

Globalive Technology Inc.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2019

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

(Unaudited)

Notice:
The accompanying unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements of Globalive Technology Inc. for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 have been prepared by management and have not been reviewed by the external auditors of the Company.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position (unaudited)

As at	Notes	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash		\$ 7,080,097	\$ 13,436,845
Other receivables		32,960	524,573
Prepaid expenses		48,889	607,912
Receivables from related parties		-	23,232
Investments	6	13,799,291	14,578,112
Total current assets		20,961,237	29,170,674
Non-current assets			
Fixed assets (net of depreciation)	14	12,015	192,583
Long term investments	6	3,884,407	8,947,754
Total assets		24,857,659	38,311,011
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payables and accrued liabilities		344,712	1,046,334
Total current liabilities		344,712	1,046,334
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital	9	53,593,565	52,602,413
Share-based payment reserve	10,11	1,150,882	1,640,152
Retained earnings (deficit)		(30,098,866)	(16,931,476)
Total shareholders' equity		24,645,581	37,311,089
Non-controlling interest		(132,634)	(46,412)
		24,512,947	37,264,677
		24,857,659	38,311,011

Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors

(SIGNED) "Anthony Lacavera"	(SIGNED) "Kingsley Ward"
Anthony Lacavera	Kingsley Ward
Director	Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Net and Comprehensive Income (Loss) (unaudited)

				period from December 7,	
		six month period	three month	2017 (commencement	three month
For the		ended	period ended	of operations) to	period ended
	Notes	June 3	0, 2019	May 3	1, 2018
Other income (losses)	16	(281,054)	(802,277)	67,754	67,754
Realized / unrealized gain (loss) from investments held at fair value through profit or loss	6	(8,932,561)	(8,768,873)	6,888,890	
		(9,213,615)	(9,571,150)	6,956,644	67,754
Expenses					
Marketing and public relations		129,084	36,640	185,110	185,110
Employee share based compensation	11	501,881	121,529	-	-
Office, general and administrative		354,992	137,022	231,492	170,919
Salary and wages	3c	1,975,884	927,352	446,629	361,100
Professional fees		580,323	261,331	611,513	300,587
Depreciation of property and equipment	14	12,588	5,057	1,800	1,800
Total expenses		3,554,752	1,488,931	1,476,544	1,019,516
Net income (loss) before taxes for the period		(12,768,367)	(11,060,081)	5,480,100	(951,762)
Deferred tax recovery (expense)	12	-	-	(912,778)	-
Net income (loss) from continuing operations for the period		(12,768,367)	(11,060,081)	4,567,322	(951,762)
Net income (loss) from discontinued operation (attributable to equity holders of the company)	5	(485,245)	4,855	_	-
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the period		(13,253,612)	(11,055,226)	4,567,322	(951,762)
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the period attributable to:					
Globalive Technology Inc. shareholders		(13,167,390)	(10,994,462)	4,567,322	(951,762)
Non-controlling interests		(86,222)	(60,764)	_	-
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the period		(13,253,612)	(11,055,226)	4,567,322	(951,762)
Earnings (loss) per share from continuing operations for the period					
Basic	13	\$ (0.092)	\$ (0.080)	\$ 0.067	\$ (0.013)
Diluted	13	\$ (0.092)	\$ (0.080)	\$ 0.067	\$ (0.013)
Earnings (loss) per share					
Basic	13	\$ (0.096)	\$ (0.080)	\$ 0.067	\$ (0.013)
Diluted	13	\$ (0.096)	\$ (0.080)	\$ 0.067	\$ (0.013)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (unaudited)

For the		six month period ended	period from December 7, 2017 (commencement of operations) to
For the	Notes	June 30, 2019	May 31, 2018
Number of common shares outstanding			
Outstanding at the beginning of the period		136,536,212	-
Shares issued		1,741,660	71,360,020
Balance at the end of the period	9	138,277,872	71,360,020
Share and I			
Share capital		52 (02 412	
Balance at the beginning of the period	44	52,602,413	- 260 001
Issue of restricted shares	11	991,152	5,368,001
Share issue costs		-	(640,738)
Balance at the end of the period		53,593,565	4,727,263
Share-based payment reserve			
Balance at beginning of period		1,640,152	-
Share based compensation	11	501,881	-
Issue of restricted shares	11	(991,151)	-
Balance at the end of the period		1,150,882	-
Detained comings (deficit)			
Retained earnings (deficit)		(16.021.476)	
Balance at beginning of period		(16,931,476)	4.567.222
Net income (loss) for the period		(13,167,390)	4,567,322
Balance at the end of the period		(30,098,866)	4,567,322
Total shareholders' equity		24,645,581	9,294,585
Non-controlling interests			
Balance at beginning of period		(46,412)	_
Net income (loss) for the period		(86,222)	-
Balance at the end of the period		(132,634)	-
Total		24,512,947	9,294,585
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements			

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)

For the		six month period ended	period from December 7, 2017 (commencement of operations) to
	Notes	June 30, 2019	May 31, 2018
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net income (loss) before taxes for the period		\$ (13,253,612)	\$ 4,567,322
Items not affecting cash:			
Change in unrealized (gain) loss from investments held at fair value through profit or loss	6	8,932,561	(6,888,890)
Deferred income taxes		-	912,778
Loss on sale of fixed assets		84,291	-
Share based compensation	11	501,881	-
Depreciation of fixed assets	14	12,588	1,800
Changes in non-cash working capital:			
Other receivables		491,613	(937,492)
Prepaid expenses		559,023	-
Receivables from related parties		23,232	(128,328)
Accounts payables and accrued liabilities		(701,622)	1,075,199
Net cash used in operating activities		(3,350,045)	(1,397,611)
Investing Activities			
Purchase of investments	6	(256,269)	(3,009,700)
Purchase of long term investments	6	(3,100,000)	(1,007,840)
Purchase of investment in associates		-	(2,000,247)
Other assets		-	(314,200)
Sale of investments	6	265,877	-
Sale of fixed assets	14	92,960	-
Purchase of fixed assets	14	(9,271)	(46,764)
Net cash used in investment activities		(3,006,703)	(6,378,751)
Cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities			
Proceeds from promissory note		-	3,000,000
Proceeds from Convertible debenture		-	6,518,785
Issue expenses		-	(640,733)
Proceeds from shares issued		-	3,118,001
Net cash provided by financing activities		-	11,996,053
Net increase in cash during the period		(6,356,748)	4,219,691
Cash - beginning of period		13,436,845	-
Cash - end of period		7,080,097	4,219,691
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements			

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2019, the three-month period ended May 31, 2018 and the period from December 7, 2017 (commencement of operations) to May 31, 2018

1. REPORTING ENTITY

The Company

Globalive Technology Inc. ("GT" or the "Company") was formed on June 8, 2018, by the amalgamation of Globalive Technology Partners Inc. ("GTP") and Corporate Catalyst Acquisition Inc. ("CCA"). Its registered and records offices are located at East Tower, Bay Adelaide Centre, 22 Adelaide Street West, Suite 3400, Toronto, Ontario, M5H 4E3, and its head office is located at 48 Yonge Street, Suite 1200, Toronto, Ontario, M5E 1G6.

Corporate History

GTP was incorporated under the *Business Corporations Act* (Ontario) on December 7, 2017, with the goal of commercializing technologies, including those based on artificial intelligence and machine learning, blockchain and the internet of things.

On June 8, 2018, GTP completed a reverse takeover transaction (the "RTO Transaction") with CCA, a capital pool company listed on the NEX Exchange, resulting in the formation of GT. On June 13, 2018, following the completion of the RTO Transaction, GT's common shares ("GT Shares") commenced trading on the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSX-V"). GT is the successor of GTP and carries on its business of building and commercializing software solutions using optimal technology stacks, but with a focus on the fintech sector, including retail consumer finance.

Upon completing the RTO Transaction, the GT financial year end was changed from February 28th to December 31st.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

a. Statement of compliance

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, "Interim Financial Reporting of the International Financial Reporting Standards" ("**IFRS**") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("**IASB**").

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the adoption of new and amended standards as set out below.

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for issuance by the board of directors of GT (the "Board of Directors") on August 21, 2019.

b. New and amended standards adopted by the Company

IFRS 16 "Leases":

In January 2016, the IASB issued IFRS 16, "Leases", which requires entities to recognize lease assets and lease obligations on the balance sheet. For lessees, IFRS 16 removes the classification of leases as either operating leases or finance leases, effectively treating all leases as finance leases. Certain short-term leases (less than 12 months) and leases of low-value assets are exempt from the requirements and may continue to be treated as operating leases.

Lessors will continue with a dual lease classification model. Classification will determine how and when a lessor will recognize lease revenue, and what assets would be recorded. The Company adopted IFRS 16 effective January 1, 2019. Given its current leasing arrangements, adopting IFRS 16 had no impact on its consolidated financial statements.

IFRIC Interpretation 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments ("IFRIC 23"):

In June 2017 the IASB issued IFRIC 23 to clarify how the requirements of IAS 12 Income Taxes should be applied when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments. The interpretation is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019, with modified retrospective or retrospective application. Adoption of IFRIC 23 had no significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2019, the three-month period ended May 31, 2018 and the period from December 7, 2017 (commencement of operations) to May 31, 2018

IFRS Annual Improvements 2015-2017:

In December 2017 the IASB issued amendments to clarify the requirements of four IFRS standards. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019, primarily with prospective application. Adoption of the amendments had no impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

3. SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE CURRENT REPORTING PERIOD

The financial position and performance of the Company was particularly affected by the following events and transactions during the six-month period ended June 30, 2019 (the "**Reporting Period**"):

a. Flexiti Financial Inc. ("Flexiti"):

There were a number of significant developments relating to the Company's interest in Flexiti, a Canadian financial technology lender offering technology-enabled instant credit approvals for prime customers at the point-of-sale for big-ticket retailers, including:

- On January 1, 2019, the Company and Flexiti entered into a services agreement which provided that the Company's Chief Technology Officer and Chief People Officer would dedicate a portion of their working time to delivering management services to Flexiti. Work under the services agreement continued until April 17, 2019.
- On January 9, 2019 and February 20, 2019, the Company announced it was exercising a call right to acquire 2629331 Ontario Inc. ("262"), a related party to GT, under a put, call and right of first refusal agreement dated June 21, 2018 (the "Put/Call Agreement"), subject to certain conditions precedent, including the Company's satisfaction that adequate financing can be obtained to fund Flexiti and its parent, FLX Holding Corp. ("FLX"). The Company continues to work with Flexiti and FLX to determine if these conditions can be satisfied.
- On February 22, 2019, FLX completed a pre-emptive rights offering for Series 2 Class B Preferred Shares of FLX, convertible into common shares of FLX, which was made available to FLX shareholders *pro rata* according to their existing interests in the company. The Company participated in the FLX rights offering directly for its share of 1.5% (\$225,000) and advanced a \$3,000,000 loan to 262 to allow it to participate for its share of 41.4% of the rights offering (\$2,635,000).

See notes 4 and 7 for more details.

- b. **Discontinuation of business venture (HyperBlock):** During the Reporting Period, the Company decided to exit its mining-as-a-service business venture with HyperBlock Inc. ("**HyperBlock**") and ultimately sold all of its cryptocurrency mining equipment to HyperBlock (see note 5 for more details).
- c. **Discontinuation of business venture (Neighbor Billing)**: The Company has been engaged in developing a utility commerce management platform that bundles the billing for utility services and other similar household bills into a single consolidated invoicing and payment regime for Neighbor Billing Inc. ("Neighbor"), its business venture with Sponsor Energy Inc. ("Sponsor"). During the Reporting Period, following a thorough consideration of market conditions and strategic alternatives, the Company determined that the additional capital required to fund the next phase of Neighbor's development and operations exceeded what the Company and Sponsor were prepared to make available. On June 4, 2019, the Company completed a transaction to conclude its business venture with Sponsor, with the result that the Company is now the sole owner of Neighbor and its associated intellectual property, but has granted limited licenses to Sponsor to allow it to commercialize certain of the intellectual property on a non-exclusive basis in the utilities market. The Chief Technology Officer, Chief People Officer and certain employees engaged by the Company to work solely on the Neighbor billing platform departed the Company during the Reporting Period, resulting in a one-time cost associated with employee departures of approximately \$401,849.
- d. **Sale of investments:** The Company sold all its common share investments held in CryptoStar Inc., Fastforward Innovations Limited and HyperBlock (see note 6 for more details).
- e. **Restricted share units ("RSUs"):** The Company issued 1,741,660 GT Shares in settlement of vested RSUs (see note 11 for more details).
- f. **Strategic Investments:** The Company has made and continues to make strategic investments in existing and potential future collaborators and other strategic partners. During the Reporting Period the Company allocated a small amount of capital into Xtreme Blockchain Labs Inc. (which was subsequently acquired by Kognitiv Corporation) and Pitchpoint Solutions Inc.

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2019, the three-month period ended May 31, 2018 and the period from December 7, 2017 (commencement of operations) to May 31, 2018

4. PUT/CALL AND RIGHT OF FIRST REFUSAL AGREEMENT

On June 6, 2018, GT entered into a right of first refusal and put option agreement with 262, a wholly owned subsidiary of Globalive Capital Inc. ("GCI"), which owns a substantial interest in, and controls, FLX. That agreement was subsequently amended and restated by the Put/Call Agreement, and certain terms affecting the Put/Call Agreement were further amended in October and November of 2018 in connection with the purchase and sale of certain debentures of 262. Following these amendments, the Put/Call Agreement provides for the following:

- i. 262 grants GT a right of first refusal in respect of a change of control of 262, or a sale of its ownership interest in FLX, that occurs within 1 year of the date of the agreement;
- ii. GT grants 262 and its shareholders a put option (the "Flexiti Put") which may be exercised for up to 2 years following the date of the agreement. If exercised, the Flexiti Put would require GT to:
 - a. acquire all issued and outstanding common shares of 262 for an aggregate purchase price of up to 5,000,000 GT Shares;
 - b. vertically amalgamate with 262, therefore inheriting the obligations of 262 which include senior secured debentures in the aggregate principal amount of \$15 million (50% of which are currently held by GT) which would remain outstanding (but cease accruing fees/interest) and be convertible into GT Shares at a conversion price of \$1.00 per share (amended from \$1.50/share in Q4 2018), and junior secured debentures in the aggregate principal amount of \$6 million;
 - c. pay all outstanding principal and interest accrued on the junior secured debentures; and
 - d. pay a make-whole payment to the holders of the senior secured debentures, one year following the amalgamation, in lieu of the interest and fees that would accrue over the lifetime of those debentures;
- iii. 262 and its shareholders grant GT a call option (the "Flexiti Call") which may be exercised for up to 2 years following the date of the agreement. If exercised, the Flexiti Call would require GT to:
 - a. acquire all issued and outstanding common shares of 262 for an aggregate purchase price of 13,333,333 GT Shares;
 - b. vertically amalgamate with 262, therefore inheriting the obligations of 262 which include senior secured debentures in the aggregate principal amount of \$15 million (50% of which are currently held by GT) which would remain outstanding (but cease accruing fees/interest) and be convertible into GT Shares at a conversion price of \$1.00 per share (amended from \$1.50/share in Q4 2018); and
 - c. pay all outstanding principal and interest accrued on the junior secured debentures; and
 - d. pay a make-whole payment to the holders of the senior secured debentures, in lieu of the interest and fees that would accrue over the lifetime of those debentures.

Each of the foregoing rights and options are limited by and subject to certain terms and conditions including GT obtaining approval from the TSX-V and its disinterested minority shareholders.

The Put/Call Agreement represents an embedded derivative, and therefore, the Company has classified the entire value as FVTPL and obtained a third-party valuation as of the date of the agreement, June 21, 2018 (the "Valuation Date"). Using the Monte Carlo simulation method, it was estimated that the fair value of the Flexiti Call is \$665,000, which was allocated to a capital reserve account "Share premium reserve". The Flexiti Put was found to have zero value due to a price adjustment clause which limits the put price to a fair price when the option is exercised. The significant inputs and assumptions used in the valuation of the Put/Call Agreement were:

- 1. The Flexiti Call's valuation is highly sensitive to the correlation between the guideline companies used for simulation purposes. Due to the integrated and synergistic nature of the GT and 262 businesses, as well as the economic circumstances, a value of 0.50 was determined to represent the most reliable correlation for fair value purposes.
- 2. A change of control of 262 is not expected during the next 2-years (i.e., during the life of the call/put options).
- 3. No dividends will be paid for the next two years by either 262 or the Company.
- 4. For the starting share price, a fresh valuation for 262 was not needed, as the fair value of 262's enterprise value and/or equity is available from the transaction price and the options' valuation date is very close to the transaction date.
- 5. Comparable companies' historical data (with look back period matching the term of the option) was used to estimate the model input variables for both 262 and GT.
- 6. The number of shares outstanding for both 262 and GT at the time of valuation will not change during the life of the options.
- 7. The Bank of Canada's 2-year T-bill rate was used as the risk-free rate.

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2019, the three-month period ended May 31, 2018 and the period from December 7, 2017 (commencement of operations) to May 31, 2018

As of December 31, 2018, the Company obtained an updated valuation model from the same third-party valuator. The valuation approach used for updating the fair values as at December 31, 2018 is consistent with the ones obtained as of the Valuation Date, with the exception of the change in the starting value of 262. The updated valuation is based on 262's consolidated equity value as per the audited consolidated financial statements of 262 and Flexiti which were not available at the time of the initial fair valuation. Based upon the above assumptions and available information as of the date of these financials, it was calculated that the fair value for the Flexiti Call has a \$nil value.

The Company does not believe that any change in the value of the Flexiti Call / Flexiti Put is warranted at this time.

5. DISCONTINUED OPERATION

a. Description

On June 11, 2018, the Company entered into a mining-as-a-service agreement with HyperBlock (the "MaaS Segment").

HyperBlock brokered the acquisition of 800 miner servers with power supply units ("Mining Servers") for the Company, which HyperBlock was operating and maintaining in a business that was intended to rent the computation power ("Hashrate") of these Mining Servers to third parties interested in mining digital currencies.

On June 15, 2018, the Company paid USD \$1,571,840 to acquire the Mining Servers. This amount included the required electrical infrastructure and installation, prepaid management fees to HyperBlock and some other charges (collectively, the "Upfront Costs"). HyperBlock also collected a sale commission based on the revenue generated from the Hashrate sales. Once the Company had recovered its full Upfront Costs, the total revenue generated from Hashrate sales (net of the sales commission, cost of electricity, maintenance and any other running costs) was to be split with HyperBlock at a predetermined rate.

When HyperBlock was unable to sell all of the available Hashrates, the Company realized revenues directly from the mining of digital currencies sold to HyperBlock at the point of mining. The sales price of such digital currency was based on the monthly average market rate for the applicable digital currency in United States Dollars, and payment was received in United States Dollars.

During the Reporting Period, the Company decided to exit the MaaS Segment and sold all of its Mining Servers to HyperBlock.

b. Financial performance and cash flow of the discontinued MaaS Segment

The table below shows the segment financial information during the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

Period from

			December 7, 2017	
	Six month period	Three month	(commencement of	three month
	ended	period ended	operations) to	period ended
	June 30	0, 2019	May 31	, 2018
Add: Hashrate sales	-			
Add: mining digital currencies (USD 182,880)	244,648	41,847	-	-
Less: Cost of sales				
Management fees	(74,286)	(54,219)	-	-
Cost of electricity and maintenance	(238,958)	(57,059)		
Segment profit (loss) during the period	(68,596)	(69,431)		
Deduct:				
Unamortized portion of the prepaid management fees paid to HyperBlock	(371,433)	74,286	-	-
Loss on valuation of Mining Servers	(45,216)	-	-	-
Net income (loss) from discontinued operation (attributable shareholders of the company)	(485,245)	4,855	-	
Cash flow from operations	69,610	39,877	-	-

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2019, the three-month period ended May 31, 2018 and the period from December 7, 2017 (commencement of operations) to May 31, 2018

6. INVESTMENTS

The Company has made and continues to make strategic investments in existing and potential future collaborators and other strategic partners. The Company carried the following investments in certain technology companies as at June 30, 2019:

Investment name	\$ Cost		Estimated Fair Market Value	
(a) Puplicly listed investments:				
Equity shares		-	-	(i)
(b) Privately held investments:				
Debt investments	USD	652,425	641,549	(i)
Debt investments	CAD	11,350,181	3,242,857	(ii)
Equity investments	CAD	8,049,257	7,312,619	(iii)
Equity investments	USD	6,055,630	6,259,728	(iii)
Warrants to acquire equity investments	CAD	322,138	62,809	(iv)
Warrants to acquire equity investments	USD	197,154	164,135	(iv)
Total Investments		26,626,785	17,683,697	
Investments classified as current (1)		14,624,179	13,799,291	
Long term Investments (2)		12,002,606	3,884,406	

As at December 31, 2018, the financial details of the Company's investments are described in detail below:

Investment name	\$	Cost Estimated Fair Market Value		
(a) Puplicly listed investments:				
Equity shares:				
HyperBlock Inc.	CAD	2,525,000	160,714	(i)
CryptoStar Inc.	CAD	300,000	9,000	(ii)
Fastforward Innovations Limited	GBP	131,870	99,528	(iii)
(b) Privately held investments:				
Debt investments	USD	1,660,265	697,573	(i)
Debt investments	CAD	8,250,181	8,250,181	(ii)
Equity investments	CAD	7,792,991	7,511,018	(iii)
Equity investments	USD	6,055,630	6,525,194	(iii)
Warrants to acquire equity investments	CAD	322,138	84,000	(iv)
Warrants to acquire equity investments	USD	197,154	188,658	(iv)
Total Investments		27,235,229	23,525,866	
Investments classified as current (1)		17,324,783	14,578,112	
Long term Investments (2)		9,910,446	8,947,754	

a. Publicly-listed investments:

i. **HyperBlock:** During the Reporting Period, the Company sold all of its 5,357,143 shares of HyperBlock for \$158,259, realizing a loss of \$2,366,741.

The market price for HyperBlock shares as at December 31, 2018 was \$0.03 per share.

ii. **CryptoStar Inc.** ("CryptoStar"): During the Reporting Period, the Company sold all of its 600,000 shares of CryptoStar for \$6,000, realizing a loss of \$294,000.

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2019, the three-month period ended May 31, 2018 and the period from December 7, 2017 (commencement of operations) to May 31, 2018

iii. **Fastforward Innovations Limited ("Fastforward")**: During the Reporting Period, the Company sold all of its 585,954 shares of Fastforward for a Canadian equivalent of \$101,618, realizing a loss of \$30,252.

b. Privately held investments

i. Debt investments in USD:

The Company made two investments in convertible debentures denominated in USD with certain discount privileges upon conversion. Conversion is dependent on the occurrence of a qualifying transaction. The debentures' conversion features result in contractual cash flows that do not consist solely of interest and principal and therefore these investments are classified as FVTPL under IFRS 9.

As at June 30, 2019, using a "with" and "without" valuation approach, the fair value of the convertible debentures, is USD \$490,220, or the Canadian equivalent of \$641,549 (December 31, 2018 - USD \$511,343, or the Canadian equivalent of \$697,574).

The significant assumptions used in the valuation of the convertible debentures were:

- 1. cash burn projections;
- 2. the date of new financing which will trigger the conversion feature of both debt investments;
- the probabilities of completing a qualified financing, completing a non-qualified financing and liquidation, respectively;
- the convertible debentures' initial internal rates of return (i.e., as on the issuance date) are used as discount rate for fair market value calculations.

ii. Debt investments in CAD:

Senior debenture of 262:

On October 10, 2018 and November 9, 2018, the Company acquired senior secured convertible debentures of 262 (the "Senior Debentures") in the aggregate principal amount of \$7,500,000. The Company acquired the debentures in an arm's length transaction at a value that was approved by both 262's and GT's boards of directors, however, the result is that the Company now holds debentures in 262, an entity that is considered to be related party. The Senior Debentures bear interest at 17.5% per annum, compounded and calculated monthly, in arrears and will mature on May 1, 2020.

Under the terms of the Senior Debenture, the holder will receive a risk premium charge (the "**Risk Premium Charge**") which is an amount equal to 10% of the principal due under the Senior Debentures. 50% of this charge was paid upon issue and the remaining 50% will be payable on the earlier of (i) the time that the Senior Debentures are converted, (ii) the time that the Senior Debentures are repaid on maturity or redemption, (iii) the time that a Flexiti Put or Flexiti Call transaction is completed (see note 4 for more details), and (iv) upon completion of any change of control of 262 Ontario. Interest accrues on the Risk Premium Charge commencing on the date they were issued (May 1, 2018) at the same rate as on the Senior Debentures and any interest so accrued shall be compounded and considered as part of such amount.

<u>Automatic Conversion</u>: Subject to certain conditions, the Senior Debenture outstanding principal owing can be automatically converted into common shares of 262 at a predetermined pricing if (i) the common shares are listed on a nationally recognized stock exchange (which includes the TSX Venture Exchange) and (ii) the current market price of the common shares on such nationally recognized stock exchange is equal to or greater than \$3.00 with average daily trading volume of not less than 250,000 shares, and upon payment in full of all accrued and unpaid interest, if any.

Optional Conversion: At the option of the holder, the Senior Debentures are convertible, in whole or in part, as to principal, at the applicable predetermined conversion price, subject to adjustment in certain events, at any time following the exercise of the Flexiti Put or the Flexiti Call in accordance with the Put/Call Agreement and prior to the close of business on the earlier of: (i) the last business day immediately preceding their maturity date, and (ii) the date fixed for redemption, into common shares of 262 or any successor to 262.

The debentures' conversion features result in contractual cash flows that do not consist solely of interest and principal and therefore these investments are classified as FVTPL under IFRS 9.

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2019, the three-month period ended May 31, 2018 and the period from December 7, 2017 (commencement of operations) to May 31, 2018

During the Reporting Period, following several internal rounds of financing in FLX and Flexiti, the Company determined that these investments should be re-valued to reflect the expected current value of their underlying security, resulting in an unrealized loss of \$9,411,669.

Loan to 262:

The Company also made a loan of \$3,000,000 to 262, to allow it to participate for (A) its pro rata share (\$2,666,250) of the Series 2 Class B Preferred Shares of FLX (19,044,642 shares) and (B) a \$250,000 share of an offering of Class A shares of Flexiti. The loan is secured by a first ranking charge over the shares acquired using the loan proceeds. Notwithstanding recent rounds of internal financing in FLX and Flexiti, the Company does not believe any change in the value of this loan is warranted at this time.

iii. Equity investments:

The Company invests in a variety of private equity investments, these investments are mainly in common shares or preferred shares with liquidity and/or dividend priority advantages.

The Company also acquired certain assets (the "Vend-In Assets") from GCI and 2330573 Ontario Inc. in exchange for 19,914,894 GT Shares. On acquisition the Vend-In Assets were measured at a fair value of \$11,333,261. The Vend-In Assets included both Canadian and USD equity securities. All acquired securities were classified as FVTPL.

The Company has made and continues to make strategic investments in existing and potential future collaborators and other strategic partners. During the Reporting Period the Company allocated a small amount of capital into Xtreme Blockchain Labs Inc. (which was subsequently acquired by Kognitiv Corporation) and Pitchpoint Solutions Inc.

The Company revalued the USD denominated equity securities using the related exchange rate as of June 30, 2019 resulting in an unrealized loss of CAD \$295,394 during the six-month period ended June 30, 2019 (\$\text{snil}\) during the period from December 7, 2017 (commencement of operations) to May 31, 2018).

The Company used private transactional pricing to adjust the fair value of these investments recording an unrealized loss of \$424,741 during the reporting period.

iv. Warrants to acquire equity investments:

As part of the Vend-in Assets, the Company acquired warrants with each warrant entitling the Company to acquire some of the equity investments mentioned in section (iii) above. On acquisition the warrants were measured at a fair value of CAD \$322,138 for warrants denominated in CAD and CAD \$197,154 for warrants denominated in USD. During the three months period ended June 30, 2019, the company made additional small investments in two of the equity investments mentioned in section (iii) above. One of the two investments came with an attached warrant.

As of June 30, 2019, the estimated fair value of the warrants denominated in CAD was \$62,809 for warrants denominated in CAD and CAD \$164,135 for warrants denominated in USD (December 31, 2018 - \$84,000 and \$188,658, respectively), as such, the Company recognized an unrealized loss of \$45,713 (\$nil during the period from December 7, 2017 (commencement of operations) to May 31, 2018).

The Company used the Black-Scholes option pricing model to estimate fair market value, listed below are the weighted average assumptions used as of June 30, 2019:

Average risk-free interest rate	1.29%
Annualized volatility	65.00%
Dividend rate	0.00%
Expected weighted average life (years)	5.36 years

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2019, the three-month period ended May 31, 2018 and the period from December 7, 2017 (commencement of operations) to May 31, 2018

7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The Company's financial assets and financial liabilities at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 were as follows:

June 30, 2019:

	Assets at fair value through profit or loss	Amortized cost	Other financial liabilities	Total
Cash		7,080,097		7,080,097
Other receivables		32,960		32,960
Investments	13,799,291			13,799,291
Long term investments	3,884,407			3,884,407
Accounts payables and accrued liabilit	ies		344,712	344,712

December 31, 2018:

	Assets at fair value through profit or loss	Amortized cost	Other financial liabilities	Total
Cash	-	13,436,845		13,436,845
Other receivables		524,573		524,573
Investments	14,578,112			14,578,112
Long term investments	8,947,754			8,947,754
Accounts payables and accrued liabi	lities		1,046,334	1,046,334

Fair value hierarchy:

The following table sets forth the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value by level within the fair value hierarchy as at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

June 30, 2019:

		Fair v			
	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
FVTPL	-		•	-	-
Investments	13,799,291	-	13,572,347	226,944	13,799,291
Long term investments	3,884,407	-	3,242,857	641,550	3,884,407

December 31, 2018:

		Fair va			
	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
FVTPL					_
Investments	14,578,112	269,242	14,036,213	272,657	14,578,112
Long term investments	8,947,754	-	8,250,181	697,573	8,947,754

Level 1 Fair Value Measurements: Inputs are quoted prices unadjusted in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access.

Level 2 Fair Value Measurements: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Includes inputs using a valuation methodology other than quoted prices included within Level 1.

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2019, the three-month period ended May 31, 2018 and the period from December 7, 2017 (commencement of operations) to May 31, 2018

Level 3 Fair Value Measurements: Inputs that are not based on observable market data and that are significant to the fair value measurement. These unobservable inputs reflect the Company's own assumptions about what a market participant would use in estimating fair value of a financial instrument.

The Company will transfer between levels in the fair value hierarchy only when the instrument no longer satisfies the definition of the fair value category it was recognized in.

Fair value is calculated using recent arm's length transactions, or prevailing market rates for instruments with similar characteristics.

The following shows the impact to the fair value of the Level 3 securities held at June 30, 2019 had the value of the securities increased or decreased as a result in a reasonable shift in the value of the most material unobservable input used to value these securities:

Security Name	Fair Value	Valuation technique	Unobservable inputs	Reasonable Shift	Change in valuation
Convertible Debenture USD	\$ 641,551	"with" and "without" valuation approach	Assign 50%, 30% and 20% probability weighting to the assumptions of completing a qualified financing, completing a non-qualified financing and liquidation, respectively	Assign 0%, 0% and 100% probability weighting to the assumptions of completing a qualified financing, completing a non-qualified financing and liquidation, respectively.	(\$606,000)
Warrants	\$226,944	Black-Scholes option pricing model	Volatility	+50%	\$26,000
Flexiti Call	\$nil	Monte Carlo simulation method	0.50 correlation, and \$109,000 equity value of 262	+/- 0.50 correlation, and +/- \$2,891,000 change in 262's equity	\$485,000/ \$nil respectively

The following shows the impact to the fair value of the Level 3 securities held at December 31, 2018, had the value of the security increased or decreased as a result in a reasonable shift in the value of selected material unobservable inputs used to value this security:

Security Name	Fair Value	Valuation technique	Unobservable inputs	Reasonable Shift	Change in valuation
Convertible Debenture USD	\$ 697,574	"with" and "without" valuation approach	Assign 50%, 30% and 20% probability weighting to the assumptions of completing a qualified financing, completing a non-qualified financing and liquidation, respectively	Assign 0%, 0% and 100% probability weighting to the assumptions of completing a qualified financing, completing a non-qualified financing and liquidation, respectively.	(\$662,000)
Warrants	\$272,657	Black-Scholes option pricing model	Volatility	+50%	\$107,000
Flexiti Call	\$nil	Monte Carlo simulation method	0.50 correlation, and \$109,000 equity value of 262	+/- 0.50 correlation, and +/- \$2,891,000 change in 262's equity	\$485,000/ \$nil respectively

The following is a reconciliation of investments in which significant unobservable inputs (level 3) were used in determining their fair value:

	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2018	970,230
Purchases	-
Change in FMV	(101,736)
Balance as at March 31, 2019	868,494

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2019, the three-month period ended May 31, 2018 and the period from December 7, 2017 (commencement of operations) to May 31, 2018

Financial Risk Management:

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks that arise as a result of its operating, investing, and financing activities including:

- Credit risk;
- Liquidity risk;
- Market risk; and
- Price risk.

This note presents information about the Company's exposure to the above risks, the Company's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the Company's management of capital. Further quantitative disclosures are included throughout these financial statements.

The Board of Directors oversees management's establishment and execution of the Company's risk management framework. Management has implemented and monitors compliance with risk management policies. The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to market conditions and the Company's activities.

Credit risk:

Credit risk is the potential for financial loss to the Company if a counterparty in a transaction fails to meet its obligations. The Company's cash and cash equivalents, other receivables and investments in debt instruments are exposed to credit risk. The Company monitors its credit risk management policies continuously to evaluate their effectiveness and feels that the creditworthiness of its counterparties is currently satisfactory. Cash and cash equivalents primarily consist of highly liquid temporary deposits with Canadian chartered banks.

Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they come due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due.

The Company ensures that it has sufficient cash on demand to meet expected operational expenses for a period of 90 days, including the servicing of financial obligations; this excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted. To achieve this objective, the Company prepares annual operational expenditure budgets which are regularly monitored and updated as considered necessary. As at June 30, 2019 the Company had \$7,080,097 of cash available to settle \$344,712 of financial liabilities (as at December 31, 2018 the Company had \$13,436,845 of cash available to settle \$1,046,332 of financial liabilities).

The Company's accounts payable and accrued expenses are non-interest bearing and are due in less than 90 days.

Market risk:

Market risk is the potential for loss to the Company from changes in the values of its financial instruments due to changes in interest rates, foreign exchange rates or equity prices.

The Company's investments are classified at FVTPL, therefore changes in fair market value on securities are recorded in net income.

Further risks related to market risks that are present in the Company are as follows:

i. Price risk:

The Company is exposed to equity securities price risk because of investments held by the Company. As at June 30, 2019, had the fair values of the investments at FVTPL increased or decreased by 10%, with all other variables held constant, net income would have increased or decreased by approximately \$1,735,000 (December 31, 2018 - \$2,353,000).

ii. Interest rate risk:

The Company's interest rate risk arises from investments in debt instruments carried at FVTPL and cash balances with variable rates of interest as fair value of these financial instruments can fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

As at June 30, 2019, the approximate impact on the Company if the changes in the prevailing levels of market interest rates strengthened or weakened by 1% would be a gain or a loss of \$64,000 respectively (December 31, 2018 - \$128,000).

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2019, the three-month period ended May 31, 2018 and the period from December 7, 2017 (commencement of operations) to May 31, 2018

iii. Currency risk:

Currency risk arises from financial instruments that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the Company, which is the Canadian dollar. The Company is exposed to the risk that the value of investments denominated in currency other than Canadian dollars will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates. The Company's investment denominated in United States Dollars and Great Britain Pounds are marked accordingly in the schedule of investments included in note 6 above.

As at June 30, 2019, the approximate impact on the Company if the CAD weakened by 5% in relation to USD and GBP would be a gain of \$382,000 and \$nil respectively (December 31, 2018 - \$383,000 and \$5,000 respectively). If the Canadian dollar were to strengthen relative to these currencies, the opposite would occur. In practice, actual results may differ from this sensitivity analysis and the difference could be material.

8. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company considers its capital structure to consist of its share capital. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments based on the funds available to support new business ventures with Collaborators and support its medium-term working capital. The Board of Directors has not established quantitative return on capital criteria for management and relies on the expertise of management and the Board of Directors to sustain future development of the business.

The management and the Board of Directors review the Company's capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believe it reflects a reasonable approach given the relative size of the Company's assets.

The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

9. SHARE CAPITAL

As at June 30, 2019, the Company's authorized number of GT Shares was unlimited without par value, while the Company's number of issued GT Shares as of same date was 138,277,872 shares (December 31, 2018 – 136,536,212).

GCI owns approximately 57,781,402 common shares of GT, which represents approximately 41.8% of the issued and outstanding common shares of GT (56,956,402 common shares or 41.4% of the outstanding common shares of the Company as at December 31, 2018). GCI also has voting control over up to 41,672,528 common shares pursuant to voting agreements entered into with certain shareholders of GT, which represents up to 30.1% of the issued and outstanding common shares of GT.

10. SHARE BASED PAYMENT FOR SERVICE

In May 2018, GT entered into a digital marketing agreement (the "**Digital Marketing Agreement**") with Wallace Hill Partners Ltd. ("**Wallace**"), pursuant to which Wallace was providing financial publishing and digital marketing services to GT. Those services included the creation of landing pages and other forms of digital marketing. It was expected that Wallace would also promote the landing pages created and drive internet traffic for the benefit of GT. Wallace was to be compensated for the services it provided as follows: (i) a cash payment of USD \$300,000 was paid on execution of the Digital Marketing Agreement to cover marketing expenses; (ii) a cash payment of CAD \$810,000 was paid on execution of the Digital Marketing Agreement as a signing fee; and (iii) a grant of 800,000 stock options and 1,900,000 RSUs was made on June 8, 2018 as a further fee for the services. The prepaid fees cover a period of two years.

In March 2019, prior to the issue of the Company's annual financial statements, the Company terminated the Digital Marketing Agreement. While the event was considered a subsequent one for the annual financial statements dated December 31, 2018, the Company reflected the financial impact of this event by expensing the remaining balance of the prepaid amount of \$824,193. The Company also cancelled all the options and RSUs it had issued to Wallace, which resulted in a subsequent reduction of \$416,663 in the related expense and share-based payment reserve (see note 11).

11. OMNIBUS EQUITY INCENTIVE COMPENSATION PLAN

The 2018 Omnibus Equity Incentive Compensation Plan (the "Plan") permits the grant of Options, Share Appreciation Rights ("SAR"), RSUs, Deferred Share Units ("DSU") and Performance Share Units ("PSU"). The Plan was approved by the Company's board of directors on June 8,

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2019, the three-month period ended May 31, 2018 and the period from December 7, 2017 (commencement of operations) to May 31, 2018

2018 ("Granting Date") and shareholders of the Company on May 22, 2018 and is effective from the date of completion of the RTO Transaction until the earlier of (i) the date it is terminated by the Board in accordance with the Plan, and (ii) 10 years after the date of the Plan.

The purposes of the Plan are to: (i) provide the Company with a mechanism to attract, retain and motivate highly qualified directors, officers, employees and consultants, (ii) align the interests of Plan participants with that of other shareholders of the Company generally, and (iii) enable and encourage participants to participate in the long-term growth of the Company through the acquisition of GT Shares as long-term investments.

The number of GT Shares reserved for issuance under the Plan upon the exercise of options will not, in the aggregate, exceed 10% of the outstanding GT Shares. Additionally, the maximum number of GT Shares reserved for issuance under the Plan upon exercise or settlement of any awards other than options shall be 13,703,621 GT Shares. In connection with the foregoing, the maximum number of GT Shares for which awards may be issued to any one participant in any 12-month period shall not exceed 5% of the outstanding GT Shares or 2% in the case of a grant of awards to any consultant or persons (in the aggregate) retained to provide investor relations activities.

Equity-settled share-based compensation to employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date.

As of June 30, 2019, the Company had granted 7,325,000 options and 7,250,000 RSU's to the Company's officers, employees and consultants. During the period from the Granting date to June 30, 2019, the Company canceled 2,475,000 Options and 1,125,000 RSUs due to employee departures. The Company also canceled the 800,000 Options and the 1,900,000 RSUs which were issued to Wallace (see note 10). During the sixmonth period ended June 30, 2019 there were 1,741,660 RSUs and 1,349,991 Options that were vested.

The Company obtained shareholder approval during the Company's annual and general meeting dated June 20, 2019 to amend the exercise price of all vested and unvested options from \$1.00 per share to \$0.25 per share. The price change became effective on July 31, 2019.

The following table shows the movement of the share-based payment reserve during the six-month period ended June 30, 2019 (\$nil during the period from December 7, 2017 (commencement of operations) to May 31, 2018):

	Share purchase options	Restricted Share units	Total
Expensed during the six-month period ended June 30, 2019	79,259	403,805	483,064
Additional expense resulted from the amended option exercise price	18,817	-	18,817
Total	98,076	403,805	501,881

The Company had the following Options outstanding at June 30, 2019:

	Grant date	Exercise Price	Number Outstanding	Ave remaining Life (years)	Expiry Date	FMV \$
Options granted to employees	June 8, 2018	0.25	2,700,000	5.76	April 1, 2025	455,136

Options and RSUs issued to senior management and employees of GT which either vested in 2019 or will be vesting in 2020 and 2021 are listed in the following schedule:

Options issued to:	Number	Vesting date	RSUs issued to:	Number	Vesting date
Employees	766,665	January 1, 2019	Employees	1,033,333	January 1, 2019
Employees	766,665	January 1, 2020	Employees	658,334	January 1, 2020
Employees	766,665	January 1, 2021	Employees	658,334	January 1, 2021
Employees	291,667	April 1, 2019	Employees	416,662	April 1, 2019
Employees	291,667	April 1, 2020	Employees	291,669	April 1, 2020
Employees	291,667	April 1, 2021	Employees	291,669	April 1, 2021
Employees	291,668	June 8, 2019	Employees	291,665	June 8, 2019
Employees	291,668	June 8, 2020	Employees	291,667	June 8, 2020
Employees	291,668	June 8, 2021	Employees	291,667	June 8, 2021
Total	4,050,000			4,225,000	

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2019, the three-month period ended May 31, 2018 and the period from December 7, 2017 (commencement of operations) to May 31, 2018

Using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, the following weighted average assumptions were used for the valuation of the stock options:

	June 30, 2019
Average risk-free interest rate	1.21%
Annualized volatility	42.00%
Dividend rate	0.00%
Expected <u>weighted</u> average life (years) for options granted to employee	5.76 years

12. INCOME TAXES

Significant components of current and deferred income tax expense (recovery) are as follows:

	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Current tax expense (recovery) Deferred tax:	-	-
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	-	(912,778)
Change in unrecognized tax assets	-	-
Income tax expense (recovery)	-	(912,778)

The reconciliation of the combined Canadian federal and provincial statutory income tax rate of 26.50% to the effective tax rates is as follows:

	Six-month period ended June 30, 2019	The period from December 7, 2017 (commencement of operations) to May 31, 2018
	\$	\$
Net Income (loss) before of income taxes	(12,708,409)	5,656,063
Tax rate	26.5%	26.5%
Income tax expense (recovery) based on combined statutory income tax rate	(3,365,544)	1,498,857
Change in tax benefit not recognized	1,557,516	158,513
Non deductible expenses	1,808,028	(744,592)
Income tax expense (recovery)	-	912,778

The Company's income tax (recovery) is allocated as follows:

	June 30, 2019 \$	December 31, 2018 \$
Current tax expense (recovery)	-	-
Deferred tax expense (recovery)	-	(912,778)
Total	-	(912,778)

Deferred income tax assets are recognized to the extent that the realization of the related tax benefit through reversal of temporary differences and future taxable profits is probable.

Significant components of unrecognized deferred tax assets are as follows:

	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Deferred tax assets:	\$	
Taxable non-capital losses carried forward	3,622,576	2,055,460
Unrealized losses from investments carried at FVTPL	1,316,064	1,532,141
Fixed assets	-	290,785
Share issuance costs	398,455	473,893
Other	81,382	81,382
Total	5,418,477	4,433,660

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2019, the three-month period ended May 31, 2018 and the period from December 7, 2017 (commencement of operations) to May 31, 2018

As at December 31, 2018 and June 30, 2019, amounts and expiry dates of tax attributes to be deferred for which no deferred tax asset was recognized were as follows:

Year expired	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
	\$	\$
2038	6,923,731	6,923,731
2037	60,935	60,935
2036	67,768	67,768
2035	242,109	242,109
2034	334,274	334,274
2033	81,327	81,327
2032	46,310	46,310
	7,756,454	7,756,454

Globalive BIG Dev Inc. ("GBD") has unrecognized tax assets in respect of operating losses to be carried forward in the United States approximately \$316,319 which will expire in 2029. The Company owned a 51% interest in GBD as at the end of the Reporting Period.

The operating loss carry forwards are subject to review, and potential adjustment, by tax authorities. Other deductible temporary differences for which tax assets have not been booked are not subject to a time limit, except for share issuance expenses which are amortizable over five years.

13. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

Earnings (loss) per share represents net income (loss) for the year divided by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted (earnings) loss per share is calculated by dividing the applicable net loss by the sum of the weighted average number of shares outstanding and all additional shares that would have been outstanding if potentially dilutive shares had been issued during the reporting period. The vested options as described in note 11 (Omnibus Equity Incentive Compensation Plan) are anti-dilutive and therefore have not been included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share for the period. However, they may be dilutive in the future.

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2019 and during the three-month period ended May 31, 2018 and the period from December 7, 2017 (commencement of operations) to May 31, 2018, diluted loss per share equals basic loss per share due to the anti-dilutive effect of the dilutive securities.

June 30, 2019					
Earnings per share for net income (loss) from continuing operations for the period attributable to the company's shareholders:		Six month period ended June 30, 2019		Three month period ended June 30, 2019	
JAMA CAROLET	Basic	Diluted	Basic	Diluted	
Numerator:					
Net income (loss) from continuing operations for the period	(12,682,145)	(12,682,145)	(10,999,317)	(10,999,317)	
Denominator:					
Weighted average number of common shares	137,813,924	137,813,924	138,059,925	138,059,925	
Earnings per share	(0.092)	(0.092)	(0.080)	(0.080)	
Earnings per share for net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the period ttributable to the company's shareholders:	Six month period ended June 30, 2019		Three month period ended June 30, 2019		
	Basic	Diluted	Basic	Diluted	
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the period	(13,167,390)	(13,167,390)	(10,994,462)	(10,994,462)	
Denominator:					
Weighted average number of common shares	137,813,924	137,813,924	138,059,925	138,059,925	
Earnings per share	(0.096)	(0.096)	(0.080)	(0.080)	

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2019, the three-month period ended May 31, 2018 and the period from December 7, 2017 (commencement of operations) to May 31, 2018

May 31, 2018				
Earnings per share for net income (loss) from continuing operations for the period attributable to the company's shareholders:	ntions for the period attributable to the company's 2017 (commencement of		Three month period ended May 31, 2018	
	Basic	Diluted	Basic	Diluted
Numerator:				
Net income (loss) from continuing operations for the period	4,567,322	4,567,322	(951,762)	(951,762)
Denominator:				
Weighted average number of common shares	68,379,457	68,379,437	71,360,020	71,360,000
Earnings per share	0.067	0.067	(0.013)	(0.013)
	The period from December 7, 2017 (commencement of operations) to May 31, 2018		Three month period ended May 31, 2018	
Earnings per share for net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the period ttributable to the company's shareholders:	2017 (comme	ncement of	-	
income (loss) for the period ttributable to the company's	2017 (comme	ncement of	-	
income (loss) for the period ttributable to the company's shareholders: Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the period	2017 (comme operations) to	ncement of May 31, 2018	May 31,	2018
income (loss) for the period ttributable to the company's shareholders: Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the period Denominator:	2017 (comme operations) to Basic 4,567,322	ncement of May 31, 2018 Diluted 4,567,322	May 31, Basic (951,762)	Diluted (951,762)
income (loss) for the period ttributable to the company's shareholders: Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the period	2017 (comme operations) to Basic	May 31, 2018 Diluted	May 31, Basic	Diluted

14. FIXED ASSETS

Depreciation of fixed assets is an estimate of the expected useful life. In order to determine the useful life for the Mining Servers, assumptions are required and may range depending on market conditions and technology changes, availability of hardware and production costs.

The following tables show the breakdown of the Company's fixed assets including the estimated expected useful life, amount of depreciation and impairment for each category during the reporting periods:

During the six-month period ended June 30, 2019	Expected Useful Life (Years)	December 31, 2018	Additions	Depreciation	Sale	Impairment and loss on sale	June 30, 2019
Office computers and equipment	2	57,965	1,272	(11,438)	(29,040)	(11,215)	7,544
Furnitures and other fixtures	5	25,482	7,999	(1,150)		(27,860)	4,471
Mining servers and electrical infrastructure	3	109,136	-	-	(63,920)	(45,216)	-
		192,583	9,271	(12,588)	(92,960)	(84,291)	12,015
During the three-month period ended June 30, 2019	Expected Useful Life (Years)	December 31, 2018	Additions	Depreciation	Sale	Impairment and loss on sale	June 30, 2019
Office computers and equipment	2	51,425	1,272	(4,898)	(29,645)	(10,610)	7,544
Furnitures and other fixtures	5	13,588	-	(159) .		(8,958)	4,471
Mining servers and electrical infrastructure	3	-	-	-	-	-	F
		65,013	1,272	(5,057)	(29,645)	(19,568)	12,015
During the period from December 7, 2017 (commencement of operations) to May 31, 2018	Expected Useful Life (Years)	December 31, 2017	Additions	Depreciation	Sale	Impairment and loss on sale	June 30, 2018
Office computers and equipment	2	-	19,238	(1,112)	-	-	18,126
Furnitures and other fixtures	5		27,526	(688)	-	-	26,838
			46,764	(1,800)	_	_	44,964

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2019, the three-month period ended May 31, 2018 and the period from December 7, 2017 (commencement of operations) to May 31, 2018

15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key Management Remuneration: The remuneration of directors and other members of key management personnel during the three-month and six-month periods ended on June 30, 2019 and during the three-month period ended May 31, 2018 and the period from December 7, 2017 (commencement of operations) to May 31, 2018 were as follows:

				During the period from December 7, 2017
	Three-month period ended	Six-month period ended	Three-month period ended	(commencem ent of operations) to
	June 30), 2019	May 31	1, 2018
Management salaries and fees	604,120	1,093,370	251,843	422,901
Share-based compensation	121,529	501,881	-	-
Total	725,649	1,595,251	251,843	422,901

In accordance with IAS 24, key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company directly or indirectly, including any directors (executive and non-executive) of the Company. The remuneration of directors and key executives is determined by the Board of Directors of the Company having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

Payments to Globalive Media Inc.: On March 31, 2018, Globalive Media Inc. entered into service agreements with the Company to provide the Company with certain functions and supporting roles, resulting in payments of \$12,000 and \$53,000 during the three-month periods ended June 30, 2019 (\$71,500 and \$74,500 during the three-month period ended May 31, 2018 and the period from December 7, 2017 (commencement of operations) to May 31, 2018). Anthony Lacavera, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and one of its Directors, controls Globalive Media Corp. After the Reporting Period the Company terminated the service agreement with Globalive Media Inc. and does not expect to incur additional expenses under that agreement beyond the second quarter of 2019.

Loan to 262: The Company made a loan of \$3,000,000 to 262, a related party which is controlled by GCI, to allow it to participate for its *pro rata* share (\$2,666,250) of the Series 2 Class B Preferred Shares of FLX. The loan is secured by a first ranking charge over the shares acquired using the loan proceeds.

Flexiti preferred shares: The Company receives 15% dividends calculated annually and paid monthly from a \$1,000,000 investment in the preferred shares of Flexiti. Payment of dividends was suspended following May 2019.

16. OTHER INCOME

The following table shows the breakdown of this balance for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2019 and during the three-month period ended May 31, 2018 and the period from December 7, 2017 (commencement of operations) to May 31, 2018:

		The period from December 7, 2017			
	Six month period	Three month	(commencement of	Three month	
	ended	period ended	operations) to	period ended	
	June 30	June 30, 2019		May 31, 2018	
2018 interest and Risk Premium Charge reversal - Senior debenture of 262	(408,116)	(408,116)	-	-	
Q1-2019 interest and Risk Premium Charge reversal - Senior debenture of 262	-	(440,070)	-	-	
Interest income - bank deposits	104,731	40,352	67,754	67,754	
Dividend income - equity investments	62,055	25,069	-	-	
Loss on sale of fixed assets	(39,075)	(19,507)	-	-	
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	(649)	(5)	-	-	
Total	(281,054)	(802,277)	67,754	67,754	

For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2019, the three-month period ended May 31, 2018 and the period from December 7, 2017 (commencement of operations) to May 31, 2018

17. COMMITMENTS

The Company has a USD \$250,000 investment commitment to the Blockchain and Artificial Intelligence Fund established by Creative Destruction Labs at the University of Toronto.

18. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The following events took place after June 30, 2019 but prior to the completion of these financial statements:

- The Company obtained shareholder approval during the Company's annual and general meeting dated June 20, 2019 to amend the exercise price of all vested and unvested options from \$1.00 per share to \$0.25 per share. These are the options granted to employees under the Omnibus Equity Incentive Compensation Plan (see note 11 for more details). The price change became effective on July 31, 2019.
- On June 20, 2019 the shareholders also approved an amendment to the form of compensation paid to the Company's Chief Executive Officer. During the year commencing July 1, 2019, the Chief Executive Officer will receive his net pay quarterly, in arrears, in common shares of the Company, issued at the market price for such shares at the close of markets on the last day of the applicable quarter.
- On August 1, 2019, the Company sold its interest in GBD, its business venture with Business Instincts Group Inc. ("BIG"), to BIG and took back a debenture from BIG in the principal amount of \$1,250,000.