

MOJAVE BRANDS INC.

(formerly Mojave Jane Brands Inc.)

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021 AND 2020

(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)



DALE MATHESON CARR-HILTON LABONTE LLP
CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of Mojave Brands Inc. (formerly Mojave Jane Brands Inc.)

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Mojave Brands Inc. (the "Company"), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at August 31, 2021 and 2020, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive loss, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (collectively referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at August 31, 2021 and 2020, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 1 to the financial statements, which describes events or conditions that indicate a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained Management's Discussion and Analysis prior to the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Cherry Ho.

DMCL

DALE MATHESON CARR-HILTON LABONTE LLP
CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS
Vancouver, BC

December 17, 2021



An independent firm
associated with Moore
Global Network Limited

MOJAVE BRANDS INC.
(formerly Mojave Jane Brands Inc.)
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT AUGUST 31

	Note	2021	2020
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash		\$ 915,068	\$ 56,841
GST recoverable		13,436	-
Prepaid		16,616	-
Assets held for sale	4	-	604,453
		945,120	661,294
Non-current assets			
Investment in associate	5	-	1
Total assets		\$ 945,120	\$ 661,295
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payables and accrued liabilities	6	\$ 149,533	\$ 403,187
Amounts due to related parties	8	109,750	41,250
Loan from related party	8	8,820	-
Liabilities related to assets held for sale	4	-	9,704
		268,103	454,141
Non-current liabilities			
Loan payable	7	40,000	40,000
Total liabilities		308,103	494,141
Equity			
Share capital	9	55,937,788	55,267,241
Share-based payments reserve	10	7,020,615	7,020,615
Accumulated other comprehensive income		-	12,094
Deficit		(62,321,386)	(62,132,796)
Total equity		637,017	167,154
Total liabilities and equity		\$ 945,120	\$ 661,295

Nature of business (Note 1)

Contingencies (Note 15)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

MOJAVE BRANDS INC.
(formerly Mojave Jane Brands Inc.)
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS
YEARS ENDED AUGUST 31

	Note	2021	2020
EXPENSES			
Accounting and audit		\$ 100,905	\$ 385,250
Consulting	8	55,000	185,434
Depreciation		-	32,054
Filing and transfer agent		31,599	37,323
Insurance		-	166,853
Legal fees		75,081	257,125
Management fees	8	75,000	57,043
Marketing and promotion		6,708	580,312
Office and general		4,230	59,918
Rent		-	185,531
Salaries and benefits	8	-	350,026
Travel		-	43,108
Loss before items below		(348,523)	(2,339,977)
Foreign exchange gain (loss)		320	(4,110)
Interest and other income		19,076	7,253
Gain on reversal of accounts payable		-	104,663
Loss from investment in associate	5	(1)	(532,329)
Reversal of provision (provision) for doubtful receivables	3	210,958	(190,628)
Write-off of equipment		-	(34,616)
Write-off of investment deposit		-	(66,445)
Loss from continuing operations		(118,170)	(3,056,189)
Loss from discontinued operations	4	(70,420)	(3,472,965)
Loss for the year		(188,590)	(6,529,154)
Other comprehensive income			
Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
Foreign currency translation adjustment		(12,094)	29,062
Comprehensive loss for the year		\$ (200,684)	\$ (6,500,092)
Basic and diluted loss per common share			
Continuing operations		\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.75)
Discontinued operations		\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.75)
		\$ (0.03)	\$ (1.50)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding		5,287,432	4,749,976

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

MOJAVE BRANDS INC.

(formerly Mojave Jane Brands Inc.)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Note	Number of Shares	Share capital	Subscriptions received (receivable)	Commitment to issue shares	Share-based payments reserve	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	Deficit	Total equity
Balance, August 31, 2019		4,281,569	\$ 52,336,779	\$ 1,109,800	\$ 403,800	\$ 6,996,645	\$ (16,968)	\$ (55,829,142)	\$ 5,000,914
Private placements	9	617,220	3,086,100	(1,109,800)	-	-	-	-	1,976,300
Share issuance costs	9	-	(124,156)	-	-	23,970	-	-	(100,186)
Exercise of restricted share units	9	6,000	61,500	-	(61,500)	-	-	-	-
Shares returned to treasury	9	(71,615)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shares returned to treasury	9	(181,519)	(60,582)	-	-	-	-	-	(60,582)
Repurchase of shares	9	-	(32,400)	-	-	-	-	-	(32,400)
Cancellation of restricted share units	10	-	-	-	(225,500)	-	-	225,500	-
Reversal of finders' shares		-	-	-	(116,800)	-	-	-	(116,800)
Loss for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,529,154)	(6,529,154)
Other comprehensive loss for the year		-	-	-	-	-	29,062	-	29,062
Balance, August 31, 2020		4,651,655	\$ 55,267,241	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,020,615	\$ 12,094	\$ (62,132,796)	\$ 167,154
Private placements	9	5,750,000	690,000	-	-	-	-	-	690,000
Shares returned to treasury	9	(155,627)	(19,453)	-	-	-	-	-	(19,453)
Shares returned to treasury	9	(3,600)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loss for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	(188,590)	(188,590)
Other comprehensive loss for the year		-	-	-	-	-	(12,094)	-	(12,094)
Balance, August 31, 2021		10,242,428	\$ 55,937,788	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,020,615	\$ -	\$ (62,321,386)	\$ 637,017

The number of shares have been restated to reflect the 25:1 share consolidation (Note 9)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

MOJAVE BRANDS INC.
(formerly Mojave Jane Brands Inc.)
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
YEARS ENDED AUGUST 31

	2021	2020
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net loss from continuing operations for the year	\$ (118,170)	\$ (3,056,189)
Items not affecting cash:		
Depreciation	-	32,054
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	-	(1,341)
Gain on reversal of accounts payable	-	(104,663)
Loss from investment in associate	1	532,329
Reversal of provision (provision) for doubtful receivables	-	190,628
Write-off of equipment	-	34,616
Changes in non-cash working capital items:		
GST recoverable	(13,436)	(78,096)
Prepaid expenses	(16,616)	205,729
Trade and other payables	(253,654)	(416,920)
Amounts due to related parties	68,500	(128,130)
Net cash used in operating activities	(333,375)	(2,789,983)
Net cash used in operating activities of discontinued operations	(3,672)	(369,147)
	(337,047)	(3,159,130)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Investment in associate	-	(532,329)
Net cash used in investing activities	-	(532,329)
Net cash provided by investing activities of discontinued operations	496,454	277,586
	496,454	(254,743)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from issuance of share capital	690,000	1,976,300
Share issuance costs	-	(100,186)
Loan proceeds from related party	8,820	-
Loan proceeds (repayment)	-	40,000
Repurchase of shares	-	(32,400)
Payment of lease liability	-	(25,270)
Net cash provided by financing activities	698,820	1,858,444
Change in cash during the year	858,227	(1,555,429)
Cash, beginning of the year	56,841	1,612,270
Cash, end of the year	\$ 915,068	\$ 56,841

There are no significant non-cash investing and financing transactions during the years ended August 31, 2021 and 2020.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

MOJAVE BRANDS INC.

(formerly Mojave Jane Brands Inc.)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021 AND 2020

1. NATURE OF BUSINESS

Mojave Brands Inc., (the “Company”) was incorporated in British Columbia on November 12, 2010. The registered office address of the Company is 1500 – 1055 West Georgia Street, P.O. Box 11117, Vancouver, BC, V6E 4N7. The principal place of business address is 2050 – 1055 West Georgia Street, P.O. Box 11121, Royal Centre, Vancouver, BC, V6E 3P3. The Company is a reporting issuer in British Columbia, Ontario and Alberta, and its common shares are traded on the Canadian Securities Exchange under the symbol “MOJO” and on the Frankfurt Exchange under symbol “FSE: 0HCN”.

On March 30, 2021, the Company changed its name from Mojave Jane Brands Inc. to Mojave Brands Inc. On April 5, 2021, the Company completed a consolidation of the Company’s issued and outstanding common shares, stock options and warrants on a basis of one (1) post-consolidation common share, stock option and warrant for every twenty-five (25) pre-consolidation common shares, stock options and warrants.

The Company’s principal business was the manufacturing, processing and sale of cannabis extracts. Currently the Company is not generating revenues as it has closed down all its operations in the US, and plans to seek out other potential strategic alliances, joint venture, acquisition, or merger opportunities.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared based on accounting principles applicable to a going concern, which assumes the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. The Company has incurred losses since inception with an accumulated deficit as at August 31, 2021 of \$62,321,386. The Company will be dependent on additional financing to meet its operating requirements over the next twelve months. Several alternatives including, but not limited to completing a financing, are being evaluated with the objective of funding potential acquisition activities and obtaining additional working capital. The continuing operations of the Company are dependent upon its ability to continue to raise adequate financing and to commence profitable operations in the future and repay its liabilities arising from normal business operations as they become due. These material uncertainties cast significant doubt on the entity’s ability to continue as a going concern.

These consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. Such adjustments could be material.

COVID-19 uncertainty

In March 2020, the COVID-19 outbreak was declared a global pandemic by the World Health Organization. Due to the rapid developments and uncertainty surrounding COVID-19, it is not possible to predict the impact that COVID-19 will have on the Company’s business, financial position and operating results in the future. Additionally, it is possible that estimates in the Company’s consolidated financial statements will change in the near term as a result of COVID-19. The Company is closely monitoring the impact of the pandemic on all aspects of its business but anticipates that COVID-19 may impact the Company’s ability to raise financing.

These consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on December 17, 2021.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”).

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd...)

Basis of consolidation

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Coachellagro Corp. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. All inter-company transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Company's subsidiary, HS Airway, was dissolved on October 30, 2020.

Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the functional currency of the Company. The functional currency for the subsidiary of the Company is the United States dollar ("USD"), and the financial statement items of the subsidiary are measured using that functional currency.

Basis of measurement

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values. In addition these financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information.

Significant accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes can differ from those estimates and judgments. The impacts of such estimates are pervasive throughout the financial statements and may require accounting adjustments based on future occurrences. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised.

Areas requiring a significant degree of estimation and judgment by the Company's management relate to but are not limited to:

- whether an indication of impairment loss or a reversal of an impairment loss exists for property, plant and equipment and finite lived intangible assets;
- judgments used in determining if an acquisition constitutes a business combination or asset acquisition;
- judgments used in determining whether the Company has acquired significant influence over an entity;
- amortization methods and periods used for property, plant and equipment and finite lived intangible assets;
- the collectability of accounts or loans receivable;
- the fair value measurements for financial instruments;
- the recoverability and measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities;
- the fair value estimation of share-based payments and awards; and
- whether the Company has sufficient financing to operate as a going concern.

Actual results may differ from those estimates and judgments.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies set out below have been consistently applied to all years presented in these consolidated financial statements, unless otherwise indicated.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and at banks and highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash.

Property, plant and equipment

Equipment is recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The cost of an item of equipment consists of the purchase price, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset into operation and an initial estimate of the rehabilitation obligation. Depreciation is provided over the related assets' estimated useful life using the following methods and annual rates:

Automobiles	20% declining balance and double-declining balance
Computer equipment	20% - 30% declining balance
Equipment	14% - 30% declining balance and double-declining balance
Furniture and fixtures	20% declining balance
Leasehold improvements	Lease term

Impairment of non-financial assets

Impairment tests on intangible assets with indefinite useful economic lives are undertaken annually at the financial year-end. Other non-financial assets including property, plant and equipment are subject to impairment tests whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amount may not be recoverable. Where the carrying value of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of the value in use and fair value less costs to sell, the asset is written down accordingly.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the impairment test is carried out on the asset's cash-generating unit, which is the lowest group of assets in which the asset belongs for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets.

Investment in associates

Associates are entities over which the Company exercises significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but without control or joint control over those policies. The Company accounts for associates using the equity method of accounting. Interests in associates accounted for using the equity method are initially recognized at cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, the carrying value of the Company's interest in an associate is adjusted for the Company's share of comprehensive income and distributions of the investee. The carrying value of associates is assessed for impairment at each statement of financial position date.

MOJAVE BRANDS INC.

(formerly Mojave Jane Brands Inc.)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021 AND 2020

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

Financial instruments

(i) Financial assets

All financial assets are measured at fair value on initial recognition. Measurement in subsequent periods depends on the financial assets' classification, as described below:

Fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"): Financial instruments designated at FVTPL are initially recognized and subsequently measured at fair value with changes in those fair values charged immediately to net earnings. Financial instruments under this classification include cash.

Amortized cost: Financial instruments designated at amortized cost are initially recognized at fair value, net of directly attributable transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Financial instruments under this classification include trade and other receivables.

Fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"): Financial instruments designated at FVOCI are initially recognized at fair value, net of directly attributable transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income, net of tax. None of the Company's financial assets are classified as FVTOCI.

(ii) Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are initially recorded at fair value and designated upon inception as FVTPL or amortized cost. Financial liabilities classified at amortized cost are initially recognized at fair value less directly attributable transaction costs. The Company's accounts payable, amounts due to related parties, loan payable and loan from related party are classified at amortized cost. The Company does not currently have any FVTPL financial liabilities.

(iii) Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets that are measured at amortized cost. At each reporting date, the loss allowance for the financial asset is measured at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition. If at the reporting date, the credit risk of the financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the loss allowance is measured for the financial asset at an amount equal to twelve month expected credit losses. For trade receivables the Company applies the simplified approach to providing for expected credit losses, which allows the use of a lifetime expected loss provision. Impairment losses on financial assets carried at amortized cost are reversed in subsequent periods if the amount of the loss decreases and the decrease can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized. During the year ended August 31, 2021, the Company has recorded a provision for doubtful receivables totaling \$nil (2020 - \$190,628) and a recovery of provision for doubtful receivables of \$210,958 (2020 - \$nil).

Share capital

The Company records proceeds from the issuance of its common shares as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new common shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. Common shares issued for consideration other than cash are valued based on their market value at the date that shares are issued.

Proceeds from unit placements are allocated between share and warrants using the residual method.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

Earnings / loss per share

Basic earnings/loss per share is calculated by dividing the loss attributable to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding in the period. Dilutive earnings per share reflect the potential dilution of securities that could share in the earnings of an entity. In periods where a net loss is incurred, potentially dilutive common shares are excluded from the loss per share calculation as the effect would be anti-dilutive and basic and diluted loss per common share is the same. In a profit year, under the treasury stock method, the weighted average number of common shares outstanding used for the calculation of diluted earnings per share assumes that the proceeds to be received on the exercise of dilutive stock options and warrants are used to repurchase common shares at the average price during the year.

Share-based payments

The Company's share option plan allows Company employees and consultants to acquire shares of the Company. The fair value of options granted is recognized as an employee or consultant expense with a corresponding increase in equity. An individual is classified as an employee when the individual is an employee for legal or tax purpose (direct employee) or provides services similar to those performed by a direct employee.

The Company accounts for stock options issued to employees at the fair value determined on the grant date using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The fair value of the options is recognized as an expense using the graded vesting method where the fair value of each tranche is recognized over its respective vesting period. When stock options are forfeited prior to becoming fully vested, any expense previously recorded is reversed.

Share-based payments made to non-employees are measured at the fair value of the goods or services received or the fair value of the equity instruments issued, if it is determined that the fair value of the goods or services cannot be reliably measured. These payments are recorded at the date of the goods and services are received.

Foreign currency translation

The financial statements for the Company and its subsidiaries are prepared using their functional currencies. Functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which an entity operates.

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated using the historical rate on the date of the transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are stated at fair value are translated using the historical rate on the date that the fair value was determined. All gains and losses on translation of these foreign currency transactions are charged to profit or loss.

Subsidiaries that have functional currencies other than the Canadian dollar translate their statement of comprehensive loss items at the average rate during the year. Assets and liabilities are translated at exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Exchange rate variations resulting from the retranslation at the closing rate of the net investment in these subsidiaries, together with differences between their statement of comprehensive loss items translated at actual and average rates, are recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). On disposition or partial disposition of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount of related exchange difference is recognized in the statement of comprehensive loss.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

Income taxes

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current period are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the Canadian taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Current tax is recognized in net income except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or items recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income or loss. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided using the balance sheet method on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax is recognized in net income except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or items recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income or loss.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized only to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

4. ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

During the year ended August 31, 2019, the Company initiated a plan to dispose of certain asset groups and as a result, certain asset groups were reclassified as assets held for sale. As at August 31, 2020, the following asset groups are classified as held for sale or discontinued operations. As at August 31, 2021, the Company had disposed all the asset groups.

Coachellagro Corp. (“Coachellagro”)

Coachellagro owns a parcel of land in Coachella, California, where the Company intended to build a facility. During the year ended August 31, 2019, the Company determined that it would no longer pursue the development of the land and committed to a plan to locate a buyer for the land. As a result, the Company reclassified Coachellagro as an asset held for sale and recorded an impairment of \$5,077,872 to write down the asset group to the lesser of its carrying value and fair value less cost to sell, which was determined through an assessment of the market value of similar parcels of land. During the year ended August 31, 2020, the Company assessed a further impairment of \$889,215 due to the decrease in value of the land. During the year ended August 31, 2021, the Company sold the land and realized a loss of \$88,546.

MOJAVE JANE BRANDS INC.

(formerly High Hampton Holdings Corp.)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021 AND 2020

4. ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (cont'd...)

HS Airway Holdings (“HS Airway”)

HS Airway owned intellectual properties of the CALIGOLD edible brand and had manufacturing operations of multi-strain cannabis infused chocolate bars. During the year ended August 31, 2020, as part of the outcome of the Company’s strategic review of operations and assets, the Company divested the CALIGOLD brands back to its former founding owner in consideration of the former founding owner settling certain liabilities of the Company and returning 155,627 common shares of the Company back to the Company’s treasury for cancellation. During the year ended August 31, 2020, the Company recognized a loss of \$1,116,271 from the discontinued operation of HS Airway. On October 30, 2020, the Company dissolved HS Airway.

The recoverable amount, which represents the lesser of the carrying value and fair value less costs of sell, of the above noted assets groups are as follows.

As at August 31, 2020	Coachellagro	HS Airway	Total
Assets			
Land	\$ 585,000	\$ -	\$ 585,000
Property and equipment	-	19,453	19,453
Total assets held for sale	\$ 585,000	19,453	\$ 604,453
Current liabilities	\$ -	\$ 9,704	\$ 9,704
Total liabilities held for sale	\$ -	\$ 9,704	\$ 9,704

MOJAVE BRANDS INC.

(formerly Mojave Jane Brands Inc.)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**YEARS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021 AND 2020****4. ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (cont'd...)**

During the years ended August 31, 2021 and 2020, net loss attributable to the asset groups held for sale and discontinued operations are summarized as follows.

Year ended August 31, 2021	Coachellagro	HS Airway	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Insurance	(1,851)	-	(1,851)
State franchise tax	(1,821)	-	(1,821)
Extinguishment of accounts payables	-	9,853	9,853
Loss on sale of land	(88,546)	-	(88,546)
Other income	-	11,945	11,945
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	(92,218)	21,798	(70,420)

Year ended August 31, 2020	Coachellagro	420 Realty	Mojave LLC	HS Airway	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Sales	-	-	68,344	1,177	69,521
Cost of goods sold	-	-	(118,338)	(15,984)	(134,322)
Consulting and professional fees	-	-	(51,376)	(5,501)	(56,877)
Depreciation	-	-	(189,860)	(24,367)	(214,227)
Office and general	-	(67,403)	(35,892)	(299,940)	(403,235)
Travel	-	-	-	(10,607)	(10,607)
Other income	-	-	6,424	7,698	14,122
Impairment loss	(748,364)	(569,125)	(836,875)	(725,555)	(2,879,919)
Deferred income tax recovery	-	-	185,771	(43,192)	142,579
Loss from discontinued operations	(748,364)	(636,528)	(971,802)	(1,116,271)	(3,472,965)

MOJAVE BRANDS INC.

(formerly Mojave Jane Brands Inc.)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021 AND 2020

5. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATE

During the year ended August 31, 2019, the Company acquired a 20.75% strategic minority interest in the 2083 Group, Inc. (“2083 Group”), a California based entity, best known for their Speed Weed delivery platform and services. To acquire the 20.75% interest, the Company made cash payments totaling \$658,450 (\$500,000 USD) and issued 90,435 common shares of the Company with a fair value of \$723,478 for total consideration of \$1,381,928. As at the date of the acquisition, the 2083 Group had a net liability position of \$36,494 USD. The excess of the cost over the Company’s share of the net fair value of the 2083 Group’s identifiable assets and liabilities was allocated to goodwill.

The Company’s investment in the 2083 Group is recorded using the equity method as management determined that the Company has significant influence over the 2083 Group. During the period from the Company’s acquisition of 20.75% interest to August 31, 2019, 2083 Group incurred a loss of \$72,875, of which \$20,042 is attributable to the Company before impairment of goodwill (see below).

As at August 31, 2019, 2083 Group had total assets of \$69,866 USD and total liabilities of \$183,309 USD. The Company evaluated the carrying value of its goodwill in 2083 Group and estimated the net recoverable amount to be \$1 of the cash generating unit.

Pursuant to the terms of the underlying share purchase agreement with shareholders of the 2083 Group, the Company was committed to investing an additional \$1,580,000 USD upon the achievement of certain milestones by the 2083 Group. In October 2019, the Company invested additional \$532,329 (\$400,000 USD) to increase its ownership interest in 2083 Group to just over 26%. In May 2020, as part of the outcome of the Company’s strategic review of operations and assets, the Company decided not to proceed with further investment in 2083 Group and thus wrote off the investment costs of \$532,329 for the year ended August 31, 2020. During the year ended August 31, 2021, the Company further wrote off the investment costs to \$nil.

6. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	2021	2020
Trade payables	\$ 129,533	\$ 366,187
Accrued liabilities	20,000	37,000
	<u>\$ 149,533</u>	<u>\$ 403,187</u>

Trade payables of the Company are principally comprised of amounts outstanding for trade purchases relating to general operating activities. The usual credit period taken for trade purchases is between 30 to 90 days.

7. LOAN PAYABLE

In May 2020, the Company opened a Canada Emergency Business Account (“CEBA”) and received a loan of \$40,000 from the Canadian Government. The loan is unsecured and non-interest bearing until December 31, 2022. The principal amount of the loan will be reduced to \$30,000 if it is repaid before December 31, 2022.

MOJAVE BRANDS INC.

(formerly Mojave Jane Brands Inc.)

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEARS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021 AND 2020****8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES**

Amounts due to related parties of \$109,750 (August 31, 2020 - \$41,250) related to consulting and management fees due to a director, a company controlled by a director of the Company, and a company controlled by a close family member of a director of the Company and are unsecured, non-interest bearing, and have no specific terms of repayment.

During the year ended August 31, 2021, the Company received \$8,820 (US\$7,000) loan from a director of the Company. The loan payable is unsecured, payable on demand and bears no interest.

Key management personnel include directors (executive and non-executive) and officers of the Company. The compensation paid or payable to key management personnel during the year ended August 31 is as follows:

	2021	2020
Management and director fees	\$ 75,000	\$ 57,043
Salaries and benefits	-	257,007
Total	\$ 75,000	\$ 314,050

The Company entered into the following transactions relating to key management personnel and entities over which they have control or significant influence during the year ended August 31, 2021:

- Incurred management fees of \$45,000 (2020 - \$41,250) and director fees of \$nil (2020 - \$15,793) to the former CEO of the Company.
- Incurred management fees of \$30,000 (2020 - \$nil) to a company controlled by a director of the Company.
- Incurred consulting fees of \$40,000 (2020 - \$nil) to a company controlled by a close family member of a director of the Company.
- Incurred salaries of \$nil (2020 - \$128,434) to the former Chief Executive Officer of the Company.
- Incurred salaries of \$nil (2020 - \$128,573) to the former Chief Operating Officer of the Company.

During the year ended August 31, 2021, the Company entered into an administrative services agreement with a company controlled by a director of the Company for administrative and accounting services for a monthly fee of \$10,000.

During the year ended August 31, 2021, a service vendor of the Company assigned an aggregate of \$247,230 of account receivable debt to two debt purchasers related to a director of the Company for a total of \$100,000. The Company subsequently repaid the debt amount totalling \$247,230 to the debt purchasers.

9. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorized share capital

The Company has authorized an unlimited number of common shares with no par value.

Issued share capital

At August 31, 2021, the Company had 10,242,428 common shares outstanding (August 31, 2020 - 4,651,655).

Share issuance and cancellation

During the year ended August 31, 2021, the Company:

- a) Completed a non-brokered private placement of 5,750,000 units at a price of \$0.12 per unit for gross proceeds of \$690,000. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one share purchase warrant; each warrant entitles the holder to acquire one additional common share for a period of 24 months at an exercise price of \$0.15.
- b) Received 155,627 common shares of the Company with a fair value of \$19,453 and returned them to the Company's treasury for cancellation pursuant to the settlement agreement with the two former owners of HS Airway (Note 4).
- c) Received 3,600 common shares of the Company and returned them to the Company's treasury pursuant to an agreement signed on July 30, 2019.

During the year ended August 31, 2020, the Company:

- a) Completed a non-brokered private placement of 617,220 units at a price of \$5.00 per unit for gross proceeds of \$3,086,100. Each unit is comprised of one common share and one share purchase warrant; each warrant entitles the holder to acquire one additional common share for a period of 24 months at an exercise price of \$7.50. In connection with the private placement, the Company paid a finder's fee of \$100,186 and issued 13,897 agent's warrants. The agent's warrants were valued at \$23,970 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model (assuming a risk-free interest rate of 1.6%, an expected life of 1 years, annualized volatility of 107.63% and a dividend rate of 0%). Each agent's warrant entitles the holder to acquire one common share at a price of \$5.00 until September 9, 2020.
- b) Issued 6,000 common shares pursuant to its restricted share units plan.
- c) Paid \$32,400 for 3,600 common shares held in escrow for cancellation pursuant to an agreement signed on July 30, 2019.
- d) 239,615 common shares formerly held under voluntary escrow agreements were released and returned to treasury for cancellation.
- e) 13,519 common shares were returned to treasury for cancellation pursuant to the Bravo/8 Point settlement agreement.

MOJAVE BRANDS INC.
(formerly Mojave Jane Brands Inc.)
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEARS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021 AND 2020

10. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

Stock options

The Company's Board of Directors approved the implementation of an aggregate maximum of 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares may be issued for granting of options to directors, senior officers, full time employees of the Company, affiliates or subsidiaries, or any consultants to the Company. The terms of the awards under the Plan are determined by the Board of Directors.

Stock option transactions are summarized as follows:

	Number of options		Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance, August 31, 2019	190,000	\$	8.75
Cancelled / Expired	(170,000)		9.00
Balance, August 31, 2020 and 2021	20,000	\$	8.50
Exercisable at August 31, 2020 and 2021	20,000	\$	8.50
Weighted average fair value of options granted during the year		\$	nil (2020 - \$nil)

The options outstanding at August 31, 2021 have an exercise price of \$8.50 and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 2.69 years.

As at August 31, 2021, the following stock options were outstanding:

Number of Options	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
20,000	\$ 8.50	May 8, 2024

Performance Share Units and Restricted Share Units

The Company's Board of Directors approved the implementation of a restricted share unit plan (the "RSU Plan"). Under the RSU Plan, eligible persons may (at the discretion of the Board) be allocated several RSUs as the Board deems appropriate, with vesting provisions also to be determined by the Board, subject to a maximum vesting term of three (3) years from the end of the calendar year in which RSUs were granted. Upon vesting, eligible participants shall be entitled to a cash payment equal to the number of RSUs granted, multiplied by the fair market value of the Company's common shares on the redemption date. The Company shall also have the option (at the discretion of the Board) to settle amounts owing to eligible persons via the issuance of common shares of the Company.

On December 1, 2017, 102,000 Restricted Share Units ("RSUs") were granted to a senior officers, directors and consultants of the Company. The share price on December 1, 2017 was \$10.25. The RSUs were fully vested upon grant and as a result, the Company recorded share-based compensation expense of \$1,045,500 during the year ended August 31, 2018. Of the total RSUs granted, the Company has issued 80,000 common shares. The remaining 22,000 RSUs were cancelled during the year ended August 31, 2020. There were no RSUs outstanding as at August 31, 2020 and 2021.

MOJAVE BRANDS INC.

(formerly Mojave Jane Brands Inc.)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021 AND 2020

10. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (cont'd...)**Warrants**

Warrants are issued as private placement incentives. Agents' warrants are measured at fair value on the date of the grant as determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model.

Warrant transactions are summarized as follows:

	Number of Warrants		Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance, August 31, 2019	1,349,178	\$	22.49
Warrants issued	637,220		7.50
Agent's warrants issued	13,897		5.00
Expired	(1,349,178)		22.49
Balance, August 31, 2020	651,117	\$	7.45
Warrants issued	5,750,000		0.15
Agent's warrants expired	(13,897)		5.00
Balance, August 31, 2021	6,387,220	\$	0.88

The warrants outstanding at August 31, 2021 have exercise prices ranging from \$0.15 to \$7.50 and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 1.68 year.

As at August 31, 2021, the following warrants were outstanding:

Number of Warrants	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
637,220	\$ 7.50	September 9, 2021 (subsequently expired)
5,750,000	\$ 0.15	July 12, 2023

MOJAVE BRANDS INC.

(formerly Mojave Jane Brands Inc.)

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEARS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021 AND 2020****11. SEGMENTED INFORMATION****Operating segments**

The Company operates in a single reportable segment – manufacturing, processing and sale of cannabis extracts.

	Cannabis production	Cannabis infused products	Corporate	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Year ended August 31, 2021				
Revenue	-	-	-	-
Gross profit (loss)	-	-	-	-
Net loss from continuing operations	-	-	(118,170)	(118,170)
Net income (loss) from discontinued operations	(92,218)	21,798	-	(70,420)
Year ended August 31, 2020				
Revenue	-	69,521	-	69,521
Gross profit (loss)	-	(64,801)	-	(64,801)
Net loss from continuing operations	-	-	(3,056,189)	(3,056,189)
Net loss from discontinued operations	(1,384,893)	(2,088,072)	-	(3,472,965)

Geographic segments

The Company's non-current assets are located in Canada and the United States as follows:

At August 31, 2021:

	Canada	USA	Total
Property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

At August 31, 2020:

	Canada	USA	Total
Property	\$ -	\$ 604,453	\$ 604,453
Investment in associate	-	1	1
	\$ -	\$ 604,454	\$ 604,454

MOJAVE BRANDS INC.
(formerly Mojave Jane Brands Inc.)
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEARS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021 AND 2020

12. INCOME TAXES

A reconciliation of income taxes at statutory rates with the reported taxes is as follows:

	2021	2020
Loss before tax from continuing operations	\$ (118,170)	\$ (3,056,189)
Loss before tax from discontinued operations	(70,420)	(3,472,965)
Statutory tax rate	27%	27%
Expected income tax recovery at statutory rates	\$ (50,919)	\$ (1,805,579)
Permanent differences and other	(4,777,081)	1,312,000
Changes in tax benefits not recognized	4,828,000	493,579
Deferred income tax recovery	\$ -	\$ -

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities

Significant components of the company's deferred income tax assets (liabilities) are as follows:

	2021	2020
Deferred income tax assets:		
Non-capital loss carry forwards	\$ 5,469,000	\$ 5,369,000
Allowable capital loss carry forwards	4,815,000	2,443,000
Investment in associate	-	(2,442,000)
Share issuance costs	85,000	201,000
Unrecognized deferred income tax assets	\$ 10,369,000	\$ 5,571,000

The Company has available for deduction against future taxable income, Canadian non-capital losses of approximately \$20,365,000 which will begin to expire in 2032. Management has estimated United States non-capital losses to be immaterial.

MOJAVE BRANDS INC.

(formerly Mojave Jane Brands Inc.)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021 AND 2020

13. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

As of August 31, 2021, the carrying amounts of accounts payables, amounts due to related parties, loan payable and loan from related party carried at amortized cost are considered a reasonable approximation of their fair values due to the relatively short period to maturity of these financial instruments.

Financial risk management

The Company's financial risks arising from its financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk and foreign currency exchange risk. Risk management is carried out by the Company's management team with guidance from the Audit Committee under policies approved by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors also provides regular guidance for overall risk management.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of potential loss to the Company if the counter party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The credit risk of the Company is associated with cash and GST recoverable. The credit risk with respect to its cash is minimal as they are held with high-credit quality financial institutions. The GST recoverable is due from the Canadian Government. Management does not expect these counterparties to fail to meet their obligations.

Liquidity risk

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have enough liquidity to meet liabilities when due, as they fall due. As at August 31, 2021, the Company has a cash balance of \$915,068 and current liabilities of \$268,103. The Company's financial liabilities include trade payables and amounts due to related parties which have contractual maturities of 30 days or are due on demand. The Company's accounts payable have contractual maturities of less than 30 days and are subject to normal trade terms. The loan payable is not contractually repayable before December 31, 2022.

Interest rate risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk arising from cash held in Canadian financial institutions. The interest rate risk on cash is not considered significant due to its short-term nature and maturity. The exposure to interest rates for the Company is considered minimal. The Company has not used any financial instrument to hedge potential fluctuations in interest rates.

Foreign currency exchange risk

Foreign currency exchange risk is the risk that fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's functional currency is the Canadian dollar and administrative expenditures are transacted in Canadian dollars. The Company funds its operations in the United States by using USD converted from its Canadian bank accounts. At August 31, 2021, the Company had financial assets of \$497,567 and financial liabilities of \$50,828 denominated in United States dollars. A 10% strengthening of the US dollar would affect net loss by approximately \$45,000. The Company does not hedge its foreign exchange risk.

14. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value hierarchy establishes three levels to classify the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 inputs are quoted prices in markets that are not active, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, or inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data or other means. Level 3 inputs are unobservable (supported by little or no market activity). The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs.

Financial instruments measured at fair value on the statement of financial position are summarized in levels of fair value hierarchy as follows. There have been no changes in these levels and no changes in classifications during the year ended August 31, 2021.

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
August 31, 2021				
Cash	\$ 915,068	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 915,068
August 31, 2020				
Cash	\$ 56,841	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 56,841

15. CONTINGENCIES

- i) In July 2020, a former consultant of the Company filed a claim against a subsidiary of the Company in California claiming an unpaid settlement amount related to consulting services provided. During the year ended August 31, 2021, the Company settled the claim with the former consultant for an amount of \$15,000.
- ii) In July 2021, the Company was served by the Court of California a claim naming the Company as one of the defendants. The claim was filed by the former owners of 420 Realty, a former subsidiary of the Company. The Company believes the action to be without merit and intends to defend this claim. Due to the uncertainty of the timing or outcome of the claim, no provision has been recognized as of August 31, 2021.

16. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company manages its capital structure and adjusts it, based on the funds available to the Company to support the growth and development of its subsidiaries and additional acquisition opportunities. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business. The Company defines capital to include all components of its shareholders' equity.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable. There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the period. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.