# FAR RESOURCES LTD.

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

MARCH 31, 2015



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#### Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of Far Resources Ltd.

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Far Resources Ltd., which comprise the statements of financial position as at March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014, and the statements of loss and comprehensive loss, changes in equity (deficit) and cash flows for the years then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audits is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Far Resources Ltd. as at March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

#### Emphasis of matter

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 1 to the financial statements which describes the material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the ability of Far Resources Ltd. to continue as a going concern.

#### "Crowe MacKay LLP"

Chartered Professional Accountants Vancouver, British Columbia July 29, 2015

# FAR RESOURCES LTD. STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Expressed in Canadian dollars) AS AT

|   | March 31,<br>2015       |       | March 31,<br>2014 |
|---|-------------------------|-------|-------------------|
| ASSETS  |                         |       |                   |
| Current assets<br>Cash and cash equivalents   | \$<br>11,129            | \$    | 19,116            |
| GST receivable<br>Prepaids  | <br>1,416               | ф<br> | 2,861<br>2,000    |
| Total current assets  | <br>12,545              |       | 23,977            |
| Non-current assets  |                         |       |                   |
| Investments (Note 4)<br>Exploration and evaluation assets (Note 5)                    | <br>5,500<br>260,391    |       | 156,138           |
| Total assets  | \$<br>278,436           | \$    | 180,115           |
| LIABILITIES AND EQUITY (DEFICIT)  |                         |       |                   |
| Current liabilities   |                         |       |                   |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 6)<br>Short-term loan payable (Note 7) | \$<br>220,717<br>50,500 | \$    | 145,181<br>37,000 |
| Total liabilities   | <br>271,217             |       | 182,181           |
| Equity (deficit)  |                         |       |                   |
| Capital stock (Note 8)<br>Shares to be issued (Note 8)                                | 1,476,934<br>125,000    |       | 1,392,134         |
| Reserves (Note 8)   | 125,000                 |       | 246,226           |
| Deficit   | <br>(1,790,275)         |       | (1,640,426)       |
| Total equity (deficit)  | <br>7,219               |       | (2,066)           |
| Total liabilities and equity (deficit)  | \$<br>278,436           | \$    | 180,115           |

Nature and continuance of operations (Note 1)

# Approved and authorized on behalf of the Board on July 29, 2015:

| "Leon F. Anderson" | Director | "Keith C. Anderson" | Director |
|--------------------|----------|---------------------|----------|
| Leon F. Anderson   |          | Keith C. Anderson   |          |

### FAR RESOURCES LTD. STATEMENTS OF LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS (Expressed in Canadian dollars) FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31,

|   |          | 2015       |    | 2014       |
|---|----------|------------|----|------------|
| EXPENSES  |          |            |    |            |
| Consulting  | \$       | 2,000      | \$ | 17,000     |
| Investor relations                                      |          | 2,631      |    | 29,505     |
| Management fees (Note 9)                                |          | 66,500     |    | 82,500     |
| Office  |          | 6,804      |    | 23,194     |
| Professional fees (Note 9)                              |          | 47,300     |    | 97,893     |
| Rent  |          | 9,000      |    | 16,500     |
| Share-based payments (Notes 8 and 9)                    |          | 8,134      |    | 47,741     |
| Transfer agent and filing fees                          |          | 17,339     |    | 20,487     |
| Travel  | _        | 72         |    | 6,918      |
| Loss before other items                                 |          | (159,780)  |    | (341,738)  |
| OTHER ITEMS   |          |            |    |            |
| Recovery of mining exploration tax credit (Note 5)      |          | 9,931      |    | -          |
| Write-off of exploration and evaluation assets (Note 5) | _        |            |    | (239,801)  |
| Loss and comprehensive loss for the year                | \$       | (149,849)  | \$ | (581,539)  |
|   | <i>.</i> | (0.01)     | ¢  |            |
| Basic and diluted loss per common share                 | \$       | (0.01)     | \$ | (0.03)     |
|   |          |            |    |            |
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding    |          | 18,866,393 |    | 18,647,215 |

|  | 2015            | 2014      |
|--|-----------------|-----------|
|  |                 |           |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES                 |                 |           |
| Loss for the year                                    | \$ (149,849) \$ | (581,539) |
| Items not involving cash:                            |                 |           |
| Share-based payments                                 | 8,134           | 47,741    |
| Write-off of exploration and evaluation assets       | -               | 239,801   |
| Changes in non-cash working capital items:           |                 |           |
| Decrease in GST receivable                           | 1,445           | 21,567    |
| Decrease in prepaids                                 | 2,000           | 26,900    |
| Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 75,536          | 66,747    |
| Net cash used in operating activities                | (62,734)        | (178,783) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES                 |                 |           |
| Exploration and evaluation acquisition costs         | (85,000)        | (67,500)  |
| Exploration and evaluation expenditure               | (5,000)         | (15,164)  |
| Recovery of mineral exploration tax credit           | 747             | -         |
| Option payment received                              | 5,500           |           |
| Net cash used in investing activities                | (83,753)        | (82,664)  |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES                 |                 |           |
| Short-term loans (Note 7)                            | 13,500          | 37,000    |
| Shares to be issued (Note 8)                         | 125,000         |           |
| Net cash provided by financing activities            | 138,500         | 37,000    |
| Change in cash and cash equivalents for the year     | (7,987)         | (224,447) |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year         | 19,116          | 243,563   |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of year               | \$ 11,129 \$    | 19,116    |
| Cash and cash equivalents consist of:                |                 |           |
| Cash on hand   | \$ 11,129 \$    | 7,616     |
| Term deposit   | <u> </u>        | 11,500    |
|  | \$ 11,129 \$    | 19,116    |
| Cash paid during the year for interest               | \$ - \$         | -         |
| Cash paid during the year for taxes                  | \$ - \$         |           |

Supplemental disclosures with respect to cash flow (Note 10)

# FAR RESOURCES LTD. STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (DEFICIT) (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

|  | Capita     | al Sto | ock       | -  |                        |               |                |                 |
|--|------------|--------|-----------|----|------------------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|
|  | Shares     |        | Amount    | S  | Shares to be<br>issued | Reserves      | Deficit        | Total<br>Equity |
| Balance, April 1, 2013<br>Shares issued for:     | 18,606,667 | \$     | 1,315,334 | \$ | -                      | \$<br>297,882 | \$ (1,099,484) | \$<br>513,732   |
| Acquisition of exploration and evaluation assets | 200,000    |        | 18,000    |    | -                      | -             | -              | 18,000          |
| Release of founder shares from escrow            | -          |        | 58,800    |    | -                      | (58,800)      | -              | -               |
| Fair value reversal of options cancelled         | -          |        | -         |    | -                      | (3,011)       | 3,011          | -               |
| Share-based payments                             | -          |        | -         |    | -                      | 47,741        | -              | 47,741          |
| Agent's warrants expired                         | -          |        | -         |    | -                      | (37,586)      | 37,586         | -               |
| Loss for the year                                |            |        |           |    |                        | <br>          | (581,539)      | <br>(581,539)   |
| Balance, March 31, 2014                          | 18,806,667 | \$     | 1,392,134 | \$ | -                      | \$<br>246,226 | \$ (1,640,426) | \$<br>(2,066)   |
| Balance, April 1, 2014<br>Shares issued for:     | 18,806,667 | \$     | 1,392,134 | \$ | -                      | \$<br>246,226 | \$ (1,640,426) | \$<br>(2,066)   |
| Acquisition of exploration and evaluation assets | 800,000    |        | 26,000    |    | -                      | -             | -              | 26,000          |
| Release of founder shares from escrow            | -          |        | 58,800    |    | -                      | (58,800)      | -              | -               |
| Shares to be issued                              | -          |        | -         |    | 125,000                | -             | -              | 125,000         |
| Share-based payments                             | -          |        | -         |    | -                      | 8,134         | -              | 8,134           |
| Loss for the year                                |            |        |           |    |                        | <br>          | (149,849)      | <br>(149,849)   |
| Balance, March 31, 2015                          | 19,606,667 | \$     | 1,476,934 | \$ | 125,000                | \$<br>195,560 | \$ (1,790,275) | \$<br>7,219     |

### 1. NATURE AND CONTINUANCE OF OPERATIONS

Far Resources Ltd. (the "Company") is incorporated under the laws of the Province of British Columbia. The Company's head office is located at 2255 William Street, Vancouver, BC, V5L 2S5. The Company's registered and records office is located at Suite 650 – 1188 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, BC, V6E 4A2.

The Company is a mineral exploration company focused on acquiring, exploring and developing resource properties.

### Going concern of operations

These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. As at March 31, 2015 the Company has had significant losses. In addition, the Company has not generated revenues from operations. The Company has financed its operations primarily through the issuance of common shares and short term loans. The Company continues to seek capital through various means including the issuance of equity and/or debt. These circumstances cast significant doubt as to the ability of the Company to meet its obligations as they come due, and accordingly, the appropriateness of the use of accounting principles applicable to a going concern.

In order to continue as a going concern and to meet its corporate objectives, the Company will require additional financing through debt or equity issuances or other available means. Although the Company has been successful in the past in obtaining financing, there is no assurance that it will be able to obtain adequate financing in the future or that such financing will be on terms advantageous to the Company.

### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

# **Statement of compliance**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). The financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is also the Company's functional currency.

### **Basis of measurement**

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial instruments classified as fair value through profit or loss and available-for-sale which are stated at their fair value. In addition, these financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting except for cash flow information.

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments and estimates and form assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. On an ongoing basis, management evaluates its judgments and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management uses historical experience and various other factors it believes to be reasonable under the given circumstances as the basis for its judgments and estimates. Actual outcomes may differ from these estimates.

#### Significant accounting judgments

Significant accounting judgments that management has made in the process of applying accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements include, but are not limited to, the following:

- i) Determination of categories of financial assets and financial liabilities;
- ii) Assessment of any indicators of impairment of the carrying value of the Company's exploration and evaluation assets; and
- iii) The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern.

#### Critical accounting estimates

Key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year include, but are not limited to, the following:

### Share based payments

The fair value of share-based payments is determined using a Black-Scholes Option pricing model. Such option pricing models require the input of subjective assumptions including the expected price volatility, option life, dividend yield, risk-free rate and estimated forfeitures at the initial grant.

#### Income taxes

The Company is periodically required to estimate the tax basis of assets and liabilities. Where applicable tax laws and regulations are either unclear or subject to varying interpretations, it is possible that changes in these estimates could occur that materially affect the amounts of deferred income tax assets and liabilities recorded in the financial statements.

Changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities generally have a direct impact on earnings in the period that the changes occur. Each period, the Company evaluates the likelihood of whether some portion or all of each deferred tax asset will not be realized. This evaluation is based on historic and future expected levels of taxable income, the pattern and timing of reversals of taxable temporary timing differences that give rise to deferred tax liabilities, and tax planning initiatives.

### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is comprised of cash on hand and cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid holdings that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Mineral properties - exploration and evaluation assets

#### Pre-exploration costs

Pre-exploration costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

#### Exploration and evaluation expenditures

Once the legal right to explore a property has been acquired, all costs related to the acquisition, exploration and evaluation of mineral properties are capitalized by property. These direct expenditures include such costs as materials used, surveying costs, drilling costs, payments made to contractor and depreciation on plant and equipment during the exploration phase. Costs not directly attributable to exploration and evaluation activities, including general administrative overhead costs, are expensed in the period in which they occur.

When a project is deemed to no longer have commercially viable prospects to the Company, exploration and evaluation expenditures in respect of that project are deemed to be impaired. As a result, those exploration and evaluation expenditure costs, in excess of estimated recoveries, are written off to profit or loss.

The Company assesses exploration and evaluation assets for impairment when facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount of an asset may exceed its recoverable amount.

Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting the mineral resource has been determined, the property is considered to be a mine under development and is classified as "mines under construction." Exploration and evaluation assets are tested for impairment before the assets are transferred to development properties.

As the Company currently has no operational income, any incidental revenues earned in connection with exploration activities are applied as a reduction to capitalized exploration costs.

The Company enters into farm-out arrangements, whereby the Company will transfer part of a mineral interest, as consideration, for an agreement by the transferee to meet certain exploration and evaluation expenditures which would have otherwise been undertaken by the Company. The Company does not record any expenditures made by the farmee on its behalf. Any cash or other consideration received from the agreement is credited against the costs previously capitalized to the mineral interest given up by the Company, with any excess consideration accounted for as a gain on disposal.

The Company accounts for mining tax credits on a cash basis.

### Provision for environmental rehabilitation

The Company recognizes liabilities for legal or constructive obligations associated with the retirement of exploration and evaluation assets and equipment. The net present value of future rehabilitation costs is capitalized to the related asset along with a corresponding increase in the rehabilitation provision in the period incurred. Discount rates using a pre-tax rate that reflect the time value of money are used to calculate the net present value.

The Company's estimates of reclamation costs could change as a result of changes in regulatory requirements, discount rates and assumptions regarding the amount and timing of the future expenditures. These changes are recorded directly to the related assets with a corresponding entry to the rehabilitation provision.

Decommissioning obligations:

The Company's activities may give rise to dismantling, decommissioning and site disturbance re-mediation activities. Provision is made for the estimated cost of site restoration and capitalized in the relevant asset category.

Decommissioning obligations are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date. Subsequent to the initial measurement, the obligation is adjusted at the end of each period to reflect the passage of time and changes in the estimated future cash flows underlying the obligation. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as finance costs whereas increases/decreases due to changes in the estimated future cash flows are capitalized. Actual costs incurred upon settlement of the decommissioning obligations are charged against the provision to the extent the provision was established.

### **Financial instruments**

Financial assets and liabilities are classified into one of the following categories based on the purpose for which the asset or liability was acquired. The Company's accounting policy for the categories is as follows:

### Financial assets

*Fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")* – This category comprises derivatives, or assets acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. They are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss.

*Loans and receivables ("LAR")* - Loans and receivables are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are initially recognized at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition loans and receivables are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

### Financial instruments (cont'd...)

### Financial assets (cont'd...)

*Held-to-maturity* ("*HTM*") - These assets are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that the Company's management has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. These assets are measured at amortized costs using the effective interest method. If there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, determined by reference to external credit ratings and other relevant indicators, the financial asset is measured at the present value of estimated future cash flows. Any changes to the carrying amount of the investment, including impairment losses, are recognized in profit or loss.

*Available-for-sale* ("*AFS*") - Non-derivative financial assets not included in the above categories are classified as available-for-sale. They are carried at fair value with changes in fair value recognized directly in equity. Where a decline in the fair value of an available-for-sale financial asset constitutes objective evidence of impairment, the amount of the loss is removed from equity and recognized in profit or loss.

### Financial liabilities

*Fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")* – This category comprises derivatives, or liabilities acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. They are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss.

Other financial liabilities ("OFL") - This category includes all other liabilities, all of which are recognized at amortized cost.

The Company's financial assets and liabilities are classified as follows:

| Financial Instruments                    | <b>Classification</b> |
|--|-----------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents                | LAR                   |
| Investments                              | FVTPL                 |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | OFL                   |
| Short-term loan payable                  | OFL                   |

### **Impairment**

All financial assets except for those at FVTPL, are subject to review for impairment at least at each reporting date. Financial assets are impaired when there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. Different criteria to determine impairment are applied for each category of financial assets, which are described above.

### **Income taxes**

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity. Current tax expense is the expected tax payable on taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at period end, adjusted for amendments to tax payable with regards to previous years.

#### Income taxes (cont'd...)

Deferred tax is recorded using the liability method, providing for temporary differences, between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Temporary differences are not provided for goodwill not deductible for tax purposes, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that do not affect neither accounting nor taxable loss, or differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that they will probably not reverse in the foreseeable future. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilized.

### Loss per share

The Company uses the treasury stock method to compute the dilutive effect of options, warrants and similar instruments. Under this method the dilutive effect on loss per share is recognized on the use of the proceeds that could be obtained upon exercise of options, warrants and similar instruments. It assumes that the proceeds would be used to purchase common shares at the average market price during the year. For the current and prior periods this calculation proved to be anti-dilutive.

Loss per share is calculated using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year.

#### Share-based payments

The Company grants stock options to acquire common shares of the Company to directors, officers, employees and consultants. An individual is classified as an employee when the individual is an employee for legal or tax purposes, or provides services similar to those performed by an employee.

In situations where equity instruments are issued to non-employees and some or all of the goods or services received by the entity as consideration cannot be specifically identified, they are measured at the fair value of the share-based payment. Otherwise, share-based payments are measured at the fair value of goods or services received.

The fair value of stock options is measured on the date of grant, using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, and is recognized over the vesting period. Consideration paid for the shares on the exercise of stock options is credited to capital stock. When vested options are forfeited or are not exercised at the expiry date the amount previously recognized in share-base compensation is transferred to accumulated losses (deficit). The Company estimates a forfeiture rate and adjusts the corresponding expense each period based on an updated forfeiture estimate.

### Share issue costs

Share issue costs are deferred and charged directly to capital stock on completion of the related financing. If the financing is not completed share issue costs are charged to operations. Costs directly identifiable with the raising of capital will be charged against the related capital stock.

### Valuation of equity units issued in private placements

The Company has adopted a residual value method with respect to the measurement of shares and warrants issued as private placement units. The residual value method first allocates value to the more easily measurable component based on fair value and then the residual value, if any, to the less easily measurable component.

The fair value of the common shares issued in the private placements was determined to be the more easily measurable component and were valued at their fair value, as determined by the closing quoted bid price on the announcement date. The balance, if any, was allocated to the attached warrants. Any fair value attributed to the warrants is recorded as reserves.

#### New and amended standards adopted by the Company

The following new and amended standards have become effective for the Company's March 31, 2015 reporting period. Adoption of these standards did not result in a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

- Amendments to IAS 32, *Financial Instruments: Presentation*, provide clarification on the application of offsetting rules. This standard is effective for years beginning on or after January 1, 2014.
- Amendments to IAS 36, *Impairment of Assets*, clarify the recoverable amount disclosures for non-financial assets, including additional disclosures about the measurement of the recoverable amount of impaired assets when the recoverable amount was based on fair value less costs of disposal. The amendments apply retrospectively for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014. Earlier application is permitted except an entity shall not apply those amendments in periods (including comparative periods) in which it does not also apply IFRS 13.
- Amendments to IFRS 10, *Consolidated Financial Statements*, IFRS 12, *Disclosures of Interests in Other Entities* and IAS 27, *Separate Financial Statements*. The amendments provide for the definition of an investment entity and sets out an exception to consolidating particular subsidiaries of an investment entity. The amendments also deal with the disclosures required and preparation of separate financial statements of an investment entity. These amended standards are effective for annual periods beginning or after January 1, 2014.

#### New accounting standards and recent pronouncements

The Company has not applied the following new or revised standards and amendments that have been issued but are not yet effective for the Company's March 31, 2015 reporting period:

• New standard IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments*, Classification and Measurement is the first part of a new standard on classification and measurement of financial assets that will replace IAS 39, "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement." IFRS 9 has two measurement categories: amortized cost and fair value. All equity instruments are measured at fair value. A debt instrument is at amortized cost only if the entity is holding it to collect contractual cash flows and the cash flows represent principal and interest. Otherwise it is at fair value through profit and loss. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018.

The Company is currently evaluating the impact the new accounting standard is expected to have on its financial statements.

# 4. LONG-TERM INVESTMENT

|                       | March            | n 31, 2015 |            | Marc             |      |            |
|-----------------------|------------------|------------|------------|------------------|------|------------|
|                       | Number of shares | Cost       | Fair value | Number of shares | Cost | Fair value |
| Alchemist Mining Inc. | 100,000 \$       | 5,500 \$   | 5,500      | - \$             | - \$ | _          |

On August 20, 2014, the Company received 100,000 common shares of Alchemist Mining Inc. ("Alchemist"), a corporation with the same CEO as the Company, at a fair value of \$5,500 related to the Tchentlo Lake property (note 5). Alchemist shares were initially valued at the trading price of \$0.055 per share. The Company classified the Alchemist shares as investment at fair value through profit or loss.

During the period ended March 31, 2015, the Company recorded an unrealized loss on investment of \$Nil (2014 - \$Nil) based on the market price of Alchemist shares at March 31, 2015 of \$0.055 (2014 - \$Nil) per share.

### 5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

During the year ended March 31, 2015, the following exploration expenses were incurred on the exploration and evaluation assets:

|  | Winston<br>Property | Tchentlo<br>Lake | Total         |
|--|---------------------|------------------|---------------|
| Acquisition costs                          |                     |                  |               |
| Balance, March 31, 2014                    | \$<br>50,000        | \$<br>28,260     | \$<br>78,260  |
| Additions – cash                           | 85,000              | -                | 85,000        |
| Additions – shares                         | <br>26,000          | <br>             | <br>26,000    |
| Balance, March 31, 2015                    | <br>161,000         | <br>28,260       | <br>189,260   |
| Exploration costs                          |                     |                  |               |
| Balance, March 31, 2014                    | -                   | 77,878           | 77,878        |
| Geological and consulting                  | -                   | 2,500            | 2,500         |
| Maintenance                                | <br>                | <br>2,500        | <br>2,500     |
| Balance, March 31, 2015                    | -                   | 82,878           | 82,878        |
| Recovery of mineral exploration tax credit | -                   | (747)            | (747)         |
| Option payments received in cash           | -                   | (5,500)          | (5,500)       |
| Option payments received in shares         | <br>                | <br>(5,500)      | <br>(5,500)   |
| Total balance, March 31, 2015              | \$<br>161,000       | \$<br>99,391     | \$<br>260,391 |

# 5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (cont'd...)

During the year ended March 31, 2014, the following exploration expenses were incurred on the exploration and evaluation assets:

|   | Winston<br>Property | Tchentlo<br>Lake | Silver<br>Switchback | Total         |
|---|---------------------|------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| Acquisition costs                               |                     |                  |                      |               |
| Balance, March 31, 2013                         | \$<br>-             | \$<br>28,260     | \$<br>43,000         | \$<br>71,260  |
| Additions – cash                                | 50,000              | -                | 17,500               | 67,500        |
| Additions – shares                              | <br>-               | <br>-            | <br>18,000           | <br>18,000    |
| Balance, March 31, 2014                         | <br>50,000          | <br>28,260       | <br>78,500           | <br>156,760   |
| Exploration costs                               |                     |                  |                      |               |
| Balance, March 31, 2013                         | -                   | 75,908           | 129,548              | 205,456       |
| Geological and consulting                       | -                   | 2,540            | 33,056               | 35,596        |
| BC Mineral Exploration Tax Credit               | <br>                | <br>(570)        | <br>(1,303)          | <br>(1,873)   |
| Balance, March 31, 2014                         | <br>                | <br>77,878       | <br>161,301          | <br>239,179   |
| Write-off of exploration and evaluations assets | <br>                | <br>             | <br>(239,801)        | <br>(239,801) |
| Total balance, March 31, 2014                   | \$<br>50,000        | \$<br>106,138    | \$<br>-              | \$<br>156,138 |

### Winston Property

During the year ended March 31, 2015, the Company entered into an option agreement with Redline Minerals Inc. ("Redline"), Redline Mining Corporation ("RMC"), and Southwest Land & Exploration Inc. ("SWLE") (collectively, the "Optionors") to acquire up to an 80% interest in 105 unpatented and 2 patented mineral claims located in Sierra County, New Mexico, U.S.A.

The Option Agreement supersedes and replaces the binding letter of intent ("LOI") between the Company and Redline announced on November 5, 2013 and sets out the terms under which the Company can acquire an initial 50% interest in the Property (the "Initial Option") and further sets out how the Company can earn up to an additional 30% interest in the Property (the "Additional Option") from the Optionors.

The Company has the option to acquire an initial 50% interest upon completion of the following:

- a) Cash payments to Redline of \$66,250 (paid);
- b) Cash payment of \$13,750 on or before November 15, 2014 (paid);
- c) Share issuance of 300,000 common shares of the Company on January 15, 2015 (issued);
- d) Payment of \$240,000 over 3 years (on or before June 1, 2015, 2016 and 2017) for \$80,000 per year (\$55,000 paid at March 31, 2015);
- e) Issuance of 2,500,000 common shares of the Company over 4 years for 500,000 shares per tranche (500,000 shares issued at March 31, 2015), with the first tranche due on closing and the remaining shares due on the annual anniversary dates (October 17, 2015 to 2018) of the Option Agreement; and
- f) Incurring exploration expenditures totaling \$1,000,000 over a period of 4 years, of which \$200,000 is to be spent in the first and second years, respectively, and \$300,000 in each subsequent year due on the annual anniversary dates of the Option Agreement (October 17, 2015 to 2018).

Subsequent to the year ended March 31, 2015, the Company has not made its \$80,000 payment for the 2015 year and is renegotiating the option agreement with Redline.

# 5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (cont'd...)

#### Winston Property (cont'd...)

Upon acquiring the initial 50% interest, the Company will have a further option to acquire up to an additional 30% interest, in increments of 10% per annum, by completing the following:

- a) Payment of \$240,000 over 3 years for \$80,000 per year (on or before June 1, 2018, 2019 and 2020 respectively);
- b) Issuance of 1,500,000 common shares of the Company over 3 years with 500,000 shares per tranche being issued on or before the annual anniversary dates of the date of written notice to accept the option to acquire up to an additional 30% interest; and
- c) Incurring exploration expenditures totaling \$1,500,000 over a period of 3 years for \$500,000 per year on or before the annual anniversary dates of the date of written notice to accept the option to acquire up to an additional 30% interest.

Upon exercise of the Initial Option, the Company and the Optionors will enter into a joint venture agreement for further exploration and development of the Property with the Company as the initial operator.

#### **Tchentlo Lake**

The Company staked various claims in the Tchentlo Lake Property located in British Columbia. The Company holds a 100% interest in the Tchentlo Lake Property comprised of six mineral tenures in two separate claim blocks.

In June 2014, the Company entered into an option agreement with Alchemist Mining Inc. ("Alchemist"), whereby Alchemist may acquire up to 80% undivided interest in the Company's Tchentlo Lake Property (the "Property").

Under the terms of the agreement, Alchemist can earn 51% interest in the Property by:

- a) paying \$60,500 to the Company over a period of three years (\$5,500 paid);
- b) issuing 500,000 common shares of Alchemist to the Company over a period of two years (100,000 shares issued on August 20, 2014 valued at \$5,500); and
- c) incurring \$280,000 of expenditures in exploration activities on the Property over a period of three years.

Upon acquisition of the undivided 51% interest in the Property, Alchemist can choose to exercise the following options:

- i) form a joint venture with the Company, wherein Alchemist holding a 51% Participating Interest and the Company holding a 49% Participating Interest; and
- ii) acquire an additional 29% interest in the Property, increasing its interest to 80% (the "Bump-Up Right") by:
  - a) paying \$75,000 to the Company over a period of five years;
  - b) issuing 500,000 common shares of Alchemist to the Company over a period of five years; and
  - c) incurring an additional \$575,000 in expenditures on the Property over another two year period.

In the event Alchemist exercises the Bump-Up Right, a joint venture will be formed with Alchemist holding 80% Participating Interest and the Company holding 20% Participating Interest in the Property.

All share issuances pursuant to the agreement will be subject to a four-month and one day statutory hold period.

During the year ended March 31, 2015, the Company received a refund of \$747 as part of BC mineral exploration tax credit related to the Tchentlo Lake Property.

# 5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (cont'd...)

#### Silver Switchback

On August 20, 2012, the Company entered into an Option Agreement with an individual and a private company ("the Optionors") to purchase a 100% interest, subject to a 3% net smelter return royalty in the Silver Switchback property located southwest of Smithers in central British Columbia (the "Silver Switchback Property").

Pursuant to the agreement, the Company is required to:

- i) pay cash of \$255,000 over a period of four years, of which \$32,500 has been paid;
- ii) issue 1,000,000 common shares of the Company over a period of four years, of which 400,000 shares have been issued; and
- iii) incur exploration expenses of \$200,000 over a period of two years (\$162,604 incurred).

The Company is also responsible for keeping the Silver Switchback Property in good standing and, if terminating the option, will return the Silver Switchback Property to the Optionors with a minimum of 12 months assessment work. The Optionors will retain a 3.0% net smelter return royalty, of which the Company may reduce to 1% at anytime for \$2,000,000.

The Company wrote-off all associated costs of \$239,801 during the year ended March 31, 2014 as the option agreement was terminated.

During the year ended March 31, 2015, the Company received a refund of \$9,931 as part of BC mineral exploration tax credit related to the Silver Switchback Property.

# 6. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Payables and accrued liabilities for the Company are broken down as follows:

|  | March 31,<br>2015                | March 31,<br>2014                       |
|--|----------------------------------|---|
| Trade payables<br>Accrued liabilities<br>Due to related parties (Note 9) | \$<br>70,490<br>7,000<br>143,227 | \$<br>44,559<br>16,500<br><u>84,122</u> |
| Total  | \$<br>220,717                    | \$<br>145,181                           |

### 7. SHORT-TERM LOAN PAYABLE

|   | March 31,<br>2015      | March 31,<br>2014 |
|---|------------------------|-------------------|
| Loan payable on demand, with no interest and no fixed term (Note 9)<br>Loan payable on demand, with no interest and no fixed term | \$<br>37,000<br>13,500 | \$<br>37,000      |
|   | \$<br>50,500           | \$<br>37,000      |

## 8. CAPITAL STOCK AND RESERVES

### a) <u>Authorized capital stock:</u>

As at March 31, 2015, the authorized capital stock of the Company was:

- i) Unlimited number of common shares without par value.
- ii) All issued shares are fully paid.

### b) Issued capital stock:

During the year ended March 31, 2015, the Company:

- Released 1,950,000 (2014 1,950,000) common shares from escrow. Accordingly, the Company has reclassified \$58,800 (2014 \$58,800) from reserves to share capital; and
- issued 800,000 shares, at a fair value of \$26,000 as part of the acquisition costs of the Winston Property.

During the year ended March 31, 2014, the Company

- issued 200,000 shares at a fair value of \$18,000 as part of the acquisition costs of the Silver Switchback property.
- c) Shares to be issued

During the year ended March 31, 2015, the Company received \$125,000 for a private placement of 2,500,000 units at a price of \$0.05 per unit. Each unit consists of one common share of the Company and one half of one common share purchase warrant where each whole warrant will entitle the holder to acquire one additional common share of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.10 for a period of 24 months from the closing of the Financing.

d) Stock options:

The Company follows the policies of the CSE under which it is authorized to grant options to executive officers and directors, employees and consultants enabling them to acquire up to 10% of the issued and outstanding common stock of the Company. Under the policies, the exercise price of each option may not be less than the market price of the Company's stock as calculated on the day before the date of grant. The options can be granted for a maximum term of ten years.

The options shall be subject to such vesting requirements, if any, as may be determined by the Board from time to time provided that options granted to consultants performing "investor relation activities" must vest in stages over 12 months with no more than ¼ of the option vesting in any three month period.

| Expiry Date  | Exercise<br>Price |    | March 31,<br>2014 |    | Granted |    | Expired /<br>Cancelled | March 31,<br>2015 | E  | xercisable |
|--|-------------------|----|-------------------|----|---------|----|------------------------|-------------------|----|------------|
|  | 0.15              |    | 1 100 000         |    |         |    |                        | 1 100 000         |    | 1 100 000  |
| November 30, 2016                                      | 0.15              |    | 1,100,000         |    | -       |    | -                      | 1,100,000         |    | 1,100,000  |
| April 8, 2018  | 0.15              |    | 200,000           |    | -       |    | -                      | 200,000           |    | 200,000    |
| October 1, 2018  | 0.15              |    | 250,000           |    | -       |    | -                      | 250,000           |    | 250,000    |
| May 22, 2019   | 0.05              |    | -                 |    | 188,000 |    | -                      | 188,000           |    | 188,000    |
| Total  |                   |    | 1,550,000         |    | 188,000 |    | -                      | 1,738,000         |    | 1,738,000  |
| Weighted average exercise price                        | •                 | \$ | 0.15              | \$ | 0.05    | \$ | -                      | \$<br>0.14        | \$ | 0.14       |
| Weighted average remaining contractual life 2.36 years |                   |    |                   |    |         |    |                        |                   |    |            |

Stock option transactions for the year ended March 31, 2015 are summarized as follows:

# 8. CAPITAL STOCK AND RESERVES (cont'd...)

### d) Stock options (cont'd...):

Stock option transactions for the year ended March 31, 2014 are summarized as follows:

| Expiry Date                                 | Exercise<br>Price | Ν  | March 31,<br>2013 |    | Granted | Expired /<br>Cancelled | March 31,<br>2014 | E  | xercisable |
|---|-------------------|----|-------------------|----|---------|------------------------|-------------------|----|------------|
| November 30, 2016                           | 0.15              | 1  | ,100,000          |    | -       | -                      | 1,100,000         |    | 1,100,000  |
| February 19, 2018                           | 0.15              |    | 200,000           |    | -       | (200,000)              | -                 |    | -          |
| April 8, 2018                               | 0.15              |    | -                 |    | 200,000 | -                      | 200,000           |    | 200,000    |
| October 1, 2018                             | 0.15              |    | -                 |    | 250,000 | -                      | 250,000           |    | 250,000    |
| Total                                       |                   | 1  | ,300,000          |    | 450,000 | (200,000)              | 1,550,000         |    | 1,550,000  |
| Weighted average exercise price             |                   | \$ | 0.15              | \$ | 0.15    | \$<br>(0.15)           | \$<br>0.15        | \$ | 0.15       |
| Weighted average remaining contractual life |                   |    |                   |    |         | 3.14 years             |                   |    |            |

# e) <u>Share-based payments:</u>

During the year ended March 31, 2015, the Company granted 188,000 (2014 - 450,000) stock options with a total fair value calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model of \$8,134 (2014 - \$47,741).

Option pricing models require the use of estimates and assumptions including the expected volatility. Changes in underlying assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimates. The following weighted average assumptions were used for the Black-Scholes valuation of options granted during the year:

|                          | March 31,<br>2015 | March 31, 2014 |
|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Share price              | \$ 0.05           | \$ 0.11        |
| Exercise price           | \$ 0.05           | \$ 0.15        |
| Risk-free interest rate  | 1.53%             | 1.24%          |
| Expected life of options | 4.88 years        | 5 years        |
| Annualized volatility    | 187.95%           | 253.04%        |
| Dividends                | 0.00%             | 0.00%          |
| Forfeiture rate          | 0.00%             | 0.00%          |

Annualized volatility is estimated using the historical stock price of the Company.

### f) Agent's warrants:

The Company did not have any agent warrant transactions during the year ended March 31, 2015.

# 8. CAPITAL STOCK AND RESERVES (cont'd...)

### f) Agent's warrants (cont'd...):

Agent's warrant transactions for the year ended March 31, 2014 are summarized as follows:

| Expiry Date                     | Exercise<br>Price | Mar | ch 31,<br>2013 | Granted | Expired      | Ma | urch 31,<br>2014 | Ех | kercisable |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|-----|----------------|---------|--------------|----|------------------|----|------------|
| December 8, 2013                | 0.15              | 4   | 00,000         | -       | (400,000)    |    | -                |    | -          |
| Total                           |                   | 4   | 00,000         | -       | (400,000)    |    | -                |    | -          |
| Weighted average exercise price | •                 | \$  | 0.15           | \$<br>- | \$<br>(0.15) | \$ | -                | \$ | -          |

During the year ended March 31, 2015, the Company recorded a transfer of fair value of  $\sin(2014 - 337,586)$  to deficit for nil (2014 – 400,000) agent's warrants expired.

### g) <u>Warrants:</u>

The Company did not have any warrant transactions for the years ended March 31, 2015 and 2014.

### 9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related party transactions are as follows:

|                                      |                       | For the year<br>1 March 31,<br>2015 | For the year<br>ended March 31,<br>2014 |         |  |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---------|--|
| Paid or accrued to:                  | Nature of transaction |                                     |   |         |  |
| Key management personnel:            |                       |                                     |   |         |  |
| Directors                            | Management fees       | \$<br>24,000                        | \$                                      | 22,500  |  |
| CEO                                  | Management fees       | 42,500                              |   | 60,000  |  |
| A Director                           | Share-based payment   | <br>-                               |   | 24,987  |  |
|                                      |                       | \$<br>66,500                        | \$                                      | 107,487 |  |
| <u>Related party:</u>                |                       |                                     |   |         |  |
| A firm of which the CFO is a partner | Professional fees     | \$<br>33,100                        | \$                                      | 58,050  |  |

The amounts due to related parties included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are as follows:

|   | As at<br>March 31,<br>2015 | As at<br>March 31,<br>2014 |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Due to a firm of which the CFO of the Company is a partner<br>Due to directors of the Company | \$<br>105,077 \$<br>38,150 | 70,122<br>14,000           |
|   | \$<br>143,227 \$           | 84,122                     |

As at March 31, 2015, the Company has a \$37,000 (2014 - \$37,000) non-interest bearing demand loan with no fixed term of repayment from the CEO of the Company. The entire amount was settled for shares subsequent to the year-end.

## 10. SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES WITH RESPECT TO CASH FLOW

During the year ended March 31, 2015, significant non-cash investing and financing transactions included:

- a) reclassified fair value of \$58,800 from reserves to capital stock as 1,950,000 founder shares were released from escrow.
- b) issued of 800,000 common shares with a fair value of \$26,000 for acquisition of Winston property.
- c) included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is \$21,772 related to exploration and evaluation assets.
- d) received 100,000 common shares of Alchemist Mining Inc. with a fair value of \$5,500.

During the year ended March 31, 2014, significant non-cash investing and financing transactions included:

- a) incurred exploration and evaluation expenditures of \$21,772 included in accounts payables and accrued liabilities;
- b) reclassified fair value of \$58,800 from reserves to capital stock as 1,950,000 founder shares were released from escrow;
- c) reclassified fair value of \$37,586 from reserves to deficit for 400,000 agent's warrants expired;
- d) reclassified fair value of \$3,011 from reserves to deficit for 200,000 options cancelled; and
- e) issued 200,000 shares with a fair value of \$18,000 for acquisition of exploration and evaluation assets.

### 11. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company primarily operates in one reportable operating segment, being the acquisition and exploration of exploration and evaluation assets. Geographic information is as follows:

|  | March 31,<br>2015           | March 31, 2014       |
|--|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Exploration and evaluation assets<br>Canada<br>United States | \$ 99,391<br><u>161,000</u> | \$ 106,138<br>50,000 |
|  | \$ 260,391                  | \$ 156,138           |

# 12. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. In the management of capital, the Company monitors its adjusted capital which comprises all components of equity (i.e. capital stock, reserves and deficit).

The Company sets the amount of capital in proportion to risk. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may issue common shares through private placements. The Company is not exposed to any externally imposed capital requirements. The Company's overall strategy remains unchanged from fiscal year 2014.

### Fair value

Fair value estimates of financial instruments are made at a specific point in time, based on relevant information about financial markets and specific financial instruments. As these estimates are subjective in nature, involving uncertainties and matters of significant judgment, they cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions can significantly affect estimated fair values.

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities;

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liabilities either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3 – Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The fair value of the Company's investments constitutes a Level 1 fair value measurement.

The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities and short-term loan payable approximate their fair value because of the short-term nature of these instruments.

## 12. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd...)

### Financial risk factors

The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss associated with counterparty's inability to fulfill its payment obligations. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to a significant concentration of credit risk consist primarily of cash. The Company limits its exposure to credit loss by placing its cash with major Canadian financial institutions.

### Liquidity risk

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. As at March 31, 2015, the Company had a cash balance of 11,129 (2014 – 19,116) to settle current liabilities of 271,217 (2014 - 182,181). All of the Company's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of 30 days or due on demand and are subject to normal trade terms. The Company plans to raise money from the equity market to settle the liabilities.

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, and commodity and equity prices.

(a) Interest rate risk

The Company has cash and cash equivalents balances and no interest-bearing debt. The Company's cash and cash equivalents do not have significant exposure to interest.

(b) Foreign currency risk

The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk on fluctuations related to cash, receivables and accounts payable and accrued liabilities that are denominated in a foreign currency. As at March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company did not have any accounts in foreign currencies and considers foreign currency risk insignificant.

(c) Price risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity and equity prices. Equity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on the Company's earnings due to movements in individual equity prices or general movements in the level of the stock market. Commodity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on earnings and economic value due to commodity price movements and volatilities. The Company closely monitors commodity prices of gold, individual equity movements, and the stock market to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

# **13.** INCOME TAXES

The actual income tax provisions differ from the expected amounts calculated by applying the Canadian combined federal and provincial corporate income tax rates to the Company's loss before income taxes. The components of these differences are as follows:

|   | 2015               | 2014      |
|---|--------------------|-----------|
| Loss before taxes for the year                        | \$<br>(149,849) \$ | (581,539) |
| Canadian federal and provincial income tax rates      | 26.00%             | 26.00%    |
| Expected income tax recovery based on the above rates | \$<br>38,961 \$    | 151,200   |
| Non-deductible items                                  | (2,119)            | (13,723)  |
| Tax benefit not realized                              | (36,842)           | (137,477) |
| Deferred income tax recovery                          | \$<br>- \$         | -         |

The significant components of the Company's deferred income tax assets and liabilities, using a Canadian basic statutory rate of 26% are as follows:

|   | March 31,<br>2015                       | March 31,<br>2014                 |
|---|---|-----------------------------------|
| Non-capital losses<br>Cumulative exploration and development expenses<br>Share issuance costs | \$<br>339,000<br>13,000<br><u>9,000</u> | \$<br>290,000<br>16,000<br>15,000 |
|   | 361,000                                 | 321,000                           |
| Unrecognized deferred tax assets  | <br>(361,000)                           | <br>(321,000)                     |
| Net deferred tax assets   | \$<br>-                                 | \$<br>-                           |

At March 31, 2015, the Company has accumulated non-capital losses of approximately \$1,305,000 (2014 - \$1,115,000) which may be available to offset future income for income tax purposes which expire over the next twenty years. These losses, if not utilized, will expire through to 2035. In addition, there are resource-related expenditures of approximately \$310,000 (2014 - \$216,000) which may be used to offset future taxable resource income indefinitely, subject to annual rates prescribed by the Canadian Income Tax Act. Deferred tax benefits, which may arise as a result of these losses, have not been recognized in these financial statements as it is not probable that the Company will generate future taxable income against which to utilize the temporary differences.