

International Battery Metals Ltd.
(Formerly - Rheingold Exploration Corp.)

Condensed Interim Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

October 31, 2017

NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection, 4.3 (3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the condensed interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the condensed interim financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim financial statements of International Battery Metals Ltd. (the “Company”, formerly - “Rheingold Exploration Corp.”) have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company’s management. The unaudited condensed interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and reflect management’s best estimate and judgements based on information currently available.

The Company’s independent auditor has not performed a review of these condensed interim financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Public Accountants for a review on interim financial statements by an entity’s auditor.

International Battery Metals Ltd.

(Formerly - Rheingold Exploration Corp.)

Condensed Interim Statements of Financial Position

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

	As at October 31 2017 (Unaudited) \$	As at January 31 2017 (Audited) \$
Assets		
Current		
Cash	188,756	238,451
Amounts receivable (Notes 5)	39,435	13,830
Prepaid expenses	364,409	1,107
	<u>592,600</u>	<u>253,388</u>
Noncurrent		
Investment in private company (Note 13)	670,542	-
Exploration and evaluation properties (Note 6)	233,605	-
Property, plant and equipment (Note 7)	219	219
	<u>1,496,966</u>	<u>253,607</u>
Liabilities		
Current		
Debt (Note 9)	200,000	-
Trade payables and accrued liabilities (Note 8)	150,871	55,884
	<u>350,871</u>	<u>55,884</u>
Shareholders' Equity (Deficiency)		
Share capital (Note 9)	2,161,402	924,961
Reserves (Note 9)	2,574,958	388,558
Contributed surplus (Note 9)	3,160	3,160
Deficit	(3,593,425)	(1,118,956)
	<u>1,146,095</u>	<u>197,723</u>
	<u>1,496,966</u>	<u>253,607</u>

Nature and Continuance of Operations (Note 1) and Subsequent Events (Note 14)

Approved and Authorized by the Board on December 29, 2017:

"Logan Anderson"

Director

"Paul Pedersen"

Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

International Battery Metals Ltd.

(Formerly - Rheingold Exploration Corp.)

Condensed Interim Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

	For the three month period ended October 30 2017 \$	For the three month period ended October 31 2016 \$	For the nine month period ended October 31 2017 \$	For the nine month Period ended October 31 2016 \$
Expenses				
Advertising and promotion	325,077	-	332,577	-
Bank charges and interest	2,095	618	4,633	796
Consulting fees	64,233	-	218,803	-
Exploration related costs	-	-	-	1,600
Filing fees	12,114	1,500	26,183	4,767
Management fees (Note 10)	55,000	6,200	113,857	13,400
Director fees (Note 10)	15,000	-	15,000	-
Office and miscellaneous	6,564	926	7,056	926
Professional fees	96,284	18,378	162,121	45,472
Rent	-	-	8,200	-
Share-based payments (Note 9)	850,972	-	1,343,198	-
Travel and meals	4,934	688	13,866	688
Loss before other item	(1,432,273)	(28,310)	(2,245,494)	(67,649)
Writedown of exploration and evaluation property	(233,505)	-	(233,505)	-
Gain on debt settlement	-	-	5,000	-
Loss and comprehensive loss for the period	(1,665,778)	(28,310)	(2,473,999)	(67,649)
Loss and comprehensive loss per share, basic and diluted	(0.069)	(0.002)	(0.123)	(0.005)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	24,109,427	13,346,260	20,036,874	13,346,260

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

International Battery Metals Ltd.

(Formerly - Rheingold Exploration Corp.)

Interim Statements of Cash Flows

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

	For the three month period ended October 31, 2017 \$	For the three month period ended October 31, 2016 \$	For the nine month period ended October 31, 2017 \$	For the nine month period ended October 31 2016 \$
Cash flows used in operating activities				
Loss for the period	(1,665,778)	(28,310)	(2,473,999)	(67,649)
Writedown of exploration and evaluation property	233,505	-	233,505	-
Share-based compensation (Note 9)	850,972	-	1,343,198	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities				
Increase in amounts receivable	(25,617)	(190)	(25,574)	(8,008)
Increase in prepaid expenses	(361,302)	-	(363,302)	-
Increase in trade payables and accrued liabilities	15,407	21,137	94,485	54,800
	(952,813)	(8,363)	(1,191,687)	(20,857)
Cash flows from investing activities				
Investment in private company (Note 13)	(670,542)	-	(670,542)	-
Exploration and evaluation properties (Note 6)	(100,750)	-	(417,289)	-
	(771,292)	-	(1,087,831)	-
Cash flows from financing activities				
Capital contribution from shareholders	-	11,092	-	22,168
Proceeds from short term debt	200,000	-	200,000	-
Share subscriptions deposits (Note 14)	(143,000)	-	-	-
Unit issuance, net of broker fees (Note 9)	1,270,698	-	1,270,698	-
Share issuance - option exercise (Note 9)	83,000	-	83,000	-
Share issuance - warrant exercise (Note 9)	476,125	-	676,125	-
	1,886,823	11,092	2,229,823	22,168
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	162,718	2,729	(49,695)	1,311
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	26,038	1,307	238,451	2,725
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	188,756	4,036	188,756	4,036

Supplemental Disclosures with Respect to Cash Flows (Note 11)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim financial statements.

International Battery Metals Ltd.
(Formerly - Rheingold Exploration Corp.)
Condensed Interim Statements of Changes in Equity
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

	Common Shares	Share Capital	Stock Option Reserve	Warrant Reserve	Contributed Surplus	Deficit	Total Equity
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at January 31, 2015	11,364,260	772,103	89,405	16,766	3,160	(859,802)	21,632
Shares issued for							
Cash	2,000,000	52,554	-	47,446	-	-	100,000
Mineral property	50,000	2,500	-	-	-	-	2,500
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	(153,139)	(153,139)
Balance at January 31, 2016	13,414,260	827,157	89,405	64,212	3,160	(1,012,941)	(29,007)
Shares issued for							
Cash	3,500,000	181,350	-	169,000	-	-	350,350
Share issue cost - units	3,500	(350)	-	350	-	-	-
Share issue costs – cash	-	(17,605)	-	-	-	-	(17,605)
Share issue costs – warrants	-	(65,591)	-	65,591	-	-	-
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	(106,015)	(106,015)
Balance at January 31, 2017	16,917,760	924,961	89,405	299,153	3,160	(1,118,956)	197,723
Warrant exercise	100,000	12,372	-	(2,372)	-	-	10,000
Loss for the quarter	-	-	-	-	-	(40,107)	(40,107)
Balance at April 30, 2017	17,017,760	937,333	89,405	296,781	3,160	(1,159,063)	167,616
Warrant exercise	1,900,000	235,074	-	(45,074)	-	-	190,000
Share-based payments	-	-	492,226	-	-	-	492,226
Loss for the quarter	-	-	-	-	-	(768,584)	(768,584)
Balance at July 31, 2017	18,917,760	1,172,407	581,631	251,707	3,160	(1,927,647)	81,258
Warrants exercised	1,904,500	568,093	-	(91,968)	-	-	476,125
Options exercised	170,000	24,990	(7,990)	-	-	-	17,000
Options exercised	200,000	131,640	(65,640)	-	-	-	66,000
Share-based payments	-	-	654,500	196,472	-	-	850,972
Shares issued for							
Cash	4,999,300	366,772	-	933,046	-	-	1,299,818
Share issue cost – cash	-	(29,120)	-	-	-	-	(29,120)
Share issue cost – warrants	-	(123,200)	-	123,200	-	-	-
Mineral property	150,970	49,820	-	-	-	-	49,820
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(1,665,778)	(1,665,778)
Balance at October 31, 2017	26,342,530	2,161,402	1,162,501	1,412,457	3,160	(3,593,425)	1,146,095

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

International Battery Metals Ltd.

(Formerly, Rheingold Exploration Corp.)

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

1. Nature and Continuance of Operations

International Battery Metals Ltd. (the “Company”, formerly - “Rheingold Exploration Corp.”) was incorporated under the laws of the province of British Columbia on July 29, 2010.

The Company is a mining exploration company involved in acquiring and exploring for rare earth metals commonly used in the production of batteries.

The business of mining and exploring for minerals involves a high degree of risk and there can be no assurance that the Company will obtain the necessary financing to complete the exploration and development of mineral property interests, or that the current or future exploration and development programs of the Company will result in profitable mining operations. In addition to ongoing working capital requirements, the Company must secure sufficient funding to meet its existing commitments, including conducting minimum exploration and evaluation programs and paying for general and administrative expenses.

The Company’s head office is located at Suite 510 744 West Hastings Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6C 1A5 and the Company’s registered and records office is located at Suite 1780, 400 Burrard Street, Vancouver, BC, V6C 3A6.

Several conditions cast significant doubt on the validity of this assumption and ultimately the appropriateness of the use of accounting principles related to a going concern. From inception to date, the Company has incurred losses from operations, earned no revenues and has experienced negative cash flows from operating activities. The Company will require additional funding to be able to meet ongoing requirements for general operations and to advance and retain mineral exploration and evaluation property interests. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent on raising additional financing, retaining or attracting joint venture partners, developing its properties and/or generating profits from operations or the disposition of properties in the future. These material uncertainties may cast substantial doubt on the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern.

Management has been successful in obtaining sufficient funding for operating, exploration and capital requirements from the inception of the Company to date. There is, however, no assurance that additional future funding will be available to the Company, or that it will be available on terms which are acceptable to the management of the Company.

If the Company is unable to raise additional capital in the immediate future, management expects that the Company will need to further curtail operations, liquidate assets, seek additional capital on less favorable terms and/or pursue other remedial measures including ceasing operations.

These financial statements do not reflect any adjustments to the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of expenses and balance sheet classifications that would be necessary if the going concern assumption was not appropriate and such adjustments could be material.

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Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements

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(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

2. Basis of preparation and Statement of Compliance

The condensed interim financial statements of the Company were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on December 29, 2017.

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies and methods of companies consistent with those applied in the Company's annual financial statements for the period ended January 31, 2017.

The Company's financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair value and are presented in Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated.

The condensed interim financial statements of the Company, have been prepared in accordance with and using accounting policies in full compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34 as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC").

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Company's financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of income and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes can differ from these estimates.

Areas requiring a significant degree of estimation and judgment relate to the fair value measurements for financial instruments and share-based payments, the valuation of all liability and equity instruments including stock options, the recoverability and measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities and ability to continue as a going concern. Actual results may differ from those estimates and judgments.

Determining if there are any facts and circumstances indicating impairment loss is a subjective process involving judgment and a number of estimates and interpretations in many cases.

The Company allocates values to stock options based on the Black-Scholes that includes estimates of volatility and estimated life.

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on a basis which assumes the Company will continue to operate for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations. In assessing whether this assumption is appropriate, management takes into account all available information about the future, which is at least, but not limited to, 12 months from the end of the reporting period. This assessment is based upon planned actions that may or may not occur for a number of reasons including the Company's own resources and external market conditions.

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Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements

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(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment consists of the purchase price, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for its intended use and an initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated residual value, using the declining rate method. The Company's computer equipment is depreciated at a rate of 55%.

Exploration and evaluation properties

Exploration and evaluation expenditures include the costs of acquiring licenses, costs associated with exploration and evaluation activity, and the fair value (at acquisition date) of exploration and evaluation assets acquired in a business combination. Exploration and evaluation expenditures are capitalized. Costs incurred before the exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources, before the Company has obtained the legal rights to explore an area, are recognized in profit or loss.

Option payments received are treated as a reduction of the carrying value of the related exploration and evaluation properties and deferred costs until the receipts are in excess of costs incurred, at which time they are credited to income. Option payments are at the discretion of the optionee, and accordingly, are recorded on a cash basis.

Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment if (i) sufficient data exists to determine technical feasibility and commercial viability, and (ii) facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use at that time.

Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of the extraction of mineral resources in an area of interest are demonstrable, exploration and evaluation assets attributable to that area of interest are first tested for impairment and then reclassified to mining property and development assets within property, plant and equipment. Recoverability of the carrying amount of any exploration and evaluation assets is dependent on successful development and commercial exploitation, or alternatively, sale of the respective areas of interest.

Decommissioning, restoration and similar liabilities

The Company recognizes provisions for statutory, contractual, constructive or legal obligations associated with the reclamation of mineral properties and retirement of long-term assets, when those obligations result from the acquisition, construction, development or normal operation of the assets. The net present value of future cost estimates arising from the decommissioning of plant, site restoration work and other similar retirement activities is added to the carrying amount of the related asset, and depreciated on the same basis.

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(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Decommissioning, restoration and similar liabilities (continued)

as the related asset, along with a corresponding increase in the provision in the period incurred. Discount

rates using a pre-tax rate that reflect the current market assessments of the time value of money are used to calculate the net present value.

The Company's estimates of reclamation costs could change as a result of changes in regulatory requirements, discount rates and assumptions regarding the amount and timing of the future expenditures. These changes are recorded directly to the related asset with a corresponding entry to the provision.

Changes in the net present value, excluding changes in the Company's estimates of reclamation costs, are charged to profit or loss for the period. The net present value of reclamation costs arising from subsequent site damage that is incurred on an ongoing basis during production are charged to profit or loss in the period incurred. The costs of reclamation projects that were included in the provision are recorded against the provision as incurred. The costs to prevent and control environmental impacts at specific properties are capitalized in accordance with the Company's accounting policy for exploration and evaluation properties.

Earnings (loss) per share

Basic earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing the net earnings (loss) attributable to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the reporting period.

Diluted earnings (loss) per share is computed similar to basic earnings (loss) per share except that (i) net earnings (loss) attributable to common shareholders are adjusted for fair value gains or losses of warrants (if dilutive) and (ii) the weighted average number of common shares outstanding is adjusted for the number of shares that are potentially issuable in connection with stock options and warrants (if dilutive). The Company assumes that outstanding dilutive stock options and warrants were exercised and that the proceeds from such exercises (after adjustment of any unvested portion of stock options) were used to acquire common stock at the average market price during the reporting periods. For the periods presented, this calculation proved to be anti-dilutive.

Share-based payments

Share-based payments to employees are measured at the fair value of the instruments issued and recognized over the vesting periods. Share-based payments to non-employees are measured at the fair value of goods or services received or the fair value of the equity instruments issued, if it is determined the fair value of the goods or services cannot be reliably measured, and are recorded at the date the goods or services are received. The corresponding amount is recorded to the stock option reserve or share capital. The fair value of options is determined using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model which incorporates all market vesting conditions. The number of shares and options expected to vest is reviewed and adjusted at the end of each reporting period such that the amount recognized for services received as consideration for the equity instruments granted shall be based on the number of equity instruments that will eventually vest.

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Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Financial Assets

Financial assets are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”), held-to-maturity, loans and receivables, available-for-sale financial assets, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. The Company determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition. Financial assets are recognized initially at fair value. The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as held for trading and are included in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term or if so designated by management. Derivatives, other than those designated as effective hedging instruments, are also categorized as held for trading. These assets are carried at fair value with gains or losses recognized in profit or loss. Transaction costs associated with financial assets at FVTPL are expensed as incurred. Cash is included in this category of financial assets.

Held-to-maturity and loans and receivables

Held-to-maturity and loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method if the time value of money is significant. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the financial asset classified in this category are derecognized or impaired, as well as through the amortization process. Transaction costs are included in the initial carrying amount of the asset. Amounts receivable are included in loans and receivables.

Available-for-sale

Available-for-sale financial assets are those non-derivative financial assets that are not classified as loans and receivables. After initial recognition, available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value, with gains or losses recognized within other comprehensive income. Accumulated changes in fair value are recorded as a separate component of equity until the investment is derecognized or impaired. Transaction costs are included in the initial carrying amount of the asset.

The fair value is determined by reference to bid prices at the close of business on the reporting date. Where there is no active market, fair value is determined using valuation techniques. Where fair value cannot be reliably measured, assets are carried at cost.

Derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge

The Company does not hold or have any exposure to derivative instruments.

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Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as financial liabilities at FVTPL, derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, or as financial liabilities measured at amortized cost, as appropriate. The Company determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition. The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as follows:

Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities at FVTPL has two subcategories, including financial liabilities held for trading and those designated by management on initial recognition. Transaction costs on financial liabilities at FVTPL are expensed as incurred. These liabilities are carried at fair value with gains or losses recognized in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost

All other financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value, net of transaction costs. After initial recognition, other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any issue costs, and any discount or premium on settlement. Gains and losses arising on the repurchase, settlement or cancellation of liabilities are recognized respectively in interest, other revenues and finance costs. Trade payables are included in this category of financial liabilities.

Derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge

The Company does not hold or have any exposure to derivative instruments.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than financial assets at FVTPL, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each period end.

Assets carried at amortized cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on assets carried at amortized cost have been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced, with the amount of the loss recognized in profit or loss.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed

to the extent that the carrying value of the asset does not exceed what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized. Any subsequent reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

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Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements

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(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Available-for-sale

If an available-for-sale financial asset is impaired, the cumulative loss previously recognized in equity is transferred to profit or loss. Any subsequent recovery in the fair value of the asset is recognized within other comprehensive income.

Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire or, the financial assets are transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial assets. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized directly in equity is recognized in profit or loss.

For financial liabilities, they are derecognized when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable is recognized in profit or loss.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amount of the Company's assets is reviewed for an indication of impairment at the end of each reporting period. If an indication of impairment exists, the Company makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount. Individual assets are grouped for impairment assessment purposes at the lowest level at which there are identifiable cash flows that are largely independent of the cash flows of other groups of assets. Recoverable amount of an asset group is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are adjusted for the risks specific to the asset group and are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money.

Where the carrying amount of an asset group exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset group is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

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Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements

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3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Related party transactions

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control. Related parties may be individuals or corporate entities. A transaction is considered to be a related party transaction when there is a transfer of resources or obligations between related parties.

Accounting standards issued but not yet effective

The Company has reviewed new and revised accounting pronouncements that have been issued but are not yet effective. The Company has not early adopted any of these standards and is currently evaluating the impact, if any, that these standards might have on its financial statements.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018

IFRS 9, Financial Instruments – Classification and Measurement

IFRS 9 is a new standard on financial instruments that will replace IAS 39, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*.

IFRS 9 addresses classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities as well as derecognition of financial instruments. IFRS 9 has two measurement categories for financial assets: amortized cost and fair value. All equity instruments are measured at fair value. A debt instrument is at amortized cost only if the entity is holding it to collect contractual cash flows and the cash flows represent principal and interest. Otherwise it is at fair value through profit or loss.

IFRS 15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers:

IFRS 15 is a new standard to establish principles for reporting the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from an entity's contracts with customers. It provides a single model in order to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. IFRS 15 supersedes IAS 11, *Construction Contracts*, IAS 18, *Revenue*, IFRIC 13, *Customer Loyalty Programs*, IFRIC 15, *Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate*, IFRIC 18, *Transfers of Assets from Customers*, and SIC-31, *Revenue – Barter Transactions involving Advertising Service*.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019

IFRS 16, Leases

IFRS 16 is a new standard that sets out the principles for recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of leases including guidance for both parties to a contract, the lessee and the lessor. The new standard eliminates the classification of leases as either operating or finance leases as is required by IAS 17 and instead introduces a single lessee accounting model.

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Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements

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(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

4. Financial Instruments and Risk Management

Categories of financial instruments

	As at October 31 2017 \$ (Unaudited)	As at January 31 2017 \$ (Audited)
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
FVTPL, at fair value		
Cash	188,756	238,451
Total financial assets	188,756	238,451
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
Other liabilities, at amortized cost		
Trade payables	150,871	55,884
Total financial liabilities	150,871	55,884

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost is determined based on discounted cash flow analysis or using prices from observable current market transactions. The Company considers that the carrying amount of all its financial assets and financial liabilities recognized at amortized cost in the financial statements approximates their fair value due to the demand nature or short term maturity of these instruments.

The following table provides an analysis of the Company's financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Level 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the inputs used to determine the fair value are observable.

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs that are not based on observable market data.

	Fair value hierarchy	FVTPL, at fair value	Other liabilities, at amortized cost
As at October 31, 2017			
Cash	Level 1	188,756	-
Trade payables	N/A	-	150,871
As at January 31, 2017			
Cash	Level 1	238,451	-
Trade payables	N/A	-	55,884

There were no transfers between Level 1, 2 and 3 during the period ended October 31, 2017 and year ended January 31, 2017.

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4. Financial Instruments and Risk Management (Continued)

Credit risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to credit risk consist of cash and amounts receivable. The Company manages its credit risk relating to cash and cash equivalents by dealing only with high-rated financial institutions as determined by rating agencies. As at October 31, 2017, amounts receivable of \$39,435 (January 31, 2017 - \$13,830) are comprised of Goods and Services Tax/Harmonized Sales Tax (“GST/HST”) receivable of \$21,935 (January 31, 2017 - \$8,737), share subscription receivable of \$17,500 (January 31, 2017 - \$5,093). As a result, credit risk is considered insignificant. The Company does not consider any of its financial assets to be impaired.

Liquidity risk

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining an adequate level of cash to meet its ongoing obligations. The Company has been successful in raising equity financing in the past; however, there is no assurance that it will be able to do so in the future. The Company is exposed to liquidity risk.

Other risks

Unless otherwise noted, it is management’s opinion that the Company is not exposed to significant currency risk, interest rate risk and commodity price risk arising from financial instruments.

5. Amounts Receivable

The Company’s amounts receivable are as follows:

	As at October 31 2017 \$ (Unaudited)	As at January 31 2017 \$ (Audited)
GST/HST receivable	21,935	8,737
Share subscription receivable	17,500	5,093
	<u>39,435</u>	<u>13,830</u>

The amounts are non-interest bearing, unsecured and have settlement dates within one year.

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6. Exploration and Evaluation Properties

The Company's exploration and evaluation properties expenditures for the period ended October 31, 2017 were as follows:

	Bygoo Property	Woodbury Property	Pattullo Property	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
ACQUISITION COSTS				
Balance, January 31, 2017	-	-	-	-
Additions	456,309	100	-	456,409
Impairment writedown	(228,155)	-	-	(228,155)
Balance, October 31, 2017	228,154	100	-	228,254
EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION COSTS				
Balance, January 31, 2017	-	-	-	-
Expenditures	10,700	-	-	10,700
Impairment writedown	(5,350)	-	-	(5,350)
Balance, October 31, 2017	5,350	-	-	5,350
Total	233,504	-	-	233,604

The Company's exploration and evaluation properties expenditures for the period ended October 31, 2016 were as follows:

	Bygoo Property	Woodbury Property	Pattullo Property	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
ACQUISITION COSTS				
Balance, January 31, 2016	-	-	-	-
Additions	-	-	1,600	1,600
Impairment writedown	-	-	(1,600)	(1,600)
Balance, October 31, 2016	-	-	-	-
EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION COSTS				
Balance, January 31, 2016	-	-	-	-
Balance, October 31, 2016	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-

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6. Exploration and Evaluation Properties (Continued)

Bygoo Tin Property

On March 15, 2017 the Company entered into a Letter of Intent (“LOI”), followed by an option agreement (the “Sub-Option Agreement”) dated May 24, 2017 with BeiSur OstBarat Agency Ltd. (“BOAL”) the Sub-Option Agreement was amended July 31, 2017. BOAL holds an option to earn a 51% undivided interest, with an option to acquire up to a further 25% interest in the Bygoo Tin Project (the “Property”), located in New South Wales, Australia. BOAL’s interest in the Property is subject to an underlying agreement between BOAL and Riverston Tin Pty Ltd. (“Riverston”). On July 31, 2017 an amended agreement was signed, the revised payment schedule follows.

The Sub-Option Agreement provides that the Company may exercise its option to acquire BOAL’s interest in the Property for the following:

- i. payments to Riverston of the aggregate sum of AUD\$2,880,000 (the “Payment”),
- ii. reimbursement of the expenses incurred by BOAL (the “Expenses”), and
- iii. the issuance to BOAL of 3,000,000 common shares (the “Shares”), as set out below.

The Payment shall be made by the Company directly to Riverston in the following amounts:

- i. AUD\$100,000 (\$50,000 in cash and \$50,000 in shares) on or before August 4, 2017 (paid);
- ii. AUD\$50,000 August 15, 2017 (paid);
- iii. AUD\$50,000 August 31, 2017 (outstanding);
- iv. AUD\$380,000 September 30, 2017 (outstanding);
- v. AUD\$800,000 November 30, 2017; and
- vi. AUD\$1,500,000 January 31, 2018.

The Company has also agreed to pay Riverston AUD\$40,000 cash on or before June 20, 2017 (outstanding) and to issue common shares having an aggregate value of AUD\$40,000 (outstanding) on or before June 20, 2017 (outstanding).

The Company shall pay the Expenses to BOAL within 5 business days of the acceptance for filing by the CSE. The Shares shall then be issued to BOAL as follows:

- i. 700,000 common shares within 5 business days of approval by the CSE (outstanding);
- ii. 800,000 common shares on or before July 31, 2017 (outstanding);
- iii. 1,500,000 common shares on or before January 31, 2018;

The Company has the option to acquire a further 25% interest in the Property for AUD\$22,000,000.

The Company is currently in default on its option on this property reviewing alternatives including the possible disposition of the property. Given the uncertainty of the property, Management has recognized an impairment writedown of 50% of the current value of the property, \$233,505.

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6. Exploration and Evaluation Properties (Continued)

Woodbury Property

On July 24, 2017 the Company entered into an Option and Purchase and Sale Agreement (the “Option Agreement”) with Woodbury Resources, LLC and Bi-Petro, Inc. whereby the Company has an option to purchase the oil and gas leases located primarily in Cumberland and Jasper Counties, Illinois.

The Option Agreement allows for the purchase of 37,500 acres previously leased for oil, gas and lithium extraction by Woodbury and Bi-Petro in the 'Woodbury Carper Lithium Resource Project'. The Project represents a lithium resource development opportunity at shallow drilling depths (less than 4,000 feet) in the heartland of the United States, located on fee acreage that is easy to permit and drill, with several existing wells capable of producing large volumes of lithium rich brine.

Total option purchase price, subject to the Company completing its due diligence, is US\$8,000,000:

- i. US\$100 on signing (paid);
 - ii. US\$99,900 in by December 21, 2017;
 - iii. US\$2,000,000 in 6 months from signing, of which the Company may make ½ in common shares;
 - iv. US\$2,000,000 in 12 months from signing, of which the Company may make ½ in common shares;
 - v. US\$3,900,000 in 6 months from signing, of which the Company may make ½ in common shares;
- The option was extended until December 24, 2017 (based on the payment first payment of \$100.00) and has subsequently expired.

Pattullo Property

On June 17, 2011, the Company entered into an option agreement, subsequently amended, to acquire a one hundred percent (100%) undivided interest in unpatented mining claims located in the Pattullo and Tait townships of the Province of Ontario, Canada (the “Pattullo Property”).

The Company has granted a 2% net smelter royalty, 1% of which can be purchased back by the Company for \$1,000,000.

On June 15, 2015 the Company issued 50,000 common shares valued at \$2,500 in exchange for an extension on the option payment terms.

During the period ended January 31, 2017, due to prevailing junior resource market conditions, the uncertainty associated with the Company’s ability to exploit any future economic benefits from the Pattullo property and the Company not having sufficient funds to spend on its exploration program, the Company recorded an impairment write-down of \$1,500 with respect to the mineral exploration property costs associated with the Pattullo Property.

During the period ended July 31, 2017 the Company withdrew from its agreement with Rubicon Minerals Corporation for the Pattullo Property.

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7. Property, Plant and Equipment

A summary of changes in the Company's property, plant and equipment for the period ended October 31, 2017 and year ended January 31, 2017 are as follows:

	Computer equipment
COST	\$
As at January 31, 2017	1,491
Additions	-
As at October 31, 2017	1,491
DEPRECIATION	
As at January 31, 2017	1,272
Depreciation	-
As at October 31, 2017	1,272
NET BOOK VALUE	
As at October 31, 2017	219

	Computer equipment
COST	\$
As at January 31, 2016	1,491
Additions	-
As at January 31, 2017	1,491
DEPRECIATION	
As at January 31, 2016	1,005
Depreciation	-
As at January 31, 2017	1,272
NET BOOK VALUE	
As at January 31, 2017	219

8. Trade Payables and Accrued Liabilities

Trade payables and accrued liabilities are non-interest bearing, unsecured and have settlement dates within one year. The Company's trade payables and accrued liabilities are as follows:

	As at October 31 2017 (Unaudited)	As at January 31 2017 (Audited)
	\$	\$
Trade payables	57,895	36,626
Accrued liabilities	57,971	8,000
Employee deductions and remittance	-	9,212
Due to related parties (Note 10)	49,125	2,046
	<u>164,991</u>	<u>55,884</u>

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9. Share Capital

Authorized

The total authorized capital are an unlimited number of common shares with no par value.

Issued and Outstanding

As of October 31, 2017, the total issued and outstanding share capital consists of 26,342,530 (January 31, 2017 - 16,917,760) common shares with no par value.

Share Issuance

Throughout October 2017 the Company issued 1,904,500 common shares on the exercise of 1,904,500 warrants for proceeds of \$476,125.

On October 13, 2017 the Company issued 200,000 common shares on the exercise of 200,000 options for proceeds of \$66,000.

On October 12, 2017 the Company issued 4,324,300 units for gross proceeds of \$1,124,318 that comprised of one common share of the Company and one common share purchase warrant exercisable for 2 years for an additional share at a price of \$0.52. The Company paid \$29,120 as a finder's fee and issued 160,000 share purchase warrants which are exercisable for 2 years for \$0.52. The warrants have a fair value \$0.82 determined using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing model with the following assumptions: no expected dividends to be paid; volatility of 259% based on historical volatility; risk-free interest rate of 2.38%; and expected life of 2 years. The value was allocated to the units using the residual method resulting in a value allocation of \$0.07/share and \$0.19/warrant. The broker warrants were valued at \$0.77/warrant.

On August 11, 2017 the Company issued 170,000 common shares on the exercise of 170,000 options for proceeds of \$17,000.

On August 8, 2017 the Company issued 675,000 units for gross proceeds of \$175,500 that comprised of one common share of the Company and one common share purchase warrant exercisable for 2 years for an additional share at a price of \$0.52. The warrants have a fair value \$0.29 determined using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing model with the following assumptions: no expected dividends to be paid; volatility of 250% based on historical volatility; risk-free interest rate of 2.27%; and expected life of 2 years. The value was allocated to the units using the residual method resulting in a value allocation of \$0.12/share and \$0.14/warrant.

On August 1, 2017 the Company issued 150,970 common shares as a share-based payment as part of the consideration for the Bygoo Tin Property at a deemed value of \$49,820, which was based on the average trading value of the shares that day.

On May 17, 2017 the Company issued 1,900,000 common shares on the exercise of 1,900,000 warrants for proceeds of \$190,000.

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9. Share Capital (Continued)

On April 4, 2017 the Company issued 100,000 common shares on the exercise of 100,000 warrants for proceeds of \$10,000.

On December 6, 2016, the Company issued 3,503,500 units at a price of \$0.10 per unit, consisting of one common share and one share purchase warrant for gross proceeds of \$350,350 of which \$51,500 was a conversion of debt and \$5,093 is included in receivables. Each share purchase warrant entitled the holder to purchase one additional common share of the Company at \$0.25 per share for a period of 2 years from the date of closing on December 6, 2016. The Company paid \$17,605, issued 3,500 units valued at \$350 and issued 251,500 warrants valued at \$65,591 as finder's fees. The warrants were valued using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing model with the following assumptions: no expected dividends to be paid; volatility of 253.27% based on historical volatility; risk-free interest rate of 0.72%; and expected life of 2 years.

On June 15, 2015, the Company issued 50,000 common shares of the Company for an extension on option payment terms (Note 6) valued at \$2,500.

On May 11, 2015, the Company issued 2,000,000 units at a price of \$0.05 per unit for proceeds of \$100,000 that comprised of one common share of the Company and one common share purchase warrant exercisable for 2 years for an additional share at a price of \$0.10. The warrants were valued using the Black Scholes Pricing Model. The fair value of the shares was allocated proportionately to the fair value of the warrants using the proportional method.

The Company has adopted a stock option plan (the "Plan") which provides eligible directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company with the opportunity to acquire an ownership interest in the Company and is the basis for the Company's long term incentive scheme. The Plan is administered by the Board, or if appointed, by a special committee of directors appointed from time to time by the Board. The maximum number of common shares issuable under the Plan shall not exceed 10% of the number of common shares of the Company issued and outstanding as of each award date, inclusive of all common shares reserved for issuance pursuant to previously granted stock options. The exercise price of options granted under the Plan will not be less than the closing market price of the Company's common shares on the exchange. The options have a maximum term of 10 years from date of issue and vesting is determined by the board of directors.

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9. Share Capital (Continued)

Stock Options

The following is a summary of the changes in the Company's stock option plan for the period ended October 31, 2017 and year ended January 31, 2017:

	Period ended October 31, 2017		Year ended January 31, 2017	
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price \$	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price \$
Outstanding, beginning of period	1,540,000	0.28	1,121,200	0.14
Expired	-	-	781,200	0.15
Exercised	(170,000)	0.10	-	-
Exercised	(200,000)	0.33	-	-
Granted	850,000	0.62	-	-
Outstanding, end of period	<u>2,020,000</u>	<u>0.43</u>	<u>340,000</u>	<u>0.10</u>
Exercisable, end of period	<u>2,020,000</u>	<u>0.43</u>	<u>340,000</u>	<u>0.10</u>

The Company granted on October 23, 2017 stock options to purchase an aggregate of 850,000 common shares to directors, officers and consultants of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.62 for a term of 5 years. The aggregate share-based compensation value was \$654,500.

The fair value of the options granted during the period ended October 31, 2017 was estimated at \$0.77 (January 31, 2017 - \$0) per option at the grant date using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model using the following assumptions: no expected dividends to be paid; volatility of 243% based on industry standard for comparable companies without a historical volatility; risk-free interest rate of 2.38%; and expected life of 5 years.

The Company granted on June 30, 2017 stock options to purchase an aggregate of 1,200,000 common shares to directors, officers and consultants of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.33 for a term of 5 years. The aggregate share-based compensation value was \$492,226.

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9. Share Capital (Continued)

Stock Options (Continued)

The weighted average fair value of the options granted during the period ended July 31, 2017 was estimated at \$0.33 (January 31, 2017 - \$0) per option at the grant date using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model using the following assumptions: no expected dividends to be paid; volatility of 246% based on industry standard for comparable companies without a historical volatility; risk-free interest rate of 2.06%; and expected life of 5 years.

The following table summarizes information regarding stock options outstanding and exercisable as at October 31, 2017:

Exercise price	Expiry date	Number of options outstanding and exercisable	Weighted-average remaining contractual life (years)	Weighted average exercise price \$
\$0.62	October 23, 2022	850,000	4.98	0.62
\$0.33	June 30, 2022	1,000,000	4.67	0.33
\$0.10	October 20, 2019	170,000	1.97	0.10
Total		2,020,000	3.56	0.43

Share Purchase Warrants

The following is a summary of the changes in the Company's share purchase warrants for the period ended October 31, 2017 and year ended January 31, 2017:

	Period ended October 31, 2017		Year ended January 31, 2017	
	Number of share purchase warrants	Weighted average exercise price \$	Number of share purchase warrants	Weighted average exercise price \$
Outstanding, beginning of period	5,755,000	0.25	2,000,000	0.10
Exercised	(2,000,000)	0.10	-	-
Exercised	(1,904,500)	0.25	-	-
Issued	5,659,300	0.51	3,755,000	0.25
Outstanding, end of period	7,509,800	0.44	5,755,000	0.20

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9. Share Capital (Continued)

Share Purchase Warrants (Continued)

The following table summarizes information regarding warrants outstanding and exercisable as at October 31, 2017:

Exercise price	Expiry date	Number of options outstanding and exercisable	Weighted-average remaining contractual life (years)	Weighted average exercise price \$
\$0.52	October 12, 2019	4,484,300	1.95	0.31
\$0.52	August 8, 2019	500,000	1.77	0.05
\$0.40	October 4, 2019	675,000	1.93	0.03
\$0.25	December 6, 2018	1,850,000	1.10	0.06
Total		7,509,800	1.72	0.45

On October 4, 2017, the Company issued 500,000 warrants in relations to a short term loan, of \$200,000, which bears annual interest of 10% and is repayable in 12 months. The loan provided liquidity to make for the Company to make an investment in a private company (Note 13). The warrants have a fair value \$0.39 determined using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing model with the following assumptions: no expected dividends to be paid; volatility of 150% based on historical volatility; risk-free interest rate of 2.38%; and expected life of 1 year.

10. Related Party Transactions

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel includes directors and officers of the Company. The remuneration of directors and other members of key management are as follows:

	For the nine month period ended October 31, 2017 \$	For the nine month period ended October 31, 2016 \$
Interest paid	1,667	-
Share-based payment	1,343,198	-
Director fees	15,000	-
Short-term benefits - management fees, salaries and benefits	113,857	13,400
	1,473,722	13,400

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10. Related Party Transactions (Continued)

Due from/to related parties

Trade payables and accrued liabilities of the Company include the following amounts due to from related parties:

	As at October 31 2017 (Unaudited)	As at January 31 2017 (Audited)
	\$	\$
Directors of the Company	32,676	-
An officer and director of the Company	21,000	2,046
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total amount due to related parties	53,676	(2,046)

During the year ended January 31, 2017, the Company settled amounts owing to related parties of \$48,500 through the issuance of 485,000 units. Each unit consisted of one common share and one share purchase warrant.

11. Supplemental Disclosures with Respect to Cash Flows

	For the nine month period ended October 31, 2017	For the nine month period ended October 30, 2016
	\$	\$
Shares issued for exploration properties	49,820	-
Exploration property writedown	233,505	1,600
Cash paid during the period for interest	1,667	-
Share-based compensation	1,343,198	-

12. Capital Risk Management

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it to effectively support the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties. In the definition of capital, the Company includes, as disclosed on its statement of financial position: share capital, deficit and equity reserves.

The Company is dependent on external financing to fund its activities. In order to carry out the planned exploration and pay for general administrative costs, the Company will be using its existing working capital and will raise additional amounts as needed. The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if it feels there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so. Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable. There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the period ended October 31, 2017. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements and does not have exposure to asset-backed commercial paper or similar products.

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13. Investment in North American Lithium Inc.

During the period the Company entered into a binding letter of intent with North American Lithium, Inc. ("NAL") dated September 28, 2017 (the "LOI"), pursuant to which IBAT will acquire NAL's intellectual property related to lithium extraction from oil field brines (the "Intellectual Property") for petro lithium extraction projects (the "Proposed Transaction").

NAL is a California corporation that has developed unique technology that allows direct extraction of lithium from complex brines such as those found in oil fields.

The technology involves processes that are highly selective for lithium and an extraction system that allows lithium extraction from complex brines with only minimal pretreatment. There is no need to pretreat the brine to remove divalent cations such as calcium or magnesium. The process also inherently rejects troublesome anions such as sulfate and borate. Rather, brine flows into the process. Lithium chloride is removed and the brine is injected back into the ground through an environmentally permitted well.

The output of these patent pending processes is a clean lithium salt solution that is suitable for further processing to desired products.

Additionally, the patent pending process and equipment are specifically designed to be compatible with the demands of remote oilfield operations.

NAL's technology provides significant advantages including significant cost savings due to minimal brine pretreatment and exceedingly low chemical consumption. The unique equipment design also allows rapid implementation, minimizing traditional lag time for bringing resources on line.

NAL is led by Dr. John Burba who has 40 years' experience with Dow Chemical, FMC, and Simbol Minerals in the lithium extraction industry. Included in his team are Marc Privitera (an AIChE Fellow), a chemical engineer with over 30 years' experience and Christina Borgese (AIChE) who has a depth of experience in developing, engineering and constructing large chemical projects.

In order to effect the transfer of the Intellectual Property to IBAT, NAL will form a new company ("Subco") and transfer 100% of the Intellectual Property to Subco, following which the IBAT will acquire 100% of the issued and outstanding securities of Subco, in consideration of up to 23,700,000 common shares of IBAT (the "Vend-In Shares") as follows:

- 4,700,000 Vend-In Shares on closing of the Proposed Transaction ("Closing");
- 4,000,000 Vend-In Shares upon Subco and IBAT completing an agreed upon milestone in respect of the Intellectual Property;
- 5,000,000 Vend-In Shares upon Subco and IBAT completing an additional agreed upon milestone in respect of the Intellectual Property;
- 5,000,000 Vend-In Shares upon Subco and IBAT filing completing an additional agreed upon milestone in respect of the Intellectual Property; and
- 5,000,000 Vend-In Shares upon IBAT (i) completing one or more private placement financing(s) resulting in the issuance of no less than 5,000,000 common shares of IBAT and (ii) completing a laboratory-scale pilot plant for the processing of lithium or lithium concentrates.

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13. Investment in North American Lithium Inc. (Continued)

Additionally, pursuant to the terms of the LOI, IBAT will acquire from NAL data, analyses, and reports related to lithium extraction from various oil field brines (the "Data") to be considered for initial siting and development of the project. In consideration of the transfer of the Data, the LOI prescribes that:

- On execution of the LOI, the Company will pay NAL US\$135,000 (paid) to review data from oil field brines and analyze the data to prepare a brine source identification report (the "Brine Identification Report");
- Upon delivery of the Brine Identification Report, the Company will pay NAL US\$175,000 (paid), such payment to be made on the date that is the earlier of: i) thirty (30) days from the date of the LOI; or (ii) the date that is five (5) days after the date that IBAT receives net proceeds from an equity financing in the amount of not less than CAD1,000,000;
- Upon delivery of a block flow diagram of the lithium extraction process previously developed by NAL, IBAT will pay NAL US\$215,000 (paid); Upon delivery of an initial overall project flowchart and design document, IBAT will pay NAL US\$225,000; and
- Upon delivery of a final opinion letter from NAL in respect of proposed applications of the Intellectual Property, IBAT will pay NAL US\$125,000.

14. Subsequent Events

Subsequent to October 31, 2017, the Company:

- a) The Company increased its current brokered equity financing to up to 3,000,000 units at a price of \$0.60 per unit for gross proceeds up to \$1,800,000. This offering has not closed to date and there is no certainty it will close in the future.
- b) The Company issued 575,000 common shares for proceeds of \$143,750 on the exercise of 575,000 warrants.
- c) The Company's option of the Woodbury property expired on December 24, 2017.