

TARTISAN RESOURCES CORP.
(An Exploration Stage Enterprise)

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Expressed in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise stated)
(UNAUDITED)

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Notice of no auditor review of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

The Company's independent auditors have not performed a review of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditors.

TARTISAN RESOURCES CORP.
(An Exploration Stage Enterprise)

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
(UNAUDITED)

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

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TARTISAN RESOURCES CORP.
(An Exploration Stage Enterprise)

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
(UNAUDITED)

	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013 (audited)
ASSETS		
CURRENT		
Cash	\$ 887	\$ 676
Accounts receivable (note 16)	12,873	18,688
Prepaid expenses and deposits	3,003	3,084
	<u>16,763</u>	<u>22,448</u>
MINERAL PROPERTIES (note 7)	217,328	223,647
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT (note 5)	6,485	7,841
	<u>\$ 240,576</u>	<u>\$ 253,936</u>
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (notes 9 and 19)	\$ 500,614	\$ 357,785
Due to related parties, interest free	25,000	-
Notes payable (note 4)	110,000	110,000
	635,614	467,785
DUE TO RELATED PARTIES (note 6)	80,335	91,517
	<u>715,949</u>	<u>559,302</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY		
SHARE CAPITAL (note 8 (a))	3,268,698	3,128,790
UNITS AND SHARES TO BE ISSUED (note 8 (a))	43,000	28,000
RESERVE FOR WARRANTS (note 8 (b) and (c))	55,436	229,325
RESERVE FOR SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (note 8 (d))	179,247	173,331
CONTRIBUTED SURPLUS (note 8 (a))	223,252	46,591
FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION RESERVE	(36,391)	(29,819)
DEFICIT	(4,208,615)	(3,881,584)
	<u>(475,373)</u>	<u>(305,366)</u>
	<u>\$ 240,576</u>	<u>\$ 253,936</u>

NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN CONSIDERATIONS (note 1)
SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (note 20)

Approved by the Board:

_____, Director

_____, Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

TARTISAN RESOURCES CORP.
(An Exploration Stage Enterprise)

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
(UNAUDITED)

	For the three months ended		For the nine months ended	
	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
EXPENSES				
Management and consulting fees (note 9)	\$ 44,250	\$ 39,700	\$ 95,798	\$ 202,700
Depreciation	333	375	999	1,125
Directors fees (note 9)	12,000	-	24,000	-
Exploration costs (note 17)	-	36,249	51,862	124,263
Interest and bank charges	57	792	1,415	2,878
Interest on notes payable (note 4)	250	-	6,630	-
Office, general and administration (note 9)	10,429	43,043	123,724	93,682
Professional fees	-	18,745	-	87,815
Salaries and benefits	-	4,908	17,289	13,572
Share-based payments (note 8 (d) and 9)	-	161,500	-	161,500
Rent	-	3,528	5,314	8,430
	<u>67,319</u>	<u>308,840</u>	<u>327,031</u>	<u>695,965</u>
Net loss for the period				
Other comprehensive loss (gain)				
Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations	<u>(3,567)</u>	<u>(16,548)</u>	<u>6,572</u>	<u>(8,899)</u>
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR PERIOD	<u>\$ 63,752</u>	<u>\$ 292,292</u>	<u>\$ 333,603</u>	<u>\$ 687,066</u>
Loss per common share				
Basic	<u>\$ 0.00</u>	<u>\$ 0.01</u>	<u>\$ 0.01</u>	<u>\$ 0.03</u>
Diluted	<u>\$ 0.00</u>	<u>\$ 0.01</u>	<u>\$ 0.01</u>	<u>\$ 0.03</u>
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding				
Basic	<u>30,445,525</u>	<u>27,852,283</u>	<u>29,832,192</u>	<u>26,211,112</u>
Diluted	<u>30,445,525</u>	<u>27,852,283</u>	<u>29,832,192</u>	<u>26,211,122</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

TARTISAN RESOURCES CORP.
(An Exploration Stage Enterprise)

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN DEFICIENCY
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
(UNAUDITED)

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Share capital		Reserve for						Total
	Shares	Amount	Units and shares to be issued	Share-based payments	Warrants	Currency translation	Contributed surplus	Accumulated deficit	
Balance, April 1, 2013	28,405,525	\$ 3,128,790	\$ 28,000	\$ 173,331	\$ 229,325	(\$ 29,819)	\$ 46,591	(\$ 3,881,584)	(\$ 305,366)
Shares issued or issuable in private placements	2,040,000	144,000	15,000	-	-	-	-	-	159,000
Fair value ascribed to warrants issued in private placements	-	(2,700)	-	-	2,700	-	-	-	-
Share issue costs – finders compensation warrants	-	(72)	-	-	72	-	-	-	-
Share issue costs – cash	-	(1,320)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,320)
Fair value of expired warrants and finders warrants	-	-	-	-	(176,661)	-	176,661	-	-
Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations	-	-	-	-	-	(6,572)	-	-	(6,572)
Share based payments	-	-	-	5,916	-	-	-	-	5,916
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(327,031)	(327,031)
Balance, December 31, 2013	30,445,525	\$3,268,698	\$ 43,000	\$ 179,247	\$ 55,436	(\$ 36,391)	\$ 223,252	(\$ 4,208,615)	(\$ 475,373)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

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CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN DEFICIENCY
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
(UNAUDITED)

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

	Share capital		Reserve for						
	Shares	Amount	Units and shares to be issued	Share – based payments	Warrants	Currency translation	Contributed surplus	Accumulated deficit	Total
Balance, April 1, 2012	25,010,258	\$ 2,486,196	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 161,785	(\$ 85,506)	\$ -	(\$ 2,985,423)	(\$ 422,948)
Shares issued in private placements	2,217,267	472,100	-	-	-	-	-	-	472,100
Fair value ascribed to warrants issued in private placements	-	(75,519)	-	-	75,519	-	-	-	-
Share issue costs – finders compensation warrants	-	(7,834)	-	-	7,834	-	-	-	-
Shares issued on settlement of amounts due to related parties	878,000	219,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	219,500
Shares issued for consulting services	200,000	50,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	50,000
Shares issued on settlement of long-term amounts payable	200,000	50,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	50,000
Share cancellation	(100,000)	(15,000)	-	-	-	-	-	15,000	-
Share-based payments	-	-	-	161,500	-	-	-	(161,500)	-
Share issue costs – cash	-	(26,540)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(26,540)
Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations	-	-	-	-	-	(56,179)	-	-	(56,179)
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(469,387)	(469,387)
Balance, December 31, 2012	28,405,525	\$ 3,152,903	\$ -	\$ 161,500	\$ 245,138	(\$ 141,685)	\$ -	(\$ 3,601,310)	(\$ 183,454)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

TARTISAN RESOURCES CORP.
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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
(UNAUDITED)

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31

	2013	2012
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net loss for the period	(\$ 327,031)	(\$630,887)
Add items not affecting cash:		
Consulting fees	-	50,000
Depreciation	999	1,125
Foreign exchange	6,020	(56,696)
Share-based payments	-	161,500
Net changes in non-cash working capital balances:		
Decrease in accounts receivable	5,815	1,030
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses and deposits	81	(3,977)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	<u>142,829</u>	<u>49,678</u>
Cash used in operations	<u>(171,287)</u>	<u>(428,227)</u>
CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchase of machinery and equipment	-	(585)
Additions to mineral properties	<u>-</u>	<u>(26,856)</u>
Cash used in investing	<u>-</u>	<u>(27,441)</u>
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Issue of common shares as part of private placements	144,000	472,100
Units to be issued	15,000	-
Increase in due to related parties	13,818	8,091
Share issue costs	<u>(1,320)</u>	<u>(26,540)</u>
Cash provided by financing	<u>171,498</u>	<u>453,651</u>
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH POSITION	211	(2,017)
CASH POSITION AT BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	<u>676</u>	<u>2,811</u>
CASH POSITION AT END OF THE PERIOD	<u>\$ 887</u>	<u>\$ 794</u>
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash transactions:		
Fair value ascribed to warrants on private placements	<u>\$ 2,772</u>	<u>\$ 83,353</u>
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities reclassified to long-term amounts payable	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 131,739</u>
Shares issued on settlement of amounts due to related parties	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 219,500</u>
Shares issued on settlement of long-term amounts payable	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 50,000</u>
Shares cancelled through the period	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 15,000</u>

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TARTISAN RESOURCES CORP.
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NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
UNAUDITED

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN CONSIDERATIONS:

Tartisan Resources Corp. (“Tartisan” or the “Company”) was incorporated on March 18, 2008 under the Business Corporations Act (Ontario). The Company’s registered office is at 20 Adelaide Street East, Suite 301, Toronto, Ontario, M5C 2T6. The Company is in the business of acquiring, exploring for and developing mineral properties in Perú. Substantially all of the efforts of the Company are devoted to these business activities. To date the Company has not earned significant revenue and is considered to be in the exploration stage. The ability of the Company to carry out its business plan rests with its ability to secure equity and other financing.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a “going concern”, which assume that the Company will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations. The business of mining and exploring for minerals involves a high degree of risk and there is no guarantee that the Company’s exploration programs will yield positive results or that the Company will be able to obtain the necessary financing to carry out the exploration and development of its mineral property interests.

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to the properties in which it has an interest, in accordance with industry standards for the current stage of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Property title may be subject to government licensing requirements or regulations, unregistered prior agreements, undetected defects, unregistered claims, native land claims, and non-compliance with regulatory and environmental requirements.

The Company incurred a total comprehensive loss of \$333,603 for the nine months ended December 31, 2013 (nine months ended December 31, 2012 - \$687,066) and has an accumulated deficit of \$4,208,615 as at December 31, 2013 (March 31, 2013- \$3,881,564), and expects to incur further losses in the development of its business, all of which casts substantial doubt upon the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern. The Company will require additional financing in order to conduct its planned work programs on mineral properties, meet its ongoing levels of corporate overhead and discharge its liabilities as they come due.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going-concern basis which assumes that the Company will be able to realize assets and discharge liabilities in the normal course of business. While the Company has been successful in securing financings in the past, there is no assurance that it will be able to do so in the future. Accordingly, these consolidated financial statements do not give effect to adjustments, if any, that would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. If the going concern assumption was not used then the adjustments required to report the Company’s assets and liabilities on a liquidation basis could be material to these consolidated financial statements.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

Statement of Compliance

The unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements for Tartisan Resources Corp. for the nine months ended December 31, 2013 have been prepared in accordance and compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (collectively “IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including IAS 34, “Interim Financial Reporting”.

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2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (continued):

Statement of Compliance (continued)

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis. These consolidated financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared on the basis of IFRS standards that are published at the time of preparation and that are effective on December 31, 2013. These unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all the information and note disclosures required by IFRS for annual financial statements and therefore should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2013.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements were approved by the board of directors for issue on March 3, 2014.

Basis of Measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments which are stated at fair value.

Presentation Currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the presentation currency of the Company. The functional currency of the Peruvian subsidiary is the Peruvian Nuevo Sol.

Use of Estimates and Judgement

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires that management make estimates and assumptions about future events that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and related notes to the consolidated financial statements. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Significant estimates and judgements used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements include, but are not limited to, the recoverability of mineral properties, warrant and stock option valuations, title to mineral property interests, deferred income taxes, the recoverability of accounts receivable, management's going concern assessment, the useful life of machinery and equipment, the amounts recorded for related party transactions, the recording of liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of income and expenditures during the reporting period and the determination of functional currency. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Minera Tartisan Perú S.A.C. ("Minera"), which is incorporated in Perú. All significant inter-company transactions have been eliminated upon consolidation.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued):

MINERAL PROPERTIES AND EXPLORATION EXPENDITURES

The Company expenses exploration expenditures as incurred. Costs attributable to property acquisitions are capitalized as mineral properties while exploration expenditures on the property can only be capitalized once mineral reserves have been established. Once a mineral reserve has been established, all development costs will be capitalized. These costs together with the costs of mineral properties will be charged to operations on a unit-of-production method based on estimated recoverable reserves. If the mineral properties are abandoned, or when impairment in value has been determined, the capitalized costs will be charged to operations.

The Company applies for early recovery of Impuesto General A Las Ventas ("IGV") on certain exploration expenditures it incurs in Perú. IGV is a value added tax charged on all goods and services. The IGV expenditures are partially refundable if recovery is applied for early. Based on management's best estimate the portion refundable is included in accounts receivable and the amount not refundable to the Company is expensed to exploration or capitalized to mineral properties if the Company has established mineral reserves in accordance with the Company's accounting policy. In addition, any amount not refunded to the Company can be used to offset amounts due to the Peruvian Revenue Service by the Company resulting from IGV charged to clients on future sales. Moreover, if the Company recovers amounts that have been deferred, the amount received will be applied to reduce mineral properties or taken as a credit against current exploration expenses depending on the prior treatment.

The aggregate recoverable against IGV collected on potential future revenues earned by the Peruvian subsidiary is \$102,578 accumulated as at December 31, 2013 (March 31, 2013- \$102,578). The current period recoverable against IGV is included in exploration costs and expensed in the consolidated statements of comprehensive loss.

The Company reviews its mineral properties to determine if events or changes in circumstances have transpired which indicate that the carrying value of its assets may not be recoverable. The recoverability of costs incurred on the mineral properties is dependent upon numerous factors including exploration results, environmental risks, commodity risks, political risks, and the Company's ability to attain profitable production. It is reasonably possible, based on existing knowledge, that change in future conditions in the near-term could require a change in the determination of the need for, and amount of, any write down.

SHARE CAPITAL

Costs incurred to issue common shares are deducted from share capital.

INCOME TAXES

Income tax on the profit or loss for the periods presented comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in equity.

Current tax expense is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at period end, adjusted for amendments to tax payable with regards to previous years.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued):

INCOME TAXES (continued)

Deferred tax is recorded using the statement of financial position liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The following temporary differences are not provided for: the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable loss; any differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that they will probably not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date.

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognized at the same time as the liability to pay the related dividend.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

A deferred tax asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT

Machinery and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Initially, an item of machinery and equipment is measured at its cost, which comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to working condition. Subsequent expenditures are added to the carrying amount of the asset when it is probable that future economic benefits, in excess of the originally assessed standard of performance, will flow to the Company. All other subsequent expenditures are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Where an item of machinery and equipment comprises significant components with different useful lives, the components are accounted for as separate items of machinery and equipment and depreciated separately.

Expenditures incurred to replace a component of an item of machinery and equipment that is accounted for separately, including major inspection and overhaul expenditures, are capitalized and day-to-day maintenance costs are expensed. Expenses which are directly attributable to major capital projects and site preparation are capitalized until the asset is brought to a working condition for its intended use. These costs include dismantling and site restoration costs to the extent these are recognized as a provision.

Depreciation is recognized in profit and loss and is provided on a declining balance basis using the following rates:

Machinery and equipment.....20%

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued):

MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted if appropriate.

PROPERTY EVALUATION AND PRE-ACQUISITION COSTS

The Company expenses evaluation and pre-acquisition costs relating to the evaluation of potential mineral property acquisitions in the period in which they are incurred.

IMPAIRMENT OF LONG-LIVED ASSETS

The carrying amounts of the Company's long-lived assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. In addition, capitalized mineral properties costs are assessed for impairment upon demonstrating the technical feasibility and commercial viability of the project.

Impairment is determined for an individual asset unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are independent of those generated from other assets or group of assets, in which case, the individual assets are grouped together into cash generating units ("CGU") for impairment purposes.

Impairment exists when the carrying amount of the asset, or group of assets, exceeds its recoverable amount. The impairment loss is the amount by which the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount and such loss is recognized in the statement of comprehensive loss. The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized such that the recoverable amount has increased.

RECLAMATION OBLIGATIONS

A legal or constructive obligation to incur restoration, rehabilitation, and environmental costs may arise when environmental disturbance is caused by the exploration, development, or ongoing production of a mineral property interest. The Company's exploration activities are subject to various governmental laws and regulations relating to the protection of the environment. These environmental regulations are continually changing and are generally becoming more restrictive. The fair value of the liability for an asset retirement obligation is recorded when it is incurred and the corresponding increase to the asset is amortized over the life of the asset. The liability is increased over time to reflect an accretion element considered in the initial measurement at fair value. As at December 31, 2013, the Company has not incurred any reclamation obligations (March 31, 2013 – \$nil).

LOSS PER SHARE

Loss per share is based on the weighted average number of common shares of the Company outstanding during the period. The diluted loss per share reflects the potential dilution of common share equivalents, such as outstanding share options and warrants, in the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period, if dilutive. Options and warrants outstanding had no effect at year end.

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FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued):

TRANSLATION OF FOREIGN CURRENCIES

(i) Functional currency:

The consolidated statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. Each entity in the group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. The functional currency of the Company is the Canadian dollar and the functional currency of the Company's Peruvian subsidiary in Peru is the Peruvian Nuevo Sol.

(ii) Transactions and balances:

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in the functional currency at the rate in effect at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the spot rate of exchange in effect at the reporting date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate as at the date of the initial transaction. All exchange differences are recorded in the foreign exchange gain or loss in the consolidated statement of comprehensive loss under foreign exchange gain (loss).

(iii) Translation of foreign operations:

The results and financial position of Tartisan's wholly-owned subsidiary, Minera, has a functional currency different from the presentation currency of the Company and are therefore translated into the presentation currency as follows:

1. Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
2. Share capital is translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction
3. Revenue and expenses for each statement of comprehensive loss are translated at average exchange rates; and
4. All resulting exchange differences are recognized as a separate component of equity and as an exchange difference on translation of foreign operations in other comprehensive income (loss) in the consolidated statement of comprehensive loss.

The Company treats specific inter-company loan balances, which are not intended to be repaid in the foreseeable future, as part of its net investment in foreign operations which is recorded as an exchange difference on translation of foreign operations in other comprehensive income (loss) in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income (loss). When a foreign entity is sold, such exchange differences are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income (loss) as part of the gain or loss on sale.

WARRANTS

Proceeds from unit placements are allocated between shares and warrants issued according to the residual value method. The fair value of the shares is determined based on the price per share paid in the most recent prior sale of common shares for cash with the residual value being allocated to the warrants. For agent and finders warrants issued in the year, in the absence of a reliable measurement of the services received, the services have been measured at the fair value of agent and finders warrants issued.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued):

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets -

All financial assets are initially recorded at fair value and designated upon inception into one of the following four categories: held-to-maturity, available-for-sale, loans and receivables or at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL").

Financial assets classified as FVTPL are measured at fair value with unrealized gains and losses recognized through earnings. The Company's cash is classified as FVTPL.

Financial assets classified as loans and receivables and held-to-maturity are measured at amortized cost. The Company's accounts receivable, excluding HST receivable, are classified as loans and receivables. Financial assets classified as available-for-sale are measured at fair value with unrealized gains and losses recognized in other comprehensive income (loss) except for losses in value arising when there is objective evidence of impairment. At December 31, 2013, the Company has not classified any financial assets as available-for-sale.

Transactions costs associated with FVTPL financial assets are expensed as incurred, while transaction costs associated with all other financial assets are included in the initial carrying amount of the asset.

Financial liabilities -

All financial liabilities are initially recorded at fair value and designated upon inception as FVTPL or other financial liabilities.

Financial liabilities classified as other financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value less directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period. The Company's accounts payable and accrued liabilities (excluding HST payable), notes payable and due to related parties are classified as other financial liabilities.

Financial liabilities classified as FVTPL include financial liabilities held-for-trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as FVTPL. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held-for-trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Fair value changes on financial liabilities classified as FVTPL are recognized through the statement of comprehensive income (loss). At December 31, 2013, the Company has not classified any financial liabilities as FVTPL.

Impairment of financial assets -

The Company assesses at each date of the statement of financial position whether a financial asset is impaired.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued):

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)-

a) Assets carried at amortized cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on assets carried at amortized cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is then reduced by the amount of the impairment. The amount of the loss is recognized in profit or loss.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed to the extent that the carrying value of the asset does not exceed what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized. Any subsequent reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

In relation to accounts receivable, a provision for impairment is made and an impairment loss is recognized in profit and loss when there is objective evidence (such as the probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the debtor) that the Company will not be able to collect all of the amounts due under the original terms of the invoice. The carrying amount of the receivable is reduced through use of an allowance account. Impaired debts are written off against the allowance account when they are assessed as uncollectible.

b) Available-for-sale

If an available-for-sale asset is impaired, an amount comprising the difference between its cost and its current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognized in profit or loss, is transferred from equity to profit or loss.

Fair value classification -

Financial instruments recorded at fair value on the statement of financial position are classified using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1 – valuation based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 – valuation techniques based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 – valuation techniques using inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The Company's cash is considered Level 1 in the hierarchy.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued):

PROVISIONS

General

Provisions are recognized when (a), the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, and (b), it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the statement of comprehensive loss, net of any reimbursement. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

The fair value of share-based payment transactions to non-employees and other share-based payments including shares issued to acquire mineral properties or shares and warrants issued against services received are based on the fair value of the goods and services received. If the fair value cannot be estimated reliably, the share-based payment transaction is measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the date the Company receives the goods or services. The fair value of agents' and finders warrants is measured at the date that the Company receives the services.

The Company offers a share option plan for its directors, officers, employees and consultants. Each tranche in an award is considered a separate award with its own vesting period and grant date fair value. Fair value of each tranche is measured using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Compensation expense is recognized over the tranche's vesting period by increasing reserve for share-based payments based on the number of awards expected to vest. Any consideration paid on exercise of share options is credited to share capital. The reserve for share-based payments resulting from share-based compensation is transferred to share capital when the options are exercised.

The fair value of options granted is recognized as a share-based payment expense with a corresponding increase in equity. Consideration paid on exercise of stock options is credited to share capital and the fair value of the options is reclassified from reserves for share-based payments to share capital.

NEW ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- (i) IFRS 10 - Consolidated Financial Statements ("IFRS 10") was issued by the IASB in May 2011. IFRS 10 is a new standard which identifies the concept of control as the determining factor in assessing whether an entity should be included in the consolidated financial statements of the parent corporation. Control is comprised of three elements: power over an investee; exposure to variable returns from an investee; and the ability to use power to affect the reporting entity's returns. At April 1, 2013, the Company adopted this pronouncement and there was no material impact on the Company's financial statements.
- (ii) IFRS 11 - Joint Arrangement ("IFRS 11") was issued by the IASB in May 2011. IFRS 11 is a new standard which focuses on classifying joint arrangements by their rights and obligations rather than their legal form. Entities are classified into two groups: parties having rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities of an arrangement, and rights to the net assets of an arrangement.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued):

(ii) (continued)

Entities in the former case account for assets, liabilities, revenues and exposure to variable returns from an investee; and the ability to use power to affect the reporting entity's returns. For entities with the rights to the net assets of an arrangement, equity accounting is used. At April 1, 2013, the Company adopted this pronouncement and there was no material impact on the Company's financial statements.

(iii) IFRS 12 - Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities ("IFRS 12") was issued by the IASB in May 2011. IFRS 12 is a new standard which provides disclosure requirements for entities reporting interests in other entities, including subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and unconsolidated structure entities. At April 1, 2013, the Company adopted this pronouncement and there was no material impact on the Company's financial statements.

(iv) IFRS 13 – Fair Value Measurement ("IFRS 13") is effective for annual period beginning on January 1, 2013, provides the guidance on the measurement of fair value and related disclosures through a fair value hierarchy. The Company's adoption of IFRS 13, on January 1, 2013, did not have a material financial impact upon the financial statements, however, certain new or enhanced disclosures are required and can be found in note 12.

(v) IAS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements ("IAS 1") was amended by the IASB in June 2011. Items in other comprehensive loss will be required to be presented in two categories: items that might be reclassified into profit or loss and those that will not be reclassified. The flexibility to present statement of comprehensive loss as one statement or two separate statements of profit and loss and other comprehensive loss remains unchanged. At April 1, 2013, the Company adopted this pronouncement and there was no material impact on the Company's financial statements.

(vi) IAS 27 - Separate Financial Statements ("IAS 27") was effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013, as a result of the issue of IFRS 10, IAS 27 has been reissued, as the consolidation guidance will now be included in IFRS 10. IAS 27 will now only prescribe the accounting and disclosure requirements for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates when an entity prepares separate financial statements. At April 1, 2013, the Company adopted this pronouncement and there was no material impact on the Company's financial statements.

(vii) In October 2011, the IASB issued IFRIC 20 - Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine. This interpretation requires the capitalization and depreciation of stripping costs in the production phase if an entity can demonstrate that it is probable future economic benefits will be realized, the costs can be reliably measured and the entity can identify the component of the ore body for which access has been improved. At April 1, 2013, the Company adopted this pronouncement and there was no material impact on the Company's financial statements.

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3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued):

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Certain pronouncements were issued by the IASB or the IFRIC that are mandatory for accounting periods after the Company's year end. Many are not applicable or do not have a significant impact on the Company and so have been excluded from the list below. The following have not yet been adopted and are being evaluated to determine their impact on the Company.

- (i) IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments ("IFRS 9") was issued by the IASB in October 2010 and will replace IAS 39 - Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement ("IAS 39"). IFRS 9 uses a single approach to determine whether a financial asset is measured at amortized cost or fair value, replacing the multiple rules in IAS 39. The approach in IFRS 9 is based on how an entity manages its financial instruments in the context of its business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Most of the requirements in IAS 39 for classification and measurement of financial liabilities were carried forward unchanged to IFRS 9. IFRS 9 will be effective as at a date yet to be determined.
- (ii) IAS 32 - Financial Instruments, Presentation ("IAS 32") is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014, earlier adoption is permitted. IAS 32 was amended to clarify that the right of offset must be available on the current date and cannot be contingent on a future date. The related disclosures were effective for 2013

4. NOTES PAYABLE:

	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013	
Gateway Solutions S.A.C. (a)	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	
Related company (c)	25,000	25,000	
Other individuals (b) and (d)	<u>60,000</u>	<u>60,000</u>	
	<u>\$ 110,000</u>	<u>\$ 110,000</u>	

- a) The Company entered into an arrangement with Gateway Solutions S.A.C; whereby, Gateway Solutions S.A.C. provided a loan to the Company in the amount of USD\$25,000, bearing interest at a rate of 12% per annum. In addition, 25,000 common shares have been agreed to be issued as part of a financing fee with a deemed value of \$0.15 per share for an aggregate deemed value of \$3,750. The foregoing shares have been classified as shares to be issued in the consolidated statement of financial position as of December 31, 2013 and were expensed as a financing fee in the consolidated statement of comprehensive loss for the year ended March 31, 2013. The shares are to be issued to a controlling shareholder of Gateway Solutions S.A.C.

The Company also guarantees that it will contract Gateway Solutions S.A.C. to manage and operate all of its future Peruvian exploration projects; including any drilling to be performed. The amounts are due on demand. Tartisan guarantees that it will refund the total amount owed to Gateway Solutions S.A.C. within two weeks of announcing cumulative placements from February 2, 2013 that total more than \$350,000.

- b) The Company issued a promissory note in the principal amount of \$25,000 to an unrelated individual, bearing interest at a rate of 1% per month and is due on demand.

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4. NOTES PAYABLE (continued):

- c) The Company issued a promissory note in the principal amount of \$25,000, bearing interest at a rate of 1% per month and is due on demand. The debt financing was received from a company controlled by an individual related to the Chief Executive Officer.
- d) The Company issued a promissory note in the principal amount of \$35,000 to an unrelated individual, bearing interest at a rate of 1% per month and was due on August 11, 2013. The promissory note has been guaranteed by an officer of the Company.

5. MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT:

		Machinery and Equipment
Cost		
As at April 1, 2012	\$	12,393
Additions		592
Disposals		-
Effect of foreign exchange		589
As at March 31, 2013	\$	13,574
Additions		-
Disposals		-
Effect of foreign exchange	(357)
As at December 31, 2013	\$	13,217
Accumulated depreciation		
As at April 1, 2012	\$	4,592
Depreciation expense		1,141
Effect of foreign exchange		-
As at March 31, 2013	\$	5,733
Depreciation expense		999
Effect of foreign exchange		-
As at December 31, 2013	\$	6,732
Net book value		
As at March 31, 2013	\$	7,841
As at December 31, 2013	\$	6,485

6. DUE TO RELATED PARTIES:

The advances are unsecured, interest free and have no specified terms of repayment. The forgoing related parties waived their right to repayment for another twelve month period.

In addition, during 2013, 878,000 common shares were issued at a deemed price of \$0.25 per share aggregating \$219,500 for settlement of amounts due to related parties. The excess in the amount of \$36,591 of the settlement amount over the fair value of common shares issued of \$182,909 was credited to contributed surplus.

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7. MINERAL PROPERTIES AND COMMITMENTS:

The Company, through its wholly-owned Peruvian subsidiary, Minera, has a 100% interest in 5 (March 31, 2013 - 5) mining concessions and holds an option to acquire a 100% interest in 2 other mining concessions in Perú.

During 2013, the Company made its final option payment towards the Victoria property in Perú. This payment has secured for the Company a 100% unencumbered interest in two key mining concessions that form part of the property. The mineral rights for the entire property area are now owned 100% by Tartisan with no residual ownership royalties. The final payment totalled \$US 100,000.

The Company's mining concessions cover 3,334 (March 31, 2013- 3,334) hectares, in aggregate.

Accumulated mineral property costs have been incurred as follows:

Balance, April 1, 2012	\$ 105,679
Acquisition costs	125,578
Write-off of mineral properties	(10,217)
Effect of foreign exchange	<u>2,607</u>
Balance, March 31, 2013	223,647
Acquisition costs	-
Effect of foreign exchange	(<u>6,319</u>)
Balance, December 31, 2013	<u>\$ 217,328</u>

VICTORIA PROPERTY

The Victoria Property (the "Property") is located in the department of Ancash, in Perú, covering an aggregate area of 3,334 (March 31, 2013- 3,334) hectares. The Property consists of 7 (March 31, 2013 - 7) mineral concessions. During 2012, the Company completed the acquisition of two of the concessions that were held under option (see below). Accordingly, all 8 mineral concessions are 100% held as of December 31, 2013 (see note 20 for additional mineral property information with respect to the Victory property).

On July 17, 2009, the Company entered into an Option Agreement to acquire a 100% interest in mining concessions covering approximately 761 hectares in Perú.

In order to acquire a 100% interest in these concessions, the Company must make the following US dollar cash payments:

<u>Date</u>	<u>Amount</u>
As at the date of signature, July 17, 2009 (fulfilled)	\$ 10,000
On August 13, 2010 (fulfilled)	17,100
On February 13, 2011 (fulfilled)	15,000
On August 13, 2011 (fulfilled)	20,000
On February 13, 2012 (fulfilled)	20,000
On August 13, 2012 (fulfilled)	20,000
On February 13, 2013 (fulfilled)	<u>100,001</u>
	<u>\$ 202,101</u>

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7. MINERAL PROPERTIES AND COMMITMENTS (continued):

VICTORIA PROPERTY (continued)

Under Peruvian law, the concessions acquired from the government remain in good standing as long as the annual registration payments (\$3.00 per hectare) are received by June of each year. One grace year is added in the event of a delinquent payment.

In addition, concession holders must reach an annual production of a least US \$100 per hectare in gross sales within six years from January 1st of the year following the date the title was granted. If there is no production on the claim within that period, the concession holder must pay a penalty of US \$6 per hectare under the general regime, US \$1 for small scale miners, and US \$0.50 for artisan miners, during the 7th through the 11th years following the granting of the concession. From the 12th year onwards the penalty is equal to US \$20 per hectare under the general regime, US \$5 per hectare for small scale miners and US \$3 for artisan miners. The concession holder is exempt from the penalty if exploration expenditures incurred during the previous year were ten times the amount of the applicable penalty.

Failure to pay the licence fees or the penalty for two consecutive years will result in the forfeiture of the concession.

Tax and concession payments amount to approximately \$10,000 per annum (March 31, 2013 - \$10,000). The fees applicable to the Company's mineral concessions have been paid through the nine months ended December 31, 2013.

As at December 31, 2013, the Company had the following commitments:

- The Company has a lease for office space and corporate administration in Perú. The lease is month to month. Cash payments total \$1,500 per month.
- During the year ended March 31, 2012, the Company contracted a company to perform geophysical work on its Victoria Property for US\$44,870, in aggregate. During 2012, US\$28,134 of the overall balance was paid and expensed to exploration costs in the consolidated statement of comprehensive loss. The remaining balance of US\$16,736 has been included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities as of December 31, 2013.
- On December 1, 2012, the Company contracted a company to provide research and capital market exposure services. Pursuant to the agreement, the Company must make monthly payments of \$6,000, and is required to grant stock options to acquire up to 200,000 common shares at an exercise price of \$0.25 per share, exercisable over a five year period. The fair value of the stock options to be issued amounts to \$17,747, and has been included in reserve for share-based payments and expensed to office, general and administration in the consolidated statement of comprehensive loss (see note 8 (d) for stock option valuation information). The term of the agreement is to June 1, 2013, and automatically renews unless either party provides thirty days advance notice.

8. SHARE CAPITAL:

a) Common shares:

Authorized:

Unlimited number of common shares

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8. SHARE CAPITAL (continued):

a) Common shares (continued):

(i) Issued for cash

Period ended December 31, 2013

In July 2013, the Company completed private placements and issued 1,500,000 units at \$0.06 per unit for aggregate gross proceeds of \$90,000. Each unit consisted of one common share and one common share purchase warrant exercisable at \$0.15, expiring through July 30, 2014.

In connection with the above mentioned private placements, 1,500,000 warrants were issued with a fair value of \$nil.

In April 2013, the Company completed private placements and issued 540,000 units at \$0.10 per unit for aggregate gross proceeds of \$54,000. Each unit consisted of one common share and one-half of a common share purchase warrant exercisable at \$0.20, expiring through April 9, 2014. In connection with the foregoing private placements, 7,200 finders warrants were issued with a fair value of \$72. The finders warrants are exercisable into one common share at \$0.20, expiring on April 9, 2014.

In connection with the above mentioned private placements, 270,000 warrants were issued with a fair value of \$2,700. The residual method was used in determining the fair value of warrants issued in connection with unit placements completed through to December 31, 2013.

Year ended March 31, 2013

In May through to September 2012, the Company completed private placements and issued 1,395,000 units at \$0.25 per unit for aggregate gross proceeds of \$348,760. Each unit consisted of one common share and one common share purchase warrant exercisable at \$0.40 expiring on March 12, 2014.

In November and December 2012, the Company completed private placements and issued 822,267 units at \$0.15 per unit for aggregate gross proceeds of \$123,340. Each unit consisted of one common share and one-half of a common share purchase warrant exercisable at \$0.25 expiring through to December 19, 2013 (see note 8 (b) for details regarding the expiry of warrants).

The Company paid the following to eligible finders: (a) a commission equal to 8% of the gross proceeds raised, which totalled \$19,840; and (b) a commission equal to 8% of the number of units issued, which totalled 71,200 finders warrants being issued with a fair value of \$5,246 (see note 8 (c) for details with respect to Agent's and Finders Warrants). The Company paid other share issue costs of \$6,700 to a director of the Company.

In connection with the above mentioned private placements, 1,806,133 warrants were issued with a fair value of \$62,294.

The residual method was used in determining the fair value of warrants issued in connection with unit placements completed during 2013.

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8. SHARE CAPITAL (continued):

a) Common shares (continued):

(ii) Issued for settlement of amounts due to related parties and debt, and share cancellation

Year ended March 31, 2013

During 2013, 878,000 common shares were issued with a fair value of \$182,909 on settlement of debt due to related parties amounting to \$219,500 in aggregate. The gain on settlement of \$36,591 has been credited to contributed surplus as these shares were issued to officers and directors of the Company, and was in essence, a capital transaction.

During 2013, 200,000 common shares were issued with a fair value of \$41,665 to a vendor of the company on settlement of debt in the amount of \$50,000. A gain on settlement of \$8,335 was recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive loss.

During 2013, 100,000 common shares were cancelled with a value of \$10,000. Accordingly, the amount was reclassified from share capital to contributed surplus.

(iii) Issued for consulting services

Year ended March 31, 2013

During 2013, the Company issued 200,000 common shares with a deemed value of \$0.25 per share aggregating \$50,000 for corporate administrative services. The foregoing shares were issued to individuals related to an officer of the Company.

(iv) Units and shares to be issued

Period ended December 31, 2013

As of December 31, 2013, 150,000 units at \$0.10 per unit were issuable for cash proceeds received of \$15,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one-half of one common share purchase warrant. Each full warrant is exercisable into one common share at \$0.20 expiring on April 9, 2014.

As of December 31, 2013, 195,000 units at \$0.10-\$0.15 per unit were issuable for cash proceeds received of \$24,250. Each unit consists of one common share and one-half of one common share purchase warrant. Each full warrant is exercisable into one common share at an exercise price of \$0.20-\$0.25 expiring through to April 9, 2014.

In addition, pursuant to an arrangement with Gateway Solutions S.A.C., the Company was committed to issue 25,000 common shares with a deemed value of \$0.15 per share aggregating \$3,750 as of December 31, 2013.

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8. SHARE CAPITAL (continued):

b) Warrants:

As of December 31, 2013, the following share purchase warrants were outstanding and exercisable:

Expiry Date	Number of Warrants	Exercise price
March 12, 2014	1,395,000	\$0.40
April 9, 2014	270,000	\$0.20
July 30, 2014	<u>1,500,000</u>	\$0.15
	<u>3,165,000</u>	

A summary of the status of the warrants as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 and changes during the periods are presented below:

	Number of warrants	Weighted average exercise price (\$)
Balance, April 1, 2012	3,744,357	\$ 0.35
Issued pursuant to private placements (note 8 (a))	1,806,133	0.36
Exercised	-	-
Expired	-	-
Balance, March 31, 2013	<u>5,550,490</u>	<u>\$ 0.36</u>
	Number of	Weighted
	warrants	average exercise
		price (\$)
Balance, March 31, 2013	5,550,490	\$ 0.36
Issued pursuant to private placements (note 8 (a))	1,770,000	0.16
Exercised	-	-
Expired	<u>(4,155,490)</u>	<u>0.34</u>
Balance, December 31, 2013	<u>3,165,000</u>	<u>\$ 0.26</u>

c) Agent's and Finders' Warrants:

As of December 31, 2013, the following Agent's and Finders' Warrants were outstanding and exercisable:

Expiry Date	Number of Agent's and Finders' Warrants	Exercise price
April 9, 2014	7,200*	\$0.20
March 12, 2014	<u>61,600*</u>	\$0.25
	<u>68,800</u>	

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8. SHARE CAPITAL (continued):

c) Agent's and Finders' Warrants (continued):

As the value of services received could not be reliably measured, the services have been measured at the fair value of agent and finders' warrants issued using the residual method.

*Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share in the Company.

A summary of the status of the Agent's and Finders Warrants as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 and changes during the periods are presented below:

	Number of Agent's and Finders' Warrants	Weighted average exercise price
Balance, April 1, 2012	7,850	\$ 0.35
Issued	71,200	0.25
Exercised	-	-
Expired	-	-
Balance, March 31, 2013	79,050	\$ 0.26
Issued	7,200	0.20
Exercised	-	-
Expired	(17,450)	0.29
Balance, December 31, 2013	68,800	\$ 0.24

d) Stock Option Plan:

On December 21, 2010, the Company's stock option plan (the "Option Plan") was approved by the Board of Directors. Pursuant to the terms of the Option Plan, the Board may designate directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company eligible to receive options to acquire such numbers of common shares as the Board may determine, each option so granted being for a term specified by the Board up to a maximum of five years from the date of grant. The maximum number of common shares reserved for issuance for options granted under the Option Plan at any time is 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares in the capital of the Company.

A summary of the status of the stock options as of December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013 and changes during the periods are presented below:

	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price
Balance, April 1, 2012	-	\$ -
Granted	2,500,000	0.25
Exercised	-	-
Forfeited or cancelled	-	-
Balance, March 31, 2013	2,500,000	\$ 0.25

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8. SHARE CAPITAL (continued):

d) Stock Option Plan (continued):

	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price
Balance, March 31, 2013	2,500,000	\$ 0.25
Granted	-	-
Exercised	-	-
Forfeited or cancelled	-	-
Balance, December 31, 2013	2,500,000	\$ 0.25

The following table summarizes the options outstanding and exercisable at March 31, 2013:

Number of Options	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
2,500,000	\$0.25	October 4, 2017

The fair value of the 2,500,000 stock-based payments made through fiscal 2013 was calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions:

Share price	\$ 0.10
Exercise price	\$ 0.25
Risk-free rate	1.26%
Expected volatility based on comparable companies	105%
Expected life of stock options	5 years
Expected dividend yield	0.0%
Fair value of share-based payment	\$ 161,500
Fair value per stock option	\$ 0.0645

The fair value of the share-based payments recorded for options granted and vested during the year ended March 31, 2013 was \$161,500 and has been expensed to net loss and comprehensive loss, with a corresponding allocation of \$161,500 to reserve for share-based payments. The fair value of the 200,000 stock options to be granted to a consultant of the Company was valued using the Black-Scholes model as the fair value of the services was not reliably determinable. The fair value amounted to \$17,747, which has been included in reserve for share-based payments, and expensed to office, general and administration in the consolidated statement of comprehensive loss for the year ended March 31, 2013 and the nine months ended December 31, 2013.

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9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

The following related party transactions occurred and were reflected in the consolidated financial statements during the periods ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 as follows:

	2013	2012
Key management compensation:		
Management and consulting fees expense:		
Consulting fees were charged by a director and Chief Financial Officer for financial management services	\$ 18,000	\$ 49,000
Corporate administrative fees were charged by a former Chief Executive Officer and a company controlled by the individual	\$ 18,000	\$ 46,500
Corporate administrative fees were charged by a company controlled by the Chief Executive Officer	\$ 24,000	\$ 50,700
Directors fees expense:		
Directors fees were charged by certain directors	\$ 24,000	\$ -
Other related party transactions:		
Office, general and administration expense:		
Transfer agent fees were charged by a company with a common director	\$ 1,936	\$ 5,230
Management and consulting fees expense:		
Consulting fees were charged by individuals related to an officer of the Company	\$ -	\$ 50,000
<i>Share issue costs:</i>		
Commissions on certain private placements were charged by a company controlled by the Chief Executive Officer of the Company	\$ -	\$ 3,000
Commissions on certain private placements were charged by an individual related to a director of the Company	\$ 600	\$ -
Commissions on certain private placements were charged by a director of the Company	\$ -	\$ 7,500

As of December 31, 2013, accounts payable and accrued liabilities include \$207,805 (March 31, 2013 - \$155,989) due to these related parties. See notes 4, 6, 8(a) (ii) and (iii), and 20 for additional related party information.

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10. INCOME TAXES:

The Company has non-capital losses of approximately \$2,296,000 in Canada which expire through 2034 and \$625,000 in Perú which potentially expire through 2018. The benefit of these losses has not been recognized for financial statements purposes.

11. CAPITAL DISCLOSURES:

The Company considers its capital to include components of shareholders' deficiency, which is comprised of share capital, units and shares to be issued, reserve for warrants, reserve for share-based payments, contributed surplus, foreign currency translation reserve, and deficit, which as at December 31, 2013 totalled \$475,373 (March 31, 2013- shareholders' deficiency of \$305,366).

The Company's objectives in managing capital are: to maintain adequate levels of funding to support its expenditures arising from the Company's investments; to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to pursue investments and new projects of merit; and to maintain corporate and administrative functions necessary to support the Company's operations and corporate functions.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, based on the funds available to the Company, in order to support the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business.

The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the exploration stage; as such, the Company is dependent on external financing to fund its activities. In order to carry out the planned exploration and pay for administrative costs, the Company will continue to assess its existing working capital and raise additional amounts as needed. The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if it feels there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the period ended December 31, 2013. Neither the Company nor its subsidiary are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS:

Fair value

The Company has determined the estimated fair value of its financial instruments based on estimates and assumptions. The actual results may differ from those estimates and the use of different assumptions or methodologies may have a material effect on the estimated fair value amounts.

The fair values of cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and notes payable are comparable to their carrying values due to the relatively short period to maturity of these instruments.

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12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS (continued):

Fair value (continued)

The fair value of amounts due to related parties are approximately equal to their carrying values.

The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of an unexpected loss if a party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations.

The Company's credit risk with respect to accounts receivable is not considered significant.

The Company's cash is held with a Canadian Chartered bank in Perú and Canada. Management believes that the credit risk and the risk of loss with respect to cash are remote because cash deposits are placed with a major bank with strong investment-grade ratings by a primary ratings agency.

Liquidity risk

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. As at December 31, 2013, the Company had cash of \$887 (March 31, 2013 - \$676) to settle current liabilities of \$635,614 (March 31, 2013 - \$467,785). All of the Company's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of less than 90 days and are subject to normal trade terms. The ability of the Company to continue to pursue its exploration activities and continue as a going concern is dependant on its ability to secure additional equity or other financing.

Accounts payable, accrued liabilities and notes payable are due within twelve months of the date of the Statement of Financial Position.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk arising from the effect of changes in prevailing interest rates on the Company's financial instruments. The Company is not exposed to any significant interest rate risk as the notes payable have fixed interest rates.

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency exchange rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Company uses the Canadian dollar as its presentation currency for these consolidated financial statements. The Company operates in Peru, giving rise to exposure to market risks from changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company currently does not use derivative instruments to hedge its exposure to those risks.

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12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS (continued):

Political Risk

The properties are located in Perú; accordingly, the Company is subject to risks normally associated with exploration and development of mineral properties in Perú. The Company's ability to conduct future exploration and development activities is subject to changes in government regulations and shifts in political attitudes over which the Company has no control.

Commodity price risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity prices. Changes in commodity prices will impact the economics of development of the Company. The Company monitors commodity prices to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

Business Risk

There are numerous business risks involved in the mineral exploration industry, some of which are outlined below. The Company's current or future operations, including development activities, are subject to environmental regulations which may make operations not economically viable or prohibit them altogether. The success of the operations and activities are dependent to a significant extent on the efforts and abilities of its management, outside contractors, experts and other advisors. Investors must be willing to rely to a significant degree on management's discretion and judgment, as well as the expertise and competence of outside contractors, experts and other advisors. The Company does not have a formal program in place for succession of management and training of management. The loss of one or more of the key employees or contractors, if not replaced on a timely basis, could adversely affect the Company's operations and financial performance.

13. SEGMENTED INFORMATION:

The Company operates in a single reportable operating segment, the exploration and development of mineral properties. Segmented geographic information is as follows:

The following table allocates total assets by segment:

As at	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
<u>Current</u>		
Canada	\$ 12,889	\$ 18,466
Perú	<u>3,874</u>	<u>3,982</u>
	16,763	22,448
<u>Non Current</u>		
Canada	\$ -	\$ -
Perú	<u>223,813</u>	<u>231,488</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 240,576</u>	<u>\$ 253,936</u>

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13. SEGMENTED INFORMATION (continued):

The following table allocates net loss by segment:

	Period ended December 31, 2013	Period ended December 31, 2012
Canada	\$ 222,134	\$ 547,880
Perú	<u>104,897</u>	<u>148,085</u>
Net loss	<u>\$ 327,031</u>	<u>\$ 695,965</u>

14. SETTLEMENT OF DEBT:

During 2013, management negotiated with a vendor to receive shares in lieu of cash and therefore issued 200,000 common shares with a fair value of \$41,665 for an aggregate debt settlement amount of \$50,000. Accordingly, a gain on settlement of debt was recognized in the amount of \$8,335 in the consolidated statement of comprehensive loss for the year ended March 31, 2013.

15. CONTINGENT LIABILITY:

A former consultant of the Company filed a Statement of Claim (the "Claim") claiming compensation for breach of contract. The Company is of the opinion that the Claim is without merit and will vigorously contest the Claim. However, if defence against the Claim is unsuccessful, damages could amount to approximately \$40,848, as well as costs of the proceedings, plus the issuance of 200,000 common shares of the Company, and the issuance of 96,266 broker warrants, each exercisable into one common share of the Company and \$25,000 in punitive damages. Neither the possible outcome nor the amount of possible settlement can be foreseen at this time. No provision has been recognized for this claim, as it is not probable that there will be any outflow of resources.

16. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE:

	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Miscellaneous receivable	\$ 873	\$ 896
Share subscriptions receivable	12,000	-
HST receivable	<u>-</u>	<u>17,792</u>
	<u>\$ 12,873</u>	<u>\$ 18,688</u>

17. EXPLORATION COSTS:

Exploration costs have been expensed as incurred. Included in exploration costs are IGV expenditures salaries and benefits, and general property carrying and administrative expenditures.

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18. COMMITMENTS:

On April 1, 2013, the Company contracted a company to provide consulting, advisory and marketing services. The agreement will be executed in two phases:

Phase 1: Initial financial market work will commence on April 1, 2013 to November 30, 2013 at \$4,125 per month. However, total compensation for Phase 1 of \$33,000 is payable on signing of the agreement (paid). In addition, 300,000 stock options with an exercise price of \$0.25 are to be issued.

Phase 2: Financial market work will continue thereafter on December 1, 2013 and renew automatically at \$3,000 per month unless either party terminates the agreement.

On June 20, 2013, the Company authorized the issuance of 200,000 stock options to purchase 200,000 common shares of the Corporation at the exercise of \$0.25 per share to R.M. Communications Inc. These options have not yet been granted.

On June 20, 2013, \$68,000 of debts were authorized to be settled by way of issuance of common shares of the Company at the deemed price of 10 cents per share. These shares have not yet been issued.

19. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES:

	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Trade payables and accruals	\$ 487,727	\$ 357,785
HST payable	12,887	-
	<u>\$ 500,614</u>	<u>\$ 357,785</u>

20. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

- i) On February 13, 2014, the Company entered into a letter agreement (the "Agreement") with Eloro Resources Ltd. ("Eloro") granting Eloro an option to earn a 50% interest in the Company's La Victory property in Ancash, Peru. Pursuant to the Agreement, Eloro can earn a 50% interest in the Property at Eloro's option by expending \$1,500,000 in staged exploration and work expenditures on the Property, and making cash payments of \$150,000 over a four year period.

The Company and Eloro are currently proceeding with the execution of a definitive agreement (the "Definitive Agreement") incorporating the terms contained in the Agreement. The execution of the Definitive Agreement is subject to the satisfactory completion by Eloro of its ongoing due diligence investigation of the Property and also subject to regulatory approval, among other things.

The Chief Financial Officer of the Company is a director of Eloro.

- ii) Subsequent to period-end, the Company acquired an additional mineral concession known as "Rufina". The Rufina concession is approximately 100 ha in size and is located adjacent and to the western boundary of the Company's existing San Felipe 1 concession; this brings the total area of the Company's 100% owned and royalty-free mineral concessions to approximately 3,434 ha.