
Zadar Ventures Ltd.

(an Exploration Stage Enterprise)

Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

Years Ended July 31, 2014 and 2013

Zadar Ventures Ltd.

(an Exploration Stage Enterprise)

Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

Years Ended July 31, 2014 and 2013

Independent Auditor's Report	3
Statements of Financial Position	4
Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss	5
Statements of Changes in Equity	6
Statements of Cash Flows	7
Notes to the Financial Statements	8–28



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of Zadar Ventures Ltd.

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Zadar Ventures Ltd., which comprise the statement of financial position as at July 31, 2014, and the statement of operations and comprehensive loss, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Zadar Ventures Ltd. as at July 31, 2014, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Emphasis of Matter

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to note 1 in the financial statements which indicates that Zadar Ventures Ltd. has incurred \$2,322,635 of losses since its inception. These conditions, along with other matters as set forth in note 1, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about Zadar Ventures Ltd.'s ability to continue as a going concern.

Other Matter

The financial statements of Zadar Ventures Ltd. for the year ended July 31, 2013 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements on November 29, 2013.

Wolrige Mahon LLP

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

November 28, 2014
Vancouver, B.C.

Zadar Ventures Ltd.

(an Exploration Stage Enterprise)

Statements of Financial Position

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

As at July 31	2014	2013
Assets		
Current		
Cash	\$ 27,016	\$ 87,073
Investment (Note 4)	435,214	-
Goods and services tax recoverable	30,285	9,703
Due from related parties (Note 9)	41,960	24,539
Prepaid expenses	4,980	-
	<u>539,455</u>	<u>121,315</u>
Exploration advances	6,154	7,000
Exploration and evaluation assets (Note 5)	<u>2,036,414</u>	<u>724,128</u>
	<u>\$ 2,582,023</u>	<u>\$ 852,443</u>
Liabilities		
Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 9)	\$ 226,335	\$ 140,078
Due to related parties (Note 9)	39,811	-
	<u>266,146</u>	<u>140,078</u>
Shareholders' Equity		
Share capital (Note 6)	4,488,483	1,288,795
Subscriptions received in advance	-	97,500
Subscriptions receivable	(43,680)	(37,500)
Contributed surplus	193,709	106,442
Deficit	<u>(2,322,635)</u>	<u>(742,872)</u>
	<u>2,315,877</u>	<u>712,365</u>
	<u>\$ 2,582,023</u>	<u>\$ 852,443</u>

Nature of operations and going concern (Note 1)

On behalf of the board:

_____, Director

_____, Director

Zadar Ventures Ltd.

(an Exploration Stage Enterprise)

Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

For the Year Ended July 31	2014	2013
Administrative expenses		
Accounting and audit	\$ 36,410	\$ 29,790
Bank charges and interest	22	635
Consulting	102,913	82,050
Legal	14,761	26,885
Listing and filing fees	47,841	48,911
Management fees (Note 9)	48,400	30,000
Office and sundry (Note 9)	62,777	51,847
Promotion	337,428	77,562
Stock based compensation	103,625	57,957
	<u>754,177</u>	<u>405,637</u>
Write-off of exploration and evaluation assets	(12,800)	-
Unrealized loss on investment (Note 4)	<u>(812,786)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net loss and comprehensive loss	\$ <u>(1,579,763)</u>	\$ <u>(405,637)</u>
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$ <u>(0.08)</u>	\$ <u>(0.04)</u>
Basic and diluted weighted average shares outstanding	<u>20,892,493</u>	<u>9,975,302</u>

Zadar Ventures Ltd.

(an Exploration Stage Enterprise)

Statement of Changes in Equity

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Shares of common stock	Share capital	Subscriptions received in advance	Subscriptions receivable	Contributed surplus	Deficit	Total
July 31, 2012	9,305,000	\$ 794,245	\$ 2,500	\$ (22,500)	\$ 48,485	\$ (337,235)	\$ 485,495
Issued for exercise of warrants	2,225,500	222,550	-	(15,000)	-	-	207,550
Issued for cash	-	-	95,000	-	-	-	95,000
Issued for property	995,000	272,000	-	-	-	-	272,000
Stock based compensation	-	-	-	-	57,957	-	57,957
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	(405,637)	(405,637)
July 31, 2013	12,525,500	1,288,795	97,500	(37,500)	106,442	(742,872)	712,365
Issued for exercise of warrants	269,500	26,950	-	35,000	-	-	61,950
Issued for exercise of options	150,000	60,683	-	-	(23,183)	-	37,500
Issued for cash	4,664,500	884,555	(97,500)	(41,180)	6,825	-	752,700
Issued for property (Note 5)	4,250,000	979,500	-	-	-	-	979,500
Issued for investments	4,160,000	1,248,000	-	-	-	-	1,248,000
Issued as finders' fees	332,800	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stock based compensation	-	-	-	-	103,625	-	103,625
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	(1,579,763)	(1,579,763)
July 31, 2014	26,352,300	\$ 4,488,483	\$ -	\$ (43,680)	\$ 193,709	\$ (2,322,635)	\$ 2,315,877

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Zadar Ventures Ltd.

(an Exploration Stage Enterprise)

Statements of Cash Flows

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

For the Year Ended July 31	2014	2013
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net loss	\$ (1,579,763)	\$ (405,637)
Adjustments for:		
Stock based compensation	103,625	57,957
Unrealized loss on investment (Note 4)	812,786	-
Write-off of exploration and evaluation assets	12,800	-
Changes in non-cash working capital		
Goods and services tax recoverable	(20,582)	28,506
Advances to related parties	-	(24,539)
Prepaid expenses	(4,980)	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	86,257	43,283
	<u>(589,857)</u>	<u>(300,430)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities		
Exploration and evaluation expenditures	(345,586)	(130,572)
Exploration advances	846	(7,000)
	<u>(344,740)</u>	<u>(137,572)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net of issue costs	852,150	207,550
Advances from (to) related parties	22,390	(4,000)
Subscriptions received in advance	-	95,000
	<u>874,540</u>	<u>298,550</u>
Decrease in cash	(60,057)	(139,452)
Cash at beginning of the year	<u>87,073</u>	<u>226,525</u>
Cash at end of the year	<u>\$ 27,016</u>	<u>\$ 87,073</u>
Supplemental disclosure with respect to cash flows		
Interest paid	\$ -	\$ -
Income taxes paid	\$ -	\$ -
Non cash investing and financing activities		
Shares issued for exploration and evaluation expenditures	\$ 979,500	\$ 272,000
Shares issued for investments	\$ 1,248,000	\$ -
Fair value of options exercised	\$ 23,183	\$ -
Share issue costs of broker warrants	\$ 6,825	\$ -

Zadar Ventures Ltd.

(an Exploration Stage Enterprise)

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

July 31, 2014 and 2013

1. Nature of Operations and Going Concern

Zadar Ventures Ltd. (“Zadar” or the “Company”) was incorporated on August 6, 2008 under the Business Corporations Act of British Columbia and its principal activity is the exploration of mineral properties. Zadar is a public company with shares listed on the TSX Venture Exchange. The head office, principal address and records office of the Company are located at Suite 1500 – 888 Dunsmuir Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6C 3K4.

Going concern of operations

These financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue on a going-concern basis. The Company has incurred \$2,322,635 of losses since its inception and the ability of the Company to continue as going-concern depends on its ability to raise adequate financing and to develop profitable operations. This creates a material uncertainty and raises significant doubt about the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern.

Management is actively targeting sources of additional financing. Although the Company has been successful in past financings, there is no assurance that future financings will be successful. As the Company is in the exploration and evaluation stage, the Company has not identified a known body of commercial grade mineral on any of its properties. The ability of the Company to realize the costs it has incurred to date on these properties is dependent upon the Company identifying a commercial mineral body, to finance its development costs and to resolve any environmental, regulatory or other constraints which may hinder the successful development of the property.

2. Basis of Preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”). The policies presented in Note 3 were consistently applied to all periods presented. The Board of Directors approved the financial statements on November 27, 2014.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Significant Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of the financial statements, in conformity with IFRS 1, requires estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements. Significant areas where judgment is applied include realization of deferred income taxes and assessment of impairment on exploration and evaluation assets.

Significant estimates include the carrying value and recoverability of exploration and evaluation expenditures, inputs used in accounting for stock-based compensation and provisions for site restoration. Actual results could differ from our estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and further periods if the review affects both current and future periods.

Zadar Ventures Ltd.

(an Exploration Stage Enterprise)

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

July 31, 2014 and 2013

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(b) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, deposits in banks and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, which are subject to insignificant credit or interest rate risk.

(c) Exploration and evaluation assets

Pre-exploration costs or property investigation costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Once the legal right to explore a property has been acquired, all costs related to the acquisition, exploration and evaluation are capitalized by property. Costs not directly attributable to exploration and evaluation activities, including general and administrative overhead costs, are expensed in the period in which they occur.

When a project is deemed to no longer have commercially viable prospects to the Company, exploration and evaluation expenditures in respect of that project are deemed to be impaired. As a result, those exploration and evaluation expenditures, in excess of estimated recoveries, are written off to income or loss.

Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting the mineral resource has been determined, the property is considered to be a mine under development and is classified as "mines under construction". Exploration and evaluation assets are tested for impairment before the assets are transferred to development properties.

Ownership in mineral properties involves certain inherent risks due to the difficulties of determining and obtaining clear title to claims as well as the potential for problems arising from the frequently ambiguous conveyance history characteristics of many mineral properties. The Company has investigated ownership of its mineral properties and, to the best of its knowledge, ownership of its interests are in good standing.

Exploration and evaluation assets are classified as intangible assets.

(d) Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

At initial recognition, the Company classifies its financial instruments in the following categories depending on the purpose for which the instruments were acquired:

Zadar Ventures Ltd.

(an Exploration Stage Enterprise)

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

July 31, 2014 and 2013

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(d) Financial instruments (continued)

(i) *Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:* A financial asset or liability is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the short-term. Instruments classified under this category, including embedded derivatives, are recorded at fair value through profit or loss and accordingly are recorded on the statement of financial position at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses are recorded as part of other gains (losses) in earnings. Realized gains or losses are recorded in profit or loss in the period in which the Company disposes the instrument. Fair values are determined using valuation techniques, using assumptions based on market conditions existing at the balance sheet date. The Company's investment is classified in this category as held for trading .

(ii) *Available-for-sale assets:* Available-for-sale assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. The Company does not hold any available-for-sale assets.

(iii) *Held-to-Maturity investments:* Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivatives that are designated in this category where the Company has the intention and the ability to hold the investment to maturity. Held-to-maturity investments are initially measured at fair value including transaction costs, and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method less a provision for impairment. The Company does not hold any held-to-maturity assets.

(iv) *Loans and receivables:* Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Loans and receivables are initially recognized at the amount expected to be received, less, when material, a discount to reduce the loans and receivables to fair value. Subsequently, loans and receivables are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method less a provision for impairment. The Company has classified cash and due from related parties as loans and receivables.

(v) *Financial liabilities at amortized cost:* Financial instruments held by the Company and classified in this category include trade payables and accrued liabilities. Trade payables and accrued liabilities are initially recognized at the amount required to be paid, less, when material, a discount to reduce the payables to fair value. Subsequently, trade payables and accrued liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Impairment on Financial Assets

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired, if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred subsequent to the initial recognition of the asset and that event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets.

Zadar Ventures Ltd.

(an Exploration Stage Enterprise)

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

July 31, 2014 and 2013

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(e) Flow-through Shares

The Company will from time to time, issue flow-through common shares to finance its exploration program. Pursuant to the terms of flow-through share agreements, these shares transfer the tax deductibility of qualifying resource expenditures to investors. On issuance, the Company bifurcates the flow-through share into i) a flow-through share premium, equal to the estimated premium, if any, investors pay for the flow-through feature, which is recognized as a liability, and ii) share capital. Upon expenses being incurred, the Company derecognizes the liability and the premium is recognized as other income. Once expenses are incurred, the Company will recognize the deferred income tax liability.

(f) Stock-based Compensation

The Company accounts for stock options granted to directors, officers, employees and non-employees at fair value. The fair value of stock options granted to non-employees is measured based on the fair value of the goods and services received, unless that fair value cannot be estimated reliably, in which case the fair value is determined with reference to the fair value of the instruments granted, and is re-measured at the earlier of each financial reporting or vesting date, and any adjustment is charged or credited to operations upon re-measurement. The fair value of the options to employees at the date of the grant is determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model and stock-based compensation is accrued and charged to operations using the graded method, with an offsetting credit to contributed surplus, over the vesting periods.

The number of shares and options expected to vest is reviewed and adjusted at the end of each reporting period such that the amount recognized for services received as consideration for the equity instruments granted shall be based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

If and when the stock options are exercised, the applicable amounts of contributed surplus are transferred to share capital. Charges for options that are forfeited before vesting are reversed from Contributed Surplus.

The expected price volatility is based on the historic volatility (based on the remaining life of the options), adjusted for any expected changes to future volatility due to publicly available information.

(g) Loss per Share

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing the loss for the period by the weighted average number of shares outstanding. The Company uses the treasury stock method of calculating fully diluted loss per share amounts, whereby any proceeds from the exercise of stock options or other dilutive instruments are assumed to be used to purchase common shares at the average market price during the period. The assumed conversion of outstanding common share options and warrants has an anti-dilutive impact for the reported periods thus fully diluted loss per share is the same as basic loss per share.

Zadar Ventures Ltd.

(an Exploration Stage Enterprise)

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

July 31, 2014 and 2013

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(h) Income Taxes

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in the statement of loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case the income tax is also recognized directly in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted, at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

In general, deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined on a non-discounted basis using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date and are expected to apply when the deferred tax asset or liability is settled. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that the assets can be recovered. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are presented as non-current.

(i) Share issue costs

Share issue costs that are directly attributable to issuing new shares are deducted from equity.

Costs that relate to the stock market listing, or are otherwise not incremental and directly attributable to issuing new shares, are recorded as an expense in the statement of operations and comprehensive loss.

Costs that relate to both share issuance and listing are allocated based on the proportion of new shares issued to the total number of shares listed.

When units are issued, which include shares and warrants, the warrants are valued using the residual value method.

(j) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for July 31, 2014 reporting periods. Management has decided against early adoption of these standards. Management's assessment of the impact of these new standards and interpretations is set out below:

Zadar Ventures Ltd.

(an Exploration Stage Enterprise)

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

July 31, 2014 and 2013

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(j) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted (continued)

IFRS 9 – ‘Financial Instruments’

This standard and its consequential amendments are applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. This standard introduces new classification and measurement models for financial assets, using a single approach to determine whether a financial asset is measured at amortised cost or fair value. To be classified and measured at amortised cost, assets must satisfy the business model test for managing the financial assets and have certain contractual cash flow characteristics. All other financial instrument assets are to be classified and measured at fair value. This standard allows an irrevocable election on initial recognition to present gains and losses on equity instruments (that are not held-for-trading) in other comprehensive income, with dividends as a return on these investments being recognised in profit or loss. In addition, those equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income would no longer have to apply any impairment requirements nor would there be any ‘recycling’ of gains or losses through profit or loss on disposal. The accounting for financial liabilities continues to be classified and measured in accordance with IAS 39, with one exception, being that the portion of a change of fair value relating to the entity’s own credit risk is to be presented in other comprehensive income unless it would create an accounting mismatch. The impact of the adoption of this standard is yet to be assessed.

4. Investment

July 31	2014	2013
Cost	\$ 1,248,000	\$ -
Fair value adjustment	<u>(812,786)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 435,214</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

On January 21, 2014, the Company acquired 676,129 shares of Global Resources Investment Trust (“GRIT”) valued at £1.00 each, in consideration for 4,160,000 shares of the Company valued at \$0.30 each. The GRIT shares trade through the facilities of the London Stock Exchange.

On acquisition, the GRIT shares were valued at \$1,248,000. The GRIT shares have been designated as held for trading and are recorded at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses recognized in profit or loss. At July 31, 2014, the fair value of the GRIT shares is \$435,214.

Zadar Ventures Ltd.

(an Exploration Stage Enterprise)

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

July 31, 2014 and 2013

5. Exploration and Evaluation Assets

Whiskey Gap

The Company entered into an option agreement with 1177129 Alberta Ltd., (the "Optionor"), a company controlled by a company having an officer in common with Zadar, in April 2010, subsequently amended May 30, 2011, September 30, 2011, June 1, 2012 and November 19, 2014, to acquire up to a 100% interest in certain mineral interests located in Alberta, known as the Whiskey Gap Project.

To earn a 60% interest, the Company must make payments and issue shares as follows:

- a) \$12,500 (paid) and issue and allot to the Optionor 100,000 shares of the Company (issued);
- b) on or before the first anniversary of the execution of the Agreement, a further \$12,500 (paid) and issue and allot to the Optionor a further 200,000 shares (issued);
- c) on or before the second anniversary of the execution of the Agreement, a further \$25,000 (paid) and issue and allot to the Optionor a further 300,000 shares (issued);
- d) on or before September 30, 2010, the Company shall expend not less than \$100,000 on Exploration Expenditures on the Property; (incurred)
- e) on or before June 30, 2012, the Company shall pay \$100,000 to the Optionor (paid);
- f) on or before December 31, 2012, the Company shall pay a further \$50,000 (paid) and issue and allot to the Optionor a further 500,000 shares (issued).

The Company has a further option to acquire the remaining 40% interest in the Property by paying the Optionor \$100,000 and by issuing the Optionor an additional 1,000,000 shares (issued, fair value of \$250,000) on or before September 30, 2015.

Upon earning a 60% interest by making the cash payments, issuing the shares, and incurring the exploration expenditures as set out above and electing not to acquire any further interests after earning 60%, the Company and the Optionor will form a joint venture with standard dilution clauses.

Bullrun Uranium Project

On April 12, 2013, the Company entered into a purchase agreement with an arm's length vendor to acquire a 100% interest in the Bullrun uranium project, located in the southwestern Athabasca Basin in Saskatchewan, Canada.

Zadar Ventures Ltd.

(an Exploration Stage Enterprise)

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

July 31, 2014 and 2013

5. Exploration and Evaluation Assets (continued)

Bullrun Uranium Project (continued)

To earn the 100% interest, the Company must make payments and issue shares as follows:

- a) \$5,000 non-refundable due diligence deposit (paid);
- b) \$10,000 cash payment (paid) and issue 100,000 shares (issued, fair value of \$26,000) by May 20, 2013;
- c) Issue 200,000 shares (issued, fair value of \$28,000) by April 12, 2014;
- d) Issue 250,000 shares by April 12, 2015; and
- e) \$250,000 cash payment by the earlier of April 12, 2019 or upon receipt of a NI 43-101 report indicating resources of a minimum 250,000 lbs of uranium deposits on the property.
- f) The Company is to incur no less than \$50,000 of exploration expenditures on the claims on or before July 2015 and \$100,000 exploration expenditures on or before July 2016.

The Vendor will retain a 1% NSR, of which 0.5% can be purchased by the Company for a cash payment of \$1,000,000 less any amount previously paid by the Company to the Vendor as NSR payments.

A finder's fee comprising \$1,500 in cash and 10,000 shares (fair value of \$3,000) was paid/issued.

Bullrun Blocks D and E

On May 10, 2013, pursuant to a purchase agreement with an unrelated party, the Company acquired a 100% interest in certain mineral claims known as the Bullrun Blocks D and E properties, in exchange for issuance of 250,000 common shares of the Company (issued, fair value of \$75,000), and reservation to the vendor of a 2% net smelter revenue royalty. A finder's fee of 25,000 shares was issued (fair value of \$7,500).

Upper Poulton Lake

On April 10, 2013 and as amended on October 10, 2013 and April 15, 2014, the Company entered into an option agreement with an arm's length vendor (the "Vendor"), whereby the Company can earn a 100% interest in the Upper Poulton Lake Property located in the Athabasca Basin in Saskatchewan, Canada.

Zadar Ventures Ltd.

(an Exploration Stage Enterprise)

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

July 31, 2014 and 2013

5. Exploration and Evaluation Assets (continued)

Upper Poulton Lake (continued)

To earn a 100% interest, the Company must make payments, issue shares and incur exploration expenditures as follows:

- a) \$10,000 non-refundable due diligence deposit (paid);
- b) \$40,000 cash payment (paid) and issuance of 100,000 shares (issued, fair value of \$28,000) by April 20, 2013;
- c) \$50,000 cash payment (\$32,760 paid) by January 18, 2014;
- d) issuance of 550,000 shares (issued, fair value of \$66,000) by April 10, 2014;
- e) \$75,000 cash payment by April 10, 2015;
- f) \$50,000 cash payment and issuance of 250,000 shares by April 10, 2016;
- g) \$1,000,000 cash payment by April 10, 2017; and
- h) No less than \$2,000,000 in exploration expenditures by April 10, 2017.

The Vendor will retain a 1% NSR, of which 0.5% can be purchased by the Company for a cash payment of \$1,000,000 less any amount previously paid by the Company to the Vendor as NSR payments.

A finder's fee of \$10,000 and 10,000 shares (fair value of \$2,500) was paid/issued.

Pasfield Lake Project

On September 25, 2013, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire a 100% interest in certain mineral claims located in the Athabasca Basin, Saskatchewan, Canada, for consideration comprising \$25,000 in cash (paid) and issuance of 1,745,000 shares of the Company (issued, fair value of \$436,250).

During 2014 a fee of \$50,000 was paid to extend the option period and a finder's fee of \$6,000 was paid in 2013.

The vendor will retain a NSR of 2%, of which 1% may be purchased the Company for \$1,000,000.

Zadar Ventures Ltd.

(an Exploration Stage Enterprise)

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

July 31, 2014 and 2013

5. Exploration and Evaluation Assets (continued)

Patterson Northeast

The Company entered into an option agreement with Basin Minerals Ltd. ("Basin"), on May 31, 2013 and as amended on July 9, 2013 and February 8, 2014 to acquire a 100% interest in certain mineral interests located in Saskatchewan, known as the Patterson Northeast Property.

To earn a 100% interest, the Company must make payments, issue shares and incur exploration expenditures as follows:

- a) \$5,000 non-refundable due diligence deposit (paid);
- b) \$125,000 cash payment 160 days after signing (paid), of which \$100,000 will be invested in the private placement being undertaken by the Company (subscription received);
- c) \$25,000 cash payment by December 22, 2014;
- d) \$75,000 cash payment by May 1, 2015;
- e) \$150,000 cash payment by November 1, 2015;
- f) \$150,000 cash payment by May 1, 2016;
- g) \$1,000,000 cash payment by November 1, 2016;
- h) \$1,500,000 cash payment by May 9, 2017; and
- i) \$2,000,000 in exploration expenditures by May 31, 2017.

A finder's fee of \$16,400 was paid during the current year.

The vendor will retain a NSR of 1%, of which 0.5% may be purchased by the Company at any time for \$1,000,000, less all amounts previously paid to Basin as NSR payments.

Highrock/Riverlake Projects

On November 21, 2013, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire a 100% interest in certain mineral claims located in the Athabasca Basin, Saskatchewan, Canada known as the Highrock and Riverlake Projects, in exchange for issuance of 330,000 common shares of the Company (issued, fair value of \$82,500).

The vendor will retain a NSR of 2%, of which 1% may be purchased the Company for \$1,000,000.

Zadar Ventures Ltd.

(an Exploration Stage Enterprise)

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

July 31, 2014 and 2013

5. Exploration and Evaluation Assets (continued)

Stony Road Project

On November 21, 2013, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire a 100% interest in certain mineral claims located in the Athabasca Basin, Saskatchewan, Canada known as the Stony Road Project, in exchange for issuance of 40,000 common shares of the Company (issued, fair value of \$12,800).

The vendor will retain a NSR of 2%, of which 1% may be purchased the Company for \$1,000,000.

During the year the Company decided to write off all costs associated with the property to net profit or loss as the claims had lapsed subsequent to year end.

West Carswell Project

On December 17, 2013, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire a 100% interest in certain mineral claims located in the Athabasca Basin, Saskatchewan, Canada known as the West Carswell Project, in exchange for issuance of 385,000 common shares of the Company (issued, fair value of \$103,950).

The vendor will retain a NSR of 2%, of which 1% may be purchased the Company for \$1,000,000.

Zadar Ventures Ltd.
(an Exploration Stage Enterprise)
Notes to the Financial Statements
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

July 31, 2014 and 2013

5. Exploration and Evaluation Assets (continued)

Exploration and Evaluation Expenditures

Details of exploration and evaluation expenditures for the years ended July 31, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

	Acquisition Costs 2014	Exploration Costs 2014	Total 2014	Acquisition Costs 2013	Exploration Costs 2013	Total 2013
Whisky Gap						
Acquisition costs - cash	\$ 7,000	\$ -	\$ 7,000	\$ 47,000	\$ -	\$ 47,000
Acquisition costs - shares	250,000	-	250,000	130,000	-	130,000
Assaying (recovery)	-	-	-	-	(3,928)	(3,928)
Geological consulting	-	2,500	2,500	-	-	-
Mineral property costs for the year	257,000	2,500	259,500	177,000	(3,928)	173,072
Balance, beginning of year	363,500	131,128	494,628	186,500	135,056	321,556
Balance, end of year	620,500	133,628	754,128	363,500	131,128	494,628
BullRun						
Acquisition costs - cash	-	-	-	15,000	-	15,000
Acquisition costs - shares	28,000	-	28,000	26,000	-	26,000
Finder's fees	-	-	-	4,500	-	4,500
Mineral property costs for the year	28,000	-	28,000	45,500	-	45,500
Balance, beginning of year	45,500	-	45,500	-	-	-
Balance, end of year	73,500	-	73,500	45,500	-	45,500
BullRun Blocks D and E						
Acquisition costs - shares	-	-	-	75,000	-	75,000
Finder's fees	-	-	-	7,500	-	7,500
Mineral property costs for the year	-	-	-	82,500	-	82,500
Balance, beginning of year	82,500	-	82,500	-	-	-
Balance, end of year	82,500	-	82,500	82,500	-	82,500
Upper Poulton Lake						
Acquisition costs - cash	32,760	-	32,760	50,000	-	50,000
Acquisition costs - shares	66,000	-	66,000	28,000	-	28,000
Finder's fees	-	-	-	12,500	-	12,500
Geophysics	-	2,000	2,000	-	-	-
Mineral property costs for the year	98,760	2,000	100,760	90,500	-	90,500
Balance, beginning of year	90,500	-	90,500	-	-	-
Balance, end of year	189,260	2,000	191,260	90,500	-	90,500

Zadar Ventures Ltd.
(an Exploration Stage Enterprise)
Notes to the Financial Statements
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

July 31, 2014 and 2013

5. Exploration and Evaluation Assets (continued)

	Acquisition Costs 2014	Exploration Costs 2014	Total 2014	Acquisition Costs 2013	Exploration Costs 2013	Total 2013
Whisky Gap						
Acquisition costs - cash	\$ 7,000	\$ -	\$ 7,000	\$ 47,000	\$ -	\$ 47,000
Acquisition costs - shares	250,000	-	250,000	130,000	-	130,000
Assaying (recovery)	-	-	-	-	(3,928)	(3,928)
Geological consulting	-	2,500	2,500	-	-	-
Mineral property costs for the year	257,000	2,500	259,500	177,000	(3,928)	173,072
Balance, beginning of year	363,500	131,128	494,628	186,500	135,056	321,556
Balance, end of year	620,500	133,628	754,128	363,500	131,128	494,628
BullRun						
Acquisition costs - cash	-	-	-	15,000	-	15,000
Acquisition costs - shares	28,000	-	28,000	26,000	-	26,000
Finder's fees	-	-	-	4,500	-	4,500
Mineral property costs for the year	28,000	-	28,000	45,500	-	45,500
Balance, beginning of year	45,500	-	45,500	-	-	-
Balance, end of year	73,500	-	73,500	45,500	-	45,500
BullRun Blocks D and E						
Acquisition costs - shares	-	-	-	75,000	-	75,000
Finder's fees	-	-	-	7,500	-	7,500
Mineral property costs for the year	-	-	-	82,500	-	82,500
Balance, beginning of year	82,500	-	82,500	-	-	-
Balance, end of year	82,500	-	82,500	82,500	-	82,500
Upper Poulton Lake						
Acquisition costs - cash	32,760	-	32,760	50,000	-	50,000
Acquisition costs - shares	66,000	-	66,000	28,000	-	28,000
Finder's fees	-	-	-	12,500	-	12,500
Geophysics	-	2,000	2,000	-	-	-
Mineral property costs for the year	98,760	2,000	100,760	90,500	-	90,500
Balance, beginning of year	90,500	-	90,500	-	-	-
Balance, end of year	189,260	2,000	191,260	90,500	-	90,500
	Acquisition Costs 2014	Exploration Costs 2014	Total 2014	Acquisition Costs 2013	Exploration Costs 2013	Total 2013
Pasfield Lake						
Acquisition costs - cash	75,000	-	75,000	6,000	-	6,000
Acquisition costs - shares	436,250	-	436,250	-	-	-
Geophysics	-	10,158	10,158	-	-	-
Mineral property costs for the year	511,250	10,158	521,408	6,000	-	6,000
Balance, beginning of year	6,000	-	6,000	-	-	-
Balance, end of year	517,250	10,158	527,408	6,000	-	6,000

Zadar Ventures Ltd.

(an Exploration Stage Enterprise)

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

July 31, 2014 and 2013

6. Share Capital

(a) Authorized share capital

Unlimited common shares without par value

(b) Escrow shares

Currently 834,150 common shares (2013 – 1,668,300) are held in escrow.

(c) Private placement

On December 9, 2013, the Company completed a private placement of 4,664,500 units with each unit comprising one common share in the capital of the Company and one share purchase warrant, at a price of \$0.20 per unit for gross proceeds of \$932,900. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase a common share of the Company at a price of \$0.30 for a period of one year. Finders' fees of \$41,520 were paid and 52,500 finders' warrants were issued in connection with the placement, with each warrant entitling the holder to purchase a common share of the Company at a price of \$0.30 for a period of one year.

(d) Share purchase options

The Company has an incentive stock option plan (the "Plan"), whereby the Company may grant stock options to directors, officers, employees or consultants. Under the Plan, options are exercisable up to a maximum of 10 years and vest as determined by the Board of Directors and are required to have an exercise price no less than the closing market price of the Company's shares on the trading day immediately preceding the day on which the Company announces the grant of options. The Plan provides for the issuance of up to 10% of the Company's issued common shares at the date of the grant.

Zadar Ventures Ltd.

(an Exploration Stage Enterprise)

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

July 31, 2014 and 2013

6. Share Capital (continued)

(d) Share purchase options (continued)

	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price \$
Options outstanding at July 31, 2012	600,000	0.25
Granted	375,000	0.25
Options outstanding at July 31, 2013	975,000	0.25
Granted	700,000	0.25
Exercised	(150,000)	0.25
Options outstanding and exercisable at July 31, 2014	1,525,000	0.25

Expiry date	Remaining contractual life (years)	Options outstanding and exercisable	Exercise Price \$
April 18, 2015	0.72	225,000	0.25
May 30, 2017	2.83	600,000	0.25
September 18, 2015	1.13	200,000	0.25
October 22, 2015	1.23	100,000	0.25
November 18, 2015	1.30	200,000	0.25
November 27, 2015	1.33	200,000	0.25
		1,525,000	0.25

The Company has granted options to employees, consultants, directors and officers of the Company as follows:

Grant Date	April 18 2013	September 18 2013	October 22 2013	November 18 2013	November 27 2013
Number of options	375,000	200,000	100,000	200,000	200,000
Exercise price	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.25
Expected dividend yield	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Expected stock price volatility	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Risk-free interest rate	0.97%	0.97%	0.97%	1.09%	1.07%
Expected life of options	2 years	2 years	2 years	2 years	2 years
Fair value	\$ 57,972	\$ 32,502	\$ 12,369	\$ 29,380	\$ 29,374

Option pricing models require the input of highly subjective assumptions, particularly the expected stock price volatility. Changes in the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, and therefore the existing models do not necessarily provide a reliable single measure of the fair value of the Company's stock options.

Zadar Ventures Ltd.

(an Exploration Stage Enterprise)

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

July 31, 2014 and 2013

6. Share Capital (continued)

(e) Share purchase warrants

	Number of warrants	Weighted average exercise price \$
Warrants outstanding at July 31, 2012	2,671,000	0.11
Exercised	(2,225,500)	0.10
Warrants outstanding at July 31, 2013	445,500	0.16
Issued in private placement	4,664,500	0.30
Finders' warrants issued	52,500	0.30
Exercised	(269,500)	0.10
Warrants outstanding at July 31, 2014	4,893,000	0.30

The following warrants were outstanding as of July 31, 2014:

Expiry date	Number of warrants	Exercise Price \$
May 28, 2015	176,000	0.25
December 9, 2014	4,717,000	0.30
	4,893,000	0.30

On December 9, 2013, 52,500 finders' warrants were issued with an estimated fair value of \$6,825, which was determined using the Black Scholes option pricing model, with the following assumptions:

Expected dividend yield	0.00%
Expected stock price volatility	100%
Risk-free interest rate	1.06%
Expected life	1 year

Zadar Ventures Ltd.

(an Exploration Stage Enterprise)

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

July 31, 2014 and 2013

7. Financial Instruments and Risk Management

Fair Values

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are directly or indirectly observable for the asset or liability; and

Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

Investments are carried at level 1 fair value measurement.

The carrying values of cash, due from/to related parties, accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair value due to the short-term nature of these instruments.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's cash and due from related parties are subject to credit risk. The Company manages credit risk by placing cash with major Canadian financial institutions. Management believes that credit risk related to these amounts is nominal.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises from the excess of financial obligations over available financial assets due at any point in time. The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to try to have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. As at July 31, 2014, the Company had a cash balance of \$27,016 (2013 - \$87,073) to settle current liabilities of \$266,146 (2013 - \$140,078). All of the Company's accounts payable and accrued liabilities have contractual maturities of 30 days or due on demand and are subject to normal trade terms. To maintain liquidity, the Company is currently investigating financing opportunities and recently completed a share exchange agreement (Note 4) and private placement (Note 6). Management intends to continue to finance its activities by raising funds by private equity investments. While the Company has been successful in obtaining its required funding in the past there is no assurance that this financing will be extended or that any additional future financing will be available. The Company is exposed to risk that it will encounter difficulty in satisfying its liabilities. The Company may mitigate this risk by selling its investment to cover its current liabilities.

Zadar Ventures Ltd.

(an Exploration Stage Enterprise)

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

July 31, 2014 and 2013

7. Financial Instruments and Risk Management (continued)

Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, and commodity and equity prices.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to interest rate risk is not material.

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the future cash flows or fair value of the Company's financial instruments that are denominated in a currency that is not the Company's functional currency will fluctuate due to the change in foreign exchange rate.

The functional currency of the Company is the Canadian dollar. The Company does not conduct business outside of Canada. However, the Company holds an investment that is denominated in British Pounds. As such, it is subject to fluctuations in the exchange rates for the Canadian dollar and British Pound. As at July 31, 2014, the Company has a held for trading investment with a fair value of \$435,214. Each 10% change in the Canadian dollar versus the British Pound will result in a gain/loss of approximately \$43,000 (2013 - \$nil).

Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that changes in market prices including commodity or equity prices will have an effect on the fair value or future cash flows associated with financial instruments. The equity price risk associated with the Company's current held for trading investment primarily relates to the change in the market prices of the investments in the portfolio. As at July 31, 2014, the Company owns 676,129 GRIT common shares with each common share valued at \$0.64. Management believes there is price risk related to this investment.

Zadar Ventures Ltd.

(an Exploration Stage Enterprise)

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

July 31, 2014 and 2013

8. Capital Management

The Company includes cash and equity, comprising issued common shares, contributed surplus and deficit in the definition of capital.

The Company manages its capital to ensure it will be able to continue as a going concern largely through equity financing. These stock issues depend on numerous factors including a positive mineral exploration environment, positive stock market conditions, a company's track record, and the experience of management. The Company is not exposed to externally imposed capital requirements. There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year ended July 31, 2014.

9. Related Party Transactions

Certain of the Company's officers and directors render services to the Company through companies in which they are an officer or director.

<u>Party</u>	<u>Transactions</u>
622738 BC Ltd.	Consulting fees and Management fees
Bua Capital Management Ltd.	Finder's fee, Management fees, and Stock based compensation
Paul Gray Geological Consultants Ltd.	Management fees
1177129 Alberta Ltd.	Consulting fees, Management fees, Stock based compensation
GRW Inc.	Consulting fees and Management fees

The Company incurred the following fees and expenses in the normal course of operations with related parties.

<u>Year Ended July 31</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>
Consulting fees	\$	45,476	\$	18,050
Management fees		48,400		30,000
Office and sundry fees		43,700		32,700
Promotion		-		9,480
Stock-based compensation		47,192		-
Finders' fees		30,160		-
	\$	<u>214,928</u>	\$	<u>90,230</u>

Zadar Ventures Ltd.

(an Exploration Stage Enterprise)

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

July 31, 2014 and 2013

9. Related Party Transactions (continued)

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities as of July 31, 2014 include \$53,155 (2013 - \$Nil) owing to companies controlled by officers of the Company for services rendered.

Amounts due from related parties comprise \$41,960 (2013 - \$24,539) in advances to companies controlled by officers and directors. Such amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing and without specific repayment terms.

Amounts due to related parties comprise \$39,811 (2013 - \$Nil) in advances from a company with an officer in common.

10. Income Taxes

Income tax expense differs from the amount that would result from applying the Canadian federal and provincial income tax rates to earnings before income taxes. These differences result from the following items:

Year Ended July 31	2014	2013
Loss before income taxes	\$ (1,579,763)	\$ (405,637)
Basic statutory tax rate	<u>26.00%</u>	<u>25.00%</u>
Income tax recovery based on statutory rate	\$ (410,738)	\$ (101,409)
Effect of changes in tax rates	(31,597)	(3,317)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	137,022	18,492
Unrecognized tax assets	<u>305,313</u>	<u>86,234</u>
	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

The components of deferred income taxes are as follows:

July 31	2014	2013
Deferred income tax assets:		
Non-capital losses	\$ 357,094	\$ 179,982
Exploration and evaluation assets	(27,820)	(26,000)
Share issuance costs	42,684	18,325
Investments	105,662	-
Unrecognized tax assets	<u>(477,620)</u>	<u>(172,307)</u>
	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Zadar Ventures Ltd.

(an Exploration Stage Enterprise)

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

July 31, 2014 and 2013

10. Income Taxes (continued)

The Company has non-capital losses carried forward of \$1,377,564 that may be available for tax purposes. The losses expire as follows:

2029	\$	71
2030		11,910
2031		83,443
2032		241,650
2033		355,163
2034		685,327
	\$	<u>1,377,564</u>

The deferred income tax assets associated with the losses carried forward and certain other deductible temporary differences have not been recognized as their utilization is not considered more likely than not at this time.

11. Subsequent events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 27, 2014, and has determined that there are no subsequent events to be disclosed.