FAR RESOURCES LTD.

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In accordance with National Instrument 51-102 released by the Canadian Securities Administrators, the Company discloses that its auditors have not reviewed the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the period ended September 30, 2017.

FAR RESOURCES LTD.
CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
AS AT

	September 30, 2017	March 31, 2017
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash	$ 1,387,670	$ 312,367
GST receivable	63,889	36,966
Prepaid	-	38,636
Total current assets	1,451,559	387,969
Non-current assets		
Long-term investment (Note 4)	10,000	10,000
Exploration and evaluation assets (Note 5)	2,651,814	1,188,446
Total assets	$ 4,113,373	$ 1,586,415
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 6)	$ 411,640	$ 387,591
Short-term loans payable (Note 7)	5,500	6,500
Total liabilities	417,140	394,091
Equity		
Capital stock (Note 8)	7,434,915	3,642,500
Subscriptions receivable	-	(2,000)
Reserves (Note 8)	482,296	600,340
Deficit	(4,220,978)	(3,048,516)
Total equity	3,696,233	1,192,324
Total liabilities and equity	$ 4,113,373	$ 1,586,415

Nature and continuance of operations (Note 1)
Subsequent events (Note 13)

Approved and authorized on behalf of the Board on November 28, 2017:

"Leon F. Anderson" Director — ***"Keith C. Anderson"*** Director
Leon F. Anderson — *Keith C. Anderson*

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

FAR RESOURCES LTD.
CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS
(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2017	Three Months Ended September 30, 2016	Six Months Ended September 30, 2017	Six Months Ended September 30, 2016
EXPENSES				
Consulting (Note 9)	$ 98,355	$ 51,150	$ 206,163	$ 162,550
Investor relations	20,401	2,813	73,249	15,863
Management fees (Note 9)	36,000	18,000	72,000	36,000
Office	160,036	2,502	189,037	3,442
Professional fees (Note 9)	68,248	15,475	112,651	41,975
Share-based payments (Notes 8 and 9)	375,977	234,115	446,790	234,115
Transfer agent and filing fees	7,259	23,010	17,178	48,407
Travel	39,168	-	39,168	-
Loss before other items	(805,444)	(347,065)	(1,156,236)	(542,352)
OTHER ITEMS				
Loss on shares for debt (Notes 8 and 9)	(74,925)	(37,500)	(57,124)	(37,500)
Gain on write-off of accounts payable (Note 9)	40,898	-	40,898	-
Unrealized gain on investment (Note 4)	-	3,500	-	5,500
Loss and comprehensive loss for the period	$ (839,471)	$ (381,065)	$ (1,172,462)	$ (574,352)
Basic and diluted loss per common share	$ (0.01)	$ (0.01)	$ (0.02)	$ (0.01)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	84,173,599	46,383,222	75,764,628	40,654,306

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

FAR RESOURCES LTD.
CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
FOR THE SIX MONTH PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,

	2017	2016
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Loss for the period	$ (1,172,462)	$ (574,352)
Items not involving cash:		
Unrealized gain on long-term investment	-	(5,500)
Share-based payments	446,790	234,115
Loss on shares for debt	57,124	37,500
Changes in non-cash working capital items:		
GST receivable	(26,923)	(8,362)
Prepaid	38,636	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	272,869	(14,263)
Net cash used in operating activities	(383,966)	(330,862)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Exploration and evaluation acquisition costs	(180,484)	(155,000)
Exploration and evaluation expenditures	(317,837)	-
Option payment received	-	(28,145)
Mining tax credit	113,590	-
Net cash used in investing activities	(384,731)	(183,145)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Private placements	315,000	922,500
Share issuance costs	-	(47,110)
Subscriptions receivable	2,000	-
Loans repaid	(1,000)	(24,500)
Exercise of warrants	1,053,600	-
Exercise of options	474,400	25,000
Net cash provided by financing activities	1,844,000	875,890
Change in cash for the period	1,075,303	361,883
Cash, beginning of the period	312,367	14,431
Cash, end of period	$ 1,387,670	$ 376,314
Cash paid during the period for interest	$ -	$ -
Cash paid during the period for taxes	$ -	$ -

Supplemental disclosures with respect to cash flow (Note 10)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

FAR RESOURCES LTD.
CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Capital stock						
	Shares	Amount	Shares to be issued	Subscription receivable	Reserves	Deficit	Total equity (deficit)
Balance, April 1, 2016	24,502,667	$ 1,680,884	$ 7,500	$ -	$ 29,027	$ (1,785,380)	$ (67,969)
Private placement	19,000,000	930,000	(7,500)	-	-	-	922,500
Share issuance cost	-	(203,867)	-	-	156,757	-	(47,110)
Acquisition of exploration and evaluation assets	1,555,555	139,444	-	-	-	-	139,444
Shares issued as finder's fee for option agreement	1,000,000	135,000	-	-	-	-	135,000
Share-based payments	-	-	-	-	234,115	-	234,115
Shares for debt	1,250,000	100,000	-	-	-	-	100,000
Exercise of options	500,000	34,496	-	-	(9,496)	-	25,000
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(574,352)	(574,352)
Balance, September 30, 2016	47,808,222	$ 2,815,957	$ -	$ -	$ 410,403	$ (2,359,732)	$ 866,628
Balance, April 1, 2017	60,813,622	$ 3,642,500	$ -	$ (2,000)	$ 600,340	$ (3,048,516)	$ 1,192,324
Private placements	3,500,000	315,000	-	2,000	-	-	317,000
Acquisition of exploration and evaluation assets	8,875,200	909,913	-	-	-	-	909,913
Shares for services	1,000,000	100,000	-	-	-	-	100,000
Shares for debt	2,136,494	374,668	-	-	-	-	374,668
Exercise of options	4,188,000	897,035	-	-	(422,635)	-	474,400
Exercise of warrants	10,536,000	1,195,799	-	-	(142,199)	-	1,053,600
Share-based payments	-	-	-	-	446,790	-	446,790
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(1,172,462)	(1,172,462)
Balance, September 30, 2017	91,049,316	$ 7,434,915	$ -	$ -	$ 482,296	$ (4,220,978)	$ 3,696,233

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

1. NATURE AND CONTINUANCE OF OPERATIONS

Far Resources Ltd. (the "Company") is incorporated under the laws of the Province of British Columbia. The Company's head office is located at Unit 114B 8988 Fraserton Court, Burnaby, BC, V5J 5H8. The Company's registered and records office is located at Suite 650 – 1188 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, BC, V6E 4A2.

The Company is an exploration company focused on the identification and development of high potential mineral opportunities in stable jurisdictions.

<u>Going concern of operations</u>

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. As at September 30, 2017, the Company has had significant losses. In addition, the Company has not generated revenues from operations. The Company has financed its operations primarily through the issuance of common shares and short-term loans. The Company continues to seek capital through various means including the issuance of equity and/or debt. These circumstances cast significant doubt as to the ability of the Company to meet its obligations as they come due, and accordingly, the appropriateness of the use of accounting principles applicable to a going concern.

In order to continue as a going concern and to meet its corporate objectives, the Company will require additional financing through debt or equity issuances or other available means. Although the Company has been successful in the past in obtaining financing, there is no assurance that it will be able to obtain adequate financing in the future or that such financing will be on terms advantageous to the Company.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

Statement of compliance

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations issued by the IFRS Interpretations Committee (IFRICs). Accordingly, they do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements by International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") for complete financial statements for year-end reporting purposes. These condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2017, which have been prepared in accordance with IFRS. The condensed interim financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is also the Company's functional currency.

Basis of measurement

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial instruments classified as fair value through profit or loss and available-for-sale which are stated at their fair value. In addition, these condensed interim financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting except for cash flow information.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (cont'd...)

Basis of consolidation

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Far Resources Ltd. and its subsidiary, Sierra Gold & Silver Ltd.

Name of Subsidiary	Country of Incorporation	Principal Activity	Proportion of Ownership Interest	
			2017	2016
Sierra Gold & Silver Ltd.	USA	Not active	100%	-

Sierra Gold & Silver Ltd. was incorporated and became a subsidiary of Far Resources Ltd. on March 31, 2017.

All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments and estimates and form assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed interim financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. On an ongoing basis, management evaluates its judgments and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management uses historical experience and various other factors it believes to be reasonable under the given circumstances as the basis for its judgments and estimates. Actual outcomes may differ from these estimates.

<u>Significant accounting judgments</u>

Significant accounting judgments that management has made in the process of applying accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements include, but are not limited to, the following:

i) Determination of categories of financial assets and financial liabilities;

ii) Assessment of any indicators of impairment of the carrying value of the Company's exploration and evaluation assets; and

iii) The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern.

<u>Critical accounting estimates</u>

Key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year include, but are not limited to, the following:

Share-based payments

The fair value of share-based payments is determined using a Black-Scholes Option pricing model. Such option pricing models require the input of subjective assumptions including the expected price volatility, option life, dividend yield, risk-free rate and estimated forfeitures at the time of initial grant.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

Income taxes

The Company is periodically required to estimate the tax basis of assets and liabilities. Where applicable tax laws and regulations are either unclear or subject to varying interpretations, it is possible that changes in these estimates could occur that materially affect the amounts of deferred income tax assets and liabilities recorded in the financial statements.

Changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities generally have a direct impact on earnings in the period that the changes occur. Each period, the Company evaluates the likelihood of whether some portion or all of each deferred tax asset will not be realized. This evaluation is based on historic and future expected levels of taxable income, the pattern and timing of reversals of taxable temporary timing differences that give rise to deferred tax assets and liabilities, and tax planning initiatives.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of cash on hand and cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid holdings that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Foreign currency translation

The functional currency for the Company's subsidiary is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency of the entity at the exchange rate in existence at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are retranslated at the period end date exchange rates.

The functional currency of the parent entity is the Canadian dollar, which is also the presentation currency of our consolidated financial statements. The functional currency of the Company's foreign subsidiary is the United States dollar.

Foreign operations are translated from their functional currencies into Canadian dollars on consolidation as follows:

(i) Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of the statement of financial position;

(ii) Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income (loss) are translated at the average exchange rate for the period; and

(iii) All resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income (loss) as cumulative translation adjustments.

Exchange differences that arise relating to long-term intercompany balances that form part of the net investment in a foreign operation are also recognized in a separate component of equity through other comprehensive income (loss).

On disposition or partial disposition of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount of related exchange differences recorded in this separate component of equity is recognized in profit or loss.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

Mineral properties – exploration and evaluation assets

Pre-exploration costs

Pre-exploration costs are expensed in the year in which they are incurred.

Exploration and evaluation expenditures

Once the legal right to explore a property has been acquired, all costs related to the acquisition, exploration and evaluation of the property are capitalized. These direct expenditures include such costs as materials used, surveying costs, drilling costs, payments made to contractors, and depreciation on plant and equipment during the exploration phase. Costs not directly attributable to exploration and evaluation activities, including general administrative overhead costs, are expensed in the period in which they occur.

When a project is deemed to no longer have commercially viable prospects to the Company, exploration and evaluation expenditures in respect of that project are deemed to be impaired. As a result, those exploration and evaluation expenditure costs, in excess of estimated recoveries, are written off to profit or loss.

The Company assesses exploration and evaluation assets for impairment when facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount of an asset may exceed its recoverable amount.

Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting the mineral resource has been determined, the property is considered to be a mine under development and is classified as "mines under construction." Exploration and evaluation assets are tested for impairment before the assets are transferred to development properties.

As the Company currently has no operational income, any incidental revenues earned in connection with exploration activities are applied as a reduction to capitalized exploration costs.

Exploration and evaluation assets are classified as intangible assets.

The Company enters into farm-out arrangements, whereby the Company will transfer part of a mineral interest, as consideration, for an agreement by the transferee to meet certain exploration and evaluation expenditures which would have otherwise been undertaken by the Company. The Company does not record any expenditures made by the farmee on its behalf. Any cash or other consideration received from the agreement is credited against the costs previously capitalized to the mineral interest given up by the Company, with any excess consideration accounted for as a gain on disposal.

The Company accounts for mining tax credits on a cash basis and are applied as a reduction to capitalized exploration costs.

Provision for environmental rehabilitation

The Company recognizes liabilities for legal or constructive obligations associated with the retirement of exploration and evaluation assets and equipment. The net present value of future rehabilitation costs is capitalized to the related asset along with a corresponding increase in the rehabilitation provision in the period incurred. Discount rates using a pre-tax rate that reflect the time value of money are used to calculate the net present value.

The Company's estimates of reclamation costs could change as a result of changes in regulatory requirements, discount rates and assumptions regarding the amount and timing of the future expenditures. These changes are recorded directly to the related assets with a corresponding entry to the rehabilitation provision.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

Provision for environmental rehabilitation (cont'd...)

Decommissioning obligations:

The Company's activities may give rise to dismantling, decommissioning and site disturbance re-mediation activities. A provision is made for the estimated cost of site restoration and capitalized in the relevant asset category.

Decommissioning obligations are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date. Subsequent to the initial measurement, the obligation is adjusted at the end of each period to reflect the passage of time and changes in the estimated future cash flows underlying the obligation. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as finance costs whereas increases due to changes in the estimated future cash flows are capitalized. Actual costs incurred upon settlement of the decommissioning obligations are charged against the provision to the extent the provision was established.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are classified into one of the following categories based on the purpose for which the asset or liability was acquired. The Company's accounting policy for the categories is as follows:

Financial assets

Fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") – This category comprises derivatives, or assets acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. They are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss.

Loans and receivables ("LAR") - Loans and receivables are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are initially recognized at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

Held-to-maturity ("HTM") - These assets are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that the Company's management has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. These assets are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. If there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, determined by reference to external credit ratings and other relevant indicators, the financial asset is measured at the present value of estimated future cash flows. Any changes to the carrying amount of the investment, including impairment losses, are recognized in profit or loss.

Available-for-sale ("AFS") - Non-derivative financial assets not included in the above categories are classified as available-for-sale. They are carried at fair value with changes in fair value recognized directly in equity. Where a decline in the fair value of an available-for-sale financial asset constitutes objective evidence of impairment, the amount of the loss is removed from equity and recognized in profit or loss.

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are accounted for at settlement date.

The Company derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the final asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

Financial instruments (cont'd…)

Financial liabilities

Fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") – This category comprises derivatives, or liabilities acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. They are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss.

Other financial liabilities ("OFL") - This category includes all other liabilities, all of which are recognized at amortized cost.

The Company derecognizes financial liabilities when, an only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled, or they expire.

The Company's financial assets and liabilities are classified as follows:

Financial Instruments	Classification
Cash	LAR
Long-term investment	FVTPL
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	OFL
Short-term loans payable	OFL

Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial instruments, excluding financial instruments that are classified as at FVTPL, which are expensed as incurred, are included in the initial carrying value of such instruments.

Impairment

All financial assets except for those at FVTPL, are subject to review for impairment at least at each reporting date. Financial assets are impaired when there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. Different criteria to determine impairment are applied for each category of financial assets, which are described above.

Income taxes

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity. Current tax expense is the expected tax payable on taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at period end, adjusted for amendments to tax payable with regards to previous years.

Deferred tax is recorded using the liability method, providing for temporary differences, between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Temporary differences are not provided for goodwill not deductible for tax purposes, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affects neither accounting nor taxable loss, or differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that they will probably not reverse in the foreseeable future. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilized.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

Loss per share

The Company uses the treasury stock method to compute the dilutive effect of options, warrants and similar instruments. Under this method, the dilutive effect on loss per share is recognized on the use of the proceeds that could be obtained upon exercise of options, warrants and similar instruments. It assumes that the proceeds would be used to purchase common shares at the average market price during the year. For the current and prior fiscal year this calculation proved to be anti-dilutive.

Loss per share is calculated using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year.

Share-based payments

The Company grants stock options to acquire common shares of the Company to directors, officers, employees and consultants. An individual is classified as an employee when the individual is an employee for legal or tax purposes, or provides services similar to those performed by an employee.

The fair value of stock options is measured on the date of grant, using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, and is recognized over the vesting period. Consideration paid for the shares on the exercise of stock options is credited to capital stock. When vested options are cancelled, forfeited, or are not exercised by the expiry date, the amount previously recognized in share-based payment reserve is transferred to accumulated losses (deficit). The Company estimates a forfeiture rate and adjusts the corresponding expense each period based on an updated forfeiture estimate.

In situations where equity instruments are issued to non-employees and some or all of the goods or services received by the entity as consideration cannot be specifically identified, they are measured at the fair value of the share-based payment. Otherwise, share-based payments are measured at the fair value of goods or services received.

Where the terms and conditions of options are modified, the increase in the fair value of the options, measured immediately before and after the modification, is also charged to profit or loss over the remaining vesting period.

Share issue costs

Share issue costs are deferred and charged directly to capital stock on completion of the related financing. If the financing is not completed, share issue costs are charged to operations. Costs directly identifiable with the raising of capital will be charged against the related capital stock.

Valuation of equity units issued in private placements

The Company has adopted a residual value method with respect to the measurement of shares and warrants issued as private placement units. The residual value method first allocates value to the more easily measurable component based on fair value and then the residual value, if any, to the less easily measurable component.

The fair value of the common shares issued in the private placements was determined to be the more easily measurable component and were valued at their fair value, as determined by the closing quoted bid price on the announcement date. The balance, if any, was allocated to the attached warrants. Any fair value attributed to the warrants is recorded as reserves.

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd...)

New accounting standards and recent pronouncements

The Company has not applied the following new or revised standards and amendments that have been issued but are not yet effective for the Company's September 30, 2017 reporting period:

- New standard IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments*, Classification and Measurement is the first part of a new standard on classification and measurement of financial assets that will replace IAS 39, "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement." IFRS 9 has two measurement categories: amortized cost and fair value. All equity instruments are measured at fair value. A debt instrument is at amortized cost only if the entity is holding it to collect contractual cash flows and the cash flows represent principal and interest. Otherwise it is at fair value through profit or loss. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018.

- New standard IFRS 15, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* provides a single principle-based framework to be applied to all contracts with customers. IFRS 15 replaces the previous revenue standard IAS 18, Revenue, and the related Interpretations on revenue recognition. The standard scopes out contracts that are considered to be lease contracts, insurance contracts and financial instruments. The new standard is a control-based model as compared to the existing revenue standard which is primarily focused on risks and rewards. Under the new standard, revenue is recognized when a customer obtains control of a good or service. Transfer of control occurs when the customer has the ability to direct the use of and obtain the benefits of the good or service. This standard is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018.

- New standard, IFRS 16, *Leases* was issued in January 2016 and specifies how an IFRS reporter will recognize, measure, present and disclose leases. The standard provides a single lessee accounting model, requiring lessees to recognize assets and liabilities for all leases unless the lease term is 12 months or less or the underlying asset has a low value. Lessors continue to classify leases as operating or finance, with IFRS 16's approach to lessor accounting substantially unchanged from its predecessor, IAS 17. This standard is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019.

The Company is currently evaluating the impact the new accounting standards are expected to have on its financial statements.

4. LONG-TERM INVESTMENT

	September 30, 2017			March 31, 2017		
	Number of shares	Cost	Fair value	Number of shares	Cost	Fair value
Alchemist Mining Inc.	200,000	$ 9,500	$ 10,000	200,000	$ 9,500	$ 10,000

On August 20, 2014, the Company received 100,000 common shares of Alchemist Mining Inc. ("Alchemist"), a corporation of which the CEO is a family member of the Company's CEO, at a fair value of $5,500 related to the Tchentlo Lake property (Note 5). Alchemist shares were initially valued at the trading price of $0.055 per share.

On August 20, 2016, the Company received 100,000 common shares of Alchemist related to the amended Tchentlo Lake property (Note 5). These shares were initially valued at the trading price of $0.04 per share.

The Company classified the Alchemist shares as an investment at fair value through profit or loss.

During the period ended September 30, 2017, the Company recorded an unrealized gain on long-term investment of $Nil (2016 – gain of $5,500) based on the market price of Alchemist shares at September 30, 2017 of $0.05 (2016 - $0.09) per share.

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

During the period ended September 30, 2017, the following exploration expenditures were incurred on the exploration and evaluation assets:

	Zoro I Property	Winston Property	Zoro North Property	Tchentlo Lake Property	Manitoba Lithium Property	Total
Acquisition costs						
Balance, March 31, 2017	$ 280,000	$ 291,500	$ -	$ 19,260	$ 94,444	$ 685,204
Additions – cash	-	105,484	25,000	-	50,000	180,484
Additions – shares	540,000	275,000	24,325	-	70,588	909,913
Balance, September 30, 2017	820,000	671,984	49,325	19,260	215,032	1,775,601
Exploration costs						
Balance, March 31, 2017	439,111	-	-	64,131	-	503,242
Assay	9,775	-	-	-	-	9,775
Geological and consulting	156,286	-	-	-	-	156,286
Drilling	320,500	-	-	-	-	320,500
Mining tax credit	(113,590)	-	-	-	-	(113,590)
Balance, September 30, 2017	812,082	-	-	64,131	-	876,213
Total balance, September 30, 2017	$ 1,632,082	$ 671,984	$ 49,325	$ 83,391	$ 215,032	$ 2,651,814

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (cont'd...)

During the year ended March 31, 2017, the following exploration expenditures were incurred on the exploration and evaluation assets:

	Winston Property	Tchentlo Lake Property	Zoro I Property	Manitoba Lithium Property	Total
Acquisition costs					
Balance, March 31, 2016	$ 199,000	$ 28,260	$ -	$ -	$ 227,260
Additions – cash	65,000	-	50,000	50,000	165,000
Additions – shares	27,500	-	230,000	44,444	301,944
Option proceeds received	-	(9,000)	-	-	(9,000)
Balance, March 31, 2017	291,500	19,260	280,000	94,444	685,204
Exploration costs					
Balance, March 31, 2016	-	62,131	-	-	62,131
Geological and consulting	-	2,000	186,254	-	188,254
Drilling	-	-	252,857	-	252,857
Balance, March 31, 2017	-	64,131	439,111	-	503,242
Total balance, March 31, 2017	$ 291,500	$ 83,391	$ 719,111	$ 94,444	$ 1,188,446

5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (cont'd...)

Zoro I

In April 2016, the Company entered into an agreement to option the Zoro I claim located in the Snow Lake area in Manitoba. During the year ended March 31, 2017, the Company earned a 100% interest in and to the Zoro I Claim upon meeting the following requirements:

a) During the year ended March 31, 2017, the Company paid $50,000 and issued 1,000,000 common shares (valued at $95,000).
b) During the period ended September 30, 2017, the Company issued 6,000,000 common shares (issued at valued at $540,000) and issued $100,000 in non-interest bearing promissory notes that are repayable on May 10, 2018.

In addition, during the year ended March 31, 2017, the Company issued 1,000,000 common shares to an arm's length party at a fair value of $135,000 as finder's fee on the Zoro I option agreement.

Winston Property

During the year ended March 31, 2015, the Company entered into an option agreement with Redline Minerals Inc. ("Redline"), Redline Mining Corporation ("RMC"), and Southwest Land & Exploration Inc. ("SWLE") (collectively, the "Optionors") to acquire up to an 80% interest in the Winston Property located in Sierra County, New Mexico, U.S.A.

During the years ended March 31, 2016 and 2017, the Company amended the option agreement with the Optionors to acquire an initial 50% interest upon completion of the following:

a) Cash payment of non-refundable deposits of $35,000 (paid);
b) Cash payments of $81,250 (paid);
c) Cash payment of $13,750 on or before November 15, 2014 (paid);
d) Share issuance of 300,000 common shares of the Company on January 15, 2015 (issued);
e) Cash payments of $120,000 as follows;
    i. Cash payment of $40,000 on or before February 28, 2016 (paid);
    ii. Cash payment of $40,000 on or before June 1, 2016 (paid);
    iii. Cash payment of $40,000 on or before June 1, 2017 (see below);
f) Issuance of 2,500,000 common shares (1,500,000 shares issued) of the Company as follows;
    i. Issue 500,000 common shares on or before October 17, 2014 (issued);
    ii. Issue 500,000 common shares on or before October 17, 2015 (issued);
    iii. Issue 500,000 common shares on or before October 17, 2016; (issued)
    iv. Issue 500,000 common shares on or before October 17, 2017 (see below);
    v. Issue 500,000 common shares on or before October 17, 2018 (see below); and
g) Incurring exploration expenditures totaling $300,000 due on or before October 17, 2017.

The agreement was also amended to include a further option to acquire up to an additional 30% (80% in total interest.

In exchange for the amendment of the option agreement, the Company issued 100,000 common shares at a fair value of $3,000 on February 26, 2016.

5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (cont'd...)

Winston Property (cont'd...)

During the period ended September 30, 2017, the Company further amended the option agreement with the Optionors to acquire a 100% interest upon completion of the following:

a) Cash payment of non-refundable deposits of $10,000 (paid);
b) Cash payment of $40,000 (paid);
c) Issuance of 2,500,000 common shares of the Company (issued and valued at $275,000); and
d) Issuance of a $50,000 non-interest bearing promissory note which is repayable on August 24, 2017 (issued subsequently).

During the year ended March 31, 2017, the Company made a $15,000 cash payment to the original vendors of the Winston Property. The Company will be required to make cash payments totaling USD 795,375 to the original vendors of the Winston Property.

Additional cash payments totalling US$434,000 (US$6,000 paid) and US$361,375 (US$6,000 paid) will be payable to the owners of the Little Granite claims and Ivanhoe/Emporia claims, respectively, in accordance with the terms and conditions of the underlying purchase agreements in order to complete the acquisition of such claims.

Zoro North

In September 2017, the Company entered into an option agreement with Strider Resources Limited ("Strider") to acquire up to an 100% interest in the highly prospective ground contiguous with its Zoro 1 claim and the claims hosting the historic Thompson Brothers lithium-bearing pegmatite dyke near Snow Lake, Manitoba. The Option agreement supersedes and replaces the letter of understanding and sets the terms which Far can acquire a 100% interest in the property subject to a 2% NSR (the "First Option") and further sets out how the Company can acquire an undivided fifty percent interest in the NSR, being one-half of the NSR or a 1% Net Smelter Return from the Optionors (the "Second Option").

The Company may exercise the First Option by making the following cash payments and common share issuances to Strider:

a) upon signing the Option Agreement the Company will pay to Strider $25,000 in cash (paid) and 81,082 shares (issued and valued as $24,325) of the Company;

b) on or before first anniversary date of the Definitive Agreement the Company will pay to Strider $50,000 in cash and $50,000 in shares of the Company;

c) on or before second anniversary date of the Definitive Agreement the Company will pay to Strider $75,000 in cash and $75,000 in shares of the Company; and

d) on or before third anniversary date of the Definitive Agreement the Company will pay to Strider $75,000 in cash and $75,000 in shares of the Company.

All shares issued under the Option Agreement will be subject to a four month and one day statutory hold period from the date of issuance.

5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (cont'd...)

Zoro North (cont'd...)

Provided the Company has exercised the First Option, the Company may exercise the Second Option by making a $1,000,000 cash payment to Strider, together with all accrued but unpaid NSR at the time, prior to the commencement of commercial production.

During the option period, the Company will be solely responsible for carrying out and administering exploration, development and mining work on the property and for maintaining the property in good standing.

Tchentlo Lake

The Company staked various claims in the Tchentlo Lake Property located in British Columbia. The Company holds a 100% interest in the Tchentlo Lake Property.

In June 2014, the Company entered into an option agreement with Alchemist Mining Inc. ("Alchemist"), a corporation whose CEO is a family member of the Company's CEO, whereby Alchemist may acquire up to an 80% undivided interest in the Company's Tchentlo Lake Property (the "Property").

During the year ended March 31, 2016, the option agreement with Alchemist was amended. As a result, the amount of expenditures in exploration activities on the Property which shall be incurred by Alchemist on or before August 20, 2015 was reduced from $25,000 to $nil and the number of Alchemist shares which shall be issued to the Company on or before August 20, 2015 was reduced from 150,000 common shares of Alchemist to nil.

During the year ended March 31, 2017, the option agreement with Alchemist was further amended. As a result, the amount of expenditures in exploration activities on the Property which shall be incurred by Alchemist on or before August 20, 2016 was reduced from $80,000 to $nil, the number of Alchemist shares which shall be issued to the Company on or before August 20, 2016 was reduced from 250,000 common shares of Alchemist to 100,000 and the cash to be paid to the Company on or before August 20, 2016 was reduced from $20,000 to $5,000.

Under the terms of the agreement, Alchemist can earn 51% interest in the Property by:

a) Paying $45,500 to the Company as follows;
   i. Cash payment of $5,500 within 5 days of the date which Alchemist completes a private placement financing (received);
   ii. Cash payment of $10,000 on or before September 8, 2015 (received);
   iii. Cash payment of $5,000 on or before August 20, 2016 (received);
   iv. Cash payment of $25,000 on or before August 20, 2017;
b) Issuing 200,000 common shares of Alchemist to the Company as follows;
   i. Issue 100,000 common shares within 5 days of the date which Alchemist completes a private placement financing (received on August 20, 2014 valued at $5,500);
   ii. Issue 100,000 common shares on or before August 20, 2016 (received on August 20, 2016, valued at $4,000);
c) Incurring $175,000 of expenditures in exploration activities on the Property as follows;
   i. Incurring exploration expenditures in the amount of $175,000 on or before August 20, 2017.

5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (cont'd...)

Tchentlo Lake (cont'd...)

Upon acquisition of the undivided 51% interest in the Property, Alchemist can choose to exercise the following options:

a) form a joint venture with the Company, with Alchemist holding a 51% Participating Interest and the Company holding a 49% Participating Interest; and
b) acquire an additional 29% interest in the Property, increasing its interest to 80% (the "Bump-Up Right") by:
    i. Paying $75,000 to the Company (cash payment of $25,000 on or before August 20, 2018 and cash payment of $50,000 on or before August 20, 2019);
    ii. Issuing 500,000 common shares of Alchemist to the Company (issuing 250,000 common shares on or before August 20, 2018 and issuing 250,000 common shares on or before August 20, 2019); and
    iii. Incurring an additional $575,000 in expenditures on the Property (incurring exploration expenditures in the amount of $225,000 on or before August 20, 2018 and incurring exploration expenditures in the amount of $350,000 on or before August 20, 2019).

In the event Alchemist exercises the Bump-Up Right, a joint venture will be formed with Alchemist holding an 80% Participating Interest and the Company holding a 20% Participating Interest in the Property.

The Company will retain a 2% net smelter royalty on the Property, of which Alchemist may purchase 1% on or before August 20, 2021 for $500,000.

All share issuances pursuant to the agreement will be subject to a four-month and one day statutory hold period.

Manitoba Lithium

In August 2016, the Company entered into an option agreement with Strider Resources Limited ("Strider") to acquire a 100% interest in and to all lithium-bearing pegmatite dykes on three contiguous claims in Manitoba (the "Property"). The Option agreement supersedes and replaces the letter of understanding and sets the terms which Far can acquire a 100% interest in the property subject to a 2% NSR (the "First Option") and further sets out how the Company can acquire an undivided fifty percent interest in the NSR, being one-half of the NSR or a 1% Net Smelter Return from the Optionors (the "Second Option").

The Company may exercise the First Option by making the following cash payments and common share issuances to Strider:

b) upon signing the Option Agreement the Company will pay to Strider $50,000 in cash (paid) and 555,556 (issued and valued at $44,444) in shares of the Company;

b) on or before first anniversary date of the Definitive Agreement the Company will pay to Strider $50,000 in cash and 294,118 (issued and valued at $70,588) in shares of the Company ;

c) on or before second anniversary date of the Definitive Agreement the Company will pay to Strider $75,000 in cash and $75,000 in shares of the Company; and

d) on or before third anniversary date of the Definitive Agreement the Company will pay to Strider $75,000 in cash and $75,000 in shares of the Company.

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (cont'd...)

Manitoba Lithium (cont'd...)

All shares issued under the Option Agreement will be subject to a four month and one day statutory hold period from the date of issuance.

Provided the Company has exercised the First Option, the Company may exercise the Second Option by making a $1,000,000 cash payment to Strider, together with all accrued but unpaid NSR at the time, prior to the commencement of commercial production.

During the option period, the Company will be solely responsible for carrying out and administering exploration, development and mining work on the property and for maintaining the Property in good standing.

6. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Payables and accrued liabilities for the Company are broken down as follows:

	September 30, 2017	March 31, 2017
Trade payables	$ 239,698	$ 129,356
Accrued liabilities	14,778	38,299
Due to related parties (Note 9)	157,164	219,936
Total	$ 411,640	$ 387,591

7. SHORT-TERM LOANS PAYABLE

	September 30, 2017	March 31, 2017
Loans payable on demand, with no interest and no fixed term	$ 500	$ 500
Loans payable on demand, with 10% interest per annum and no fixed term	5,000	6,000
	$ 5,500	$ 6,500

8. CAPITAL STOCK AND RESERVES

a) Authorized capital stock:

As at September 30, 2017, the authorized capital stock of the Company was:

i) Unlimited number of common shares without par value.
ii) All issued shares are fully paid.

b) Issued capital stock:

During the period ended September 30, 2017, the Company:

- issued 2,136,484 shares valued at $374,668 to settle $317,544 of debt with related parties and non-related parties, recognizing a gain on shares for debt of $57,124;

- issued 1,000,000 shares for services valued at $100,000;

- issued 8,500,000 common shares with a fair value of $815,000 for the acquisition of Zoro I and Winston properties (Note 5);

- completed a private placement financing on May 29, 2017 of 3,500,000 units at a price of $0.09 per unit for gross proceeds of $315,000. Each unit in the private placement consists of one common share and one-half of one common share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant entitles the holder to acquire one additional common share at an exercise price of $0.15 for a period of one year; and

- issued 294,118 common shares with a fair value of $70,588 pursuant to the acquisition of Manitoba Lithium (Note 5);

- issued 4,188,000 common shares upon the exercise of options for gross proceeds of $474,400, and accordingly, the Company relocated $422,635 of share-based reserve to share capital;

- issued 9,315,000 common shares upon the exercise of warrants for gross proceeds of $931,500;

- issued 1,221,000 common shares upon the exercise of agents' warrants for gross proceeds of $122,100, and accordingly, the Company relocated $142,199 of share-based reserve to share capital; and

- issued 81,082 common shares with a fair value of $24,325 pursuant to the acquisition of Zoro North (Note 5);

During the year ended March 31, 2017, the Company:

- issued 2,643,334 shares valued at $183,400 to settle $148,195 of debt with related parties and non-related parties, recognizing a loss on shares for debt of $35,205;

- issued 4,097,066 shares for services valued at $248,500;

- completed the second and final tranche of private placement financing on April 28, 2016 of 1,000,000 units at a price of $0.03 per unit for gross proceeds of $30,000. At March 31, 2016, $7,500 of the proceeds were received in advance and recorded as shares to be issued. Accordingly, these amounts were reclassified to capital stock. Each unit in the private placement consists of one common share and one-half of one common share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant entitles the holder to acquire one additional common share at an exercise price of $0.10 for a period of one year;

8. CAPITAL STOCK AND RESERVES (cont'd...)

b) Issued capital stock: (cont'd...)

- issued 500,000 common shares as a result of stock options exercised. The weighted average trading price of the Company's shares on the date of exercise was $0.11;

- issued 1,555,555 common shares with a fair value of $139,444 as acquisition of Zoro I and Manitoba Lithium properties (Note 5);

- completed a private placement financing on May 18, 2016 of 18,000,000 units at a price of $0.05 per unit for gross proceeds of $900,000. Each unit in the private placement consists of one common share and one-half of one common share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant entitles the holder to acquire one additional common share at an exercise price of $0.10 for a period of 24 months. In connection with the private placement, the Company recorded share issuance costs of $47,110 and 1,346,000 broker warrants were granted with a fair value of $156,757 based on Black-Scholes model assuming an expected life of 2 years, a risk-free interest rate of 0.63%, a forfeiture rate of 0% and an expected volatility of 198.14%;

- issued 1,000,000 common shares with a fair value of $135,000 to an arm's length party as a finder's fee for the Zoro I option agreement (Note 5);

- issued 500,000 common shares with a fair value of $27,500 for the acquisition of the Winston property (Note 5);

- completed a private placement financing on November 18, 2016 of 4,620,000 units at a price of $0.05 per unit for gross proceeds of $231,000 ($2,000 to be received subsequently). Each unit in the private placement consists of one common share and one-half of one common share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant entitles the holder to acquire one additional common share at an exercise price of $0.10 for a period of 24 months. In connection with the private placement, the Company recorded share issuance costs of $2,450 and 100,000 broker warrants were granted with a fair value of $6,148 based on Black-scholes model assuming an expected life of 2 years, a risk-free interest rate of 0.67%, a forfeiture rate of 0% and an expected volatility of 199.84%; and

- issued 2,395,000 common shares as a result of warrants exercised;

c) Stock options:

The Company follows the policies of the Canadian Securities Exchange under which it is authorized to grant options to executive officers and directors, employees, and consultants enabling them to acquire up to 10% of the issued and outstanding common stock of the Company. Under the policies, the exercise price of each option may not be less than the market price of the Company's stock as calculated on the day before the date of grant. The options can be granted for a maximum term of ten years.

The options shall be subject to such vesting requirements, if any, as may be determined by the Board from time to time provided that options granted to consultants performing "investor relation activities" must vest in stages over 12 months with no more than ¼ of the options granted vesting in any six month period.

During the period ended September 30, 2017, the Company:

- granted 1,000,000 stock options to a consultant of the Company at an exercise price of $0.095 per option, expiring on June 22, 2020. The estimated fair market value of these options was $70,813.

- granted 1,000,000 stock options to a consultant of the Company at an exercise price of $0.210 per option, expiring on July 24, 2020. The estimated fair market value of these options was $189,428.

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

8. CAPITAL STOCK AND RESERVES (cont'd...)

c) Stock options: (cont'd...)

- granted 1,000,000 stock options to a consultant of the Company at an exercise price of $0.335 per option, expiring on September 8, 2020. The estimated fair market value of these options was $186,549.

Stock option transactions for the period ended September 30, 2017 are summarized as follows:

Expiry Date	Exercise Price	March 31, 2017	Granted	Exercised	Expired / Cancelled	September 30, 2017	Exercisable
May 22, 2019	$ 0.05	188,000	-	(188,000)	-	-	-
November 16, 2020	$ 0.05	600,000	-	-	-	600,000*	600,000
March 2, 2020	$ 0.13	1,000,000	-	-	(1,000,000)	-	-
July 24, 2020	$0.210	-	1,000,000	(1,000,000)	-	-	-
September 8, 2020	$0.335	-	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000**	1,000,000
May 18, 2021	$ 0.13	250,000	-	-	-	250,000	250,000
June 27, 2021	$ 0.10	500,000	-	-	-	500,000	500,000
September 7, 2021	$ 0.08	2,000,000	-	(2,000,000)	-	-	-
October 17, 2021	$ 0.05	250,000	-	-	-	250,000	250,000
February 6, 2022	$ 0.11	500,000	-	-	-	500,000	500,000
June 22, 2020	$0.095	-	1,000,000	(1,000,000)	-	-	-
Total		5,288,000	3,000,000	(4,118,000)	(1,000,000)	3,100,000	3,100,000
Weighted average exercise price		$ 0.09	$ 0.21	$ 0.11	$ 0.13	$ 0.17	$ 0.17
Weighted average remaining contractual life					3.73 years		

* 250,000 options exercised subsequently
** 1,000,000 options exercised subsequently

Stock option transactions for the year ended March 31, 2017 are summarized as follows:

Expiry Date	Exercise Price	March 31, 2016	Granted	Exercised	March 31, 2017	Exercisable
May 22, 2019	$0.05	188,000	-	-	188,000	188,000
November 16, 2020	$0.05	1,100,000	-	(500,000)	600,000	600,000
March 2, 2020	$0.13	-	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	1,000,000
May 18, 2021	$0.13	-	250,000	-	250,000	250,000
June 27, 2021	$0.10	-	500,000	-	500,000	500,000
September 7, 2021	$0.08	-	2,000,000	-	2,000,000	2,000,000
October 17, 2021	$0.05	-	250,000	-	250,000	250,000
February 6, 2022	$0.11	-	500,000	-	500,000	500,000
Total		1,288,000	4,500,000	(500,000)	5,288,000	5,288,000
Weighted average exercise price		$ 0.05	$ 0.10	$ 0.05	$ 0.09	$ 0.09
Weighted average remaining contractual life					3.99 years	

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

8. CAPITAL STOCK AND RESERVES (cont'd...)

c) Stock options: (cont'd...)

The fair value of stock options was calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions:

	For the period ended September 30, 2017	For the year ended March 31, 2017
Fair value per option	$0.03	$0.09
Exercise price	$0.21	$0.10
Expected life (years)	3.04	4.56
Interest rate	1.26%	0.74%
Annualized volatility (based on historical volatility)	181.08%	183.74%
Dividend yield	0.00%	0.00%

d) Unit warrants:

During the period ended September 30, 2017, the Company granted 1,750,000 (2016 – 9,500,000) unit warrants in connection with private placement financings. Based on the residual method, no value was allocated to the unit warrants issued. A continuity of the unit warrants granted is as follows:

Expiry Date	Exercise Price	March 31, 2017	Granted	Exercised	Expired / Cancelled	September 30, 2017
April 25, 2017	$0.10	500,000	-	-	(500,000)	-
August 14, 2017	$0.10	1,520,000	-	(1,520,000)	-	-
May 18, 2018	$0.10	7,400,000	-	(6,755,000)	-	645,000*
November 18, 2018	$0.10	2,160,000	-	(1,040,000)	-	1,120,000**
May 29, 2018	$0.15	-	1,750,000	-	-	1,750,000
Total		11,580,000	1,750,000	(9,315,000)	(500,000)	3,515,000
Weighted average exercise price		$ 0.10	$ 0.15	$ 0.07	$ 0.10	$ 0.12
Weighted average remaining contractual life						0.60 years

* 20,000 warrants exercised subsequently
** 50,000 warrants exercised subsequently

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

8. CAPITAL STOCK AND RESERVES (cont'd...)

d) Unit warrants: (cont'd...)

Unit warrants transactions for the year ended March 31, 2017 are summarized as follows:

Expiry Date	Exercise Price	March 31, 2016	Granted	Exercised	Expired / Cancelled	March 31, 2017
March 1, 2017	$0.10	500,000	-	-	500,000	-
April 25, 2017	$0.10	-	500,000	-	-	500,000
August 14, 2017	$0.10	1,620,000	-	100,000	-	1,520,000
May 18, 2018	$0.10	-	9,000,000	1,600,000	-	7,400,000
November 18, 2018	$0.10	-	2,310,000	150,000	-	2,160,000
Total		2,120,000	11,810,000	2,350,000	500,000	11,580,000
Weighted average exercise price		$ 0.10	$ 0.10	$ 0.10	$ 0.10	$ 0.10
Weighted average remaining contractual life						1.13 years

e) Agent warrants:

During the period ended September 30, 2017, the Company granted Nil (2016 – 1,346,000) agent warrants in connection with finders' fees paid. Based on the Black-Scholes valuation model, $162,905 was allocated to the agent warrants issued. A continuity of the agent warrants granted is as follows:

Expiry Date	Exercise Price	March 31, 2017	Granted	Exercised	Expired / Cancelled	September 30, 2017
May 18, 2018	$0.10	1,301,000	-	(1,221,000)	-	80,000*
November 18, 2018	$0.10	100,000	-	-	-	100,000
Total		1,401,000	-	(1,221,000)	-	180,000
Weighted average exercise price		$ 0.10	$ -	$ 0.10	$ -	$ 0.10
Weighted average remaining contractual life						0.82 years

* 50,000 agent warrants exercised subsequently

Agent warrants transactions for the year ended March 31, 2017 are summarized as follows:

Expiry Date	Exercise Price	March 31, 2016	Granted	Exercised	Expired / Cancelled	March 31, 2017
March 1, 2017	$0.10	50,000	-	-	50,000	-
May 18, 2018	$0.10	-	1,346,000	45,000	-	1,301,000
November 18, 2018	$0.10	-	100,000	-	-	100,000
Total		50,000	1,446,000	45,000	50,000	1,401,000
Weighted average exercise price		$ 0.10	$ 0.10	$ 0.10	$ 0.10	$ 0.10
Weighted average remaining contractual life						1.17 years

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

8. CAPITAL STOCK AND RESERVES (cont'd...)

f) Reserves:

Reserves comprise of share-based payment and warrant reserves.

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related party transactions are as follows:

Paid or accrued to:	Nature of transaction		For the six month ended September 30, 2017		For the six month ended September 30, 2016
Key management personnel:					
Directors	Management fees/Consulting fees/ Share-based payments	$	12,000	$	30,183
CFO	Share-based payments/ Share-based payments		-		31,490
CEO	Management fees/Consulting fees/ Share-based payments		60,000		184,260
		$	72,000	$	245,933
Related party:					
A firm of which the CFO is a partner	Professional fees	$	-	$	15,100
A company owned by the CFO	Professional fees		16,000		-

The amounts due to related parties included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are as follows:

		As at September 30, 2017		As at March 31, 2017
Due to a firm of which the CFO of the Company is a partner	$	31,080	$	86,639
Due to a company owned by the CFO of the Company		56,234		-
Due to directors of the Company		69,850		133,297
	$	157,164	$	219,936

During the period ended September 30, 2017, the Company:

- issued 542,985 shares (valued at $54,299) to CEO and directors of the Company as management compensation for the prior year (Note 8).

- was forgiven an outstanding debt of $40,898 to a firm of which the CFO of the Company is a partner.

During the year ended March 31, 2017, the Company:

- issued 1,250,000 shares to settle $62,500 of debt with a firm of which the CFO of the Company is a partner.

- issued 133,334 shares to settle $12,000 of debt with directors of the Company, recognizing a gain on shares for debt of $2,000.

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (cont'd...)

- issued 200,000 shares to settle $9,540 of debt with the CFO of the Company, recognizing a loss on shares for debt of $8,460.
- issued 480,000 shares to settle $28,800 of debt with the CEO of the Company, recognizing a loss on shares for debt of $14,400.

Transactions with related parties were in the normal course of business and were measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

10. SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES WITH RESPECT TO CASH FLOWS

During the period ended September 30, 2017, significant non-cash investing and financing transactions included:

a) Issued 8,500,000 common shares with a fair value of $815,000 for the acquisition of Zoro I and Winston properties (Note 5); and

b) Issued 100,000 common shares with a fair value of $100,000 for services.

c) Granted 3,000,000 stock options resulting in share-based payments of $374,668.

d) Issued 294,118 common shares with a fair value of $70,588 pursuant to the acquisition of Manitoba Lithium (Note 5)

e) Issued 81,082 common shares with a fair value of $24,325 pursuant to the acquisition of Zoro North (Note 5).

During the period ended September 30, 2016, significant non-cash investing and financing transactions included:

a) Issued 500,000 common shares as a result of stock options exercised;

b) Granted 2,750,000 stock options resulting in share-based payments of $234,115;

c) Issued 1,555,555 common shares with a fair value of $139,444 for Zoro I option agreement; and

d) Issued 1,000,000 common shares with a fair value of $135,000 to an arm's length party as finder's fee for Zoro I option agreement.

11. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company primarily operates in one reportable operating segment, being the acquisition and exploration of exploration and evaluation assets. Geographic information is as follows:

	September 30, 2017	March 31, 2017
Exploration and evaluation assets		
Canada	$ 1,979,830	$ 896,946
United States	671,984	291,500
	$ 2,651,814	$ 1,188,446

12. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Capital management

The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. In the management of capital, the Company monitors its adjusted capital which comprises all components of equity (i.e. capital stock, reserves and deficit).

The Company sets the amount of capital in proportion to risk. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may issue common shares through private placements. The Company is not exposed to any externally imposed capital requirements. The Company's overall strategy remains unchanged from fiscal year 2017.

Fair value

Fair value estimates of financial instruments are made at a specific point in time, based on relevant information about financial markets and specific financial instruments. As these estimates are subjective in nature, involving uncertainties and matters of significant judgment, they cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions can significantly affect estimated fair values.

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities;
Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and
Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The fair value of the Company's long-term investment constitutes a Level 1 fair value measurement.

The carrying value of cash, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and short-term loans payable approximate their fair value because of the short-term nature of these instruments.

Financial risk factors

The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss associated with a counterparty's inability to fulfill its payment obligations. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to a significant concentration of credit risk consist primarily of cash. The Company limits its exposure to credit loss by placing its cash with major Canadian financial institutions.

Liquidity risk

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. As at September 30, 2017, the Company had a cash balance of $1,387,670 (March 31, 2017 – $312,367) to settle current liabilities of $417,140 (March 31, 2017 - $394,091). All of the Company's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of 30 days or are due on demand and are subject to normal trade terms. The Company plans to raise money from the equity market to settle its liabilities.

12. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd…)

Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, and commodity and equity prices.

a) Interest rate risk

The Company has cash balances and no interest-bearing debt. The Company's cash does not have significant exposure to interest rate risk.

b) Foreign currency risk

The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk on fluctuations related to cash, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and option agreement payments that are denominated in a foreign currency. There is a risk in the exchange rate of the Canadian dollar relative to the US dollar and a significant change in this rate could have an effect on the Company's results of operations, financial position or cash flows. The Company has not hedged its exposure to currency fluctuations.

c) Price risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity and equity prices. Equity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on the Company's earnings due to movements in individual equity prices or general movements in the level of the stock market. Commodity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on earnings and economic value due to commodity price movements and volatilities. The Company closely monitors commodity prices of gold, individual equity movements, and the stock market to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to the period ended September 30, 2017, the Company:

- issued 91,356 shares for services and settlement of debt with related and non-related parties;
- issued 2,252,000 common shares upon the exercise of options for gross proceeds of $823,090;
- issued 120,000 common shares upon the exercise of warrants for gross proceeds of $12,000;
- granted 2,400,000 stock options to a consultant of the Company at an exercise price of $0.295 per option for a period of five years from the date of grant;
- completed a private placement financing of 338,983 units at a price of $0.295 per unit for gross proceeds of $100,000. Each unit in the private placement consists of one common share and one-half of one common share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant entitles the holder to acquire one additional common share at an exercise price of $0.40 for a period of 12 months;
- granted 1,000,000 stock options to a consultant of the Company at an exercise price of $0.475 per option for a period of five years from the date of grant;
- granted 1,500,000 stock options to a consultant of the Company at an exercise price of $0.55 per option for a period of five years from the date of grant;

13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (cont'd…)

- completed a private placement financing of 202,020 units at a price of $0.495 per unit for gross proceeds of $100,000. Each unit in the private placement consists of one common share and one-half of one common share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant entitles the holder to acquire one additional common share at an exercise price of $0.60 for a period of 12 months; and

- granted 1,600,000 stock options to a consultant of the Company at an exercise price of $0.55 per option for a period of five years from the date of grant.