

RHEINGOLD EXPLORATION CORP.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the three-month period ended April 30, 2017

Dated June 29, 2017

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Introduction

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("**MD&A**") of the financial position and results of operations of Rheingold Exploration Corp. (the "**Company**" or "**Rheingold**") should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed interim financial statements of the Company for the three month period ended April 30, 2016 and the related notes contained therein. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 Interim Financial Reporting ("**IAS 34**"). All dollar figures included therein and in the following MD&A are quoted in Canadian dollars. Additional information relevant to the Company and its activities can be found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

This MD&A is current as of June 29, 2017.

Forward Looking Statements and Forward-Looking Information

The information provided in this MD&A may contain forward-looking statements and forward-looking information about Rheingold within the meaning of applicable securities laws. In addition, Rheingold may make or approve certain statements or information in future filings with Canadian securities regulatory authorities, in news releases, or in oral or written presentations by representatives of Rheingold that are not statements of historical fact and may also constitute forward-looking statements or forward-looking information. All statements and information, other than statements of historical fact, made by Rheingold that address activities, events, or developments that Rheingold expect or anticipate will or may occur in the future are forward-looking statements and information, including, but not limited to, statements and information preceded by, followed by, or that include words such as "may", "would", "could", "will", "likely", "expect", "anticipate", "believe", "intends", "plan", "forecast", "budget", "schedule", "project", "estimate", "outlook", or the negative of those words or other similar or comparable words.

Forward-looking statements and information involve significant risks, assumptions, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual future performance, achievement or other realities to differ materially from those expressed or implied in any forward-looking statements or information and, accordingly, should not be read as guarantees of future performance, achievement or realities.

Actual performance, achievement or other realities could differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, any forward-looking statements or information in this MD&A and, accordingly, investors should not place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements or information. Further, any forward-looking statement or information speaks only as of the date on which such statement is made, and Rheingold does not undertake any obligation to update any forward-looking statements or information to reflect information, events, results, circumstances, realities or otherwise after the date on which such statement is made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events, except as required by law, including securities laws. All forward-looking statements and information contained in this MD&A and other documents of Rheingold are qualified by such cautionary statements. New factors emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for management to predict all of such factors and to assess in advance the impact of each such factor on Rheingold's business or the extent to which any

factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual realities to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements.

In addition, forward-looking statements and information herein, including financial information, is based on certain assumptions relating to the business and operations of Rheingold. Although Rheingold has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual actions, events or results to differ materially from those described in forward-looking statements and forward-looking information in this MD&A, and the documents incorporated by reference herein, there may be other factors that cause actions, events or results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. There is no assurance that such statements and information will prove to be accurate as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements or information. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements and forward-looking information contained in this MD&A.

The Company

Rheingold Exploration Corp. is a resource exploration company that is exploring for gold in the Rainy River district of northwestern Ontario. The objective of management is to maximize shareholder value by exploring and developing the Company's Pattullo mineral project in a cost-effective and technically sound manner. The Company's head office is located at 128 Dunsmuir Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6B 1X7 and the Company's registered and records office is located at Suite 600, 1090 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, BC, V6E 3V7.

The Company was incorporated in the Province of British Columbia on July 29, 2010. The fiscal year end of the Company is January 31.

Overall Performance

The key factors pertaining to the Company's overall performance for the three-month period ended April 30, 2017 are as follows:

- The Company had a working capital surplus of \$167,397 as at April 30, 2017, as compared to a working capital surplus of \$197,504 as at January 31, 2017. The reason for this decrease in working capital is primarily due to the Company using its working capital to sustain its operations for the period ended April 30, 2017.
- The Company incurred a net loss of \$40,107 for the three-month period ended April 30, 2017, as compared to a net loss of \$11,567 for the three-month period ended April 30, 2016. The primary reason for this increased net loss was due to increases in filing fees, management fees, rent, office expenses, and consulting fees, for the April 2017 quarter versus the same period the year prior.
- All direct costs related to the acquisition of resource property interests have been capitalized. The Company has no operating cash flow and its level of operations has been determined by the availability of capital resources. To date, share issuances have provided the sole source of funding. Therefore, it is difficult to identify any meaningful trends or develop an analysis from cash flows. Cash used in operating activity for the quarter ended April 30, 2017 was \$66,609

compared to cash used in operating activity for the quarter ended April 30, 2016 of \$2,318. The reason for the increased use of cash during the first quarter of 2017 versus the same period in 2016 was that the Company was in a cash deficiency position.

Bygoo Properties NSW, Australia

The Company entered into a Letter of Intent ("LOI") dated March 15, 2017 with BeiSur OstBarat Agency Ltd. ("BOAL") whereby BOAL granted the Company the option to acquire all of BOAL's benefits, rights and obligations under an agreement between BOAL and Riverston Tin Pty Ltd. ("Riverston") dated as of November 2016, as amended (the "Underlying Agreement"). BOAL holds an option to earn a 51% undivided interest, with an option to acquire up to a further 25% interest in the Bygoo Tin Project (the "Property"), located in New South Wales, Australia. The LOI contemplated that the parties would negotiate and enter into a definitive agreement.

On May 24, 2017 the Company entered in an option agreement (the "Sub-Option Agreement") which provides that the Company may exercise its option to acquire BOAL's interest in the Property for the following:

- i. payments to Riverston of the aggregate sum of AUD\$2,880,000 (the "Payment"),
- ii. reimbursement of the expenses incurred by BOAL of the aggregate sum of CDN\$210,000 (the "Expenses"), and
- iii. the issuance to BOAL of 3,000,000 common shares (the "Shares"), as set out below.

The Payment shall be made by the Company directly to Riverston in the following amounts:

- i. AUD\$100,000 (CDN\$101,530) on or before May 25, 2017 (paid);
- ii. AUD\$480,000 June 20, 2017;
- iii. AUD\$800,000 on or before August 31, 2017; and
- iv. AUD\$1,500,000 on or before January 31, 2018,

The Company has also agreed to pay Riverston AUD\$40,000 cash on or before June 20, 2017 and to issue common shares having an aggregate value of AUD\$40,000 on or before June 20, 2017.

The Company shall pay the Expenses to BOAL within 5 business days of the acceptance for filing by the CSE. The Shares shall then be issued to BOAL as follows:

- i. 700,000 common shares within 5 business days of approval by the CSE;
- ii. 800,000 common shares on or before July 31, 2017; and
- iii. 1,500,000 common shares on or before January 31, 2018;

The Company has the option to acquire a further 25% interest in the Property for AUD\$22,000,000.

A geological report (the "**Technical Report**") prepared by G.K. Whitehouse, who is a "Qualified Person" as defined in National Instrument 43-101 – *Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects* ("**NI 43-101**"), was completed in relation to the Property on May 25, 2017. The Technical Report is available for review under the Company's profile on SEDAR at www.sedar.com

Pattullo Property

The Company currently holds an option to acquire a 100% interest in 4 claims covering 439 hectares in the Pattullo and Tait townships of Ontario, Canada, known as the Pattullo Property (the “**Property**”). Pursuant to an option agreement (the “**Option Agreement**”) dated as of June 13, 2011, Rheingold was granted the option to acquire a 100% interest in the Property from Perry Vern English acting on behalf of Rubicon Minerals Corporation (the “**Optionor**”) in consideration of Rheingold agreeing to, over a four year period, pay a total of \$105,000 in cash to the Optionor and, over a two year period, issue 150,000 common shares of the Company to the Optionor. On June 15, 2015, the Company and the Optionor agreed to extend the delivery of the fifth and final cash payment of \$30,000 from June 17, 2015 to June 17th, 2016 in exchange for the Company issuing 50,000 common shares of Rheingold to the Optionor. To date, the Company has paid a total of \$75,000 in cash and issued a total of 200,000 shares to satisfy the option payment requirements on the property. The final option payment of \$30,000 is due by June 17, 2016, should the Company wish to acquire a 100% interest in the property. Upon the commencement of any commercial production on the Property, Rheingold must pay the Optionor a 2% net smelter royalty, 1% of which can be repurchased by Rheingold by paying \$1,000,000 in cash to the Optionor.

Selected Annual Information

The following table sets forth summary financial information for the Company for the financial years ended January 31, 2015, January 31, 2016 and January 31, 2017. This information has been summarized from the Company’s audited financial statements for the same periods. This summary of financial information should only be read in conjunction with the Company’s financial statements, including the notes thereto.

	Year Ended January 31, 2015 (audited)	Year Ended January 31, 2016 (audited)	Year Ended January 31, 2017 (audited)
Exploration and evaluation properties	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total assets	\$89,337	\$9,849	\$253,607
Total revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0
Long-term debt	\$0	\$0	\$0
General and administrative expenses	\$160,307	\$150,639	\$104,515
Net loss	\$373,921	\$153,139	\$106,015
Basic and diluted loss per share ⁽¹⁾	\$0.03	\$0.01	\$0.01

(1) Based on weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding for the period.

Discussion of Operations

The net loss for the year ended January 31, 2017 was \$106,015 as compared to the net loss of \$153,139, for January 31, 2016. The primary reason for this decreased net loss was due to the Company reducing its Management Fees, Filing fees, Consulting fees, Office and Miscellaneous expenses during the year ended January 31, 2017 compared to the year ended January 31, 2016. Total operating expenses for the

year ended January 31, 2017 were \$104,515, as compared to the total expenses of \$150,639 for January 31, 2016. Total expenses for the year ended January 31, 2017 consisted of professional fees of \$45,040 (2016 - \$42,759) management fees, salaries and benefits of \$31,400 (2016 - \$37,654), filing fees of \$16,972 (2016 - \$27,117), office and miscellaneous of \$4,635 (2016 - \$19,181), travel of \$64 (2016 - \$7,064), and consulting fees of \$0 (2016 - \$9,900). Professional fees consist of legal, accounting and audit fees. Expenses for the year ended January 31, 2017 included:

- Management fees, salaries and benefits of \$31,400 (2016 - \$37,654). The Company maintained CEO management fees payments of \$6,000 per month from November 1, 2016 until January 31, 2017, \$2,500 per month from September 1, 2016 until October 31, 2016, and \$1,200 per month from February 1, 2016 until August 31, 2016. The Company did not incur or pay management fees, salaries and benefits from the period of September 1, 2015 to January 31, 2016.
- Professional fees of \$45,040 (2016- \$42,759). Professional fees consist of legal, accounting and audit fees.
- Office and miscellaneous of \$4,635 (2016 - \$19,181). The primary reason for this decrease was due to decreased office and administration expenses associated with daily operations of the business for the period ended January 31, 2017.
- Share-based payments of \$0 (2016 - \$0). No director stock options were granted during the years ended January 31, 2016, or January 31, 2017.

Investor relations expense of \$3,000 (2016 - \$3,996) and filing fees of \$16,972 (2016 - \$27,117). The reason for the decrease in filing fees was due to the Company migrating to the Canadian Securities Exchange from the TSX Venture Exchange during the year ended January 31, 2016. The decreased investor relations expense was due to the company not changing exchanges in the most recent year end. These are considered one time expenses.

- Travel of \$64 (2016 - \$7,064). The primary reason for this decrease was due to the management traveling to Ontario several times in 2016 to work on a business combination transaction which never materialized.

On June 1, 2017 the Company entered into an agency agreement with Hunter Stuart Energy Advisors Inc. ("Hunter Stuart") through its principals John S. Steinhauser and Clifford C. Clark , whereby Hunter Stuart will identify negotiate and secure access to oil field brines containing lithium for the Company under the following terms

1. Consulting fee of USD\$35,000 for work performed to date.
2. An aggregate of USD\$50,000, payable in five installments of USD\$10,000 on June 1, 2017, June 15, 2017, July 1, 2017, July 15, 2017 and August 1, 2017.
3. 75,000 stock options granted to John S. Steinhauser, at an exercise price of \$0.38 and expiring one year from the date of grant.
4. 75,000 stock options granted to Clifford C. Clark, at an exercise price of \$0.38 and expiring one year from the date of grant.
5. An additional 75,000 stock options granted to John S. Steinhauser, expiring one year from the date of grant, on completion by RGE of a financing of no less than Cdn\$800,000.

6. An additional 75,000 stock options granted to Clifford C. Clark, expiring one year from the date of grant, on completion by RGE of a financing of no less than Cdn\$800,000.

Summary of Quarterly Results

The following financial data was derived from the Company's financial statements for each of the eight most recently completed financial quarters:

	July 31, 2016	October 31, 2016	January 31, 2017	April 30, 2017
Revenues	\$Nil	\$Nil	\$Nil	\$Nil
Net Gain (Loss) before other income/expenses	(\$27,772)	(\$28,310)	(\$36,866)	(\$45,107)
Other Non recurring Items: Loss on disposition of E and E properties/Gain on debt settlement	\$Nil	\$Nil	(\$1,500)	\$5,000
Net Gain (Loss) after other income/expenses	(\$27,772)	(\$28,310)	(\$38,366)	(\$40,107)
Net Loss per share - basic and diluted	(\$0.00)	(\$0.00)	(\$0.00)	(\$0.00)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding	13,346,260	13,346,260	13,883,783	16,879,645

	July 31, 2015	October 31, 2015	January 31, 2016	April 30, 2016
Revenues	\$Nil	\$Nil	\$Nil	\$Nil
Net Gain (Loss) before other income/expenses	(\$78,481)	(\$28,574)	\$2,865	(\$11,567)
Other Items: Loss of disposition of exploration and evaluation properties	\$Nil	\$Nil	(\$2,500)	\$Nil
Net Gain (Loss) after other income/expenses	(\$78,481)	(\$28,574)	\$365	(\$11,567)
Net Loss per share - basic and diluted	(\$0.00)	(\$0.00)	\$0.00	(\$0.00)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding	11,296,260	13,286,260	13,346,260	13,346,260

The factors that have caused variations in results over the quarters are:

- The Company incurred a net loss of \$40,107 for the three-month period ended April 30, 2017, as compared to a net loss of \$11,567 for the three-month period ended April 30, 2016. The primary reason for this increased net loss was due to increased filing fees, management fees, rent, consulting fees and office expenses for the April 2017 quarter versus the same period the year prior.
- The Company incurred a net loss of \$38,366 for the quarter ended January 31, 2017, as compared to a gain of \$2,865 for the quarter ended January 31, 2016. The net gain was due to write-downs of accounts payable and other adjustments made during the quarter ended January 31, 2016. The reason for this increase in net loss during the quarter ended January 31, 2017 was due to the Company increasing its level of operations, compared to the three prior quarters. The Company completed an equity financing in December 2016, and thus incurred increased professional fees, and management fees.
- The Company incurred a net loss of \$28,310 for the three month period ended October 31, 2016, compared to a net loss of \$28,574 for three month period ended October 31, 2015. The primary reason for this decreased net loss was due to decreased management fees during the three month period in 2016, compared to the same period in 2015.
- The Company incurred a net loss of \$27,772 for the three-month period ended July 31, 2016, as compared to a net loss of \$78,481 for the three month period ended July 31, 2015. The primary reason for this increased net loss was due to increased filing and legal fees, professional fees, investor relations, and travel expenses for the July 2015 quarter. The Company closed a private placement financing during the quarter ended July 31, 2015 and had an increase in activity and costs related to that private placement.
- The Company incurred a net loss of \$11,567 for the quarter ended April 30, 2016, as compared to a net loss of \$46,449 for the quarter ended April 30, 2015. The decreased net loss was primary due to the Company not being as busy during the three-month period ended April 30, 2016 compared to the level of activity it had during the three-month period ended April 30, 2015.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company is in the exploration stage and therefore has no cash inflow from operations. Its only significant source of funds since incorporation has been from the sale of common shares. From the date of incorporation on July 29, 2010, to the date of this MD&A, it raised \$1,024,932 through the issuance of 12,996,260 common shares. The Company has also issued: 50,000 common shares to Karl Antonius for services provided to the Company in bringing the opportunity to acquire the Property; 100,000 common shares to Fred Bonner, a director of the Company, for services to the Company in regard to bringing mining acquisition opportunities to the attention of the Company; and 200,000 common shares to Rubicon Minerals Corporation under the terms of the Pattullo Option Agreement.

On August 3, 2012, the Company filed its final long form prospectus pertaining to its initial public offering of shares with the British Columbia, Nova Scotia and Ontario Securities Commissions. The prospectus can be found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

On May 11, 2015 the Company closed a non-brokered private placement equity financing. Under the financing, the Company issued 2,000,000 units at a price of \$0.05 per unit for gross proceeds of \$100,000. Each unit is comprised of one common share of the Company and one common share purchase warrant exercisable for two years for an additional share at a price of \$0.10. On September 10, 2015 Rubicon Minerals agreed to amend the Original Agreement to extend the delivery of the final cash payment of \$30,000 to June 17th, 2016 in exchange for the issuance of 50,000 common shares of Rheingold to Rubicon Minerals at a deemed price per share of \$0.05.

On December 6, 2016, the Company issued 3,503,500 units at a price of \$0.10 per unit, consisting of one common share and one share purchase warrant for gross proceeds of \$350,350 of which \$51,500 was a conversion of debt and \$5,093 is included in receivables. Each share purchase warrant entitled the holder to purchase one additional common share of the Company at \$0.25 per share for a period of two years from the date of closing on December 6, 2016. If the Company's common shares trade above \$0.50 per share for 20 consecutive trading days, then the expiry date of the warrants will be accelerated to the date which is 10 days after such 20 consecutive trading days. Mackie Research Capital Corporation received a finder's fee of \$17,605 cash and 246,500 broker warrants. The Company also issued 3,500 units at a deemed price of \$0.10 per unit and 5,000 broker warrants, to another firm as a finder's fee. Each broker warrant is exercisable for two years for a common share at a price of \$0.25. If the Company's common shares trade above \$0.50 per share for 20 consecutive trading days, then the expiry date of the warrants may be accelerated to the date which is 10 days after such 20 consecutive trading days.

On 4 April 2017 the Company issued 100,000 common shares on the exercise of 100,000 warrants for proceeds of \$10,000. On May 17, 2017 a further 1,900,000 common shares were issued on the exercise of 1,900,000 warrants for proceeds of \$190,000.

On May 16, 2017 the Company announced a non-brokered private placement equity financing under which it intends to issue up to 5,000,000 units at a price of \$0.26 per unit for gross proceeds of up to \$1,300,000. Each unit will be comprised of one common share of the Company and one common share purchase warrant exercisable for two years for an additional share at a price of \$0.52. If the Company's common shares trade above \$1.25 per share for 20 consecutive trading days, then the expiry date of the warrants will be accelerated to the date which is 10 days after such 20 consecutive trading days. The securities to be issued under the financing will be subject to a four-month hold period. There is no minimum-offering amount. The Company intends to pay commissions or finder's fees on a portion of the capital raised through this private placement, finders' fees may be payable in common shares of the Company at the discretion and approval of the Company in accordance with the rules and policies of the Canadian Securities Exchange. The financing is subject to applicable securities laws and regulatory approval. The Company intends to use the proceeds of the financing for general working capital and the project costs related to the Bygoo Property.

As of the date of this MD&A, the Company has a total of 18,849,760 common shares outstanding.

As at April 30, 2017, current assets were \$193,689 (January 31, 2017 - \$253,388) and current liabilities were \$26,292 (January 31, 2017 - \$55,884) resulting in a working surplus of \$167,397 (January 31, 2017 - working capital surplus of \$197,504). There are no known trends affecting liquidity or capital resources.

As at April 30, 2017, the Company had total assets of \$193,908 (January 31, 2017 - \$253,607). The principal assets are cash of \$181,842 (January 31, 2017 - \$238,451), amounts receivable of \$10,740

(January 31, 2017 - \$13,830), prepaid expenses of \$1,107 (January 31, 2017 - \$1,107), equipment of \$219 (January 31, 2017 - \$219), and capitalized exploration and evaluation properties costs of \$Nil (January 31, 2017 - \$Nil).

The Company is in the process of exploring its mineral properties and has not yet determined whether these properties contain mineral reserves that are economically recoverable. The recoverability of the amounts shown for resource properties are dependent upon the existence of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to complete the development of those reserves and upon future profitable production.

While the information in this MD&A has been prepared on a going concern basis, which presumes the realization of assets and discharge of liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future, there are conditions and events that cast significant doubt on the validity of this presumption. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon achieving profitable operations and upon obtaining additional financing. While the Company is using its best efforts in this regard, the outcome of these matters cannot be predicted at this time.

Under the Pattullo Property Option Agreement the Company can acquire a 100% interest in the Property in exchange for the Company agreeing to, over a four year period, pay a total of \$105,000 in cash to the Optionor and, over a two year period, issue 150,000 common shares of the Company to the Optionor. Upon the commencement of any commercial production on the Property, Rheingold must pay the Optionor a 2% net smelter royalty, 1% of which can be repurchased by Rheingold by paying \$1,000,000 in cash to the Optionor. As of the date of this MD&A, Rheingold has made option payments totalling \$75,000 and issued a total of 150,000 common shares of the Company to the Optionor. On September 10, 2015 Rubicon Minerals agreed to amend the Original Agreement to extend the delivery of the final cash payment of \$30,000 to June 17th, 2016 in exchange for the issuance of 50,000 common shares of Rheingold to Rubicon Minerals at a deemed price per share of Cdn\$0.05. The final option payment of \$30,000 is due by June 17, 2016, should the Company wish to acquire a 100% interest in the property.

Exploration Expenditures

From incorporation to April 30, 2017, the Company incurred the following exploration expenditures on its Pattullo Property that were capitalized as incurred:

Description of exploration work completed	Cost (not including tax)
Line cutting (includes cutting grid of approximately 29.45 kilometers)	\$27,252
Mag, IP, and TDEM ground geophysical surveys (includes labour, lodging, transportation, and equipment)	\$79,100
Consulting fees	\$15,662
TOTAL:	\$122,014

The Company also capitalized acquisition costs of \$90,000. During the three month period ended April 30, 2017 the Company recorded a write-down of exploration and evaluation property of \$Nil (January 31, 2017 - \$1,500) in relation to the Pattullo Property claims.

A grid consisting of approximately 29.45 kilometers of line was cut on the Property by Haveman Brothers Forestry Services Ltd. in the summer of 2011.

In the summer of 2011, Exploitation Senex Inc. completed a ground geophysical survey, which included magnetometer, time domain electromagnetic (“**TDEM**”) and induce polarization (“**IP**”).

A magnetometer (Scintrex Omni Magnetometer with Base) survey was completed over approximately 24 kilometers of the grid and collected 2,058 data points. The survey was conducted on lines 100 meters apart. The magnetometer survey was conducted using a method commonly referred to as a “walking survey” with readings taken at one second intervals while the operator walked the grid line. The ground magnetometer survey identified a magnetic high referred to as an “anomaly”. It might be more aptly referred to as a feature that is part of a magnetic trend evident in the regional magnetic data obtained from the Ontario Government airborne survey. This feature is likely related to late porphyry intrusives in the felsic volcanics and sediments projected to trend through the area. Felsic porphyries were encountered by Skyharbour Resources Ltd. in diamond drill holes. The northwest trending magnetic low at the west end of the grid reflects the margin of an interpreted northwest trending mafic dike also evident on the airborne magnetic data. Of perhaps some significance is the “break” in the magnetic pattern near the center of the grid. This north trending feature could reflect a north trending structure that may be related to gold emplacement.

A TDEM survey (HP PROTEM 47 TDEM) was completed over approximately 12 kilometers of the grid and collected 3740 data points. The TDEM survey was conducted on lines 100 meters apart and was carried out with readings at 25 meter intervals along the grid lines. The partial TDEM coverage suggests a possible conductor(s) in the central part of the grid between line 0 and 400 east. The response on the later channels suggests the conductive source is bedrock.

An IP survey was attempted over three kilometers of the grid but was abandoned due to difficulties getting current into bedrock caused by excessive thicknesses of saturated clays in the overburden.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements and does not contemplate having them in the foreseeable future.

Transactions between Related Parties

Key management personnel compensation

	For the three month period ended April 30, 2017	For the three month period ended April 30, 2016
Short-term benefits - Management and other fees	18,857	3,600
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	18,857	3,600
	<hr/>	<hr/>

These transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

The assets of the Company include the following amounts due from (to) related parties:

	As at April 30, 2017 \$	As at January 31, 2017 \$
Due from (to) an officer of the Company	(\$274)	(\$2,046)
Total amount due from (to) related parties	(\$274)	(\$2,046)

During the year ended January 31, 2017, the Company settled amounts owing to related parties of \$48,500 through the issuance of 485,000 units. Each unit consisted of one common share and one share purchase warrant (2016 - \$Nil).

These transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

Use of Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions

Preparing financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported results. The estimates are based on historical experience and other assumptions believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Areas requiring a significant degree of estimation and judgment relate to the fair value measurements for financial instruments and share-based payments, the recognition and valuation of provisions for decommissioning liabilities, the recoverability and

measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities and ability to continue as a going concern. Actual results may differ from those estimates and judgments.

Critical accounting policies are disclosed in the Company's annual audited financial statements for the year ended January 31, 2017.

Financial Instruments and Other Instruments

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, amounts receivable and trade payables approximate their fair values because of the short-term maturity of these financial instruments. The Company has no exposure to asset backed commercial paper.

Credit risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to credit risk consist of cash and cash equivalents and amounts receivable. The Company manages its credit risk relating to cash and cash equivalents by dealing only with high-rated financial institutions as determined by rating agencies. As at April 30, 2017, amounts receivable of \$10,740 (January 31, 2017 - \$13,830,) comprised of Goods and Services Tax/Harmonized Sales Tax ("GST/HST") receivable of \$10,647 (January 31, 2017 - \$8,737). As a result, credit risk is considered insignificant.

Liquidity risk

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining an adequate level of cash and cash equivalents to meet its ongoing obligations. The Company has been successful in raising equity financing in the past; however, there is no assurance that it will be able to do so in the future. As at April 30, 2017 the Company had a working capital position of \$167,397 (January 31, 2017 – working capital surplus of \$197,504).

Other risks

Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Company is not exposed to significant currency risk, interest rate risk and commodity price risk arising from financial instruments.

Disclosure of Outstanding Security Data

As of April 30, 2017 the Company had 16,949,760 (January 31, 2017 – 16,849,760) common shares issued and outstanding.

As of the date of this MD&A, the Company has: 18,849,760 common shares issued and outstanding; 340,000 stock options exercisable for one common share of the Company for \$0.10, and 3,755,000 share purchase warrants exercisable for one common share of the Company for \$0.25. The Company has no other securities issued or outstanding that are convertible into, or exercisable or exchangeable for, voting or equity securities of the Company.

Outlook

For the coming year, the Company's priorities are to commence exploration of the Bygoo mineral project in Australia. Should management deem it is in the best interest of shareholders, raise additional financing to complete the work recommended. The Company plans to review the results of the exploration program to determine whether an additional exploration program is warranted for the Property.

There are significant risks that might affect the Company's further development. These include but are not limited to: exploration programs that may not result in a commercial mining operation; negative cash flow from operations; the Company's ability to raise financing in the future for ongoing operations; market fluctuations in metal prices; government regulations; and other conditions that may be out of the Company's control.

Accounting Policies

A detailed summary of all of the Company's significant accounting policies is included in Note 3 to the audited financial statements for the financial year ended January 31, 2017. The Company, in consultation with its Auditor, periodically reviews accounting policy changes implemented within its industry.