,121 \$ 3,354,162  Going concern 1 Commitments 19 Subsequent events 21  The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.  On behalf of the Board  "Facundo Garreton" "Catherine Lathwell"	•			•		(22,878,524)
Total liabilities and equity \$ 3,052,121 \$ 3,354,162  Going concern 1 Commitments 19 Subsequent events 21  The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.  On behalf of the Board  "Facundo Garreton" "Catherine Lathwell"	Total equity					
Commitments 19 Subsequent events 21  The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.  On behalf of the Board  "Facundo Garreton" "Catherine Lathwell"	Total liabilities and equity		\$		\$	3,354,162
Commitments 19 Subsequent events 21  The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.  On behalf of the Board  "Facundo Garreton" "Catherine Lathwell"						
Subsequent events 21  The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.  On behalf of the Board  "Facundo Garreton"  "Catherine Lathwell"	<del>-</del>					
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.  On behalf of the Board  "Facundo Garreton"  "Catherine Lathwell"						
On behalf of the Board  "Facundo Garreton"  "Catherine Lathwell"	Subsequent events	21				
"Facundo Garreton" "Catherine Lathwell"	The accompanying notes are an integral part of these co	ondensed in	terim cor	nsolidated financial s	tate	ements.
	On behalf of the Board					
	"Facundo Garreton"		"Cath	nerine Lathwell"		

## **Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss**

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

For the three months ended	Notes	M	arch 31, 2023		March 31, 2022
Revenues					
Revenues		\$	,	\$	33,715
Cost of sales			(67,367)		(19,797)
Direct cost of production - extraction services			(21,669)		(23,940)
Direct cost of production - cultivation			-		(29,647)
Gross loss		\$	(11,142)	\$	(39,669)
Expenses					
Operating expenses - extraction services	14	\$	(25,782)	\$	(36,224)
Operating expenses - cultivation	14	•	-	•	(27,466)
General and administrative expenses	13		(261,220)		(321,073)
Depreciation and amortization	7,8		(14,056)		(84,690)
Finance expense	10		(109,765)		(74,884)
Foreign exchange loss			(6,959)		(26,183)
Total expenses			(417,782)		(570,520)
Other expense					
Other expense			(11,560)		(46,118)
Net loss		\$	(440,484)	\$	(656,307)
Other Comprehensive Loss					
Foreign currency translation adjustment			34,151		83,292
Comprehensive loss		\$	(406,333)	\$	(573,015)
Not lose per chare basis and diluted	15	•	(0.00)	ф	(0.00)
Net loss per share - basic and diluted	15	\$	(0.00)	Ф	(0.00)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding - basic and diluted	15		218,309,152		163,810,263

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

	Accumulated
	Other
Contributed	Comprehensive

					C	ontributed	C	omprenensive		
	Notes	Common Shares	SI	hare Capital		Surplus		Loss	Deficit	Total
Balance at December 31, 2022		218,309,152	\$	18,247,318	\$	6,835,755	\$	(736,781) \$	(22,878,524) \$	1,467,768
Stock option expense	12	-		-		20,694		-	-	20,694
Other comprehensive income		-		-		-		34,151	-	34,151
Net loss		-		-		-		-	(440,484)	(440,484)
Balance at March 31, 2023		218,309,152	\$	18,247,318	\$	6,856,449	\$	(702,630) \$	(23,319,008) \$	1,082,129

Balance at December 31, 2021		163,810,263	\$ 16,780,242	\$ 6,702,359	\$ (637,207) \$	(21,410,648) \$	1,434,746
Stock option expense	12	-	-	44,478	-	-	44,478
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	83,292	-	83,292
Net loss		-	-	-	=	(656,307)	(656,307)
Balance at March 31, 2022		163,810,263	\$ 16,780,242	\$ 6,746,837	\$ (553,915) \$	(22,066,955) \$	906,209

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

## **Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

For the three months ended	Notes	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Cash generated from (used in)			
Operating activities			
Net loss		\$ (440,484)	\$ (656,307)
Adjustment for:			
Depreciation and amortization	7,8	14,056	84,690
Share based compensation	12	20,694	44,478
Interest on leases	8	9,506	7,130
Finance expense: interest on convertible debentures	10	109,765	74,884
Unrealized foreign exchange loss		6,959	26,183
Change in non-cash working capital	16	(178,881)	(61,622)
Net cash used in operating activities		(458,385)	(480,564)
Investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant, and equipment	7	(2,834)	-
Net cash used in investing activities		(2,834)	-
Financing activities			
Principal portion of lease payments	8	(18,382)	(32,976)
Net cash used in from financing activities		(18,382)	(32,976)
Decrease in cash		(479,601)	(513,540)
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash		(25,890)	27,101
Cash, beginning of period		1,412,764	1,343,143
Cash, end of period		\$ 907,273	\$ 856,704

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)



#### 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

Blueberries Medical Corp. (the "Company", "Blueberries" or "BBM"), is a licensed producer of psychoactive and non-psychoactive cannabis by-products in Colombia.

Blueberries, which formerly operated under the name CDN MSolar Corp. ("CMS"), was incorporated in Canada on March 15, 2013 under the Business Corporations Act (British Columbia). On September 30, 2013, the Company completed an amalgamation with MN Ventures Ltd. ("MN"), a reporting issuer and continued under the name CDN MSolar Corp.

On February 5, 2019, Blueberries completed a transaction (the "Transaction") with Blueberries Cannabis Corp. (the "Private Company" or "BCC"), a private company registered under the Ontario Business Corporations Act. Simultaneously with the Transaction, CMS legally changed its name to Blueberries Medical Corp. Blueberries carries out its operations through the Private Company's wholly owned subsidiary, Blueberries S.A.S ("BBSAS").

The Company's corporate office and its principal place of business are 8500 West Georgia Street, Suite 2200, Vancouver, BC, V6C 3E8. On February 6, 2019, the common shares of the Company were listed on the Canadian Securities Exchange (the "CSE") under the symbol "CNSX: BBM". The common shares are also listed on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange ("FSE") under the symbol "10A" and on the OTCQB Market in the United States under the ticker symbol "BBRRF".

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes that the Company will be able to discharge its obligations and realize its assets in the normal course of operations for the foreseeable future. Since incorporation, the Company has incurred a net loss with no significant revenue-generating operations, which were primarily financed from proceeds received through issuance of share capital. For the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company has incurred a net loss of \$440,484 (2022 - \$656,307) and has a working capital of \$26,509 (2022 – \$438,230).

Until the Company's assets start generating significant cash flow, it will continue to exhaust its remaining financial resources to fund existing operations. These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern as it will be contingent upon the Company's ability to successfully identify and procure necessary capital, which may be by way of strategic transactions to obtain financing and/or generate profitable operations that are beneficial to the Company and its shareholders.

Management believes that the going concern assumption is appropriate for these condensed interim consolidated financial statements and that the Company will be able to meet its budgeted administrative costs during the upcoming year and beyond when considering the Company's current financial forecast. However, there is no certainty as to the timing and likelihood of realizing a strategic transaction that would provide additional financial resources beyond those currently retained by the Company. Should the going concern assumption not be appropriate and the Company is not able to realize its assets and settle its liabilities, these condensed interim consolidated financial statements would require adjustments to the amounts and classifications of assets and liabilities

#### 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and IFRS Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") interpretations applicable to companies reporting under IFRS, including IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting and include the operating results of Blueberries and its subsidiaries. Accordingly, certain information and disclosure normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS have been omitted or condensed. These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022, which were prepared in accordance with IFRS.

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements as at and for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 were authorized for issuance on May 30, 2023 by the Company's Board of Directors.

### a) Basis of measurement and going concern

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention. In addition, these condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)



#### b) Basis of consolidation

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements as at March 31, 2023 include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries. Subsidiaries are included in the condensed interim consolidated financial results of the Company from the effective date of acquisition of control up to the effective date of disposition or loss of control. All intercompany transactions, balances, income, and expenses are eliminated upon consolidation.

The following table summarizes the Company's subsidiaries, their country of incorporation, and the Company's ownership interest.

Subsidiaries	Country of incorporation	Ownership Interest
Blueberries Research Corporation ("BRC")	Canada	100%
Blueberries SAS ("BBSAS")	Colombia	100%
Centro De Desarrollo e Investigacion ("CDIBBSAS")	Colombia	100%
BBV Labs Inc. ("BBV Labs.")	Panama	100%
SATIN S.A.S. ("SATIN")	Argentina	75%

All intercompany balances and transactions are eliminated upon consolidation in preparing the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

#### c) Functional and presentation currency

Amounts included in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements are expressed in Canadian dollars ("\$") unless otherwise noted. \$ is used as presentation currency in view of the Company's Canadian based public market listing and head office location.

The Company's subsidiaries measure the items in their financial statements in their functional currencies (the currency of the primary economic environment they operate in). The functional currency of the Company is the Canadian dollar. The functional currency of the operating subsidiaries in Colombia is the Colombian Peso. The functional currency of Panama and Argentina subsidiaries is U.S. dollar.

Transactions in currencies other than the functional currency are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of such transaction. At each reporting period, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency using the exchange rate at the reporting date. Foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in the statement of loss and comprehensive loss.

At the financial reporting date, the subsidiaries' assets and liabilities are translated at the reporting period exchange rate, while revenues, expenses and cash flows are translated at the average exchange rate for the period. Shareholders' equity is translated at the rate effective at the time of the transaction. The resulting translation adjustments are recognized in other comprehensive income (loss) ("OCI") and in accumulated OCI in shareholders' equity.

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### a) Cash

Cash comprised of cash on account held in reputable banks and financial institutions.

#### b) Revenue recognition

To determine whether to recognize revenue, the Company follows a 5-step process:

- 1. Identifying the contract with a customer
- 2. Identifying the performance obligations
- 3. Determining the transaction price
- 4. Allocating the transaction price to the performance obligations
- 5. Recognizing revenue when/as performance obligation(s) are satisfied.

Revenue is recognized when control of a good or services transferred to a customer. For the Company, control typically transfers at a point in time, when delivery is made of products or the service is completed. Accordingly, revenue is then recognized only when the performance obligation is fulfilled. The Company will recognize the revenue upon satisfaction of following condition:

- · All parties to the contract have approved the contract and are committed to perform their respective obligations;
- · Each party's rights in relation to the goods or services to be transferred can be identified;
- · The payments can be identified;

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)



- · The contract has commercial substance (i.e., the entity expects the risks, timing or amount of the entity's future cash flows to change as a result of the contract); and
- · It is possible (i.e., more likely than not) that the entity will collect the consideration it is entitled to in exchange for the goods or services.

Product revenue represents revenue recognized upon transfer of control of products or services to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for the products or services transferred, net of discounts and sales taxes. The Company derives revenue primarily from the sale of products and CBD oil extraction services.

#### c) Assets Held for Sale

The Company classifies non-current assets as held for sale if their carrying amounts will be recovered principally through a sale or disposition rather than through continuing use. Such assets classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs of disposal ("FVLCD") and are presented separately within the condensed interim consolidated statements of financial position.

The criteria for held for sale classification is regarded as met only when the sale or disposition is highly probable, and the asset is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Actions required to complete the sale should indicate that it is unlikely that significant changes to the sale will be made or that the decision to sell will be withdrawn. The Company must be committed to the plan to sell the asset and the sale is expected to be completed within one year from the date of the classification. When the assets or disposal group are sold, the gains or losses on the sale are recognized in other (loss) income within the condensed interim consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss.

#### d) Property, plant & equipment ("PPE")

Property and equipment are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

An item of equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying value of the asset) is included in the condensed interim consolidated statement of loss and comprehensive loss in the period the asset is derecognized.

The assets' residual values, useful lives, and methods of depreciation are reviewed at each financial period end and adjusted if appropriate. PPE is depreciated through profit and loss over their estimated useful lives. Assets under construction are not subject to depreciation until they are available for use.

PPE is depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the following methods and rates:

	Method	Estimated useful life
Agricultural facilities	Straight-line	3 - 5 years
Buildings and construction	Straight-line	10 years
Equipment and vehicles	Straight-line	3 - 5 years
Furniture and fixtures	Straight-line	3 - 5 years

#### e) Intangible assets

Intangible assets are recognized if it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company and their cost can be reasonably measured.

Intangible assets that are acquired by the Company, which have definite useful lives, are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses. These intangible assets are comprised of license costs and costs related to the retention of the licenses. Finite life intangible assets are amortized through profit or loss on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives, estimated to be 5 years from the beginning of operations.

For licenses and permits that are classified as intangible assets with an indefinite life, no amortization is recognized, however, impairment tests on such licenses are carried out on an annual basis. This would apply to licenses and permits that do not expire and, as such, there is no foreseeable limit to the period over which these assets are expected to generate future cash inflows to the Company.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)



#### f) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company reviews and evaluates impairment of its non-financial assets whenever events or changes in circumstances occur that indicate that the carrying amount of the asset will not be recovered from its use or sale. For impairment testing purposes, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating unit or "CGU"). The Company has one CGU being its operations of Cannabis cultivation and extraction facilities in Colombia. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the higher of its fair value and value in use. Fair value is the amount that can be obtained from the sale of an asset in an open market. The value in use corresponds to the present value of the estimated future cash flows expected to be obtained from the continuing use of the asset and from its sale at the end of its useful life. Impairment losses recognized in previous years are reversed if there is a change in the estimates used on the last time an impairment loss was recognized.

#### g) Convertible debentures

Convertible debentures are financial instruments which are accounted for separately dependent on the nature of their components: a financial liability and an equity instrument. The identification of such components embedded within a convertible debenture requires significant judgment given that it is based on the interpretation of the substance of the contractual arrangement. Where the conversion option has a fixed conversion rate, the financial liability, which represents the obligation to pay coupon interest on the convertible debentures in the future, is initially measured at its fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost. The residual amount is accounted for as an equity instrument at issuance. Where the conversion option has a variable conversion rate, the conversion option is recognized as a derivative liability measured at fair value through profit and loss. The residual amount is recognized as a financial liability and subsequently measured at amortized cost. The determination of the fair value is also an area of significant judgment given that it is subject to various inputs, assumptions and estimates including contractual future cash flows, discount rates, credit spreads and volatility.

#### h) Financial instruments

At initial recognition, the Company classifies its financial instruments in the following categories depending on the purpose for which the instruments were acquired, and measures as follows:

#### Financial assets

- Cash classified as fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL") and measured at fair value.
- Accounts receivables classified at amortized costs and measured at amortized cost.

The initial classification of a financial asset depends upon the Company's business model for managing its financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows. On initial recognition, the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset that meets the amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") criteria as measured at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch.

#### Financial liabilities

- Trade accounts payable and accrued liabilities classified at amortized cost and measured at amortized cost
- Debt host of convertible debt classified at amortized cost and measured at amortized cost.
- Derivative liability classified as FVTPL and measured at fair value.

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at FVTPL or other financial liabilities. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are stated at fair value, with changes being recognized through the condensed interim consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss. Other financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognized on an effective yield basis. A financial liability is classified as measured at FVTPL if it is held-for-trading, a derivative, or designated as FVTPL on initial recognition.

All financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value. For financial assets and liabilities not classified as FVTPL, transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance of the financial assets or financial liabilities are recognized with the asset or liability. Transaction costs of financial assets and liabilities carried at FVTPL are expensed in profit or loss.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)



#### Embedded derivatives

A derivative embedded in a hybrid contract with a financial liability, is separated from the host and accounted for as a separate derivative if: the economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to the host; a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative; and the hybrid contract is not measured at fair value through profit or loss. Embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss; any directly attributable transaction costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred. Reassessment only occurs if there is either a change in the terms of the contract that significantly modifies the cash flows that would otherwise be required or a reclassification of a financial asset out of the fair value through profit or loss category.

Subsequent to initial recognition, derivatives are measured at fair value and changes therein are recognized in profit or loss.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognizes loss allowances for Expected Credit Losses ("ECLs") on its financial assets measured at amortized cost. Due to the nature of its financial assets, the Company measures loss allowances at an amount equal to expected lifetime ECLs. Lifetime ECLs are the anticipated ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial asset. ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e., the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Company expects to receive). ECLs are discounted at the effective interest rate of the related financial asset.

#### i) Segment reporting

According to IFRS 8, operating segments are identified based on the 'management approach'. This approach stipulates external segment reporting based on the Company's internal organizational and management structure and on internal financial reporting to the chief operating decision maker. The management of the Company is responsible for measuring and steering the business success of the segments and is considered the chief operating decision maker within the meaning of IFRS 8. The Company operates in one segment being the operations of Cannabis cultivation and extraction facilities in Colombia.

#### j) Income taxes

Income tax expense consists of current and deferred tax expense. Current and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income (loss).

#### Current tax

Current tax is recognized and measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or payable to the taxation authorities based on the income tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period and includes any adjustment to taxes payable in respect of previous years.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on any temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable earnings. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realized, and the liability is settled. The effect of a change in the enacted or substantively enacted tax rates is recognized in net loss and comprehensive loss or in equity depending on the item to which the adjustment relates. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent future recovery is probable. At each reporting period end, deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable earnings will be available to allow all or part of the assets to be recovered.

#### **Estimates**

Provisions for taxes are made using the best estimate of the amount expected to be paid based on a qualitative assessment of all relevant factors. The Company reviews the adequacy of these provisions at the end of the reporting period. However, it is possible that at some future date an additional liability could result from audits by taxing authorities. Where the outcome of these tax-related matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will affect the tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

#### k) Share capital

Common shares are classified as equity instruments. The share capital represents the amount received upon issuance of shares. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of shares are recognized as a deduction from the proceeds in equity in the period in which the transaction occurs.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)



#### I) Share-based compensation

Share-based compensation expense is determined based on the estimated fair value of shares on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Forfeitures are estimated at the grant date and are subsequently adjusted to reflect actual forfeitures. The expense is recognized over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase to contributed surplus. At the time the stock options are exercised, the issuance of common shares is recorded as an increase to share capital and a corresponding decrease to contributed surplus.

#### m) Provisions

Provisions are recognized when (i) the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; (ii) it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and (iii) a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. The Company bases its accruals on developments, estimates of the outcomes of the matters and legal counsel experience in contesting, litigating, and settling matters. As the scope of the liabilities becomes better defined or more information is available, the Company may be required to change its estimates of future costs, which could have a material effect on its results of operations and financial condition or liquidity. Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligations.

#### n) Related party transactions

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or corporate entities. A transaction is considered to be a related party transaction when there is a transfer of resources or obligations between related parties. The Company's related party transactions are conducted on commercial terms and conditions in the normal course of business.

#### o) Leases

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether:

- i. the contract involves the use of an identified asset;
- ii. the Company has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of use; and
- iii. the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

The Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of the costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of plant and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognized on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

A lease modification is accounted for as a separate lease from the original lease if the modification increases the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more underlying assets; and the consideration for the lease increase by an amount commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope and any appropriate adjustments to that stand-alone price to reflect the circumstances of the particular contract. If the lease modification merely extends the Company's right to use an existing leased asset to which it already has access, the modification is not accounted for as a separate lease. Instead, the Company recalculates the existing lease obligations on the effective date of the lease modification to include the lease payments until the end of the extended period and a corresponding adjustment is also made to the right of use asset. The additional right of use asset and lease obligations relating to the extended period are therefore recognized on the date of modification.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)



#### p) Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities and income and expenses. Accordingly, actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Significant estimates and judgments made by management in the preparation of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements are outlined below.

#### Useful lives of PPE and intangible assets

Depreciation and amortization of property, equipment and intangible assets are dependent upon estimates of useful lives, which are determined through the exercise of professional judgment. The assessment of any impairment of these assets is dependent upon estimates of recoverable amounts that take into account factors such as economic and market conditions and the useful lives of the assets.

#### Impairment testing

At the date of each statement of financial position, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its finite-life intangible assets and property, plant and equipment, carried at cost to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent, if any, of the impairment loss. Where the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, the Company estimates the recoverable amount, being its value in use or fair value less cost to sell of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Judgement is also applied in determining the Company's CGUs. As part of the impairment testing, estimations would be involved in establishing the recoverable amount, including but not limited to, cash flow forecasts and discount rates.

#### Convertible debentures

The accounting for convertible debentures involves discounted cash flow technique which includes both inputs that are not based on observable market data and inputs that are available from observable market data. Where available, the Company seeks comparable interest rates and, if unavailable, uses those considered appropriate based on management's assessment of the Company's risk profile.

#### Derivative liability on convertible debentures

The valuation of the derivative liability involves using the Monte-Carlo simulation model and inputting the current share price of the underlying stock, the interest rate for the option, a risk-free interest rate for the option, the expected conversion option price, and the expected life of the option. The derivative liability is valued at FVPL at each reporting date.

#### Stock options

All equity-settled, share-based awards issued by the Company are recorded at fair value using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. In assessing the fair value of equity-based compensation, estimates have to be made regarding the expected volatility in share price, estimated life, and estimated forfeitures at the initial grant date.

#### Tax provisions

Provisions for taxes are made using the best estimate of the amount expected to be paid based on a qualitative assessment of all relevant factors. The Company reviews the adequacy of these provisions at the end of the reporting period. However, it is possible that at some future date an additional liability could result from audits by taxing authorities. Where the final outcome of these tax-related matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will affect the tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

#### Valuation of deferred income tax assets

The Company assesses the probability of taxable profits being available in the future based on its budget forecasts. These forecasts are adjusted to take account of certain non-taxable income and expenses and specific rules on the use of unused credits and tax losses. When a forecast shows a net profit, the Company considers that the use of deferred income taxes is probable and recognizes the benefit. When management believes that the benefits will not be realized, the deferred income tax asset is not recognized.

#### Lease liabilities and right-of-use assets

A lease liability and a corresponding right-of-use asset is recognized at the commencement date of a lease at the present value of the lease payments over the lease term. The Company uses the implicit rate within the lease, if readily available, or the incremental borrowing rate when the rate implicit is not known. The discount rate is based on judgements including economic environment, term, currency, and the underlying risk inherent to the asset. The carrying balance of the right-of-use asset, lease liability, and resulting interest expense and depreciation expense, may differ due to changes in the market conditions. The lease term is also subject to certain assumptions including, the Company's intent regarding extension and termination options of a lease.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)



#### **Biological assets**

Biological assets are required to be recorded at fair value. As of March 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company had not started full commercialization of its cultivation operation, the Company did not recognize any fair value for its biological assets as the future economic benefit of any cannabis grown prior to the full commercialization is minimal and uncertain.

#### q) Accounting standards issued but not yet effective

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for the current period and have not been early adopted as follows. The Company is reviewing the new standards but does not expect their future adoption to have a material impact on Blueberries in the current or future reporting periods.

#### Amendments to IAS 1 – Presentation of Financial Statements

In January 2020, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements, to clarify its requirements for the presentation of liabilities as current or non-current in the statement of financial position. This will be effective on and after January 1, 2024.

#### Amendments to IAS 12 - Income Taxes

In May 2021, the IASB issued an amendment to IAS 12 Income Taxes to clarify the accounting for deferred tax on transactions such as leases and decommissioning obligations. The scope of the recognition exemption in IAS 12 no longer applies to transactions that, on initial recognition, give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024, with early adoption permitted.

#### 3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLES

	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Trade receivable	\$ 90,972	\$ 33,534
Expected credit loss	(4,709)	(4,536)
Recoverable sales tax	165,254	180,759
Other receivable	50,593	46,164
Total	\$ 302,110	\$ 255,921

#### 4. INVENTORIES

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value ("NRV"). The cost of inventories is based on the weighted-average cost method. Net realizable value is determined as the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs to complete and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Inventory recognized as cost of goods sold during the three months ended March 31, 2023 was \$60,630 (2022 - \$Nil). As of March 31, 2023, the Company had a total of \$60,872 (2022 - \$12,311) in inventories, which consisted of finished goods.

## 5. ASSETS HELD FOR SALE

Assets held for sale consists of a property used as a cultivation facility, located in Guatavita, Colombia and equipment located in the property. In December 2022, based on sample testing of the soil combined with the limited area available to scale operation, the Company has determined to sell the property. The disposal of the property is expected to be completed within a year from the reporting date.

Balance, December 31, 2022	\$ 464,522
Foreign exchange adjustment	17,795
Balance, March 31, 2023	\$ 482,317

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)



#### 6. ADVANCES TOWARDS PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMENT

Advances towards property, plant and equipment consisted of \$1,994,250 (US\$1,500,000) that was paid in February 2019 to purchase 15 hectares of farmland in Cogua (Zipaquira), Colombia (the "farmland"). The seller of this land is a legal entity whose minority beneficial owner is also a minority shareholder of the Company.

Balance, December 31, 2021	\$ 428,280
Foreign exchange adjustment	(48,051)
Balance, December 31, 2022	380,229
Foreign exchange adjustment	14,565
Balance, March 31, 2023	\$ 394,794

Due to the permitting and zoning of the farmland, the title on the land has not been legally transferred to the Company. In 2022, due to impairment indicators being present, the Company's management conducted an impairment test, which was required under IAS 36 and engaged a third-party consultant to provide a valuation of the farmland. Based on the result, the Company recognized an impairment of advances towards property, plant and equipment of \$1,565,970 in the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Subsequent to March 31, 2023, the Company terminated the agreement to purchase the land (Note 21).

#### 7. PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMENT

			-	gricultural	-	Buildings &	E	Equipment &	Fι	ırniture &		
		Land		Facilities	Co	onstruction		Vehicles		Fixtures		Total
COST												
Balance, December 31, 2021	\$	1,791	\$	812,885	\$	525,811	\$	1,283,431	\$	25,853	\$	2,649,771
Disposal		-		-		-		(103,975)		-	-	103,975
Foreign currency translation		(201)		(91,201)		(58,993)		(127,498)		(2,901)		(280,794)
Balance, December 31, 2022		1,590		721,684		466,818		1,051,958		22,952		2,265,002
Additions		-		-		-		2,834		-		2,834
Foreign currency translation		61		27,645		17,882		40,378		880		86,846
Balance, March 31, 2023	\$	1,651	\$	749,329	\$	484,700	\$	1,095,170	\$	23,832	\$	2,354,682
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION												
Balance, December 31, 2021	\$	-	\$	(252,950)	\$	(119,003)	\$	(307,612)	\$	(17,319)	\$	(696,884)
Depreciation		-		(92,601)		(52,293)		(139,934)		(6,785)		(291,613)
Disposal		-		-		-		19,030		-		19,030
Foreign currency translation		-		35,844		17,567		44,283		2,490		100,184
Balance, December 31, 2022		-		(309,707)		(153,729)		(384,233)		(21,614)		(869,283)
Depreciation		-		-		(1,606)		(6,637)		(1,699)		(9,942)
Foreign currency translation		-		(11,864)		(13,686)		(41,199)		(519)		(67,268)
Balance, March 31, 2023	\$	-	\$	(321,571)	\$	(169,021)	\$	(432,069)	\$	(23,832)	\$	(946,493)
NET BOOK VALUE												
Net Book Value, December 31, 2021	\$	1,791	\$	279,223	\$	336,615	\$	975,819	\$	8,534	\$	1,601,982
Cost	\$	1,590	\$	721,684	\$	466,818	\$	1,051,958	\$	22,952	\$	2,265,002
Accumulated Depreciation		-		(309,707)		(153,729)		(384,233)		(21,614)		(869,283)
Impairment		-		(263,050)		(65,811)		-		-		(328,861)
Transferred to assets held for sale (Note 5)		(1,590)		(162,539)		(205,771)		(94,622)		-		(464,522)
Foreign currency translation		-		13,612		3,405		-		-		17,017
Net Book Value, December 31, 2022	\$	-	\$	-	\$	44,912	\$	573,103	\$	1,338	\$	619,353
Cost	\$	1,651	\$	749,329	\$	484,700	\$	1,095,170	\$	23,832	\$	2,354,682
Accumulated Depreciation	•	-	٠	(321,571)	•	(169,021)	•	(432,069)	•	(23,832)	•	(946,493)
Impairment		_		(273,126)		(68,332)		(402,000)		(20,002)		(341,459)
Transferred to assets held for sale (Note 5)		(1,651)		(171,263)		(213,654)		(95,749)		_		(482,317)
Foreign currency translation		-		39,133		3,557		6,979		_		49,669
Net Book Value, March 31, 2023	\$	_	\$	-	\$	37,250	\$	574,331	\$		\$	634,082
	Ψ		۳		Ψ_	5.,250	Ψ_	0,001	Ψ		Ψ_	00-1,00 <b>2</b>

In 2021, as management concluded that an impairment test was required under IAS 36, the Company engaged a third-party consultant to provide a valuation of its property, plant and equipment. In addition, for certain equipment not appraised, the Company has evaluated the replacement costs based on third-party quotes to determine any potential impairment. Based on these assessments, the Company recognized an impairment of property, plant and equipment of \$370,420.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)



In 2022, the Company returned equipment acquired in 2021 to a vendor and received a refund of \$101,939. The difference between the total refund received and the net carrying value of the equipment of \$16,994 at the time of return, has been recognized as a gain of disposal of property, plant and equipment in the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss for the year ended December 31, 2022.

#### 8. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES

As at January 1, 2019, the Company recognized a lease liability and a corresponding right-of-use asset relating to a leased extraction facility in Tocancipa, a rural property in the municipality of Guatavita, Colombia.

In 2021, the Company amended the terms of its lease on its extraction facility in Tocancipa and recognized a gain of modification of lease of \$18,998. The Company impaired its right-of-use assets due to the market uncertainties in 2021.

In 2022, the Company terminated the lease in Tocancipa and entered into an extraction facility lease in Tenjo. In connection with the termination of the lease in Tocancipa, the Company paid a termination fee of \$24,733 ("termination fee"). The difference of \$215,294 between the reduction of lease liability on termination date of \$250,027 and the termination fee was recognized as a gain on termination of lease in the statements of loss and comprehensive loss for the year ended December 31, 2022 and entered into an extraction facility lease in Tenjo.

In order to operate in the new extraction facility in Tenjo, the Company is required to file an application of change of address under its current license, which has been filed in November 2022. The Company remains to operate in Tocancipa (Note 21) and will be moving to Tenjo once the approval to operate in Tenjo has been issued.

#### Right-of-use asset

Balance, December 31, 2021	\$ -
Addition	188,461
Depreciation (1)	(4,712)
Foreign exchange adjustment	(14,812)
Balance, December 31, 2022	168,937
Depreciation (1)	(4,114)
Foreign exchange adjustment	6,088
Balance, March 31, 2023	\$ 170,911

<sup>(1)</sup> The right-of-use assets had been depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

#### Long-term lease liability

Balance, December 31, 2021	\$ 223,331
Termination of a lease in Tocacipa	(250,027)
Payments	(86,092)
Addition	188,461
Interest expense	20,450
Foreign exchange adjustment	(14,861)
Less - current portion	(51,083)
Balance, December 31, 2022	\$ 138,982
Payments	(18,382)
Interest expense	9,506
Foreign exchange adjustment	7,203
Less - current portion	(44,224)
Balance, March 31, 2023	\$ 144,168

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)



#### 9. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

By December 31, 2021, Blueberries S.A.S. was granted licenses to produce, manufacture, market and export cannabis derivatives and products using extracts in Colombia by the Ministry of Health. The licenses obtained for cannabis operations are as follows:

- a license to use seed for planting as well as their export and use for medical and scientific purposes
- a low THC cultivation license (non-psychoactive, less than 1% THC content)
- a production license authorizing the domestic and international distribution of high and low THC Medicinal Cannabis extracts
- a high THC cultivation license (psychoactive, more than 1% THC content)

The fair value attributed to the licenses are straight-line amortized over their estimated useful life of 5 years. Other finite life intangibles consist of assets such as software related licenses, which are amortized over their estimated useful lives of three years.

In 2022, the management assessed the intangible assets were impaired. Due to continued uncertainty of local and export markets in Colombia, management performed a cash flow analysis. While management continues to believe that the future market for Colombian cannabis products is strong, the timing and amount of future cash flows from potential revenue streams is not projected to be sufficient to meet the current cost structure of the Company. Consequently

#### 10. CONVERTIBLE DEBT

On July 16, 2020, Blueberries closed a non-brokered private placement offering (the "Offering") of \$1,000,000 in principal amount of unsecured convertible debentures (the "Initial Debentures"). The Initial Debentures will mature 24 months from the date of closing (the "Maturity Date") and bear interest at a rate of 13% per annum, with an effective interest rate of 32.36%. The Initial Debentures will be convertible at the option of the investors, in whole or in part, into common shares of the Company (the "Shares") at a conversion price of the lower of: (i) \$0.065 per Share or; (ii) the volume-weighted average price of the Shares on the CSE for the 15 consecutive trading day period ending on the conversion date subject to a minimum conversion price of \$0.05 ("Conversion price"). As the conversion option does not meet the fixed for fixed criteria it has been recorded as a derivative liability.

At any time prior to the Maturity Date, the Company may prepay all or part of the outstanding principal amount of the Debenture and any accrued and unpaid interest thereon at any time and from time to time, provided that prior to such prepayment, the Company must provide the investors with at least five business days prior notice of such intention to make such prepayment at which time the investors may, but shall not be obligated to, convert any or all of the Debentures in accordance with the terms of the Debentures.

On July 29, 2022, the Company entered into an amendment agreement in connection with the Initial Debentures (the "Amended Debentures") in which the maturity date of the Initial Debentures was extended from July 13, 2022 to July 13, 2023 (the "New Maturity Date"). All the remaining terms of the Amended Debentures, including the Conversion Price, remain the same as the Initial Debentures. As consideration for the extension, the Company agreed to pay a total of \$163,800 to the holders of the Debenture in cash, or at the option of the holders of the Debenture, in the common shares of the Company at a conversion price of \$0.05 per share, on the New Maturity Date. In addition, the Company incurred a total of \$3,761 in legal fees.

The amendment was accounted for as a debt extinguishment and recognition of a new liability. The total transaction fees related to the amendment was \$167,561, along with the recognition of the new convertible debenture liability of \$960,036 and derivative liability of \$218,319, offset by the derecognition of convertible debenture liability of \$1,260,000 at July 29, 2022 amendment date, which resulted in a loss of \$85,916 on debt modification being recorded on the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)



The fair value of the derivative liability was determined using a Monte-Carlo simulation with the following key assumptions:

	At inception	At amendment	As a	it	
Measurement date	13-Jul-2020	29-Jul-2022	31-Dec-2022	31-Mar-2023	
Principal	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	
Issuance/Amendment date	13-Jul-2020	13-Jul-2020	13-Jul-2020	13-Jul-2020	
Maturity date	13-Jul-2022	13-Jul-2023	13-Jul-2023	13-Jul-2023	
Remaining life (years)	2.00	0.96	0.53	0.28	
Interest rate (per year)	13%	13%	13%	13%	
Risk free rate (per year)	0.28%	3.15%	4.47%	4.47%	
Stock price (\$/share)	\$0.05	\$0.04	\$0.02	\$0.02	
Conversion price	Lesser of \$0.065 & 15-day WWAP, minimum of \$0.05				

On July 16, 2020, the Company initially recognized \$717,605 as convertible debt liability, and \$270,395 as derivative liability of the conversion feature. Upon amendment to extend the maturity term of the convertible debt liability, on July 29, 2022, the Company recognized \$960,036 as convertible debt liability, and \$218,319 as derivative liability of the conversion feature.

The table below shows the continuity of the convertible debt liability and derivative liability.

#### Fair Value of Derivative Liability

Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 366,400
Initial fair value of new derivative liability, at amendment	218,319
Change in fair value of derivative liability	(527,042)
Balance, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2023	\$ 57,677

#### Convertible Debt Liability

Balance, December 31, 2021	\$ 1,106,710
Accrued interest, prior to amendment	69,333
Accretion, prior to amendment	83,957
Derecognition of convertible debt liability, at amendment	(1,260,000)
Initial fair value of new convertible debt liability, at amendment	960,036
Accrued interest, post to amendment	60,666
Accretion, post to amendment	125,671
Balance, December 31, 2022	1,146,373
Accrued interest	32,500
Accretion	77,265
Balance, March 31, 2023	\$ 1,256,138

#### 11. SHARE CAPITAL

As of March 31, 2023, the Company was authorized to issue unlimited common shares with no par value, with holders of common shares entitled to one vote per share and to dividends, if declared.

	Number of Shares	Amount
Balance, December 31, 2021	163,810,263	16,780,242
Shares issued from private placement (1)	54,498,889	1,471,470
Share issue costs (1)	-	(4,394)
Balance, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2023	218,309,152 \$	18,247,318

<sup>(1)</sup> On November 28, 2022, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement for an aggregate gross proceed of \$1,471,470 (US\$1,100,000) from the sale of 54,498,889 common shares at a price of \$0.027, which was entirely purchased by Terraflos, a company that is controlled by Facundo Garreton, the Company's Chairman, CEO and Director. In connection with the private placement, the Company incurred a total of \$4,394 of share issued costs.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)



#### 12. CONTRIBUTED SURPLUS

In connection with the Transaction, the Company adopted the Stock and Incentive Plan (the "Plan") which was approved by the shareholders of CMS on December 6, 2018. The Board establishes vesting and other terms and conditions for options at the time that they are granted. The Plan provides that stock options may be granted up to a number equal to 10% of the Company's outstanding shares. The plan also indicates that the maximum number of shares which may be issued to any one insider and his or her associates under the plan, together with any other previously established or proposed share compensation arrangements, within a one-year period shall be 5% of the shares outstanding at the time of the grant. As of March 31, 2023, the Company had 15,675,915 options remaining reserved on common shares.

The following table reflects the continuity of stock options:

		Weighted average
	Stock options	exercise price (\$)
Balance, December 31, 2021	7,510,001	0.23
Options expired (1)	(2,855,001)	0.32
Options issued (2)	1,500,000	0.05
Balance, December 31, 2022 and March 31, 2023	6,155,000	0.14

<sup>(1)</sup> During the for the year ended December 31, 2022, a total of 2,855,001 options were expired unexercised.

The stock options issued in 2022 were allocated a fair value using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions:

	2022
Risk-free interest rate	3.06%
Estimated stock price	\$0.04
Forfeiture rate	0%
Expected dividend yield	0%
Expected stock price volatility	115.36%
Expected option life	5 years

The following summarizes stock options issued, exercisable and outstanding as at March 31, 2023:

Exercise		Weighted average term to	Number of options
prices (\$)	Number of options outstanding	expiry (years)	exercisable
0.05	1,500,000	4.25	-
0.10	325,000	1.99	325,000
0.10	255,000	3.67	85,001
0.13	500,000	3.18	166,667
0.13	2,250,000	2.81	1,500,000
0.14	500,000	2.85	333,334
0.25	50,000	1.97	50,000
0.40	675,000	0.85	675,000
0.55	100,000	0.97	100,000
0.15	6,155,000	2.94	3,235,002

During the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company recognized a total share-based compensation expense of \$20,694 (2022 – \$44,478) in the condensed interim consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss.

<sup>(2)</sup> On July 1, 2022, Blueberries granted 1,500,000 options to certain director and officers of the Company to purchase Blueberries' common shares. The options are exercisable at price of \$0.05 per option for a 5-year term and vesting one-third each on every one-year anniversary from the grant date. The fair value of each option was \$0.0279, estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)



#### 13. GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

For the three months ended	Mar	ch 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Audit and accounting	\$	37,000	\$ 62,923
Consulting		7,906	31,001
Director and management fees		42,488	-
Filing and transfer agent fees		11,300	11,561
General office		3,788	9,278
Insurance		26,447	22,864
Legal		11,600	892
Other		11,813	278
Salary, wages, and benefits		88,184	137,798
Share based compensation expense		20,694	44,478
Total	\$	261,220	\$ 321,073

#### 14. OPERATING EXPENSES

Operating expenses			Operating	expe	nses		
			Cı	ltivation	E	xtraction	
	Extract	Extraction services				services	
For the three months ended	onths ended March 31, 2023			March 3	March 31, 2022		
Salary, wages, and benefits	\$	3,655	\$	411	\$	994	
Supplies, spare parts and equipment		-		87		-	
Facilities		4,979		8,103		5,673	
Fuel and oil		-		50		-	
Transportation		3,202		159		1,896	
Utilities		-		502		1,761	
Leases		-		2,122		-	
Other		13,946		16,032		25,900	
Total	\$	25,782	\$	27,466	\$	36,224	

### 15. BASIC AND DILUTED LOSS PER SHARE

For the three months ended March 31, 2023, and 2022, there is no difference between the calculated basic and diluted loss per share. All purchase warrants, finder's warrants, and stock options have been excluded from the calculation as they have an anti-dilutive effect on loss per share.

#### 16. SUPLLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

For the three months ended	March 31, 2023		23 March 31, 202	
Prepaids	\$	(59,637)	\$	(22,782)
Accounts receivables		(46,189)		(104)
Inventory		(48,561)		-
Trade accounts payable and other accounts payable		(12,211)		(27,988)
Employee benefits		(12,283)		(10,748)
Change in non-cash working capital	\$	(178,881)	\$	(61,622)

## 17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

- a) The Company has defined key management personnel as senior executive officers, as well as the Board of Directors. The total remuneration of key management personnel and the Board of Directors for the three months ended March 31, 2023, was \$115,728 (2022 \$157,379), including \$19,714 (2022 \$38,726) of share-based compensation.
- b) On November 28, 2022, Terraflos acquired an aggregate of 54,498,889 common shares at a price of \$0.027 per common share for an aggregate gross proceed of \$1,471,470 (US\$1,100,000) (Note 11).

See Note 21.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)



#### 18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

As of March 31, 2023, the Company's financial instruments consist of cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, convertible debt, derivative liability, and employee benefits. The fair values of these financial instruments approximate their carrying values due to the short-term maturity of these instruments.

The Company characterizes its fair value measurements of financial instruments into a three-level hierarchy depending on the degree to which the inputs are observable, as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the
  assets or liabilities either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

A financial instrument is classified to the lowest level hierarchy for which a significant input has been used in measuring fair value.

The Company measures cash and derivative liability at fair value. Cash are classified as Level 1 input in the fair value hierarchy, while the derivative liability is considered as a Level 3 input.

The Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient cash resources in order to finance operations, fund capital expenditures, and to repay debt and other liabilities of the Company as they come due, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking harm to the Company's reputation.

As at March 31, 2023, the Company's financial liabilities consist of trade accounts payable and accrued liabilities, employee benefits, convertible debt, and lease liability, which have contractual payment obligations within one year, with the exception of lease liabilities. The Company manages its liquidity risk by reviewing its capital requirements on an ongoing basis.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss associated with the counterparty's inability to fulfil its contractual obligations. Financial instruments subject to credit risk include cash, and accounts receivable. All of the Company's cash are held at reputable financial institutions. Accounts receivables consist mainly of harmonized sales tax and general sales tax receivables that the Company expects to receive from the Government of Canada. As such credit risk is deemed to be low on these instruments. The Company also has trade receivables of \$90,972, of which \$4,709 has been provided for as potentially uncollectible.

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk or uncertainty that changes in price, foreign exchange rates, and interest rates will affect the Company's net earnings and the value of financial instruments. Blueberries is exposed to two types of market risk, being foreign currency risk and interest rate risk as outlined below.

#### Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The Company's functional and reporting currency, except for the Colombia, Argentina and Panama subsidiaries, is the Canadian dollar. The Colombian subsidiaries incur expenditures in Colombian pesos, which is their functional currency. Therefore, the Company is exposed to the risk of fluctuations in foreign exchange rates between Colombian pesos and Canadian dollars. Blueberries does not anticipate a significant impact on its condensed interim consolidated financial statements as a result of a 5% change in the exchange rate between the two currencies.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in prevailing market interest rates. The Company's convertible debt has fixed interest rate . As at March 31, 2023, the fluctuations of interest rates would not have had a significant impact on the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)



Capital risk management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to ensure the Company will have sufficient financial capacity, liquidity, and flexibility to fund the Company's operations, growth, and ongoing developmental activities. The Company is dependent upon funding these activities through a combination of available cash, debt, and equity, which it considers to be the components of its capital structure as outlined below. There were no changes to the Company's capital management during the year, except the issuance of convertible debt. The Company is not exposed to any external capital requirements.

	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Derivative liability	\$ 57,677 \$	57,677
Convertible debt	1,256,138	1,146,373
Shareholders' equity	\$ 1,082,129 \$	1,467,768

#### 19. COMMITMENTS

A summary of the Company's commitments as of March 31, 2023, are as follows:

Leases	Lease Term	2023	2024	2025	2026 and after	Total
Cultivation area (Guatavita - El Amarillal)	04-Nov-25	\$ 1,222	\$ 1,691	\$ 1,609	\$	\$ 4,523
New extraction facilty (Tenjo)	30-Sep-32	32,900	43,866	43,866	296,096	416,728
Total		\$ 34,122	\$ 45,558	\$ 45,475	\$ 296,096	\$ 421,251

#### 20. GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company is engaged in the growth, cultivation, and development of medicinal cannabis and related products with operations in Colombia. Management has defined the operating segments of the Company based on geographical areas, identifying operations held in Colombia as a separate geographic segment. The Canada segment reflects balances and expenses related to all Company operations in Canada, which collectively represent the corporate operations of the Company.

The following tables show information regarding the Company's segments for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022:

For the three months ended March 31, 2023		olombia	Canada		Total		
Revenues							
Products revenue	\$	77,115	\$	-	\$	77,115	
Extraction services		779		-		779	
Cost of Sales						-	
Products revenue		(66,693)		-		(66,693)	
Extraction services		(674)		-		(674)	
Direct cost of production - extraction services		(21,669)		-		(21,669)	
Expenses:							
Operating expenses - extraction services		(25,782)		-		(25,782)	
General and administrative expenses		(121,559)		(139,661)		(261,220)	
Depreciation and amortization		(14,056)		-		(14,056)	
Finance expense		-		(109,765)		(109,765)	
Foreign exchange loss		(533)		(6,426)		(6,959)	
Other expense		(11,560)		-		(11,560)	
Net Loss	•	(184,632)		(255,852)	•	(440,484)	
Assets - March 31, 2023		2,176,823		875,298		3,052,121	
Liabilities - March 31, 2023	\$	370,135	\$	1,599,857	\$	1,969,992	

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)



For the three months ended March 31, 2022		Colombia		Canada	Total	
Revenues						
Products revenue	\$	23,600	\$	-	\$	23,600
Extraction services		6,743		-		6,743
Cultivation and others		3,372		-		3,372
Cost of Sales - product revenues						
Products revenue		(10,888)		-		(10,888)
Extraction services		(6,929)		-		(6,929)
Cultivation and others		(1,980)		-		(1,980)
Direct cost of production - extraction services		(23,940)		-		(23,940)
Direct cost of production - cultivation		(29,647)		-		(29,647)
Expenses:						-
Operating expenses - extraction services		(36,224)		-		(36,224)
Operating expenses - cultivation		(27,466)		-		(27,466)
General and administrative expenses		(177,578)		(143,496)		(321,074)
Depreciation and amortization		(84,690)		-		(84,690)
Finance expense		-		(74,884)		(74,884)
Foreign exchange loss		(2,441)		(23,739)		(26,180)
Other expense		(46,120)		-		(46,120)
Net Loss		(414,188)		(242,119)		(656,307)
Assets - December 31, 2022		2,005,619		1,348,543		3,354,162
Liabilities - December 31, 2022	\$	362,629	\$	1,523,765	\$	1,886,394

#### 21. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to March 31, 2023, due to the pending approval of application of change of address, the Company entered into a lease agreement to extend its occupancy in Tocancipa (Note 8) until May 2023, which may be extended until the change of address is approved in the license granted by the Instituto Nacional de Vigilancia de Medicamentos y Alimentos ("INVIMA").

On April 5, 2023, in connection with the advances on farmland (Note 6), the Company, the seller and Terraflos entered into a termination and settlement agreement ("Termination agreement"). Pursuant to the Termination agreement, the Company terminated the agreement to purchase the farmland and agreed to receive \$380,776 (US\$281,140) as compensation to be settled as follows:

- \$243,792 (US\$180,000) in cash on closing;
- Transfer of 3,905,000 shares of the Company owned by the seller to Terraflos valued at \$136,984 (US\$101,140) (the "deemed value"), and in turn, Terraflos is to pay the deemed value in cash to the Company by July 30, 2023.