(An Exploration Stage Company)

Condensed Interim Financial Statements

Three months ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars

NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In accordance with National Instrument 51-102 Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of these condensed interim financial statements they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that these condensed interim financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

Statements of Financial Position

In Canadian Dollars

		December 31, 2013		September 30, 2013
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash Accounts receivable Tax credit receivable (Note 4) Prepaid expenses	\$	232,486 1,349 4,130 2,829	\$	252,716 401 4,130 5,254
		240,794		262,501
Mineral Property (Note 4)		40,000		40,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	280,794	\$	302,501
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity				
Current Liabilities	Φ.	F 500	Φ.	44.000
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 7)	\$	5,562	\$	11,683
Shareholders' Equity				
Share Capital (Note 5)		808,034		808,034
Reserves (Note 5c))		252,630		252,630
Deficit		(785,432)		(769,846)
		275,232		290,818
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$	280,794	\$	302,501

Nature of Operations and Going Concern (Note 1)

Approved on behalf of the	Board of Directors:
" Darryl Cardey"	Director
" Gary Freeman"	Director

Interim Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss

For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 Unaudited – Prepared by Management In Canadian Dollars

	2013	2012
Expenses		
Audit and accounting (Note 7)	\$ 5,600	\$ -
Consulting fees (Note7)	-	45,000
Directors fees (Note 7)	-	6,000
Filing and transfer agent fees	2,504	909
Investor relations	-	370
Office and administration (Note 7)	5,232	8,586
Rent (Note 7)	2,250	3,000
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period	15,586	63,865
Loss per share – basic and diluted	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	14,020,000	14,020,000

Interim Statements of Cash Flows

For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

Unaudited – Prepared by Management In Canadian Dollars

Cash Provided By (Used In):		2013		2012
Operations: Loss for the period	\$	(15,586)	\$	(63,865)
Change in non-cash working capital:	Ψ	(13,300)	Ψ	(00,000)
Accounts receivable		(948)		15,910
Prepaid expenses		2,425		(5,900)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(6,121)		(5,759)
		(20,230)		(59,614)
Net decrease in cash		(20,230)		(59,614)
Cash – beginning of period		252,716		394,123
Cash – end of period	\$	232,486	\$	334,509
Supplemental non-cash financing information				
Interest paid	\$	_	\$	_
Taxes paid	\$	-	\$	-

Interim Statements of Changes in Equity

In Canadian Dollars

-	Share Ca	apital	Reserves			
	Shares	Amount \$	Warrants \$	Options \$	Deficit \$	Total \$
Balance, September 30, 2012	14,020,000	808,034	110,000	142,630	(591,653)	469,011
Comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	(63,865)	(63,865)
Balance, December 31, 2012 Comprehensive loss	14,020,000	808,034	110,000	142,630 -	(655,518) (114,328)	405,146 (114,328)
Balance, September 30, 2013 Comprehensive loss	14,020,000	808,034	110,000	142,630	(769,846) (15,586)	290,818 (15,586)
Balance, December 31, 2013	14,020,000	808,034	110,000	142,630	(785,432)	275,232

See Accompanying Notes –

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

Unaudited – Prepared by Management In Canadian Dollars

1. Nature of Operations and Going Concern

Unique Resources Corp. (the "Company") was incorporated on May 20, 2011, under the laws of the province of British Columbia, Canada, and its principal activity is the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties in Canada.

The head office, principal address, and records office of the Company are located at 789 West Pender Street, Suite 800, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6C 1H2, Canada. The Company's common shares are publicly listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange's Venture Exchange (the "TSXV").

The recoverability of amounts shown as mineral properties is dependent upon the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the Company's ability to obtain financing to develop the properties and the ultimate realization of profits through future production or sale of the properties. Realized values may be substantially different than carrying values as recorded in these financial statements.

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that the Company will be able to continue its operation as a going concern for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. At December 31, 2013, the Company had not achieved profitable operations, had an accumulated deficit of \$785,432 since inception and expects to incur further losses in the development of its business. These material uncertainties may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. These financial statements do not give effect to adjustments that would be necessary to the carrying values and classification of assets and liabilities should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

Although the Company has been successful in the past in obtaining financing, there can be no assurances that the Company will continue to obtain the additional financial resources necessary and/or achieve profitability or positive cash flows from its future operations. If the Company is unable to obtain adequate additional financing, the Company would be required to curtail its planned operations, exploration and development activities.

2. Basis of Presentation

a) Statement of compliance

These condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

These condensed financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for financial instruments classified as available-for-sale and financial assets at fair value through profit and loss, which are stated at their fair values. In addition, these condensed financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements

For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

Unaudited – Prepared by Management In Canadian Dollars

2. Basis of Presentation – Continued

b) Basis of presentation

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies and methods of computation consistent with those applied in the Company's audited financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2013.

c) Approval of the Financial Statements

These condensed interim financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on February 28, 2014.

d) Functional and Presentation Currency

The functional currency of a company is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates. The presentation currency for a company is the currency in which the company chooses to present its financial statements.

These financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

e) Critical accounting judgments and estimates

Critical accounting estimates are estimates and assumptions made by management that may result in material adjustments to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Critical estimates used include, among others, the amounts recorded for the recoverability and impairment of mineral properties and valuation of share-based payments.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and further periods if the review affects both current and future periods.

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect of amounts recognized in the financial statements is included going concern assessment (Note 1).

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements

For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

Unaudited – Prepared by Management In Canadian Dollars

3. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Certain new standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards have been issued by the IASB or IFRIC that are mandatory for current future accounting periods. There was no impact on the Company's financial statements upon adoption of the following standards on October 1, 2013.

IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements ("IFRS 10") provides a single model to be applied in the control analysis for all investees, including entities that currently are special purpose entities in the scope of SIC 12. In addition, the consolidation procedures are carried forward substantially unmodified from IAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements.

IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities ("IFRS 12") sets out the disclosure requirements for entities reporting under IFRS 10 and IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements, and replaces the disclosure requirements currently found in IAS 28 Investments in Associates ("IAS 28"). The objective of IFRS 12 is to require the disclosure of information that enables users of financial statements to evaluate: (a) the nature of, and risks associated with, its interests in other entities; and (b) the effects of those interests on its financial position, financial performance and cash flows.

IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement ("IFRS 13") converges IFRS and US GAAP on how to measure fair value and the related fair value disclosures. The new standard creates a single source of guidance for fair value measurements, where fair value is required or permitted under IFRS, by not changing how fair value is used but how it is measured. The focus will be on an exit price.

IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements ("IAS 1") was amended by the IASB in June 2011 in order to align the presentation of items in other comprehensive income with US GAAP standards. Items in other comprehensive income will be required to be presented in two categories: items that will be reclassified into profit or loss and those that will not be reclassified. The flexibility to present a statement of comprehensive income as one statement or two separate statements of profit and loss and other comprehensive income remains unchanged. The amendments to IAS 1 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2012.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements

For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

Unaudited – Prepared by Management In Canadian Dollars

4. Mineral Property

On June 1, 2011, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire a 100% interest in 10 mineral claims covering 3,850 hectares, called the Lucifer Property (the "Property"), located in Eskay, British Columbia. Pursuant to the option agreement, the Company is required to make cash payments, issue common shares of the Company, and make exploration expenditures according to the following schedule:

Date	Common Shares	Cash Payments	Exploration Expenditures
On execution of the option agreement	Nil	\$20,000 (paid)	Nil
March 30, 2012	Nil	\$20,000 (paid)	\$100,000 (incurred)
March 30, 2014	Nil	Nil	\$200,000
March 30, 2016	125,000	\$100,000	\$300,000
March 30, 2018	125,000	\$200,000	\$350,000
TOTAL	250,000	\$340,000	\$950,000

In accordance with the option agreement, the Company paid \$20,000 to the Optionor upon execution of the option agreement and \$20,000 during the year ended September 30, 2012. As of December 31, 2012, the Company had incurred \$236,133 in exploration expenditures on the Property. The Property is subject to a Net Smelter Royalty("NSR") equal to 2% on the proceeds from production for all minerals derived from the Property in the event of the operation of the Property or any portion thereof as a producing mine and the production of mineral products therefrom (excluding bulk sampling, pilot plant or test operations). Under the terms of the option agreement, the Company may elect to purchase from the Optionor, at any time, up to three quarters of this NSR (being 1.5%), upon payment of \$500,000 per 0.5% NSR.

Accumulated acquisition cost as of September 30 and December 31, 2013 is as follows:

Lucifer Property, BC, Canada	D	ecember 31, 2013	,	September 30, 2013_
Accumulated acquisition costs	\$	40,000	\$	40,000

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements

For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

Unaudited – Prepared by Management In Canadian Dollars

4. Mineral Property – Continued

Details of exploration costs incurred for the three months ended December 31, 2013 and the year ended September 30, 2013 are as follows:

	Three	
	months	
	ended	Year ended
	December	September 30,
Lucifer Property, Eskay, Canada	31, 2013	2013
Mineral exploration costs		
Geochemical	\$ -	\$ 8,570
Report	-	12,078
Total mineral exploration costs – expensed	-	20,648
BC METC*	-	(4,130)
Net mineral exploration costs – expensed	-	16,518
Mineral exploration costs – beginning of period	252,651	236,133
Mineral exploration costs – end of period	\$ 252,651	\$ 252,651

^{*}The Company's mineral exploration costs incurred in British Columbia are eligible for a British Columbia Mining Exploration Tax Credit ("BC METC"). During the year ended September 30, 2013, the Company estimated that the tax credit receivable from BC METC for the mineral exploration costs incurred for the year end September 30, 2013 is \$4,130.

5. Shareholders' Equity

a) Authorized

Unlimited number of common shares without par value

b) Issued Share Capital

There was no share transactions during the three months ended December 31, 2013.

c) Reserves

The following is a summary of the reserves components relating to stock options and common share purchase warrants as at December 31, 2013 and September 30, 2013:

	December	September
	31, 2013	30, 2013
Options	\$ 142,630	\$ 142,630
Warrants	110,000	110,000
Total	\$ 252,630	\$ 252,630

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements

For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

Unaudited – Prepared by Management In Canadian Dollars

5. Shareholders' Equity

d) Warrants

Details of common share purchase warrants activity for the three months ended December 31, 2013 are as follows:

September			December 31,	Exercise	
30, 2013	Issued	Exercised	2013	Price	Expiry Date
6,500,000	-	-	6,500,000	\$0.15	March 30, 2017
6,500,000	-	-	6,500,000	\$0.15	

e) Stock Options

On November 27, 2011, the Company adopted a rolling stock option plan, which authorizes the Board of Directors to grant stock options to directors, officers, employees and consultants to acquire up to 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company. Under the plan, the exercise price of each stock option may not be less than market price of the Company's stock calculated on the date of the grant less the applicable discount. The options can be granted for a maximum term of 10 years. The Company's stock option plan contains no vesting requirements, but permits the Board of Directors to specify a vesting schedule in its discretion.

Details of activity in stock options for the three months ended December 31, 2013 are as follows:

September 30,			December 31,	Exercise	
2013	Issued	Exercised	2013	Price	Expiry Date
440,000	-	-	440,000	\$0.15	March 30, 2014
900,000	-	-	900,000	\$0.15	April 3, 2017
1,340,000	-	-	1,340,000	\$0.15	

f) Escrow Shares

Pursuant to an escrow agreement dated December 21, 2011, 4,000,000 common shares and 2,000,000 common share purchase warrants were placed in escrow. 10% of the escrowed shares (400,000 common shares) and warrants (200,000 common share purchase warrants) were released from escrow upon completion of the IPO on March 30, 2012, and 15% of the common shares and common share purchase warrants will be released from escrow every 6 months thereafter. As of December 31, 2013, there were 1,800,000 common shares and 900,000 common share purchase warrants remaining in escrow.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

Unaudited – Prepared by Management In Canadian Dollars

6. Segmented Information

The Company has only one reportable operating segment, being mineral property explorations in Canada.

7. Related Party Transactions

The Company's related parties and key management personnel consist of companies owned by the executive officer and directors as follows:

	Relationship	Nature of Transactions
CDM Capital Partners Inc.	Partially owned and controlled by the director and CFO of the Company	Accounting, Consulting, Office and Administration, and Rent
GRF Consulting Corp.	Owned and controlled by the President and CEO of the Company	Consulting
Spartan Pacific Financial Ltd.	Owned and controlled by the director of the Company	Directors fees
James Dawson	Director	Directors fees

Details of related party transactions and compensation of key management personnel are as follows:

- (a) During the three months ended December 31, 2013, the Company paid \$5,450 (2012: \$Nil) in accounting fees, \$Nil (2012: \$22,500) consulting fees, \$1,000 (2012: \$6,000) of office and administration fees, and \$2,250 (2012: \$3,000) of rent expense to CDM Capital Partners Inc.
- (b) During the three months ended December 31, 2013, the Company paid \$Nil (2012: \$22,500) in consulting fees to GRF Consulting Corp.
- (c) During the three months ended December 31, 2013, the Company paid \$Nil (2012: \$3,000) in directors fees to Spartan Pacific Financial Ltd.
- (d) During the three months ended December 31, 2013, the Company accrued \$Nil (2012: \$3,000) in directors fees to James Dawson.
- (e) As at December 31, 2013, included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is \$1,679 (September 30, 2013: \$Nil) of expense owing to CDM Capital Partners Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

Unaudited – Prepared by Management In Canadian Dollars

8. Capital Management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and to bring its mineral properties to commercial production.

The Company depends on external financing to fund its activities. The capital structure of the Company currently consists of common shares, stock options and share purchase warrants. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets, being mineral properties. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may issue new shares through private placements, or sell assets to fund operations. Management reviews its capital management approach on regular basis. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

The Company invests all capital that is surplus to its immediate operational needs in short-term, liquid and highly-rated financial instruments, such as cash, is held with major financial institutions.

9. Financial Instruments

The classification of the financial instruments as well as their carrying values is shown in the table below:

Loans and receivables	\$ 232,486
Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost	\$ 5,562

a) Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company has classified fair value measurements of its financial instruments using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of inputs used in making the measurements as follows:

- Level 1: Valuation based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: Valuations based on directly or indirectly observable inputs in active markets for similar assets or liabilities, other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted interest or currency exchange rates; and
- Level 3: Valuations based on significant inputs that are not derived from observable market data, such as discounted cash flow methodologies based on internal cash flow forecasts.

As at December 31, 2013, the fair values of financial instruments measured on a recurring basis include cash, determined based on level one inputs and consisting of quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. The fair values of accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their carrying values due to the relatively short-term maturity of these instruments.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

Unaudited – Prepared by Management In Canadian Dollars

9. Financial Instruments- Continued

b) Management of Risks Arising From Financial Instruments

The Company is exposed to various types of market risks including credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk and commodity price risk. This is not an exhaustive list of all risks, nor will the mitigation strategies eliminate all risks listed.

- (i) Credit Risk Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company does not have any financial instruments that are subject to credit risk.
- (ii) Liquidity Risk Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company currently settles its financial obligations out of cash. The ability to do this relies on the Company raising equity financing in a timely manner and by maintaining sufficient cash in excess of anticipated needs. The Company's financial obligations are limited to accounts payable and accrued liabilities, all of which have contractual maturities of less than a year.
- (iii) Interest Rate Risk Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company has no interest-bearing debt. The Company's sensitivity to interest rates is minimal.
- (iv) Commodity Price Risk The Company's future success is linked to the price of minerals, because the value of mineral resources and the Company's future revenues are tied to prices of minerals. Worldwide production levels also affect the prices. The prices of minerals are occasionally subject to rapid short-term changes due to speculative activities.