

UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2023 AND 2022 (EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

# NOTICE TO READER

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the condensed interim consolidated financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the management of Pharmadrug Inc.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	As at March 31, 2023	As at December 31, 2022
	\$	\$
Assets Comment Acceta		
Current Assets Cash	8,361	8,555
Sales tax recoverable	9,274	22,928
Note receivable (Note 4)	974,137	974,137
Prepaid expenses	9,118	13,677
Other investments (Note 5)	212,260	320,688
Total Current Assets	1,213,150	1,339,985
Intangible assets (Note 6)	4,529,600	4,529,600
Goodwill (Note 6)	6,242,616	6,242,616
Total Assets	11,985,366	12,112,201
Liabilities   Current Liabilities   Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Notes 7 and 14)   Convertible debentures – current (Note 8)   Total Current Liabilities   Provisions (Note 17)	857,323 1,394,183 2,251,506 70,000	773,953 1,422,648 2,196,601 70,000
Deferred tax liabilities	1,010,344	1,010,344
Total Liabilities	3,331,850	3,276,945
Shareholders' Equity Share capital (Note 10) Equity component of convertible debentures Reserve for share-based payments (Note 11) Reserve for warrants (Note 12) Accumulated other comprehensive loss Accumulated deficit	31,217,524 248,945 1,268,966 1,144,599 (47,197) (25,176,321)	31,217,524 248,945 1,367,447 1,144,599 (25,007) (25,118,252)
Total Shareholders' Equity	8,656,516	8,835,256
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	11,988,366	12,112,201

Nature of operations and going concern (Note 1) Contingencies (Note 17) Subsequent events (Note 20)

# Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors:

"Daniel Cohen" (signed)

Director

"Al Quong" (signed)

Director

Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Revenue		
Sales revenue	-	-
Cost of goods sold		(2,155)
Gross Profit	-	(2,155)
Expenses		
Management salaries and consulting fees (Note 14)	89,373	188,824
Professional fees (Note 14)	91,721	125,995
Office and general	1,036	30,426
Depreciation on office equipment	-	811
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	-	9,072
Filing fees	17,644	11,991
Travel and promotion	1,528	44,602
Share-based compensation (Notes 10, 11 and 14)	-	333,570
Research expense	12,840	299,485
	(214,142)	(1,044,776)
Loss before Other Expenses	(214,142)	(1,046,931)
Other Expenses		
Realized loss on disposals of investments (Note 5)	(56,349)	-
Fair value change in investments (Note 5)	158,842	(141,576)
Finance costs (Note 19)	(71,330)	(41,576)
Other income	7,376	-
Gain on lease derecognition	-	6,416
Foreign exchange loss	(3,170)	(391,001)
	35,369	(567,737)
Net Loss from Continuing Operations	(178,773)	(1,614,668)
Discontinued Operations		
Loss from discontinued operations (Note 9)	-	(442,936)
Net Loss	(178,773)	(2,057,604)
Other Comprehensive Income		
Exchange gain on translation of foreign operations	33	166,421
Comprehensive Loss	(178,740)	(1,891,183)
Weighted Average Number of Outstanding Shares		
Basic and diluted (Note 13)	355,626,346	343,536,383
Loss per Share from Continuing Operations		
Basic and diluted (\$) (Note 13)	(0.001)	(0.005)
Loss per Share from Discontinuing Operations		
Basic and diluted (\$) (Note 13)	(0.000)	(0.001)

Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
<b>Operating Activities</b>		
Net loss for the period from continuing operations	(178,773)	(1,614,668)
Adjustments for non-cash items:		
Share-based compensation (Notes 10 and 11)	-	333,570
Depreciation on office equipment	-	811
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	-	9,072
Realized loss on disposals of investments (Note 5)	56,349	-
Unrealized (gain) loss on investments (Note 5)	(158,842)	141,576
Amortization of debenture issuance cost (Note 8)	16,056	-
Finance costs (Note 19)	71,366	40,669
Gain on lease derecognition	-	(6,416)
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	(102 944)	
Not change in non-coch working conital items.	(193,844)	(1,095,386)
Net change in non-cash working capital items: Sales tax recoverable	12 (54	(9, 511)
	13,654	(8,511)
Inventories	-	2,158
Prepaid expenses	4,558	(29,265)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 7)	83,370	102,109
Cash flows (used in) continuing operations	(92,262)	(1,028,895)
Cash flows (used in) discontinued operations (Note 9)	-	(223,604)
Net Cash Flows (used in) Operating Activities	(92,262)	(1,252,499)
Financing Activities		(2, 100)
Lease payments	-	(3,196)
Principal repayment made on debentures (Note 8)	(96,000)	-
Interest payment made on debentures (Note 8)	(20,540)	
Cash flows (used in) continuing operations	(116,540)	(3,196)
Cash flows (used in) discontinued operations (Note 9)	-	(13,166)
Net Cash Flows (used in) Financing Activities	(116,540)	(16,362)
Investing Activities		
Proceeds from disposals of investments (Note 5)	207,922	-
Cash flows provided by continuing operations	207,922	-
Cash flows (used in) discontinued operations (Note 9)		(1,579)
Net Cash Flows provided by (used in) Investing Activities	207,922	(1,579)
Decrease in cash	(880)	(1,270,440)
Effects of foreign exchange on cash	686	389,714
Cash, beginning of period	8,555	957,984
Cash, end of period	8,361	77,258
Outing the of period	0,501	11,230

Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Share Ca	apital		Reserves				
	Number of Shares	Amount	Equity Component of Debentures	Reserve for Share-Based Payments	Reserve for Warrants	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Accumulated Deficit	Total
	#	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance, December 31, 2021	340,816,383	30,606,969	248,945	1,242,275	4,292,722	(121,569)	(19,404,028)	16,865,314
Shares issued for services (Note 10)	3,400,000	170,000	-	-	-	-	-	170,000
Share-based compensation (Note 11)	-	-	-	163,570	-	-	-	163,570
Exchange gain on translation of foreign operations	-	-	-	-	-	166,421	-	166,421
Net loss for the period	-	-	-		-	-	(2,057,604)	(2,057,604)
Balance, March 31, 2022	344,216,383	30,776,969	248,945	1,405,845	4,292,722	44,852	(21,461,632)	15,307,701
Balance, December 31, 2022	355,626,346	31,217,524	248,945	1,367,447	1,144,599	(25,007)	(25,118,252)	8,835,256
Expiry of stock options (Note 11)	-	-	-	(98,481)	-	-	98,481	-
Exchange gain on translation of foreign operations	-	-	-	-	-	33	-	33
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	(178,773)	(178,773)
Reclass of subsidiary's OCI on disposal	-	-	-	-	-	(22,223)	22,223	-
Balance, March 31, 2023	355,626,346	31,217,524	248,945	1,268,966	1,144,599	(47,197)	(25,176,321)	8,656,516

# 1. Nature of Operations and Going Concern

Pharmadrug Inc. ("Pharmadrug" or the "Company") is a specialty pharmaceutical company focused on the research, development and commercialization of controlled-substances and natural medicines such as psychedelics and naturally derived approved drugs. The Company owns 100% of Sairiyo Therapeutics Inc. ("Sairiyo"), a biotech Company that specializes in researching and reformulating established natural medicines with a goal of bringing them through clinical trials and the associated regulatory approval process in the United States (the "U.S.") and Europe. The Company also owns Interrobang Ltd. ("Interrobang") doing business as Super Smart, an entity building a vertically integrated retail business with the goal to elevate the use of functional mushrooms as natural based medicines.

The Company's common shares are listed on the Canadian Securities Exchange under the trading symbol "PHRX". Its shares are also traded in the U.S. on the OTCQB under the ticker symbol "LMLLF". The address of the Company's registered office is 77 King Street West, Suite 2905, Toronto, Ontario, M5K 1H1, Canada.

The business of research, development and commercialization of natural medicines involves a high degree of risk, and there is no assurance that any prospective projects in these domains will be successfully initiated or implemented. Further, regulatory evolution and uncertainty may require the Company to alter its business plan to react to unforeseen changes.

For the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company incurred a net loss of \$178,773 and negative cash flow from operations of \$92,261, and as at March 31, 2023, the Company had an accumulated deficit of \$25,176,321 (December 31, 2022 – deficit of \$25,118,252). The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon the Company achieving profitable operations to generate sufficient cash flows to fund continuing operations, or, in the absence of adequate cash flows from operations, obtaining additional financing to support operations for the foreseeable future, and deferring repayment on convertible debentures due within the next 12 months. It is not possible to predict whether financing efforts will be successful or if the Company will attain profitable levels of operations. These conditions, and the unpredictability of the research, development and commercialization of natural medicines business, represent material uncertainties which may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the Company will continue as a going concern, and do not reflect the adjustments to the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the reported revenues and expenses, and classifications of statements of financial position that would be necessary if the Company were unable to realize its assets and settle its liabilities as a going concern in the normal course of operations. Such adjustments could be material.

#### 2. Basis of Presentation

# (a) Statement of Compliance

The Company's unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34 – Interim Financial Reporting.

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements were reviewed, approved and authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors (the "Board") of the Company on May 25, 2023.

# (b) Basis of Measurement

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments carried at fair value. In addition, these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information.

# 2. Basis of Presentation (continued)

### (c) Reclassification

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current period's presentation on the unaudited condensed interim consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss and cash flows, in relation to discontinued operations. Net loss and accumulated deficit previously reported had not been affected by these reclassifications.

### (d) Basis of Consolidation

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries, as follows:

Name	Jurisdiction	Percentage Owned
Pharmadrug Inc.	Ontario, Canada	100%
Aura Health Corp.	Ontario, Canada	100%
Interrobang Ltd.	Ontario, Canada	100%
Sairiyo Therapeutics Inc.	Ontario, Canada	100%
Green Global Properties Inc.	Delaware, U.S.	100%
Interrobang Tiel B.V.	Tiel, Netherlands	100% (no longer operational)

Subsidiaries consist of entities over which the Company is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns as well as the ability to affect those returns through the power to direct the relevant activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date control is transferred to the Company and are deconsolidated from the date control ceases. The consolidated financial statements include all the assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses and cash flows of the Company and its subsidiaries after eliminating inter-entity balances and transactions.

# (e) Functional Currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars ("\$" or "CAD"), which is the Company's functional currency. The functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates. The functional currency of the subsidiaries is: (i) CAD for Aura Health Corp., Interrobang and Sairiyo, (ii) U.S. dollar ("USD") for Green Global Properties Inc., and (iii) Euro (" $\in$ " or "EUR") for Interrobang Tiel B.V.

# (f) Significant Accounting Judgments and Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, and expenses. On an ongoing basis, management evaluates its judgments and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, revenue, and expenses. Management uses historical experience and various other factors it believes to be reasonable under the given circumstances as the basis for its judgments and estimates. Actual outcomes may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions. These estimates are reviewed periodically, and adjustments are made as appropriate in the period they become known. Items for which actual results may differ materially from these estimates are described as follows:

#### Going concern

At each reporting period, management exercises judgment in assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern by reviewing the Company's performance, resources, and future obligations. The conclusion that the Company will be able to continue as a going concern is subject to critical judgments of management with respect to assumptions surrounding the short and long-term operating budgets, expected profitability, investment and financing activities and management's strategic planning. The assumptions used in management's going concern assessment are derived from actual operating results along with industry and market trends, and are consistent with those used to evaluate the impairment of goodwill and intangible assets as at March 31, 2023. Management believes there will be sufficient cash inflow to meet the Company's business obligations for at least the next 12 months, after taking into account expected cash flows and the Company's cash position at period-end.

Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

# 2. Basis of Presentation (continued)

### (f) Significant Accounting Judgments and Estimates (continued)

# Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities

Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities on the consolidated statements of financial position that cannot be derived from active markets, are determined using a variety of techniques including the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are derived from observable market data where possible, but where observable market data are not available, judgment is required to establish fair values. Judgments include, but are not limited to, consideration of model inputs such as volatility, estimated life and discount rates.

# Expected credit losses on financial assets

Determining an allowance for expected credit losses for amounts receivable and all debt financial assets not held at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") requires management to make assumptions about the historical patterns for the probability of default, the timing of collection and the amount of incurred credit losses, which are adjusted based on management's judgment about whether economic conditions and credit terms are such that actual losses may be higher or lower than what the historical patterns suggest.

# Estimated useful lives, and amortization of intangible assets

Amortization of intangible assets is dependent upon estimates of useful lives and residual values which are determined through the exercise of judgment. Intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives are not subject to amortization and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. The assessment of any impairment of these assets is dependent upon estimates of recoverable amounts that take into account factors such as economic and market conditions.

#### Determination of cash generating units

For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are largely independent cash inflows. The Company determines which groups of assets (each a "Cash-Generating Unit" or a "CGU") can generate cash flows that are largely independent of other operations within the Company. Management exercises judgment in assessing where active markets exist, including an analysis of the degree of autonomy each operation has in negotiating prices with customers. The Company identifies a CGU, based on the nature of the business and the assessment that the CGUs generate cash flows that are largely independent of the cash flows from other assets deployed in the Company.

#### Impairment

Long-lived assets, including intangible assets, are reviewed for indicators of impairment at each reporting period or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is defined as the higher of: (i) value-in-use; or (ii) fair value less cost to sell ("FVLCS"). If the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment charge is recognized immediately in profit or loss by the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the recoverable amount.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the lesser of the revised estimate of recoverable amount, and the carrying amount that would have been recorded had no impairment loss been recognized previously.

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of goodwill has been impaired. In order to determine if the value of goodwill has been impaired, the CGU or group of CGUs to which goodwill has been allocated is valued using present value techniques. The Company assesses impairment by comparing the recoverable amount of a long-lived asset, CGU, or CGU group to their carrying value. The determination of the recoverable amount involves significant estimates and assumptions. When applying this valuation technique, the Company relies on a number of factors, including historical results, business plans, forecasts and market data. Changes in the conditions for these judgments and estimates can significantly affect the assessed value of goodwill.

### 2. Basis of Presentation (continued)

### (f) Significant Accounting Judgments and Estimates (continued)

#### Warrants and options

Warrants and options are initially recognized at fair value, based on the application of the Black-Scholes valuation model ("Black-Scholes"). This pricing model requires management to make various assumptions and estimates which are susceptible to uncertainty, including the expected volatility of the share price, expected forfeitures, expected dividend yield, expected term of the warrants or options, and expected risk-free interest rate. Changes in these assumptions affect the fair value of the options and the amount of stock-based compensation to be recognized in profit or loss over the vesting period.

#### Income taxes

Income taxes and tax exposures recognized in the consolidated financial statements reflect management's best estimate of the outcome based on facts known at the reporting date. When the Company anticipates a future income tax payment based on its estimates, it recognizes a liability. The difference between the expected amount and the final tax outcome has an impact on current and deferred taxes when the Company becomes aware of this difference.

In addition, when the Company incurs losses that cannot be associated with current or past profits, it assesses the probability of taxable profits being available in the future based on its budgeted forecasts. These forecasts are adjusted to take account of certain non-taxable income and expenses and specific rules on the use of unused credits and tax losses. When the forecasts indicate the sufficient future taxable income will be available to deduct the temporary differences, a deferred tax asset is recognized for all deductible temporary differences.

In addition, future changes in tax laws could limit the ability of the Company to obtain tax deductions in future periods. To the extent that future cash flows and taxable income differ significantly from estimates, the ability of the Company to realize the net deferred tax assets recorded at the reporting date could be impacted.

#### Provisions

The Company recognizes provisions if there is a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation and the obligation can be reliably estimated. The amount recognized as a provision reflects management's best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

#### Research and development costs

Judgment is required to distinguish the research phase and the development phase to correctly identify costs that qualify for capitalization.

#### Functional currency

The functional currency for the Company and its subsidiaries is the currency of the primary economic environment in which they operate. Determination of functional currency involves significant judgments and other entities may make different judgments based on similar facts. The Company reconsiders periodically the functional currency of its businesses if there is a change in the underlying transactions, events or conditions which determine its primary economic environment.

#### 3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies applied by the Company in these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements are the same as noted in the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022, unless otherwise noted below.

# 3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# (a) Adoption of New Accounting Standards and Amendments

The Company adopted the following amendments effective January 1, 2023. These changes were made in accordance with the applicable transitional provisions. The adoption of these amendments did not have any material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

# Amendments to IAS 1 – Presentation of Financial Statements ("IAS 1")

Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1) continues the IASB's clarifications on applying the concept of materiality. These amendments help companies provide useful accounting policy disclosures, and they include:

- requiring companies to disclose their material accounting policies instead of their significant accounting policies;
- clarifying that accounting policies related to immaterial transactions, other events or conditions are themselves immaterial and do not need to be disclosed; and
- clarifying that not all accounting policies that relate to material transactions, other events or conditions are themselves material.

#### 4. Note Receivable

On August 2, 2022, the Company received a promissory note (the "Promissory Note") issued by Khiron Life Science Corp. ("Khiron" or the "Buyer") as part of the consideration on the sale of Pharmadrug Production GmBH ("Pharmadrug Production") (see Note 9 for details).

The Promissory Note is non-interest-bearing and will be immediately due and payable by the Buyer on the first anniversary of the issue date (the "Promissory Note Maturity Date"). A principal amount of \$974,137 (the "Principal Amount") will be payable by the Buyer in cash, unless the Buyer elects in its sole discretion and by written notice delivered to the Company at least two days prior to the Promissory Note Maturity Date, to convert the unpaid Principal Amount in full into such number of fully paid and non-assessable common shares of Khiron equal to the quotient obtained by dividing (i) the unpaid Principal Amount by (ii) the 10-day volume-weighted average of the trading price per common share of Khiron on the TSX Venture Exchange for the previous consecutive 10 trading days ending on (and including) the trading day immediately prior to the Promissory Note Maturity Date.

#### 5. Other Investments

#### Red Light Holland Corp.

On July 16, 2020, the Company entered into a share exchange agreement (the "RLH Share Exchange") with Red Light Holland Corp. ("RLH"), an Ontario-based corporation positioned to engage in the production, growth and sale of magic truffles to the legal, recreational market within the Netherlands. Under the terms of RLH Share Exchange, the Company issued 9,333,333 Units to RLH at a price of \$0.075 per Unit, and RLH issued 4,242,424 units (the "RLH Units") to Pharmadrug. Each RLH Unit is comprised of one common share in the capital of RLH (a "RLH Share") and one RLH share purchase warrant (a "RLH Warrant"). Each RLH Warrant entitles the Company to purchase one additional RLH Share at an exercise price of \$0.26 for 48 months from issuance of the RLH Warrant, subject to an accelerated expiry option. On completion of the RLH Share Exchange, the RLH Shares and RLH Warrants were valued at \$305,836 and \$253,252, respectively, and were classified at FVTPL.

In January 2021, the Company disposed of the RLH Shares for total proceeds of \$1,214,454 and recorded a realized gain of \$903,060 and a fair value decrease of \$982,545 upon disposal.

As at March 31, 2023, the Company continued to hold the RLH Warrants, which were measured at a fair value of 80,260 using Black-Scholes with the following market inputs and assumptions: share price of 0.115, exercise price of 0.26, expected volatility of 86% based on historical share prices of the entity, expected dividend yield of 0%, risk-free interest rate of 3.78% and an estimated remaining life of 1.30 years. During the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company recorded a fair value increase of 334,462 (2022 – fair value decrease of 141,576) on the RLH Warrants.

### 5. Other Investments (continued)

#### Khiron Life Sciences

On August 2, 2022, the Company closed the sale of Pharmadrug Production to Khiron, for which the Buyer issued 5,968,750 common shares in the capital of Khiron (the "Khiron Shares") as part consideration given to the Company (see Note 9 for details). The Khiron Shares were recorded at a fair value of \$686,406 on initial recognition, based on Khiron's closing share price on the date of issuance. The Khiron Shares were classified at FVTPL.

In October 2022, the Company disposed of 970,750 Khiron Shares for total proceeds of \$94,075. A realized loss of \$17,561 and a fair value increase of \$111,636 were recorded upon disposal.

During the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company disposed of 2,298,000 Khiron Shares for total proceeds of \$207,922. A realized loss of \$56,349 and a fair value increase of \$137,880 were recorded upon disposal.

As at March 31, 2023, the Company continued to hold the remaining position of 2,700,000 Khiron Shares, which were valued at a fair value of \$135,000. During the three months ended March 31, 2023, a fair value decrease of \$13,500 was recorded on the Khiron Shares.

#### 6. Intangible Assets and Goodwill

	Licenses,				
	Permits &	Supply			
	Patent	Relationship	Software	Goodwill	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cost at:					
December 31, 2021	10,007,232	388,557	43,205	10,473,876	20,912,870
Effects of f/x on translation	(351,701)	(24,948)	2,952	(271,675)	(645,372)
Intangibles derecognized <sup>(1)</sup>	(5,125,931)	(363,609)	-	-	(5,489,540)
Intangible assets write off <sup>(2)</sup>	-	-	(46,157)	-	(46,157)
December 31, 2022 and					
March 31, 2023	4,529,600	-	-	10,202,201	14,731,801
Accumulated depreciation at:					
December 31, 2021	2,878,151	204,180	3,467	-	3,085,798
Amortization on intangible					
assets derecognized	528,922	37,519	-	-	566,441
Amortization on other intangible	,	,			,
assets	-	-	8,643	-	8,643
Effects of f/x on translation	(201,124)	(14,268)	1,907	-	(213,485)
Impairment loss <sup>(3)</sup>	190,598	13,518	-	3,959,585	4,163,701
Intangibles derecognized <sup>(3)</sup>	(3,396,547)	(240,949)	-	-	(3,637,496)
Intangible assets write off <sup>(4)</sup>	-	-	(14,017)	-	(14,017)
December 31, 2022 and			· · ·		· · · · ·
March 31, 2023	-	-	-	3,959,585	3,959,585
Net book value:					
December 31, 2022	4,529,600	-	-	6,242,616	10,772,216
March 31, 2023	4,529,600	-	_	6,242,616	10,772,216

<sup>1</sup> Intangible assets derecognized relates to the non-current assets of Pharmadrug production which was disposed of on August 2, 2022.

<sup>2</sup> Intangible assets write off relates to the software asset of Interrobang Online written off and fully amortized to the consolidated statements of loss, as the SlimWinkel webpage was no longer available for customers to successfully place orders from 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Impairment loss relates to the excess of the carrying value over the FVLCS for the net assets of Pharmadrug Production as at the date of disposal.

# **PHARMADRUG INC.** Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

# 7. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

	March 31,	December 31,
	2023	2022
Trade payables	ъ 561,101	م 525,292
Accrued liabilities	296,222	248,661
	857,323	773,953

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities of the Company are principally comprised of amounts outstanding for trade purchases incurred in the normal course of business.

# 8. Convertible Debentures

# (a) Replacement Debentures

On July 17, 2020, the Company completed a restructuring on certain of its outstanding indebtedness (the "Restructuring"). Under the terms of the Restructuring, (i) a \$400,000 principal amount of an unsecured convertible debentures plus accrued interest of \$45,632, and (ii) a \$400,000 principal amount of promissory notes previously owing to the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") of the Company and an arm's length third-party plus accrued interest of \$139,209, were exchanged for an aggregate of \$1,005,620 principal amount of 12% convertible debentures (the "Replacement Debentures). The Replacement Debentures bear interest at a rate of 12% per annum, payable annually in arrears, and are due on July 17, 2023. The Replacement Debentures are convertible into Units at a price of \$0.05 per Unit. Each Unit is comprised of one common share and one-half (1/2) of a Warrant exercisable into one common share at \$0.07 per share at any time on or before July 17, 2023.

The present value of the Replacement Debentures was valued at \$791,460, with the present value of the old debts determined to be \$1,005,620 (as the debts were already due on demand, and with the unsecured convertible debentures approaching its maturity, their respective carrying amounts were taken as their present value at the time of the exchange).

The Replacement Debentures are compound financial instruments. On initial recognition, the residual value method was used to allocate the fair value of the debt and equity components. The face value of the liability was calculated using a discount rate of 20%. The difference between the principal amount of the Replacement Debentures and the discounted cash flows is allocated to the conversion feature, which was classified within equity, using the residual value method. Accretion of the liability portion and interest payable on the Replacement Debentures are included in finance costs in the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss.

On December 18, 2020, a principal amount of \$134,802 of the Replacement Debentures were converted into 2,696,045 Units of the Company at a conversion price of \$0.05 when the carrying of the liability was \$115,047.

During the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company recorded an interest and accretion expense of 48,670 (2022 – 40,559) on the Replacement Debentures which is included in finance costs on the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss.

# (b) Secured Convertible Debentures

On August 2, 2022, the Company closed a private placement offering of \$650,000 on sale of debenture units (each a "Debenture Unit"). Each Debenture Unit is comprised of (i) a \$1,000 principal amount secured convertible debenture (each a "Secured Debenture") and (ii) 20,000 Warrants. The Secured Debentures bear an interest rate of 15% per annum from the closing date and payable monthly in arrears. The Secured Debentures mature one year from the closing date, on August 2, 2023.

# **PHARMADRUG INC.** Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

# 8. Convertible Debentures (continued)

### (b) Secured Convertible Debentures (continued)

Each Secured Debenture is secured by a general service agreement ("GSA") and rank pari passu with one another, and an unlimited corporate guarantee from Sairiyo (the "Guarantor"), security agreements creating a security interest in the Guarantor's present and after-acquired personal property and pledges of shares for the Guarantor (the "Security"). The Company shall have the right to repay or redeem a part or the entire principal amount of the Debentures at par plus accrued and unpaid interest at any time by providing written notice of the date (the "Redemption Date") for such redemption to the holder at least 15 days and a maximum 60 days prior to the Redemption Date. Each subscriber is entitled to a closing fee in the amount of 8% of their aggregate subscription price which fee will be paid by way of a set off against the \$1,000 Unit purchase price.

Each Debenture Unit will be convertible into 20,000 common shares (the "Debenture Shares") at a conversion price of \$0.05 per Debenture Share at the option of the holder at any time while any portion of the principal amount or any accrued and unpaid interest on the Secured Debenture is outstanding.

Each Warrant entitles the holder to acquire a common share of the Company at any time on or before the 24-month anniversary of the issuance of the Warrant at an exercise price of \$0.05 per Warrant.

The proceeds from the sale of any Khiron Shares or payment of the Promissory Note will be split equally between the Company's working capital and repayment of the Secured Debentures principal, and such split will remain in effect until the Secured Debenture is repaid in full.

The Secured Debentures are compound financial instruments. On initial recognition, the residual value method was used to allocate the fair value of the debt and equity components. The fair value of the liability was calculated as \$640,600 using a discount rate of 18%. The total cost of issuance relating to this financing was \$66,124, part of which was settled through the issuance of 200,000 common shares of the Company, which resulted into a loss of \$1,000 on settlement.

During the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company had recorded an interest and accretion expense of \$22,649 on the Secured Debentures, which are included in finance cost on the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss. During the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company also made a principal repayment of \$96,000 and interest payments of \$20,540 to holders of the Secured Debentures.

The following table reflects the continuity of convertible debentures as at March 31, 2023 and 2022:

	\$
Balance, December 31, 2021	786,374
Interest and accretion expense	40,559
Balance, March 31, 2022	826,933
	\$
Balance, December 31, 2022	1,422,648
Interest and accretion expense	71,366
Payment of interest on debentures – Cash payment	(20,540)
Principal repayment	(96,000)
Fair value adjustment	653
Cost of issuance amortized	16,056
Balance, March 31, 2023	1,394,183

# 9. Discontinued Operations

#### Pharmadrug Production

On February 27, 2019, the Company acquired an 80% ownership in Pharmadrug Production (the "Pharmadrug Acquisition"), for a purchase price of  $\epsilon$ 4.6 million settled in cash (\$7,101,848). The seller, Anquor Pharmaceuticals Ug ("Anquor"), retained a 20% NCI in Pharmadrug Production. In addition, the Company had advanced  $\epsilon$ 400,000 (approximately \$601,520) to Pharmadrug Production as a shareholder loan to assist the former German subsidiary to maintain appropriate levels of working capital.

On May 17, 2019, the Company completed the Pharmadrug Acquisition. Goodwill of \$4,605,861, which is not tax deductible, was recognized due to the expected synergies from combining operations of the Company and Pharmadrug Production.

On July 14, 2021, the Company acquired the 20% NCI (the "NCI Acquisition") in Pharmadrug Production, to obtain 100% ownership, for a purchase price consideration of €35,000 (approximately \$52,879) payable in cash. On August 25, 2021, the Company completed the NCI Acquisition by transferring the purchase price consideration to Anquor.

On May 31, 2022, the Company entered into a share purchase agreement (the "SPA") to sell 100% of the securities of Pharmadrug Production, to Khiron, for consideration consisted of common shares in the capital of Khiron ("Consideration Shares") and a non-interest-bearing promissory note in the principal amount of \$1,100,000 which will be payable one year from the date of issue. On August 2, 2022 (the "Closing Date"), the Company closed the sale of Pharmadrug Production (the "Sale"). Pursuant to the terms of the SPA, the Company received in consideration, 5,968,750 Consideration Shares and the Promissory Note in the Principal Amount of \$974,137.

The Consideration Shares are subject to a lock-up agreement pursuant to which the Company agrees not to sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of an aggregate of 5,000,000 Consideration Shares received on closing (the "Lock-Up Restriction") for an initial period of 90 days following the Closing Date, following which a total of 1,250,000 Consideration Shares will be released from the Lock-Up Restriction; and after this initial period, the Lock-Up Restriction will be lifted every 90 days thereafter, in each case in respect of an additional 1,250,000 Consideration Shares, such that all Consideration Shares subject to Lock-Up Restriction will be released 360 days from the date of issue of the Consideration Shares.

As a result of the Sale, the results of operations and cash flows related to the German business have been presented as discontinued operations in the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss and cash flows.

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Revenue	-	101,813
Expenses	-	(591,519)
Operating loss	-	(489,706)
Finance costs	-	157
Loss before tax from discontinued operations	-	(489,549)
Tax from ordinary activities for the period	-	89,951
Loss from Discontinued Operations	-	(399,598)

Financial information relating to the discontinued operations for Pharmadrug Production for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 is set out below:

# 9. Discontinued Operations (continued)

#### Pharmadrug Production (continued)

Net cash flows incurred by Pharmadrug Production presented on the consolidated statements of cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 are summarized as follows:

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Net cash flows (used in) operating activities	-	(181,943)
Net cash flows (used in) financing activities	-	(13,166)
Net cash flows (used in) investing activities	-	(1,579)
Net Decrease in Cash from Discontinued Operations	-	(196,688)

#### Interrobang Online Ltd.

Following the sale of Pharmadrug Production and the ceasing of all operation in the Netherlands and Europe, the Board of the Company had also decided to wind down all operations within Interrobang Online Ltd. ("Interrobang Online") in the U.S., as the Company had fully exited the psilocybin and functional mushroom business. As a result of the exit from the psilocybin and functional mushroom business, the results of operations and cash flows related to Interrobang Online have also been presented as discontinued operations in the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss and cash flows.

Financial information relating to the discontinued operations for Interrobang Online for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 is set out below:

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Revenue	-	864
Expenses	-	(44,202)
Loss from Discontinued Operations	-	(43,338)

Net cash flows incurred by Interrobang Online presented on the consolidated statements of cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 are summarized as follows:

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Net cash flows (used in) operating activities	-	(41,661)
Net cash flows (used in) financing activities	-	-
Net cash flows (used in) investing activities	-	-
Net Decrease in Cash from Discontinued Operations	-	(41,661)

# 10. Share Capital

#### Authorized share capital

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares without par value. Common shares issued and outstanding as at March 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	Number of common shares	Amount
	#	\$
Balance, December 31, 2021	340,816,383	30,606,969
Shares issued for services <sup>(a)</sup>	3,400,000	170,000
Balance, March 31, 2022	340,816,383	30,606,969
<b>Balance, December 31, 2022</b> No transactions	355,626,346	31,217,524
Balance, March 31, 2023	355,626,346	31,217,524

Share capital transactions for the three months ended March 31, 2022

(a) On January 18, 2022, the Company issued 3,400,000 common shares to a service provider as part of consideration for marketing services to be provided by the vendor. These common shares were valued at \$170,000 based on the closing share price on the day of issuance and recorded as share-based compensation on the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss.

Share capital transactions for the three months ended March 31, 2023

There were no share capital transactions which occurred during the period.

# 11. Reserve for Share-Based Payments

The Company maintains a stock option plan (the Option Plan), whereby certain key officers, directors and consultants may be granted stock options for common shares of the Company. The maximum number of common shares that are issuable under the Option Plan is limited to 10% of the number of issued and outstanding common shares. Under the Option Plan, the exercise price of each option may not be less than the closing price of the Company's shares on the trading day prior to the grant date or the grant date itself, whichever is higher. Vesting terms are determined at the discretion of the Board.

As at March 31, 2023, the Company had 13,712,635 common shares available for issuance under the Option Plan.

The following summarizes the stock option activity for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022:

	March 31, 2023 March 31, 2022			
	Weighted W			Weighted
	Number of	average	Number of	average
	options	exercise price	options	exercise price
	#	\$	#	\$
Outstanding, beginning of period	24,850,000	0.07	22,100,000	0.09
Granted	-	-	3,750,000	0.05
Expired	(3,000,000)	0.05	-	-
Outstanding, end of period	21,850,000	0.08	25,850,000	0.07
Exercisable, end of period	21,850,000	0.08	24,850,000	0.07

# 11. Reserve for Share-Based Payments (continued)

#### Option grants for the three months ended March 31, 2022

On January 18, 2022, the Company granted 3,000,000 options to a consultant for services provided at an exercise price of \$0.05, expiring on January 18, 2023. The options vested immediately on grant. The options were valued using Black-Scholes with the following assumptions: expected volatility of 189% based on historical share prices of the Company, expected dividend yield of 0%, risk-free rate of 1.07%, forfeiture rate of 0% and an expected life of one year. The grant date fair value attributable to these options of \$98,481 was recorded as the share-based compensation during the three months ended March 31, 2022.

On January 18, 2022, the Company also granted 750,000 options to another consultant for services provided at an exercise price of \$0.05, expiring on January 18, 2024. The options vested immediately on grant. The options were valued using Black-Scholes with the following assumptions: expected volatility of 189% based on historical share prices, expected dividend yield of 0%, risk-free rate of 1.27%, forfeiture rate of 0% and an expected life of two years. The grant date fair value attributable to these options of \$30,762 was recorded as the share-based compensation during the three months ended March 31, 2022.

During the three months ended March 31, 2022, the Company also recorded share-based compensation of \$34,327 related to vesting of options.

The following table summarizes information of stock options outstanding and exercisable as at March 31, 2023:

Date of expiry	Number of options outstanding	Number of options exercisable	Exercise price	Weighted average remaining contractual life
	#	#	\$	Years
January 18, 2024	750,000	750,000	0.05	0.80
May 31, 2025	5,500,000	5,500,000	0.11	2.17
August 31, 2025	8,000,000	8,000,000	0.05	2.42
December 8, 2025	1,000,000	1,000,000	0.05	2.69
February 4, 2026	3,850,000	3,850,000	0.085	2.89
May 12, 2026	2,000,000	2,000,000	0.09	3.12
August 30, 2026	750,000	750,000	0.06	3.42
	21,850,000	21,850,000	0.08	2.49

# 12. Reserve for Warrants

There were no warrant activities during the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022. The following table summarizes information of warrants outstanding as at March 31, 2023:

	Number of warrants		Weighted average remaining
Date of expiry	outstanding	Exercise price	contractual life
	#	\$	Years
June 12, 2023	9,105,760	0.05	0.20
June 15, 2023	3,940,000	0.05	0.21
July 17, 2023	7,218,545	0.07	0.30
July 17, 2023	1,348,023	0.05	0.30
May 27, 2024	7,000,000	0.05	1.16
May 27, 2024	40,000	0.04	1.16
July 16, 2024	3,600,000	0.08	1.30
July 16, 2024	8,400,000	0.13	1.30
August 2, 2024	13,000,000	0.05	1.34
	53,652,328	0.06	0.54

# 13. Basic and Diluted Loss per Share

The calculations of basic and diluted EPS for the three months ended March 31, 2023 were based on the net loss from continuing operations of \$178,773 (2022 – net loss of \$1,584,265), the net loss from discontinued operations of \$nil (2022 – net loss of \$473,339), and the weighted average number of basic and diluted common shares outstanding of 355,626,346 (2022 – 343,536,383).

The details of the computation of basic and diluted loss per share are as follows:

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Net loss from continuing operations	(178,773)	(1,614,668)
Net loss from discontinued operations	-	(442,936)
Net loss for the period	(178,773)	(2,057,604)
	#	#
Basic weighted-average number of shares outstanding	355,626,346	343,536,383
Assumed conversion of dilutive stock options and warrants	-	-
Diluted weighted-average number of shares outstanding	355,626,346	343,536,383
	\$	\$
Basic and diluted loss per share from continuing operations	(0.001)	(0.005)
Basic and diluted loss per share from discontinued operations	(0.000)	(0.001)

# 14. Related Party Transactions

In accordance with IAS 24 – Related Party Disclosures, key management personnel, including companies controlled by them, are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company directly or indirectly, including any directors (executive and non-executive) of the Company.

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management personnel during the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Management salaries and consulting fees	95,538	126,129
Professional fees	25,950	30,000
Share-based compensation	-	34,327
	121,488	190,456

Effective September 1, 2020, Pharmadrug and the CEO entered into an executive agreement, whereas the Company agreed to pay an annual base salary of \$120,000 for CEO services. The annual base salary shall be increased to \$180,000, exclusive of bonuses, benefits and other compensation, once the Company has raised a minimum of \$1,500,000. During the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company recorded management salaries of \$30,000 (2022 - \$30,000) in relation to the CEO's employment compensation. As at March 31, 2023, a balance of \$60,000 (December 31, 2022 - \$30,000) owing to the CEO was included in the accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The amount outstanding is unsecured, non-interest bearing and due on demand.

Effective May 1, 2021, Pharmadrug and its former Chief Scientific Officer ("Former CSO") entered into an executive employment agreement, whereas the Company agreed to pay an annual base salary of \$140,000 for his services. During the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company recorded management salaries of \$35,000 (2022 – \$35,000) in relation to the Former CSO's employment compensation. As at March 31, 2023, a balance of \$42,583 (December 31, 2022 – \$17,500) owing to the Former CSO was included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The amount outstanding is unsecured, non-interest bearing and due on demand.

# 14. Related Party Transactions (continued)

Effective January 10, 2022, Pharmadrug and its former Vice President of Clinical Development ("Former VP–Clinical Development") entered into an employment agreement, whereas the Company agreed to pay an annual base salary of \$160,000 for his services, and a one-time signing bonus of \$25,000. During the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company recorded management salaries of \$30,538 (2022 – management salaries of \$36,129 and the signing bonus of \$25,000) in relation to the Former VP–Clinical Development's employment compensation. As at March 31, 2023, a balance of \$39,204 (December 31, 2022 – \$20,000) owing to the Former VP–Clinical Development was included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The amount outstanding is unsecured, non-interest bearing and due on demand.

During the three months ended March 31, 2023, Branson Corporate Services Ltd. ("Branson"), where the Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") and Corporate Secretary of Pharmadrug is employed, charged fees of 25,950 (2022 – 330,000), for providing CFO services to the Company, as well as other accounting and administrative services. As at March 31, 2023, a balance of 3133,721 (December 31, 2022 – 109,336) owed to Branson included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities). The amount outstanding is unsecured, non-interest bearing and due on demand.

#### Share-based compensation

The Company granted a total of 8,500,000 and 7,000,000 options to various officers and directors in the 2020 and 2021 financial years, respectively, which vested into the 2022 financial year. During the three months ended March 31, 2022, total stock-based compensation of \$34,327 was recorded in connection with the vesting of these options.

# 15. Capital Management

The Company manages its capital structure and adjusts it, based on the funds available to the Company, in order to support the development of its planned business activities. The Board does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business. In order to carry out the planned business activities and pay for administrative costs, the Company will spend its existing working capital and raise additional funds as needed. Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable.

The Company considers its capital to be shareholders' equity, which is comprised of share capital, equity component of convertible debentures, reserves for share-based payments and warrants, accumulated other comprehensive loss and accumulated deficit. As at March 31, 2023, the Company's capital consisted of equity attributable to the shareholders of Pharmadrug Inc. of \$8,656,516 (December 31, 2022 – equity attributable to the shareholders of Pharmadrug Inc. of \$8,835,256).

The Company's objective when managing capital is to obtain adequate levels of funding to support its business activities, to obtain corporate and administrative functions necessary to support organizational functioning and obtain sufficient funding to further the development of its business. The Company raises capital, as necessary, to meet its needs and take advantage of perceived opportunities and, therefore, does not have a numeric target for its capital structure. Funds are primarily secured through equity capital raised by way of private placements and issuance of convertible debentures. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to continue raising capital in this manner.

The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

# 16. Financial Risks

The Company is exposed to various risks as it relates to financial instruments. Management, in conjunction with the Board, mitigates these risks by assessing, monitoring and approving the Company's risk management process. There have not been any changes in the nature of these risks or the process of managing these risks from the previous reporting periods.

# 16. Financial Risks (continued)

### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss associated with a counterparty's inability to fulfill its payment obligations. The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash and note receivable, which expose the Company to credit risk should the borrower default on maturity of the instruments. Cash is held with a reputable chartered bank in Canada. which is closely monitored. Management also reviews on a periodic basis the collectability of its receivables balance. As at March 31, 2023, management believes that the credit risk concentration with respect to financial instruments included in cash and note receivable is minimal.

# Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not have sufficient cash resources to meet its financial obligations as they come due. The Company's liquidity and operating results may be adversely affected if the Company's access to the capital market is hindered, whether as a result of a downturn in stock market conditions generally or related to matters specific to the Company. The Company generates cash flow primarily from its financing and investing activities.

As at March 31, 2023, the Company had a cash balance of \$8,361 (December 31, 2022 – \$8,555), a note receivable balance of \$974,137 (December 31, 2022 – \$974,137), and liquid investments valued at \$215,260 (December 31, 2022 – \$320,688), to settle current liabilities of \$2,251,506 (December 31, 2022 – \$2,196,601).

	As at March 31,	2023, the Compa	ny had the followi	ng contractual ob	ligations:
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	Less than 1 year	1 to 3 years	3 to 5 years	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	857,323	-	-	857,323
Provisions	70,000	-	-	70,000
Convertible debentures	1,394,183	-	-	1,394,189
Total	2,321,506	-	-	2,321,506

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash reserves and by continuously monitoring forecasts and actual cash flows for a rolling period of 12 months to identify financial requirements. Where insufficient liquidity may exist, the Company may pursue various debt and equity instruments for short or long-term financing of its operations.

Management understands that the Company will need to continue to raise funds going forward in order to fund its planned activities.

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of, or future cash flows from, the Company's financial instruments will significantly fluctuate due to changes in market prices. The value of financial instruments can be affected by changes in interest rates, foreign exchange rates, and equity and commodity prices. The Company is exposed to market risk in trading its investments and unfavorable market conditions could result in dispositions of investments at less than favorable prices. A 1% change in the closing price of the Company's other investments would impact net loss by approximately \$2,150 based upon balances as at March 31, 2023.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's convertible debentures have fixed interest rates. As at March 31, 2023, the Company had no hedging agreements in place with respect to floating interest rates.

# 16. Financial Risks (continued)

#### Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the Company will be subject to foreign currency fluctuations in satisfying obligations related to its foreign activities. The Company previously had operations in Europe (Germany and Netherlands) where there were financial instruments and transactions dominated in EUR, and in the U.S. where there are financial instruments and transactions denominated in USD. The Company's primary exposure to foreign exchange risk is that transactions denominated in EUR and USD may expose the Company to the risk of exchange rate fluctuations.

#### Fair value

Fair value estimates of financial instruments are made at a specific point in time based on relevant information about financial markets and specific financial instruments. As these estimates are subjective in nature, involving uncertainties and matters of significant judgment, they cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions can significantly affect estimated fair values. The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, note receivable, other investments, accounts payable and convertible debentures.

The fair value of note receivable, other investments, and accounts payable are approximately equal to their carrying value due to their short-term nature. The fair values of the convertible debentures approximate their carrying amounts as they were measured taking into consideration comparable instruments with similar risks in determining the rates at which to discount their amount in applying their respective measurement models.

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cash	8,361	-	-	8,361
Other investments	135,000	80,260	-	215,260

As at March 31, 2023, the Company's financial instruments carried at fair value consisted of its cash, which is classified as Level 1, and its other investments, which have been classified as Level 1 (for investments in Khiron Shares) and Level 2 (for investments in RLH Warrants). There were no transfers between Levels 2 and 3 for recurring fair value measurements during the three months ended March 31, 2023, and the year ended December 31, 2022.

#### 17. Contingencies

The Company may, from time to time, be subject to various administrative, regulatory, and other legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. Liabilities associated with legal proceedings are recorded when (i) the liabilities are a result of a past event, (ii) it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligations, and (iii) a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation.

As at March 31, 2023, the Company remained responsible for the following ongoing litigation cases relating to Pharmadrug Production. Pursuant to the terms of the SPA, the Company had assumed the liability or benefit of the outcome of the following legal proceedings:

- (a) On August 20, 2019, THoR Beteiligungen GmbH ("THoR") incorrectly transferred an amount of €6,804 to Pharmadrug Production's business account and subsequently demanded its repayment. On October 22, 2019, Pharmadrug Production declared that the Company would offset this amount against a counterclaim against THoR, which subsequently issued a notice of assignment, according to which the claim had been assigned to Pharmadrug International GmbH ("Pharmadrug International") on September 27, 2019. Pharmadrug International has since filed a claim for repayment of a mismatch transfer against Pharmadrug Production for the same amount.
- (b) On February 21, 2020, Thor Investments GmbH ("Thor Investments") filed a lawsuit with Pharmadrug Production for a repayment of a loan in the amount of €34,222 plus interest. The loan with Thor Investments dates back to March 2019.

# 17. Contingencies (continued)

As at March 31, 2023, the Company had recorded a provision of approximately \$70,000 for the estimated potential damages and liabilities that it expects to pay out.

# 18. Segmented Information

As at March 31, 2023, the Company's operations comprised solely of the corporate division in Canada, as the retail Smart Shop in the Netherlands, and the Online Slim Winkel business in the U.S are no longer in operations.

# 19. Finance Costs

Finance costs incurred during the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 are comprised of the following:

	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Interest on Replacement Debentures (Note 8(a))	48,671	40,559
Interest on Secured Convertible Debentures (Note 8(b))	22,695	-
Interest income	(36)	(10)
Other interest expense	-	1,027
	71,330	41,576

# 20. Subsequent Events

#### Financing

On April 14, 2023, the Company raised \$100,000 through an issuance of new debenture units (each a "2023 Debenture Units"). Each 2023 Debenture Unit is comprised of a \$1,000 principal amount convertible secured debenture and 20,000 Warrants. Each 2023 Debenture Unit bears interest at a rate of 15% per annum payable monthly in arrears, matures one year from the date of issue and is convertible into common shares at a price of \$0.05 (subject to adjustment). Each 2023 Debenture Unit is secured by a GSA from the Company and Sairiyo.

Each subscriber is entitled to a closing fee in the amount of 8% of their aggregate subscription price which fee was paid by way of a set off against the \$1,000 Unit purchase price. Half of the proceeds realized from the consideration received from the Sale of Pharmadrug Production will also be paid to the holders of the debentures. The 2023 Debenture ranks pari passu with the Secured Debentures issued by the Company in August 2022. Each Warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share at a price of \$0.05 per share for a period of two years following the date of issuance.

#### Other transactions

On May 1, 2023, the CEO advanced an amount of \$37,072 to the Company for funding of working capital. The amount was repaid to the CEO on May 8, 2023.

#### Cease Trade Order

On May 5, 2023, the Company was issued a "failure to file" cease trade order (the "CTO") in respect of the Company's securities under Multilateral Instrument 11-103 Failure-to- File Cease Trade Orders in Multiple Jurisdictions, by the Ontario Securities Commission (the "OSC"). The CTO was issued as a result of the Company's failure to file its audited financial statements, MD&A and related certifications for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023 (collectively, the "Required Filings") before the May 1, 2023 filing deadline.

On May 12, 2023, the Company completed the Required Filings, and on May 15, 2023, the OSC granted Pharmadrug a revocation order on the CTO.