



# **ORGANIC POTASH CORPORATION**

UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2017 AND 2016

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

## **Notice of No Auditor Review of Interim Financial Statements**

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The management of Organic Potash Corporation is responsible for the preparation of the accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements. The unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and are considered by management to present fairly the consolidated financial position, operating results and cash flows of the Company.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these financial statements in accordance with standards established by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor. These unaudited financial statements include all adjustments, consisting of normal and recurring items, that management considers necessary for a fair presentation of the consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

**"Heather Welner"**

*Heather Welner*

**Chief Executive Officer**

**"Olga Balanovskaya"**

*Olga Balanovskaya*

**Chief Financial Officer**

May 29, 2017

# Organic Potash Corporation

Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

---

	March 31, 2017	June 30, 2016
<b>Assets</b>		
<b>Current</b>		
Cash	\$ 82,942	\$ 101,436
Subscription receivable (note 4)	-	37,370
Other receivables (note 4)	2,137	3,754
Prepays	5,882	2,440
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 90,961</b>	<b>\$ 145,000</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
<b>Current</b>		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 13)	\$ 2,206,939	\$ 2,200,673
Loans payable (notes 6 and 13)	293,799	305,844
Debentures (note 9)	200,000	220,000
	2,700,738	2,726,517
<b>Shareholders' Deficiency</b>		
Share capital (note 7)	4,036,844	4,004,548
Contributed surplus (note 8)	1,420,883	1,353,935
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(438,940)	(378,345)
Deficit	(7,628,564)	(7,561,655)
	(2,609,777)	(2,581,517)
<b>Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Deficiency</b>	<b>\$ 90,961</b>	<b>\$ 145,000</b>

Nature of operations and going concern (note 1)

Commitments (note 12)

Approved by the Board

"Heather Welner"

Director

"Wally Rudensky"

Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements

# Organic Potash Corporation

Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Income (Loss) and Comprehensive Loss  
Three and nine months ended March 31,

	Three months ended,		Nine months ended,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Sales	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
General and administration (note 10)	22,905	26,974	68,633	84,389
Operating costs	-	4,616	-	12,015
Stock-based compensation (note 8)	24,000	-	90,948	-
Depreciation	-	2,196	-	9,347
Finance costs	-	21,690	-	65,548
Foreign exchange gain	(13,933)	106,091	(76,083)	(45,159)
Gain on conversion of debenture interest (note 9)	-	-	(3,256)	-
Gain on extinguishment of debenture (note 9)	-	-	(13,333)	-
Gain on disposition of property, plant and equipment	-	-	-	(11,453)
Loss (income) before provision for income taxes	32,972	161,567	66,909	114,687
Income taxes	-	-	-	-
Net income (loss) for the year	(32,972)	(161,567)	(66,909)	(114,687)
Other comprehensive income (loss)				
Items that may be reclassified to income				
Exchange loss on translating to presentation currency	17,474	125,927	(60,596)	(68,849)
Income (loss) and comprehensive loss for the year	\$ (15,498)	\$ (35,640)	\$ (127,505)	\$ (183,536)
Income (loss) per common share, basic and diluted	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.01)
Weighted average number of common shares, basic and diluted	88,058,724	73,408,586	87,467,510	71,891,919

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements

# Organic Potash Corporation

## Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

	Share Capital	Contributed Surplus	Warrants	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Equity portion of Convertible Debentures	Prepaid Share Subscriptions	Deficit	Total Shareholders' Equity (Deficit)
Balance as at June 30, 2015	\$ 3,460,046	\$ 1,063,020	\$ 16,627	\$ (316,485)	\$ 259,295	\$ -	\$ (7,795,560)	\$ (3,313,057)
Issuance of shares, net of cash issue costs	230,944	-	-	-	-	-	-	230,944
Expiry of warrants (note 7)	-	16,627	(16,627)	-	-	-	-	-
Income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the period	-	-	-	(68,850)	-	-	(114,687)	(183,537)
Balance as at March 31, 2016	3,690,990	1,079,647	-	(385,335)	259,295	-	(7,910,247)	(3,265,650)
Balance as at June 30, 2016	4,004,548	1,353,935	-	(378,345)	-	-	(7,561,655)	(2,581,517)
Issuance of shares for debt settlement (note 9)	8,296	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,296
Stock-based compensation (note 8)	24,000	66,948	-	-	-	-	-	90,948
Income (loss) and comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	-	(60,596)	-	-	(66,909)	(127,505)
Balance as at March 31, 2017	\$ 4,036,844	\$ 1,420,883	\$ -	\$ (438,940)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (7,628,564)	\$ (2,609,777)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements

# Organic Potash Corporation

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Nine months ended March 31,

	2017	2016
<hr/>		
Cash flows provided by (used in):		
<b>Operating activities</b>		
Net income (loss) for the year	\$ (66,909)	\$ (114,687)
Items not affecting cash:		
Depreciation	-	9,347
Share-based payments (note 8)	90,948	-
Gain on disposition of property, plant and equipment	-	(11,453)
Gain on conversion of debenture interest (note 9)	(3,256)	-
Gain on settlement of debenture (note 9)	(13,333)	-
Net changes in non-cash working capital:		
Other receivables	1,617	(99,331)
Prepays	(3,442)	(355)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(4,750)	44,045
<b>Cash used in operations</b>	<b>875</b>	<b>(172,434)</b>
<hr/>		
<b>Investing activities</b>		
Proceeds from disposition of property, plant and equipment	-	19,634
	-	19,634
<hr/>		
<b>Financing activities</b>		
Proceeds from loans payable (note 6 and 13)	-	30,019
Proceeds from issuance of units, net of issue costs	37,370	230,944
<b>Cash provided by financing</b>	<b>37,370</b>	<b>260,963</b>
<hr/>		
Effects of foreign currency translation	(56,739)	(46,700)
Increase (decrease) in cash	(18,494)	61,463
Cash, beginning of the period	101,436	3,019
<b>Cash, end of the period</b>	<b>\$ 82,942</b>	<b>\$ 64,482</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements

# Organic Potash Corporation

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements  
Three and nine months ended March 31, 2017, and 2016

---

## 1. Nature of operations and going concern

Organic Potash Corporation (“OPC” or the “Company”) was incorporated on June 26, 2009 under the Ontario Business Corporations Act. The Company is engaged in West Africa in the production and export of potassium carbonate produced from agricultural waste, in particular, cocoa husks. The address of the Company’s registered office is 10 Wilkinson Road, Suite 22, Brampton, Ontario, L6T 5B1, Canada.

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2017, and 2016, were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on May 29, 2017.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements were prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes that the Company will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business.

The Company has significant negative cash flows from operations and a significant working capital deficiency. Whether and when the Company can attain profitability and positive cash flows is uncertain. These uncertainties cast significant doubt upon the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company will need to raise capital in order to fund its operations. To address its financing requirements, the Company will seek financing through debt and equity financings, asset sales, and rights offerings to existing shareholders. The outcome of these matters cannot be predicted at this time. Adjustments to the consolidated statement of financial position would be material if the Company was unable to continue as a going concern.

## 2. Basis of presentation

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) applicable to the preparation of condensed interim financial statements including IAS 34. The condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2016, as they follow the same accounting policies, unless otherwise indicated.

### (a) Basis of measurement

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except as detailed in the Company’s accounting policies.

### (b) Basis of consolidation

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2017 include the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary, GC Purchasing Ltd. (“GC Purchasing”) and GC Resources Ltd. (“GC Resources”) which it owns 45% (2015-100%). During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 the Company legally transferred 55% of the shares of GC Resources pursuant to the agreement described in Note 13.

# Organic Potash Corporation

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements  
Three and nine months ended March 31, 2017, and 2016

---

## 2. Basis of presentation (continued)

Given the terms of the agreement including provisions to cancel the transferred shares, the Company continues to control this subsidiary. Intercompany balances and transactions are eliminated in preparing these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

### (c) Functional and presentation currency

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian Dollars, which is the Company's presentation currency. The Company's functional currency is Canadian dollars and the functional currency of all subsidiaries is the United States Dollar.

### (d) Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of the condensed consolidated interim consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income, and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. Information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements are noted below:

- (i) **Income taxes:** Tax interpretations, regulations, and legislations in the jurisdiction in which the Company operates are subject to change. As such, income taxes are subject to measurement uncertainty. Deferred income tax assets are assessed by management at the end of the reporting period to determine the likelihood that they will be realized from future taxable earnings.
- (ii) **Expense allocation:** The Company estimated the allocation of costs to share issue costs and professional fees.
- (iii) **Share-based payments and warrants:** Charges for share-based payments and the value of warrants are based on the fair value at the date of issuance. The share-based payments and warrants are valued using Black-Scholes option pricing model; inputs to the model include assumptions on share price volatility, discount rates and expected life.
- (iv) **Functional currency:** Judgement is required to determine the functional currency of the parent and its subsidiaries. These judgements are evaluated when circumstances change and are based on management's experience and knowledge of the relevant facts and circumstances.
- (v) **Compound financial instruments:** Certain financial instruments comprise a liability and an equity component. This is the case with the convertible debentures issued by the Company.



# Organic Potash Corporation

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements  
Three and nine months ended March 31, 2017, and 2016

---

## 2. Basis of presentation (continued)

The determination of the amount allocated to the liability and equity components requires management to estimate various components and characteristics of present value calculations used in determining the fair value of the instrument, and the market interest rates of non-convertible debentures.

- (vi) **Consolidation:** The Company exercises judgement in determining whether it controls subsidiaries where it holds less than half of the voting rights. To make this assessment, the Company considers the relevant terms of the related agreements, including rights to board representation, legal restrictions, and cancellation provisions.

## 3. New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

New standards and interpretations that are not yet effective for the period ended March 31, 2017, and have not been applied in preparing these condensed interim consolidated financial statements are as follows:

IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments (“IFRS 9”) was issued by the IASB in November 2009 with additions in October 2010 and May 2013 and will replace IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement (“IAS 39”). IFRS 9 uses a single approach to determine whether a financial asset is measured at amortized cost or fair value, replacing the multiple rules in IAS 39. The approach in IFRS 9 is based on how an entity manages its financial instruments in the context of its business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Most of the requirements in IAS 39 for classification and measurement of financial liabilities were carried forward unchanged to IFRS 9, except that an entity choosing to measure a financial liability at fair value will present the portion of any change in its fair value due to changes in the entity’s own credit risk in other comprehensive income, rather than within profit or loss. The new standard also requires a single impairment method to be used, replacing the multiple impairment methods in IAS 39. IFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018.

IFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers (“IFRS 15”) was issued by the IASB in May, 2014. IFRS 15 provides a comprehensive framework for recognition, measurement and disclosure of revenue from contracts with customers, excluding contracts within the scope of the standards on leases, insurance contracts and financial instruments. IFRS 15 becomes effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 and is to be applied retrospectively. Early adoption is permitted. The Company intends to adopt IFRS 15 on its effective date and has not reviewed the effects of this future policy change.

IFRS 16 - Leases sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement and disclosure of leases. IFRS 16 provides revised guidance on identifying a lease and for separating lease and non-lease components of a contract. IFRS 16 introduces a single accounting model for all lessees and requires a lessee to recognize right of-use assets and lease liabilities for leases with terms of more than 12-months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. Under IFRS 16, lessor accounting for operating and finance leases will remain substantially unchanged. IFRS 16 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019, with earlier application permitted for entities that apply IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

# Organic Potash Corporation

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements  
Three and nine months ended March 31, 2017, and 2016

---

## 4. Trade and other receivables

	March 31, 2017		June 30, 2016	
HST receivable	\$	2,137	\$	3,754
Subscription receivable		-		37,370
	\$	2,137	\$	41,124

On November 20, 2015, the Company signed a Joint Venture Agreement (“JV”) with New Commodity Ventures (“NCV”). In conjunction with the JV, NCV purchased 2,916,667 common shares of the Company at US\$0.06 per share. The total subscription value was US\$175,000 of which US\$146,069 was paid leaving a balance of US\$28,931 (CDN\$37,370) outstanding at June 30, 2016. 1,250,000 of the common shares were held in escrow until the outstanding balance was paid. The final payment of US\$28,931 was received on October 11, 2016 and the Company released 1,250,000 common shares held in escrow.

## 5. Investment in Joint Venture

### Ivory Coast Operations and Subscription of Shares

On November 20, 2015, the Company signed a Joint Venture Agreement (“JV”) with New Commodity Ventures (“NCV”). Under the terms of the JV, OPC and NCV will incorporate a new company (“JVco”), with each of OPC and NCV owning 50%, which will be granted an exclusive sublicense for the production and sale of potassium carbonate in the Ivory Coast. The sublicense will have a royalty rate of 5% of gross sales, payable quarterly up until US\$800,000 and then the royalty will be reduced to 1.5%. The term of the license will be for the same period as OPC’s current license with GC Technology (note 13).

Under the terms of the JV, OPC will provide the license, technology expertise, marketing and sales expertise and such other support as may be appropriate with the design and implementation of the plant facility, without being responsible for any hard costs. NCV will be responsible to raise all funds necessary for the start-up and continued operation of the JV, not to be less than USD\$2,000,000. NCV will also be responsible for recruiting the local team, management of the day to day administration and operations as well as developing and structuring the supply chain in the Ivory Coast.

As at March 31, 2017, the Joint Venture has not commenced operations and has no assets and liabilities.

## 6. Loans payable

The loans payables consist of advances and interest free loans which are due on demand and were received from companies which have a common director of the Company (note 13).

# Organic Potash Corporation

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements  
Three and nine months ended March 31, 2017, and 2016

## 7. Share capital and warrants

Authorized: an unlimited number of common shares

Issued and outstanding:

	Common Shares	Amount \$
Balance, June 30, 2015	70,491,919	3,460,046
Private placement (note 4)	2,916,667	230,944
Share issuance for compensation (note 13)	700,000	45,500
Share issuance upon conversion of debt (note 9)	13,402,077	268,058
Balance, June 30, 2016	87,510,663	4,004,548
Share issuance upon conversion of debt (note 9)	414,728	8,296
Share issuance for compensation (note 13)	800,000	24,000
Balance, March 31, 2017	88,725,391	4,036,844

Warrants:

	Warrants	Amount
Balance, June 30, 2015	1,750,000	\$ 16,627
Expiration of warrants	(1,750,000)	(16,627)
Balance, June 30, 2016	-	-
Balance, March 31, 2017	-	-

## 8. Share-based payments

The Company implemented a stock option plan under which it is authorized to grant options to its directors, officers, employees and consultants for the purchase of up to 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares. The term of the stock options under the plan shall not exceed 10 years, have an exercise price not less than the current market price and may be subject to vesting terms as determined by the board of directors.

	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price, \$
Balance at June 30, 2015	2,800,000	0.15
Options expired	(450,000)	0.15
Options granted	250,000	0.15
Balance at June 30, 2016	2,600,000	0.14
Options expired	(2,350,000)	0.15
Options granted	3,350,000	0.08
Balance at March 31, 2017	3,600,000	0.08

# Organic Potash Corporation

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements  
Three and nine months ended March 31, 2017, and 2016

## 8. Share-based payments (continued)

The Company had the following stock options outstanding at March 31, 2017:

<b>Grant Date</b>	<b>Exercise Price (\$)</b>	<b>Weighted Avg Remaining Life (yrs)</b>	<b>Number of Options Outstanding</b>	<b>Number of Options Exercisable</b>
March 17, 2016	0.08	4.35	250,000	250,000
September 29, 2016	0.08	4.75	3,350,000	3,350,000

The fair value of the options granted in 2016 that vested immediately have been estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes pricing model with the following assumptions: risk-free weighted-average interest rate of 1.63% and based on the full life of the option of 5 years, expected dividend yield of nil, expected forfeiture rate of nil, expected volatility of 316% and based on the annualized, weekly stock price calculated over the previous common share trading history, equal to the life of the option and expected life term of five years. Under this method of calculation, the Company has recorded \$66,948 as stock-based compensation, being the fair value of the options vested during the nine-month period ended March 31, 2017. On March 16, 2017, the Company issued 800,000 shares valued at \$24,000 to the Chief Financial Officer as compensation for services.

## 9. Convertible debentures

During the year ended June 30, 2013, the Company issued a total of \$870,000 of convertible debentures. The debentures were issued in three tranches, \$270,000 on July 9, 2012, \$300,000 on September 17, 2012, and \$300,000 on February 4, 2013. \$60,000 of the debentures were purchased by and are currently held by a director and a company controlled by a director of the Company. The debentures matured on May 31, 2015, and bear interest at a rate of 10% per annum, payable semi-annually. The outstanding principal under the debentures may, at the option of the holders, be converted into common shares of the Company at a conversion price of \$0.10 per unit, each unit consisting of one common share and one half of one warrant, with each whole warrant exercisable at \$0.30 for a period of 3 years from the original issuance date of the debentures. The debentures may be converted at the option of the Company in the event that the common shares volume weighted average trading price exceeds \$0.25 for ten consecutive trading days. The debentures are secured by all of the assets of the Company.

The convertible debentures were a debt security with a conversion option. The Company used the residual method to allocate the liability and equity portion of the convertible debenture.

The Company allocated a fair value of \$761,585 less transaction costs of \$3,059 to the debt component and \$108,415 to equity. The fair value of the debt was measured using a discounted cash flow method. In determining fair value of the liability, the Company applied an interest coupon of 16% which assumes no conversion feature.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the Company adjusted the conversion price of the convertible debentures from \$0.10 to \$0.06. As a result of this change in the terms of the convertible debentures, the Company recorded the value of the change in the value of the conversion option as a finance cost of \$150,880. The finance cost was calculated based on the Black-Scholes option pricing model of the change in the conversion feature.

# Organic Potash Corporation

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements  
Three and nine months ended March 31, 2017, and 2016

---

## 9. Convertible debentures (continued)

On May 31, 2015, the Company's \$870,000 in convertible debentures came due and conversion feature expired. As the Company has been unable to raise funds to repay the debentures, it continued to accrue interest until June 8, 2016. On June 9, 2016, the Board of Directors approved offering a conversion at CDN\$0.06 per share. It also permitted the conversion of all accrued interest at this time. Thus, on June 29, 2016, a total of \$650,000 of debentures and \$154,174.50 of accrued interest were converted to 13,402,077 common shares that were issued to various debenture holders.

On July 21, 2016, a total of \$20,000 of debentures and \$4,885 of accrued interest were converted to 414,729 common shares that were issued to the debenture holders. For the nine-month period ended March 31, 2017, a gain of \$13,333 was recorded on the statement of income and comprehensive loss as a result of the extinguishment of debentures and a gain of \$3,256 as a result of the debenture interest conversion.

As at March 31, 2017, the Company has \$200,000 of debentures remain outstanding with accrued interest of \$69,469 included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities (June 30, 2016 - \$74,354).

## 10. General and administration

	Three months ended March 31		Nine months ended March 31,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Office and administration	\$ 9,238	\$ 15,017	\$ 32,741	\$ 39,927
Professional fees	9,707	9,933	29,932	35,326
Travel	3,960	625	5,960	7,492
Consulting	-	1,399	-	1,644
	\$ 22,905	\$ 26,974	\$ 68,633	\$ 84,389

## 11. Financial risk management

The Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- credit risk;
- liquidity risk; and
- market risk (including foreign exchange/currency risk)

This note presents information about the Company's exposure to each of the above risks, the Company's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the Company's management of capital. Further quantitative disclosures are included throughout these consolidated financial statements.

### Risk management framework

The Directors have overall responsibility for establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework.

# Organic Potash Corporation

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements  
Three and nine months ended March 31, 2017, and 2016

---

## 11. Financial risk management (continued)

### (i) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss associated with the counterparty's inability to fulfill its contractual obligations. The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. However, management also considers the demographics of the Company's customer base, including the default risk of the industry and country in which customers operate, as these factors may have an influence on credit risk. The Company manages its credit risk by predominantly dealing with counterparties with a positive credit rating. The Company is also exposed to credit risk on cash and maintains its balances with high credit Canadian and Ghanaian institutions.

### (ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's executives continually review the liquidity position including cash flow forecasts to determine the forecast liquidity position and maintain appropriate liquidity levels.

The Company's operating cash requirements, including amounts projected, are continuously monitored and adjusted as input variables change. These variables include but are not limited to, changes to government regulations relating to prices, taxes, royalties, and availability of markets. As these variables change, liquidity risks may necessitate the need for the Company to pursue equity issuances, obtain debt financing, or enter into joint arrangements. There is no assurance that the necessary financing will be available in a timely manner. All accounts payables are due within 30 days.

### (iii) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. The significant market risk to which the Company is exposed is foreign exchange risk.

#### (a) Foreign exchange risk

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk primarily related to operating and capital expenditures, denominated in currencies other than the Canadian dollar, primarily US Dollars (USD) and Ghanaian Cedi (GHC). The following financial instruments are shown in Canadian dollars.

	USD	GHC	Total
Cash	\$ 77,524	\$ 10	\$ 77,534
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(311,837)	(175,307)	(487,144)
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$(234,313)</b>	<b>\$(175,297)</b>	<b>\$(409,610)</b>
Effect of +/- 10% change in exchange rate	\$ (23,431)	\$ (17,530)	\$ (40,961)

# Organic Potash Corporation

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements  
Three and nine months ended March 31, 2017, and 2016

---

## 11. Financial risk management (continued)

### (b) Interest risk

Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flow of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Financial assets and liabilities with variable interest rates expose the Company to cash flow interest rate risk. The Company is not exposed to cash flow interest rate risk on its interest bearing convertible debentures as the interest rate is fixed.

### (iv) Capital management

The Company includes equity, comprised of share capital, warrants, contributed surplus, equity portion of convertible debentures, accumulated other comprehensive loss, prepaid share subscriptions and deficit in the definition of capital, which at March 31, 2017, was a deficit of \$2,609,777 (June 30, 2016 - \$2,581,517).

The Company's objectives when managing its capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, to pursue the production of organic potassium carbonate, and to maintain a flexible capital structure which optimizes the cost of capital within a framework of acceptable risk. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust its capital structure, the Company may issue new shares, issue new debt, acquire or dispose of assets. As at March 31, 2017, the Company has \$200,000 (June 30, 2016 - \$220,000) of debentures, which came due in May, 2015. Besides debentures, the Company has not entered into any debt financing except for temporary interest free notes from related parties.

The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements or covenants.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable. There was no change in managements approach to managing capital during the year.

## 12. Commitments

The Company currently has a license agreement with GC Technology Limited ("GC Technology"), a company where a director of the Company is a director, acquiring the rights to manufacture and sell organic potassium carbonate produced using GC Technology's patented process to manufacture industrial grade potassium carbonate from the ash of cocoa husks. The licensing shall expire on June 30, 2035, and has an automatic renewal for an additional 20 years. As consideration for the license granted, the Company is to pay GC Technology an ongoing royalty fee equal to 4% of the gross sales up to a maximum of US\$800,000 royalty fee per year.

# Organic Potash Corporation

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements  
Three and nine months ended March 31, 2017, and 2016

---

## 13. Related party transactions

Transactions with related parties are incurred in the normal course of business. The following transactions occurred:

- a) During the three and nine month periods ended March 31, 2017, the Company incurred legal fees recorded as professional fees totaling \$Nil (2015 - \$Nil), to a law firm in which a director of the Company is a partner. As at March 31, 2017, \$148,450 (June 30, 2016- \$148,450) remains in accounts payable and accrued liabilities;
- b) During the three and nine month periods ended March 31, 2017, the Company incurred rent expense, recorded as office and general, totaling \$Nil (2015 - \$Nil), to a company controlled by a director. As at March 31, 2017, \$47,576 (June 30, 2016 - \$47,576) remains in accounts payable and accrued liabilities; and
- c) to date, the Company has received interest free loans from directors and senior officers of the Company, and from companies controlled by the directors and senior officers. The total of these loans amounts to \$293,799 (June 30, 2016- 305,844), and consists of GHC 204,414, USD \$62,950 and CAD \$163,417. These amounts remain outstanding as at March 31, 2017, and are presented in loans payable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities.
- d) On March 16, 2017, the Company issued 800,000 shares valued at \$24,000 to the Chief Financial Officer as compensation for services. As at March 31, 2017, \$878,081 (June 30, 2016 - \$878,081) of key managements' compensation remains in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

### Ghana Operations

During the period, the Company entered into agreements with Mclean Ghana Ltd. ("MGL") (a corporation controlled by Mr. Augustus Tanoh a director of OPC) in order to facilitate the receipt of funding necessary to construct and operate a production facility in Ghana. The effective date of the transaction was on November 18, 2015, upon the registrar of companies certifying the transfer of the shares.

The agreement with MGL is as follows:

- MGL will purchase fifty-five percent (55%) of the issued and outstanding shares of GC Resources Ltd. ("GC") from OPC for the sum of one hundred Canadian dollars (\$100) and the successful raise of funds, in the form of mixed grant and interest free debt, from the Export Trade, Agricultural & Industrial Development Fund of Ghana ("EDAIF") of 8,832,000 Ghana Cedis (approximately three million Canadian dollars (\$3,000,000) ("Raise of Funds"). Closing will occur on the date of the first draw down on the EDAIF facility. As at March 31, 2017, no funds have been received.
- The conveyance of shares has occurred however the date for successful raise of funds expired. The first renewal was granted until December 31, 2016 at which time if not complete the shares shall revert to the Company. The Company had to extend the expiry date to June 30, 2017 due to Ghana electing a new party in Government. Loan/grant applications will be resubmitted under new regime.



# Organic Potash Corporation

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements  
Three and nine months ended March 31, 2017, and 2016

---

## 13. Related party transactions (continued)

- OPC will maintain 50% of the Board of GC, and it is agreed that prior to any payments being completed, approval must be received from an OPC designated representative. The CEO of OPC shall remain as Chair of GC.
- An option agreement was also executed where-in-which, after the Raise of Funds has been completed OPC may repurchase the 55% of GC, acquired by MGL, at any time, by paying MGL, one hundred Canadian dollars (\$100.00 CAD) plus three hundred and fifty thousand (350,000) common share options at \$0.05 of OPC and repaying all the amounts advanced by the EDAIF.