



**RECHARGE RESOURCES LTD.**  
(formerly Le Mare Gold Corp.)

**Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements**

Period Ended June 30, 2021

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)  
(Unaudited)

**NOTICE OF NON AUDITOR'S REVIEW OF  
CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3 (3) (a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that an auditor has not reviewed the financial statements.

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements for Recharge Resources Ltd. (formerly Le Mare Gold Corp.) (the "Company") have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management. The Company's independent auditor, Saturna Group Chartered Professional Accountants LLP, has not performed an audit of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements

**RECHARGE RESOURCES LTD. (formerly Le Mare Gold Corp.)**

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

(Unaudited)

	June 30, 2021 \$	December 31, 2020 \$
<b>Assets</b>		
<b>Current assets</b>		
Cash	1,308,950	582
GST receivable	42,238	3,600
Advances	–	75,000
Prepaid expenses	2,500	–
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>1,353,688</b>	<b>79,182</b>
<b>Non-current assets</b>		
Exploration and evaluation assets	527,500	–
<b>Total non-current assets</b>	<b>527,500</b>	
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>1,881,188</b>	<b>79,182</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
<b>Current liabilities</b>		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 4)	39,018	228,722
Loans payable	–	229,369
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>39,018</b>	<b>458,091</b>
<b>Shareholders' deficit</b>		
Share capital	10,121,409	7,583,205
Share-based payment reserve	596,861	588,320
Share subscriptions receivable (Note 6)	(615,000)	–
Warrants reserve	2,836,503	1,691,332
Deficit	(11,097,603)	(10,241,766)
<b>Total shareholders' deficit</b>	<b>1,842,170</b>	<b>(378,909)</b>
<b>Total liabilities and shareholders' deficit</b>	<b>1,881,188</b>	<b>79,182</b>

Nature and continuance of operations (Note 1)

Subsequent events (Note 10)

Approved and authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on August 24, 2021:

/s/ "Yari Nieken"

Yari Nieken, Director

/s/ "Bryson Goodwin"

Bryson Goodwin, Director

**RECHARGE RESOURCES LTD. (formerly Le Mare Gold Corp.)**

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

(Unaudited)

	For the three-month periods ended		For the six-month periods ended	
	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Expenses				
Consulting fees	8,000	–	68,375	5,000
Costs incurred related to potential acquisition	–	–	–	170,874
General and administrative	20,891	268	26,380	16,556
Investor relations	411,186	–	661,186	1,666
Management fees (Note 5)	22,500	22,500	45,000	49,762
Professional fees	7,413	14,500	12,082	34,026
Share-based compensation	8,541	–	8,541	–
Transfer agent and filing fees	29,481	11,468	38,275	21,446
Travel	579	–	968	1,749
<b>Total expenses</b>	<b>508,591</b>	<b>48,736</b>	<b>860,807</b>	<b>301,079</b>
Loss before other income (expense)	(508,591)	(48,736)	(860,807)	(301,079)
Other income (expense)				
Interest expense	–	(152)	–	(152)
Gain on settlement of debt	4,970	–	4,970	–
<b>Total other income (expense)</b>	<b>4,970</b>	<b>(152)</b>	<b>4,970</b>	<b>(152)</b>
<b>Net loss and comprehensive loss</b>	<b>(503,622)</b>	<b>48,888</b>	<b>(855,837)</b>	<b>(301,231)</b>
<b>Basic and diluted loss per share</b>	<b>(0.01)</b>	<b>(0.00)</b>	<b>(0.02)</b>	<b>(0.01)</b>
<b>Weighted average shares outstanding</b>	<b>84,787,847</b>	<b>29,643,616</b>	<b>57,368,064</b>	<b>29,643,616</b>

## RECHARGE RESOURCES LTD. (formerly Le Mare Gold Corp.)

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

(Unaudited)

	Share capital		Share-based payment reserve \$	Warrants reserve \$	Share subscriptions receivable \$	Deficit \$	Total shareholders' equity (deficit) \$
	Number	Amount \$					
Balance, December 31, 2019	29,643,616	7,583,205	588,320	1,691,332	(15,000)	(9,859,727)	(11,870)
Share subscriptions receivable	–	–	–	–	15,000	–	15,000
Net loss for the period	–	–	–	–	–	(301,231)	(301,231)
Balance, June 30, 2020	29,643,616	7,583,205	588,320	1,691,332	–	(10,160,958)	(298,101)
Balance, December 31, 2020	29,643,616	7,583,205	588,320	1,691,332	–	(10,241,766)	(378,909)
Shares issued for private placement	69,887,500	2,406,204	–	1,088,171	(615,000)	–	2,879,375
Fair value of finders warrants	–	(57,000)	–	57,000	–	–	–
Shares issued for mineral properties	1,800,000	189,000	–	–	–	–	189,000
Fair value of stock options granted	–	–	8,541	–	–	–	8,541
Net loss for the period	–	–	–	–	–	(855,837)	(855,837)
Balance, June 30, 2021	99,531,116	9,932,409	596,861	2,836,503	(615,000)	(11,097,603)	1,842,170

**RECHARGE RESOURCES LTD. (formerly Le Mare Gold Corp.)**

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

(Unaudited)

	For the six-month periods ended	
	June 30, 2021 \$	June 30, 2020 \$
Operating activities		
Net loss	(855,837)	(301,231)
Items not involving cash:		
Share-based compensation	8,541	–
Changes in non-cash working capital items:		
GST receivable	(38,638)	2,478
Prepaid expenses	(2,500)	5,000
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(189,704)	71,295
Net cash used in operating activities	(1,078,138)	(222,458)
Financing activities		
Proceeds from loans payable	–	99,800
Repayment of loans payable	(229,369)	–
Proceeds from issuance of common shares	2,936,375	15,000
Share issuance costs	(57,000)	–
Net cash provided by financing activities	2,650,006	114,800
Change in cash	1,308,368	(107,658)
Cash, beginning of period	582	108,095
Cash, end of period	1,308,950	437
Fair value of warrants issued in private placement recorded in warrant reserve	1,088,171	–
Fair value of warrants issued as finder's fee	57,000	–
Shares issued pursuant to mineral property option agreements	189,000	–

## **RECHARGE RESOURCES LTD. (formerly Le Mare Gold Corp.)**

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Period Ended June 30, 2021

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

(Unaudited)

### 1. Nature and Continuance of Operations

Recharge Resources Ltd. (formerly Le Mare Gold Corp.) (the “Company”) was incorporated in the province of British Columbia on March 9, 2010 as Signal Exploration Inc. The Company changed its name to Southern Lithium Corp. in October 2016, to Le Mare Gold Corp. in February 2018 and to Recharge Resources Ltd. in July 2021. The Company is a resource exploration company that is in the business of acquiring and exploring mineral properties. The Company’s registered address is Suite 600, 535 Howe Street, Vancouver, BC, V6Z 2Z4.

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared COVID-19 a global pandemic. This contagious disease outbreak and any related adverse public health developments, has adversely affected workforces, economies, and financial markets globally, leading to an economic downturn. The impact on the Company has not been significant, but management continues to monitor the situation.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the assumption that the Company will continue as a going concern, meaning it will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize assets and discharge liabilities in the ordinary course of operations. Different bases of measurement may be appropriate if the Company is not expected to continue operations for the foreseeable future. For the period ended June 30, 2021, the Company has not generated any revenue and incurred negative cash flow from operations. As at June 30, 2021, the Company has a working capital of \$1,314,670 and an accumulated deficit of \$11,097,603. The Company’s continuation as a going concern is dependent on its ability to generate future cash flows and/or obtain additional financing. Management intends to finance operating costs over the next twelve months with cash on hand, loans from directors and companies controlled by directors, and/or private placements of common shares. There is a risk that additional financing will not be available on a timely basis or on terms acceptable to the Company. These factors indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. These consolidated financial statements do not reflect any adjustments that may be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern.

### 2. Significant Accounting Policies

#### (a) Statement of Compliance and Basis of Preparation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) on a going concern basis.

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiary, 1178796 B.C. Ltd. (up to the date of dissolution on January 10, 2020). All significant inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated on consolidation.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis and are presented in Canadian dollars, which is also the Company’s functional currency.

#### (b) Use of Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of the Company’s consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates, and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Significant areas requiring the use of estimates include the recoverability of exploration and evaluation assets and unrecognized deferred income tax assets.

## RECHARGE RESOURCES LTD. (formerly Le Mare Gold Corp.)

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Period Ended June 30, 2021

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

(Unaudited)

### 2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### (b) Use of Estimates and Judgments (continued)

The application of the Company's accounting policy for exploration and evaluation expenditures requires judgment in determining whether it is likely that future economic benefits are likely either from future exploitation or sale or where activities have not reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence of reserves. The deferral policy requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions about future events or circumstances, in particular whether an economically viable extraction operation can be established. Estimates and assumptions made may change if new information becomes available. If, after expenditure is capitalized, information becomes available suggesting that the recovery of expenditure is unlikely, the amount capitalized is written off in the consolidated statement of operations in the period when the new information becomes available.

The application of the going concern assumption requires management to take into account all available information about the future, which is at least, but is not limited to, 12 months from the end of the reporting period. The Company is aware that material uncertainties related to events or conditions may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

#### (c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid instruments with a maturity of three months or less at the time of issuance, are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value to be cash equivalents.

#### (d) Foreign Currency Translation

The functional and reporting currency is the Canadian dollar. Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rate in effect on the transaction date or at an average rate. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange in effect at the consolidated statement of financial position date. Non-monetary items are translated using the historical rate on the date of the transaction. Foreign exchange gains and losses are included in the consolidated statement of operations.

#### (e) Exploration and Evaluation Expenditures

Exploration and evaluation expenditures include the costs of acquiring licenses, costs associated with exploration and evaluation activity, and the fair value (at acquisition date) of exploration and evaluation assets acquired in a business combination. Exploration and evaluation expenditures are capitalized. Costs incurred before the Company has obtained the legal rights to explore an area are charged to operations.

Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment if: (i) sufficient data exists to determine technical feasibility and commercial viability; and (ii) facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount.

Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of the extraction of mineral resources in an area of interest are demonstrable, exploration and evaluation assets attributable to that area of interest are first tested for impairment and then reclassified to mining property and development assets within property, plant and equipment.

Recoverability of the carrying amount of any exploration and evaluation assets is dependent on successful development and commercial exploitation, or alternatively, sale of the respective areas of interest.



## RECHARGE RESOURCES LTD. (formerly Le Mare Gold Corp.)

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Period Ended June 30, 2021

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

(Unaudited)

### 2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### (e) Exploration and Evaluation Expenditures (continued)

##### *Farm outs*

The Company does not record any expenditures made by the farmee in its accounts. It also does not recognize any gain or loss on its exploration and evaluation farm out arrangements but re-designates any costs previously capitalized in relation to the whole interest as relating to the partial interest retained and any consideration received directly from the farmee is credited against costs previously capitalized.

#### (f) Restoration, Rehabilitation, and Environmental Obligations

An obligation to incur restoration, rehabilitation and environmental costs arises when environmental disturbance is caused by the exploration or development of a mineral property interest. Such costs arising from the decommissioning of plant and other site preparation work, discounted to their net present value, are provided for and capitalized at the start of each project to the carrying amount of the asset, along with a corresponding liability as soon as the obligation to incur such costs arises. The timing of the actual rehabilitation expenditure is dependent on a number of factors such as the life and nature of the asset, the operating license conditions and, when applicable, the environment in which the mine operates.

Discount rates using a pre-tax rate that reflects the time value of money are used to calculate the net present value. These costs are charged in the consolidated statement of operations over the economic life of the related asset, through amortization using either the unit of production or the straight-line method. The obligation is increased for the accretion and the corresponding amount is recognized in the consolidated statement of operations.

Decommissioning costs are also adjusted for changes in estimates. Those adjustments are accounted for as a change in the corresponding capitalized cost, except where a reduction in costs is greater than the unamortized capitalized cost of the related assets, in which case the capitalized cost is reduced to nil and the remaining adjustment is recognized in the consolidated statement of operations.

The operations of the Company have been, and may in the future be, affected from time to time in varying degree by changes in environmental regulations, including those for site restoration costs. Both the likelihood of new regulations and their overall effect upon the Company are not predictable.

As at June 30, 2021, the Company had no material restoration, rehabilitation, and environmental obligations.

#### (g) Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are included in the initial carrying value of the related instrument and are amortized using the effective interest method. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in the consolidated statement of operations.

Fair value estimates are made at the consolidated statement of financial position date based on relevant market information and information about the financial instrument. All financial instruments are classified into either: fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") or amortized cost.

## RECHARGE RESOURCES LTD. (formerly Le Mare Gold Corp.)

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Period Ended June 30, 2021

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

(Unaudited)

### 2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### (g) Financial Instruments (continued)

Fair value estimates are made at the statement of financial position date based on relevant market information and information about the financial instrument. All financial instruments are classified into either: fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") or amortized cost.

The Company has made the following classifications:

Cash	Amortized cost
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Amortized cost
Loans payable	Amortized cost

#### Financial Assets

The classification of financial assets depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

#### *Financial assets at FVTPL*

Financial assets are classified as FVTPL when the financial asset is either held for trading or it is designated as FVTPL. A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Company manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

#### *Financial assets at amortized cost*

Financial assets at amortized cost are non-derivative financial assets which are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component that is initially measured at the transaction price) is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

#### *Impairment of financial assets*

Financial assets, other than those classified as FVTPL, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been decreased.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account.

When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are offset against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognized in the consolidated statement of operations. Loss allowances are based on the lifetime ECL's that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the trade receivable, using the simplified approach.

## RECHARGE RESOURCES LTD. (formerly Le Mare Gold Corp.)

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Period Ended June 30, 2021

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

(Unaudited)

### 2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### (g) Financial Instruments (continued)

##### Financial Assets (continued)

For financial assets measured at amortized cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through the consolidated statement of operations to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized.

##### Financial Liabilities and Equity Instruments

###### *Classification as debt or equity*

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

###### *Equity instruments*

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognized as the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

###### *Other financial liabilities*

Other financial liabilities (including loans and borrowings and trade payables and other liabilities) are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs. Subsequently, other financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

#### (h) Income Taxes

##### *Current income tax*

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current period are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date. Current income tax relating to items recognized directly in other comprehensive income or equity is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity and not in the consolidated statement of operations. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

## RECHARGE RESOURCES LTD. (formerly Le Mare Gold Corp.)

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Period Ended June 30, 2021

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

(Unaudited)

### 2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### (h) Income Taxes (continued)

##### *Deferred income tax*

Deferred income tax is provided using the statement of financial position method on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes. The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized only to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable income will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

#### (i) Flow-Through Shares

The resource expenditure deductions for income tax purposes related to exploration and development activities funded by flow-through share arrangements are renounced to investors in accordance with Canadian tax legislation. On issuance, the premium recorded on the flow-through share, being the difference in price over a common share with no tax attributes, is recognized as a liability. When expenditures are renounced to flow through share investors, the deferred income tax liability associated with the renounced tax deductions is recognized through the consolidated statement of operations with a pro-rata portion of the deferred premium.

#### (j) Share-based Payments

The Company grants share-based awards to employees, directors, and consultants as an element of compensation. The fair value of the awards is recognized over the vesting period as share-based compensation expense and share-based payment reserve. The fair value of share-based payments is determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model using estimates at the date of the grant. At each reporting date prior to vesting, the cumulative expense representing the extent to which the vesting period has expired and management's best estimate of the awards that are ultimately expected to vest is computed. The movement in cumulative expense is recognized in the consolidated statement of operations with a corresponding entry within equity, against contributed surplus. No expense is recognized for awards that do not ultimately vest. When stock options are exercised, the proceeds received, together with any related amount in share-based payment reserve, are credited to share capital.

Share-based payments arrangements in which the Company receives goods or services as consideration for its own equity instruments are accounted for as equity-settled share-based payment transactions, unless the fair value cannot be estimated reliably. If the Company cannot reliably estimate the fair value of the goods or services received, the Company will measure their value by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments granted.

#### (k) Loss Per Share

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing net loss attributable to common shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the reporting period. Diluted loss per share is determined by adjusting the net loss attributable to common shares and the weighted average number of common shares outstanding, for the effects of all dilutive potential common shares. As at June 30, 2021, the Company had 64,997,500 (December 31, 2020 – 6,000,000) potentially dilutive shares outstanding.

## RECHARGE RESOURCES LTD. (formerly Le Mare Gold Corp.)

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Period Ended June 30, 2021

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

(Unaudited)

### 2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### (l) Comprehensive Loss

Comprehensive income (loss) is the change in the Company's net assets that results from transactions, events and circumstances from sources other than the Company's shareholders and includes items that are not included in the consolidated statement of operations. The Company does not have items representing comprehensive income or loss.

#### (m) Reclassifications

Certain of the prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period's presentation.

#### (n) Accounting Standards Issued But Not Yet Effective

A number of new standards, and amendments to standards and interpretations, are not yet effective for the period ended June 30, 2021, and have not been early adopted in preparing these consolidated financial statements. These new standards, and amendments to standards and interpretations are either not applicable or are not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

### 3. Exploration and Evaluation Assets

	Brussels Creek \$
Acquisition costs:	
Balance, December 31, 2020	–
Additions	446,500
Balance, June 30, 2021	446,500
Exploration costs:	
Balance, December 31, 2020	–
Additions	81,000
Balance, June 30, 2021	81,000
Carrying amounts:	
Balance, December 31, 2020	–
Balance, June 30, 2021	527,500

#### *Brussels Creek Property*

On February 3, 2021, the Company entered into a mineral option assignment agreement whereby the Company has been assigned the right to acquire up to a 100% interest in the Brussels Creek property located in the Kamloops Mining District, British Columbia. The assignor assigned all its right, title, and interest in and to the option agreement dated February 25, 2020 that it is a party to for \$157,500 (paid) and 800,000 common shares of the Company (issued). The Company agreed to assume the obligations of the assignor under the option agreement subject to the optionor agreeing to accept 2,000,000 common shares of the Company in substitution for shares of the assignor otherwise due to be issued to the optionor under the option agreement as follows:

If a 60% interest in the property is acquired, the Company must issue 1,000,000 common shares on or before April 15, 2021 (issued), pay \$100,000 on or before April 15, 2021 (paid), and incur \$200,000 in exploration expenditures on the property on or before February 25.

## RECHARGE RESOURCES LTD. (formerly Le Mare Gold Corp.)

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(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

(Unaudited)

### 3. Exploration and Evaluation Assets (continued)

If the remaining 40% interest in the property is acquired, the Company must issue 1,000,000 common shares on or before February 25, 2023, pay \$125,000 on or before February 25, 2023, and incur an additional \$275,000 in exploration expenditures on the property on or before February 25, 2023.

The interest earned is subject to a 2% Net Smelter Royalty payable to the optionor. One half of the royalty may be purchased for \$1,500,000, exercisable anytime on or before the expiration of one year from the commencement of commercial production.

### 4. Related Party Transactions

(a) As at June 30, 2021, the amount of \$10,500 (December 31, 2020 - \$63,063) is owed to the CFO of the Company and a company controlled by the Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") of the Company which is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The amount owed is non-interest bearing, unsecured, and due on demand. During the period ended June 30, 2021, the Company incurred management fees of \$30,000 (2020 - \$34,760) to a company controlled by the CFO of the Company.

(b) During the period ended June 30, 2021, the Company incurred management fees of \$15,000 (2020 - \$15,000) to a company controlled by the Corporate Secretary of the Company.

(c) As at June 30, 2021, the amount of \$4,587 (December 31, 2020 - \$13,340) is owed to the CEO of the Company which is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The amount owed is non-interest bearing, unsecured, and due on demand.

### 5. Share Capital

Authorized: Unlimited common shares without par value.

Share transactions for the period ended June 30, 2021:

(a) On April 22, 2021, the Company issued 64,087,500 units at a price of \$0.05 per unit for proceeds of \$3,204,375. Each unit consisted of one common share and one transferable share purchase warrant. Each share purchase warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share at \$0.075 per share expiring on April 23, 2022. The Company issued 760,000 finders' warrants in connection with this private placement with a fair value of \$57,000. Each finder's warrant is exercisable at \$0.075 per common share expiring on April 23, 2022.

(b) On April 22, 2021, the Company issued 5,800,000 flow-through common shares at a price of \$0.05 per share for proceeds of \$290,000. Each unit consisted of one common share and one transferable share purchase warrant. Each share purchase warrant entitles the holder to purchase one additional common share at \$0.075 per share expiring on April 23, 2022.

(c) On April 22, 2021, the Company issued 1,800,000 common shares with a fair value of \$189,000 pursuant to the terms of the option agreement for the Brussels Creek Property.

### 6. Stock Options

Pursuant to the Company's stock option plan, the Company may grant stock options to directors, senior officers, employees, and consultants. The maximum aggregate number of common shares which may be reserved for issuance as optioned shares at any time is 10% of the issued common shares. The exercise price of any stock options granted under the plan shall be determined by the Board, but may not be less than the market price of the common shares on the TSX-V on the date of grant (less any discount permissible under TSX-V rules), subject to a minimum exercise price of \$0.10 per share. The term of any stock options granted under the plan shall be determined by the Board at the time of grant but may not exceed five years. The plan contains no vesting requirements, but permits the Board to specify a vesting schedule at its discretion.

## RECHARGE RESOURCES LTD. (formerly Le Mare Gold Corp.)

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Period Ended June 30, 2021

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

(Unaudited)

### 6. Stock Options (Continued)

	Number of warrants	Weighted average exercise price \$
Balance, December 31, 2020 and 2019	–	–
Granted	150,000	0.180
Balance, June 30, 2021	150,000	0.180

### 7. Share Purchase Warrants

The following table summarizes the continuity of share purchase warrants:

	Number of warrants	Weighted average exercise price \$
Balance, December 31, 2019	12,380,216	0.300
Expired	(6,380,216)	0.200
Balance, December 31, 2020	6,000,000	0.400
Issued	64,847,500	0.075
Expired	(6,000,000)	0.400
Balance, June 30, 2021	64,847,500	0.075

As at June 30, 2021, the following share purchase warrants were outstanding:

Number of warrants outstanding	Exercise price \$	Expiry date
64,847,500	0.075	April 22, 2022

### 8. Financial Instruments and Risk Management

#### (a) Fair Values

Fair value measurements are classified using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1 - valuation based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 - valuation techniques based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 - valuation techniques using inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The fair values of financial instruments, which include cash, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and loans payable, approximate their carrying values due to the relatively short-term maturity of these instruments.

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### 8. Financial Instruments and Risk Management (Continued)

#### (b) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company's primary exposure to credit risk is in its cash. The risk in cash is managed through the use of a major financial institution which has a high credit quality as determined by rating agencies. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure.

#### (c) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is not exposed to interest rate risk as it does not have any assets or liabilities that are affected by changes in interest rates.

#### (d) Foreign Exchange Rate Risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the Company's financial instruments will fluctuate in value as a result of movements in foreign exchange rates. The Company is not exposed to any significant foreign exchange rate risk.

#### (e) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company requires funds to finance its business development activities. In addition, the Company needs to raise equity financing to carry out its exploration programs. There is no assurance that financing will be available or, if available, that such financing will be on terms acceptable to the Company.

#### (f) Price Risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity prices. The Company's ability to raise capital to fund exploration and development activities is subject to risks associated with fluctuations in the market price of commodities.

### 9. Capital Management

The Company's capital structure consists of cash and equity. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, based on the funds available to the Company, in order to support the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business. The properties in which the Company currently has interests are in the exploration stage; as such, the Company is dependent on external financing to fund its activities. In order to carry out the planned exploration and pay for administrative costs, the Company will spend its existing working capital and raise additional amounts as needed. The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire interests in additional properties if it feels there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so. Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable. There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management since inception. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.



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(Unaudited)

### 10. Subsequent Events

On June 24, 2021, the Company entered into an agreement with West Mining Corp. whereby the Company may acquire a 75% interest in the Cobalt-Nickel Kagoot Brook project, a 4,233-hectare area located in the Bathurst mining camp, New Brunswick. On August 20, 2021, Recharge issued an aggregate of 1 million shares to West Mining Corp. and 500,000 shares to Great Atlantic Resources Corp. pursuant to the agreement.

On July 28, 2021, the Company entered into a share purchase agreement with the shareholders of Battmetals Resources Corp., under which Recharge shall purchase all of Battmetals issued and outstanding shares, representing a 100% interest. As consideration for Recharge's purchase of the Battmetals shares. On August 16, 2021, Recharge issued an aggregate of 5.7 million shares to the vendors pursuant to the agreement.