### As Amended October 1, 2018

This Management Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of Asante Gold Corporation, ("Asante" or the "Company" or the "Issuer") provides an analysis of the Company's performance and financial condition for the three and six months ended July 31, 2018. It is prepared as at September 26, 2018 and was approved by the Board of Directors on that date.

This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the Company's unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended July 31, 2018 including the related note disclosures. The Company's unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). All dollar figures included therein and in the following discussion and analysis are quoted in the presentation currency of Canadian dollars unless otherwise specified. Additional information relevant to the Company's activities can be found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com or the Company's website at www.asantegold.com

This MD&A may contain forward-looking statements that are based on the Company's expectations, estimates and projections regarding its business and the economic environment in which it operates. These statements speak only as of the date on which they are made, are not guarantees of future performance, and involve risks and uncertainties that are difficult to control or predict. Examples of some of the specific risks associated with the operations of the Company are set out below. Actual outcomes and results may differ materially from those expressed in these forward-looking statements and readers should not place undue reliance on such statements.

This MDA is amended as of October 1, 2018 to reflect the insertion on page 7 under "Outstanding Securities Data" the date "September 26" which was omitted in the original filing. No other amendments have been made.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following information should be read in conjunction with the condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended July 31, 2018 and related notes thereto. The unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards. All currency amounts are expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise stated.

# Principal Business and Corporate History

Asante Gold Corporation is a mineral exploration company primarily involved in the acquisition and assessment of mineral properties in the Republic of Ghana. The Company's objective is to undertake mineral exploration on properties assessed to be of merit and to define mineral resources. Precious metals are targeted with a focus on gold and gold royalties. On May 28, 2015 the Company obtained a listing on the Canadian Securities Exchange and commenced trading under the symbol "ASE".

The Company entered into a Purchase Agreement with Goknet Mining Company Limited ("Goknet"), a Company with a common director, of Accra, Ghana, on June 15, 2011 to acquire the Fahiakoba Concession, in the Ashanti and Central Regions in the Republic of Ghana. The Company acquired a 100% interest in the Fahiakoba Concession by paying Goknet the sum of US\$51,976 (C\$50,630) and by agreeing to expend US\$1,000,000 over a five year period, which commitments have been met in full. The Company also granted Goknet a 3% net smelter return royalty on production from the Fahiakoba Concession. The Company has applied to have the concession title transferred to ASG Mining Ltd., the Company's 100% owned Ghana subsidiary.

The Company entered into a definitive Option Agreement between the Company, Goknet Mining Company Limited ("Goknet"), Kubi Gold (Barbados) Limited ("Kubi") and Asante Gold Corporation (GH) Limited effective February 28, 2015, to earn a 50% interest in the Kubi Gold Project with the right to increase such interest to 75% and ultimately 100% upon completion of certain conditions.

On August 9, 2016 the Company announced that it had reached agreement with Goknet to close the acquisition of the Kubi Mining Lease, subject to receipt of governmental approvals, by issuing seven million shares and reserving for future delivery to Goknet a total of 8,000 ounces of gold, and thereafter reserving for Goknet a 1% to 2% Net Smelter Return Royalty (the "Kubi NSR"). This agreement was formalized in a Mineral Assets Purchase and Sale Agreement between the Company and Goknet effective December 28, 2016. Royal Gold Inc. of Denver holds a 3% Net Proceeds of Production royalty, and the Ghana Government a statutory 10% free carry equity and 5% NSR royalty interest. Asante plans to further explore and if warranted develop Kubi as a custom milling and direct shipping underground operation. Goknet and the Company are related by one common director. The acquisition was negotiated and approved by a Special Committee of the Directors of Asante.

In addition the Company may acquire Goknet's interests in eight prospecting licences: two totaling 38 sq km adjoining to the west of the Kubi Mining Lease, and six contiguous licences (the "Ashanti II concessions) totaling ~270 sq km located on the Asankrangwa Gold Belt 15 km to the south west and along the strike of the Asanko mine. To purchase the licences the Company will issue up to a maximum of three million treasury shares, pro rata on a license by license basis if as and when title is registered in the name of the Company. Goknet will retain a 2% Net Smelter Return royalty on each license

purchased by the Company. Disinterested shareholder approval for the Ashanti II and the Kubi Mining Lease transactions was obtained at the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on December 28, 2016.

On October 17, 2016, the Company announced that it entered into an agreement with BXC Company (Ghana) Limited ("BXC") to form the Kubi Gold JV, a 50:50 joint venture to develop the Kubi Mining Leases in Ghana towards production. On May 12, 2017 the Company announced that due to delays in closing, the parties had agreed to allow the agreement to expire. The Company is continuing to source other Joint Venture partners or funding to develop Kubi.

On September 8, 2016, the Company announced that it had entered into an agreement with Sikasante Mining Company Limited ("Sikasante"), a private Ghana corporation, to earn up to a 100% interest in their Keyhole Gold Project in Ghana, which consists of the Sraha and Ayiem licences. The Company has agreed (pending) to issue to Sikasante 250,000 shares in its capital stock on final issuance of the Ayiem license to Sikasante and receipt by Sikasante of all necessary permits required to commence a drilling program (done), and to complete \$500,000 in work (completed) over four years in order to earn 50%. The Company may earn an additional 50% interest by reserving for Sikasante a 2% net smelter returns royalty (the "Sika NSR Royalty"), and on the assignment of the Sikasante licenses to the Company (subject to the consent of the Company. Sikasante and Natural Resources) a final payment of one million shares in the capital stock of the Company. Sikasante and the Company are related by one common director. All negotiations and final terms of agreement have been approved by a Special Committee of the Directors of the Company.

On August 4, 2015 the Company announced that it has entered into an Option and Sale Agreement with Perseus Mining (Ghana) Limited ("Perseus") to acquire up to a 100% interest in a part of their Dunkwa prospecting license, to be called on issuance the Betenase prospecting license. The permit adjoins to the east of the Kubi Gold Mining Lease.

The Company amended its agreement on May 15, 2018 such that the Company may exercise the option to earn 100% interest in Betenase (subject to 10% reserved for the Government of Ghana, and 1% underlying NSR royalties) by completing US\$1million in exploration within four years of the earlier of either the issuance of the new Betenase prospecting licence, or December 31, 2019 and by paying US\$1million to Perseus.

Investors are cautioned that final acquisition of Fahiakoba, the Kubi Mining Lease, the Ashanti II concessions, the Betenase prospecting license and the Keyhole options are dependent on additional financing, governmental renewals, approvals and consents, which though reasonably expected, may or may not be ultimately completed or obtained.

# Key Activities

The Company is currently focused on sourcing financing to further develop the Kubi Mining Lease and move Kubi towards production, and on exploration at Keyhole and its other Ghanaian holdings.

The Company is continuing to evaluate potential toll milling opportunities in Ghana, as well as sourcing additional management and production expertise.

# Capital Stock and Financing

On April 24, 2018, the Company extended the expiry date of 6,115,000 share purchase warrants by one year, all other terms and exercise conditions of the warrants remain the same as issued.

On February 17, 2017, pursuant to the third and final tranche of a private placement announced October 19, 2016, the Company issued 3,888,889 units at a price of \$0.18. Each unit comprises one

common share and one half warrant. Each full warrant is exercisable at a price of \$0.25 until February 17, 2019.

On May 31, 2017 the Company completed a non-brokered private placement of 4,350,000 units of the Company at \$0.10 per unit for aggregate gross proceeds of \$435,000. Each Unit consists of one common share of the Company and one full transferrable Common Share purchase warrant. Each Warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional Common Share at an exercise price of \$0.15 for twelve months from the closing date of the private placement.

On December 12, 2017 the Company closed a shares for debt private placement converting \$956,474 of debt into 9,564,744 common shares and 603,977 common share purchase warrants (the 'Warrants'), to suppliers, employees, consultants and creditors of the Company, including some insiders. Warrants were issued only to arms-length creditors and are each exercisable into one common share at a price of \$0.15 for a two year term. The common shares issued are subject to a four month plus one day hold period.

## **Overall Performance**

The Company has no operational revenue, and exploration activity is subject to the availability of funds raised through financings. Global financial and commodity markets have been volatile, and the Company is thus impacted by these generic industry factors which are beyond its control. The Company anticipates obtaining additional financing in the future primarily through debt, equity or joint venture based financing.

The Company has completed its initial exploration program on the Fahiakoba Concession, consisting of 4,987.5 metres of diamond drilling, ground VLF-EM geophysics and 1,200 auger drill holes. Results are considered sufficiently encouraging that further work is planned, subject to the raising of additional capital.

The Company has also completed a program of ground geophysics at Betenase, covering the strong gold in soil anomaly previously outlined by Perseus, and has completed four diamond drill holes for a total of 562 metres. Significant results to 4m @ 3.14 g/t gold and widespread alteration and quartz veining were noted in the drilling. Further ground geophysics IP and a Phase II drilling program has been planned, subject to availability of funding.

Preliminary exploration has also been completed on the Keyhole Project optioned from Sikasante. On April 14, 2017 the Company announced the completion of a maiden 1,151 metre drill program in 12 holes, following up on ground geophysical survey results. Drillhole MEM17-001B was spotted to test directly under the old MEM shaft area and intersected 13.12g/t gold over 3.0m at a down hole depth of 139m. The intersection was vertically ~120m below the MEM shaft in a graphitic shear zone hosted in meta-greywacke/argillite, with quartz-sulfide mineralization and with minor visible gold noted.

Channel sampling results were also reported from trench MEM17-529 located 110m to the northeast along the inferred strike of the mineralization in drillhole 001B, with significant assay result of 10.23 g/t Au over 2.0m in vertical dipping meta-sediments with 10-15 % quartz vein material; and 1.62 g/t Au over 1.0m in saprolite in trench MEM17-002 located 110m to the northwest of the MEM showing.

In late October, the Company announced final assay results from a 6 hole second phase 790m diamond drilling program. The program has extended the MEM shear zone to a length of 825m and to depths of 150m, open along strike and to depth. Visible gold was noted in multiple intersections in the sulfide and quartz mineralized shear zone, with assay grades to 15.9g/t Au. Mineralized intersections in the central 400m long section of the MEM shear averaged 9.6g/t Au over estimated average true widths of 1.2m.

Given the locally high grades encountered, the significant strike and depth potential of this shear as well as the prospect of finding numerous other mineralized shears in the MEM area and several kilometres to the north and south, management is highly encouraged to continue exploring the option. On conclusion of additional land acquisition, which is advanced, further ground geophysical surveys will be conducted to locate other shear zone/dilational breaks, and subject to available funding, further drilling to test down dip of the high grade section of the MEM shear.

# Selected Quarterly Information

The following table summarizes quarterly results for the most recent 8 quarters. The information contained in this table should be read in conjunction with the Company's financial statements.

Period ending:	Revenue	Net income (loss) for the period	Currency translation adjustment	Comprehensive Income (loss)	Net income (loss) per share
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
July 31, 2018	Nil	(192,810)	74,299	(118,511)	(0.01)
April 30, 2018	Nil	(153,731)	179,839	26,108	-
January 31, 2018	Nil	117,285	(133,734)	(16,449)	-
October 31, 2017	Nil	(214,116)	106,704	(107,412)	(0.01)
July 31, 2017	Nil	(293,917)	(450,542)	(744,459)	(0.01)
April 30, 2017	Nil	(275,144)	243,792	(31,352)	-
January 31, 2017	Nil	151,368	4,904	156,272	0.01
October 31, 2016	Nil	(300,855)	(15,117)	(315,972)	(0.01)

# **Results of Operations**

The Company's net operating loss for the three months ended July 31, 2018 was \$192,810 (2017: \$293,918). Against the prior year, the decrease is mainly attributable to reductions in management and consulting fees, share -based payments, and investor communication costs.

The Company capitalizes all mineral property acquisition and exploration costs until the properties to which the costs are related are placed into production, sold or abandoned. The decision to abandon a property is largely determined by exploration results and the amount and timing of the Company's write-offs of capitalized mineral property costs will vary in a fiscal period from one year to the next and typically cannot be predicted in advance.

During the three month period ended July 31, 2018, mineral property acquisition and exploration costs totalling \$34,300 (2017:\$147,511), exclusive of Currency Translation Adjustments, were capitalized to mineral properties. Expenditures are detailed in the exploration expenditure table, page 7.

The table below presents the key expenditure items for the three and six month periods ended July 31, 2018 and comparative year.



		Six months ended July 31,				Three months ended			
					July 31,				
		2018		2017		2018		2017	
Expenses									
Advertising, trade shows and promotions	\$	12,484	\$	10,162	\$	986	\$	2,705	
Amortization		-		225		-		212	
Directors' fees		24,601		30,839		10,102		17,887	
Foreign exchange loss		120		(165)		-		146	
General office		33,755		42,025		16,194		24,785	
Management and consulting fees		72,038		164,508		36,483		79,386	
Professional services		96,109		101,013		54,241		42,385	
Share-based payments		67,560		110,220		54,300		75,680	
Shareholder communications		26,806		92,136		14,960		36,676	
Transfer agent and regulatory fees		9,412		8,015		5,406		4,840	
Travel		3,655		9,984		137		9,216	
et loss for the period	\$	346,541	\$	568,962		192,810		293,918	

# Dividends

There are no restrictions that could prevent the Issuer from paying dividends on its Common Shares. The Issuer has not paid any dividends on its Common Shares and it is not contemplated that the Issuer will pay any dividends in the immediate or foreseeable future. All available cash will be used to finance operations and explore mineral properties, until a revenue stream is generated.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

At July 31, 2018, the Company had a working capital deficiency of \$2,714,285, including \$1,795,465 which was owed to related parties.

Debt agreements which had deferred the maturity date of various amounts in accounts payable, accrued liabilities and amounts due to related parties until May 19, 2018, now fall within current liabilities, are non-interest bearing and are unsecured. In addition key management and directors have deferred cash compensation until the liquidity position improves.

Expenditure obligations in terms of the acquisition of its interest in the Fahiakoba Concession have been met in full by the Company.

At present, the Company's operations do not generate cash flow and its financial success is dependent on management's ability to discover and develop economically viable mineral deposits. The mineral exploration process can take many years and is subject to many factors that are beyond the Company's control.

In order to finance the Company's exploration programs and to cover general and administrative expenses, the Company raises money through shareholder loans and equity issues. In addition the Company continues to source funding for the development of the Kubi Gold Project as discussed in the "Principal Business" section on page 2 above.

Many factors influence the Company's ability to raise funds, including the gold price, the general health of the resource market, the climate for mineral exploration investment, the Company's track record, and the experience and calibre of its management. Actual funding requirements may vary from those planned due to a number of factors, including the progress of exploration activities. Management believes it will be able to raise equity capital as required in the long term, but recognizes there will be risks involved that may be beyond their control.

# **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

## **Exploration Expenditures**

Exploration expenditures for the six months ended July 31, 2018 were as follows:

	Property:										
I	Fahiakoba	I	Betanase		Sraha		Kubi		Ayiem		Total
\$	3,566,840	\$	251,989	\$	784,789	\$	140,939	\$	24,747	\$	4,769,304
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	4,891		-		8,415		730		1,121		15,157
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	1,820		385		385		523		385		3,498
	5,988		4,196		4,196		2,644		4,299		21,323
	156,032		11,105		34,577		6,236		1,130		209,080
	3,735,571		267,675		832,362		151,072		31,682		5,018,362
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	7,329		-		-		3,528		-		10,857
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	1,918		1,032		1,032		2679		1,032		7,693
	4,039		2,865		2,865		3116		2,865		15,750
	55,539		3,923		12,200		2,211		463		74,336
	3,804,396		275,495		848,459		162,606		36,042		5,126,998
		- 4,891 - 1,820 5,988 156,032 3,735,571 - - 7,329 - 1,918 4,039 55,539	\$ 3,566,840 \$   - -   4,891 -   - 1,820   5,988 156,032   3,735,571 -   - -   7,329 -   1,918 4,039   55,539 -	\$ 3,566,840 \$ 251,989   - -   - -   4,891 -   - -   1,820 385   5,988 4,196   156,032 11,105   3,735,571 267,675   - -   7,329 -   - -   1,918 1,032   4,039 2,865   55,539 3,923	\$ 3,566,840 \$ 251,989 \$   - - -   4,891 - -   4,891 - -   1,820 385 5,988   5,988 4,196 156,032 11,105   3,735,571 267,675 - -   - - - -   7,329 - - -   1,918 1,032 4,039 2,865   55,539 3,923 - -	Fahiakoba   Betanase   Sraha     \$ 3,566,840   \$ 251,989   \$ 784,789     -   -   -     -   -   -     -   -   -     4,891   -   8,415     -   -   -     1,820   385   385     5,988   4,196   4,196     156,032   11,105   34,577     3,735,571   267,675   832,362     -   -   -     7,329   -   -     1,918   1,032   1,032     1,918   1,032   2,865     55,539   3,923   12,200	Fahiakoba   Betanase   Sraha     \$ 3,566,840   \$ 251,989   \$ 784,789   \$     -   -   -   -     -   -   -   -     4,891   -   8,415   -     1,820   385   385   385     5,988   4,196   4,196     156,032   11,105   34,577     3,735,571   267,675   832,362     -   -   -     7,329   -   -     1,918   1,032   1,032     4,039   2,865   2,865     55,539   3,923   12,200	Fahiakoba   Betanase   Sraha   Kubi     \$ 3,566,840   \$ 251,989   \$ 784,789   \$ 140,939     -   -   -   -     -   -   -   -     -   -   -   -     4,891   -   8,415   730     -   -   -   -     1,820   385   385   523     5,988   4,196   4,196   2,644     156,032   11,105   34,577   6,236     3,735,571   267,675   832,362   151,072     -   -   -   -   -     7,329   -   -   -   -     1,918   1,032   1,032   2679     4,039   2,865   2,865   3116     55,539   3,923   12,200   2,211	Fahiakoba   Betanase   Sraha   Kubi     \$ 3,566,840   \$ 251,989   \$ 784,789   \$ 140,939   \$     -   -   -   -   -   -     -   -   -   -   -   -     4,891   -   8,415   730   -     4,891   -   8,415   730   -     1,820   385   385   523   -     1,820   385   385   523   -     5,988   4,196   4,196   2,644   -     156,032   11,105   34,577   6,236     3,735,571   267,675   832,362   151,072     -   -   -   -   -     7,329   -   -   -   -     1,918   1,032   1,032   2679     4,039   2,865   2,865   3116     55,539   3,923   12,200   2,211	Fahiakoba   Betanase   Sraha   Kubi   Ayiem     \$ 3,566,840   \$ 251,989   \$ 784,789   \$ 140,939   \$ 24,747     -   -   -   -   -   -     -   -   -   -   -   -     -   -   -   -   -   -     4,891   -   8,415   730   1,121     -   -   -   -   -   -     1,820   385   385   523   385     5,988   4,196   4,196   2,644   4,299     156,032   11,105   34,577   6,236   1,130     3,735,571   267,675   832,362   151,072   31,682     -   -   -   -   -   -     7,329   -   3,528   -   -     1,918   1,032   1,032   2679   1,032     1,918   1,032   2,865   2,865   3116   2,865	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c } \hline Fahiakoba & Betanase & Sraha & Kubi & Ayiem \\ \hline $ 3,566,840 $ $ 251,989 $ 784,789 $ 140,939 $ 24,747 $ \\ \hline $ 3,566,840 $ $ 251,989 $ 784,789 $ 140,939 $ 24,747 $ \\ \hline $ 140,939 $ $ $ 24,747 $ \\ \hline $ 140,939 $ $ $ 24,747 $ \\ \hline $ 140,939 $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $

# **Outstanding Securities Data**

As at September 26, 2018, there are 57,160,221 Common Shares issued and outstanding.

Warrants outstanding at date of this report are as follows:

 Number of warrants		Exercise price	Expiry date
 1,000,000 600,000 1,160,821 497,299 1,944,445 4,350,000 165,000 603,977 10,321,542	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	0.25 0.25 0.25 0.25 0.25 0.15 0.15 0.15	April 28, 2019 May 6, 2019 October 20, 2018 January 16, 2019 February 17, 2019 May 31, 2019 May 31, 2019 December 12, 2019

Weighted Average Remaining Life - 1.04 years

Grant Date	Expiry Date	Exercise Price		Balance	Vested and Exercisable
2014-04-11	2019-04-11	\$	0.15	200,000	200,000
2014-05-15	2019-05-15	\$	0.15	350,000	350,000
2015-07-02	2020-07-02	\$	0.15	220,000	220,000
2016-05-06	2021-05-06	\$	0.17	1,040,000	1,040,000
2017-03-07	2022-03-07	\$	0.20	200,000	200,000
2017-05-12	2022-05-12	\$	0.15	800,000	800,000
2018-03-12	2023-03-12	\$	0.10	200,000	200,000
2018-06-05	2023-06-05	\$	0.10	1,500,000	1,500,000
Balance at July 31, 2018				4,510,000	4,510,000

Options outstanding at the date of this report:

Weighted Average Exercise Price: \$0.14

Weighted Average Remaining Life - 3.0 years

## **Transactions with Related Parties**

Related Party transactions include transactions with key management personnel and their related parties who hold positions in other entities that result in them having control or significant influence over the financial or operating policies of those entities.

For the six months ended July 31, 2018 the following transactions occurred:

	July 31,			
		2018		2017
Management and consulting fees paid or payable to MIA Investments Ltd, a company controlled by an officer and director, D MacQuarrie Professional services paid or payable to 1765271 Ontario Inc., a company controlled by an	\$	30,000	\$	90,000
officer of the Company, P Gibbs		45,000		45,000
Management and consulting fees paid or payable to B Ahmed, an officer and director		42,038		42,831
	\$	117,038	\$	177,831
		July	31,	
		2018		2017
Directors fees:				
. Riedl-Riedenstein	\$	6,000	\$	6,000
A. Heath		6,000		6,000
I. Goodman		-		6,000
H. K. Arhin (ASG Mining Limited - Ghana)		7,821		7,969
R. Bourke (Asante Gold Cororation GH Limited - Barbados)		2,390		2,435
R. Holford (Asante Gold Cororation GH Limited - Barbados)		2,390		2,435
	\$	24,601	\$	30,839

Executive management and directors have deferred cash compensation until the working capital position is improved, and accordingly amounts due to related parties including key management

and directors have increased. As at July 31, 2018 a total of \$1,795,465 (January 31, 2018: \$1,635,001) was owed to related parties, including working capital loans and advances.

### Significant Accounting Policies

Significant accounting policies are detailed in the notes to the audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended January 31, 2018, which are available on www.sedar.com and on the Company's website.

### Changes in Accounting Policies

### - Standards, Amendments and Interpretations Not Yet Effective

The International Accounting Standards Board has issued new and amended standards and interpretations which have not yet been adopted by the Company. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact of these standards and amendments and does not anticipate early adoption. The following is a brief summary of the new and amended standards and interpretations:

IFRS 16 - 'Leases'

This new standard brings most leases on-balance sheet for lessees under a single model, eliminating the distinction between operating and finance leases. The application of this standard is effective for interim periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019.

The Company has not determined the extent of the impact of the above standard.

### Risks and Uncertainties

The Company is exposed to a variety of risk factors, of which the most significant are outlined in the section 'Financial Risk Management' below.

### Financial Risk Management

The Issuer is exposed in varying degrees to a variety of financial instrument related risks. The Board approves and monitors the risk management processes. The type of risk exposure and the way in which such exposure is managed is provided as follows:

### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of potential loss to the Issuer if a counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Issuer's credit risk is primarily attributable to its liquid financial assets, including cash and receivables. The Issuer limits the exposure to credit risk by only investing its cash with high-credit quality financial institutions in business and saving accounts, guaranteed investment certificates, and in government treasury bills which are available on demand by the Issuer.

### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Issuer will not be able to meet its financial obligations when they become due. The Issuer ensures, as far as reasonably possible, it will have sufficient capital or access to debt in order to meet short to medium term business requirements, after taking into account cash flows from operations and the Issuer's holdings of cash and cash equivalents. The liquidity risk at this time is high due to the working capital deficiency and the current investment climate related to the still weak gold price effect on junior mining companies. The Company intends to raise funds from external sources through joint ventures, equity and debt.

### Foreign Exchange Risk

The Issuer is exposed to financial risk arising from fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and the degree of volatility of these rates. At July 31, 2018, the Company is exposed to currency risk through the following financial instruments denominated in foreign currencies:

	US
	Dollars
Liabilities	\$ 416,434
CAD foreign exchange rate	1.3030
CAD equivalent	\$ 542,613

A 10% increase in the Canadian (CAD) dollar against the foreign currency at July 31, 2018 would result in an increase (decrease) to net income of \$54,621, assuming that all other variables remain constant.

The Company is also exposed to foreign currency risk because the Company's exploration and evaluation assets are denominated in United States dollars. A 10% increase in the CAD dollar against the United States dollar at July 31, 2018 would result in a decrease to other comprehensive income of approximately \$513,000 arising from the Company's exploration and evaluation assets.

### Interest rate risk

The Issuer is subject to interest rate risk with respect to its investments in cash. The Issuer's policy is to invest cash at fixed rates of interest and cash reserves are to be maintained in cash and cash equivalents in order to maintain liquidity, while achieving a satisfactory return for shareholders. Fluctuations in interest rates when the cash and cash equivalents mature impact interest income earned. The Issuer is not exposed to significant interest rate risk.

### Commodity Price Risk

While the value of the Issuer's mineral resource properties is indirectly related to the price of gold, the Issuer currently does not have any operating mines and hence does not have any hedging or other commodity based risks in respect of its operational activities.

Gold prices have historically fluctuated widely and are affected by numerous factors outside of the Issuer's control, including, but not limited to, industrial and retail demand, central bank financial policies, forward sales by producers and speculators, levels of worldwide production, short-term changes in supply and demand because of speculative hedging activities, and certain other factors related specifically to gold.

### Capital Management

The Issuer's intended policy is to maintain a strong capital base and deal flow so as to maintain investor and creditor confidence and to sustain future development of the business. Given the poor junior company equity markets over the last few years, the Company decided to rely on debt financing rather than equity in order to minimize share dilution. The capital structure of the Issuer consists of cash and equity, comprising of issued common shares, share based payment reserve, accumulated and other comprehensive income (loss) and deficit. There were no changes in the Issuer's approach to capital management during the quarter. The Issuer is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

### Fair Value

The fair value of the Issuer's financial assets and liabilities approximates their carrying amount. Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1 - Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3 - Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

Financial assets are classified and subsequently measured, based on the purpose for which the asset was acquired, as presented below. All transactions related to financial instruments are recorded on a trade date basis.

Asset	Classification	Subsequent Measurement
Cash	FVTPL	FVTPL
Receivables	Loans and receivables	Amortized cost