MAG ONE PRODUCTS INC.

Amended and Restated

Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended September 30, 2017

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

DALE MATHESON CARR-HILTON LABONTE LLP
CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of Mag One Products Inc.,

We have audited the accompanying amended and restated consolidated financial statements of Mag One Products Inc., which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at September 30, 2017 and 2016, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive loss, changes in shareholder's (deficiency) equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these amended and restated consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the amended and restated consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these amended and restated consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the amended and restated consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the amended and restated consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the amended and restated consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the amended and restated consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audits is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the amended and restated consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Mag One Products Inc. as at September 30, 2017 and 2016, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Emphasis of Matter

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 1 in the amended and restated consolidated financial statements which describes certain conditions that indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on Mag One Products Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern.

Amended and restated Financial Statements

We draw attention to Note 18 to the amended and restated financial statements, which explains that the financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2017 have been amended from those on which we originally reported on January 29, 2018. Our opinion is not modified in respect if this matter.

DMCL

DALE MATHESON CARR-HILTON LABONTE LLP
CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

Vancouver, Canada
August 10, 2018

MAG ONE PRODUCTS INC.

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position – Amended and Restated
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	September 30, 2017 $	September 30, 2016 $
	(Note 18)	
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash	19,475	207,239
Sales tax receivable	100,747	53,357
Prepayments	-	23,172
	120,222	283,768
Construction in progress (Note 6)	-	26,234
Plant and equipment (Note 6)	301,863	194,194
Intangible assets (Note 4)	30,250	-
	452,335	504,196
Liabilities and shareholders' (deficiency) equity		
Current liabilities		
Cheques in excess of funds available	5,096	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 7)	214,468	160,502
Advance from Investissement Québec (Note 8)	148,500	-
Due to related parties (Note 10)	42,076	12,300
Note payable to related party (Note 10)	-	53,750
Note payable (Note 9)	120,000	50,000
	530,140	276,552
Shareholders' (deficiency) equity		
Share capital (Note 11)	6,733,442	5,403,250
Reserves (Note 11)	8,212,838	7,429,485
Subscriptions received in advance (Note 11)	409,598	-
Deficit	(15,433,683)	(12,605,091)
	(77,805)	227,644
	452,335	504,196

Nature of operations and going concern (Note 1)
Commitments (Note 14)
Subsequent events (Note 17)

Approved by the Board of Directors on August 3, 2018:

"Nelson Skalbania"
Director

"Gillian Holcroft"
Director

MAG ONE PRODUCTS INC.
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Loss – Amended and Restated
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Year ended September 30, 2017 $	Year ended September 30, 2016 $
	(Note 18)	
Administrative expenses		
Amortization (Note 6)	63,103	26,180
Office and administration	90,631	41,865
Professional and consulting fees (Note 10)	612,739	584,875
Investor communication	311,931	438,313
Research	708,570	530,833
Share-based compensation (Notes 10 and 11)	756,992	3,741,520
Travel	40,085	74,580
Trust and filing fees	25,865	98,648
	(2,609,916)	(5,536,814)
Other items		
Impairment of loan receivable(Note 5)	(208,839)	-
Interest income	7,352	-
Interest expense	(59,436)	(7,442)
Gain on settlement of debts (Notes 10 and 11)	42,247	-
Net loss for the year	(2,828,592)	(5,544,256)
Other comprehensive income (loss)		
Foreign currency translation adjustment	7,788	(1,843)
Comprehensive loss for the year	(2,820,804)	(5,546,099)
Loss per share, basic and diluted	(0.08)	(0.17)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	36,019,243	33,079,157

MAG ONE PRODUCTS INC.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' (Deficiency) Equity – Amended and Restated
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Share Capital		Reserves						
	Number of shares	**Amount $**	**Warrant $**	**Loan $**	**Option $**	**Translation gain (loss) $**	**Subscriptions received in advance $**	**Deficit $**	**Total $**
September 30, 2015	32,309,172	3,733,250	918,000	2,664,963	-	7,845	-	(7,060,835)	263,223
Foreign exchange adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	(1,843)	-	-	(1,843)
Share-based compensation	-	-	-	-	3,741,520	-	-	-	3,741,520
Share issuance – warrant exercise	365,000	219,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	219,000
Share issuance for cash	1,661,111	1,451,000	99,000	-	-	-	-	-	1,550,000
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5,544,256)	(5,544,256)
September 30, 2016	34,335,283	5,403,250	1,017,000	2,664,963	3,741,520	6,002	-	(12,605,091)	227,644
Foreign exchange adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	7,788	-	-	7,788
Unit issuance for cash (Note 11b)	4,581,060	1,071,892	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,071,892
Unit issuance - settlement of debt (Notes 10 and 11)	153,500	46,050	18,573	-	-	-	-	-	64,623
Unit issuance - to be returned to treasury (Note 10 and Note 11)	446,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Private placement subscriptions received in advance (Notes 11b and 17)	-	-	-	-	-	-	409,598	-	409,598
Share issuance –intangible assets (Notes 11b and 16)	90,000	20,250	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,250
Share issuance – warrant exercise (Note 11b)	95,000	57,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	57,000
Share issuance – settlement of debt (Notes 10, and 11b)	100,000	30,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	30,000
Share issuance – services	350,000	105,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	105,000
Stock-based compensation	-	-	-	-	756,992	-	-	-	756,992
Net loss (Note 18)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,828,592)	(2,828,592)
September 30, 2017 (Note 18)	**40,151,343**	**6,733,442**	**1,035,573**	**2,664,963**	**4,498,512**	**13,790**	**409,598**	**(15,433,683)**	**(77,805)**

MAG ONE PRODUCTS INC.
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows – Amended and Restated
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Year ended September 30, 2017 $	Year ended September 30, 2016 $
	(Note 18)	
Cash provided by (used in):		
Operating activities		
Net loss for the year	(2,828,592)	(5,544,256)
Adjustments for non-cash items		
Share-based compensation	756,992	3,741,520
Accrued interest on notes payable	49,436	3,750
Accrued interest on loan receivable	(7,352)	-
Amortization	63,103	26,180
Gain on settlement of debt	(42,247)	-
Impairment of loan receivable	208,839	-
Consulting fees paid in shares	105,000	-
Changes in non-cash operating working capital:		
Prepayments	(24,218)	(58,354)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	61,116	39,919
Due to related parties	(73,680)	(44,014)
	(1,731,603)	(1,835,255)
Investing activities		
Additions to plant and equipment	(152,368)	(168,467)
Additions to construction in progress	-	(26,234)
Additions to intangible assets	(10,000)	-
Issuance of loan receivable	(201,487)	-
	(363,855)	(194,701)
Financing activities		
Proceeds from issuance of promissory notes	450,000	100,000
Repayments on promissory notes	(250,000)	-
Share issuance for cash, net of share issuance costs	1,071,892	1,769,000
Subscriptions received in advance	409,598	-
Exercise of warrants	57,000	-
Advance from Investissement Québec	148,500	-
Bank indebtedness	5,096	-
	1,892,086	1,869,000
Effect of foreign currency on cash	15,608	799
Decrease in cash	(187,764)	(160,157)
Cash, beginning of year	207,239	367,396
Cash, end of year	19,475	207,239

Supplemental disclosure with respect to cash flows (Note 16)

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements)

1. Nature of Operations and Going Concern

Mag One Products Inc. (the "Company" or "Mag One") was incorporated on June 18, 2007 in British Columbia, Canada and had its name changed to Mag One Products Inc. on March 18, 2015. The Company's head office is located at Suite 145 – 925 Georgia Street West, Vancouver, V6C 3L2. The Company's shares are traded on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE").

The Company's principal business is the development and commercialization of technologies for the processing and production of magnesium metal and related compounds and by-products and co-products from serpentinite tailings.

Going concern

The amended and restated consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. Should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern, it may be unable to realize the carrying value of its assets and to meet its liabilities as they become due. As at September 30, 2017, the Company is not able to finance its day to day activities through operations. The Company's continuation as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to attain profitable operations and generate funds there from and/or raise equity capital or borrowings sufficient to meet current and future obligations. These factors indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management intends to finance operating costs over the next twelve months through the issuance of its common and preferred shares. Should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern, the net realizable value of its assets may be materially less than the amounts on its consolidated statement of financial position.

2. Statement of Compliance

The amended and restated consolidated financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and Interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC").

These consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized by the Board of Directors on August 10, 2018.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of preparation

The amended and restated consolidated financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and are based on historical costs, except for certain financial instruments measured at their fair value, and are presented in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise noted.

These consolidated financial statements incorporate the accounts of the Company and the following controlled subsidiaries:

		Ownership Percentage	
Name	**Country of incorporation/ formation**	**September 30, 2017**	**September 30, 2016**
Mag One Operations Inc.	Canada	100%	100%
Mag One Operations Inc. ("Mag One USA")	USA	100%	100%
North American Magnesium Company LLC ("NAMP LLC")	USA	100%	100%

Inter-company balances and transactions, including unrealized income and expenses arising from inter-company transactions, are eliminated on consolidation.

Restated and amended financial statements

These consolidated financial statements have been amended to correct for errors in the original year-end financial statements. The amendments relate to corrections to the misclassification of certain amounts recorded to due from/to related parties, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, notes payable to related parties, note payable, share capital, subscriptions received in advance, reserves, and subscription receivable as at September 30, 2017. The amendments also include the correction to arithmetical errors in the statements of cash flows. These financial statements also reflect a change to office and administration, professional and consulting fees, and interest expenses that were not recorded correctly in the previously issued audited financial statements. An adjustment was made to gain/(loss) on settlement of debt that was incorrectly calculated. Refer to note 18 for the detail of the restatement adjustments.

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified for consistency with the current year presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on the reported results of operations. Reclassification of a loan that was recorded in notes payable to a related party were reclassified to notes payable as the party is not related to the Company.

(b) Significant estimates and assumptions

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions concerning the future. The Company's management reviews these estimates and underlying assumptions on an ongoing basis, based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to estimates are adjusted for prospectively in the period in which the estimates are revised.

Estimates where there is significant risk of material adjustments to assets and liabilities in future accounting periods include expected life of plant and equipment, capitalization criteria and valuation of intangible assets, and the recoverability and measurement of deferred tax assets.

3. Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd).

(c) Significant judgments

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires the Company to make judgments, apart from those involving estimates, in applying accounting policies. The most significant judgments in applying the Company's financial statements are the determination of the functional currency of the parent and its subsidiaries, and the assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and whether there are events or conditions that may give rise to significant uncertainty.

(d) Government grants

Government grants received on capital expenditure are generally deducted in arriving at the carrying amount of the asset purchased. Grants for revenue expenditure are netted against the costs incurred by the Company. Where retention of a government grant is dependent on the Company satisfying certain criteria, it is initially recognized as deferred income. When the criteria for retention have been satisfied, the deferred income balance is released to the consolidated statement of comprehensive loss.

(e) Loss per share

Basic loss per share is computed by dividing net loss attributable to common shareholders by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year. Diluted loss per share is calculated by the treasury stock method. Under the treasury stock method, the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the calculation of diluted loss per share assumes that the proceeds to be received on the exercise of dilutive share options and warrants are used to repurchase common shares at the average market price during the period.

(f) Financial instruments

The Company classifies its financial instruments in the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments, available-for-sale and financial liabilities. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial instruments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial instruments at initial recognition.

Fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") - Financial assets are classified at fair value through profit or loss when they are either held for trading for the purpose of short-term profit taking, derivatives not held for hedging purposes, or when they are designated as such to avoid an accounting mismatch or to enable performance evaluation where a group of financial assets is managed by key management personnel on a fair value basis in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy. They are subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss.

The Company does not have any FVTPL financial assets.

3. Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

(g) Financial instruments (cont'd)

Loans and receivables - These assets are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are subsequently measured at amortized cost. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the end of the reporting period. These are classified as non-current assets. The Company has designated its cash and other receivable as loan and receivables.

Held-to-maturity investments - These assets are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities and that the Company intends to hold to maturity. These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost. Held-to-maturity investments are included in non-current assets, except for those which are expected to mature within 12 months after the end of the reporting period. The Company does not hold any held-to-maturity financial assets.

Available-for-sale - These consist of non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available-for sale or are not suitable to be classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables or held-to-maturity investments and are subsequently measured at fair value. These are included in current assets to the extent they are expected to be realized within 12 months after the end of the reporting period. Unrealized gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income, except for impairment losses and foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary financial assets. The Company does not hold any available-for-sale financial assets.

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortized cost. Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade-date – the date on which the group commits to purchase the asset.

Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. In the case of available-for-sale financial instruments, a significant and prolonged decline in the value of the instrument is considered to determine whether an impairment has arisen.

The Company does not have any derivative financial assets and liabilities

(h) Functional currency and foreign currency translation

The functional currency of each entity is measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which that entity operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars which is the parent company's functional and presentation currency. The functional currency of all of the Company's US subsidiaries, MagOne USA and NAMP LLC, is the US dollar. The functional currency of Mag One Operations Inc. is the Canadian dollar.

3. Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

(h) Functional currency and foreign currency translation (cont'd)

Transactions and balances:
Foreign currency transactions will be translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are translated at the period-end exchange rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost continue to be carried at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value are reported at the exchange rate at the date when fair values were determined.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of monetary items or on settlement of monetary items are recognized in profit or loss in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they arise, except where deferred in equity as a qualifying cash flow or net investment hedge.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items are recognized in other comprehensive income in the statement of comprehensive income to the extent that gains and losses arising on those non-monetary items are also recognized in other comprehensive income. Where the non-monetary gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss, the exchange component is also recognized in profit or loss.

Foreign operations:
The financial results and position of foreign operations whose functional currency is different from the Company's presentation currency will be translated as follows:

- assets and liabilities are translated at period-end exchange rates prevailing at that reporting date; and
- income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the period.

Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations are recorded to the Company's other comprehensive income. These differences are recognized in profit and loss in the period which the operation is disposed of.

(i) Impairment of assets

The carrying amount of the Company's assets (which include property and equipment) are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of an asset or its cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in the statement of income and comprehensive income.

The recoverable amount of assets is the greater of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

3. Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

(i) Impairment of assets

An impairment loss is only reversed if there is an indication that the impairment loss may no longer exist and there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount, however, not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized in previous years. Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortization and are tested annually for impairment.

(j) Plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are initially recognized at cost. As well as the purchase price, cost includes directly attributable costs and the estimated present value of any future unavoidable costs of dismantling and removing items. The corresponding liability is recognized within provisions.

Depreciation on assets under construction does not commence until they are complete and available for use. Depreciation is provided on all other items of property, plant and equipment so as to write off their carrying value over their expected useful economic lives. It is provided at the following rates:

Plant - straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of 5 years.
Equipment - straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of 10 years.

(k) Share capital

Financial instruments issued by the Company are classified as equity only to the extent that they do not meet the definition of a financial liability or financial asset. The Company's ordinary shares are classified as equity instruments.

Proceeds from issuances of units of the Company that are comprised of shares and warrants are allocated based on the residual method. The fair value of the warrants is determined to be the difference between gross proceeds over the fair market value of the shares.

(l) Share-based payments

Where stock options are awarded to employees, the fair value of the options at the date of grant is charged to profit or loss over the vesting period. Non-market vesting conditions are taken into account by adjusting the number of stock options expected to vest at each reporting date so that, ultimately, the cumulative amount recognized over the vesting period is based on the number of stock options that eventually vest. Non-vesting conditions and market vesting conditions are factored into the fair value of the stock options granted. As long as all other vesting conditions are satisfied, a charge is made irrespective of whether the market vesting conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms and conditions of stock options are modified before they vest, the increase in the fair value of the options, measured immediately before and after the modification, is also charged to profit or loss over the remaining vesting period.

Where stock options are granted to non-employee individuals the stock options are valued at the fair value of goods and services received.

3. Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

(m) Income taxes

Current income tax:
Current income tax assets and liabilities for the period are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date, in the countries where the Company operates and generates taxable income.

Current income tax relating to items recognized directly in other comprehensive income or equity is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity and not in profit or loss. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred tax:
Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized only to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

(m) Externally acquired intangible assets

Externally acquired intangible assets are initially recognized at cost and subsequently amortized on a straight-line basis over their useful economic lives. The intangible recognized by the Company, is amortized on a straight-line bases over the useful economic life (24 months).

(n) Accounting Standards Issued by Not Yet Adopted

IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments* – The IASB intends to replace IAS 39, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* in its entirety with IFRS 9 which is intended to reduce the complexity in the classification and measurement of financial instruments. In February 2014, the IASB tentatively determined that the revised effective date for IFRS 9 would be January 1, 2018. The Company is currently evaluating the impact the final standard is expected to have on its financial statements.

3. Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

(n) Accounting Standards Issued by Not Yet Adopted (cont'd)

IFRS 15, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. This new standard contains a single model that applies to contracts with customers and two approaches to recognizing revenue: at a point in time or over time. The model features a contract-based five-step analysis of transactions to determine whether, how much and when revenue is recognized. New estimates and judgmental thresholds have been introduced, which may affect the amount and/or timing of revenue recognized. IFRS 15 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 with early adoption permitted. The Company does not expect any significant impact from the adoption of IFRS 15.

IFRS 16, *Leases*. IFRS 16 establishes principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases, with the objective of ensuring that lessees and lessors provide relevant information that faithfully represents those transactions. IFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in IAS 17. Accordingly, a lessor continues to classify its leases as operating leases or finance leases, and to account for those two types of leases differently. However, lessees are no longer classifying leases as either operating leases or finance leases as it is required by IAS 17. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019. The Company has not yet evaluated the impact of this standard on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

4. Intangible Assets

On May 19, 2017, the Company entered into a purchase agreement with Dundee Sustainable Technologies Inc. ("DST") to purchase a Technical Report titled "Resource Estimation of the Nickel Content in Asbestos Mines Tailings, Thetford Mines, Quebec, Canada" prepared by Systémes Geostat International (the "Technical Report"). The terms of the agreement are:

- $5,000 in cash and 40,000 common shares of the Company upon signing;
- $20,000 in cash and $30,000 worth of common stock in the Company at the prevailing 20-day volume weighted average price upon the commencement of commercial production of product(s) by processing the Tailings if occurring within twenty four months of signing; and
- If the Company does not commence commercial production of product(s) by processing the Tailings within twenty four months of signing, the Company is required to sell back the Technical Report for consideration of $1.00 to DST

During the year ended September 30, 2017, $5,000 in cash was paid to DST and 40,000 common shares were issued with a fair value of $9,000.

In connection with the SPA the Company entered into an Option Agreement ("OA") with Asbestos Corporation Limited ("ACL"). The terms of the OA include:

- The option to purchase up to 60,000,000 tonnes of the Tailings as identified in the Technical Report for a term of six months from signing, for consideration of 50,000 shares of the Company as a non-refundable deposit; and
- Upon exercise of the option, the Company is required to pay $100,000 in cash, $1.00/tonne of tailings used as a royalty, and has access to a minimum of five acres of the land for necessary plant and equipment.

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

4. Intangible Assets (cont'd)

During the year ended September 30, 2017, $5,000 in cash was paid to ACL and 50,000 common shares were issued with a fair value of $11,250. Subsequent to the year, the option was extended for an additional eight months expiring on July 19, 2018.

5. Loan Receivable

On July 21, 2016, the Company entered an initial joint venture agreement with MagBoard LLC ("MagBoard"), a private US company, to form a new company ("MBE") in Quebec for the manufacturing of magnesium based wallboard.

The Company will earn its 50% interest of MBE by:

- providing $500,000 start-up capital to MBE;
- providing a minimum 10,000 square feet serviced facility to house the MagBoard assembly operation; and
- providing up to US$200,000 to purchase a convertible debenture in MagBoard. The convertible debenture would have a coupon of 5% per annum and be convertible into shares of Magboard at $0.50 per share,

As at September 30, 2017, the Company loaned Magboard $201,487 (US$150,000) (2016: $nil), and had accrued interest of $7,352 (2016: $nil). On September 30, 2017, management identified objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired, and recognized an impairment loss of $208,839 (2016: $nil) to profit or loss.

6. Plant and Equipment

	Laboratory $	Equipment $	Total $
Cost:			
September 30, 2015	-	-	-
Additions	149,084	71,024	220,108
September 30, 2016	149,084	71,024	220,108
Additions	-	152,368	152,368
Transfer from construction in progress	26,234	-	26,234
Foreign currency translation	(1,771)	(2,412)	(4,183)
September 30, 2017	173,547	220,980	394,527
Accumulated Amortization:			
September 30, 2015	-	-	-
Additions	22,363	3,551	25,914
September 30, 2016	22,363	3,551	25,914
Amortization	44,430	18,673	63,103
Foreign currency translation	3,320	327	3,647
September 30, 2017	70,113	22,551	92,664
Net book value:			
September 30, 2016	126,721	67,473	194,194
September 30, 2017	103,434	198,429	301,863

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

7. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

	September 30, 2017 $	September 30, 2016 $
Accounts payable	208,204	146,002
Accrued liabilities	6,264	14,500
	214,468	160,502

8. Advance from Investissement Quebec

As at September 30, 2017, the Company has received $148,500 as an advance payment in connection with $495,000 in government funding approved for the Company by Investissement Quebec. The terms of the funding approved allow for 44.09% of qualified expenditures being eligible for a non-refundable reimbursement by Investissement Quebec. The Company is in the process of submitting a claim to obtain formal non-refundable status for the $148,500 advanced to date.

9. Note Payable

During the year ended September 30, 2016, the Company entered into a promissory note with an arm-length party whereby the Company can borrow up to $100,000. The note is unsecured, due on demand, and bears interest at 10% per annum. During the year ended September 30, 2017, the Company received loan proceeds of $50,000 (2016 - $50,000). As of September 30, 2017, the Company has a balance payable including principal and accrued interest of $120,000 (2016 - $50,000). $7,150 in finder's fees were charged on the note. Subsequent to the year ended September 30, 2017, this promissory note was repaid in full with issuance of 600,000 common shares of the Company.

10. Related Party Transactions

Compensation paid to key management and directors

The following are the remuneration paid to the Company's related parties for management, rental and consulting fees:

Year ended September 30,	**2017** $	**2016** $
Chairman of the Board (the "Chairman")	96,000	96,000
Company of the president and the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") of a subsidiary	144,000	96,000
Directors	38,715	3,000
Family member of key management	35,200	-
Company of the Chairman	32,000	-
Former directors, chairperson, and CEO	-	102,000
	345,915	297,000

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

10. Related Party Transactions (cont'd)

The following is the share-based compensation for the Company's related parties

Year ended September 30,	**2017** $	**2016** $
Chairman	170,323	973,997
Company of the President and the CEO of a subsidiary	37,850	307,578
Directors	75,699	410,105
Family member of key management	37,850	-
Company of the Chairman	132,473	512,630
Former directors, chairperson, and CEO	-	205,051
	454,195	2,409,361

<u>Amounts due to related parties</u>

	September 30, 2017 $	**September 30, 2016** $
Former CEO	-	6,000
Former director	-	6,300
Company of the President and the CEO of a subsidiary	42,076	-
	42,076	12,300

<u>Notes payable to related parties</u>

During the year ended September 30, 2016, the Company issued a promissory note of $50,000 payable to a company controlled by the former CEO (the "Promissory Note A"). This note was unsecured, due on demand, and bears interest at 5% per annum. As at September 30, 2017, the Company has a balance payable of $nil (2016 -$53,750) including principal and accrued interest.

During the year ended September 30, 2017, the Company issued a promissory note of $400,000 payable to the spouse of the Company's former CEO (the "Promissory Note B"). The note was secured by a corporate guarantee provided by the Company and a personal guarantee from a director of the Company, due on March 19, 2017 and bears interest of 10% per annum.

10. Related Party Transactions (cont'd)

During the year ended September 30, 2017, the Promissory Notes A and B including principals and accrued interest were repaid in full as follows.

- A cash payment of $250,000;
- A cash payment of $150,000 paid by the Chairman on behalf of the Company during the year ended September 30, 2017.
- 100,000 common shares of the Company with the fair value of $30,000. The Company recorded a gain on settlement of the loans of $60,120.

Other transactions

During the year ended September 30, 2017, the Company issued 300,000 units of the Company to a family member of the Chairman at a price of $0.70 per unit for gross proceeds of $210,000.

During the year ended September 30, 2017, the Company issued 500,000 units of the Company to a company controlled by the Chairman at a price of $0.20 per unit for gross proceeds of $100,000.

During the year ended September 30, 2017, the Company settled a balance of $30,700 payable to the Chairman with the issuance of 153,500 units of the Company. The fair value of the debt settlement was estimated at $64,623 and the Company recorded a loss on settlement of the debt of $33,923 (Note 11).

During the year ended September 30, 2017, the Company issued 446,500 units to the Chairman in error. These units will be returned to treasury for cancellation subsequent to September 30, 2017.

During the year ended September 30, 2017, the Company received proceeds of $200,586 for subscription of the units of the Company from the Chairman at $0.20 per unit. As of September 30, 2017, the Company did not issue these units and the subscription proceed was recorded in subscriptions received in advance. On October 10, 2017, these units were issued.

During the year ended September 30, 2017, the Company received proceeds of $4,012 for a subscription of the units of the Company at $0.20 per unit from a family member of the Chairman. As of September 30, 2017, the Company did not issue these units and the amount was recorded in subscriptions received in advance. On October 10, 2017, these units were issued.

During the year ended September 30, 2017, the Company received proceeds of $25,000 for a subscription of the units of the Company at $0.20 per unit from a family member of a director. As of September 30, 2017, the Company has yet to issue these units and the amount was recorded in subscriptions received in advance. On October 10, 2017, these units were issued.

11. Share Capital

(a) Authorized

Unlimited number of Class A common shares without par value.
Unlimited number of non-voting Class B preferred without par value.

(b) Common shares – Issued and outstanding

During the year ended September 30, 2017, the Company issued:

95,000 common shares as a result of the exercise of warrants at $0.60 per share for gross proceeds of $57,000.

312,000 units at $0.70 per unit for gross proceeds of $218,400. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each share purchase warrant can be exercised into one common share at $1.40 per share for one year following the issuance date. The warrants were assigned no value under the residual method.

90,000 common shares for acquisition of intangible assets as discussed in Note 4, valued at $20,250 using the closing market price of the Company's common shares on the date of issuance.

4,269,060 units at $0.20 per unit for gross proceeds of $853,813 pursuant to the first tranche of a non-brokered private placement. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each share purchase warrant can be exercised into one common share at $0.50 per share for two years following the issuance date. The Company incurred share issuance costs of $320 in relation to this private placement. The warrants were assigned no value under the residual method.

153,500 units to settle the balance of $30,700 payable to the Chairman. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each share purchase warrant can be exercised into one common share at the price of $0.50 per share for two years following the issuance date.

The fair value of the debt settlement was estimated at $64,623, including the shares valued at $46,050 and the warrants estimated at $18,573. The warrants were measured using the Black Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions and inputs: expected life 2 years; volatility 100%; dividend yield 0%; and risk free rate 1.23%.

100,000 common shares with a fair value of $30,000 as a settlement of debt due to related parties (Note 10).

350,000 common shares pursuant to a consulting contract dated August 17, 2017 with a third party for corporate finance and corporate and development services. The shares had a fair value of $105,000. On December 14, 2017, the consulting agreement was terminated.

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

11. Share Capital (cont'd)

(b) Common shares – Issued and outstanding (cont'd)

During the year ended September 30, 2017, the Company issued:

446,500 units of the Company in error. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant. These units will be returned to treasury of the Company for cancellation subsequent to September 30, 2017.

On September 25, 2017, the Company received subscriptions for 2,047,990 units at $0.20 per unit for gross proceeds of $409,598 pursuant to the second tranche of a non-brokered private placement. However, as the share units were not issued as at September 30, 2017, the amounts have been recorded as subscriptions received in advance. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each share purchase warrant can be exercised into one common share at $0.50 per share for two years following the issuance date. On October 10, 2017 the units were issued to the subscribers.

During the year ended September 30, 2016, the Company issued:

365,000 common shares pertaining to the exercise of 365,000 common share purchase warrants at an exercise price $0.60 per warrant for gross proceeds of $219,000.

1,111,111 units of the Company on May 2016 at $0.90 per unit. Each unit consisted of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each warrant is exercisable into one common share at $1.10 per share in one year after issuance. The exercise is subject to an acceleration clause of thirty days in the event the Company's share traded at $2.00 per share over ten consecutive trading days. In accordance with the residual method adopted by the Company, no value was attributed to these warrants.

550,000 units of the Company at $1.00 per unit. Each unit consisted of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each warrant is exercisable into one common share at $1.10 per share for two years after issuance. In accordance with the residual method adopted by the Company, $99,000 has been allocated from the share capital to warrant reserve to account for the issuance of these 550,000 warrants in connection with these security units.

Warrants

	Year ended September 30, 2017		**Year ended September 30, 2016**	
	Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Opening	**2,958,611**	**$ 0.95**	1,662,500	$ 0.70
Granted	**5,181,060**	**0.55**	1,661,111	1.10
Exercised	**(95,000)**	**0.60**	(365,000)	0.60
Expired	**(1,901,111)**	**0.89**	-	-
Ending	**6,143,560**	**$ 0.64**	2,958,611	$ 0.95

Warrants expiring on August 26, 2017 were extended to August 26, 2020. As at September 30, 2017, warrants outstanding have an average life of 1.78 years and average exercise price of $0.64.

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

11. Share Capital (cont'd)

Options

On June 22, 2017, all previously outstanding stock options were cancelled.

On September 14, 2017, the Company granted a total of 4,000,000 stock options to certain officers, directors and/or consultants of the Company exercisable at $0.30 for a period of two years. The fair value of the stock options was determined to be $756,992 calculated using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model with the following assumptions: expected life of options – 2 years; expected volatility – 125%; expected dividend yield – 0%; and risk-free rate – 1.58%.

As at September 30, 2017, 4,000,000 stock options remain outstanding. The weighted average life was 1.96 years.

12. Financial Instruments

(a) Classification of Financial Instruments

The Company has classified its financial instruments as follows:

	September 30, 2017 $	September 30, 2016 $
Financial assets:		
Loans and receivables:		
Cash	19,475	207,239
	19,475	207,239
Financial liabilities		
Cheques in excess of funds available	5,096	-
Accounts payable	208,204	146,002
Due to related parties	42,076	12,300
Note payable to related parties	-	53,750
Note payable	120,000	50,000
	375,376	262,052

(b) Fair Values

The Company has classified fair value measurements of its financial instruments using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of inputs used in making the measurements as follows:

Level 1: Valuation based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: Valuations based on directly or indirectly observable inputs in active markets for similar assets or liabilities, other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted interest or currency exchange rates; and

12. Financial Instruments (cont'd)

(b) Fair Values (cont'd)

Level 3: Valuations based on significant inputs that are not derived from observable market data, such as discounted cash flow methodologies based on internal cash flow forecasts.

The Company does not have any Level 2 or 3 fair value measurements.

As at September 30, 2017, the fair values of the Company's financial instruments approximate their carrying values due to the relatively short-term maturity of these instruments.

(a) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Company's primary exposure to credit risk is on its cash which is held in bank accounts. As most of the Company's cash is held by two banks, there is a concentration of credit risk. This risk is low, and is managed by using major banks that are high credit quality financial institutions as determined by rating agencies. The maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying amount of the Company's financial instruments. The Company's secondary exposure to credit risk is on its receivables. This risk is minimal as receivables consists primarily of refundable government goods and services taxes.

(b) Foreign currency exchange rate risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair values of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because they are denominated in currencies that differ from the respective functional currency. The Company is not exposed to foreign exchange risk.

(c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to interest rate risk is minimal.

(d) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may be unable to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company reviews its working capital position regularly to ensure there is sufficient capital in order to meet short-term business requirements, taking into account its anticipated cash flows from operations and its holdings of cash.

13. Capital Management

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor and creditor confidence, safeguard the Company's ability to support the development of its projects and to sustain future development of the business. The capital structure of the Company consists of working and share capital. There are no restrictions on the Company's capital. There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year.

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

14. Commitments

a) During the year ended September 30, 2015, the Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiary MagOne USA, entered into a definitive agreement to acquire 100% of North American Magnesium Products, LLC, a LLC formed by Orion Laboratories, LLC.

The members of Orion Laboratories LLC will receive up to 40,000,000 common shares of the Company based on the operating performance of the Company at one common share for $1.00 operating profit of the Company earned.

b) On August 31, 2017 the Company entered into an agreement to purchase 100% of the shares of MagPower Systems Inc. (‘MagPower”). MagPower is a private company whose focus is the development of magnesium air batteries. The terms of the acquisition include:

- $100 for all of the issued and outstanding shares;
- 2% royalty (“royalty obligation’) based on gross cash flow generated by MagPower up to $2 million;
- An option for the Company to buy the royalty obligation for $1 million for a period of 24 months; and
- Warrants issued on a prorata basis to existing MagPower shareholders with a term of two years, at a price of $1.00 for the first year, and $1.25 for the second year.

As at September 30, 2017 the acquisition has not been finalized, no consideration has been paid, and ownership had not been transferred.

15. Income Taxes

A reconciliation of the expected income tax recovery to the actual income tax recovery is as follows:

	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016
Net loss for the year	**$ (2,828,592)**	$ (5,544,254)
Statutory tax rate	**26%**	26%
Expected income tax recovery at the statutory tax rate	**(735,434)**	(1,465,304)
Non-deductible items and other	**191,326**	972,795
Adjustment to prior year provision	**47,189**	(57,721)
Foreign exchange and other	**43,690**	136,450
Temporary differences not recognized	**453,229**	413,780
Income tax recovery	**$ -**	$ -

The Company has the following tax effected deductible temporary differences for which no deferred tax asset has been recognized:

	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016
Non-capital loss carry-forwards	**$ 1,092,755**	$ 629,752
Exploration and evaluation assets	**-**	9,182
Share issuance costs	**-**	-
	1,092,755	638,934
Unrecognized deferred tax assets	**(1,092,755)**	(638,934)
Net deferred tax assets	**$ -**	$ -

15. Income Taxes (cont'd)

The Company has non-capital losses in Canada totalling $3,595,000 that expire between 2032 and 2037. The Company also has non-capital losses available in the United States of America totalling $463,000 that expire in various amounts until 2037**.**

16. Supplemental Disclosure with respect to Cash Flows

Significant non-cash transactions for the year ended September 30, 2017 consist of

a. The Company issued 90,000 common shares for acquisition of intangible assets as discussed in Note 4, valued at $20,250 using the closing market price of the Company's common shares on the date of issuance.
b. The Company issued 100,000 common shares to settle debts owing to related parties. The shares had a market price of $0.30 per share on the date of issuance.
c. A repayment of $150,000 cash was paid by the Chairman to settle a note payable on behalf of the Company.
d. The Company settled $30,700 in debt through issuance of 153,500 units of the Company.

During the year ended September 30, 2016 the Company did not incur any significant non-cash transactions.

17. Subsequent Events

Subsequent to September 30, 2017 the following events occurred:

On October 5, 2017, the Company issued 600,000 units of the Company in full settlement of a note payable of $120,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each share purchase warrant can be exercised into one common share at $0.50 per share for two years following the issuance date.

On October 5, 2017, the Company issued 125,000 units of the Company to a family member of a director in relation to the subscriptions received in advance (Note 11).

On October 5, 2017, the Company issued 1,002,930 units to the Chairman in relation to subscriptions received in advance (Note 11).

On October 5, 2017, the Company issued 20,060 units of the Company to a family member of the chairman in relation to the subscriptions received in advance (Note 11).

On October 5, 2017, the Company issued 257,950 units of the Company in error. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Subsequent to issuance, these units will be returned to treasury of the Company for cancellation.

On October 5, 2017, an additional 900,000 units were issued to non-related parties in relation to the subscriptions received in advance (Note 11).

On October 27, 2017, the Company issued 400,000 common shares at $0.30 per share for gross proceeds of $120,000 with respect to exercise of stock options by a company controlled by the CEO.

17. Subsequent Events (cont'd)

On October 27, 2017, the Company issued 100,000 common shares at $0.50 per share for gross proceeds of $50,000 with respect to exercise of share purchase warrants by the CEO of the Company.

On November 23, 2017, the Company issued 200,000 common shares at $0.30 per share for gross proceeds of $60,000 with respect to exercise of stock options by a company controlled by the CEO.

On November 23, 2017, the Company issued 80,000 common shares at $0.30 per share for gross proceeds of $24,000 with respect to exercise of stock options by a director of the Company.

On November 30, 2017, the Company issued 100,000 common shares at $0.30 per share for gross proceeds of $30,000 with respect to exercise of stock options by a company controlled by the CEO.

On November 30, 2017, the Company issued 40,000 common shares at $0.30 per share for gross proceeds of $12,000 with respect to exercise of stock options by the CEO of the Company.

On December 6, 2017, the Company issued 100,000 common shares at $0.30 per share for gross proceeds of $30,000 with respect to exercise of stock options by the CEO of the Company.

On December 21, 2017, the Company issued 70,000 common shares at $0.30 per share for gross proceeds of $21,000 with respect to exercise of stock options by the CEO of the Company.

On January 11, 2018, the Company received $256,467 from IQ in connection with a reimbursement of eligible expenditures incurred on its Phase 1 Pilot Plant.

On January 22, 2018, the Company extended its option to purchase up to 60,000,000 tonnes of Tailings from ACL by eight months, expiring July 19, 2018.

On February 23, 2018, the Company received an additional $90,033 from IQ in connection with a reimbursement of eligible expenditures incurred on its Phase 1 Pilot Plant.

On April 4, 2018, the CEO of the Company subscribed to 250,000 units at $0.20 per unit for total proceeds of $50,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant. Each share purchase warrant can be exercised into one common share at $0.50 per share for one year following the issuance date. As of the date of these financial statements, these units have not been issued.

On April 4, 2018 the Company entered into a loan agreement with the CEO of the Company for working capital purposes in the amount of $50,000. The loan payable is unsecured, due on demand and non-interest bearing.

On April 13, 2018, the Company issued a convertible debenture in the amount of $50,000. The debenture bears interest at 6% per annum, with interest of $3,000 paid in advance, matures on March 31, 2021, and is secured by the Company's assets. The debenture is convertible into common shares of the Company after April 30, 2019 at the lower of $0.50 per share or the average 10-day trading price at time of notice.

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

17. Subsequent Events (cont'd)

On May 7, 2018, the Company issued a convertible debenture in the amount $100,000. The debenture bears interest at 8% per annum, with interest of $8,000 paid in advance, matures on March 31, 2021, and is secured by the Company's assets. The debenture is convertible into common shares of the Company after April 30, 2019 at the lower of $0.50 per share or the average 10-day trading price at time of notice.

18. Restatement of Consolidated Financial Statements

The consolidated financial statements of the Company as at September 30, 2017 and for the year then ended have been restated to correct material errors and omissions in its prior filing. The Company discovered the deficiencies in the accounting information subsequent to the filing and issuance of the financial statements and now wishes to rectify the situation by restating the financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2017 using the updated and complete information currently available.

The effects of the restatement are as follows:

Statement of Financial Position

	September 30, 2017 (Original) $	Adjustments $	September 30, 2017 (Restated) $
Assets			
Current Assets			
Cash	19,475	-	19,475
Sales tax receivable	100,747	-	100,747
Due from related parties	56,000	(56,000)	-
	176,222	(56,000)	120,222
Plant and equipment	301,863	-	301,863
Intangible assets	30,250	-	30,250
	508,335	(56,000)	452,335
Liabilities and shareholders' equity			
Current liabilities			
Cheques in excess of funds available	5,096	-	5,096
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	334,468	(120,000)	214,468
Advance from Investissement Québec	148,500	-	148,500
Due to related parties	206,826	(164,750)	42,076
Note payable to related party	100,000	(100,000)	-
Note payable	-	120,000	120,000
	794,890	(264,750)	530,140
Shareholders' Equity			
Share capital	6,807,392	(73,950)	6,733,442
Reserves	8,194,265	18,573	8,212,838
Subscriptions received in advance	581,188	(171,590)	409,598
Subscriptions receivable	(291,527)	291,527	-
Deficit	(15,577,873)	144,190	(15,433,683)
	(286,555)	208,750	(77,805)
	508,335	(56,000)	452,335

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

18. Restatement of Consolidated Financial Statements (cont'd)

Statement of Loss and Comprehensive Loss

	Year ended September 30, 2017 (Original) $	Adjustments $	Year ended September 30, 2017 (Restated) $
Administrative expenses			
Amortization	63,103	-	63,103
Office and administration	210,694	(120,063)	90,631
Professional and consulting fees	717,589	(104,850)	612,739
Investor communication	311,931		311,931
Research	708,570	-	708,570
Share-based compensation	756,992	-	756,992
Travel	40,085	-	40,085
Trust and filing fees	25,865	-	25,865
	(2,834,829)	224,913	(2,609,916)
Other items			
Impairment on loan receivable	(208,839)	-	(208,839)
Interest income	7,342	10	7,352
Interest expenses	(46,576)	(12,860)	(59,436)
Gain on settlement of debts	110,120	(67,873)	42,247
Net loss for the year	(2,972,782)	144,190	(2,828,592)
Other comprehensive income			
Foreign currency translation adjustment	7,788	-	7,788
Comprehensive loss for the year	(2,964,994)	144,190	(2,820,804)

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

18. Restatement of Consolidated Financial Statements (cont'd)

Statement of Cash Flows

	Year ended September 30, 2017 (Original) $	**Adjustments $**	**Year ended September 30, 2017 (Restated) $**
Cash provided by (used in):			
Operating activities			
Net loss for the year	(2,972,782)	144,190	(2,828,592)
Adjustments for non-cash items			
Share-based compensation	756,992	-	756,992
Accrued interest on note payable	36,576	12,860	49,436
Accrued interest on loan receivable	(7,352)	-	(7,352)
Amortization	63,103	-	63,103
Loss / (Gain) on settlement of debt	130,120	(172,367)	(42,247)
Impairment of loan receivable	208,839	-	208,839
Consulting fees paid in shares	105,000	-	105,000
Changes in non-cash operating working capital:			
Prepayments	(24,217)	(1)	(24,218)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(46,859)	107,975	61,116
Due to related parties	(36,000)	(37,680)	(73,680)
	(1,813,930)		(1,731,603)
Investing activities			
Additions to plant and equipment	(152,368)	-	(152,368)
Additions to intangible assets	(10,000)	-	(10,000)
Issuance of loan receivable	(194,136)	(7,351)	(201,487)
	(356,504)		(363,855)
Financing activities			
Proceeds from issuance of promissory notes	280,000	170,000	450,000
Repayment of promissory notes	-	(250,000)	(250,000)
Share issuance for cash, net of share issuance costs	900,685	171,207	1,071,892
Subscriptions received in advance	581,188	(171,590)	409,598
Exercise of warrants	57,000	-	57,000
Advance from Investissement Québec	148,500	-	148,500
Bank indebtedness	5,096	-	5,096
	1,967,053		1,892,086
Effect of foreign currency on cash	15,609	(1)	15,608
Decrease in cash	(187,763)	(1)	(187,764)
Cash, beginning of year	207,239	-	207,239
Cash, end of year	19,476		19,475