



# **Globalive Technology Inc.**

(formerly Corporate Catalyst Acquisition Inc.)

## **Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements**

**For the three and seven months ended September 30, 2018**

**(Expressed in Canadian dollars)**

**(Unaudited)**

**Notice:**

The accompanying unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements of Globalive Technology Inc. for the three and seven months ended September 30, 2018 have been prepared by management and have not been reviewed by the external auditors of the Company.

## Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position (unaudited)

As at	Notes	September 30, 2018	February 28, 2018
<b>Assets</b>			
<b>Current assets</b>			
Cash		\$ 23,816,933	\$ 1,408,779
Other receivables		291,496	34,919
Prepaid expenses		1,641,405	-
Investments	6	15,217,037	8,675,001
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>40,966,871</b>	<b>10,118,699</b>
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Put/call agreement	3(d)	665,000	-
Intangible assets and goodwill	15	1,200,931	-
Other assets	11	314,200	314,200
Fixed assets (net of depreciation)	4, 16	1,394,358	-
Long term investments	6	655,698	1,046,976
Investment in associates	5	913,667	1,000,000
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>46,110,725</b>	<b>12,479,875</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Accounts payables and accrued liabilities		381,077	246,012
Promissory note		-	750,000
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>381,077</b>	<b>996,012</b>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
Deferred income taxes		-	912,778
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>381,077</b>	<b>1,908,790</b>
<b>Shareholders' equity</b>			
Share capital	9	51,517,858	5,052,001
Share-based payment reserve	10	899,484	-
Share premium reserve	3(d)	665,000	-
Retained earnings (deficit)		(8,216,676)	5,519,084
<b>Total shareholders' equity</b>		<b>44,865,666</b>	<b>10,571,085</b>
<b>Non-controlling interest</b>	3(a)	863,982	-
		45,729,648	10,571,085
		<b>46,110,725</b>	<b>12,479,875</b>

Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors

(SIGNED) "Anthony Lacavera"

Anthony Lacavera

Director

(SIGNED) "Kingsley Ward"

Kingsley Ward

Director

## Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Net and Comprehensive Loss (unaudited)

For the		three month period ended	seven month period ended
	<i>Notes</i>	<b>September 30, 2018</b>	<b>September 30, 2018</b>
Revenues	<b>4</b>	376,938	432,917
Other Income		144,245	190,617
Change in unrealized loss from investments held at fair value through profit or loss	<b>6</b>	(1,797,444)	(9,763,293)
		<u>(1,276,261)</u>	<u>(9,139,759)</u>
<b>Expenses</b>			
Listing fees	<b>9</b>	-	602,423
Marketing and public relations		316,962	739,779
Employee share based compensation	<b>10</b>	343,318	727,996
Office, general and administrative		318,763	589,018
Salary and wages		990,125	1,252,897
Professional fees		1,221,899	1,478,406
Cost of sales	<b>4</b>	266,955	304,134
Depreciation of property and equipment	<b>16</b>	127,676	151,124
<b>Total expenses</b>		<u>3,585,698</u>	<u>5,845,777</u>
<b>Net income (loss) before taxes for the period</b>		<u>(4,861,959)</u>	<u>(14,985,536)</u>
Deferred tax (expense) recovery	<b>12</b>	-	912,778
<b>Net comprehensive income (loss) for the period</b>		<u>(4,861,959)</u>	<u>(14,072,758)</u>
<b>Net comprehensive income (loss) for the period attributable to:</b>			
Globalive Technology Inc. shareholders		(4,530,756)	(13,735,760)
Non-controlling interests		(331,203)	(336,998)
<b>Net comprehensive income (loss) for the period</b>		<u>(4,861,959)</u>	<u>(14,072,758)</u>
<b>Earnings (loss) per share</b>			
Basic	<b>13</b>	<b>\$ (0.033)</b>	<b>\$ (0.129)</b>
Diluted	<b>13</b>	<b>\$ (0.033)</b>	<b>\$ (0.129)</b>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements*

## Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (unaudited)

For the Seven month period ended	Notes	September 30, 2018
<b>Number of common shares outstanding</b>		
Outstanding at the beginning of the period		65,040,020
Shares issued		71,496,192
<b>Total shares outstanding as at June 30, 2018</b>		<b>136,536,212</b>
<b>Share capital</b>		
Balance at the beginning of the period		5,052,001
Shares issued	<b>9</b>	49,641,842
Share issue costs		(3,175,985)
		51,517,858
<b>Share-based payment reserve</b>		
Balance at beginning of period		-
Share based compensation	<b>10</b>	727,996
Share based payment for services	<b>10</b>	171,488
		899,484
<b>Share premium reserve</b>		
Balance at beginning of period		-
Put/Call contribution	<b>3(d)</b>	665,000
		665,000
<b>Retained earnings</b>		
Balance at beginning of period		5,519,084
Net comprehensive income for the period		(13,735,760)
		(8,216,676)
<b>Total shareholders' equity</b>		<b>44,865,666</b>
<b>Non-controlling interests</b>		
Balance at beginning of period		-
Non-controlling interest on acquisition of subsidiary		1,200,980
Net comprehensive income (loss) for the period		(336,998)
		863,982
<b>Total</b>		<b>45,729,648</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

## Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)

For the		three month period ended	seven month period ended
	<u>Notes</u>	<u>September 30, 2018</u>	<u>September 30, 2018</u>
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>			
Net comprehensive income for the period		\$ (4,861,959)	\$ (14,072,758)
<b>Items not affecting cash:</b>			
Change in fair value of investments		1,797,409	9,763,293
Share based compensation	10	343,318	727,996
Share based payment for services	10	41,680	171,488
Listing fees	9	-	602,423
Deferred income taxes	12	-	(912,778)
Depreciation of fixed assets		127,676	151,124
<b>Changes in non-cash working capital:</b>			
Other receivables		303,183	(256,577)
Prepaid expenses		282,387	(1,641,405)
Receivables from related parties		210,838	-
Accounts payables and accrued liabilities		132,586	135,065
<b>Net cash used in operating activities</b>		<b>(1,622,882)</b>	<b>(5,332,129)</b>
<b>Investing Activities</b>			
Purchase of investments		(856,870)	(3,842,026)
Purchase of long term investments		-	(652,425)
Purchase of fixed assets		(45,365)	(1,545,482)
<b>Net cash used in investment activities</b>		<b>(902,235)</b>	<b>(6,039,933)</b>
<b>Cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities</b>			
Issue expenses		(11,986)	(3,175,985)
Proceeds from shares issued		-	36,956,201
<b>Net cash provided by financing activities</b>		<b>(11,986)</b>	<b>33,780,216</b>
<b>Net increase in cash during the period</b>		<b>(2,537,103)</b>	<b>22,408,154</b>
Cash - beginning of period		26,354,036	1,408,779
<b>Cash - end of period</b>		<b>23,816,933</b>	<b>23,816,933</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

# Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

For the three and seven month periods ended September 30, 2018

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## 1. REPORTING ENTITY

### The Company

Globalive Technology Inc. (“GT” or the “Company”) was formed on June 8, 2018, by the amalgamation of Globalive Technology Partners Inc. (“GTP”) and Corporate Catalyst Acquisition Inc. (“CCA”). Its registered and records offices are located at East Tower, Bay Adelaide Centre, 22 Adelaide Street West, Suite 3400, Toronto, Ontario, M5H 4E3, and its head office is located at 48 Yonge Street, Suite 1200, Toronto, Ontario, M5E 1G6.

### Corporate History

GTP was incorporated under the Business Corporations Act (Ontario) on December 7, 2017, with the goal of commercializing technologies, including those based on artificial intelligence and machine learning, blockchain and the internet of things. This strategy included entering into joint ventures with third parties (“Collaborators”) who had existing customers for these technologies and co-developing new software applications and technology platforms for use in the Collaborators’ businesses and for licensing to third-parties. In appropriate cases, in furtherance of its core business, GTP would also provide capital support to its Collaborators and joint ventures.

On June 8, 2018, GTP completed a reverse takeover transaction (the “RTO Transaction”) with CCA, a capital pool company listed on the NEX Exchange, resulting in the formation of GT. On June 13, 2018, following the completion of the RTO Transaction, GT’s common shares commenced trading on the TSX Venture Exchange (“TSX-V”). GT is the successor of GTP and carries on its business with a focus on building and commercializing software solutions using optimal technology stacks.

Following the RTO Transaction, the GT financial year end was changed from February 28<sup>th</sup> to December 31<sup>st</sup>.

## 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

### a. Basis of measurement

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”). These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian Dollars, which is the Company’s functional currency.

### b. Statement of compliance

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, “Interim Financial Reporting of the International Financial Reporting Standards” (“IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”).

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the polices discussed in notes 4, 10 and 15 and the adoption of new and amended standards as set out below.

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for issuance by the board of directors of GT (the “Board of Directors”) on November 13, 2018.

### c. New and amended standards adopted by the Company

#### IFRS 9 “Financial Instruments”:

The Company has applied IFRS 9 “Financial Instruments” effective March 1, 2018. IFRS 9 introduces a model for classification and measurement, a single, forward-looking “expected loss” impairment model and a substantially reformed approach to hedge accounting. Management has determined that this standard has no material impact on the condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### *Classification and Measurement*

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value through profit or loss; and
- those to be measured at amortized cost.

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The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

At initial recognition, the Company initially measures a financial asset at its fair value, less any related transaction costs. Subsequent measurement depends on the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows. There are three measurement categories which the Company classifies its financial assets:

- Amortized cost: Assets that are held for the collection of contractual cash flows and those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- Fair value through profit or loss: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost.

The Company's financial assets include amounts receivable and cash. As these assets are held with the objective to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, they are classified at amortized cost and they continue to be measured at amortized cost.

The adoption had no impact on the carrying value of the Company's amounts receivable, prepaids and cash.

## *Impairment*

The new impairment model results in a single impairment model being applied to all financial instruments, which requires more timely recognition of expected credit losses.

For amounts receivable, the Company applies the simplified approach permitted by IFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognized upon initial recognition of the receivables.

If a provision for impairment is needed, the amount is recorded through an allowance account, and the amount of the loss is recognized in the consolidated statements of net and comprehensive income within operating expenses. Bad debt write-offs occur when the Company determines collection is not possible. Any subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against operating expenses in the consolidated statements of net income and comprehensive income.

The adoption had no impact on the valuation of the impairment allowance.

## **d. New and amended standards issued but not yet effective**

### **IFRS 16 "Leases":**

In January 2016, the IASB issued IFRS 16, "Leases", which requires entities to recognize lease assets and lease obligations on the balance sheet. For lessees, IFRS 16 removes the classification of leases as either operating leases or finance leases, effectively treating all leases as finance leases. Certain short-term leases (less than 12 months) and leases of low-value assets are exempt from the requirements and may continue to be treated as operating leases.

Lessors will continue with a dual lease classification model. Classification will determine how and when a lessor will recognize lease revenue, and what assets would be recorded. IFRS 16 is effective for years beginning on or after January 1, 2019, with early adoption permitted if IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" has been adopted. The standard may be applied retrospectively or using a modified retrospective approach. Given its current leasing arrangements, the Company believes the impact of adopting IFRS 16 is going to be immaterial but will keep reassessing the impact of adopting IFRS 16 on its financial statements.

## **3. SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE CURRENT REPORTING PERIOD**

The financial position and performance of the Company was particularly affected by the following events and transactions during the seven-month period ended September 30, 2018:

### **a. Globalive BIG Dev Inc. ("GBD"):**

On May 24, 2018, the Company entered into a Master Service Agreement among the Company, GBD and Business Instincts Group Inc. ("BIG").



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GBD is a technology subsidiary of the Company formed for the purpose of developing software to support decentralized and intelligent business frameworks. GBD will provide customers with access to a library of software stacks and customizable solutions featuring blockchain and machine learning technology.

It is the intention of the Company and BIG that any appropriate software development opportunities identified by either of them will be offered first to GBD. GT and BIG may also enter into service arrangements with GBD to assist in aspects of the development process.

The Company contributed \$1,250,000 to acquire 510,000 shares or 51% of the issued and outstanding common shares of GBD. The transactions and balances of the Company and GBD are included in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements from the effective date of the acquisition on May 24, 2018.

See note 15 for more details.

**b. Mining-as-a-Service Agreement (“MaaS”):**

On June 11, 2018, the Company entered into a mining-as-a-service agreement (the “MaaS Agreement”) with HyperBlock Technology Corp. (“HyperBlock”).

HyperBlock has the personnel, capability and capacity to provide certain digital currency mining activities, including but not limited to digital currency mining, sale of computation power (“Hashrate”) for digital currencies, blockchain security server maintenance, hosting and co-location, and ancillary services. HyperBlock has brokered the acquisition of 800 Miner Servers with power supply units (“Servers”) for the Company, which HyperBlock will operate and maintain in a business that will rent the computation power of these Servers to third parties interested in mining digital currencies.

See note 4 for more details.

**c. Vend-in assets:**

The Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement (the “Vend-In Agreement”) between GT, 2330573 Ontario Inc. and Globalive Capital Inc. (“GCI”) dated May 25, 2018 relating to certain assets worth \$11,333,261, comprised of securities and interests in other companies, (the “Vend-In Assets”) transferred by GCI and 2330573 Ontario Inc. to GT in exchange for 19,914,894 GT Shares. The transfer of the Vend-In Assets and the issuance of the GT Shares occurred immediately prior to, and was conditioned on, the completion of the RTO Transaction.

See notes 6 and 9 for more details

**d. Flexiti Financial (“Flexiti”)**

Flexiti is a Canadian financial technology lender offering technology-enabled instant credit approvals for prime customers at the point-of-sale for big-ticket retailers. Flexiti is a wholly owned subsidiary of Wellspring Holding Corporation (“WHC”). As previously announced, the Company has entered into a technology development agreement with Flexiti, and expects to leverage Flexiti’s loan portfolio, customer base and related historical loan data to build artificial intelligence and blockchain platforms to optimize consumer financing at the point-of-sale.

On June 6, 2018, GT entered into a right of first refusal and put option agreement with 2629331 Ontario Inc. (“262”), a wholly owned subsidiary of GCI which owns a substantial interest in, and controls, WHC. That agreement was subsequently amended and restated by a put, call and right of first refusal agreement on June 21, 2018 (the “Put/Call Agreement”). The Put/Call Agreement provides for the following:

- i. 262 grants GT a right of first refusal in respect of a change of control of 262, or a sale of its ownership interest in WHC, that occurs within 1 year of the date of the agreement,
- ii. GT grants 262 and its shareholders a put option (the “Flexiti Put”) which may be exercised for up to 2 years following the date of the agreement. If exercised, the Flexiti Put would require GT to:
  - a. acquire all issued and outstanding common shares of 262 for an aggregate purchase price of up to 5,000,000 GT Shares;

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- b. vertically amalgamate with 262, therefore inheriting the obligations of 262 which include senior secured debentures in the aggregate principal amount of \$15 million which would remain outstanding (but cease accruing fees/interest) and be convertible into GT Shares at a conversion price of \$1.50 per share, and junior secured debentures in the aggregate principal amount of \$6 million;
  - c. pay all outstanding principal and interest accrued on the junior secured debentures;
  - d. pay a make-whole payment to the holders of the senior secured debentures, in lieu of the interest and fees that would accrue over the lifetime of those debentures;
- iii. 262 and its shareholders grant GT a call option (the “Flexiti Call”) which may be exercised for up to 2 years following the date of the agreement. If exercised, the Flexiti Call would require GT to:
- a. acquire all issued and outstanding common shares of 262 for an aggregate purchase price of 13,333,333 GT Shares;
  - b. vertically amalgamate with 262, therefore inheriting the obligations of 262 which include senior secured debentures in the aggregate principal amount of \$15 million which would remain outstanding (but cease accruing fees/interest) and be convertible into GT Shares at a conversion price of \$1.50 per share; and
  - c. pay all outstanding principal and interest accrued on the junior secured debentures;
  - d. pay a make-whole payment to the holders of the senior secured debentures, in lieu of the interest and fees that would accrue over the lifetime of those debentures.

Each of the foregoing rights and options are limited by and subject to certain terms and conditions.

The Put/Call Agreement represents an embedded derivative, and therefore, the Company has classified the entire value as FVTPL and obtained a third-party valuation as of the date of the agreement, June 21, 2018 (the Valuation Date”). Using the Monte Carlo simulation method, it was estimated that the fair value of the Flexiti Call is \$665,000, which was allocated to a capital reserve account “Share premium reserve”. The Flexiti Put was found to have zero value due to a price adjustment clause which limits the put price to a fair price when the option is exercised. The significant inputs and assumptions used in the valuation of the Put/Call Agreement were:

1. The Flexiti Call’s valuation is highly sensitive to the correlation between the guideline companies used for simulation purposes. Due to the integrated and synergistic nature of the GT and 262 businesses, as well as the economic circumstances, a value of 0.50 was determined to represent the most reliable correlation for fair value purposes.
2. A change of control of 262 is not expected during the next 2-years (i.e., during the life of the call/put options).
3. No dividends will be paid for next two years by either 262 or the Company.
4. For the starting share price, a fresh valuation for 262 will not be needed, as the fair value of 262’s enterprise value and/or equity is available from the transaction price and the options’ valuation date is very close to the transaction date.
5. Comparable companies’ historical data (with look back period matching the term of the option) was used to estimate the model input variables for both 262 and GT.
6. Number of shares outstanding for both 262 and GT at the time of valuation will not change during the life of the options.
7. Bank of Canada’s 2-year T-bill rate was used as the risk-free rate.

The Company determined that there were no significant changes during the period from the Valuation Date to September 30, 2018 that would justify any changes to the fair market value of the call option component.

## **e. Omnibus Equity Incentive Compensation Plan**

The Omnibus Equity Incentive Compensation Plan (the “Equity Incentive Plan”) permits the grant of Options, Share Appreciation Rights (“SAR”), Restricted Share Units (“RSU”), Deferred Share Units (“DSU”) and Performance Share Units (“PSU”). The Plan was approved by the Company’s board of directors on June 12, 2018 and shareholders of the Company on May 22, 2018 and

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was effective upon completion of the Qualifying Transaction until the earlier of (i) the date it is terminated by the Board in accordance with the Plan, and (ii) 10 years after the date of the Plan.

See note 10 for more details.

## **f. Share based payment for services:**

GT entered into a digital marketing agreement (the "Digital Marketing Agreement") with Wallace Hill Partners Ltd. ("Wallace"), pursuant to which Wallace Hill Partners Ltd. is providing financial publishing and digital marketing services to GT. These services include the creation of landing pages and other forms of digital marketing. It is expected that Wallace Hill Partners Ltd. will also promote the landing pages created and drive internet traffic for the benefit of GT. Wallace Hill Partners Ltd. was and will be compensated for the services it provides as follows: (i) a cash payment of USD \$300,000 was paid on execution of the digital marketing agreement to cover marketing expenses; (ii) a cash payment of CAD \$810,000 was paid on execution of the digital marketing agreement as a signing fee; and (iii) a grant of 800,000 stock options and 1,900,000 RSUs was made on execution of the digital marketing agreement as a further fee for the services. The prepaid fees will cover a period of two years.

See note 10 for more details.

## **g. Consolidated Billing Platform:**

On September 17, 2018, the Company completed the initial organization and set-up of its joint venture with Sponsor Energy Inc. ("Sponsor"). The joint venture will develop a utility commerce management platform that bundles the billing for utility services and other similar household bills into a single consolidated invoicing and payment regime. The joint venture is being carried out through a special purpose vehicle, Neighbor Billing Inc. ("Neighbor"), which is owned equally by Sponsor and the Company, but controlled by the Company. Neighbor will own the intellectual property associated with the platform and will have the right to commercialize its use in utilities markets. The Company has been granted an exclusive, royalty-free license by Neighbor to commercialize the intellectual property in any other markets.

## **4. SEGMENT AND REVENUE INFORMATION**

### **a. Description of segments**

GT expects its future operations will have diversified sources of income. The MaaS Agreement with HyperBlock as described in note 3(b) is not large enough to be required to be reported separately under the accounting standards, but it has been included here as it is seen to be a potential growth segment which may materially contribute to the Company's revenue in the future.

On June 15, 2018 ("Segment Inception of Operations"), the Company paid USD \$1,571,840 to acquire 800 mining servers. This amount includes the required electrical infrastructure and installation, prepaid management fees to HyperBlock and some other charges (collectively, the "Upfront Costs"). HyperBlock will be also collecting a sale commission based on the revenue generated from the Hashrate sales. Once the Company has recovered its full Upfront Costs, the total revenue generated from Hashrate sales (net of the sales commission, cost of electricity, maintenance and any other running costs) will be split with HyperBlock at a predetermined rate.

During any period when HyperBlock is not able to sell all the available Hashrate, the Company will be realizing revenues directly from the mining of digital currencies which will be converted to United States Dollars on a monthly basis.

### **b. Segment financial information**

During the period from Segment Inception of Operations to September 30, 2018, GT did not sell any Hashrates and the Company realized revenues from the mining of digital currency which were sold for United States Dollars.

The table below shows the segment financial information during the three month and seven month periods ended September 30, 2018 and the basis on which revenue is recognised:

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For the three and seven month periods ended September 30, 2018

	three month period ended <u>September 30, 2018</u>	seven month period ended <u>September 30, 2018</u>
Add: Hashrate sales	-	-
Add: mining digital currencies (Converted to United States Dollars)	376,938	432,917
Less: Cost of sales		
Management fees	(12,778)	(16,289)
Cost of electricity and maintenance	(182,539)	(210,413)
<b>Segment profit and loss</b>	<b><u>181,621</u></b>	<b><u>206,215</u></b>

A reconciliation of the segment profit and loss to Net income (loss) before taxes for the period is provided as follows:

<b>Segment profit and loss</b>	<b>181,621</b>	<b>206,215</b>
Other Income	144,245	190,617
Change in unrealized loss from investments held at fair value through profit or loss	(1,797,444)	(9,763,293)
Listing fees	-	(602,423)
Marketing and public relations	(316,962)	(739,779)
Employee share-based compensation	(343,318)	(727,996)
Office, general and administrative	(318,763)	(589,018)
Salary and wages	(990,125)	(1,252,897)
Professional fees	(1,221,899)	(1,478,406)
Depreciation of property and equipment	(127,676)	(151,124)
Amortization of prepaid management fees	(71,638)	(77,432)
<b>Net income (loss) before taxes for the period</b>	<b><u>(4,861,959)</u></b>	<b><u>(14,985,536)</u></b>

## 5. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATE

The investment in associate balance consists of:

	<u>September 30, 2018</u>	<u>February 28, 2018</u>
Investment in the common shares of VIDL	-	247
Investment in the class A shares of Mantle	913,667	1,000,000

**VIDL News Corp. (“VIDL”)** – During the period VIDL was a news service that was developing blockchain and machine learning technology to assess the veracity of news stories in real time and deliver those stories to users in a personalized, curated news feed. The Company currently holds a 32% interest in the common shares of VIDL which were acquired at a cost of USD \$194 (CAD \$247). In addition, the Company also invested USD \$800,000 (CAD \$1,007,840) in a convertible debenture issued by VIDL with up to a 20% discount privilege on conversion (see note 6 for more details). The Company also occupies one of three board of directors’ seats.

**Mantle Technologies Inc. (“Mantle”)** – The Company has partnered with Mantle, the creator of a virtual blockchain-as-a-service (“BaaS”) platform that enables companies to quickly test and deploy blockchain applications in much the same way Wix and Wordpress allow a company to build a website. The Company currently holds a 14.1% interest in Mantle on a fully diluted basis which was bought at a cost of \$1,000,000. The Company also has a contractual right to one of three board of directors’ seats.

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For the three and seven month periods ended September 30, 2018

The carrying amount of equity-accounted investments has changed as follows during the seven months to September 30, 2018:

	<u>September 30, 2018</u>	<u>February 28, 2018</u>
Investment in associates, opening balance	1,000,000	1,000,247
GT's share of net gain (loss)	<u>(86,333)</u>	<u>(247)</u>
<b>Investment in associates, closing balance</b>	<b><u>913,667</u></b>	<b><u>1,000,000</u></b>

- (1) VIDL had a loss of USD \$512,406 during the seven-month period ended September 30, 2018. Based on a 32% ownership, the Company's share in these losses is estimated to be USD \$163,970. The Company applied other historical losses to the extent that the cost of investment is \$nil, any unused losses will be carried forward to subsequent periods and be applied against any future gains.
- (2) Mantle had a loss of \$611,229 during the seven-month period ended September 30, 2018. Based on a 14.1% ownership, the Company's share in these losses is estimated to be \$86,333.

## 6. INVESTMENTS

GT's core business is entering into joint ventures with other companies ("Collaborators") to co-develop new software applications and technology platforms for use in Collaborators' businesses, as well as for licensing to third-parties. While each Collaborator is different in terms of its objectives and its own existing technology (and technological expertise), generally GT offers the capital and development resources to create the technology stack to be used in the Collaborator's business, as well as its managerial, financial and technical expertise.

In appropriate cases, GT will also provide capital support in furtherance of its core business. In particular, GT may provide capital support directly to Collaborators to advance their business objectives, as well as make ancillary capital injections into companies using or developing blockchain/AI/IoT technology, or considered by GT to be likely to do so, in order to expand GT's strategic relationships and insight into this sector, and position GT to convert such companies into Collaborators.

As at September 30, 2018, the Company carried investments in certain technology companies to satisfy the above-mentioned objective of driving pipelines for potential Collaborators:

<b>Investment name</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>Cost</b>	<b>Estimated Fair Market Value</b>	
<b>Publicly listed investments:</b>				
Equity shares:				
HyperBlock Technologies Corp.	CAD	2,525,000	910,714	(1)
CryptoStar Inc.	CAD	300,000	39,000	(1)
Fastforward Innovations Limited	GBP	131,870	123,600	(1)
<b>Privately held investments:</b>				
Debt investments	USD	1,660,265	655,698	(2)
Equity investments	CAD	6,936,469	7,792,988	(1)
Equity investments	USD	5,731,105	5,868,182	(1)
Warrants to acquire equity investments	CAD	169,669	294,698	(1)
Warrants to acquire equity investments	USD	197,154	187,855	(1)
<b>Total Investments</b>		<b>17,651,532</b>	<b>15,872,735</b>	
<b>Investments classified as current</b> (1)		<b>15,991,267</b>	<b>15,217,037</b>	
<b>Long term Investments</b> (2)		<b>1,660,265</b>	<b>655,698</b>	

# Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

For the three and seven month periods ended September 30, 2018

As at February 28, 2018, the financial details of the Company's investments are described in detail below:

Investment name	\$	Cost	Estimated Fair value Market	
<b>Publicly listed investments:</b>				
Equity shares:				
HyperBlock Technologies Corp.	CAD	1,525,000	8,375,001	(1)
<b>Privately held investments:</b>				
Equity investments	CAD	300,000	300,000	(1)
Debt investments	USD	1,007,840	1,046,976	(2)
<b>Total Investments</b>		<b>2,832,840</b>	<b>9,721,977</b>	
<b>Investments classified as current</b> <sup>(1)</sup>		<b>1,825,000</b>	<b>8,675,001</b>	
<b>Long term Investments</b> <sup>(2)</sup>		<b>1,007,840</b>	<b>1,046,976</b>	

## (a) Publicly Listed investments:

- i. **HyperBlock:** The Company participated, among other participants, in HyperBlock's private placements acquiring 500,000 and 4,285,715 common shares for the amounts \$25,000 and \$1,500,000, respectively. On March 9, 2018, the Company acquired another 571,428 common shares for the amount \$1,000,000 at a price of \$1.75 per share. As of February 28, 2018, the shares of HyperBlock were still privately held and the full value of the common shares held was increased to reflect the \$1.75 March private placement pricing. As a result, the company realized \$6,850,001 gain from this investment during the period from December 7, 2017 (commencement of operations) to February 28, 2018.

On July 11, 2018, HyperBlock was listed on the Canadian Securities Exchange (CNSX). The market price as September 30, 2018 was \$0.17 per share. As a result, the Company revalued its common share holdings and recognized an unrealized loss of \$8,464,286 during the seven month period ended September 30, 2018 (unrealized loss of \$696,429 during the three month period ended September 30, 2018).

- ii. **CryptoStar Inc. ("CryptoStar"):** was incorporated on November 24, 2017 under the OBCA. CryptoStar operates in the distributed ledger technology space, utilizing specialized equipment ("miners") to perform computationally intensive cryptographic operations to validate transactions on the blockchain (a process known as "mining"), receiving digital currencies (primarily Bitcoin). The business has been operating since June 2016. The Company participated in CryptoStar's private placement dated January 4, 2018 and acquired 600,000 common shares at a price of \$300,000.

On October 2, 2018, CryptoStar was listed on the TSX Venture Exchange. The opening market price on that day was \$0.065 per share. As a result, the Company revalued its common share holdings and recognized an unrealized loss of \$261,000 during the seven month period ended September 30, 2018 (unrealized loss of \$261,000 during the three month period ended September 30, 2018).

- iii. **Fastforward Innovations Limited ("Fastforward"):** Fastforward was established to invest in early stage visionary entrepreneurs developing innovative technologies that solve problems in their industries. These investment opportunities are often reserved for the private market of venture capital firms and access to these companies is usually out of reach of the average investor. FastForward is uniquely poised to eliminate the barriers to investing in these startups and provide access to these opportunities of potential high returns.

The Company's ordinary shares are traded on AIM Stock Exchange (a sub-market of the London Stock Exchange) under the symbol "FFWD".

# Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

For the three and seven month periods ended September 30, 2018

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The market price as September 30, 2018 was GBP 0.125 per share and the Company revalued this investment using a GBP exchange rate of 1.6875 resulting in an unrealized loss of \$8,270 during the seven month period ended September 30, 2018 (unrealized loss of \$8,270 during the three month period ended September 30, 2018).

## **(b) Privately held investments:**

### **i. Debt investments:**

The Company made two investments in convertible debentures with certain discount privilege upon conversion. Conversion is dependent on the occurrence of a qualifying transaction. The debentures' conversion features result in contractual cash flows that do not consist solely of interest and principal and therefore these investments are classified as FVTPL under IFRS 9.

As at September 30, 2018, using the same valuation approach as described in the annual financial statements with updated assumptions, the fair value of both convertible debentures, is USD \$506,526 (CAD \$655,698), resulting in an unrealized loss of CAD \$988,095 during the seven month period ended September 30, 2018 (unrealized loss of CAD \$650,872 during the three month period ended September 30, 2018).

The significant assumptions used in the valuation of the Notes were:

1. Cash burn projections.
2. Date of new financing which will trigger the conversion feature of both debt investments.
3. Probabilities of completing a qualified financing, completing a non-qualified financing and liquidation, respectively.
4. The convertible debentures' initial internal rates of return (i.e., as on the issuance date) are used as discount rate for fair market value calculations.

### **ii. Equity investments:**

The Company invested in a variety of private equity investments during the seven month period ended September 30, 2018. These investments are mainly in common shares or preferred shares with liquidity and/or dividend priority advantages.

Also, as mentioned in note 3(c), the Company acquired the Vend-In Assets from GCI and 2330573 Ontario Inc. in exchange for 19,914,894 GT Shares. On acquisition the Vend-In Assets were measured at a fair value of \$11,333,261. The Vend-In Assets included both Canadian and USD equity securities. All acquired securities were classified as FVTPL.

The Company also determined that there were no material events which occurred during the reporting period since acquiring the remaining investments, and accordingly, there were no changes in the estimated fair value of the underlying equity securities during the same periods.

The Company revalued the USD denominated equity securities using an exchange rate of 1.2945 resulting in an unrealized gain of CAD \$125,891 during the seven month period ended September 30, 2018 (unrealized loss of CAD \$112,275 during the three month period ended September 30, 2018).

### **iii. Warrants to acquire equity investments:**

As part of the Vend-in Assets mentioned in note 3(c), the Company acquired warrants with each warrant entitling the Company to acquire some of the equity investments mentioned in section (ii) above. On acquisition the warrants were measured at a fair value of CAD \$322,138 for warrants denominated in CAD and CAD \$197,154 for warrants denominated in USD. As of September 30, 2018, the estimated fair value of the warrants denominated in CAD was \$294,698 for warrants denominated in CAD and CAD \$187,855 for warrants denominated in USD, accordingly, the Company recognized an unrealized loss of CAD \$36,740 during the seven month and three month periods ended September 30, 2018.

# Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

For the three and seven month periods ended September 30, 2018

The Company used the Black-Scholes option pricing model to estimate fair market value, listed below are the weighted average assumptions used as of September 30, 2018:

Average risk-free interest rate	2.19%
Annualized volatility	65.00%
Dividend rate	0.00%
Expected <u>weighted</u> average life (years)	2.03 years

## 7. Fair value measurement

The Company's financial assets and financial liabilities at September 30, 2018 were as follows:

	Assets at fair value through profit or loss	Loans and receivables	Other financial liabilities	Total
Cash		23,816,933		23,816,933
Other receivables		291,496		291,496
Investments	15,217,037			15,217,037
Put/call agreement	665,000			665,000
Long term investments	655,698			655,698
Accounts payables and accrued liabilities			381,077	381,077

The Company's financial assets and financial liabilities at February 28, 2018 were as follows:

	Assets at fair value through profit or loss	Loans and receivables	Other financial liabilities	Total
Cash		1,408,779		1,408,779
Investments	8,675,001			8,675,001
Long term investments	1,046,976			1,046,976
Accounts payables and accrued liabilities			246,012	246,012
Promissory note			750,000	750,000

### Fair value hierarchy:

The following table sets forth the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value by level within the fair value hierarchy as at as of September 30, 2018:

	Fair Value	Fair value measurement used			Total
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
<b>FVTPL</b>					
Investments	15,217,037	949,714	13,784,771	482,552	15,217,037
Put/call agreement	665,000	-	-	665,000	665,000
Long term investments	655,698	-	-	655,698	655,698

The following table sets forth the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value by level within the fair value hierarchy as at as of February 28, 2018:



# Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

For the three and seven month periods ended September 30, 2018

	Fair Value	Fair value measurement used			Total
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
<b>FVTPL</b>					
Investments	8,675,001	-	8,675,001	-	8,675,001
Long term investments	1,046,976	-	-	1,046,976	1,046,976

**Level 1 Fair Value Measurements:** Inputs are quoted prices unadjusted in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access.

**Level 2 Fair Value Measurements:** Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Includes inputs using a valuation methodology other than quoted prices included within Level 1.

**Level 3 Fair Value Measurements:** Inputs that are not based on observable market data and that are significant to the fair value measurement. These unobservable inputs reflect the Company's own assumptions about what a market participant would use in estimating fair value of a financial instrument.

The Company will transfer between levels in the fair value hierarchy only when the instrument no longer satisfies the definition of the fair value category it was recognized in.

Fair value is calculated using recent arm's length transactions, or prevailing market rates for instruments with similar characteristics.

The following shows the impact to the fair value of the Level 3 securities held at September 30, 2018 had the value of the securities increased or decreased as a result in a reasonable shift in the value of the most material unobservable input used to value these securities:

Security Name	Fair Value	Valuation technique	Unobservable inputs	Reasonable Shift	Change in valuation
Convertible Debenture 1	\$ nil	"with" and "without" valuation approach	Assigning 0%, 0% and 100% probability weighting to the assumptions of completing a qualified financing, completing an optional conversion and liquidation, respectively	Assigning 20%, 20% and 60% probability weighting to the assumptions of completing a qualified financing, completing an optional conversion and liquidation, respectively	\$508,000
Convertible Debenture 2	\$ 646,263	"with" and "without" valuation approach	Assign 50%, 30% and 20% probability weighting to the assumptions of completing a qualified financing, completing a non-qualified financing and liquidation, respectively	Assign 0%, 0% and 100% probability weighting to the assumptions of completing a qualified financing, completing a non-qualified financing and liquidation, respectively.	(\$622,000)
Warrants	\$482,593	Black-Scholes option pricing model	Volatility	+50%	\$275,000
Put/call agreement	\$665,000	Monte Carlo simulation method	A value of 0.50 was determined to represent the most reliable correlation for fair value purposes	+/- 0.25	(\$426,000)/ \$340,000 respectively

The following shows the impact to the fair value of the Level 3 securities held at February 28, 2018, had the value of the security increased or decreased as a result in a reasonable shift in the value of selected material unobservable inputs used to value this security:

Security Name	Fair Value	Valuation technique	Unobservable inputs	Reasonable Shift	Change in valuation
Convertible Debentures	\$ 1,046,976	"with" and "without" valuation approach	Assign 70%, 20% and 10% probability weighting to the assumptions of completing a qualified financing, completing a non-qualified financing and liquidation, respectively	Assign equal probability weighting to the assumptions of completing a qualified financing, completing a non-qualified financing and liquidation, respectively	(\$289,000)

# Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

For the three and seven month periods ended September 30, 2018

The following is a reconciliation of investments in which significant unobservable inputs (level 3) were used in determining their fair value:

	<b>Total</b>
Balance as of February 28, 2018	1,046,976
Purchases	1,171,717
Change in FMV	(415,443)
<b>Balance as at September 30, 2018</b>	<b>1,803,250</b>

## **Financial Risk Management:**

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks that arise as a result of its operating, investing, and financing activities including:

- Credit risk;
- Liquidity risk;
- Market risk; and
- Price risk.

This note presents information about the Company's exposure to the above risks, the Company's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the Company's management of capital. Further quantitative disclosures are included throughout these financial statements.

The Board of Directors oversees management's establishment and execution of the Company's risk management framework. Management has implemented and monitors compliance with risk management policies. The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to market conditions and the Company's activities.

### **Credit risk:**

Credit risk is the potential for financial loss to the Company if a counterparty in a transaction fails to meet its obligations. The Company's cash and cash equivalents, due from related parties, other receivables and investments are exposed to credit risk. The Company monitors its credit risk management policies continuously to evaluate their effectiveness and feels that the creditworthiness of its counterparties is currently satisfactory. Cash and cash equivalents primarily consist of highly liquid temporary deposits with Canadian chartered banks.

### **Liquidity risk:**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they come due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due.

The Company ensures that it has sufficient cash on demand to meet expected operational expenses for a period of 90 days, including the servicing of financial obligations; this excludes the potential impact of extreme circumstances that cannot reasonably be predicted. To achieve this objective, the Company prepares annual operational expenditure budgets which are regularly monitored and updated as considered necessary.

The Company's accounts payable and accrued expenses and promissory notes have maturities of less than one year. They are also both free of any accrued interest.

### **Market risk:**

Market risk is the potential for loss to the Company from changes in the values of its financial instruments due to changes in interest rates, foreign exchange rates or equity prices. The Company's financial instruments are generally denominated in Canadian dollars and do not have significant exposure to changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Company's investments are classified at FVTPL, therefore changes in fair market value on securities are recorded in net income.

Further risks related to market risks that are present in the Company are as follows:

# Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

For the three and seven month periods ended September 30, 2018

## i. Price risk:

The Company is exposed to equity securities price risk because of investments held by the Company.

As at September 30, 2018, had the fair values of the investments at FVTPL increased or decreased by 10%, with all other variables held constant, net income would have increased or decreased by approximately \$1,587,000 (February 28, 2018 - \$972,000).

## ii. Interest rate risk:

The Company's interest rate risk arises from short-term borrowings, long-term borrowings and interest-bearing financial instruments fair value fluctuating because of changes in market interest rates.

As at September 30, 2018, the Company's exposure to interest rate risk is immaterial and is only limited to interest income on cash balances based on variable rates (on February 28, 2018, the Company had a promissory note balance outstanding, however since the note is not interest bearing, interest rate risk was minimal).

## iii. Currency risk:

Currency risk arises from financial instruments that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the Company, which is the Canadian dollar ("CAD"). The Company is exposed to the risk that the value of investments denominated in currency other than Canadian dollars will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates. The Company's investment denominated in United States Dollars ("USD") and Great Britain Pounds ("GBP") are marked accordingly in the schedule of investments included in note 6 above.

As at September 30, 2018, the approximate impact on the Company if the CAD weakened by 5% in relation to USD and GBP would be a gain of \$336,000 and \$6,000 respectively (February 28, 2018 - \$52,000 and \$nil respectively). If the Canadian dollar were to strengthen relative to these currencies, the opposite would occur. In practice, actual results may differ from this sensitivity analysis and the difference could be material.

## 8. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company considers its capital structure to consist of its share capital. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments based on the funds available to support new joint ventures with Collaborators and support its medium-term working capital. The Board of Directors has not established quantitative return on capital criteria for management and relies on the expertise of management and the Board of Directors to sustain future development of the business.

The management and the Board of Directors review the Company's capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believe it reflects a reasonable approach given the relative size of the Company's assets.

The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

## 9. SHARE CAPITAL

### Shares outstanding

As at September 30, 2018, the Company's authorized number of common shares was unlimited without par value, while the Company's number of issued common shares as of same date was 136,536,212 shares.

Description	Shares	Amount \$	Note
Seed Financing	65,040,020	5,052,001	a
Non-brokered private placement Convertible Debentures	14,537,508	7,268,791	b
Brokered Private Placement (net of \$3,175,985 issue cost)	30,000,000	26,824,015	c
GCI Vend-In assets	19,914,894	11,333,261	d
Due from investors for the Initial Seed Financing share issuance	6,320,000	316,000	a
Issuance of the new GT shares to CCA shareholders	723,790	723,790	e
<b>Total</b>	<b>136,536,212</b>	<b>51,517,858</b>	

# Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

For the three and seven month periods ended September 30, 2018

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## *a. Seed Financings*

On December 28, 2017, the Company entered into promissory notes with certain founding investors (the “Founding Investors”) pursuant to which the Company borrowed an aggregate of \$3,000,000 from such investors. By January 10, 2018, the Company completed its initial seed financing (the “Initial Seed Financing”) through the issuance of 56,040,020 common shares at a price of \$0.05 per share to the Founding Investors of, and key investors in, the Company, for gross proceeds of \$2,802,001. On January 17, 2018, the Company completed a second round of seed financing (the “Second Seed Financing”) through the issuance of 9,000,000 Common shares at a price of \$0.25 per share to the Founding Investors, in exchange for the cancellation of an amount of each Founding Investor’s promissory note equal to the value of the shares issued to the Founding Investor in the Second Seed Financing, and certain of the other Initial Seed Financing investors for gross proceeds of \$2,250,000. As at February 28, 2018, the balance of the Founding Investor’s promissory notes was \$750,000.

As at February 28, 2018, there was a balance of \$316,000 due from investors for the Initial Seed Financing that was not part of the share capital. The full amount was received in March 2018 and an additional 6,300,000 GT Shares were issued.

## *b. Convertible Debentures*

On March 9, 2018, GT completed a non-brokered private placement of \$7,268,791 aggregate principal amount of convertible debentures (the “Convertible Debentures”) funded through the payment of \$6,618,791 in cash and the settlement of \$650,000 principal amount of Founding Investor’s promissory notes. The Convertible Debentures was automatically converted into 14,537,508 GT Shares at a discounted price of \$0.50 per GT Share concurrently with the completion of the RTO Transaction.

## *c. Subscription Receipts*

On April 5, 2018, GT completed the brokered private placement of 30,000,000 subscription receipts (“GT Subscription Receipts”) through Canaccord Genuity Corp., Clarus Securities Inc., Eventus Capital Corp. and Laurentian Bank Securities Inc., acting as agents in respect of the Private Placement (collectively, the “Agents”) at a price of \$1.00 per GT Subscription Receipt for gross proceeds of \$30,000,000, pursuant to an agency agreement dated April 5, 2018 between the Company and the Agents. Each GT Subscription Receipt was automatically converted into one GT Share without further payment from or action on the part of the holder of the GT Subscription Receipt concurrently with the satisfaction of the escrow release conditions and delivery of the release notice pursuant to the subscription receipt agreement dated April 5, 2018 between GT, the Agents and Computershare Trust Company of Canada. A total of 30,000,000 GT Shares were issued in connection with the conversion of the GT Subscription Receipts net of the amount \$3,175,985 representing all the issuance costs associated with the whole share offering.

## *d. Vend-In Assets*

As mentioned in note 3 (c), the Company entered into a Vend-In Agreement between GT, GCI and 2330573 Ontario Inc. dated May 25, 2018 relating to certain Vend-In Assets transferred by GCI and 2330573 Ontario Inc. to GT in exchange for 19,914,894 GT Shares. The transfer of the GCI Vend-In Assets and the issuance of the shares occurred immediately prior to, and was conditioned on, the completion of the RTO Transaction. The issued shares were recorded at \$11,333,261, being the fair value of the securities transferred on the transaction date.

## *e. CCA*

The Letter Agreement dated March 13, 2018 between GT and CCA sets out the value of CCA at \$723,790. CCA completed a CCA share consolidation at a ratio of 6.66 pre-CCA consolidation common shares to 1 post-CCA consolidation common share. The resulting number of CCA shares were 723,790. Concurrent to the completion of the RTO Transaction, the CCA’s shareholders’ equity accounts was canceled and 723,790 new GT Shares were issued to the former shareholders of CCA.

# Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

For the three and seven month periods ended September 30, 2018

Below schedule shows the calculation of the listing fees associated with the GT shares issued to CCA, which was allocated to retained earnings:

Fair value of GT Shares issued to CCA	\$723,790
Less: cancellation of the CCA's share capital account	\$(831,324)
Less: cancellation of the CCA's contributed surplus account	\$(129,295)
plus: cancellation of the CCA's retained deficit account	\$839,252
<b>Listing fee (allocated to expenses)</b>	<b>\$602,423</b>

As at September 30, 2018, GCI, and as a result, Mr. Anthony Lacavera, as the controlling shareholder of GCI, held 56,403,402 common shares or 41.31% of the outstanding common shares of the Company.

## 10. Omnibus Equity Incentive Compensation Plan

The Plan permits the grant of options, SAR, RSU, DSU and PSU. The Plan was approved by the Company's board of directors on June 12, 2018 and shareholders of the Company on May 22, 2018 and was effective upon completion of the RTO Transaction until the earlier of (i) the date it is terminated by the Board in accordance with the Plan, and (ii) 10 years after the date of the Plan.

The purposes of the Plan are to: (i) provide the Company with a mechanism to attract, retain and motivate highly qualified directors, officers, employees and consultants, (ii) align the interests of Participants with that of other shareholders of the Company generally, and (iii) enable and encourage participants to participate in the long-term growth of the Company through the acquisition of GT Shares as long-term investments.

The number of GT Shares reserved for issuance under the Plan upon the exercise of options will not, in the aggregate, exceed 10% of the outstanding GT Shares. Additionally, the maximum number of GT Shares reserved for issuance under the Plan upon exercise or settlement of any awards other than options shall be 13,703,621 GT Shares. In connection with the foregoing, the maximum number of GT Shares for which awards may be issued to any one participant in any 12-month period shall not exceed 5% of the outstanding GT Shares or 2% in the case of a grant of awards to any consultant or persons (in the aggregate) retained to provide investor relations activities.

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date.

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a graded-vesting basis over the period during which the employee becomes unconditionally entitled to equity instruments, based on the Company's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest. At the end of each reporting period, the Company revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognized in the statement of net and comprehensive gain (loss) such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the share-based payment reserve.

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions with parties other than employees are measured at the fair value of the goods or services received, except where that fair value cannot be estimated reliably, in which case they are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted, with fair value being charged to the Consolidated Statements of Net and Comprehensive Income (Loss) using a graded vesting attribution method over the vesting period with a corresponding credit to contributed surplus. For those options that expire after vesting, the recorded value is transferred to retained earnings (deficit).

As of September 30, 2018, the Company has granted 7,250,000 options and 7,250,000 RSU's to the Company's officers, employees and consultants.

The following table shows the movement of the share-based payment reserve during the seven-month period ended September 30, 2018.

	Share purchase options	Restricted Share units	Total
Balance, February 28, 2018	-	-	-
Expensed during the four month period ended June 30, 2018	178,919	335,567	514,486
Expensed during the three month period ended September 30, 2018	106,225	278,773	384,998
<b>Total for the seven month period ended as of September 30, 2018</b>	<b>285,144</b>	<b>614,340</b>	<b>899,484</b>

# Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

For the three and seven month periods ended September 30, 2018

The Company had the following stock options outstanding at September 30, 2018:

	<b>Grant date</b>	<b>Exercise Price</b>	<b>Number Outstanding</b>	<b>Vested Options</b>	<b>Ave remaining Life (years)</b>	<b>Expiry Date</b>	<b>FMV \$</b>
Options granted to employees	June 8, 2018	1.00	6,450,000	-	6.51	April 1, 2025	1,157,323
Options granted to Wallace	June 8, 2018	1.00	800,000	-	6.69	June 8, 2025	146,550

Options issued to the senior management and employees of GT will be vested over three equal amounts on April 1, 2019, 2020 and 2021. Options issued to Wallace will be also vesting over three equal amounts on June 8, 2019, 2020 and 2021.

Using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, the following weighted average assumptions were used for the valuation of the stock options:

	<b>September 30, 2018</b>
Average risk-free interest rate	2.40%
Annualized volatility	65.00%
Dividend rate	0.00%
Expected <u>weighted</u> average life (years) for options granted to Wallace	6.69 years
Expected <u>weighted</u> average life (years) for options granted to employee	6.51 years

The Company had the following RSUs outstanding at September 30, 2018:

	<b>Grant date</b>	<b>Number Outstanding</b>
RSUs granted to employees	June 8, 2018	5,350,000
RSUs granted to Wallace	June 8, 2018	1,900,000

RSUs issued to the senior management and employees of GT will be vested over three equal amounts on April 1, 2019, 2020 and 2021. RSUs issued to Wallace will also be vesting over three equal amounts on June 8, 2019, 2020 and 2021.

The fair value of the Options and RSUs are based on the market value of the shares on the date of the grant minus an estimated forfeiture rate of 10%.

## 11. OTHER ASSETS

The Company has pre-purchased 1,000,000 KODAKCoins from WENN Digital, Inc., a company developing a disintermediated solution to intellectual property licensing for photographs, using blockchain and initial coin offering infrastructure developed by BIG, for consideration of USD \$250,000 or CAD \$314,200. Using the blockchain, a digital ledger of rights ownership will be maintained for photographers to register both new and archival works that they can then license within the platform, using the new KODAKCoin cryptocurrency to receive payment for use. The platform will incorporate an AI-based web-crawling feature to monitor and protect the intellectual property of photographs registered through the system. The KODAKCoins will be delivered upon launch of the platform, currently anticipated to be sometime in 2019.

## 12. INCOME TAXES

	<b>For the seven-month period ended September 30, 2018</b>
Income before income taxes	(14,985,536)
Income tax rate	26.50%
Expected income tax recovery	(3,971,167)
Impact of permanent differences	1,691,642
Tax benefits of current losses not recognized	985,889
Deferred tax recovery	912,776
Change in deferred tax assets not recognized	380,860
<b>Income tax expense</b>	<b>-</b>

# Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

For the three and seven month periods ended September 30, 2018

**Deferred tax recovery:** At September 30, 2018, the Company reversed a deferred tax liability of \$912,778 because of an unrealized capital loss of \$9,855,437.

**Losses Carried Forward:** The Company has a non-capital losses balance of \$457,027 available for deduction against future taxable income. This balance will be expiring in 2038.

## 13. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

Earnings (loss) per share represents net income (loss) for the year divided by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted (earnings) loss per share is calculated by dividing the applicable net loss by the sum of the weighted average number of shares outstanding and all additional shares that would have been outstanding if potentially dilutive shares had been issued during the reporting period. The options and RSUs granted by the Company as described in note 10 (Omnibus Equity Incentive Compensation Plan) are anti-dilutive and therefore have not been included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share for the period. However, they may be dilutive in the future.

For the three month and seven month periods ended September 30, 2018, diluted loss per share equals basic loss per share due to the anti-dilutive effect of the dilutive securities.

	Three month period ended September 30, 2018		Seven month period ended September 30, 2018	
	Basic	Diluted	Basic	Diluted
<b>Numerator:</b>				
Net comprehensive income (loss) for the period	(4,530,756.00)	(4,530,756.00)	(13,735,760.00)	(13,735,760.00)
<b>Denominator:</b>				
Weighted average number of common shares	136,536,212	136,536,212	106,270,940	106,270,940
<b>Earnings per share</b>	(0.033)	(0.033)	(0.129)	(0.129)

## 14. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

### Key Management Remuneration

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management personnel during the three month and seven month periods ended on September 30, 2018 were as follows:

	Three month period ended September 30, 2018	Seven month period ended September 30, 2018
Management salaries and fees	511,859	980,128
Share-based payments (Omnibus Equity Incentive Compensation Plan)	218,044	407,008
<b>Total</b>	<b>729,903</b>	<b>1,387,136</b>

In accordance with IAS 24, key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company directly or indirectly, including any directors (executive and non-executive) of the Company. The remuneration of directors and key executives is determined by the Board of Directors of the Company having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

### Put/Call Agreement (Flexiti)

On July 21, 2018, the Company negotiated the Put/Call Agreement, which was an amendment and restatement of a previous right of first refusal and put option agreement dated June 6, 2018, with two related parties, GCI and 262 Ontario, as described in note 3(d).

### Payments to Globalive Media Inc. / GCI/ VRG Capital Corp.

On March 31, 2018, January 1, 2018, and April 1, 2018 Globalive Media Inc., GCI, and VRG Capital Corp. entered into service agreements respectively with the Company to provide the Company with certain functions and supporting roles. Mr. Anthony Lacavera, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and one of its Directors, controls Globalive Media Corp. and GCI, while Mr. J.R. Kingsley Ward, the Company's Chairman and one of its Directors, is a Managing Partner of VRG Capital Corp.

# Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

For the three and seven month periods ended September 30, 2018

## 15. Intangible assets and goodwill

As mentioned in note 3(a), on May 24, 2018, the Company obtained a 51% controlling interest in a business that develops software to support decentralized and intelligent business framework for third party customers. BIG holds the remaining 49% interest in GBD. The Company contributed \$1,250,000 of cash into GBD for its 51% interest.

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the purchase method of accounting whereby all identifiable assets and liabilities are recorded at their fair values as at the date of acquisition. Any excess purchase price over the aggregate fair value of net assets is recorded as goodwill. Goodwill is not amortized. Any excess of the aggregate fair value of net assets over the purchase price is recognized in the consolidated statements of net and comprehensive income (loss).

Goodwill is identified and allocated to GBD or any cash-generating units (“CGU”), that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisition. A CGU to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment at least annually or when events or circumstances indicate that an assessment for impairment is required. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a financial year, the CGU to which the goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that financial year.

When the recoverable amount of the CGU is less than the carrying amount of that CGU, the impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to that CGU first, and then to the other assets of that CGU on the pro rata basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the CGU. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognized directly in the consolidated statements of net and comprehensive income (loss). An impairment loss for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods. On disposal of a subsidiary, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal.

The identifiable assets of the business consist of various customer contracts and customer relationships. The Company is currently obtaining sufficient information to determine the fair value of the intangible assets acquired, and amendments to the purchase price allocation will be made as the fair value of the intangible assets are determined. Once determined, if the fair value of the intangible assets is less than \$1,200,931 (as shown below), the differenced will be allocated to Goodwill. Goodwill may be attributable to the technological expertise of the BIG’S management team or the know- how acquire future customer relations. Goodwill is not deductible for tax purposes.

The consideration paid, and non-controlling interest was measured based on the estimated fair value of shares issued to BIG.

<b>Consideration transferred:</b>	
Fair value of shares of subsidiary issued to non-controlling interests	1,200,980
Less: Cash received	(49)
<b>Intangible assets and goodwill on acquisition</b>	<b>\$1,200,931</b>

## 16. FIXED ASSETS

Depreciation of fixed assets is an estimate of the expected useful life. In order to determine the useful life for the mining servers, assumptions are required and may range depending on market conditions and technology changes, availability of hardware and production costs.

The following tables show the breakdown of the Company’s fixed assets including the estimated expected useful life and amount of depreciation for each category during the reporting periods:

<b>During the three month period ended September 30, 2018</b>	<b>Expected Useful Life (Years)</b>	<b>June 30, 2018</b>	<b>Additions</b>	<b>Depreciation</b>	<b>September 30, 2018</b>
Office computers and equipment	2	23,018	45,365	(5,965)	62,418
Furnitures and other fixtures	5	27,940		(1,228)	26,711
Mining servers and electrical infrastructure	3	1,425,711	-	(120,482)	1,305,229
		<u>1,476,669</u>	<u>45,365</u>	<u>(127,675)</u>	<u>1,394,358</u>

  

<b>During the seven month period ended September 30, 2018</b>	<b>Expected Useful Life (Years)</b>	<b>February 28, 2018</b>	<b>Additions</b>	<b>Depreciation</b>	<b>September 30, 2018</b>
Office computers and equipment	2	-	70,653	(8,235)	62,418
Furnitures and other fixtures	5	-	29,037	(2,326)	26,711
Mining servers and electrical infrastructure	3	-	1,445,792	(140,563)	1,305,229
			<u>1,545,482</u>	<u>(151,124)</u>	<u>1,394,358</u>



# Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

For the three and seven month periods ended September 30, 2018

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## 17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On October 10, and November 9, 2018, the Company acquired senior secured convertible debentures of 262 in the aggregate principal amount of \$7,500,000. 262 Ontario holds 41.4% of the equity and 51% of the voting securities of WHC, the parent of Flexiti.