High Hampton Holdings Corp.

(Formerly Herbal Clone Bank Canada Inc.)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For The Year Ended August 31, 2016

INTRODUCTION

This management discussion and analysis ("MD&A") of the Company covering the year ended August 31, 2016 is prepared as of December 27, 2016. This MD&A reviews and summarizes the activities of High Hampton Holdings Corp. (the "Company") and compares the financial results for the year ended August 31, 2016 with the prior year. This information should be read along with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended August 31, 2016 and related notes attached thereto, which were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). All amounts herein are stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated.

Forward Looking Statements

This MD&A may contain "forward looking statements" that reflect the Company's current expectations and projections about its future results. When used in this MD&A, words such as "estimate", "intend", "expect", "anticipate" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, which, by their very nature, are not guarantees of the Company's future operational or financial performance, and are subject to risks and uncertainties and other factors that could cause the Company's actual results, performance, prospects or opportunities to differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, these forward-looking statements. In this MD&A, such forward looking statements include statements concerning the Company's business objectives that have not yet materialized; the Company's investigation of business opportunities; the Company's goal to commence operations; the Company's intent and ability to raise capital; and the Company's goal to enhance shareholder value.

Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this MD&A or as of the date otherwise specifically indicated herein. Due to risks and uncertainties identified elsewhere in this MD&A, actual results may differ materially from current expectations. The Company disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Description of Business

High Hampton Holdings Corp. was incorporated under the name Infinity Minerals Corp. on November 12, 2010, under the laws of the province of British Columbia, Canada. The name of the Company was changed to Herbal Clone Bank Canada Inc. on August 29, 2014 and subsequently to High Hampton Holdings Corp. on June 18, 2015. The corporate office and principal place of business address is Suite 804 - 750 W Pender Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6C 2T7. The Company is a reporting issuer in British Columbia, Ontario and Alberta, and its common shares are traded on the Canadian Securities Exchange (the "CSE") under the symbol "HC" and on the Frankfurt Exchange under the symbol "OHC".

The Company's wholly owned subsidiary, The Herbal Clone Bank Inc. ("**THC**"), is a private company that was acquired by the Company by way of a reverse takeover on August 31, 2014. THC had made application with Health Canada in 2013 to become a Licensed Producer under (and as defined in) the *Marihuana for Medical Purposes Regulations* (the "**MMPR**")¹.

¹ Health Canada's MMPR was recently modified on August 24, 2016 and renamed *Access to Cannabis for Medical Purposes Regulations* (ACMPR) but for the purposes of this MD&A, the acronym MMPR will be used to refer to the current Health Canada regulations.

THC's business objective was initially to supply vegetative (first growth) stage cannabis to Licensed Producers enabling them to focus exclusively on the flowering stage of crop production, and thereby eliminating first growth stage infrastructure costs and doubling output by cutting grow cycles from 16 weeks to eight. THC's business plan also anticipated the development of a horticultural facility in Okanagan Falls, British Columbia from which specific services were to be provided including propagation, direct cultivation and sale of purebred cultivars optimized for medical purposes; cloning; marihuana strain storage and database maintenance. Although THC's MMPR license application was submitted to Health Canada in November 2013, the application did not proceed to the final stages and no facility was ultimately built. Consequently, during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2016, the Company commenced investigation into alternative avenues of entry into the medical and/or retail marijuana industry.

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS, TRANSACTIONS AND ACTIVITIES

New Business Opportunities

During the Company's last fiscal year, with the increasing uncertainty in the laws and regulations relating to the marijuana industry in Canada and the lengthy application processes and wait times involved in obtaining an MMPR license, the Issuer eventually ceased the active pursuit of its own license and commenced investigation into available marijuana-related business opportunities. On September 28th, 2015, the Company announced the acquisition of an on-line marijuana industry-focused social and business network. However, on October 8, 2015 after further due diligence, the Company cancelled the transaction. Throughout the year, Company management continued to investigate potential revenue-generating opportunities and is currently engaged in discussions with several cannabis-related businesses seeking to enter the public marketplace. Current management continues to assess viable marijuana ventures with a view to an acquisition of or strategic alliance with an existing licensed producer or an entity offering products or services in the marijuana sector that does not require a MMPR license for its activities. Any fundamental change in the Company's business will require appropriate regulatory filings and pre-approval of the CSE.

Share Consolidation

On September 16, 2015, the Company consolidated its shares on the basis of one new share for every ten old shares, in order to provide more flexibility in raising funds. All references to number of shares and per share amounts herein are expressed as *post-consolidation* values.

Shares for Debt

During the fiscal year ended August 31, 2016, the Company settled accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$150,000 through the issuance of 3,000,000 common shares of the Company.

Debt Settlements for Reduced Cash Payments

During the fiscal year ended August 31, 2016, the Company entered into Debt Settlement Agreements with certain trade creditors for reduced cash payments whereby accounts payables totaling \$155,019 were reduced to \$76,679 and the remaining debt of \$78,340 was forgiven.

In addition, at the end of the Company's 2016 fiscal year, the Company entered into Debt Settlement Agreements with its key management personnel whereby accrued management fees totaling \$163,400 were reduced to \$2,750 and the remaining debt of \$160,650 was forgiven.

Accordingly the Company recorded an aggregate gain on debt settlements of \$238,990 during the year ended August 31, 2016.

Resignation of Director

On October 8, 2015, the Company accepted the resignation of Terry Johnson, CPA as a director and CFO and appointed Christopher Cherry as a director and CFO in his stead. Mr. Cherry resigned on November 22, 2016 and was succeeded by Rukie Liyanage as Chief Financial Officer of the Company

Proposed Private Placement

On January 14, 2016, the Company announced that it proposed to raise up to \$200,000 by way of a non-brokered private placement of up to 4,000,000 units of the Company at a price of \$0.05 per unit; each unit consisting of one common share and one non-transferable common share purchase warrant exercisable at a price of \$0.05 per share for a period of 24 months from the closing. Subsequent to the end of the Company's 2016 fiscal year, the Company announced an increase and amendment to the proposed units offering. As of the date of the issuance of this MD&A, the private placement is still in process.

Revocation of Cease Trade Order

On January 18, 2016, a BC Securities Commission cease trade order was imposed pending correction of the Company's 2015 annual financial statements. Upon filing of Amended and Restated audited financial statements for the year ended August 31, 2015 and unaudited financial statements for the first fiscal quarter of 2016, the cease trade order was revoked effective April 6, 2016 allowing resumption of trading of the Company's shares. However, the Company's shares remain halted by the CSE pending filing of all required reports.

Mineral Property Interests

The Company still holds a 100% interest in two contiguous mineral tenures known as the Rainbow Claim Group comprising 317.64 hectares located approximately four kilometers northwest of the community of Midway in south central British Columbia and known as the Rainbow Claim Group. The Company maintains good standing on the property's mineral titles but ceased all mining exploration activities in 2014. All costs associated with these properties were previously written off by the Company and, as at August 31, 2016, the Company had no restoration and environmental obligations with respect to its mineral claims. The Company intends to sell the Rainbow Claim Group to a third party.

Subsequent Events

Corporate Changes

At the Company's Annual General Meeting held on November 22, 2016, Mr. Brendan Purdy, Mr. Johnathan Dewdney, and Mr. Rukie Liyanage were appointed as directors of the Company. Former management resigned as of the date of the Annual General Meeting, and Mr. Brendan Purdy was appointed as President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company and Mr. Rukie Liyanage as Chief Financial Officer of the Company.

Amendment of Proposed Private Placement

On November 28, 2016, the Company announced an increase in its previously announced non-brokered private placement offering. The Company proposes to issue up to 40,000,000 units (each a "Unit") at a price of \$0.05 per Unit for aggregate gross proceeds of up to \$2,000,000. Each Unit will consist of one common share in the capital of the Company and one half of one common share purchase warrant, with each whole warrant exercisable to acquire one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.05 for a period of 24 months following closing of the offering. Finders fees may be payable in connection with the private placement as permitted under the policies of the Canadian Securities Exchange. Net proceeds from the private placement will be utilized for general working capital. As at the date of this MD&A, the private placement has not closed.

CSE Reinstatement

On November 22, 2016, the Company announced that it intends to apply for revocation of the CSE trading suspension following payment of all outstanding CSE fees and reinstatement fees, the completion of the proposed private placement offering, and the approval by the CSE of the Company's updated Listing Statement.

SELECTED ANNUAL INFORMATION

	Year ended August 31,			
	2016	2015	2014	
Total revenues	\$-	\$3,308	\$11,775	
Income or Loss before Discontinued Operations & Extraordinary Items	(\$168,843)	(\$780,278)	(\$5,387,534)	
Net Loss in total	(\$168,843)	(\$780,278)	(\$5,387,534)	
Basic and Diluted Loss per Share	(0.06)	(0.03)	(0.26)	
Total Assets	23,922	83,375	1,046,537	
Total Long Term Liabilities	-	-	-	
Cash dividends declared per share	-	-	-	

DISCUSSION OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of the operating results and financial condition of the Company should be read in conjunction with the Company's Audited Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereof for the fiscal year ending August 31, 2016.

The Company is still an early stage company and has earned only nominal consulting revenues since inception. During the year ended August 31, 2016, the Company received revenues of \$Nil compared to \$3,308 during the previous fiscal year. After receiving CSE approval for a change of business, the Company awaited its "permit to build" document from Health Canada which was a required phase in its application for an MMPR license. However, the lengthy application process and inordinate wait times involved in obtaining the legal right and license to carry on business in the marijuana sector has hindered and delayed the Company in its efforts to enter that market and generate revenues from marijuana-related activities.

During the 2016 fiscal year, the backlog of MMPR license applications at Health Canada continued to increase and with no assurance of a grant of an MMPR license to operate in the marijuana sector, management began to seek alternative opportunities in the marijuana industry in Canada, as well as in the United States where the laws have changed regarding commercialization of marijuana-related activities. None of these recent initiatives have yet progressed beyond the discussion stage.

As at August 31, 2016, the Company had current assets of \$23,922 was in cash and GST recoverable. In addition, there were current liabilities in the amount of \$247,795 which was comprised of accounts payable of \$46,678 (including unpaid legal and audit fees and a number of smaller accrued liabilities), loans payable totalling \$168,367, and \$32,750 owing to directors and former directors.

The Company began the 2016 fiscal year with no cash. During the year, there were operating activity net cash outflows of \$222,671 primarily as a result of a net loss for the period of \$168,843; payments of trade payables and accrued liabilities totalling \$187,229; a gain of \$238,990 resulting from various debt settlements with trade creditors; a gain of \$67,000 resulting from forfeiture of non-refundable deposits; and the impairment of loan receivable of \$64,800. Financing activities during the period consisted of an increase in loans payable of \$150,000 and increases of \$78,151 in amounts due to related parties. There were no investing activities during the year.

The Company expended a total of \$402,848 during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2016, compared to expenses totalling \$763,679 in the prior period. The following itemizes the variance in costs between the 2016 and 2015 fiscal periods:

• Legal and audit fees for fiscal 2016 was \$10,685 (2015 - \$85,317) which decreased over the prior period primarily due to reduced business activities.

- Consulting fees of \$164,762 decreased substantially from the prior year (2015 \$251,084) due to
 cessation of the advancement of the Company's MMPR license application and a primary focus on
 research and project evaluation costs.
- \$2,035 (2015 \$158,731) was expended on office and general administrative costs covering office rent
 and related office supply and services components. These costs decreased over that expended on such
 costs in the previous period because of the Company closed the Kelowna, BC offices of its subsidiary
 companies.
- Management fees of \$213,000 expensed during the year ended August 31, 2016 were consistent with the
 prior year (2015 \$236,035) but were offset by a gain of \$160,650 realized as a result of the agreement of
 former key personnel to forgive that amount of their management fees due to the decreased activity of
 the Company during the year.
- Transfer agent costs were \$1,807 in fiscal 2016 (2015 \$10,501).

During the fiscal year ended August 31, 2016, the Company also wrote off equipment of \$907, prepaid expenses of \$5,000 and accounts receivable of \$6,278.

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

The table below summarizes the financial results for each of the Company's eight most recently completed quarters. The following financial data has been prepared in accordance with IFRS and all figures are stated in Canadian dollars.

	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
Financial results:	Aug 31, 2016	May 31, 2016	Feb 29, 2016	Nov 30, 2015
Net (loss) profit for the period	\$167,948	\$(75,597)	\$(57,097)	\$(204,097)
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$0.06	\$0.02	\$0.02	\$0.07
Balance sheet data:				
Cash	\$5,480	\$888	-	-
Total assets	\$23,922	\$92,297	\$88,731	\$85,978
Shareholders' Equity (deficit)	\$(159,073)	\$(391,821)	\$316,224	\$(259,127)

	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
Financial results:	Aug 31, 2015	May 31, 2015	Feb 28, 2015	Nov 30, 2014
Net (loss) profit for the period	\$(116,254)	\$(90,616)	\$(214,062)	\$(359,346)
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$0.03	\$0.03	\$0.05	\$0.02
Balance sheet data:				
Cash	\$0.00	\$36,694	\$67,632	\$254,384
Total assets	\$83,375	\$120,329	\$225,944	\$436,939
Shareholders' Equity (deficit)	\$(205,030)	\$(88,776)	\$1,840	\$215,902

The gain of \$167,948 for the fourth quarter of 2016 versus the loss of \$116,254 for the same period in 2015 is primarily due to the settlements of debt entered into by the Company at the end of the 2016 fiscal year, offset by a recognition of impairment loss on the loan receivable of \$64,800. During the fourth quarter of 2016, the Company incurred management and/or consulting fees of \$54,000 payable to directors and officers of the Company; whereas no management fees were paid or accrued to management and directors during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2015.

The Company had no source of revenue during Q4 2016. The Company will operate at a loss unless and until it is able to acquire a revenue-producing asset and/or merge or joint venture with a revenue-producing venture. The

Company will require additional financing in order to fund due diligence expenditures and cover its general and administrative costs.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company's primary objectives in capital management are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain sufficient funds to finance the Company's operations. Capital is comprised of the Company's shareholders' equity. As at August 31, 2016, the Company's shareholders' deficit was \$223,873.

As at August 31, 2016, the Company had not yet achieved profitable operations and expects to incur further losses in the development of its business objectives, all of which may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. As at August 31, 2016, the Company's current resources are not sufficient to settle its current liabilities. The Company had working capital deficiency of \$223,873 as at the end of the period. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to obtain the necessary financing to meet its obligations and repay its liabilities arising from normal business operations when they come due and to attain future profitable operations.

The Company intends to raise funds through an equity financing. While the Company has been successful in the past in obtaining financing, there is no assurance that it will be able to obtain adequate financing in the future or that such financing will be on terms acceptable to the Company. Further, if an equity offering is used to raise required additional capital, it may result in dilution to existing shareholders based on the size of such an offering. Failure to obtain such additional financing could result in delay or indefinite postponement of the development of the Company's business, and may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on its financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that is material to investors, except for guarantees.

TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN RELATED PARTIES

During the year ended August 31, 2016, the Company incurred the following expenses payable as compensation to directors, officers and companies that are controlled by directors of the Company:

Key management personnel compensation

	Year Ended gust 31, 2016	ear Ended gust 31, 2015
Management fees	\$ 213,000 ¹	\$ 487,119

¹At the end of the Company's 2016 fiscal year, a total of \$160,650 in management fees was forgiven by the Company's key management personnel and was recorded as a gain on settlement of debt (see Note 10).

Key management personnel are persons responsible for planning, directing and controlling the activities of an entity, and include directors, the chief executive officer and chief financial officer.

As at August 31, 2016, the Company has a balance payable of \$32,750 (2015 - \$85,249) to related parties related to unpaid management fees, which is due on demand, unsecured and is non-interest bearing.

CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES INCLUDING INITIAL ADOPTION

Note 3 of the Company's Audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended August 31, 2016 sets out the Company's significant accounting policies. There have been no changes in the Company's accounting policies during the period.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS

The Company classifies its financial instruments in the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments, available-for-sale and financial liabilities. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial instruments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial instruments at initial recognition.

The Company does not have any derivative financial assets and liabilities.

Financial Risk Management

The Company is exposed in varying degrees to a variety of financial instrument related risks as follows:

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company's primary exposure to credit risk is on its bank accounts. The Company's bank accounts are held with a major bank in Canada. As all of the Company's cash and cash equivalents are held by one bank in Canada, there is a concentration of credit risk. This risk is managed by using a major bank that is a high credit quality financial institution as determined by rating agencies. The Company is not exposed to credit risk on recoverable taxes, as these are due from the Government of Canada.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises through the excess of financial obligations over available financial assets due at any point in time. The Company's objective in managing liquidity risk is to maintain sufficient readily available reserves in order to meet its liquidity requirements at any point in time. Although the Company attempts to achieve this by maintaining sufficient cash and banking facilities, as an early stage company without revenues, the Company's liquidity position decreases as expenses are incurred. To mitigate this liquidity risk, the Company budgets its expenditures, closely monitors its rolling cash forecast and liquidity position, and raises capital as needed. To date, the Company's ongoing operations have been almost entirely financed by equity issues combined with proceeds from the exercise of warrants and stock options, along with some interest income and partner funding.

The Company's non-derivative financial liabilities as at August 31, 2016 are all due within one year.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, commodity prices, and interest rates will affect the Company's net earnings or the value of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable limits, while maximizing returns.

Foreign currency exchange rate risk and commodity price risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Commodity price risk is the risk that market values and future incomes will fluctuate because of changes in commodity prices. The Company does not have any direct exposure to foreign currency exchange rate risk or commodity price risk. The Company had no forward exchange rate contracts or commodity price contracts in place as at August 31, 2016.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. As at August 31, 2016, the Company did not have any significant interest rate risk.

The Company had no interest rate swap or financial contracts in place as at August 31, 2016.

Capital Management

The Company defines capital that it manages as shareholders' equity that is expected to be realized in cash. The Company raises capital through private and public share offerings and related party loans and advances. Capital is managed in a manner consistent with the risk criteria and policies provided by the board of directors and followed by management. All sources of financing and major expenditures are analyzed by management and approved by the board of directors.

The Company's primary objectives when managing capital is to safeguard and maintain the Company's financial resources for continued operations and to fund expenditure programs to further advance mineral property interests. The Company's process in managing capital is through detailed review and due diligence on all potential acquisitions, and preparing short-term and long-term cash flow analysis to maintain sufficient resources. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business. The Company is able to scale its expenditure programs and the use of capital to address market conditions by reducing expenditures and the scope of operations during periods of market decline and economic downturn.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable. There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year ended August 31, 2016. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

Classification of financial instruments

The following is an analysis of the Company's financial assets measured at fair value as at August 31, 2016:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,480	\$ -	\$ -

Fair value

The fair value of the Company's financial assets and liabilities approximates the carrying amount.

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

Commitments

The Company has no outstanding commitments.

OTHER MD&A REQUIREMENTS

The authorized capital of the Company consists of an unlimited number of common shares without par value of which 3,033,423 common shares are issued and outstanding as of August 31, 2016.

The Company has a 10% rolling stock option plan for its directors, employees and consultants to acquire common shares of the Company at a price determined by the fair market value of the shares at the date of grant.

No stock options and no share purchase warrants were issued by the Company in the 2016 fiscal year.

As at August 31, 2016, there were no share purchase warrants and no stock options outstanding.

MANAGEMENT COMMENTS

The Audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended August 31, 2016 and all information contained in this financial report have been approved by the Company's Board of Directors.

The Company complies with its CSE listing agreement. The Company maintains an adequate system of internal accounting and administrative controls to provide reasonable assurance that the Company's financial information is accurate and that the assets correctly accounted for. Current management intends to establish a rigorous system of system of internal accounting and administrative controls to ensure that its reported financial information is relevant, reliable and accurate and that the assets of the Company are correctly accounted for and protected.

Additional information relating to the Company is available on SEDAR at $\underline{www.sedar.com}$.

This MD&A was prepared on December 27, 2016.

Vancouver, BC

/s/ Rukie Liyanage Rukie Liyanage, Chief Financial Officer